

Title: The BV-Logic of Spacetime Interventions

Speakers: James Hefford

Collection/Series: Quantum Foundations

Subject: Quantum Foundations

Date: February 05, 2025 - 11:00 AM

URL: <https://pirsa.org/25020033>

Abstract:

I will give a general method for producing a process theory of local spacetime events and higher-order transformations from any base process theory of first-order maps. This process theory models events as intervention-context pairs, uniting the local actions by agents with the structure of the spacetime around them. I will show how this theory is richer than a standard process theory by permitting additional ways of composing agents beyond the usual tensor product, thereby capturing various strengths of possible spatio-temporal correlations. I will also explain the connection between these compositions and the logic "system BV".

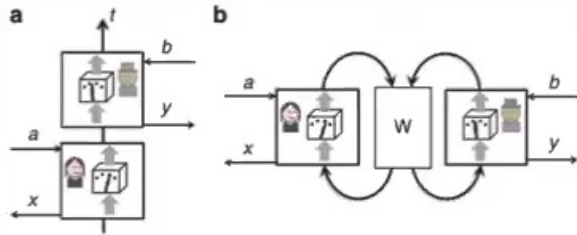
The BV-Logic of Spacetime Interventions

James Hefford (joint work with Matt Wilson)

February 4, 2025

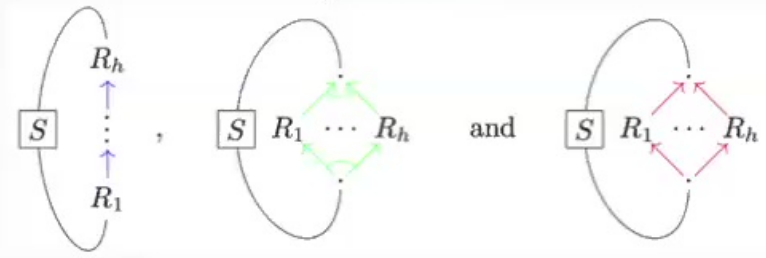
Overview

Spacetime Interventions



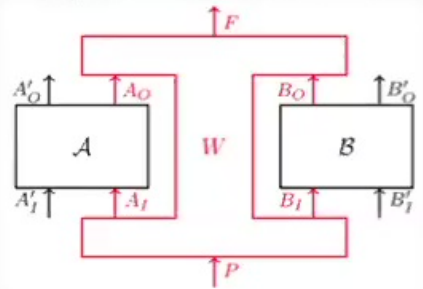
2012: Oreshkov, Costa, Brukner

System BV



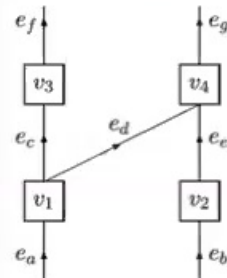
2007: Guglielmi

Spacetime Contexts



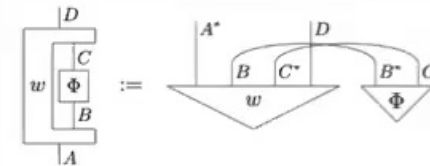
2020: Araújo, Feix, Navascués, Brukner

Discrete Quantum Causal Dynamics



2001: Blute, Ivanov, Panangaden

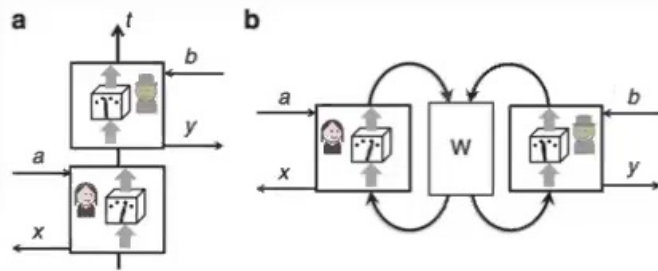
Caus-Construction



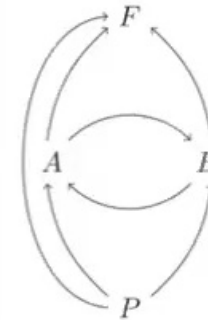
2018: Kissinger, Uijlen

2022: Kissinger, Simmons

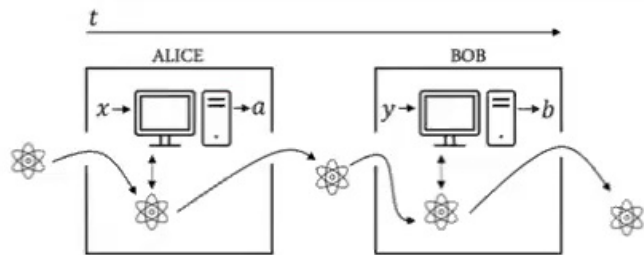
Interventions



2012: Oreshkov, Costa, Brukner^I

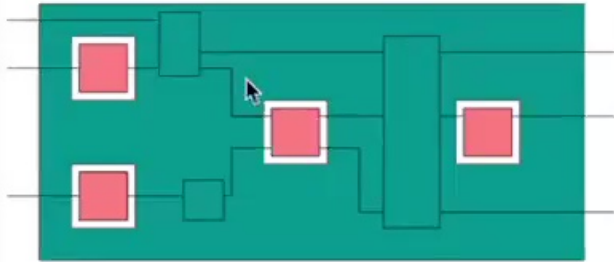


2021: Barrett, Lorenz, Oreshkov

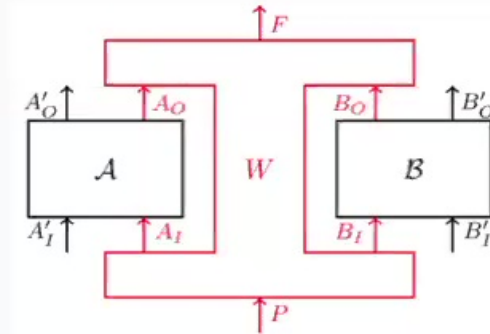


2021: Purves, Short

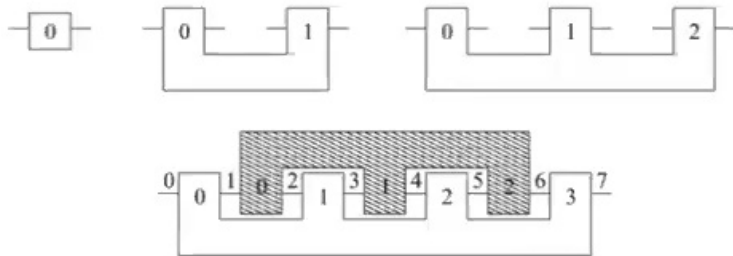
Contexts and Supermaps



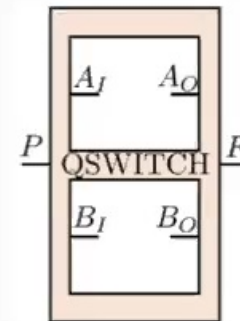
2008: Chiribella, D'Ariano, Perinotti



2020: Araújo, Feix, Navascués, Brukner

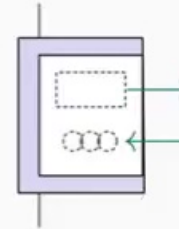
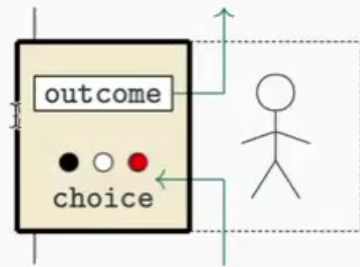


