

Title: Kazhdan-Lusztig Equivalence and Kac-Moody Localization

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Abstract: We will begin by reviewing the work of Kazhdan and Lusztig, who established an equivalence between certain affine Lie algebra representations and quantum group representations. It can be thought of as a logarithmic version of the CS-WZW correspondence. In a joint work with Lin Chen, we used factorization algebras to establish an extended version of this equivalence. We will explain the main structure of the proof, and draw some connections with Kazhdan and Lusztig's original proof. The key idea is that of Kac-Moody localization, a parametrized version of factorization homology. Time permitting, we will also explain how this idea plays a role in the recently announced proof (by Gaitsgory et al.) of the de Rham geometric Langlands conjecture.

Zoom link <https://pitp.zoom.us/j/98932564942?pwd=WWdMLzI5WktkZnMrQmplU0J3Mk43dz09>

\mathbb{Z} 4d SM k -insteal
(k positive)

$\mathbb{Z}(S')$ nonly chiral.

\mathbb{Z} (1 manifold), \mathbb{Z} -acts
1-GT

fact: $\mathbb{Z}(S') \hookrightarrow \text{DMod}_k(\text{Gr}) \text{ - Fermi Mod}$
via $\mathbb{Z}(S')$

Boundary Conditions.

$\mathbb{B}(S') \in \mathbb{Z}(S')$

$\mathbb{Z}(X) = \text{DMod}_k(\text{Bun}_G)$

- Vac $\rightarrow \text{DMod}_k(\text{Gr}_G)$
- Neuman $\rightarrow \mathfrak{g}\text{-mod}_k$

$\mathbb{Z}(S') = \text{DMod}_k(\text{LG})\text{-mod}$
 $\downarrow \mathbb{D}_X$

- Gauge-breaking HSG $\rightarrow \text{DMod}_k(\text{LG}/\text{KH})$

Pair then

$\langle N_{\text{eng}}, V_{\text{acc}} \rangle$

$$= \hat{g}_{\text{mod } k}^{G(0)} = \dots KL_k(G)$$

connected with $(\hat{g}_{\text{mod } k}^{G(0)})$ -H.C. modules
w/ a homological fix

the (homological) ...

$$(\hat{g}_{\text{mod } k}^{G(0)}) \cong \text{Rep}_k(G)$$



$\Rightarrow K_{\mathbb{K}}(G)$
 the $(g, \mathfrak{g}(G))$ - ...
 a homological fix

(down to below writing)
 $(g, \mathfrak{g}(G)) \cong \text{Rep}_q(G)$ as
 braided monoidal categories.
 Here $(\text{Rep}_q(G))^\circ$ is the set of
 reps for Lusztig's quantum group

• Lusztig: $E_i^{(n)}, F_i^{(n)}, K\lambda$
 linked power
 gen

• Kazhdan-Lusztig
 $E_i, F_i, K\lambda$

• mixed
 $E_i^{(n)}, F_i, K\lambda$

KL eqn. $\xrightarrow{\text{Fock space}}$ WZW/CS.

(u) $K\lambda$

$K\lambda$

KL equiv. $\xrightarrow{\text{F. ledberg}}$ WZW/CS.

k : positive integral

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{Rep}_k(\mathfrak{g}) \cong L^k(\mathfrak{g}) - \text{Funct/Mod} & & \\
 \parallel & & \parallel \\
 \text{Rep}_k(\mathfrak{g})^{ss} \cong \text{CS}_3(S^1) & &
 \end{array}$$

Given parabolic $P \in G$

\exists domain wall P_{anp} between \mathbb{Z}_G and \mathbb{Z}_N (M term)

For now, $J = B$, $u = T$.

$$P_{\text{anp}}(S') \in \mathbb{Z}(G)(S')^V \otimes \mathbb{Z}(T)(S')$$

$$\parallel$$
$$DM_{\text{anp}}(G/N)$$

Map between Z_G and Z_M (M level)

$M=T$

$$Z(G)(S')^V \oplus Z(T)(S')$$

V)

