

Title: On the system loophole of generalized noncontextuality

Speakers: Victor Gitton

Series: Quantum Foundations

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Abstract: Generalized noncontextuality is a well-studied notion of classicality that is applicable to a single system, as opposed to Bell locality. It relies on representing operationally indistinguishable procedures identically in an ontological model. However, operational indistinguishability depends on the set of operations that one may use to distinguish two procedures: we refer to this set as the reference of indistinguishability. Thus, whether or not a given experiment is noncontextual depends on the choice of reference. The choices of references appearing in the literature are seldom discussed, but typically relate to a notion of system underlying the experiment. This shift in perspective then begs the question: how should one define the extent of the system underlying an experiment? Our paper primarily aims at exposing this question rather than providing a definitive answer to it. We start by formulating a notion of relative noncontextuality for prepare-and-measure scenarios, which is simply noncontextuality with respect to an explicit reference of indistinguishability. We investigate how verdicts of relative noncontextuality depend on this choice of reference, and in the process introduce the concept of the noncontextuality graph of a prepare-and-measure scenario. We then discuss several proposals that one may appeal to in order to fix the reference to a specific choice, and relate these proposals to different conceptions of what a system really is.

arXiv link: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2209.04469>

Zoom link: <https://pitp.zoom.us/j/97393198973?pwd=dWhCOUJQLytXeXVIVmEvOHRnRHc1QT09>

**ETH** zürich

# On the system loophole of generalized noncontextuality

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Victor Gitton,<sup>1</sup> Mischa P. Woods<sup>1,2</sup>

November 4th, 2022

<sup>1</sup>Institute for Theoretical Physics, ETH Zürich

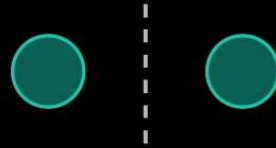
<sup>2</sup>University Grenoble Alpes, Inria, Grenoble, France

arXiv:2209.04469

# Systems in nonclassicality

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Bell nonlocality:



Noncontextuality:



# Systems in noncontextuality

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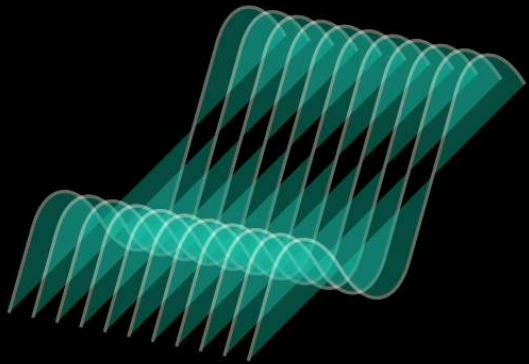
$P$  is equivalent to  $P'$  if

$$p(k|P, M) = p(k|P', M) \text{ for all } M. \quad (1)$$

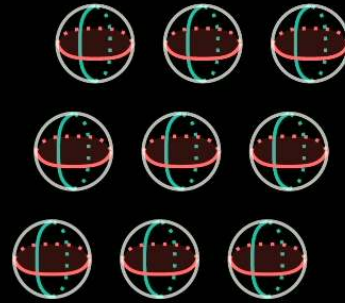
[Spekkens 2005]

# Universe-subsystem ontologies

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Fuzzy universe  
Effective subsystems



Composite universe  
Fundamental subsystems

Typical NCOMs

NCOMs here?

Roadmap:

