Title: The universal swampland

Speakers: Astrid Eichhorn

Collection/Series: Emmy Noether Workshop: Quantum Space Time

Subject: Quantum Gravity

Date: March 13, 2025 - 9:15 AM **URL:** https://pirsa.org/25030063

Abstract:

The swampland is the space of those effective field theories that cannot be ultraviolet completed in quantum gravity. Understanding the swampland is relevant for phenomenological model-building and for observational tests of quantum gravity. This talk will have three parts:

First, I will introduce the notion relative swamplands, to distinguish the swamplands of different quantum-gravity approaches. Their intersection forms the absolute swampland.

Second, I will discuss a subset of swampland conjectures in the light of asymptotically safe gravity.

Third, I will explain how asymptotic safety can provide a mechanism to generate universality, when it is realized within an intermediate regime between a non-quantum-field-theoretic quantum regime of gravity and the standard effective field theory regime below the Planck scale.

Pirsa: 25030063 Page 1/20

The universal swampland

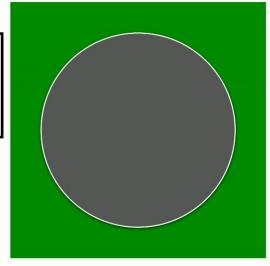
Emmy Noether Workshop on Quantum Space Time Perimeter Institute, March 13, 2025

Astrid Eichhorn, Heidelberg University

Pirsa: 25030063 Page 2/20

The swampland

Space of all
effective field theories of gravity and matter
(e.g., GR+Standard Model,
Beyond Standard Model,
dark-energy models...)



Landscape

effective field theories that are ultraviolet completed by quantum gravity

Swampland

field theories that are **not** ultraviolet completed by quantum gravity

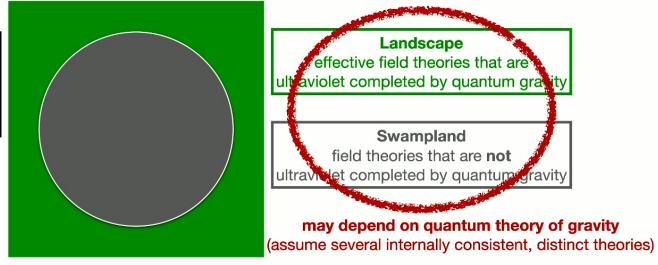
Why is this relevant?

- phenomenological model building (e.g., dark matter, neutrino masses, modified gravity...):
 UV completion with quantum gravity as a selection principle
- observational tests of quantum gravity: swampland properties testable at $\ell \gg \ell_{\rm Planck}$ ($E \ll M_{\rm Planck}$)

Pirsa: 25030063 Page 3/20

The swampland

Space of all
effective field theories of gravity and matter
(e.g., GR+Standard Model,
Beyond Standard Model,
dark-energy models...)

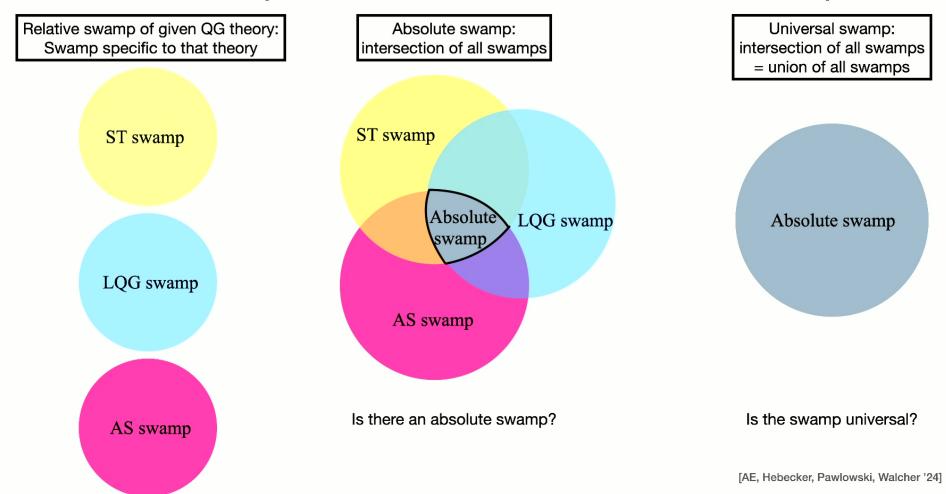


Why is this relevant?

