

**Title:** Lecture - Strong Gravity, PHYS 777

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# Recap of CTT constraint Eqns

$$\gamma_{ij} = \Psi^4 \tilde{\gamma}_{ij}$$

$$K_{ij} = \frac{1}{3} K \gamma_{ij} + \Psi^{-10} (\hat{A}_{TT}^{ij} + \mathcal{L}X^{ij})$$

$$E = \Psi^{-8} \tilde{E}$$

$$p^i = \Psi^{-10} \tilde{p}^i$$

Hamiltonian

Momentum

Free data

Hamiltonian

$$\tilde{D}^i \tilde{D}_i \psi - \frac{1}{8} \tilde{R} \psi + \frac{1}{8} [(\tilde{\mathcal{L}} X)_i + \hat{A}_{TT}^i]^2 \psi^{-7} - \frac{1}{12} k^2$$

Momentum

$$(\tilde{\Delta}_L X)^i - \frac{2}{3} \psi^6 \tilde{D}^i k = 8\pi \tilde{p}^i$$

Free data

$$\tilde{\delta}_{ij}, k, \hat{A}_{TT}^i, (\tilde{E}, \tilde{p}^i)$$

5, 1, 2

(constrained)

$$\psi, X$$

4

$$\tilde{R}\psi + \frac{1}{8}[(\tilde{L}X)_i + \hat{A}_i^{\text{TT}}]^2 \psi^{-7} - \frac{1}{12}k^2 \psi^5 + 2\pi \tilde{E} \psi^{-3} = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \psi^6 \tilde{D}^i k = 8\pi \tilde{p}^i$$

$(\tilde{E}, \tilde{p}^i)$

(constrained)

$\psi, X^i$   
4

## Simple Example

2:2

Vacuum:  $\underline{\underline{E}} = \underline{\underline{p}} = 0$

Maximal & "Waveless":  $\kappa = \hat{A}_{\tau\tau}^{ij} = 0$

Conformally flat:  $\tilde{g}_{ij} = f_{ij}$

BCs:  $\psi \rightarrow 1, \chi' = 0$  as  $r \rightarrow \infty$

$$2\psi' \psi + \frac{1}{3} [(\psi' X)^2 - (\psi' X)^2] \psi^{-1} = 0$$

$$\Delta \psi = 0$$

$$\hat{A}_{TT} = 0$$

$$\Sigma_0 = \mathbb{R}^3, \quad \text{Soln: } \psi = 0, \psi = 1$$


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$$= f_{ij}$$

Example 2:  $\Sigma_0 = \mathbb{R}^3 / B_R$

as  $r \rightarrow \infty$

$$BC: r=R \quad D_n \psi = 0 = \tilde{D}_n (\psi' S^i) = \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_r (\psi^4 r^2)$$

$$r = 0$$

$$\partial_r \psi + \frac{\psi}{2r} = 0 \quad \text{at } r=R$$

$$\psi \rightarrow 1$$

$$r \rightarrow \infty$$

$$\partial_i \partial^i \psi = 0$$

$$\text{Unique Soln: } \psi = 1 + \frac{R}{r}$$

$$\gamma_{ij} = \left(1 + \frac{M}{2r}\right)^4 (dr^2 + r^2 d\Omega^2)$$

$$M = 2R$$

Schwarzschild in isotropic coordinates

$$\partial_r(\psi^4 r^2)$$

Conformal Thin sandwich (CTS)

Extended CTS

Free data

$$\delta_{ij}, K, \alpha, \partial_t \delta_{ij}$$

$$\delta_{ij}, K, \partial_t \delta_{ij}, \partial_t K$$

Constrained Data

$$\Psi, \beta'$$

$$\Psi, \alpha, \beta'$$

Strategies for choosing free data:

Quasi-Circular approximate Killing Vector

$$\xi^a = \hat{t}^a + \int_{\mathcal{S}_{ab}} \hat{\phi}$$

$$\tilde{\delta}_{ij} = \delta_{ij}^{(1)} + \delta_{ij}^{(2)} - f_{ij}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_\xi g_{ab} \approx 0$$

