

**Title:** Lecture - Quantum Gravity, PHYS 644

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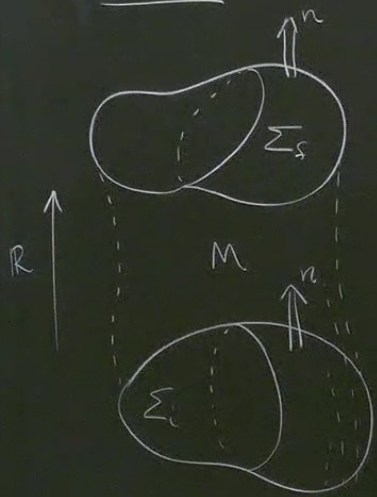
**Collection/Series:** Quantum Gravity (Elective), PHYS 644, February 24 - March 28, 2025

**Subject:** Quantum Gravity

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# RECAP



- Field space over \$M\$  
 $\mathcal{F} = \Gamma(F \rightarrow M) \ni \varphi$
- Mixed (local) forms  
 $(\Omega^{k,l}(M \times F), d, \mathbb{D})$   
 $d\mathbb{D} + \mathbb{D}d = 0$
- Tolkens thm:  
 $\Omega^{top,1} = \Omega_{src}^{top,1} \oplus d\Omega^{top-1,1}$   

no derivatives on  $\mathbb{D}\varphi^I$

# COVARIANT PH. SP.

$\underline{\mathcal{L}} \in \Omega^{top,0}(M \times F)$  Lagrangian density

$$\Omega^{top,1}(M \times F) \ni \mathbb{D}\underline{\mathcal{L}} = \underbrace{E_I}_{\text{Euler-Lagrange e.o.m.}} \mathbb{D}\varphi^I - \underbrace{d\underline{\mathcal{L}}}_{\text{presympl potential current}} \in \Omega^{top-1,1}(M \times F)$$

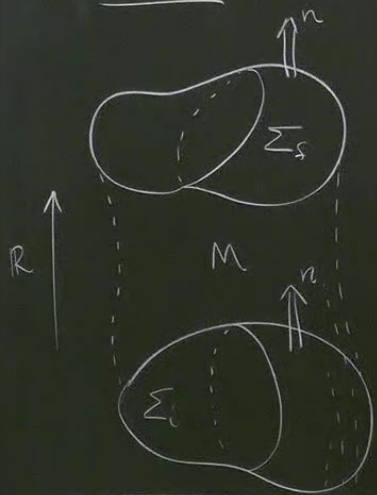
Tolkens

$$\mathcal{F}_{EL} := \{ \varphi : E_I(\varphi) = 0 \} \xrightarrow{\iota_{EL}} \mathcal{F}$$

the shell (aka "space of physical histories")

Notation:  $\approx$  onshell equality (i.e. upon pullback to  $\mathcal{F}_{EL}$ )

RECAP



- Field space over  $M$   
 $\mathcal{F} = \Gamma(F \rightarrow M) \ni \varphi$
- Mixed (local) forms  
 $(\Omega^{k,l}(M \times F), d, \mathbb{D})$   
 $d\mathbb{D} + \mathbb{D}d = 0$

• Tokens thm:  
 $\Omega^{top,1} = \Omega_{src}^{top,1} \oplus d\Omega^{top-1,1}$

currents  $\Omega^{top-1}(M) \otimes W$   
 $J = \pm \eta_{ab} \tilde{J}^a dx^b, dJ = \pm (\nabla_a \tilde{J}^a) \in$

no derivatives on  $\mathbb{D}\varphi^I$

COVARIANT PH. SP.

$\underline{L} \in \Omega^{top,0}(M \times F)$  Lagrangian density

$\Omega^{top,1}(M \times F) \ni \mathbb{D}\underline{L} = \frac{E_I}{\mathbb{D}I} \mathbb{D}\varphi^I - d\underline{\omega}$

Labels: Tokens, Euler-Lagrange e.o.m., presympl potential current  $\in \Omega^{top-1,1}(M \times F)$

$\mathcal{F}_{EL} := \{ \varphi : E_I(\varphi) = 0 \} \xrightarrow{\iota_{EL}} \mathcal{F}$

the shell (aka "space of physical histories")

Notation:  $\approx$  onshell equality (i.e. upon pullback to  $\mathcal{F}_{EL}$ )

Thm  $\underline{\Omega} := d\underline{\omega}$  presympl. current  $\in \Omega^{k-1,2}(M \times \mathcal{F})$

$d\underline{\Omega} \approx 0 \Rightarrow \omega := \int_{\Sigma}^* \underline{\Omega}$  indep. of  $\Sigma!$   $\in \Omega^2(\mathcal{F}_{EL})$   
 ( $\partial\Sigma = \emptyset$ )

$\rightarrow (\mathcal{F}_{EL}, \omega)$   
 COVARIANT PH. SPACE

Q: Symplectic?

A1: scalar field: yes  $\cong$  con. ph. space

A2: [teaser] gauge theory: no, degenerate!

phys history  $\leftrightarrow$  initial cond @  $\Sigma$   
 $\varphi \in \mathcal{F}_{EL}$   $(\phi(\bar{x}), \pi(\bar{x})) = (\varphi, \dot{\varphi})|_{t=0}$

Remark the shell  $[\underline{L}] = [\underline{L} + d\underline{L}]$

also  $\underline{L} \sim \underline{L} + d\underline{L} + d\underline{L}$

Lemma:  $\alpha \in \Omega^{\text{top-}k, l}(M \times F)$ ,  $k, l \geq 1$

then if  $d\alpha|_{\mathcal{C}} = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha$  is  $d$ -exact at  $\mathcal{C}$ .

