Title: QuEra - quantum computing with neutral atoms:

Speakers: Anna Knörr

Collection: New Frontiers in Machine Learning and Quantum

Date: November 23, 2022 - 4:30 PM

URL: https://pirsa.org/22110095

Abstract: QuEra is a quantum computing start up located in Boston, spinning off from the groups in the physics and engineering departments of Harvard and MIT. I have spent this fall working at QuEra and will introduce you to the company and its neutral-atom quantum computing technology.

QUERA

QUANTUM COMPUTING WITH NEUTRAL ATOMS

New Frontiers in Quantum & ML @Perimeter Institute November 23th, 2022

(QuEra)

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Born out of an outstanding scientific community



Mikhail Lukin

Professor of Physics.
Father of quantum computing with neutral atoms



Alex Keesling
CEO, QuEra



Markus Greiner

Professor of Physics.
Pioneer in quantum simulation



Nathan Gemelke
CTO & cofounder,

QuEra

Vladan Vuletic

Professor of Physics.
Pioneer in creating and controlling large
entangled systems



Dirk Englund

Professor of EECS. Expert in photonics and systems architecture



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Built on a series of breakthroughs



November 2017

World's largest quantum computer with 51 qubits built by the Harvard team July 2021

First demonstration of control over 256 atoms

December 2021

Simulation of quantum spin liquids on a neutral atom processor February 2022

Demonstration of scaling advantage for optimization over classical benchmark



QuEra was founded as a spin-off from Harvard and MIT



Que a

November 2022

Launch of Aquila

Now available to you! On Amazon Braket

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Meet Aquila

Quantum power

256 entangled neutral-atom qubits

Coherent throughout the computation

Architecture

Analog operation mode

Field programmable qubit arrays

Modular architecture



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Applications



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Applications



Hamiltonian Simulation

- · Equilibrium quantum phase of matter
- Non-equilibrium quantum dynamics
- Quantum thermalization
- · Lattice gauge theories



Optimization

- Maximum independent set
- Maximum clique
- Minimum vertex cover
- Minimum dominating set
- Graph coloring
- QUBO*
- Weighted maximum independent set*

*Coming soon

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Machine learning

 Leveraging post-classical probability distributions as input for classical machine learning algorithms

*Coming soon

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Machine learning

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Algorithmic range

Adiabatic Protocols

Quench Dynamics

Variational Quantum Algorithms

QAOA

Quantum Sampling

*Coming soon

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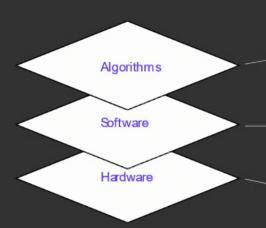
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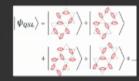
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A full-stack company

Tightly integrated hardware, software, and applications

To leverage unique hardware features and maximize the quantum compute power





Non-standard algorithms
e.g., simulating quantum spin
liquids through Rydberg blockade



Emulation and programming tool to test and program our hardware



Large and flexible quantum hardware with unique natural features

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Animation of trapped atoms



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Animation of trapped atoms

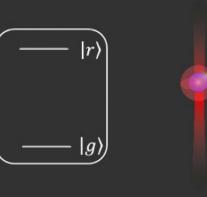


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Animation of trapped atoms



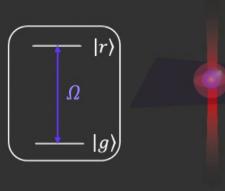
 $\Omega(t)$ Rabi drive

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Animation of trapped atoms



 $\Omega(t)$ Rab

Rabi drive

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Analog quantum many-body simulator

Hamiltonian with field programmable parameters

 \hat{n} - number of atoms in the Rydberg state

$$\frac{H}{\hbar} = \sum_{i < j} \frac{C_6}{\left|\vec{r}_i - \vec{r}_j\right|^6} \hat{n}_i \hat{n}_j + \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \left(e^{i\phi(t)}|r_i\rangle\langle g_i| + e^{-i\phi(t)}|g_i\rangle\langle r_i|\right) - \sum_i \Delta(t) \hat{n}_i$$

Field programmable parameters:

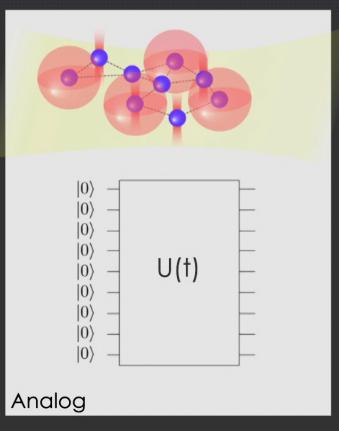
Rydberg Interaction Coherent coupling

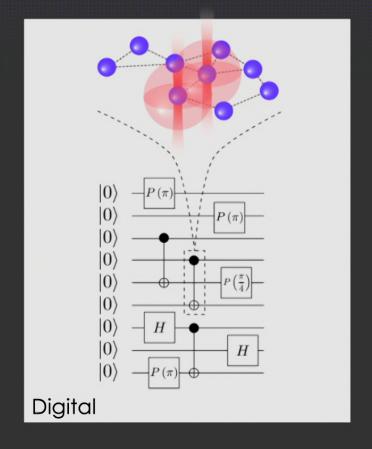
Excitation cost

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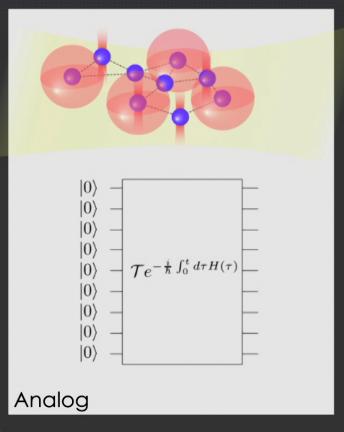
Analog vs. Digital processing