I. Relative noncontextuality  $\simeq$  noncontextuality **without** systems

# I. Relative noncontextuality

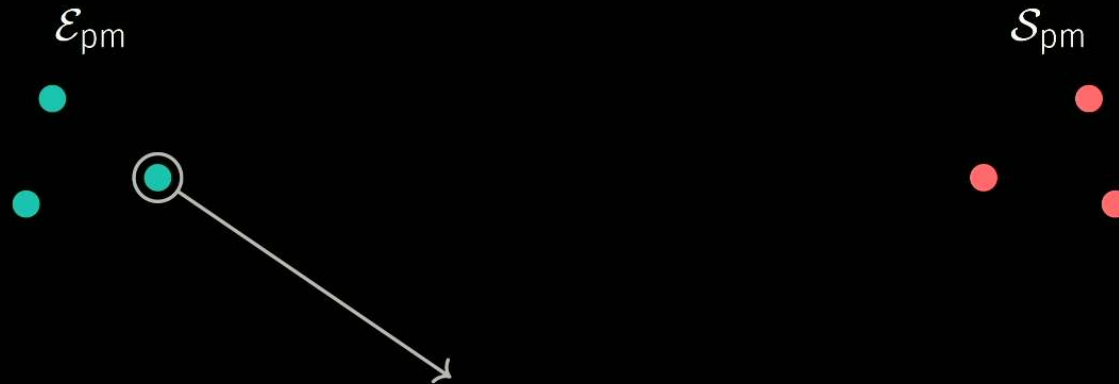
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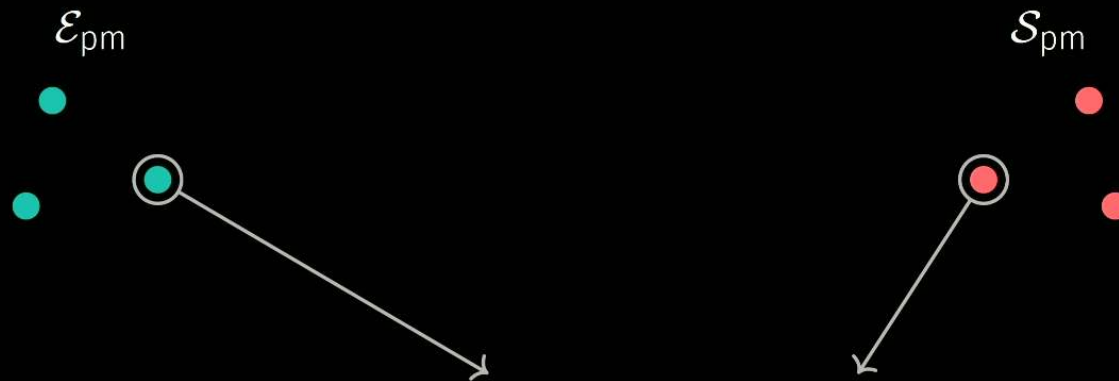
Roadmap:

I. Relative noncontextuality  $\simeq$  noncontextuality **without** systems



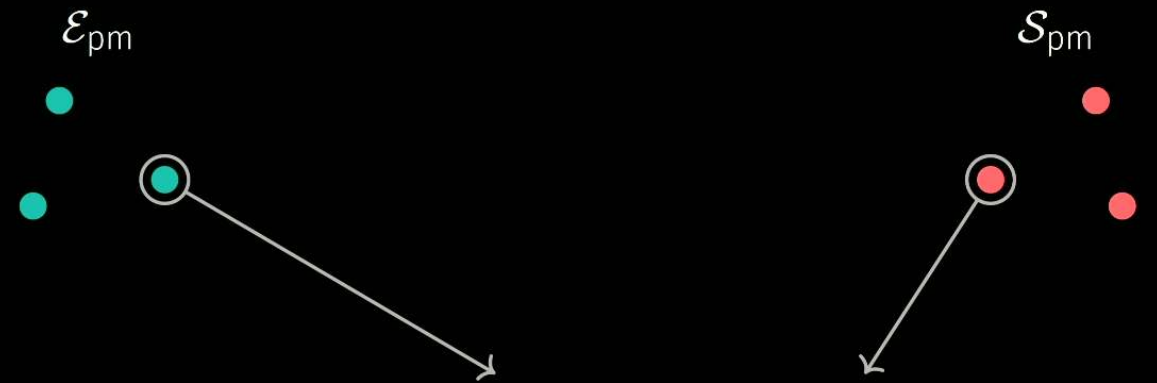
II. Reintroduce different notions of systems





