

Title: Factorization homology in quantum topology

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Series: Mathematical Physics

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Abstract: Abstract TBA

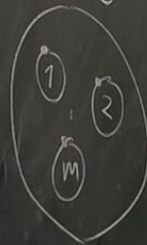
Zoom link: <https://pitp.zoom.us/j/91816652867?pwd=bnQzYzA0SXBuL3BTTmNUMFBMcEFWdz09>

Factorization homology in quantum topology

with A. Brochier, Z. Müller

① Factorization homology

Homology theory for E_n -algebras in a higher sym. mon. cat. \mathcal{S}



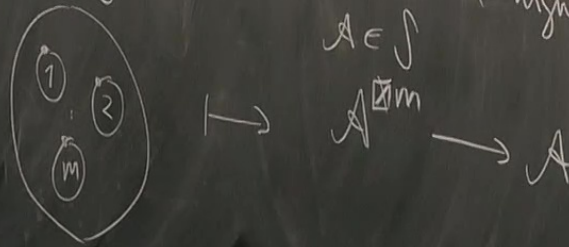
$$fE_n(m) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{embeddings } (D^n)^{\sqcup m} \hookrightarrow D^n \\ \text{composed of translations, rescalings \& rotations} \end{array} \right.$$

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① Factorization homology

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Factorization homology on an oriented n -dim. oriented manifold

$$\int_{\Sigma} \mathcal{A} := \operatorname{hocolim}_{m \geq 0} \mathcal{A}^{\boxtimes m} \in \int$$

$$p: (D^n)^{\cup m} \hookrightarrow \Sigma$$

[Beilinson-Drinfeld 04, Lurie 09, Ayala-Francis 15, ...]

Example $S = \mathcal{C}h_k$, \mathcal{A} just a k -algebra, $n=1$, $\Sigma = S^1$

Then

$\int_{S^1} \mathcal{A} \simeq$ Hochschild chains on $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{C}h_k$

② Fact

[Ben-Zvi

Factorization homology on an oriented n -dim. oriented manifold Σ

$$\int_{\Sigma} A := \operatorname{hocolim}_{m \geq 0} A^{\boxtimes m} \in \mathcal{J}$$

$$\varphi: (D^n)^{\cup m} \hookrightarrow \Sigma$$

[Beilinson-Drinfeld 04, Lurie 09, Ayala-Francis 15, ...]

Example. $S = \operatorname{Ch}_k$, A just a k -algebra, $n=1$, $\Sigma = S^1$

Then $\int_{S^1} A \simeq$ Hochschild chains on $A \in \operatorname{Ch}_k$

② Factorization

[Ben-Zvi - Broch

cat. \mathcal{J}

rotations

m. oriented manifold Σ with coefficients in \mathcal{A}

② Factorization homology of balanced braided categories

[Ben-Zvi - Brochier - Jordan 18]

We fix $n=2$, $S = \text{Rex} =$

fin. cocomplete lin. cat.
 right exact functors
 linear nat. isos

+ Deligne product \boxtimes

$\Sigma = S^1$

\mathcal{A} \mathbb{E}_2 -alg in Rex is a balanced braided category [Salvatore-Wahl 03].
 It has a
 • monoidal product $\otimes: \mathcal{A} \otimes \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \mathcal{A}$ with unit $I \in \mathcal{A}$
 • braiding $c_{X,Y}: X \otimes Y \xrightarrow{\sim} Y \otimes X$ $\neq YBE$

real manifold Z with coefficients in A

② Factorization homology of balanced braided categories

[Ben-Zvi - Brochier - Jordan 18]

We fix $n=2$, $S = \text{Rex} =$

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A \mathbb{F}_2 -alg A in Rex is a balanced braided category [Salvatore-Wahl 03].

- It has a
- monoidal product $\otimes: A \otimes A \rightarrow A$ with unit $I \in A$
 - braiding $c_{x,y}: X \otimes Y \xrightarrow{\sim} Y \otimes X$
 - balancing $\theta_x: X \xrightarrow{\sim} X$ with $\theta_I = \text{id}_I$
- and $\theta_{x \otimes y} = c_{y,x} c_{x,y} (\theta_x \otimes \theta_y)$

We say that \mathcal{A} is finite if $\mathcal{A} \cong \mathcal{B}\text{-mod}$

rigid if every object $X \in \mathcal{A}$

has a dual X^\vee (evaluation $X \otimes X^\vee \rightarrow 1$, coev $1 \rightarrow X \otimes X^\vee$ + zigzag id.)

A finite ribbon cat. is a finite rigid bal. br. cat. with simple unit and $\theta_{X^\vee} = \theta_X^\vee$.

