

Title: Asymptotic structure and the characterisation of gravitational radiation at infinity

Speakers: Jose Senovilla

Series: Quantum Gravity

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Abstract: With the main purpose of identifying the existence of gravitational radiation at infinity (\mathcal{scri}), a novel approach to the asymptotic structure of spacetime is presented, focusing mainly in cases with non-negative cosmological constant. The basic idea is to consider the strength of tidal forces experienced by \mathcal{scri} . To that end I will introduce the asymptotic (radiant) super-momentum, a causal vector defined at \mathcal{scri} with remarkable properties that, in particular, provides an innovative characterization of gravitational radiation valid for the general case with $\Lambda \geq 0$ (and which has been proven to be equivalent when $\Lambda = 0$ to the standard one based on the News tensor). This analysis is also shown to be supported by the initial- (or final-) value Cauchy-type problem defined at \mathcal{scri} . The implications are discussed in some detail. The geometric structure of \mathcal{scri} , and of its cuts, is clarified. The question of whether or not a News tensor can be defined in the presence of a positive cosmological constant is addressed. Several definitions of asymptotic symmetries are presented. Conserved charges that may detect gravitational radiation are exhibited. Balance laws that might be useful as diagnostic tools to test the accuracy of model waveforms discussed. An interpretation of the Geroch ρ tensor is found. The whole thing will be complemented with a series of illustrative examples based on exact solutions. In particular we will see that exact solutions with black holes will be radiative if, and only if, they are accelerated.

Zoom link: <https://pitp.zoom.us/j/95879544523?pwd=MF15UEtUZ0hUcU1hNk1SZ2R4MThxUT09>

F. Fernández-Alvarez & JMMS PRD 101 (2020) 024060

PRD 102 (2020) ~~1011502~~

(QG 39 (2022) 10LT01

(QG 39 (2022) 165011

(QG 39 (2022) 165012

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(\hat{M}, \hat{g}) Completion, $M \supset \hat{M}$, $g = \Omega^2 \hat{g}$ on \hat{M} , $\Omega > 0$ on \hat{M}

$n_\alpha = \nabla_\alpha \Omega$ Gauge: $\Omega \rightarrow \Omega \omega, \omega \neq 0$

\mathcal{I} "scri": $\Omega = 0$

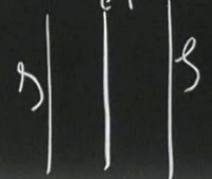
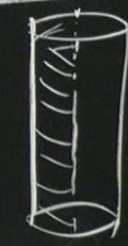
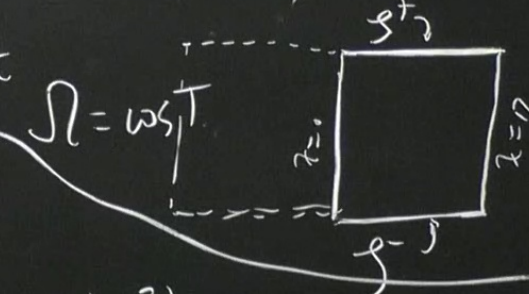
ds : $ds^2 = -dt^2 + \cosh^2 t (dx + \sin^2 \chi d\Omega^2)$
Einstein Cylinder $ds_E^2 = -dt^2 + d\Omega_3^2$

$= \cosh^2 t \left(\frac{-dt^2}{\cosh^2 t} + d\Omega_3^2 \right) = \frac{1}{\cosh^2 T} (-dT^2 + d\Omega_3^2)$

AdS : $ds^2 = -\cosh^2 \rho dt^2 + d\rho^2 + \sinh^2 \rho d\Omega^2$
 $\tan T = \sinh t$
 $\rho \in (0, \infty)$

$\sinh \rho = \tan \chi$
 $\chi \in (0, \pi/2)$

$= \frac{1}{\cosh^2 \chi} (-dt^2 + dx^2 + \sin^2 \chi d\Omega^2)$
 $\Omega = \cos \chi$
 $\rho \in (0, \infty)$



$$ds: \quad ds^2 = -dt^2 + \cosh^2 t (dx + \sin^2 \chi d\Omega^2)$$

Einstein
Cylinder

$$ds_E^2 = -dt^2 + d\Omega_3^2$$

$$= \cosh^2 t \left(\frac{-dt^2}{\cosh^2 t} + d\Omega_3^2 \right) = \frac{1}{\cosh^2 t} (-dT^2 + d\Omega_3^2)$$