$\mathcal{E}|\mathcal{S} =$

- 1: Press the blue button
- 2: Turn the red knob
- 3: Press the green button
- 4: Succeed if flashbulb is on



$\Pr(\mathcal{E}|\mathcal{S}) = \text{success prob of}$

- 1: Press the blue button
- 2: Turn the red knob
- 3: Press the green button
- 4: Succeed if flashbulb is on

$\text{conv}(\mathcal{E}_{pm})$



$$e = \sum_i p_i \mathbf{E}_i$$

$\text{conv}(\mathcal{S}_{pm})$



$$s = \sum_i p_i \mathbf{S}_i$$

$\text{conv}(\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}})$



$$e = \sum_i p_i \mathbf{E}_i$$

$\text{conv}(\mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}})$

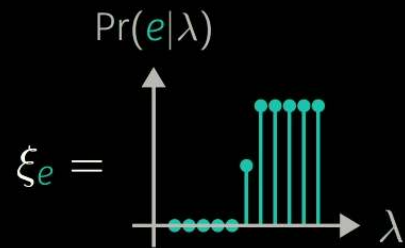
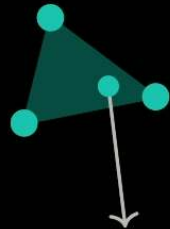


$$s = \sum_i p_i \mathbf{S}_i$$

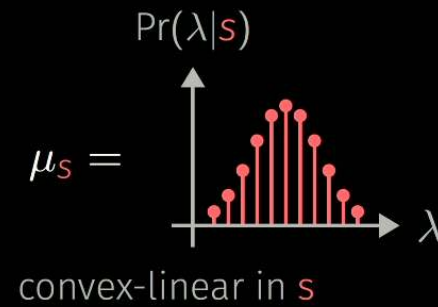
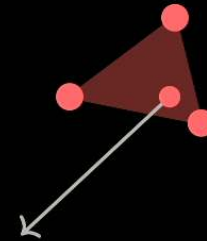
Data:  $\{\text{Pr}(e|s)\}_{s,e}$

with  $\text{Pr}(\cdot|\cdot)$  convex-linear in both arguments

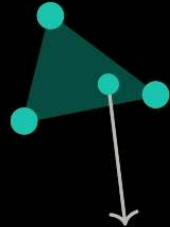
$\text{conv}(\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}})$



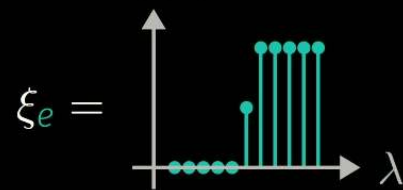
$\text{conv}(\mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}})$



$\text{conv}(\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}})$



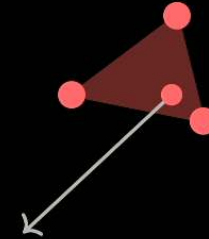
$\text{Pr}(e|\lambda)$



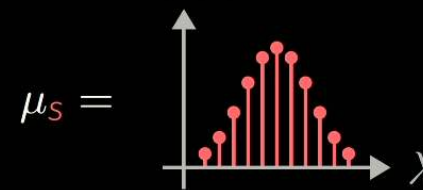
$\xi_e =$

convex-linear in  $e$

$\text{conv}(\mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}})$



$\text{Pr}(\lambda|s)$



$\mu_s =$

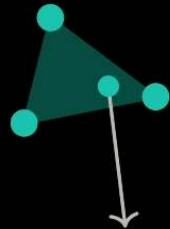
convex-linear in  $s$

$$\text{such that } \text{Pr}(e|s) = \int d\lambda \xi_e(\lambda) \mu_s(\lambda)$$

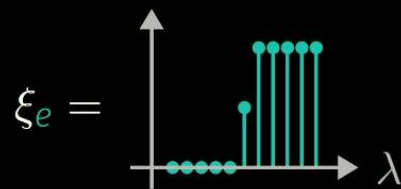
# Reference of indistinguishability

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$\text{conv}(\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}})$