2009: Chiribella, D'Ariano, Perinotti

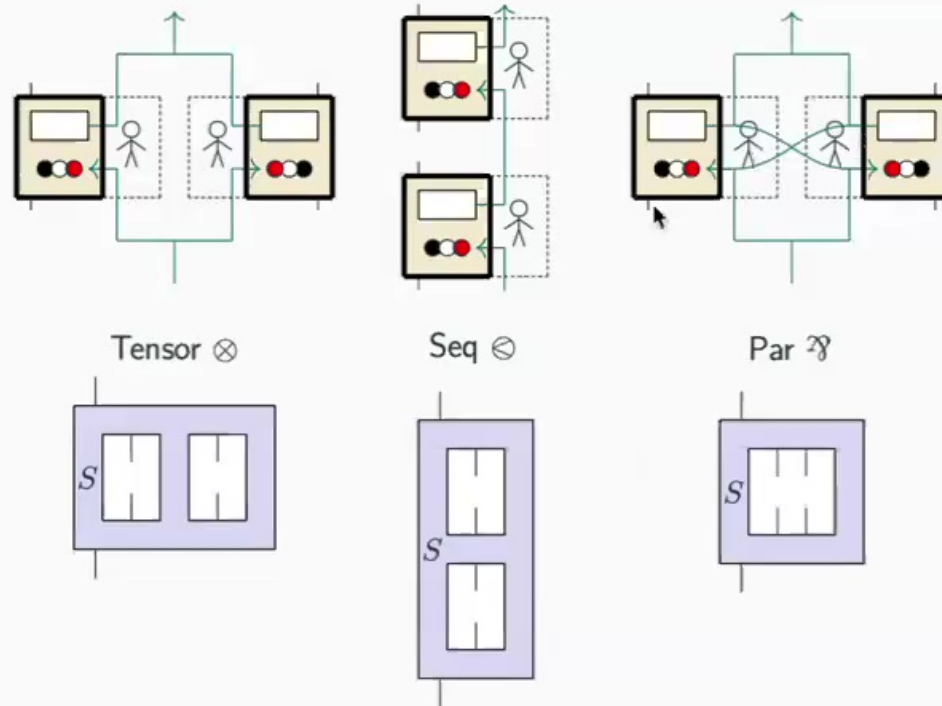


2021: Yokojima, Quintino, Soeda, Murao

Interventions and Contexts



Interventions and Contexts



System BV

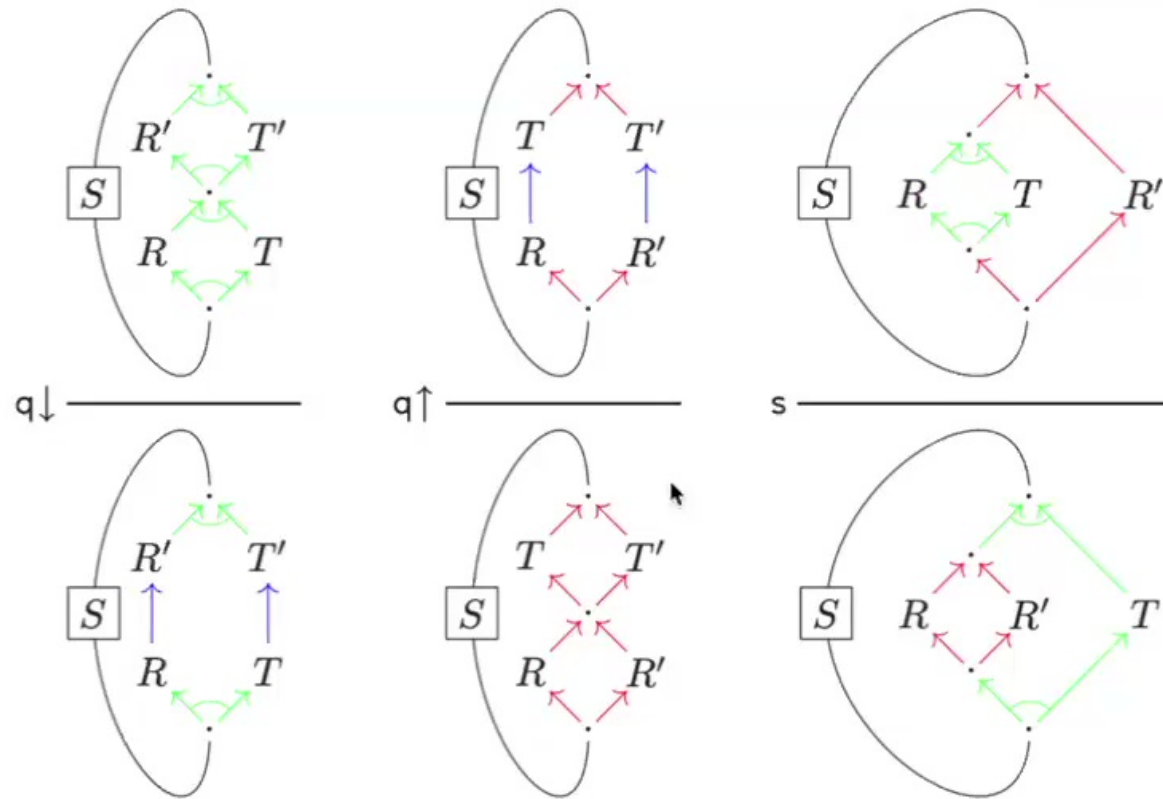
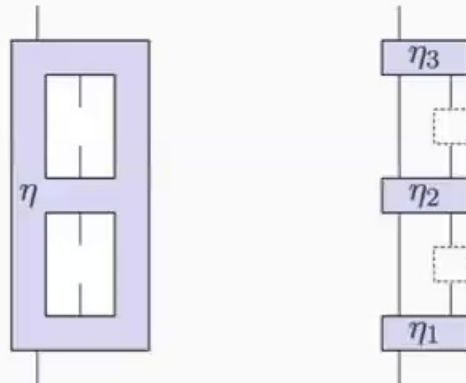


Fig. 7 Seq, coseq and switch rules (system SBVc)

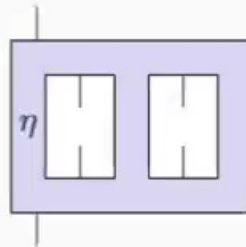
Black-Box Contexts



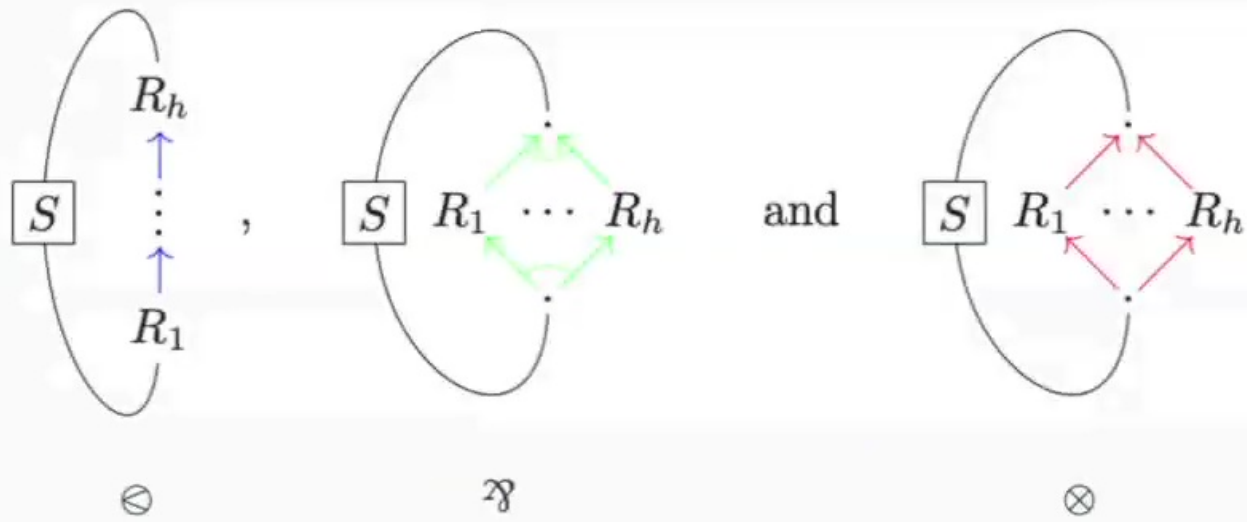
Black-Box Contexts

There exist maps with no decomposition as a comb:

- Quantum Switch (2013: Chiribella, D'Ariano, Perinotti, Valiron)
- Lugano process (2014: Baumeler, Feix, Wolf)
- OCB process (2012: Oreshkov, Costa, Brukner)
- Grenoble process (2021: Wechs, Dourdent, Abbott, Branciard)

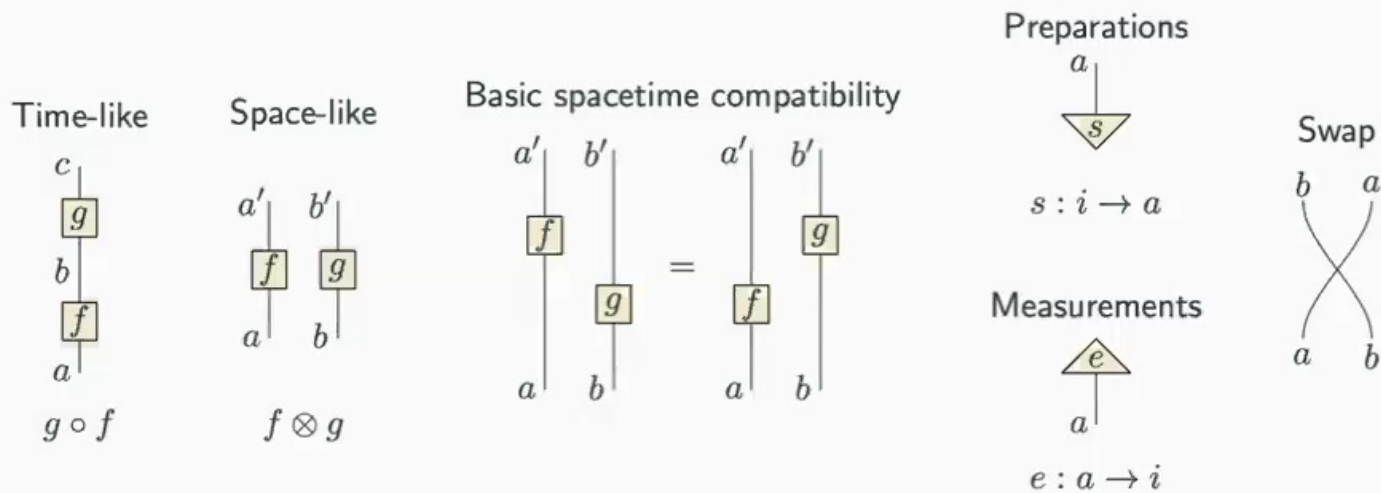


System BV



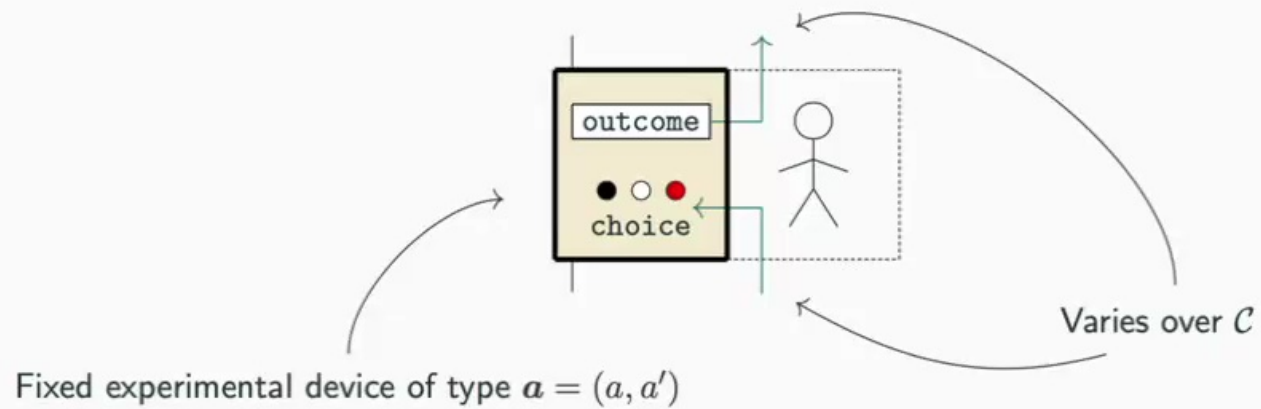
2007: Guglielmi

Process Theories



Process Theory = Symmetric Monoidal Category \mathcal{C}

Interventions



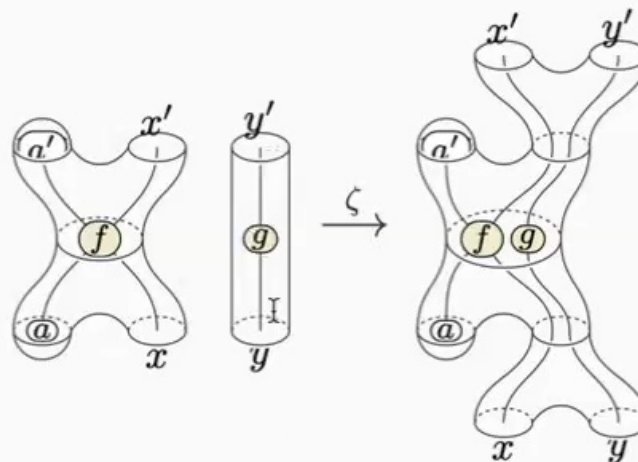
For instance, the collection of all tensorially extended processes at a :

$$\mathcal{C}(a \otimes -, a' \otimes =) =$$

Interventions

- $\mathcal{C}(a \otimes -, a' \otimes =)$ is an example of a profunctor
- General profunctor $P : \mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \times \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \text{Set}$
 - Sets $P(x, x')$ of interventions varying over x and x' in the process theory \mathcal{C}

Interventions



- Profunctors with arrows $\zeta : P(x, x') \times C(y, y') \rightarrow P(x \otimes y, x' \otimes y')$ are *strong*

Interventions

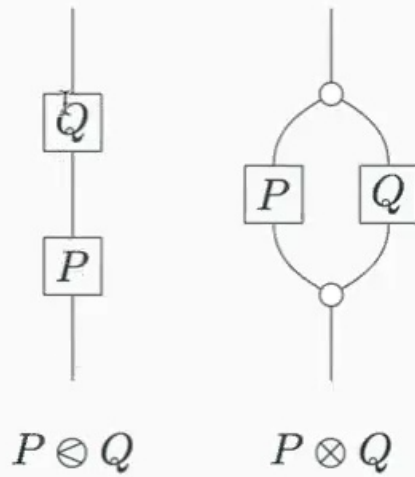
$\text{StProf}(\mathcal{C})$ has

- objects: strong profunctors $P : \mathcal{C} \dashrightarrow \mathcal{C}$, i.e. functors $P : \mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \times \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \text{Set}$
- morphisms: strong natural transformations $\eta : P \rightarrow Q$

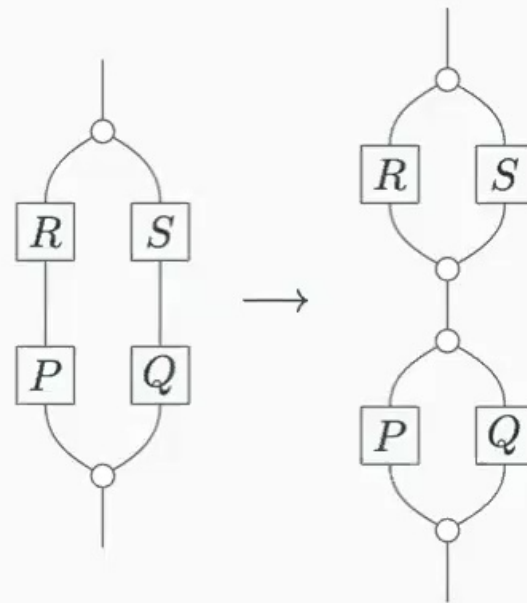
(SPOILER: The morphisms are the supermaps!)