AdS:

$$ds^2 = -\cosh^2 \rho dt^2 + d\rho^2 + \sinh^2 \rho d\Omega^2$$

$$\tan T = \sinh t$$

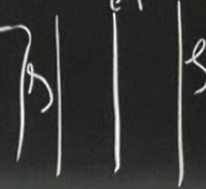
$$\Omega = \cosh T$$

$$\sinh \rho = \tan \chi$$

$$\chi \in (0, \pi/2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cosh^2 \chi} (-dt^2 + dx^2 + \sin^2 \chi d\Omega^2) \quad \Omega = \cos \chi$$

Minkowski:



$$ds: \quad ds^2 = -dt^2 + \cosh^2 t (dx + \sin^2 \chi d\Omega^2)$$

Einstein
Cylinder

$$ds_E^2 = -dt^2 + d\Omega_3^2$$

$$= \cosh^2 t \left(\frac{-dt^2}{\cosh^2 t} + d\Omega_3^2 \right) = \frac{1}{\cosh^2 t} (-dT^2 + d\Omega_3^2)$$

AdS:

$$ds^2 = -\cosh^2 p dt^2 + dp^2 + \sinh^2 p d\Omega^2$$

$$\tan T = \sinh t$$

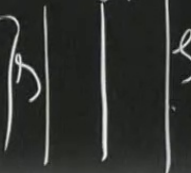
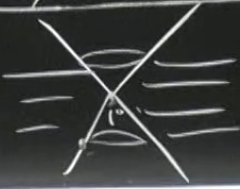
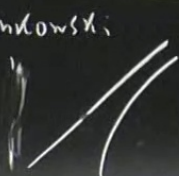
$$\Omega = \cosh T$$

$$\sinh p = \tan \chi$$

$$\chi \in (0, \pi/2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cosh^2 \chi} (-dt^2 + dx^2 + \sin^2 \chi d\Omega^2) \quad \Omega = \cos \chi$$

Minkowski:



(\hat{M}, \hat{g}) Completion, $M \supset \hat{M}$, $g = \Omega^2 \hat{g}$ on \hat{M} , $\Omega > 0$ on \hat{M}

$$n_\alpha = \nabla_\alpha \Omega$$

Gauge: $\Omega \rightarrow \Omega w, w \neq 0$

\mathcal{I} "scri": $\Omega = 0$

$$n_\alpha n^\alpha \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} -\frac{1}{3}$$

$g_{\alpha\beta} n_\alpha n_\beta$

$$\nabla_\alpha n_\beta \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} \frac{1}{4} \nabla_{\rho n \rho} g_{\alpha\beta}$$

fx $\nabla_{\rho n \rho} \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} 0 \Rightarrow \nabla_\alpha n_\beta \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} 0$

$$\underline{n^\rho \nabla_{\rho w} \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} 0}$$

(\hat{M}, \hat{g}) Completion, $M \supset \hat{M}$, $g = \Omega^2 \hat{g}$ on \hat{M} , $\Omega > 0$ on \hat{M}
 \mathcal{J} "scri": $\Omega = 0$

$$n_\alpha = \nabla_\alpha \Omega$$

Gauge: $\Omega \rightarrow \Omega w, w \neq 0$

$$n_\alpha n^\alpha \stackrel{\text{scri}}{=} -\frac{1}{3}$$

$g^{\alpha\beta} n_\alpha n_\beta$

$$\nabla_\alpha n_\beta \stackrel{\text{scri}}{=} \frac{1}{4} \nabla_\rho n^\rho g_{\alpha\beta}$$

fix $\nabla_{[n] \rho} \stackrel{\text{scri}}{=} 0 \Rightarrow \nabla_\alpha n_\beta \stackrel{\text{scri}}{=} 0$

e_a^α
 $a, b = 1, 2, 3$
 $n_\alpha e_a^\alpha = 0$

$$h_{ab} = g_{\alpha\beta} e_a^\alpha e_b^\beta, \quad K_{ab} = -n_\rho e_a^\sigma \bar{\nabla}_\sigma e_b^\rho$$

$$\underline{n^\rho \nabla_\rho w \stackrel{\text{scri}}{=} 0}$$

CAUTION

(\hat{M}, \hat{g}) Completion, $M \supset \hat{M}$, $g = \Omega^2 \hat{g}$ on \hat{M} , $\Omega > 0$ on \hat{M}
 \mathcal{J} "scri": $\Omega = 0$

