

Title: Quantization of the universal centralizer and central D-modules

Speakers: Tom Gannon

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Abstract:

We will discuss some aspects of my recent preprint, joint with Victor Ginzburg, on Kostant-Whittaker reduction, a (deformation) quantization of restriction to a Kostant slice. We will explain how this functor can be used to prove conjectures of Ben-Zvi and Gunningham on parabolic induction, as well as a convolution exactness conjecture of Braverman and Kazhdan in the D-module setting. While this talk will occasionally reference facts from a talk I gave at Perimeter on other aspects of this preprint, the overlap and references will be minimal.

Quantization of the Universal Centralizer and Central D-modules
(w/V. Ginzburg)

Thm (G.-Ginzburg '24) for D-modules)

Conj (Baverman-Kuzhan'01) for λ -adic sheaves)

Thm (G. Birkhoff [4]) for D -modules, with the gamma
Conj (Baverman-Kazhdan '0) for λ -adic sheaves) Thm $\Phi_p^*(-)$ is t -exact
on the category of sheaves on a reductive group. i.e. it induces an exact functor
_{prose}

Def An algebra object in a monoidal category \mathcal{C} is an

object $A \in \mathcal{C}$ with maps $A \otimes A \xrightarrow{m} A$ and a unit map
 $\mathbb{1}_{\mathcal{C}} \rightarrow A$ satisfying the algebra axioms.

Def) An algebra object in a monoidal category \mathcal{C} is an

object $A \in \mathcal{C}$ with maps $A \otimes A \xrightarrow{m} A$ and a unit map $\mathbb{1}_{\mathcal{C}} \rightarrow A$ satisfying the algebra axioms.

Ex) An algebra object in the category $\text{Vect}_{\mathcal{C}}^{\otimes_{\mathcal{C}}}$ is a \mathcal{C} -alg, more generally, an algebra object in the category of R -mod, \otimes_R for R a comm. ring is an R -alg.

Remark) In any braided monoidal category (\Rightarrow have a swap map $X \otimes Y \xrightarrow{\tau} Y \otimes X$), an alg. object is commutative if $m \circ (\text{swap}) = m$.

Ex) Comm. alg obj in $R\text{-mod} \leftrightarrow$ Affine Scheme over $\text{Spec } R \leftarrow \text{Spec } A$

Ex) If $\mathcal{C} = \text{Sym}\mathfrak{g}\text{-mod}(\text{Rep } G) = \text{QCoh}^G(\mathfrak{g}^*) = \text{QCoh}(\mathfrak{g}^*/G)$

for G a complex reductive group ($\text{GL}_n, \text{SL}_n, \text{SO}_n$). A comm. alg. object of $\text{Sym}\mathfrak{g}\text{-mod}(\text{Rep } G)$ is $G \curvearrowright \text{Spec } A \xrightarrow{\mu} \mathfrak{g}^*/_{\text{st}, \mu} G\text{-equiv.}$ (Eg $G \curvearrowright \text{Spec } A_0, T^*(\text{Spec } A_0)$ gives an alg obj in this category.)

$T^*(\text{Spec } A_0)$ gives an alg obj in this category. (eg $G \curvearrowright \text{Spec } A_0$,
type G -equiv.)

Thm (Brauerman-Finkelberg-Nakajima '17) There exists, for any reductive group G and rep'n N , an algebra object $\mathcal{R}_{G,N} \in \mathcal{D}_{\text{Gr}}(G) =$

... algebra object $K_{G,N} \in D_{G_0}(Gr_G) =$

$D_{G(\mathbb{C}[t])}(G(\mathbb{C}[t]) / G(\mathbb{C}[t])))$ whose coh'ly
 $H_{G_0}^{\dagger} : D_{G_0}(Gr_G) \rightarrow H_{G_0}^{\dagger}(pt)\text{-mod} \cong H_G^{\dagger}(pt)\text{-mod}$ gives the
 \uparrow monoidal | algebra of functions on $M_C(G, N)$, monoidal

Thm (Bezrukavnikov - Frenkelberg '09) $D_{G_0}^{\vee}(Gr_{G^v}) \cong \mathcal{QCoh}^G(\mathbb{A}^*)$
 Coh' shift suppressed

