

Title: Quantum Fields and Strings Lecture - 230320

Speakers: Davide Gaiotto

Collection: Quantum Fields and Strings (2022/2023)

Date: March 20, 2023 - 10:15 AM

URL: <https://pirsa.org/23030023>

$$S_{\text{PARTICLE}}[x^\mu(\tau)] = m \int \sqrt{\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx^\nu}{d\tau}} d\tau$$

$$\int D x^\mu e^{S_{\text{PARTICLE}}(x^\mu)}$$

$$\tilde{\tau} = f(\tau)$$

$$\frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} = \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tilde{\tau}} \frac{d\tilde{\tau}}{d\tau}$$

$$x^\mu(\tau) : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{D-1,1}$$

RELATIVISTIC STRING

$$x^\mu = e U^\mu + x_0$$

$$\frac{d}{d\tau} \left(\frac{1}{e} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \right) = 0$$

~~$$\frac{d}{d\tau} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} = e U^\mu$$~~

$$\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx^\nu}{d\tau} = e^2$$

$$S[x(\tau), e(\tau)] = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \left[\frac{e^{-1}}{\sqrt{h}} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx_\mu}{d\tau} + m^2 \frac{e}{\sqrt{h}} \right] d\tau$$

$$e^2 = \text{METRIC}$$

$$e^2 = h_{TT}$$

$$e^2 = \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx_\mu}{d\tau}$$

$$S[x(\tau), e(\tau)] = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \left[e^{-1} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx_\mu}{d\tau} + m^2 e \right] d\tau$$

$e^2 = \text{METRIC}$
 $e^2 = h_{\tau\tau}$

$$e^2 = \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx_\mu}{d\tau}$$

$$e(\tau) d\tau = \tilde{e}(\tilde{\tau}) d\tilde{\tau}$$

GAUGE-FIXING : $e(\tau) = k$

$-t$

$$x^\mu = e U^\mu + x_0$$

$$\frac{d}{d\tau} \left(\frac{1}{e} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \right) = 0$$

~~$$\frac{d}{d\tau} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} = e U^\mu$$~~

$$\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx^\nu}{d\tau} = e^2$$

$$S[x(\tau), e(\tau)] = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \left[e^{-1} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx_\mu}{d\tau} + m^2 e \right] d\tau$$

$e^2 = \text{METRIC}$

$$e^2 = h_{\tau\tau}$$

$$e^2 = \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx_\mu}{d\tau}$$

$$e(\tau) d\tau = \tilde{e}(\tilde{\tau}) d\tilde{\tau}$$

$$x^\mu(\tau) = \tilde{x}^\mu(\tilde{\tau})$$

GAUGE-FIXING : $e(\tau) = k$

$-t$

$$S_{\text{PARTICLE}}[x^\mu(\tau)] = m \int \sqrt{\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx^\nu}{d\tau}} d\tau$$

$$\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dx^i}{dx^0}\right)^2} = \sqrt{(\dot{x}^1)^2 + (\dot{x}^2)^2 + \dots}$$

$x^\mu(\tau)$
 $\mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{D-1,1}$
 $[0,1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{D-1,1}$

DIFF: $\tilde{\tau} = f(\tau)$

$$\int Dx^\mu e^{-S_P(x^\mu)}$$

$$\frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} = \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tilde{\tau}} \frac{d\tilde{\tau}}{d\tau}$$

$$x^\mu = eU^\mu + x_0$$

$$\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx^\nu}{d\tau} = c^2$$

$$\frac{d}{d\tau} \left(\frac{1}{e} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\dots}} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \right) = 0$$