$$n_\alpha = \nabla_\alpha \Omega$$

$$\text{Gauge: } \Omega \rightarrow \Omega \omega, \omega \neq 0$$

$$n_\alpha n^\alpha \stackrel{\mathcal{J}}{=} -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$g^{\alpha\beta} n_\alpha n_\beta \quad \nabla_\alpha n_\beta \stackrel{\mathcal{J}}{=} \frac{1}{4} (\nabla_\rho n^\rho) g^{\alpha\beta}$$

$$\text{fix } \nabla_\rho n^\rho \stackrel{\mathcal{J}}{=} 0 \Rightarrow \nabla_\alpha n_\beta \stackrel{\mathcal{J}}{=} 0$$

$$e_a^\alpha \quad a, b = 1, 2, 3$$

$$n_\alpha e_a^\alpha = 0$$

$$h_{ab} = g_{\mu\nu} e_a^\mu e_b^\nu$$

$$K_{ab} = -n_\rho e_a^\sigma \nabla_\sigma e_b^\rho$$

$$\frac{n^\rho \nabla_\rho \omega \stackrel{\mathcal{J}}{=} 0}{}$$

$$K_{ab} = 0$$

$$x, y \in \mathcal{J}$$

$$\nabla_{x^i} y^j$$



CAUTION
 DO NOT USE SCISSORS TO REMOVE SLIDES.
 THIS ACTION IS THE PROPERTY OF THE BOARD.
 IN AN EMERGENCY DO NOT
 REMOVE SLIDES WITHOUT
 APPROVING AUTHORITY

$$n_{\alpha} h^{\alpha} \equiv -\frac{\Lambda}{3}$$

$$g^{\alpha\beta} h_{\alpha} n_{\beta}$$

$$\nabla_{\alpha} n_{\beta} \equiv \frac{1}{4} (\nabla_{\rho} n^{\rho}) g_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$\text{fx } \nabla_{\rho} n^{\rho} \stackrel{!}{=} 0 \Rightarrow \nabla_{\alpha} n_{\beta} \stackrel{!}{=} 0$$

$$e^{\alpha}_{\quad a} \quad a,b = 1,2,3$$

$$h_{\alpha} e^{\alpha} = 0$$

$$h_{ab} = g_{\alpha\beta} e^{\alpha}_a e^{\beta}_b$$

$$K_{ab} = -n_{\rho} e^{\sigma}_a \bar{\nabla}_{\sigma} e^{\rho}_b$$

$$\underline{n^{\rho} \nabla_{\rho} w \stackrel{!}{=} 0}$$

$$\nabla_{x^i} y^j = \bar{\nabla}_{x^i} y^j$$

$$\underline{K_{ab} = 0}$$

$$x, y \in TS$$

$$\bar{\nabla}, \bar{\Gamma}^a_{bc}$$

$$\underline{\bar{\nabla}_c h_{ab} = 0}$$

(\hat{M}, \hat{g}) Completion, $M \supset \hat{M}$, $g = \Omega^2 \hat{g}$ on \hat{M} , $\Omega > 0$ on \hat{M}

$$n_\alpha = \nabla_\alpha \Omega$$

Range: $\Omega \rightarrow \Omega \omega, \omega \neq 0$

\mathcal{I} "scri": $\Omega = 0$

$$n_\alpha n^\alpha \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} -\frac{\Lambda}{3}$$

$g^{\alpha\beta} n_\alpha n_\beta$

$$\nabla_\alpha n_\beta \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} \frac{1}{4} (\nabla_\rho n^\rho) g_{\alpha\beta}$$

fix $\nabla_\rho n^\rho \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} 0 \Rightarrow \nabla_\alpha n_\beta \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} 0$

$e^{\alpha\beta}$
 $a, b = 1, 2, 3$
 $n_\alpha e^{\alpha a} = 0$

$$h_{ab} = g_{\alpha\beta} e^{\alpha a} e^{\beta b}$$

$$K_{ab} = -n_\rho e^{\rho a} \bar{\nabla}_b e^{\rho c}$$

$$\frac{n^\rho \nabla_\rho \omega \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} 0}{h^\rho \nabla_\rho \omega \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} 0}$$

$$\bar{\nabla}_x y = \bar{\nabla}_y x$$

$$K_{ab} = 0$$

$x, y \in \mathcal{I}$

$$\bar{\nabla}, \bar{\nabla}^a$$

$$\bar{\nabla}_c h_{ab} = 0$$

$$-n_\alpha \epsilon_{abc} = \bar{\nabla}_\rho n_\alpha e^{\rho a} e^{\rho b} e^{\rho c}, \bar{\nabla}_d \epsilon_{abc} = 0$$