Interventions

Two tensors:



Distributive law:

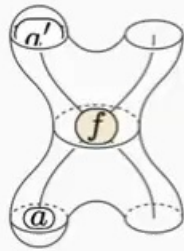


2008: Pastro, Street;

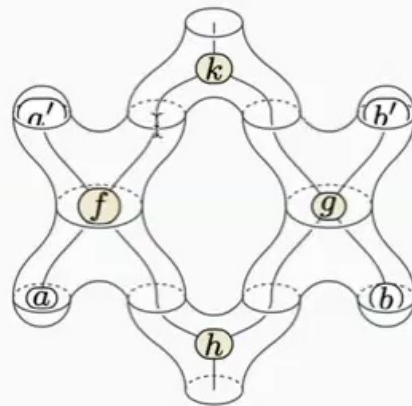
2016: Garner, López Franco;

2023: Earnshaw, H, Román

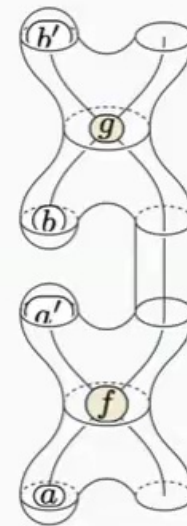
Interventions



$$C_a := C(a \otimes -, a' \otimes =)$$

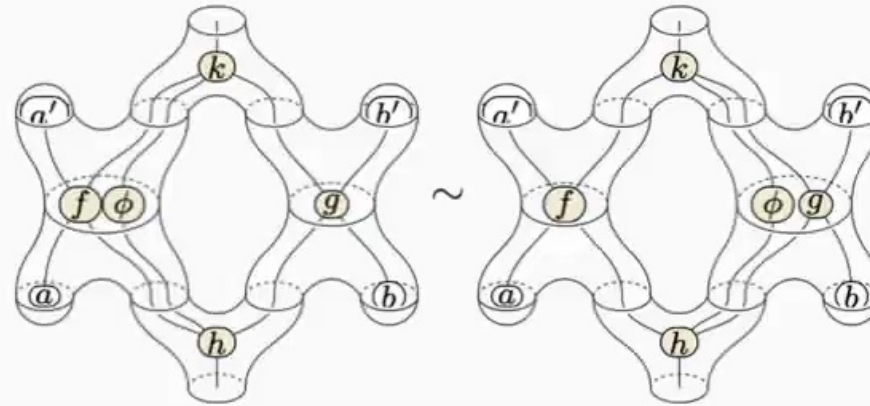


$$C_a \otimes C_b$$

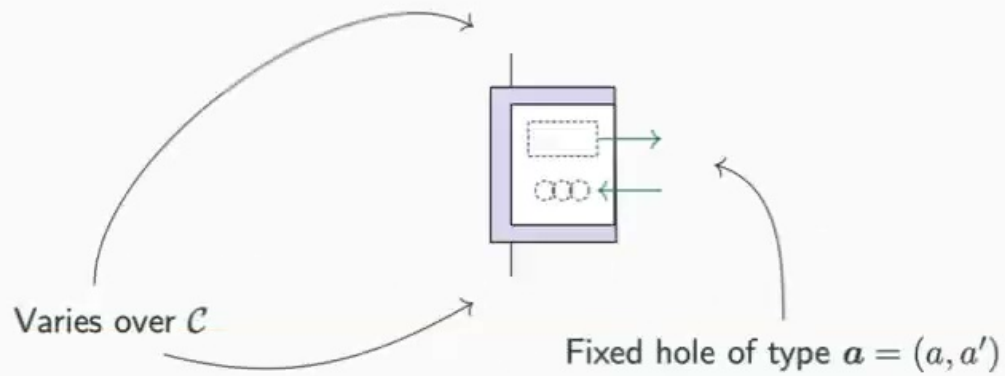


$$C_a \otimes C_b$$

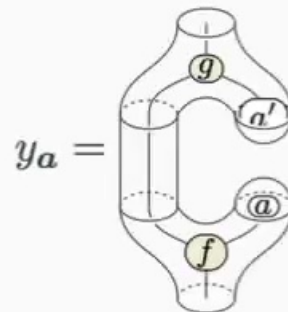
Interventions



Contexts



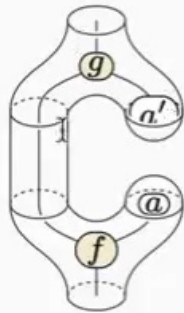
For instance, the collection of all combs at \mathbf{a} :



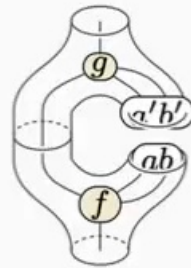
Contexts

- y_a is also a strong profunctor!
- Interventions and contexts are united in $\text{StProf}(\mathcal{C})$

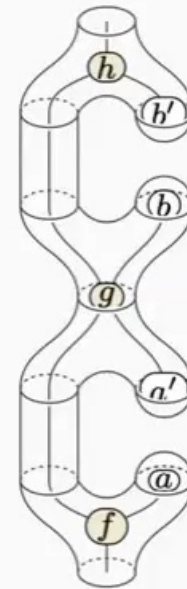
Contexts



Y_a

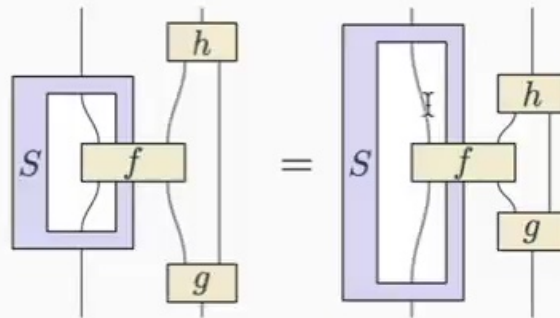
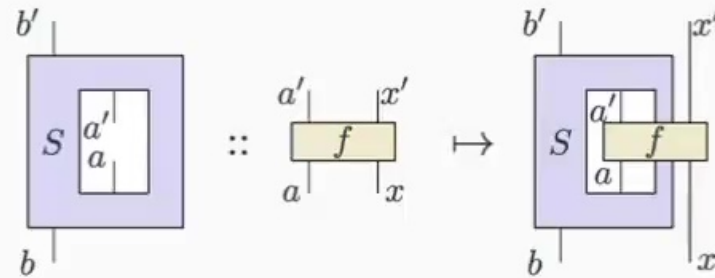


$$Y_a \otimes Y_b \cong Y_{a \otimes b}$$



$Y_a \oplus Y_b$

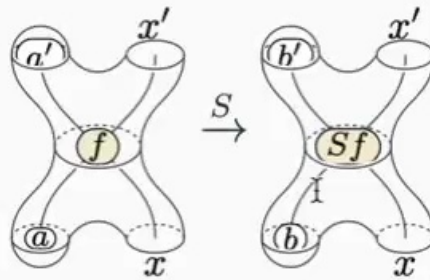
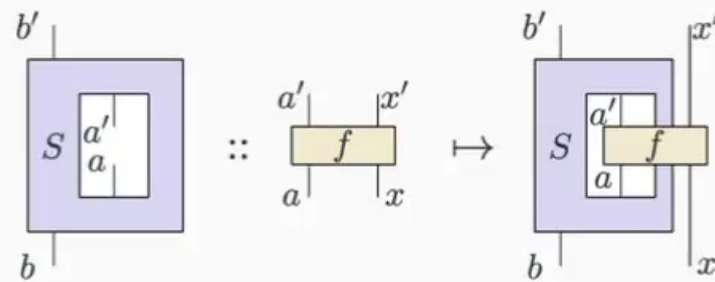
Supermaps



