

Title: QFT1 Lecture - 102023

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Collection: Quantum Field Theory 1 2023/24

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Build $\frac{1}{2}$ fields.

$$\chi_{\ell}^{-}(x) = \int dV_p u_{\ell}^s(x, p) \hat{a}_{\ell}^s$$

↓
dread

↓
transform

$$\sum_{\vec{s}} \underbrace{u_{\ell}^s(x, p)}_{\uparrow}$$

Build $1\frac{1}{2}$ fields.

• find equation for u

$$\chi_{\ell}^{-}(x) = \int dV_p u e^{i(x \cdot p)} \tilde{a}_{\ell}^{\dagger}$$

$$\sum_{\vec{s}} u_{\ell}^{s'}(\Lambda x + b, \Lambda p) D_{s's}^i(u)$$

↓
dread

↓
transform

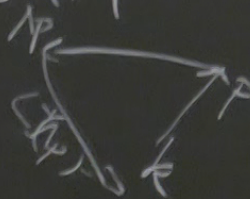
$W(\Lambda)$

equation for u

$$\sum_{s'} U_{\ell}^{s'}(\Lambda x + b, \Lambda p) D_{s's}^i(W(\Lambda, p)) = \frac{1}{x} \underbrace{\text{Det}(\Lambda)}_{\text{field transform}} U_{\ell}^s(x, p) e^{-ib \cdot \Lambda p}$$

a transform

$$W(\Lambda, p) = L^{-1}(\Lambda p) \wedge L(p)$$



$U_{\ell}^S(x, p) e^{-ib \cdot p}$

↑

from

steps translation, boost, rotation

step 1 translation $T(\mathbb{1}, b)$

)

$$u_l^s(x, p) e^{-ib \cdot p}$$

↑
norm

steps translation, boost, rotation

step 1 translation $T(\mathbb{1}, b)$

$$W(\mathbb{1}, p) = L^{-1}(\mathbb{1}, p) \mathbb{1} L(p) = \mathbb{1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & k \leftrightarrow p \\
 u_l^s(x+b, \vec{p}) &= u_l^s(x, \vec{p}) e^{-ib \cdot p} \leftarrow \\
 & \downarrow \downarrow x \quad \downarrow \downarrow 0 \\
 u_l^s(x, p) &= u_l^s(\vec{p}) e^{-ix \cdot p}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$U(\Lambda) U_e^s(x, p) e^{-ib \cdot \Lambda p}$$

transform

transform

$$U(\Lambda) L(p)$$



steps translation, boost, rotation

step 1 translation $T(\mathbb{1}, b)$

$$W(\mathbb{1}, p) = L^{-1}(\mathbb{1}, p) \mathbb{1} L(p) = \mathbb{1}$$

$$p^2 = m^2$$

$$U_e^s(x+b, \vec{p}) = U_e^s(x, \vec{p}) e^{-ib \cdot p}$$

$$U_e^s(x, p) = U_e^s(\vec{p}) e^{-ix \cdot p}$$

equation for u

$$\sum_s U_{\ell}^{s'}(\Lambda x + b, \Lambda p) D_{s's}^i(W(\Lambda, p)) = \frac{1}{x} \text{Det}(\Lambda) U_{\ell}^s(x, p) e^{-ib \cdot \Lambda p}$$

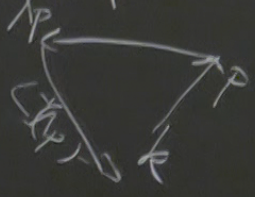
field transform

a transform

$$W(\Lambda, p) = L^{-1}(\Lambda p) \Lambda L(p)$$

$$U_{\ell}^s(\Lambda p) e^{i(\Lambda x + b) \cdot \Lambda p}$$

$$U_{\ell}^s(p) e^{-ix \cdot p}$$



steps to
step 1 to
 $W(\Lambda, p)$

$$U_{\ell}^s(x + \dots)$$

$$\sum_{s'} u_{\ell}^{s'}(\Lambda p) D_{s's}^j(w(\Lambda, p)) = \sum_{\ell} D_{\ell\ell}(\Lambda) u_{\ell}^s(p) \quad (*)$$

$$u_{\ell}^s(p) \text{ to } u_{\ell}^{s'}(p)$$

$\Lambda: L(p)$ starting (RHS) rest frame

$$k \rightarrow \Lambda k = p$$

$$W(\Lambda, p) = L^{-1}(\Lambda p) \Lambda L(p)$$

$$W(\Lambda, p) = W(L(p), k) = L^{-1}(L(p)k) L(p) L(k)$$

$$\sum_{s'} U_{e'}^{s'}(\Lambda p) D_{s's}^j(W(\Lambda p)) = \sum_{e'} D_{ee'}(\Lambda) U_e^s(p) \quad (*)$$

$$\Rightarrow U_{e'}^s(p) = \sum_{e} D_{ee'}(\Lambda) U_e^s(p)$$

$$U_e^s(p) \text{ to } U_e^{s'}(p)$$

$\Lambda: L(p)$ starting (RHS) rest frame

$$k \rightarrow \Lambda k = p$$

$$W(\Lambda p) = L^{-1}(\Lambda p) \Lambda L(p)$$

$$W(\Lambda p) = W(L(p), k) = \underbrace{L^{-1}(L(p)k)}_p L(p) L(k) = \mathbb{1}$$

$$\sum_{s'} U_{e'}^{s'}(\Lambda p) D_{s's}^j(W(\Lambda, p)) = \sum_e D_{ee}(\Lambda) U_e^s(p) \quad (*)$$