$\Lambda \neq 0$

(M, g) Completion, $M \supset \hat{M}$, $g = \Omega^2 \hat{g}$ on \hat{M} , $\Omega > 0$ on \hat{M}
 \mathcal{I} "scri": $\Omega = 0$

$$n_\alpha = \nabla_\alpha \Omega$$

Gauge: $\Omega \rightarrow \Omega \omega, \omega \neq 0$

$$n_\alpha n^\alpha \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$g^{\alpha\beta} n_\alpha n_\beta$$

$$\nabla_\alpha n_\beta \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} \frac{1}{4} (\nabla_\rho n^\rho) g_{\alpha\beta}$$

fix $\nabla_\rho n^\rho \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} 0 \Rightarrow \nabla_\alpha n_\beta \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} 0$

$$n^\rho \nabla_\rho \omega \stackrel{\mathcal{I}}{=} 0$$

ρ, α
 $a, b = 1, 2, 3$

$$n_\alpha e^a = 0$$

$$h_{ab} = g_{\mu\nu} e^\mu_a e^\nu_b$$

$$K_{ab} = -n_\rho e^\sigma_a \nabla_\sigma e^\rho_b$$

$$\nabla_x y = \bar{\nabla}_x y$$

CUTS: any 2-dimensional (spacelike) submanifold of \mathcal{I}

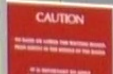
$$\bar{\nabla}_c h_{ab} = 0$$

$$K_{ab} = 0$$

$x, y \in T\mathcal{I}$

$$\bar{\nabla}_c \bar{\nabla}_a \bar{\nabla}_b$$

$$-n_\alpha \epsilon_{abc} = \bar{\nabla}_d \eta_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} e^\alpha_a e^\beta_b e^\gamma_c e^\delta_d, \bar{\nabla}_d \epsilon_{abc} = 0$$



$\Lambda = 0$, h_{ab} degenerate. $n^a = n^a e_a$ $h_{ab} n^b = 0$ $\frac{d}{dt} h_{ab} = \kappa_{ab} = 0$

$\bar{\nabla} h_{ab} = 0$

ϵ_{abc}

$$h_{ab} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & g_{AB} \end{pmatrix}$$

$A, B = 2, 3$

\dots
 $S \sim \mathbb{R} \times S^2$

\uparrow metric on any cut

$\Lambda \neq 0$ has is positive def. $\Lambda > 0$; $K_{ab} = 0$
Lorentzian $\Lambda < 0$;

$\bar{V}_c h_{ab} = 0$ Levi-Civita

$ds \rightarrow S^3$
Kerr- $ds \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \times S^2$
Kottler with $K \leq 0$ \mathbb{R}^3 $\left| \Lambda > 0 \right.$

CAUTION

$$n_\alpha = \nabla_\alpha \Omega$$

$$\text{Gauge: } \Omega \rightarrow \Omega + \omega, \omega \neq 0$$

$$\int \text{"scri"} : \Omega = 0$$

$$n_\alpha n^\alpha \stackrel{S}{=} -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$g^{\alpha\beta} h_\alpha n_\beta$$

$$\nabla_\alpha n_\beta \stackrel{S}{=} \frac{1}{4} (\nabla_\rho n^\rho) g^{\alpha\beta}$$

$$\text{fix } \nabla_\rho n^\rho \stackrel{S}{=} 0 \Rightarrow \nabla_\alpha n_\beta \stackrel{S}{=} 0$$

$$h^\rho \nabla_\rho \omega \stackrel{S}{=} 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \alpha}{\partial t} \quad \alpha_{,b} = 1, 2, 3$$

$$h_{ab} = g_{\alpha\beta} e_a^\alpha e_b^\beta$$

$$K_{ab} = -n_\rho e_a^\sigma \bar{\nabla}_\sigma e_b^\rho$$

$$\bar{\nabla}_x y = \bar{\nabla}_y x$$

$$n_\alpha e_a^\alpha = 0$$

TS: any 7-dimensional (space-like) submanifold of S

$$\bar{\nabla}_c h_{ab} = 0$$

$$K_{ab} = 0$$

$$x, y \in TS$$

$$\bar{\nabla}, \bar{\nabla}^a_{bc}$$

$$-n_\alpha \epsilon_{abc} = \bar{\nabla}_\rho n_\sigma e_a^\rho e_b^\alpha e_c^\sigma, \bar{\nabla}_d \epsilon_{abc} = 0$$