(Lee-Wald 1991)

$\leadsto$  I will use (improperly) to say that

if  $d\alpha \approx 0 \Rightarrow \exists \beta \in \Omega^{\text{top-}k-1, l}$ ;  $\alpha \approx d\beta$   
(=) (=)

Prop  $\omega$  does not depend on  $\underline{l}$  or  $\underline{v}$  ( $2\mathbb{E} = \phi$ )

Pf:  $\underline{\Omega} \rightarrow \underline{\Omega} + d\underline{d}\underline{v} + d\underline{l}^2$   
 $\underline{\Omega}_{\Sigma} \rightarrow \underline{\Omega}_{\Sigma} - \int_{\Sigma} d\underline{d}\underline{v}$   $\square$

we  $\rho([3, \eta]) = [p]$

at 4.

### SYMMETRIES

Lie algebra action on  $\mathcal{F}$   
 is a Lie algebra homomorphism

$\alpha = d\beta$   
 $(=)$

$\rho: \mathfrak{g} \rightarrow \mathcal{X}'(\mathcal{F})$   
 $\frac{\delta}{\delta \xi} \mapsto \rho(\xi) = \int_M \left( \frac{\delta \mathcal{L}}{\delta \xi} \right) \frac{\delta}{\delta \varphi^I}$

we  $p(L(\xi, \eta)) = [p(\xi), p(\eta)]$

" $\int_{\xi} L$  is a total der"

Def.  $p: g \rightarrow \mathfrak{X}(F)$  is a Legendrian sym

if  $\mathbb{L}_{p(\xi)} \underline{L} = d\underline{R}(\xi)$

for some  $\underline{R}: g \rightarrow \Omega^{\text{top-1,0}}(M \times F)$   
( $\mathbb{R}$ -linear)

Q: is such a  $p$  Hamiltonian in  $(F_{ELI} \omega)$ ?

$\int_{\xi} L$

First, we need to check that  $\rho$  descends / is tangent to the shell  $F_{EL}$ :

Thm:  $\mathbb{L}_{\rho(\bar{z})} \underline{E}_I \approx 0$  if  $\rho$  is a L.sym.  
 i.e.  $\delta_{\xi} \varphi^I$  is a sol. of the lin. eom.

Pf (sketch)

$$\mathbb{L}_{\rho(\bar{z})} \underline{L} = \mathbb{L}_{\rho(\bar{z})} (E_I \underline{d} \varphi^I) - \underline{d} \mathbb{L}_{\rho(\bar{z})} \textcircled{L}$$

$$\underline{d} \mathbb{L}_{\rho(\bar{z})} \underline{L} \stackrel{\text{hyp}}{=} \underline{d} \underline{d} R(\bar{z}) = - \underline{d} \underline{d} R(\bar{z})$$



$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{\left( \mathbb{L}_{\rho(z)} E_I \right)}_{\text{source}} d\varphi^I = - E_I \underbrace{d \delta_{\xi}^I}_{(*)?} + \underbrace{d(\dots)}_{\text{bdry}}$$

• if  $\delta_{\xi}^I \varphi^J = \Lambda^I_J \varphi^J$  ( $d\Lambda = 0$ )

$\Rightarrow (*)$  is source

$\Rightarrow$  from Takens

$$\mathbb{L}_{\rho(z)} E_J = - E_I \Lambda^I_J \approx 0$$

• exercise generalize to case with  $\delta_{\xi} \varphi = \underbrace{A^I_J}_{\uparrow} \varphi^J + \underbrace{B^{eI}_J}_{\uparrow} \nabla_e \varphi^J$   
 dependent on  $\varphi$

□



Thm (Noether 1) If  $\rho$  is L. sym

then  $\underline{J}(\xi) := \overset{\circ}{i}_{\rho(3)} \underline{\omega} - \underline{R}(\xi)$

is on shell conserved current (Noether c.)

$$\boxed{d\underline{J} \approx 0}$$

Pf:  $\underline{L}_{\rho(3)} \underline{L} \stackrel{\text{hyp.}}{=} d\underline{R}(\xi)$

$$\underbrace{d \overset{\circ}{i}_{\rho(3)} \underline{L}}_{\equiv 0 \text{ or form on } \underline{L}} + \overset{\circ}{i}_{\rho(3)} d \underline{L} = \overset{\circ}{i}_{\rho(3)} \underbrace{E_I d\varphi^I}_{= \delta_{\xi} \rho^I} + d \overset{\circ}{i}_{\rho(3)} \underline{\omega}$$

$$\wedge^I \underline{J} \approx 0$$

$$\underline{A}^I \underline{J} + \underline{B}^{eI} \nabla_e \varphi^J$$

↑  
dependent on  $\varphi$



$$\Rightarrow d\underline{J} = d(i_{\xi} \Theta - R) = -E_I \delta_{\xi} \varphi^I \approx 0.$$

Corollary (Noether charge)

If  $\partial \Sigma = \emptyset$  then

$$Q(\xi) := \int_{\Sigma} \star \underline{J}(\xi)$$

is independent of  $\Sigma$  for all  $\xi$  eg. on shell

$i_{\xi} \Theta$

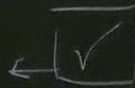
Thm  $p$ . L. sym &  $\partial \Sigma = \emptyset$ , then:

$$\int_{p(z)} \Omega_{\Sigma} \approx -dQ_{\Sigma}(z) \text{ on } \mathbb{F}EL$$

and

(i)  $Q_{\Sigma}$  is conserved

(ii)  $Q_{\Sigma}$  is free from ambiguities



← exercise