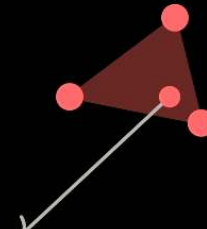


$\text{Pr}(e|\lambda)$

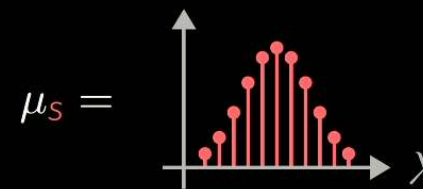


convex-linear in  $e$

$\text{conv}(\mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}})$



$\text{Pr}(\lambda|s)$



convex-linear in  $s$

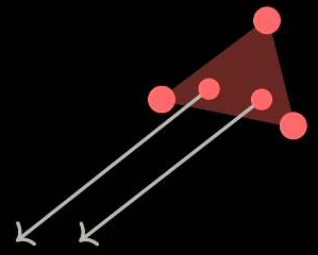
such that  $\text{Pr}(e|s) = \int d\lambda \xi_e(\lambda) \mu_s(\lambda)$

Ontological models **always** exist!

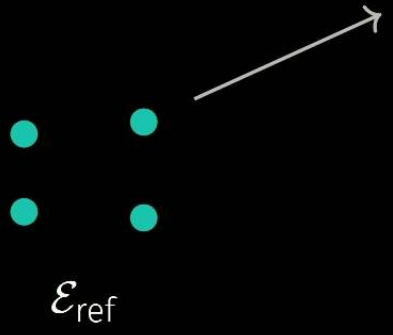
$\text{conv}(\mathcal{E}_{pm})$



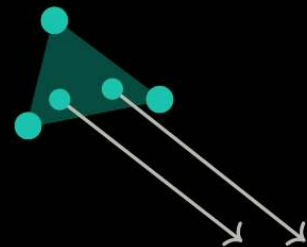
$\text{conv}(\mathcal{S}_{pm})$



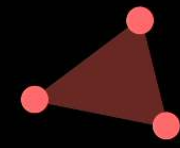
$S_1 \stackrel{\mathcal{E}_{ref}}{\sim} S_2$



$\text{conv}(\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}})$

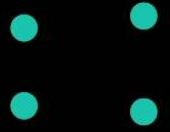


$\text{conv}(\mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}})$

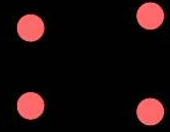


$e_1 \stackrel{\mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}}{\sim} e_2$

$\iff$  for all  $\mathbf{S} \in \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}$  :  $\Pr(e_1|\mathbf{S}) = \Pr(e_2|\mathbf{S})$

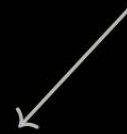


$\mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}$



$\mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}$

Noncontextual OM for  $(\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}})$  relative to  $(\mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}})$



$$\iff \text{OM for } (\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}}) \text{ such that } \begin{cases} s_1 \stackrel{\mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}}{\sim} s_2 \implies \mu_{s_1} = \mu_{s_2} \\ e_1 \stackrel{\mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}}{\sim} e_2 \implies \xi_{e_1} = \xi_{e_2} \end{cases}$$

# Perfect distinguishability

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Suppose that  $\{E_S\}_{S \in \mathcal{S}_{pm}} \subseteq \mathcal{E}_{ref}$

$$\text{with } \Pr(E_S | S') = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } S = S' \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

Suppose that  $\{E_S\}_{S \in \mathcal{S}_{pm}} \subseteq \mathcal{E}_{ref}$

$$\text{with } \Pr(E_S | S') = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } S = S' \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

then **there exists** a NCOM for  $(\mathcal{E}_{pm}, \mathcal{S}_{pm})$  relative to  $(\mathcal{E}_{ref}, \mathcal{S}_{ref})$

Should **restrict** the reference  $(\mathcal{E}_{ref}, \mathcal{S}_{ref})$  !