$$\Lambda \neq 0$$

CAUTION

$$C^{\alpha}_{\beta\gamma} \stackrel{\approx}{=} 0 \Rightarrow d^{\alpha}_{\beta\gamma} = \frac{1}{\Omega} C^{\alpha}_{\beta\gamma} \quad \text{good limit at } \mathcal{F}$$

$$\nabla_{\alpha} d^{\alpha}_{\beta\gamma} \stackrel{\approx}{=} \frac{1}{\Omega} \nabla_{\alpha} C^{\alpha}_{\beta\gamma} \quad S_{\gamma\beta} = \frac{1}{2} (R_{\alpha\beta} - \frac{R}{6} g_{\alpha\beta})$$

$$\eta_{\rho} d^{\rho}_{\beta\gamma} + 2 \nabla_{[\gamma} S_{\rho\beta]} = 0$$

CAUTION

BE CAREFUL NOT TO TOUCH THE BOARD

IF NECESSARY, USE THE BOARD

PLEASE DO NOT TOUCH THE BOARD

$$F_{\alpha\beta}, \quad T_{\alpha\beta} = F_{\alpha\mu} F_{\beta}{}^{\mu} - \frac{1}{4} g_{\alpha\beta} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}, \quad T_{\alpha\beta} u^{\alpha} v^{\beta} \geq 0$$

$$= F_{\alpha\mu} \tilde{F}_{\beta}{}^{\mu} + \tilde{F}_{\alpha\mu} F_{\beta}{}^{\mu} \quad T^{\lambda}{}_{\lambda} = 0 \quad \forall u, v \text{ future}$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta\lambda\rho} = C_{\alpha\beta\lambda\sigma} C_{\rho}{}^{\sigma} + \tilde{C}_{\alpha\beta\lambda\sigma} \tilde{C}_{\rho}{}^{\sigma} \quad \tilde{F}_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} F^{\gamma\delta}$$

$$\hat{T}_{\alpha\beta\lambda\rho} = \hat{T}_{(\alpha\beta\lambda\rho)}, \quad \hat{T}^{\lambda}{}_{\lambda} = 0, \quad \forall u \hat{T}_{\alpha\beta\lambda\rho} = 0 \quad \left(\hat{C}_{\alpha\beta\lambda\rho} = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} C^{\gamma\delta}{}_{\lambda\rho} \right)$$

$$\hat{T}_{\alpha\beta\lambda\rho} u^{\alpha} v^{\beta} w^{\lambda} z^{\rho} \geq 0 \quad \forall u, v, w, z \text{ future.}$$

$$F_{\alpha\beta}, \quad T_{\alpha\beta} = F_{\alpha\rho} F_{\beta}{}^{\rho} - \frac{1}{4} g_{\alpha\beta} F_{\rho\sigma} F^{\rho\sigma}, \quad T_{\alpha\beta} u^{\alpha} v^{\beta} \geq 0$$

$$= F_{\alpha\rho} F_{\beta}{}^{\rho} + \tilde{F}_{\alpha\rho} \tilde{F}_{\beta}{}^{\rho} \quad T^{\lambda}{}_{\lambda} = 0 \quad \forall u^{\alpha} v^{\beta} \text{ future}$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} = C_{\alpha\rho\lambda\sigma} C_{\beta}{}^{\rho}{}_{\mu}{}^{\sigma} + \tilde{C}_{\alpha\rho\lambda\sigma} \tilde{C}_{\beta}{}^{\rho}{}_{\mu}{}^{\sigma} \quad \tilde{F}_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{2} \eta_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} F^{\lambda\mu}$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} = \hat{T}_{(\alpha\beta\lambda\mu)}, \quad T^{\alpha}{}_{\alpha\lambda\mu} = 0, \quad \forall \alpha T^{\alpha}{}_{\beta\lambda\mu} = 0 \quad \left(\tilde{C}_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} = \frac{1}{2} \eta_{\alpha\beta\rho\sigma} C^{\rho\sigma}{}_{\lambda\mu} \right)$$

$$\hat{T}_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} u^{\alpha} v^{\beta} w^{\lambda} z^{\mu} \geq 0 \quad u, v, w, z \text{ future.}$$

$$\nabla_\alpha T^\alpha_\beta = -F^\alpha_\beta J_\alpha$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta} = F_{\alpha\rho} F_\beta{}^\rho - \frac{1}{4} g_{\alpha\beta} F_\rho{}^\sigma F^\rho{}_\sigma, \quad T_{\alpha\beta} u^\alpha v^\beta \geq 0$$