~~$$\frac{1}{e} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} = cU^\mu$$~~

$$\int_0^{\infty} dL \int Dx e^{\frac{1}{L} \left[\left(\frac{dx}{dt} \right)^2 L + m^2 L \right]} = \int \frac{Dx \mathcal{D}e}{\text{DIFF}_{id}}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} dL e^{-\frac{(x_i - x_f)^2}{4L} - Lm^2} = \int dp e^{2ip(x_i - x_f)} \int_0^{\infty} dL e^{-Lp^2 - Lm^2} \frac{1}{p^2 + m^2}$$

$$\frac{L}{4L} + \dots - L m^2$$

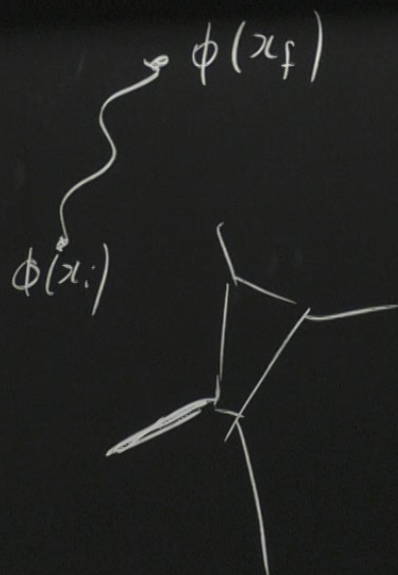
$$= \int d^d p e^{i p(x_i - x_f)} \int dL e^{L p - L m^2} = G(x_i, x_f)$$

$$\int_0^\infty dL \int Dx e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^L \left[\left(\frac{dx}{dt} \right)^2 L - m^2 L \right]} = \int \frac{Dx Dp}{\text{DIFF}_{1d}} e^{S[x, p]}$$

$$\int_0^\infty dL e^{-\frac{\hbar}{4L} (x_i - x_f)^2 - L m^2} = \int \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3} e^{2ip(x_i - x_f)} \int_0^\infty dL e^{-L p^2 - L m^2} = G(x_i, x_f)$$

$$\int_0^\infty dL e^{-L(p^2 + m^2)} = \frac{1}{p^2 + m^2}$$

$\phi(x_i)$



$\phi(x_f)$

$$\langle 0 | \phi(x_f) \phi(x_i) | 0 \rangle = G(x_i, x_f)$$

$$= f(\tau)$$

~~x^{ve}~~

$$\frac{dx^{\wedge}}{d\tau} = \frac{dx^{\wedge}}{d\tilde{\tau}} \frac{d\tilde{\tau}}{d\tau}$$

$$e^{\frac{2}{T} \ln T^2} \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}} L^2 d\tilde{\tau}^2$$

$$x^{\wedge} = eU^{\tau} + x_0$$

~~$$\frac{dx^{\wedge}}{d\tau} = eU^{\wedge}$$~~

$$\eta^{\wedge} \frac{dx^{\wedge}}{d\tau} \frac{dx^{\vee}}{d\tau} =$$

$$S_{\text{PARTICLE}}[x^\mu(\tau)] = m \int \sqrt{\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx^\nu}{d\tau}} d\tau$$

$$\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dx^i}{dx^0}\right)^2} = \sqrt{1 + \dot{x}^i \dot{x}^i}$$

$x^\mu(\tau)$
 $\mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{D-1,1}$
 $[0,1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{D-1,1}$

DIFF: $\tilde{\tau} = f(\tau)$
 $\int D x^\mu e^{-S_P(x^\mu)}$

$$\frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} = \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tilde{\tau}} \frac{d\tilde{\tau}}{d\tau}$$

$$e^{\tilde{\tau}} d\tau^2 \xrightarrow{D\tilde{\tau}} L' d\tilde{\tau}^2$$

$$x^\mu = e U^\mu + x^\mu$$

$$\frac{d}{d\tau} \left(\frac{1}{e} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \right) = 0$$

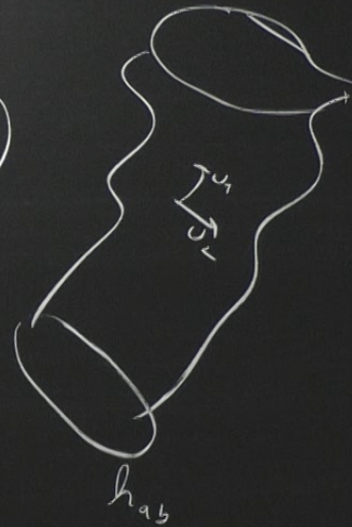
~~$$\frac{d}{d\tau} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} = e U^\mu$$~~

$$\frac{d}{d\tau} \left(\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx^\nu}{d\tau} \right) = 0$$