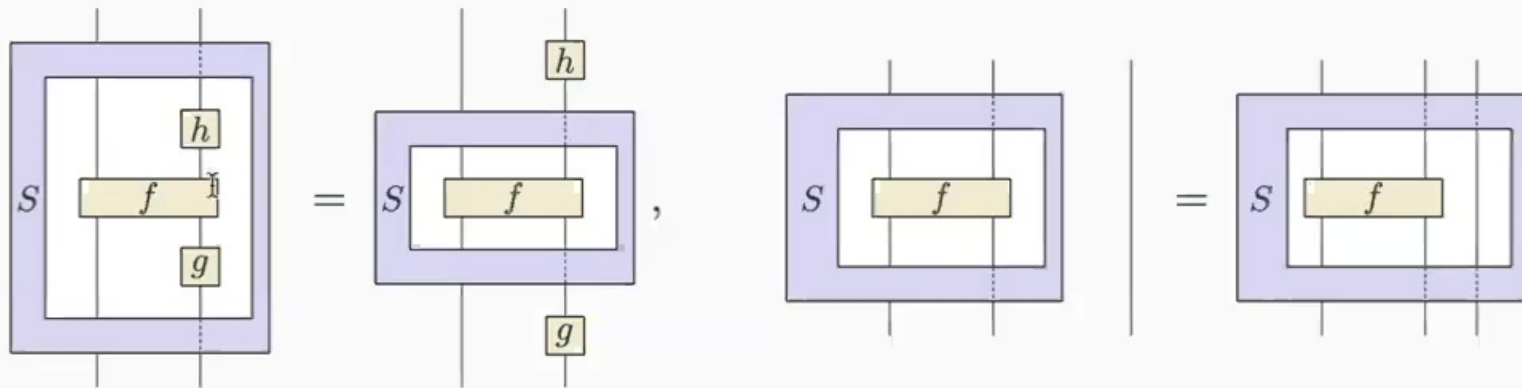
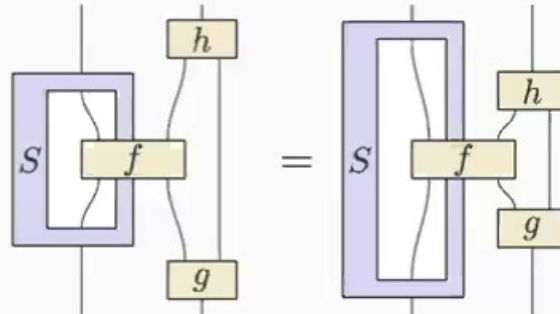
2022: Wilson, Chiribella, Kissinger;

2022: Wilson, Chiribella

Supermaps



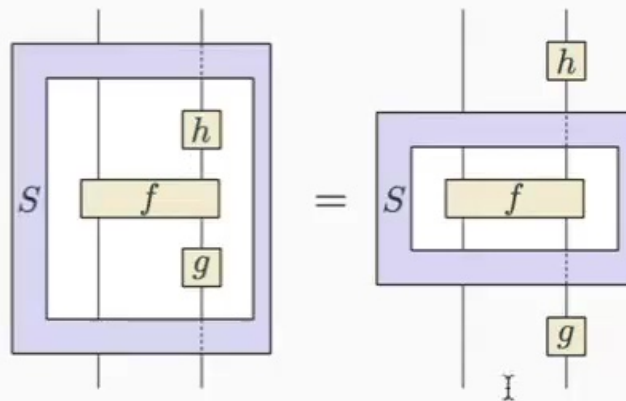
Supermaps



2022: Wilson, Chiribella, Kissinger;

2022: Wilson, Chiribella

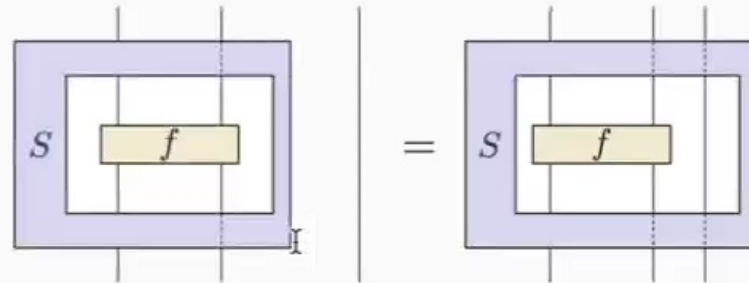
Law 1: Naturality



$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathcal{C}(a \otimes x, a' \otimes x') & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{C}(1 \otimes g, 1 \otimes h)} & \mathcal{C}(a \otimes y, a' \otimes y') \\
 S_{xx'} \downarrow & & \downarrow S_{yy'} \\
 \mathcal{C}(b \otimes x, b' \otimes x') & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{C}(1 \otimes g, 1 \otimes h)} & \mathcal{C}(b \otimes y, b' \otimes y')
 \end{array}$$

S is a natural transformation

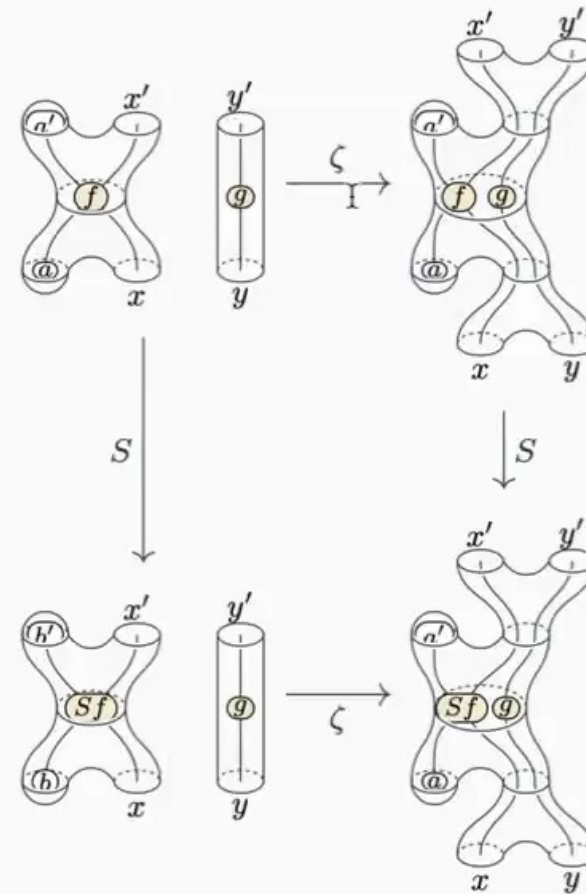
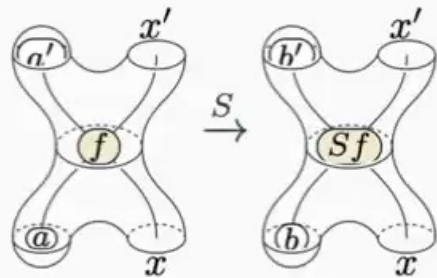
Law 2: Strength



$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathcal{C}(a \otimes x, a' \otimes x') \times \mathcal{C}(y, y') & \xrightarrow{\zeta_{xx'yy'}} & \mathcal{C}(a \otimes x \otimes y, a' \otimes x' \otimes y') \\
 S_{xx'} \times 1 \downarrow & & \downarrow S_{x \otimes y, x' \otimes y'} \\
 \mathcal{C}(b \otimes x, b' \otimes x') \times \mathcal{C}(y, y') & \xrightarrow{\zeta_{xx'yy'}} & \mathcal{C}(b \otimes x \otimes y, b' \otimes x' \otimes y')
 \end{array}$$