$$= F_{\alpha\rho} F_\beta{}^\rho + \overset{*}{F}_{\alpha\rho} \overset{*}{F}_\beta{}^\rho \quad T^\lambda{}_\lambda = 0 \quad \forall u^\alpha, v^\beta \text{ future}$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} = C_{\alpha\rho\lambda\sigma} C_\beta{}^\rho{}_\mu{}^\sigma + \overset{*}{C}_{\alpha\rho\lambda\sigma} \overset{*}{C}_\beta{}^\rho{}_\mu{}^\sigma \quad \overset{*}{F}_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{2} \eta_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} F^{\lambda\mu}$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} = \tilde{T}_{(\alpha\beta\lambda\mu)}, \quad T^\alpha{}_{\alpha\lambda\mu} = 0, \quad \nabla_\alpha T^\alpha{}_{\beta\lambda\mu} = 0 \quad \left(\overset{*}{C}_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} = \frac{1}{2} \eta_{\alpha\beta\rho\sigma} C^{\rho\sigma}{}_{\lambda\mu} \right)$$

$$\nabla_\alpha C^\alpha{}_{\beta\lambda\mu} = \nabla_\alpha S_{\mu\lambda\beta} \quad T_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} u^\alpha v^\beta w^\lambda z^\mu \geq 0 \quad u, v, w, z \text{ future.}$$

$$C^{\alpha}_{\beta\lambda\mu} \stackrel{\text{M}}{=} 0 \Rightarrow d^{\alpha}_{\beta\lambda\mu} = \frac{1}{\Omega} C^{\alpha}_{\beta\lambda\mu} \quad \text{good limit at } \mathcal{S}$$

$$\nabla_{\alpha} d^{\alpha}_{\beta\lambda\mu} \stackrel{\text{M}}{=} \frac{1}{\Omega} \nabla_{\alpha} C^{\alpha}_{\beta\lambda\mu}$$

$$S_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{2} (R_{\alpha\beta} - \frac{R}{6} g_{\alpha\beta})$$

$$n_{\rho} d^{\rho}_{\beta\lambda\mu} + 2 \nabla_{\tau\lambda} S_{\mu\tau\beta} \stackrel{\text{S}}{=} 0$$

$$D_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} = d_{\alpha\rho} \nu_{\sigma} d_{\beta}^{\rho} \mu^{\sigma} + \overset{*}{d} \overset{*}{d} - \nabla_{\alpha} D^{\alpha}_{\beta\lambda\mu} \stackrel{\text{S}}{=} 0$$

$$D_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} n^{\beta} n^{\lambda} n^{\mu} = \tilde{\Pi}_{\alpha} \quad (-1 \geq 0)$$

$$\nabla_{\mu} T^{\mu\nu} = 0$$

$\Omega = \frac{1}{\omega^2} (-dt^2 + dx^2 + \sin^2 \chi d\Omega^2)$ $\Omega = \cos \chi$

$$S_{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2} (R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{R}{2} g_{\mu\nu})$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta} = F_{\alpha\mu} F_{\beta}{}^{\mu} - \frac{1}{4} g_{\alpha\beta} F_{\rho\sigma} F^{\rho\sigma}$$

$$S_{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2} (R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{R}{2} g_{\mu\nu})$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta} = F_{\alpha\mu} F_{\beta}{}^{\mu} - \frac{1}{4} g_{\alpha\beta} F_{\rho\sigma} F^{\rho\sigma}$$

$$S_{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2} (R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{R}{2} g_{\mu\nu})$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta\gamma} = C_{\alpha\beta\lambda\sigma} C_{\gamma}{}^{\lambda\sigma} + \check{C}_{\alpha\beta\lambda\sigma} \check{C}_{\gamma}{}^{\lambda\sigma}$$

$$-\nabla_{\alpha} S^{\alpha\beta} = 0$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta\gamma} = \hat{T}_{(\alpha\beta\gamma)}, T^{\alpha}{}_{\alpha} = 0, \nabla_{\alpha} T^{\alpha\beta\gamma} = 0$$

$$(-\Delta > 0)$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta\gamma} u^{\alpha} v^{\beta} w^{\gamma} \geq 0$$

$$C^{\alpha}_{\beta\lambda\mu} \stackrel{\approx}{=} 0 \Rightarrow d^{\alpha}_{\beta\lambda\mu} = \frac{1}{\Omega} C^{\alpha}_{\beta\lambda\mu} \quad \text{good limit at } \mathcal{S}$$