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Analog vs. Digital processing





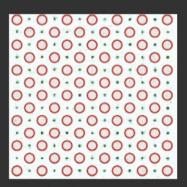


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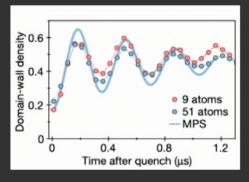
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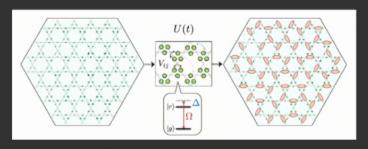
Applications of Analog quantum simulator



Checkerboard phase Nature 595, 227 (2021)



Quantum many-body scars Nature 551, 579 (2017)



Exotic phase, quantum spin liquid Science 374, 1242 (2021)

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Field-programmable qubit arrays offer near-arbitrary configuration of atoms and flexible connectivity

Near-arbitrary qubit configurations

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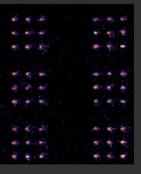
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Field-programmable qubit arrays offer near-arbitrary configuration of atoms and flexible connectivity

Near-arbitrary qubit configurations





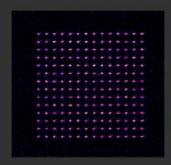


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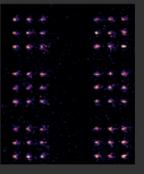
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Near-arbitrary qubit configurations









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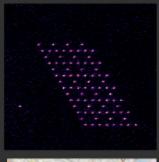
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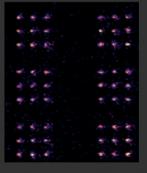
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Near-arbitrary qubit configurations

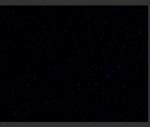












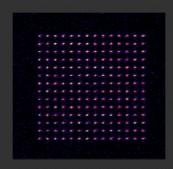
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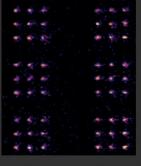
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Field-programmable qubit arrays offer near-arbitrary configuration of atoms and flexible connectivity

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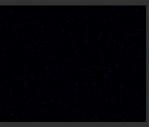












This flexibility allows for:



Exploration of exotic geometries



Easy encoding of algorithms



Quick testing and performance optimization

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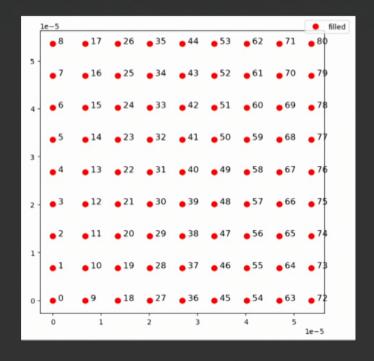
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Programming Aquila

Step 1: Specify the qubit geometry by inputting atom coordinates {r_i}

Step 2: Specify the waveforms of $\Omega(t)$ and $\Delta(t)$ and $\phi(t)$

Step 3: Run and process the data!

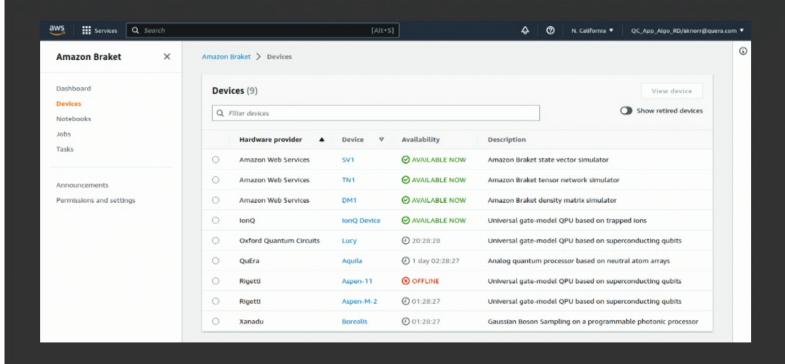


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AWS Braket Interface





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BLOQADE

- Benchmarking Aquila
- Programming Aquila (soon)

Learning platform for neutral atom quantum computing



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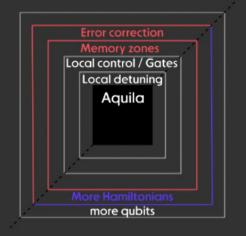
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New features coming up...

New features can be added to Aquila as **modules**

- Enabling digital, analog, and hybrid computing
- Without rebuilding the system

Aquila's upcoming features



Product lines based on Aquila

Analog quantum processor

Fault-tolerant universal quantum processor

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What's next?

Join our upcoming events



Office hour

- Technical discussions
- How to connect to Aquila

Monday November 28th, noon EST

Register on www.quera.com

Try Aquila for yourself!

Apply for free research credits: https://aws.amazon.com/awscredits/





Get in touch! info@quera.com

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