Bad time slicings, an example

Gaussian normal coordinates

$$\alpha = 1, \quad \beta^i = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow g_{++} = -1, \quad g_{+i} = 0$$

$$n^a = (1, 0)$$

$$n^a \nabla_a n^b = -\Gamma_{++}^{ab} = 0$$

$$K = g^{ab} K_{ab} = -g^{ab} (g_a^c + n_a n^c) \nabla_c n_b$$

$$= -\nabla_a n^a = -\Theta$$

$\Theta$  expansion of divergence of  $g_{ab}$

## Raychaudhuri's Egn

$$\frac{d\theta}{d\tau} + \frac{1}{3}\theta^2 + \sigma_{ab}\sigma^{ab} - \omega_{ab}\omega^{ab} = -R_{ab}U^aU^b$$

$\sigma_{ab}$  is shear

$$\omega_{ab} = \frac{1}{2}(\nabla_a U_b - \nabla_b U_a) \quad \text{rotation tensor}$$

$$\omega_{ab}\omega^{ab} \geq 0 \quad (\text{spatial tensor})$$

$$R_{ab}U^aU^b = \frac{1}{2}(\rho - \frac{1}{2}T_{ab})U^aU^b \geq 0$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{d\tau} + \frac{1}{3}\theta^2 - \omega_{ab}\omega^{ab} \leq 0$$

SEC

$$T_{ab}U^aU^b \geq \frac{1}{2}T + \rho$$

$$= -\nabla_a n^a = -\Theta \quad \text{expansion of congruence of geo}$$

$$U^a = n^a, \quad \Theta = -K \quad \frac{1}{2}(\partial_a n_b - \partial_b n_a) = 0$$

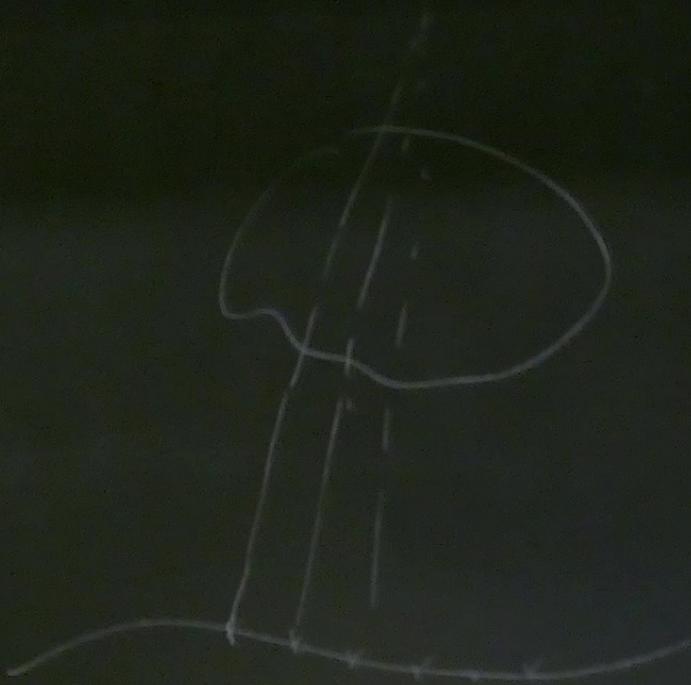
$$-\frac{dK}{d\tau} + \frac{1}{3}K^2 \leq 0$$

$$K(\tau=0) = K_0 > 0$$

$$\int_{K_0}^K \left(-\frac{1}{K^2}\right) dK \leq \int_0^\tau -\frac{1}{3} d\tau$$

$$K^{-1} \leq K_0^{-1} - \tau/3$$

$\tau = 3K_0'$   
 $K_0' < 1$



# Generalized harmonic formulation of the Einstein Eqns

Fix gauge DDF:

$$\nabla_{\mu} x^{\mu}$$

$$\square x^a = H^a$$

$H^a$  source functions  
(not vector)