A finite ribbon cat. \mathcal{A} is modular if

$$c_{y,x} c_{x,y} = \text{id}_{x \otimes y} \quad \forall y \Rightarrow X \cong I \oplus \dots \oplus I$$



$\int_{\Sigma} A$ will become a module over A
with inner forms.

$$\mathfrak{a}_{\Sigma} = \underline{\text{End}(O_{\Sigma})}$$

$$O_{\Sigma} \cdot I \rightarrow A$$

Thm [BZB] $\int_{\Sigma} A \simeq \mathfrak{a}_{\Sigma}\text{-mod } A$

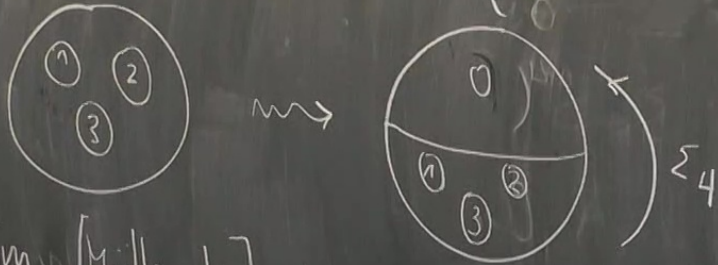
$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \nearrow & \\ \phi & & \Sigma \end{array}$$

Alekssev-Grosse-Schomerus
moduli algebras

over A

③ Cyclic fE_2 -algebras

fE_2 has a cyclic structure



Thm. [Muller-W] The cyclic structure for a fE_2 -algebra amounts to a ribbon Grothendieck-Verdier duality, i.e. an equivalence $D: A \rightarrow A^{op}$ making $A(x \otimes y, k)$ representable: $A(x \otimes y, k) \cong A(y, Dx)$ plus $D\theta_x = \theta_{Dx}$.

$$k = D1$$

manifold Σ with

② Factorisation

[Ben-Zvi - Brochier]

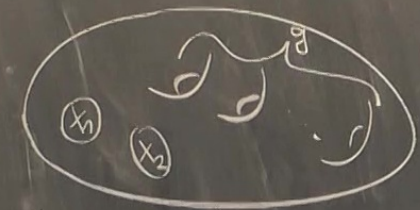
We fix $n=2$,

A fE_2 -alg A in

It has a

- monoidal
- braiding
- balancing

Thm [MW] This extends uniquely to 3d oriented handlebodies



$X_1, X_2 \in \mathcal{A}$

angular
functor

$$\mathcal{A}(X_1 \otimes \dots \otimes X_n \otimes \mathbb{A}^{\otimes g}, K)^*$$

$$\mathbb{A} = \int^X X \otimes DX$$

Space of
conformal blocks
for \mathcal{A}

$\mathcal{A}(Y, DX)$

④ Classification of modular functors

modular functor = consistent system of mapping class grp rep.

Any modular functor can be evaluated on genus zero surfaces and produces a cyclic framed E_2 -algebra.

Thm. [Brochier-Lu.] The space of extensions for a cyclic fr. E_2 -alg. to a modular functor is contractible or empty.

A : cyclic fr. E_2 -alg.

H handlebody, $\partial H = \Sigma$

define

$$\Phi_A(H): \int_{\Sigma} A \longrightarrow A \boxtimes \# \text{ body comp of } \Sigma$$

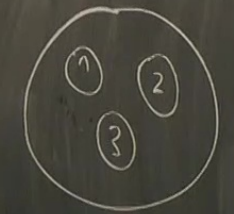
use the
ansular functor

We call A connected if $\Phi_A(H) \cong \Phi_A(H')$ for all H, H' with $\partial H = \partial H'$

Thm [BW] modular functors \simeq connected cyclic framed E_2 -algebras

(3) Cyclic $f E_2$

$f E_2$ has a cyclic



Thm [Muller-W] The

to a ribbon Grothendieck

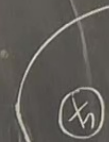
$D: A \rightarrow A^{op}$ making

plus $D\mathbb{0}_A = \mathbb{0}_A$

Examples of connected cyclic framed E_2 -alg.

- modular categories (recovers the Lyubashenko construction)
semisimple special case: Reshetikhin-Turaev construction
- Dinfeld centers of non-spherical pivotal finite tensor categories
- Feigin-Fuchs boson (using [Allen-Zentner-Schweigert-Wood] [MW])

Thm

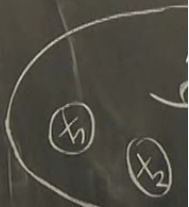


X_1, X_2

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Thm [M



$x_1, x_2 \in \mathcal{C}$

$$\int_{\Sigma} \mathcal{A} \xrightarrow{\phi_{\mathcal{A}}(H) = M \otimes \mathcal{A}} \mathcal{A}$$

$$\parallel \quad \parallel$$

$$q_{\Sigma} \text{-mod } \mathcal{A} \quad q_{\Sigma}$$