RELATIVISTIC STRING

$$S = T \int \sqrt{\det \left[\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{\partial x^\mu}{\partial u^a} \frac{\partial x^\nu}{\partial u^b} \right]} du^1 du^2 \quad x^\mu(u^1, u^2)$$

$$S_{\text{POLYANOV}} = \frac{T}{2} \int \sqrt{h} h^{ab} \frac{dx^\mu}{du^a} \frac{dx^\nu}{du^b} \eta_{\mu\nu} du^1 du^2$$

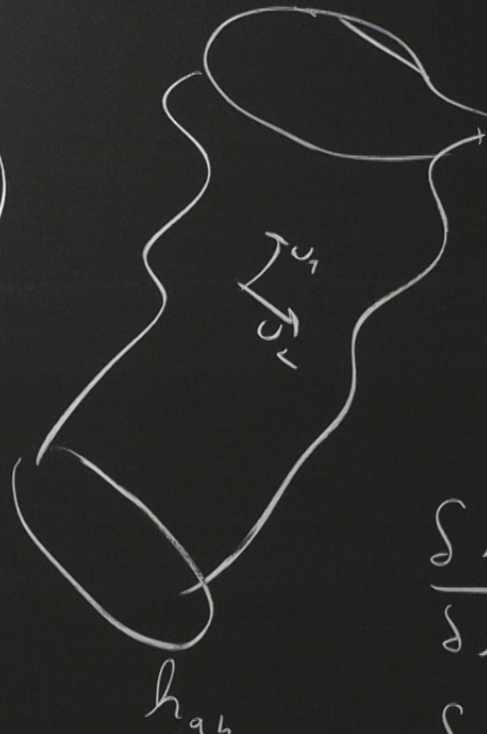


STRING

$$\left[\frac{\partial x^\mu}{\partial u^a} \frac{\partial x^\nu}{\partial u^b} \right]$$

$$x^\mu(u^1, u^2)$$

$$du^1 du^2$$



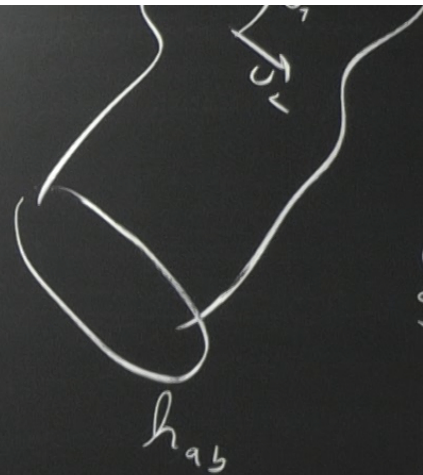
$$h^{ab} \frac{\partial x^\mu}{\partial u^a} \frac{\partial x^\nu}{\partial u^b} \eta_{\mu\nu} du^1 du^2$$

$$\frac{\delta h^{ab}}{\delta h^{cd}} = h^{ac} h^{bd} + \leftrightarrow$$

$$\frac{\delta h}{\delta h^{cd}}$$

$$\sqrt{-2 \times 2} \left[\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{\partial u^a}{\partial u^\mu} \frac{\partial u^b}{\partial u^\nu} \right] du^1 du^2$$

$$S_{\text{POLYANON}} = \frac{T}{2} \int \sqrt{|h|} h^{ab} \frac{dx^\mu}{du^a} \frac{dx^\nu}{du^b} \eta_{\mu\nu} du^1 du^2$$



$$h_{ab} \rightarrow e^\phi \delta_{ab}$$

~~$$\delta_{ab}$$~~

$$\frac{dx^\mu}{du^a} \frac{\partial x^\nu}{\partial u^b} - \delta_{ab} = 0$$

$$\frac{T}{2} \int \frac{dx^\mu}{du^a} \frac{dx^\nu}{du^a} du^2 = \frac{\partial^2 x^\mu}{\partial u^a \partial u^a} = 0$$

$$S = T \int \sqrt{\det \left[\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{\partial x^\mu}{\partial u^a} \frac{\partial x^\nu}{\partial u^b} \right]} du^1 du^2 \quad x^\mu(u^1, u^2)$$