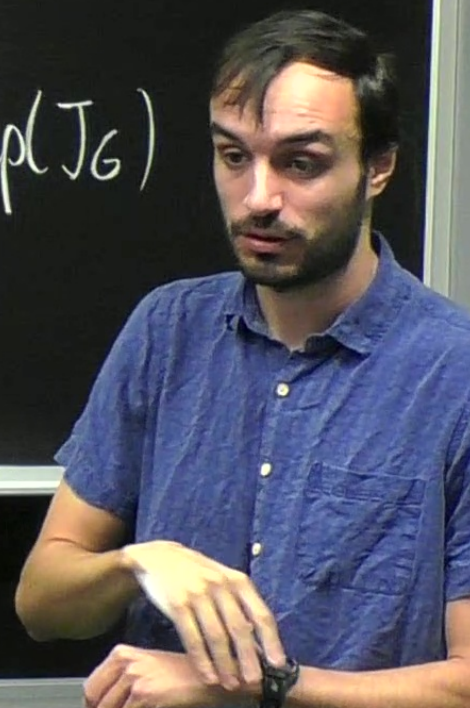
such that if $\mathcal{S} \cong \text{Spec}(\text{Sym}_{\mathbb{C}}^G) \subseteq \mathbb{A}^*$ is the Kostant slice
 $H_{G_0}^{\dagger} \downarrow H_G^{\dagger}(pt)\text{-mod} \cong \mathcal{QCoh}(\mathcal{S})$
 $\downarrow \chi^*$

Def The category of Harish-Chandra bimodules for G is the category $U\mathfrak{g}\text{-mod}(\text{Rep}G)$.

Thm (Kostant 179)

for $j: \mathfrak{g}_{\text{reg}}^+ \hookrightarrow \mathfrak{g}^+$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & \text{QCoh}(\mathfrak{g}^+) & \\
 j^* \approx \bar{\kappa}^* \downarrow & & \uparrow \bar{\kappa}^* \approx j^* \\
 & \text{D}(\mathcal{J}\mathcal{G}\text{-comod}(\text{Sym}^{\mathfrak{g}}\text{-mod})) = \text{Rep}(\mathcal{J}\mathcal{G}) &
 \end{array}$$



for $j: \mathfrak{g}^+_{reg} \hookrightarrow \mathfrak{g}^+$

$$\text{Ext}^0(\mathcal{J}\mathcal{D}\text{-comod}(\text{Sym}^6\text{-mod}) = \text{Rep}(JG)$$

Thm (G.-Ginzburg) There is a $\mathbb{Z}\mathfrak{g} = (U\mathfrak{g})^G$ -coalgebra

structure on the algebra of b_1 -Whittaker diff'l operators

III (G. Binyag) There is a $\mathcal{U}\mathfrak{g} = (\mathcal{U}\mathfrak{g})$ - coalgebra

Structure on the algebra of bi-Whittaker diff'l operators

\mathcal{W} making

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \mathcal{HCG} := \mathcal{U}\mathfrak{g}\text{-mod}(\ker \mathcal{G}) & \\ \text{monoidal} & \begin{array}{c} \mathcal{K} \downarrow \\ \mathcal{W}\text{-comod}(\mathcal{Z}\mathfrak{g}\text{-mod}) \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \uparrow \mathcal{K}^R \end{array} \end{array}$$

ρ a rep'n of Langlands
dual gp

Conj (Langlands '71) Automorphic L-functions $L(s, \pi, \rho)$ admits analytic continuation and is functional in ρ .
(Tate's Thesis: $G = GL_1 \mathbb{R}/\mathbb{A}^1$)
(Godement - Jacquet $G = GL_n \mathbb{R}/\mathbb{A}^n$)

Algebra object in a monoidal category \mathcal{C} is an

Braverman-Kazhdan (199, '01) Verify analytic continuation
directly using some \mathbb{Q} -Fourier transform, pose a certain \mathbb{A} -adic
sheaf, the gamma sheaf $\overline{\Gamma}_\rho$, and posed two conjectures on
 $\mathcal{D}^\lambda(G_{\mathbb{F}_q})^{G_{\mathbb{F}_q}}$