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle \text{New}_G, \text{Par}_B \rangle (S') \\ &= \int_{\text{mod}_K} \mathbb{L}^N \in \\ & \quad \text{DMod}_{K\text{-Kant}}(\mathbb{L}T) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle \text{New}_G, \text{Par}_B, \text{Vac}_T \rangle (S') \\ &= \boxed{\int_{\text{mod}_K} \mathbb{L}N \mathbb{L}T} \end{aligned}$$

The (joint w/ Lin Chen)

$\hat{g}\text{-mod}_k^{LN\mathbb{Z}^+T} \cong \text{BGG Category } \mathcal{J}$
for mixed & grp

(Fact: $\hat{g}\text{-mod}_k^{LN\mathbb{Z}^+T} \cong \hat{g}\text{-mod}_k^I$)
Iwahori
not trivial

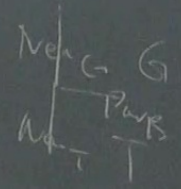
Idea

express g -valued N^+T in terms of

VOA modules (internal to $KL_{k-kcvt}(T)$)

$$\langle \text{Neu}_G, \text{Par}_B, \text{Neu}_T \rangle (S')$$

$$\xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}} \langle \text{Neu}_T, \text{Vact}_T \rangle (S')$$



Category \mathcal{C}
and \mathcal{G} grp

$\begin{array}{c} \text{Neu}_G \subset \\ \text{Par}_B \\ \text{Neu}_T \end{array}$

$\langle \text{Neu}_G, \text{Par}_B, \text{Neu}_T \rangle (S')$

$\mathcal{P} \rightarrow \langle \text{Neu}_T, \text{Vact}_T \rangle (S')$

Moreover,
 any $\mathcal{P}(L)$ is a module
 over the VOA object $\mathcal{P}(L_{\text{triv}})$

$$\exists \mathcal{P}: \mathfrak{g}\text{-mod}_*^{\text{LNK}^+ T} \longrightarrow \mathcal{P}(V^k(\mathfrak{g}))\text{-mod}(KL_{k\text{-fact}}(T))$$

\mathcal{P} is BRST reduction w.r.t. n .

Define $\mathcal{S}_k := \text{BRST}_n(V^k(\mathfrak{g}))$

Prop For k positive

$$\text{BRST}_n, \mathfrak{g}\text{-mod}_*^{\text{LNK}^+ T} \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{S}_k\text{-mod}(KL_{k\text{-fact}}(T)).$$

$$\rightarrow \mathcal{P}(V^k(g)) \text{-mod} (KL_{K\text{-cat}}(T))$$

action wrt n .