- phenomenological model building (e.g., dark matter, neutrino masses, modified gravity...): UV completion with quantum gravity as a selection principle
- observational tests of quantum gravity: swampland properties testable at $\ell \gg \ell_{\rm Planck}$ ($E \ll M_{\rm Planck}$)

Pirsa: 25030063 Page 4/20

Refined picture: relative, absolute and universal swamp



Pirsa: 25030063 Page 5/20

What is known about the swamp?

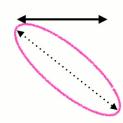
Absolute swamp (conjectural)

Relative swamps

String-inspired swampland conjectures

[Vafa '05; Ooguri, Vafa '07...]

reviews: Brennan, Carta, Vafa '17;
Palti '19;
Van Beest, Calderon-Infante, Mirfendereski,
Valenzuela '22;
Graña, Herraez '21;
Agmon, Bedroya, Kang, Vafa '22



Concrete effective field theories in specific string-theory settings

Concrete effective field theories in asymptotic safety

Few hints about properties of matter in LQG, causal sets, EDTs...

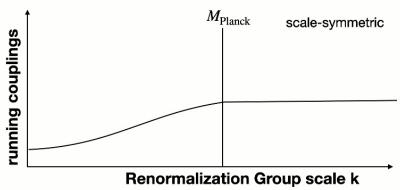
Pirsa: 25030063 Page 6/20

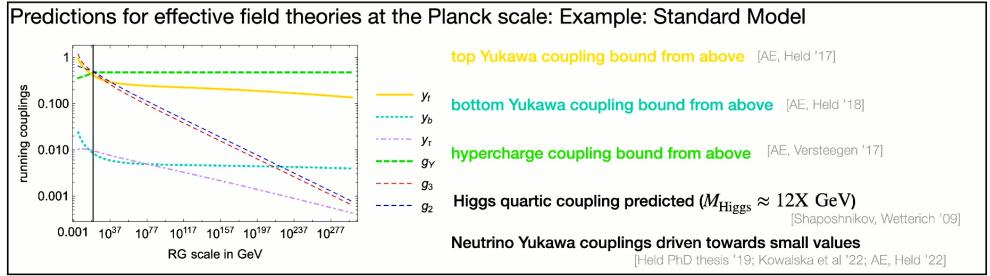
Lightning review of asymptotic safety & its predictive power

Asymptotic safety in gravity-matter systems

- Scale symmetry at (trans-) Planckian scales
- Compelling evidence with Standard Model-like matter sectors
 [review of current status: AE, Schiffer '22]
- Open questions: Lorentzian signature, unitarity under investigation

[e.g., Fehre, Litim, Pawlowski, Reichert '21; Platania '22; Saueressig, Wang '23]





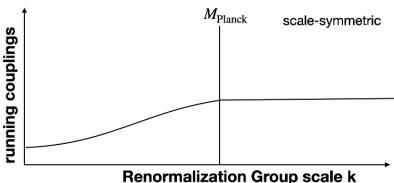
Pirsa: 25030063 Page 7/20

Lightning review of asymptotic safety & its predictive power

Asymptotic safety in gravity-matter systems

- Scale symmetry at (trans-) Planckian scales
- Compelling evidence with Standard Model-like matter sectors [review of current status: AE, Schiffer '22]
- Open questions: Lorentzian signature, unitarity under investigation