Π_{α} is \perp to
all cuts
 (\Rightarrow) no radiation

n^{α} is principal
vector of $d^{\alpha}_{\beta\lambda\mu}$

$$\nabla_{\alpha} d^{\alpha}_{\beta\lambda\mu} \stackrel{\hat{M}}{=} \frac{1}{\Omega} \nabla_{\alpha} C^{\alpha}_{\beta\lambda\mu}$$

$$S_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{2} (R_{\alpha\beta} - \frac{R}{8} g_{\alpha\beta})$$

$$n_{\rho} d^{\rho}_{\beta\lambda\mu} + 2 \nabla_{\tau} S_{\mu\tau} \stackrel{\approx}{=} 0$$

$$D_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} = d_{\alpha\rho} v_{\sigma} d_{\beta}^{\rho} \mu^{\sigma} + d^{\ast} d^{\ast} - \nabla_{\alpha} D^{\alpha}_{\beta\lambda\mu} \stackrel{\approx}{=} 0$$

$$D_{\alpha\beta\lambda\mu} n^{\beta} n^{\lambda} n^{\mu} = \left(\frac{\Pi}{\Omega} \right) (-1 \geq 0)$$

$$\frac{bc}{bc} (h_{ab}, n^a) \quad h_{ab} n^b = 0, \quad \bar{\nabla}_a n^b = 0$$

$$\bar{R}^a_{bcd} - \bar{R}^a_{bcd} = -R^a_{bcd}, \quad R^a_{[bcd]} = 0, \quad \bar{\nabla}_e R_{cd}{}^a{}_b = 0$$

$$\bar{R}_{bd} = \bar{R}^c_{bcd} (= \bar{R}_{db}) \quad n^b \bar{R}^a_{bcd} = 0, \quad n^b \bar{R}_{bd} = 0$$

$$d_n \bar{R}^a_{bc} = -\bar{R}^a_{bcd} n^d$$

$$\bar{R}_{abcd} = h_{ae} \bar{R}^e_{bcd} \Rightarrow n^a \bar{R}_{abcd} = 0$$

$$d_n \bar{R}_{abcd} = 0, \quad d_n K = 0$$

Riemann properties

$$\bar{R}_{abcd} = K \left(h_{ac} h_{bd} - h_{ad} h_{bc} \right)$$

$$\bar{\nabla}_{bc} (h_{ab}, n^a) \quad h_{ab} n^b = 0, \quad \bar{\nabla}_a n^b = 0$$

$$\bar{R}^a_{bcd} - \bar{R}^a_{bcd} = -R^a_{bcd}, \quad R^a_{[bcd]} = 0, \quad \bar{\nabla}_e R_{cd]{}^a{}_b = 0$$

$$\bar{R}_{bd} = \bar{R}^c_{bcd} (= \bar{R}_{db}), \quad n^b \bar{R}^a_{bcd} = 0, \quad n^b \bar{R}_{bd} = 0$$

$$d_n \bar{R}^a_{bc} = -\bar{R}^a_{bcd} n^d$$

$$\bar{R}_{abcd} = h_{ae} \bar{R}^e_{bcd} \Rightarrow n^a \bar{R}_{abcd} = 0$$

$$d_n \bar{R}_{abcd} = 0, \quad d_n K = 0$$

Riemann properties

$$\bar{R}_{abcd} = K \begin{pmatrix} h_{ac} h_{bd} - h_{ad} h_{bc} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Symmet}^t \bar{S}^a{}_a = \bar{S}_{ab}, \quad n^a \bar{S}_{ab} = 0, \quad h^{ab} \bar{S}_{ab} = K$$

$$d_n \bar{\Gamma}_{bc}^a = n^a \left[\bar{S}_{bc} - \frac{1}{2} h_{bc} (h^{ef} \bar{R}_{ef} - 3\kappa) \right]$$

$$g^{uv} \nabla_u w = \omega^c e^h$$

$$\omega_a = \bar{\nabla}_a w$$

$$\bar{S}_{ab} \rightarrow \bar{S}_{ab} - \frac{1}{\omega} \bar{\nabla}_a \bar{\nabla}_b w + \frac{2}{\omega^2} \bar{\nabla}_a w \bar{\nabla}_b w - \frac{1}{2\omega^2} h_{ab} \omega^c \bar{\nabla}_c w$$