$$\rightarrow U_{e'}^s(p)$$

step 2 boost
 $U_e^s(p)$ to $U_e^{s'}(p)$

$\Lambda: L(p)$ starting (RHS) rest frame

$$k \rightarrow \Lambda k = p$$

$$W(\Lambda, p) = L^{-1}(\Lambda p) \Lambda L(p)$$

$$W(\Lambda, p) = W(L(p), k) = \underbrace{L^{-1}(L(p)k)}_p L(p) L(k) = \mathbb{1}$$

$$u_{e'}^s(\vec{p}) = \sum_e D_{e'e}(L(\varphi)) u_e^s(0)$$

my choice

step 3 rotation

$$W(L(\vec{p})) = L^{\uparrow}(\vec{p}) \downarrow L(\vec{p})$$

= R

$$\sum_s u_{e'}^{s'}(0) D_{s's}^j(R) = \sum_e D_{e'e}(R) u_e^s(0) \quad \text{equation for } u$$

$$\rightarrow \sum_s u_{e'}^{s'}(0) J_{s's}^j(R) = \sum_e J_{e'e}(R) u_e^s(0) \quad (**)$$

↑
how a transform
what particle!

↓
how we
pick for
field

$$(L(\varphi)) u_{\ell}^S(0)$$

$$\sum_s u_{\ell}^{s'}(0) D_{s's}^j(R) = \sum_{\ell'} D_{\ell'\ell}(R) u_{\ell'}^S(0) \quad \text{equation for } u$$

$$\rightarrow \sum_s u_{\ell}^{s'}(0) J_{s's}^j(R) = \sum_{\ell'} J_{\ell'\ell}(R) u_{\ell'}^S(0) \quad (**)$$

$$D = 1 + w_{ij} J^{ij}$$

↑
how a transform
what particle
rep of
SU(2)

↓
rep we
pick for
field
↓
rep of SU(2)

tion
R R R
L(R) L(R)
R

$$\sum_u u_{e'}^{s'}(0) \vec{J}_{S'S}^j(R) = \sum_e \vec{J}_{e'e}(R) u_e^s(0)$$

general recipe

① pick a rep for Lorentz (field)

② what is the spin of the particle

③ can I make causality work.

• scalar field

assume { scalar
boson

$$a^\dagger e^{+ipx} + a e^{-ipx}$$

↓ promote ↓ promote

$$\vec{J}e'e = 0$$

$$\vec{J}_{el} = 0$$

$$\vec{J}_{s's}(R) = 0$$

$$u(0) = \text{const}$$

$$u(x,p) = u(0) e^{-ixp}$$

$$v(x,p) = v(0) e^{+ixp}$$

$$\phi(x) = k\phi^-(x) + \lambda\phi^+(x)$$

$$\phi(y) = k\phi^-(y) + \lambda\phi^+(y)$$

$$[\phi^-(x), \phi^+(y)]_{\mp} = \int dV_p e^{-ip(x-y)} = D(x-y)$$

$$[\phi(x), \phi(y)]_{\mp} = k\lambda [\phi^-(x), \phi^+(y)]_{\mp} = k\lambda D(x-y)$$

$$+ k\lambda [\phi^+(x), \phi^-(y)]_{\mp} + k\lambda (-$$

$$\phi(x) = k\phi^-(x) + \lambda\phi^+(x)$$

$$\phi(y) = k\phi^-(y) + \lambda\phi^+(y)$$

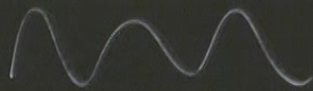
$$[\phi^-(x), \phi^+(y)]_{\mp} = \int d^4p e^{-ip(x-y)} = D(x-y)$$

→ trivial rep
spin 0
boson

$$[\phi(x), \phi(y)]_{\mp} = k\lambda [\phi^-(x), \phi^+(y)]_{\mp}$$

spacelike

$$= k\lambda D(x-y)$$



$$+ k\lambda [\phi^+(x), \phi^-(y)]_{\mp}$$

$$+ k\lambda (\mp) D(y-x)$$

$$= (k\lambda \mp k\lambda) D(x-y)$$

$$= 0$$

$$[\phi(x), (\phi(y))^\dagger]$$

$$\stackrel{\text{spacelike}}{=} (|k|^2 - |N|^2) D(x-y)$$

Causal spinor field \rightarrow spin $1/2$

$$u_{\ell'}^{s'}(0) \bar{J}_{s's}^j(R) = \vec{L}_{\ell\ell'}(R) u_{\ell}^s(0)$$

$$\text{tutorial: } \vec{J} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \vec{\sigma} & 0 \\ 0 & \vec{\sigma} \end{pmatrix} = \vec{\sigma}_{m'm}$$

$$\text{trick: } l = m, \pm$$

or $m, -$

$$l = 1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Pauli

$$\vec{L}_{\ell\ell'}(R) = \vec{L}_{(m', \pm), (m, \pm)}(R)$$

$$= \vec{J}_{m'm, \pm} = \frac{1}{2} \vec{\sigma}_{m'm}$$

$$U_{m', \pm}^{(s)}(0) \int_{(s)S}^j (R) = \frac{1}{2} \delta_{m'm} U_{m, \pm}^s(0)$$

$$(U_{\pm} \int^j (R) = \frac{1}{2} \delta U_{\pm})_{m's}$$

\uparrow rep of $su(2)$ \uparrow rep of $su(2)$

$$U_{\pm} = \begin{matrix} 0 \\ \text{non singular} \\ \text{square matrix} \end{matrix}$$

U_{\pm} is a square matrix

$$\begin{matrix} m's \\ \uparrow \\ \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \quad j = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$U_{m', \pm}^{s'} = \delta_{m's'} \mathbb{1}_{\pm}$$