[e.g., Fehre, Litim, Pawlowski, Reichert '21; Platania '22; Saueressig, Wang '23]



Origin of predictions at the Planck scale

Quantum fluctuations

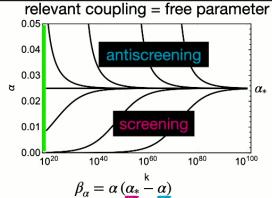
screen or antiscreen interactions, e.g.,

QED:
$$\beta_e = k \, \partial_k \, e(k) = \frac{1}{12\pi^2} e^3 + \dots$$

 $\rightarrow e(k)$ decreases as k is lowered

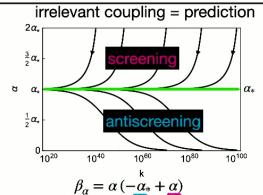
QCD:
$$\beta_g = k \, \partial_k \, g(k) = -\frac{7}{16\pi^2} g^3 + \dots$$

 $\rightarrow g(k)$ increases as k is lowered



quantum fluctuations drive coupling away from scale symmetry

→ a range of coupling values achievable at the Planck scale



quantum fluctuations drive coupling towards scale symmetry

→ a unique coupling value achievable at the Planck scale

Pirsa: 25030063 Page 8/20

Lightning review of asymptotic safety & its predictive power

How non-perturbative is the fixed point?

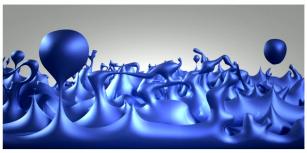
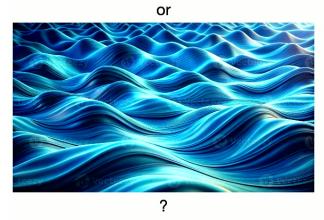
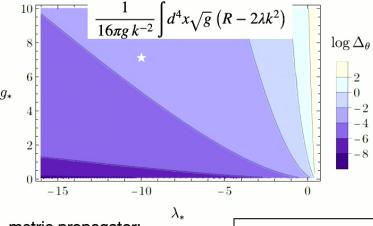


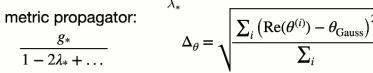
Image Credit: NASA/CXC/M.Weiss



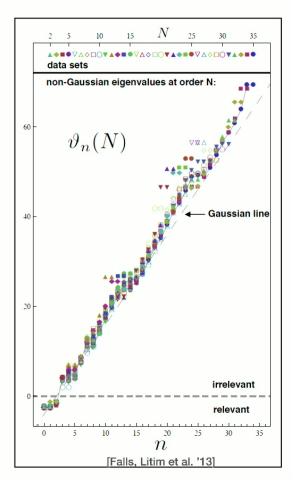
Key property: near-perturbative

- free parameters ≃ dimension-4-interactions
- similar set as free parameters at perturbative (Gaussian) fixed point





[AE, Pauly '18]



String-inspired swampland conjectures in the light of asymptotic safety

no global symmetries

weak gravity

de Sitter

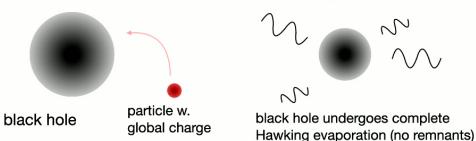
Pirsa: 25030063 Page 10/20

Global symmetries

No-global symmetries conjecture:

[Banks, Dixon '88; Giddings, Strominger '88; Abbott, Wise '89; Kallosh, Linde, Linde, Susskind '95....]

1) Black-hole spacetimes violate conservation of global charges



with Hawking entropy

- 2) Gravity-matter path integral contains black-hole configurations
- \Rightarrow effective theory for matter has no conserved global charges

But: explicit calculations in asymptotic safety:

No interactions are generated by gravity which violate global symmetries of matter fields

[AE '12; AE, Held '17; de Brito, AE, Lino dos Santos '20, Laporte, Pereira, Saueressig, Wang '21,... (full list in review AE, Schiffer '22]

What gives?