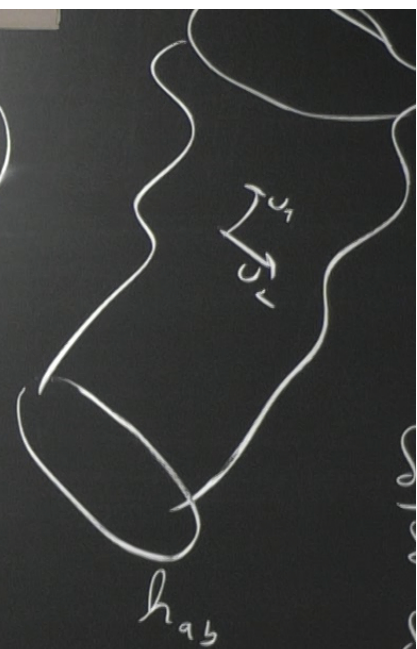
$$S_{\text{POLYAKOV}} = \frac{T}{2} \int \sqrt{h} h^{ab} \frac{dx^\mu}{du^a} \frac{dx^\nu}{du^b} \eta_{\mu\nu} du^1 du^2$$

$$h_{ab} \rightarrow e^\phi \delta_{ab}$$

$$\frac{\partial x^\mu}{\partial u^a} \frac{\partial x^\nu}{\partial u^b} \delta_{ab} = 0$$

$$\frac{T}{2} \int \frac{dx^\mu}{du^a} \frac{dx^\nu}{du^a} du^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 x^\mu}{\partial u^a \partial u^a} = 0$$



$$\left(\text{del}_{2 \times 2} \left[\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{\partial x^\mu}{\partial u^a} \frac{\partial x^\nu}{\partial u^b} \right] \right) du^a du^b$$

$$S_{\text{POLYAKOV}} = \frac{T}{2} \int \sqrt{h} h^{ab} \frac{dx^\mu}{du^a} \frac{dx^\nu}{du^b} \eta_{\mu\nu}$$

$$h_{ab} \rightarrow e^\phi \delta_{ab}$$



~~δ~~

$$\frac{\partial x^\mu}{\partial u^a} \frac{\partial x^\nu}{\partial u^b} - \delta_{ab} = 0$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\frac{T}{2} \int \frac{dx^\mu}{du^a} \frac{dx^\nu}{du^b}$$

$$\frac{d}{d\tau} \left(\frac{1}{e} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \right) = 0$$

$$\cancel{\frac{1}{e} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau}} = e U^\mu$$

$$x^\mu = e U^\mu \tau + x_0$$

$$\frac{d}{d\tau} \left(\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx^\nu}{d\tau} \right) = 0$$

$$S[x(\tau), e(\tau)] = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \left[e^{-1} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx_\mu}{d\tau} + m^2 e \right] d\tau$$

$$e^2 = \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dx_\mu}{d\tau}$$

$$e^2 = \text{METRIC}$$

$$e^2 = h_{\tau\tau}$$

$$e(\tau) d\tau = \tilde{e}(\tilde{\tau}) d\tilde{\tau}$$

$$x^\mu(\tau) = \tilde{x}^\mu(\tilde{\tau})$$

Gauge-Fixing: $e(\tau) = k$

$\tau = t$

$\partial_{u^a} \partial_{u^b} \partial_{u^c} = 0$ / $\partial_{u^a} \partial_{u^a}$