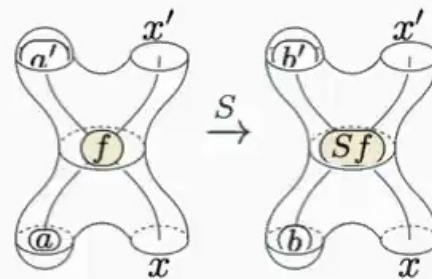
S commutes with strengths

Law 2: Strength



Supermaps

- The single-party supermaps are strong natural transformations

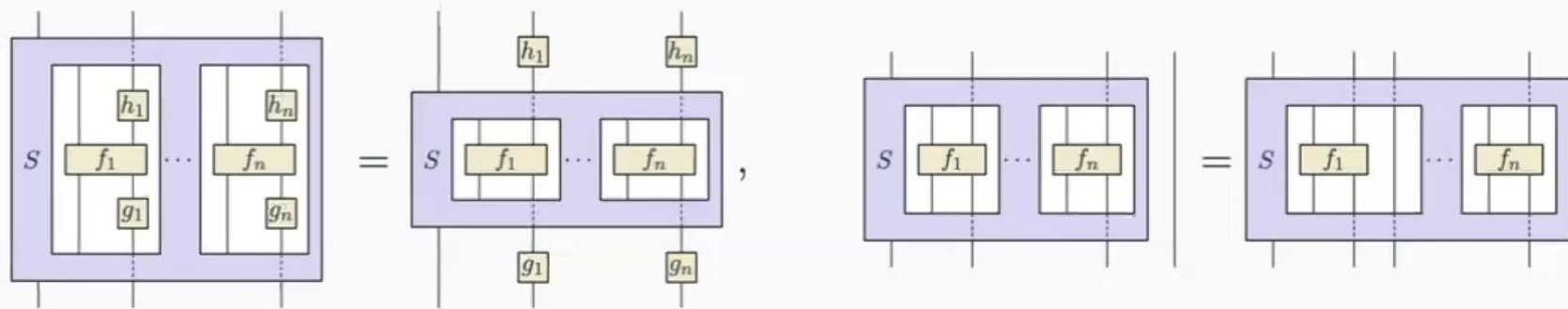
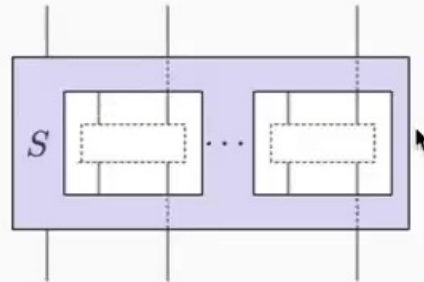


- Recovers the *locally-applicable transformations* of Wilson et al. I
- When \mathcal{C} is CPTP these are exactly the quantum supermaps.

2022: Wilson, Chiribella, Kissinger

2024: H, Wilson

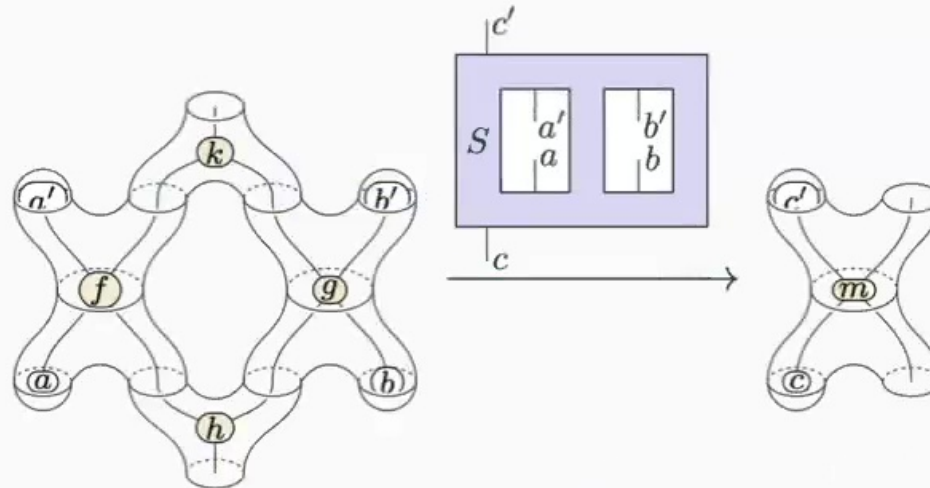
Multi-Partite Supermaps



2022: Wilson, Chiribella, Kissinger;

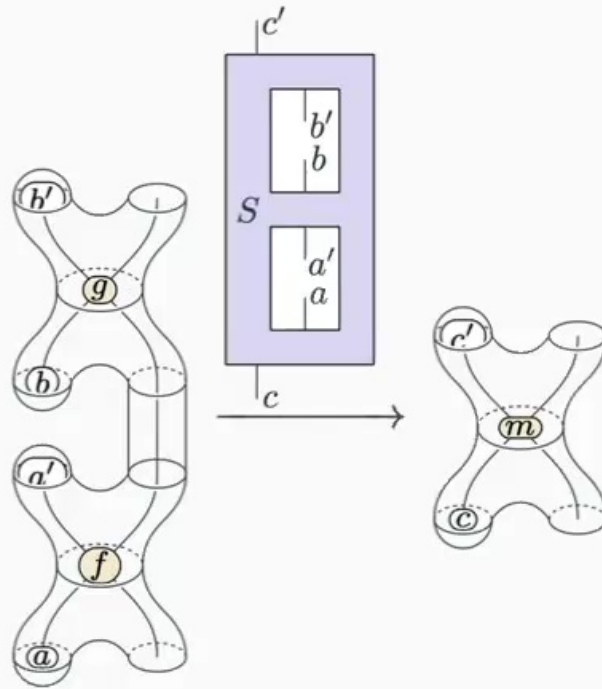
2022: Wilson, Chiribella

Multi-Partite Supermaps



- The maps $\mathcal{C}_a \otimes \mathcal{C}_b \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_c$ are the bipartite supermaps
- Recovers the multi-partite locally applicable transformations
- When \mathcal{C} is CPTP these are precisely the multi-partite quantum supermaps

Multi-Partite Supermaps



- $\mathcal{C}_a \otimes \mathcal{C}_b \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_c$ are the bipartite supermaps with a causal ordering on the inputs
- When \mathcal{C} is CPTP these are precisely the 2-holed combs

Summary so Far

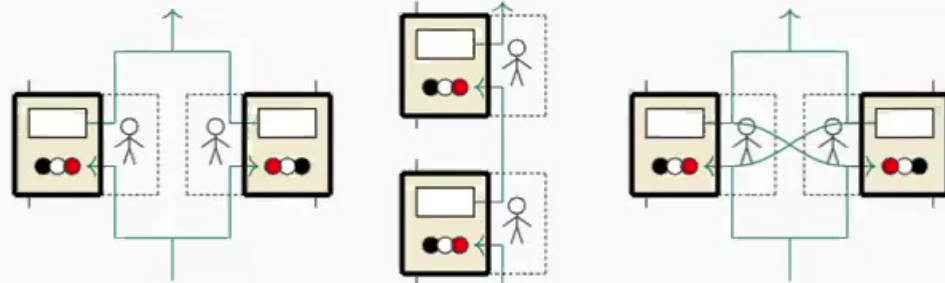
What we have:

- Interventions, contexts and supermaps united in $\text{StProf}(\mathcal{C})$
- \otimes modelling parallel, separable interventions
- \otimes modelling sequential interventions
- Distributive law between \otimes and \otimes
- \otimes and \otimes generate the right \mathcal{I} spaces of supermaps

What we do not have:

- Duality between interventions and contexts
- A tensor that returns the full space of bipartite processes

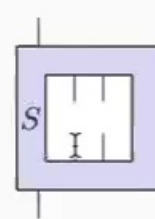
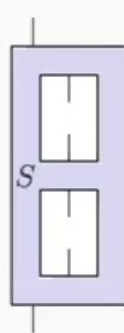
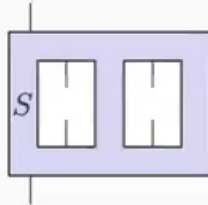
Summary so Far