Possibility 1: black-hole configurations not adequately accounted for in functional RG (due to Euclidean signature?)

(can numerical approaches to the PI help?)

Possibility 2: black holes in asymptotic safety work differently

Asymptotic safety or standard black-hole thermodynamics?

[Basile, Knorr, Platania, Schiffer '25]

Possibility 2a: remnants asymptotic-safety inspired black holes have vanishing temperature at Planckian mass [Bonanno, Reuter '06]

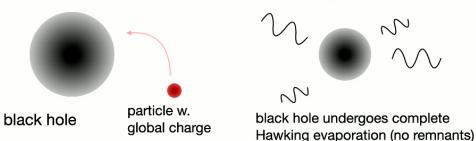
Pirsa: 25030063 Page 11/20

Global symmetries

No-global symmetries conjecture:

[Banks, Dixon '88; Giddings, Strominger '88; Abbott, Wise '89; Kallosh, Linde, Linde, Susskind '95....]

1) Black-hole spacetimes violate conservation of global charges



with Hawking entropy

- 2) Gravity-matter path integral contains black-hole configurations
- ⇒ effective theory for matter has no conserved global charges

But: explicit calculations in asymptotic safety:

No interactions are generated by gravity which violate global symmetries of matter fields

[AE '12; AE, Held '17; de Brito, AE, Lino dos Santos '20, Laporte, Pereira, Saueressig, Wang '21,... (full list in review AE, Schiffer '22]

What gives?

Possibility 1: black-hole configurations not adequately accounted for in functional RG (due to Euclidean signature?)

(can numerical approaches to the PI help?)

Possibility 2: black holes in asymptotic safety work differently

Asymptotic safety or standard black-hole thermodynamics?

[Basile, Knorr, Platania, Schiffer '25]

Possibility 2b: black holes dynamically suppressed in path integral $\mathcal{D}g_{\mu\nu}e^{iS}$: destructive interference for configurations with $S\to\infty$

$$S = \dots + \int d^4x \sqrt{g} C^2 \rightarrow \infty$$
 for singular black holes [Borissova, AE '20; Borisssova '23]

$$S=\ldots+\int\! d^4x\sqrt{-g}\frac{(C^2)^8}{4C^2(\nabla_\mu C)^2-(\nabla_\mu C^2)^2}\to\infty \text{ at the horizon}$$

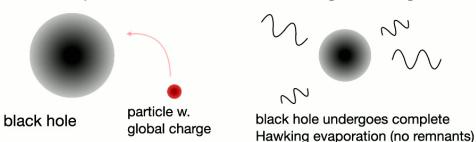
Borissova, AE, Ray '24

Global symmetries

No-global symmetries conjecture:

[Banks, Dixon '88; Giddings, Strominger '88; Abbott, Wise '89; Kallosh, Linde, Linde, Susskind '95....]

1) Black-hole spacetimes violate conservation of global charges



with Hawking entropy

- 2) Gravity-matter path integral contains black-hole configurations
- ⇒ effective theory for matter has no conserved global charges

But: explicit calculations in asymptotic safety:

No interactions are generated by gravity which violate global symmetries of matter fields

[AE '12; AE, Held '17; de Brito, AE, Lino dos Santos '20, Laporte, Pereira, Saueressig, Wang '21,... (full list in review AE, Schiffer '22]

What gives?

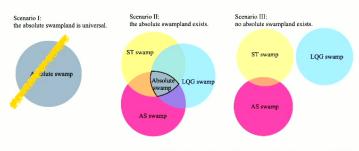
Possibility 1: black-hole configurations not adequately accounted for in functional RG (due to Euclidean signature?)

(can numerical approaches to the PI help?)