Result:

$$t_{ab}, t_{as} = t_{sa}, n^a t_{as} = 0, \hat{t}_{ab}$$

$$\bar{\nabla}_{Tc} \hat{t}_{ab} = \bar{\nabla}_{Tc} t_{ab} + \frac{1}{\omega} \omega_{Tc} h_{ab} (a\kappa - h^{ef} t_{ef})$$

$$d_n \bar{\Gamma}^a_{bc} = n^a \left[\bar{S}_{bc} - \frac{1}{2} h_{bc} (h^{ef} \bar{R}_{ef} - 3\kappa) \right]$$

$$g^{uv} \nabla_u w = w^c e^r_c$$

$$w_a = \bar{\nabla}_a w \quad \bar{S}_{ab} \rightarrow \bar{S}_{ab} - \left(\frac{a}{w} \bar{\nabla}_a \bar{\nabla}_b w + \frac{2}{w^2} \bar{\nabla}_a w \bar{\nabla}_b w - \frac{a}{2w^2} h_{ab} w^c \bar{\nabla}_c w \right)$$

Result:

$$t_{ab}, t_{as} = t_{sa}, n^a t_{as} = 0, \hat{t}_{ab}$$

$$\tilde{\nabla}_{rc} t_{ab} = \bar{\nabla}_{rc} t_{ab} + \frac{1}{w} w_{rc} h_{ab} (a\kappa - h^{ef} t_{ef})$$

Corollary:
 $\mathbb{R} \times S^2$

$$\exists \text{ unique } p_{ab}, p_{ab} = p_{ba}, h^a p_{ab} = 0, \hat{p}_{ab} = p_{ab} + \text{circ}, \bar{\nabla}_{rc} p_{ab} = 0$$

$$\tilde{V}_{TC} \tilde{t}_{AB} = \bar{V}_{TC} \bar{t}_{AB} + \frac{1}{w} w_{TC} h_{AB} (a_K - h^e t_{ef})$$

Corollary: $\mathbb{R} \times S^2$ \exists unique p_{ab} , $p_{ab} = p_{ab}$, $h^a p_{ab} = 0$, $\tilde{p}_{ab} = p_{ab} + \underbrace{\quad}_{a=1}$, $\bar{V}_{TC} p_{AB} = 0$

$N_{ab} = \bar{S}_{ab} - p_{ab}$

$$g_{AB}, \quad g = \frac{1}{k} (d\theta^2 + \sin^2\theta d\varphi^2) \quad \underline{D_A}$$

$$D_B D_A n_{ii} = -\frac{1}{k} g_{AB} n_{ii} \quad \left(\Delta n_{ii} = -2k n_{ii} \right)$$

$$n_{ii} = (\sin\theta \cos\varphi, \sin\theta \sin\varphi, \cos\theta)$$

$$\Pi_{(\mu)} = (1, n_{ii})$$

$$\eta^{\mu\nu} \Pi_{(\mu)} \Pi_{(\nu)} = 0$$

$$\left[D_A D_B \Pi_{(\mu)} - \frac{1}{2} \Delta \Pi_{(\mu)} g_{AB} = 0 \right] ?$$

Π_a is \perp to
all cuts

(\Rightarrow) no radiation

n^a is principal
vector of $d_{\beta\lambda\mu}$

$$\nabla_{\alpha} d^{\beta\lambda\mu} = \frac{1}{\Omega} \nabla_{\alpha} C^{\beta\lambda\mu}$$

$$S_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{2} (R_{\alpha\beta} - \frac{R}{6} g_{\alpha\beta})$$

$$\tilde{D}_A \tilde{D}_B \tilde{\Pi}_{(\mu)} = \frac{1}{2} \tilde{f}_{AB} \tilde{\Delta} \tilde{\Pi}_{(\mu)} - \frac{\tilde{K}}{2} g_{AB} \tilde{\Pi}_{(\mu)} =$$

ω (same)

$$+ \tilde{\Pi}_{(\mu)} \left(D_A D_B \omega - \frac{2}{\omega} D_A \omega D_B \omega + \frac{1}{\omega} g^{CE} D_C \omega D_E \omega g_{AB} \right)$$

$$\tilde{\Pi}_{(\mu)} = \omega \Pi_{(\mu)}$$

$$\tilde{f}_{AB} = \rho_{AB}$$

$$\tilde{D}_A \tilde{D}_B \tilde{\Pi}_{(\mu)} = \frac{1}{2} \tilde{\Delta} \tilde{\Pi}_{(\mu)} - \tilde{f}_{AB} \tilde{\Pi}_{(\mu)}$$