Def (Basserman-Kazhdan 199) $\rho: G^v \rightarrow GL_n,$
 $\overline{\Phi}_\rho := \text{ind}_T^G \left(\overline{\Phi}_\rho|_{T^v} \right)^W.$

Def (Baverman - Kazhdan '99) $\rightarrow GL_n$,

$$\Phi_p := \text{ind}_T^G(\Phi_p|_{T^v})^W$$

Thm (G. - Ginzburg '24)

Conj (BZ - G.) '17)

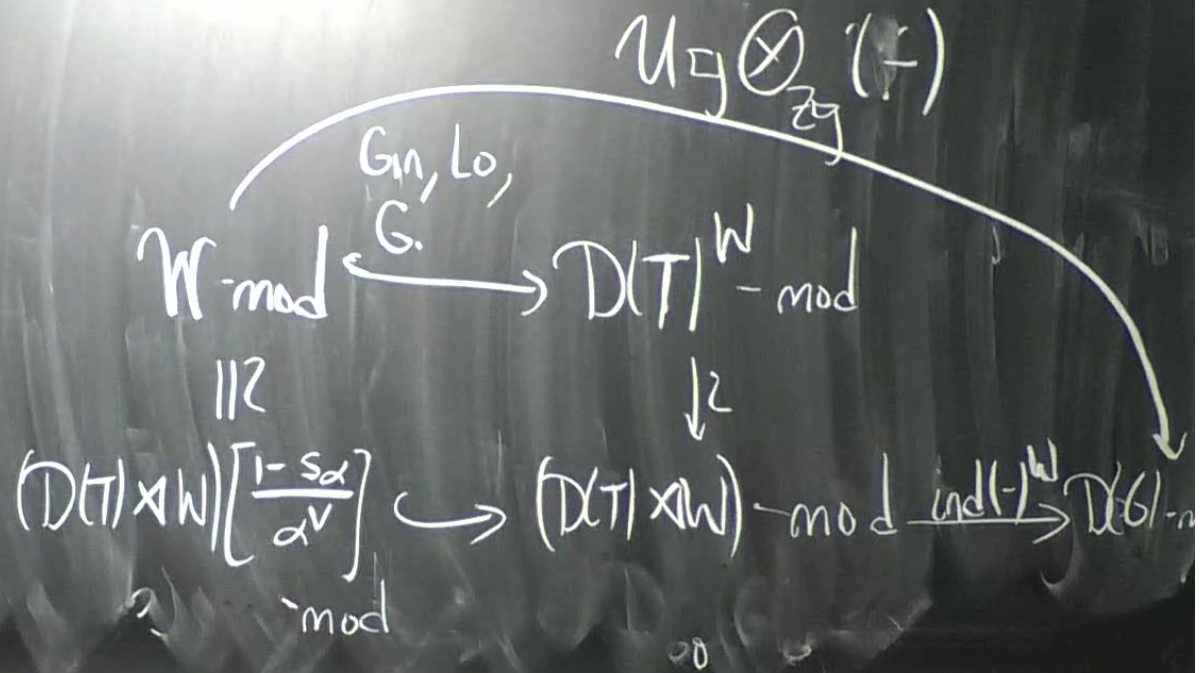
$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 W\text{-mod} & \xrightarrow[G]{G_n, L_0} & D(T)^W\text{-mod} \\
 \parallel & & \downarrow \cong \\
 (D(T) \times W) \left[\frac{1-s\alpha}{\alpha^v} \right] & \hookrightarrow & (D(T) \times W)\text{-mod} \xrightarrow{\text{ind}(-)^W} D(G)_n
 \end{array}$$

Def (Kawserman - K)

$$\Phi_p := \text{ind}_T^G(\Phi_p|_{T^v})^W$$

Thm (G. - Ginzburg '24)

Conj (BZ - G.) '17)



Thm 1 (G.-G.in)

$$Z(HC_G) \xleftarrow{\text{BFO}} D(G) - \text{mod } G$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} W\text{-mod} & \xrightarrow{\text{braided monoidal}} & Z(W\text{-comod}) \\ \parallel & & \uparrow \mathcal{K}^R \\ \text{IndCoh}(E^+ / W^{\text{off}}) & & \\ \parallel & & \\ E^+ / W & & \end{array}$$