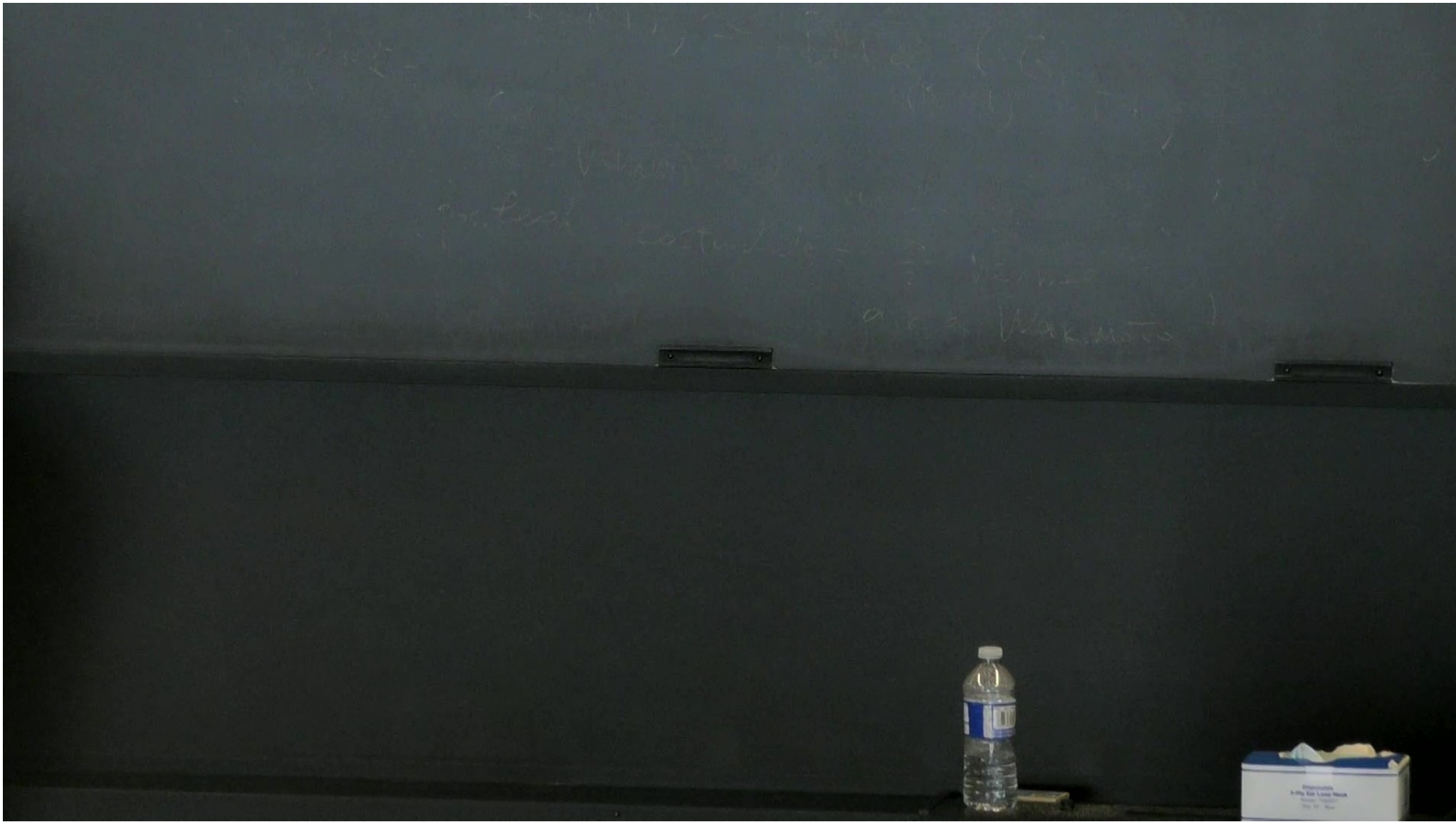
Further:

S is topological

i.e. an \mathbb{E}_2 -algebraic object.

$$T_n(V^k(g))$$

$$S \text{-mod} (KL_{K\text{-cat}}(T)).$$



! is easy

* needs the following idea

1) use contraction to convert to
Computing some conformal blocks
in T-theory.

2) use a comput. result
to convert to G-conformal blocks ←

In general

$$\exists: B(\mathbb{D}_x^0) \xrightarrow{\text{Loc}} D\text{Mod}_K(B_{\text{unif}}^{\infty\text{-level}, x})$$

Moreover:

$$B' \rightarrow B$$

$$\text{Hom}(B(\mathbb{D}_x^0), B(\mathbb{D}_x^0)) \rightarrow \text{Hom}(B'(\mathbb{D}_x^0), D\text{Mod}_K(B_{\text{unif}}^{\infty\text{-level}, x}))$$

In general:

$$\exists: \mathcal{B}(\mathbb{D}_x) \xrightarrow{\text{Loc}} \text{DMod}_K(\mathcal{B}_{\text{unif}}^{\infty\text{-level}, x})$$

Moreover:

$$\mathcal{B}' \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$$

$$\text{Hom}(\mathcal{B}'(\mathbb{D}_x), \mathcal{B}(\mathbb{D}_x)) \rightarrow \text{Hom}(\mathcal{B}'(\mathbb{D}_x), \text{DMod}_K(\mathcal{B}_{\text{unif}}^{n\text{-level}, x}))$$

Example:

$$\mathcal{B} = \text{Nons}, \mathcal{B}' = \text{Vacu}$$

$$KL_K(G) \xrightarrow{\text{Loc}} \text{DMod}_K(\mathcal{B}_{\text{unif}})$$

$$\text{fund}_K^{LNK^+T} \xrightarrow{\text{Loc}} \text{Dil}_K(\text{Br}_G \text{ w-deb-x} / LN^+T)$$

Moreover, \exists mult.-pt version

$$KL_K(G)$$