Possibility 2: black holes in asymptotic safety work differently

Asymptotic safety or standard black-hole thermodynamics?

[Basile, Knorr, Platania, Schiffer '25]



[AE, Hebecker, Pawlowski, Walcher '24]

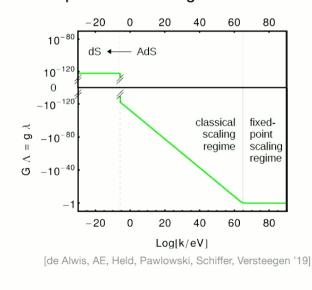
Pirsa: 25030063 Page 13/20

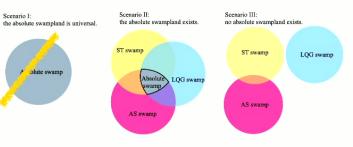
de Sitter conjecture

De Sitter spacetime is not compatible with quantum gravity and any scalar potential V must not be too flat: $|\nabla V| \ge \frac{c}{M_{\text{Planck}}} V$

[Ooguri, Palti, Shiu, Vafa '18]

Asymptotic safety: fixed point connected to positive cosmological constant at large scales





[AE, Hebecker, Pawlowski, Walcher '24]



10

20000

4000 2000

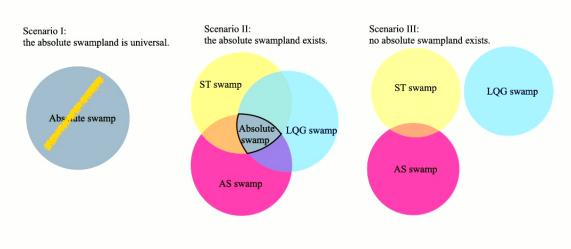
-30 -20 -10

Causal Dynamical Triangulations:

[Ambjørn, Görlich, Jurkiewicz, Loll '08]

Pirsa: 25030063 Page 14/20

So is there no absolute swamp that is shared between distinct approaches?

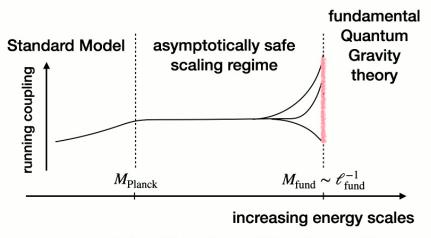


[AE, Hebecker, Pawlowski, Walcher '24]

Pirsa: 25030063 Page 15/20

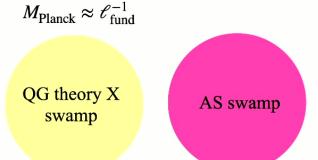
Asymptotic safety generates a universal corner of the swampland

Main idea: Asymptotic safety in an intermediate regime (effective asymptotic safety)



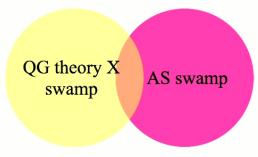
[de Alwis, AE, Held, Pawlowski, Schiffer, Versteegen '19]

Swamplands without effective asymptotic safety



Swamplands with effective asymptotic safety

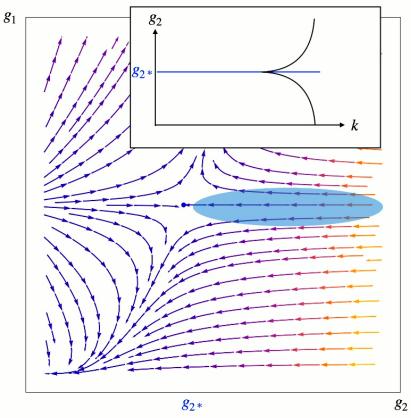
$$M_{\rm Planck} \ll \ell_{\rm fund}^{-1}$$



$$\mathcal{E}_{\text{fund}}^{-1} = 10^x M_{\text{Planck}}, x > 0$$

Pirsa: 25030063 Page 16/20

Universality from effective asymptotic safety: mechanism



Renormalization Group flow: arrows point towards decreasing energy scales

Universality:

Different initial conditions for infrared attractive couplings are mapped to ~ fixed-point value

$$g_2(k) = g_{2,\,*} + c \, \left(k \cdot \mathcal{\ell}_{\mathrm{fund}} \right)^{-\theta}$$
 critical exponent
$$\theta < 0 \text{ for infrared attractive couplings}$$
 free parameter (initial condition at $g_2(\mathcal{\ell}_{\mathrm{fund}}^{-1})$)

To delineate universal part of the swamp:

- → which interactions correspond to infrared attractive couplings?
- \rightarrow what are their fixed-point values?

Pirsa: 25030063 Page 17/20

Universality from effective asymptotic safety: mechanism in more detail

$$g_2(k) = g_{2,\,*} + c \, \left(k \cdot \ell_{\rm fund} \right)^{-\theta}$$
 free parameter (initial condition at $g_2(\ell_{\rm fund}^{-1})$)

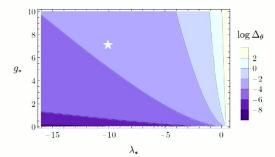
To delineate universal part of the swamp:

- → which interactions correspond to infrared attractive couplings?
- → what are their fixed-point values?

(Tentative) fixed-point properties:

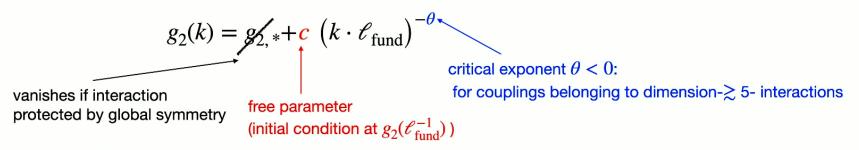
ightarrow near-perturbative: dimension $\gtrsim 5$ interactions,

because
$$\theta \approx \theta_{\rm Gauss} + \delta \theta$$



$$\Delta_{\theta} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i} \left(\text{Re}(\theta^{(i)}) - \theta_{\text{Gauss}} \right)^{2}}{\sum_{i}}}$$

Universality from effective asymptotic safety: Examples



Examples:



An intermediate, approximately asymptotically safe regime*

- · extends the lifetime of the proton
- decouples dark scalars from the Higgs field
- decouples axion-like-particles from the photon Higgs portal to dark scalar

$$\lambda_H H^\dagger H \phi^2$$
 with Higgs field

Axion-like-particle coupling to photon

* within the systematic uncertainties of our calculations

with
$$heta_{qqql} = -2 - rac{29}{15\pi}G_* + \dots$$

$$-rac{55}{18\pi}G_{st}$$
 [AE, Hamada, Lumma, Yamada '18] s

 $g_a a \cdot F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu}$ with axion-like particle a and electromagnetic field strength $F_{\mu\nu}$: $g_a = g_{a^*} + c \left(k \cdot \ell_{\mathrm{fund}}\right)^{-\theta_{g_a}}$ with $\theta_{g_a} = -2 + \frac{G}{\pi}$ protected by shift symmetry $a \to a + s$ de Brito, AE, Lino dos Santos '21]

Summary

- · Goal: understand the swampland as part of an effort to develop phenomenology of quantum gravity
- Question: is there an absolute swampland (shared between QG approaches) or is the swampland even universal (i.e., no relative swampland outside the absolute swampland)?
- Status: string-inspired swampland may (in part) differ from relative swampland of asymptotic safety (no-global symmetries conjecture, weak-gravity conjecture, de Sitter conjecture)
- universality in the swampland may be generated by asymptotic safety as intermediate regime (proton lifetime extended, Higgs portal coupling switched off, axion-like-particle- photon coupling driven to zero)

...more to come

Pirsa: 25030063 Page 20/20