Tensor \otimes

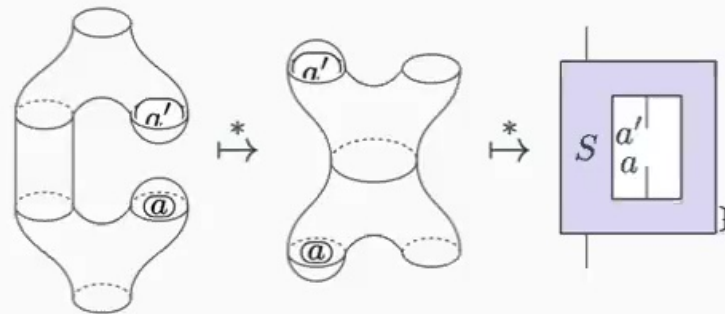
Seq \circledast

Par \wp



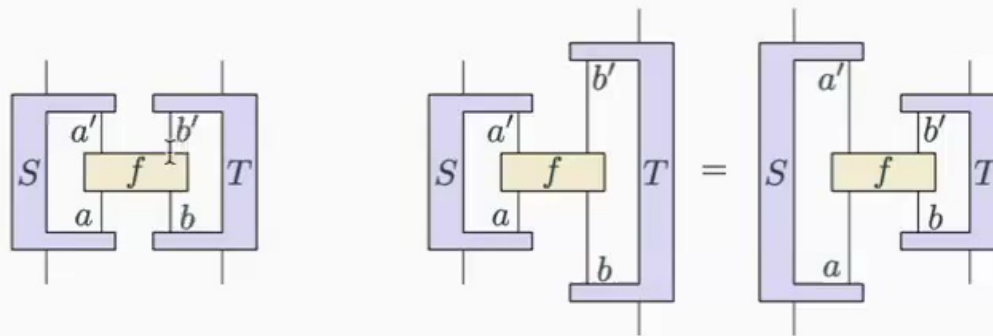
Where is this guy? \uparrow

Intervention-Context Duality



- y_a^{**} is the space of *all* single-party supermaps
- $y_a^{**} \cong y_a$ iff all single-party supermaps decompose as combs!

Intervention-Context Duality



- Want $\mathcal{C}_a \otimes \mathcal{C}_b = \mathcal{C}_{a \otimes b}$
- Fails to be a tensor in general: supermaps fail to commute!

2022: Wilson, Chiribella

Adding Duals

$$\text{CSMC}_{\perp} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\text{Chu}} \\ \xleftarrow{U} \\ \xrightarrow{T} \end{array} \text{*Aut}$$

- CSMC: Categories with \otimes and weak $(-)^*$ [closed symmetric monoidal categories]
- *Aut: Categories with $\otimes, (-)^*, \wp$ [*-autonomous categories]
 - Models of multiplicative linear logic

1979: Chu 1997: Pavlović

Adding Duals

Theorem

There is an adjunction,

$$\text{CSNDuo} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\text{Chu}} \\ \xleftarrow{U} \end{array} \text{BV}$$

- CSNDuo: Categories with \otimes , \oplus and weak $(-)^*$ [closed symmetric normal duoidal categories]
- *Aut: Categories with \otimes , \oplus , $(-)^*$, \mathfrak{A} [BV-categories] I
 - (Possible) models of BV-logic

Can apply to $\text{StProf}(\mathcal{C})$ to get BV-category $\text{StEnv}(\mathcal{C})$, the strong Hyland envelope of \mathcal{C}

Strong Hyland Envelope

$$\mathcal{C} \xrightarrow{D} \mathcal{C} \times \mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \xrightarrow{y} \text{Prof}(\mathcal{C}) = [\mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \times \mathcal{C}, \text{Set}] \xrightarrow{N} \text{StProf}(\mathcal{C}) \xrightarrow{\text{Chu}} \text{StEnv}(\mathcal{C})$$

$$\text{SMC} \xrightarrow{D} \text{SProDuo} \xrightarrow{y} \text{CSDuo} \xrightarrow{N} \text{CSNDuo} \xrightarrow{\text{Chu}} \text{BV}$$

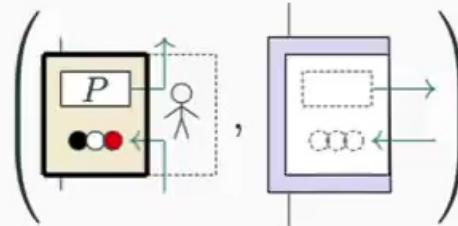
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Process theory} & \rightsquigarrow & \text{Higher-order process theory} & \rightsquigarrow & \text{Theory of spacetime events} \\ \otimes & & \otimes, \oplus & & \otimes, \oplus, \wp, (-)^* \end{array}$$

We can lift \otimes and (co)freely add \oplus , $(-)^*$ and \wp to get a BV-category!

Spacetime Events via the Strong Hyland Envelope

An object of $\text{StEnv}(\mathcal{C})$ is $(P, P', P \otimes P' \xrightarrow{\eta} 1)$

- P intervention
- P' context
- η evaluation of context on intervention



Strong Hyland Envelope

$$\mathcal{C} \xrightarrow{D} \mathcal{C} \times \mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \xrightarrow{y} \text{Prof}(\mathcal{C}) = [\mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \times \mathcal{C}, \text{Set}] \xrightarrow{N} \text{StProf}(\mathcal{C}) \xrightarrow{\text{Chu}} \text{StEnv}(\mathcal{C})$$

$$\text{SMC} \xrightarrow{D} \text{SProDuo} \xrightarrow{y} \text{CSDuo} \xrightarrow{N} \text{CSNDuo} \xrightarrow{\text{Chu}} \text{BV}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Process theory} & \rightsquigarrow & \text{Higher-order process theory} & \rightsquigarrow & \text{Theory of spacetime events} \\ \otimes & & \otimes, \oplus & & \otimes, \oplus, \wp, (-)^* \end{array} \quad \text{I}$$

We can lift \otimes and (co)freely add \oplus , $(-)^*$ and \wp to get a BV-category!

Spacetime Events via the Strong Hyland Envelope

Definition (Event at a)

$$(\mathcal{C}_a, \gamma_a) = \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram 1} \\ \text{Diagram 2} \end{array} \right)$$

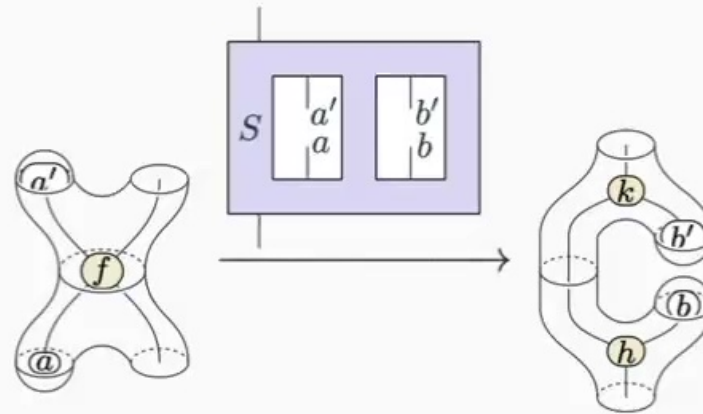
The diagram consists of two parts enclosed in large parentheses and separated by a comma. The left part is a diamond-shaped graph with a central node labeled f . It has two nodes above f , the left one labeled a' , and two nodes below f , the left one labeled $@$. The right part is a more complex graph with a central node labeled f . It has a node above f labeled g , a node to the right of f labeled a' , and a node below f labeled $@$. Dashed lines in both diagrams indicate connections between nodes.

Spacetime Events via the Strong Hyland Envelope

$$(\mathcal{C}_a, y_a) \otimes (\mathcal{C}_b, y_b) = \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram 1} \\ \text{Diagram 2} \end{array} \right)$$

The diagram consists of two parts enclosed in large parentheses. The first part is a complex network of nodes and edges. Nodes are labeled with letters: a' , b' , f , g , a , b , k , and h . The nodes are arranged in a roughly circular pattern with k at the top and h at the bottom. Edges connect these nodes, forming a web-like structure. The second part is a purple rectangular box labeled S on the left. Inside the box, there are two vertical columns. The left column contains a' above a . The right column contains b' above b . Below the box is a horizontal line labeled I .