$$U^1, U^2 \rightarrow U^1 + iU^2 = z$$

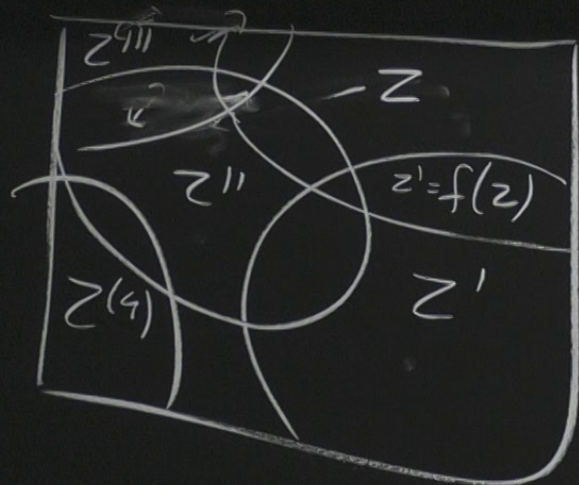
~~d^2s~~ $d^2s = e^\phi dz d\bar{z}$

$$z = f(\tilde{z})$$

$$U \rightarrow \tilde{U} \quad e^\phi dU^2 = e^{\tilde{\phi}} d\tilde{U}^2$$

$$e^\phi dz d\bar{z} \Rightarrow e^\phi \left| \frac{dz}{d\tilde{z}} \right|^2 d\tilde{z} d\bar{\tilde{z}}$$

$$\frac{\partial u^a}{\partial u^a} \frac{\partial u^b}{\partial u^b} - \delta_{ab} = 0 \quad (2) \quad du^a \frac{\partial}{\partial u^a}$$



$$u^1, u^2 \rightarrow u^1 + i u^2$$



$$ds^2 = e^\phi dz d\bar{z}$$

$$u \rightarrow \tilde{u}$$

$$e^\phi du^2 = e^{\tilde{\phi}}$$

$$h_{ab} \rightarrow e^\phi \delta_{ab}$$

$$\frac{\partial x^\mu}{\partial u^a} \frac{\partial x^\nu}{\partial u^b} \delta_{\mu\nu} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{dx^\mu}{du^a} \frac{dx^\nu}{du^a} du^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 x^\mu}{\partial u^a \partial u^a} = 0$$

$$\frac{\delta h}{\delta h_{cd}}$$



$$\partial_{\bar{z}} z' = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} Dh \\ \text{DIFF} \times \text{WEYL} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\int D^2 x \int Dx e^{\frac{1}{2} \int \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial \tau} \right)^2 d\tau}$$

$$\text{WEYL} : h_{ab} \rightarrow e^\lambda h_{ab}$$

COMPLEX
STRUCTURES
ON WORLD SHEET

$$e^{\phi} dz d\bar{z} = e^{\phi} \left| \frac{dz}{d\bar{z}} \right|^2 d\bar{z} d\bar{z}$$

$$e^\phi dz d\bar{z}$$

$$z = f(\tilde{z})$$

$$e^\phi du^2 = e^{\tilde{\phi}} d\tilde{u}^2$$

$$e^\phi dz d\bar{z} \Rightarrow e^\phi \left| \frac{dz}{d\tilde{z}} \right|^2 d\tilde{z} d\bar{\tilde{z}}$$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} Dh \\ \hline \text{DIFF} \times \text{WEYL} \end{array} \right\}$