$$R_{ab} = \delta_{ab} \left( T_{ab} - \frac{1}{2} T_{ab} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} g^{cd} \left( \partial_c \partial_d g_{ab} - \partial_c g_{d(a} \partial_{b)} g^{cd} + \nabla_{(a} \Gamma_{b)}^{cd} - \Gamma_{cd}^c \Gamma_{ab}^c - \Gamma_{da}^c \Gamma_{cb}^d \right)$$

recap of CTT constraint Eqns

$$\Gamma_a = g^{bc} \Gamma_{abc} = -g_{ab} \nabla_c \nabla^c x^b$$

Evolve  $\{g_{ab}, \partial_t g_{ab}, H_a, \partial_t H_a\}$

Rewrite use  $H_a = -\Gamma_a$

$$-\partial_t (2T_{ab} - g_{ab} T) = g^{cd} \partial_c \partial_d g_{ab} + F(g_{ab}, \partial_c g_{ab}, H_a, \partial_a H_b)$$

$L(H_a) = 0$   
 $\rightarrow$  same evolution operator

$$H_a = 0$$

$$H_a = F(g_{ab})$$

harmonic gauge  $\Rightarrow$

$$(\partial_t - \mathcal{L}_\beta) \alpha = -\alpha^2 K$$

$$\partial_t \beta^i = \beta^j \partial_j \beta^i + \alpha^2 \tilde{\Gamma}^i_{jk} \partial^j \alpha^k$$

$$- \alpha D^i \alpha$$

$$C^a = H^a - \square X^a$$

$$R_{ab} - 4\pi (2T_{ab} - g_{ab}T) = \nabla_{(a} C_{b)}$$

$$\begin{matrix} n^a n^b \\ n^a \gamma^b_i \end{matrix} \nabla_{(a} C_{b)} = 0$$

$\Leftrightarrow$  Hamiltonian constraint

$\Leftrightarrow$  Momentum constraint

$$\partial_t C_a = C_a = 0$$

at  $t=0$

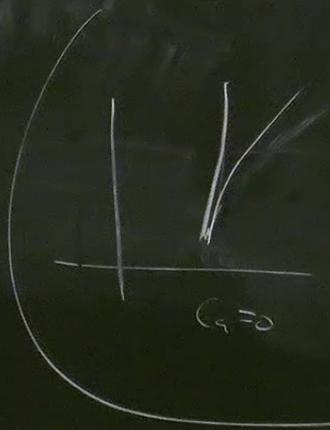
operator

$\Gamma^c = \Gamma^c(g_{ab})$

$$(R_{ab} - \frac{1}{2} R g_{ab}) - \beta \pi T_{ab} = \nabla_{cc} C_b - \frac{1}{2} g_{ab} g^{cd} \nabla_{cc} C_d$$

$$\nabla_a \nabla^a C_b = -R^a_b C_a$$

Evolution of constraints



$$K \left( \pi_a C_b - \frac{1}{2} g_{ab} \pi^c C_d \right)$$

$$+ K \nabla_b [\pi^b C^a]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} g^{ca} \partial_c \partial_d g_{ab} - \partial_c g_{d(a} \partial_{b)} g^{ca} + \sqrt{-g} (T^a_b - \frac{1}{2} \delta^a_b T) \partial^a \partial^b$$

$$C^a = H^a - \partial_x^a$$

$$R_{ab} - \frac{1}{2} R g_{ab} = \nabla_{(a} C_{b)}$$

$$\begin{matrix} n^a n^b \\ n^i \gamma^j \end{matrix} \nabla_{ca} C_b = 0$$

$\Leftrightarrow$  Hamiltonian constraint

$\Leftrightarrow$  Momentum constraint

$$\partial_+ C_a = C_a = 0 \quad \text{at } t=0$$

$$g_{ab}, \partial_+ g_{ij}, \partial_+ \pi_{ab}$$

$$(R_{ab} - \frac{1}{2} R g_{ab}) - \partial^a \partial^b C_c$$

$$\nabla_a \nabla^a C_b$$