Spacetime Events via the Strong Hyland Envelope



- The higher-order transformations that decompose locally as a comb
- For finite dimensional quantum theory these are exactly the supermaps!

2022: Wilson, Chiribella, Kissinger

2024: H, Wilson

Spacetime Events via the Strong Hyland Envelope

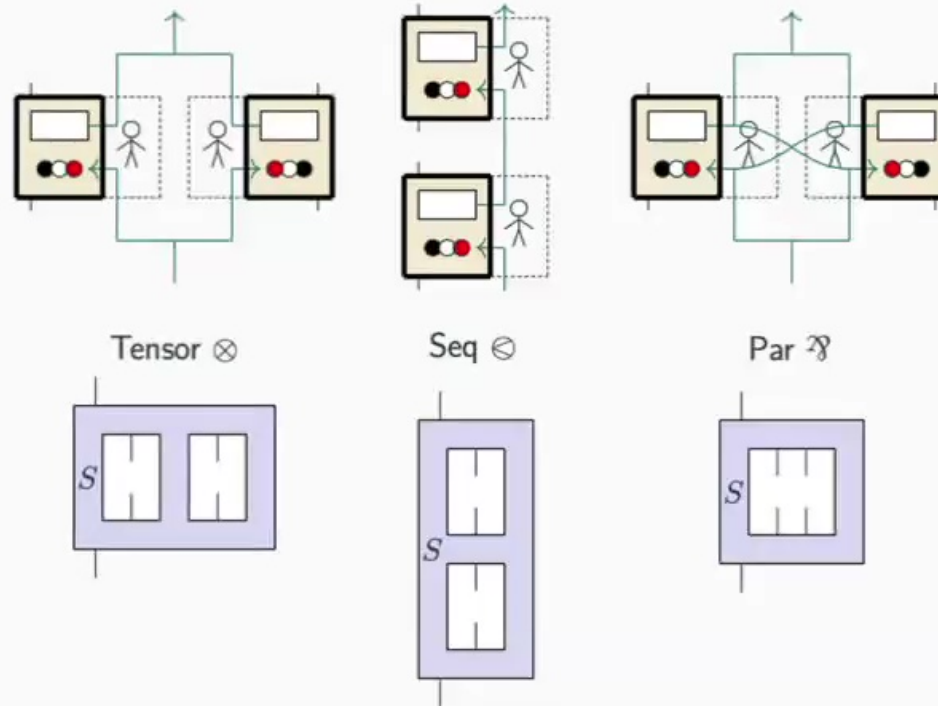
$$(C_a, y_a) \otimes (C_b, y_b) = \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram 1} \\ \text{Diagram 2} \end{array} \right),$$

Spacetime Events via the Strong Hyland Envelope

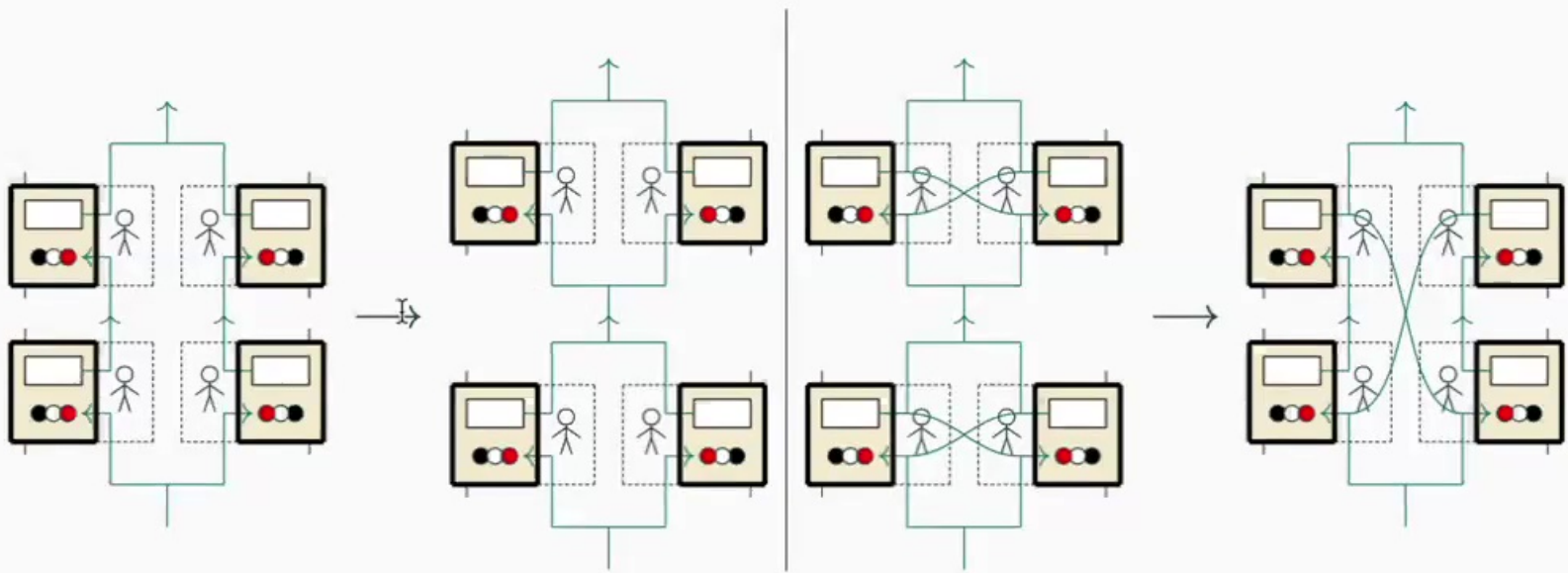
$$(C_a, y_a) \mathcal{H} (C_b, y_b) = \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram 1} \\ \text{Diagram 2} \end{array} \right)$$

The equation shows the Strong Hyland Envelope of two comonads. The left diagram is a figure-eight shape with a central node labeled f . The top node is labeled $a'h'$ and the bottom node is labeled ab . The right diagram is a more complex shape with a central node labeled f . The top node is labeled g , the middle node is labeled $a'h'$, and the bottom node is labeled ab . Dashed lines in both diagrams indicate the underlying comonad structure.

Spacetime Events via the Strong Hyland Envelope



Spacetime Events via the Strong Hyland Envelope



Spacetime Events via the Strong Hyland Envelope

- $(\mathcal{C}_a, y_a) \rightarrow (\mathcal{C}_b, y_b)$ are combs $a \rightarrow b$
- $(\mathcal{C}_a, y_a) \otimes (\mathcal{C}_b, y_b) \rightarrow (\mathcal{C}_c, y_c)$ are the bipartite supermaps that decompose locally as a comb
- $(\mathcal{C}_a, y_a) \otimes (\mathcal{C}_b, y_b) \rightarrow (\mathcal{C}_c, y_c)$ are the causally-ordered supermaps, the two holed combs
- $(\mathcal{C}_a, y_a) \otimes (\mathcal{C}_b, y_b) \cong (\mathcal{C}_{a \otimes b}, y_{a \otimes b}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{C}_c, y_c)$ are combs $a \otimes b \rightarrow c$

So, where are we?

- Method for building a theory of spacetime events $\text{StProf}(\mathcal{C})$ over any process theory \mathcal{C}
- Objects are intervention-context pairs
- Morphisms are higher-order transformations, the supermaps
- Comes with the connectives of BV-logic:
 - \otimes : separable processes
 - \otimes : sequenced processes
 - \wp : maximal correlations, bipartite processes
 - $(-)^*$: duality between interventions and contexts

Where are we going?

- Can study the supermaps over any process theory. What happens in interesting cases, e.g. infinite dimensional quantum theory?
- Can we develop a general theory of process matrices? Agents communicate by classical data, with their local labs being quantum.
- Can we study inhomogeneous physics? Different labs can experience different local physics.
- Are there additional logical connectives? What about one for indefinite causal order?

I