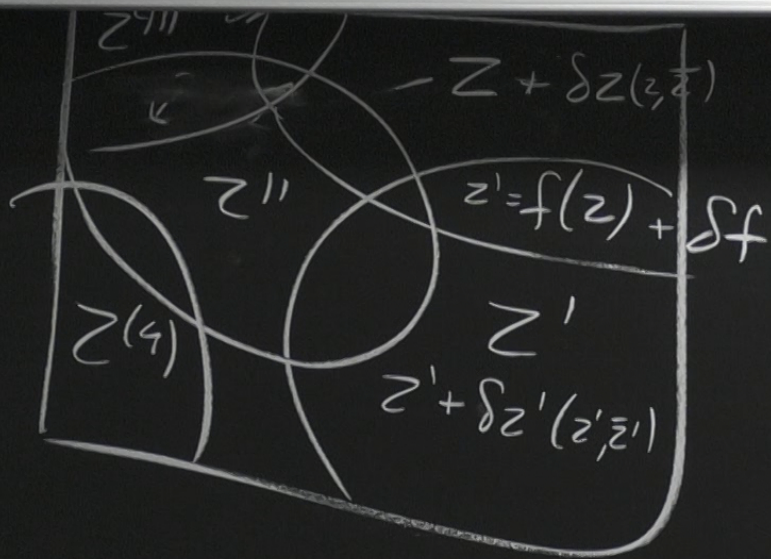
METRIC

DIFF \times WEYL

COMPLEX STRUCTURES

$$\text{WEYL} : h_{ab} \rightarrow e^\lambda h_{ab}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial u^a} \frac{\partial}{\partial u^b} - \delta_{ab} = 0 \quad (2) \quad du^a$$



$$d^2s = e^\phi d^2u$$

$$U \rightarrow \tilde{U}$$

$$\partial_{\bar{z}} z' = 0$$

$$\int_D ? \quad \int D\alpha \quad e^{\frac{I}{2} \int \left(\frac{\partial \alpha}{\partial \tau} \right)^2 d\tau}$$

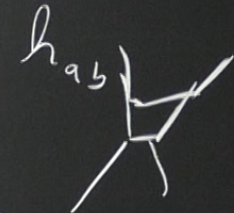
COMPLEX

U, F, V

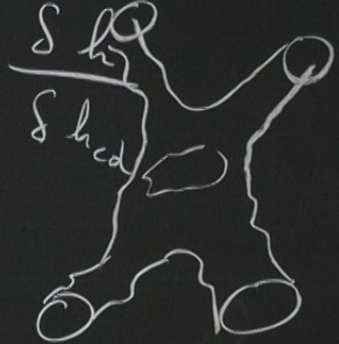
$$\frac{dx^\nu}{du^\mu} \eta_{\nu\sigma} du^\sigma = \frac{dx^\nu}{du^\mu} du^\nu$$

$$\frac{dx^\nu}{du^\mu} \frac{dx^\rho}{du^\alpha} du^\alpha = \frac{dx^\nu}{du^\mu} du^\nu$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 x^\nu}{\partial u^\alpha \partial u^\alpha} = 0$$

h_{ab} 

$$\delta h^{ab} = h^{ac} \delta h^{bd} + \dots$$

δh^{ab} 

$$\frac{d}{d\tau} \left(\frac{1}{e} \sqrt{\dots} \right)$$

$$e^\phi dz d\bar{z}$$

$$z = f(\tilde{z})$$

$$du^2 = e^{\hat{\phi}} du^{\tilde{z}}$$

$$e^\phi dz d\bar{z} = e^\phi \left| \frac{dz}{d\tilde{z}} \right|^2 d\tilde{z} d\bar{\tilde{z}}$$

$\int Dh$ METRIC

$$S[x^{(+)}, e]$$

$$e^2 =$$

$$S_{\text{POLYAKOV}} = \frac{T}{2} \int \sqrt{h} h^{ab} \frac{dx^\mu}{du^a} \frac{ds}{du^b}$$

$$h_{ab} \longrightarrow e^\phi \delta_{ab}$$



$$\frac{\delta S}{\delta h_{ab}} = \frac{T}{2} T_{ab} = \frac{\partial x^\mu}{\partial u^a} \frac{\partial x^\nu}{\partial u^b} \delta_{\mu\nu} - \delta_{ab} = 0 \quad \frac{T}{2} \int \frac{ds}{du}$$

$$e^\phi du^2 = e^{\tilde{\phi}} du^2$$

$$e^\phi dz d\bar{z} = e^\phi \left| \frac{dz}{d\tilde{z}} \right|^2 d\tilde{z} d\bar{\tilde{z}}$$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} D_{\text{X}} \\ du^2 \end{array} \right\} Dh$

 DIFF x WEYL

METRIC

DIFF x WEYL

COMPLEX STRUCTURES

$$\text{WEYL} : h_{ab} \rightarrow e^\lambda h_{ab} \quad (D-26) \dots$$