$$\left( \begin{array}{cc} \mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}^{(1)} & \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}^{(1)} \\ \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet \end{array} \right), \left( \begin{array}{cc} \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{(\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}})} \left( \begin{array}{cc} \mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}^{(2)} & \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}^{(2)} \\ \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet \end{array} \right), \left( \begin{array}{cc} \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet \end{array} \right)$$

if and only if

$$e_1 \underset{\mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}^{(1)}}{\sim} e_2 \iff e_1 \underset{\mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}^{(2)}}{\sim} e_2$$



if and only if

$$s_1 \overset{\mathcal{E}_{ref}^{(1)}}{\sim} s_2 \iff s_1 \overset{\mathcal{E}_{ref}^{(2)}}{\sim} s_2$$

$$e_1 \overset{\mathcal{S}_{ref}^{(1)}}{\sim} e_2 \iff e_1 \overset{\mathcal{S}_{ref}^{(2)}}{\sim} e_2$$

Preorder: reflexive, transitive

$$\text{If } (\mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}^{(1)}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}^{(1)}) \xrightarrow{(\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}})} (\mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}^{(2)}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}^{(2)}) :$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \exists \text{ NCOM for } (\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}}) & \implies & \exists \text{ NCOM for } (\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}}) \\ \text{relative to } (\mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}^{(1)}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}^{(1)}) & & \text{relative to } (\mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}^{(2)}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}^{(2)}) \end{array}$$

If there exists a NCOM for  $(\mathcal{E}_{pm}, \mathcal{S}_{pm})$  relative to  $(\mathcal{E}_{ref}, \mathcal{S}_{ref})$

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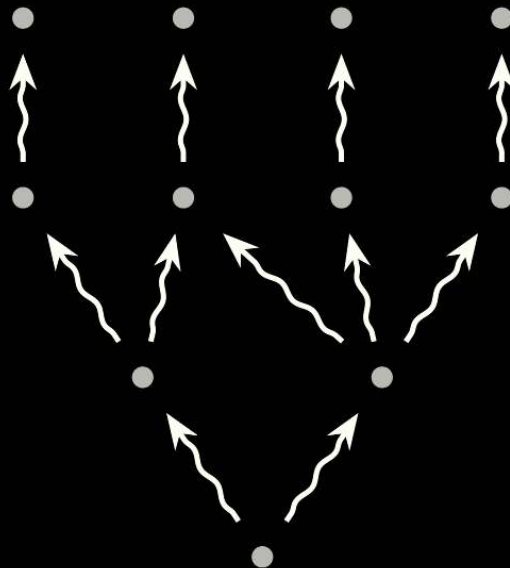
then  $(\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}}) \xrightarrow{(\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}})} (\mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}})$

i.e., by definition,  $(\mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}})$  is a **faithful** reference

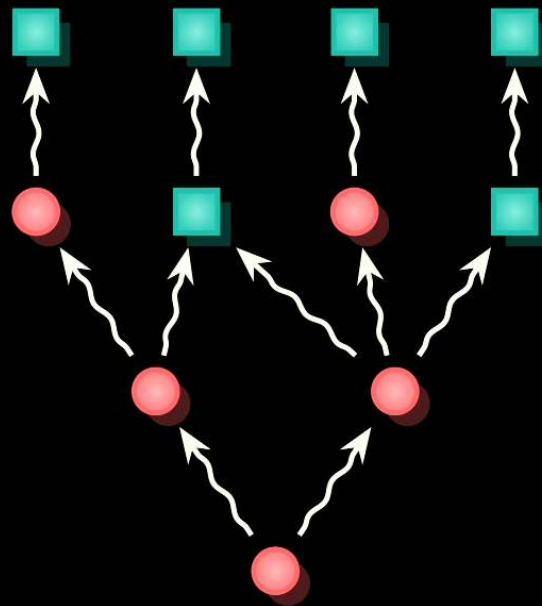
# Relative noncontextuality graph

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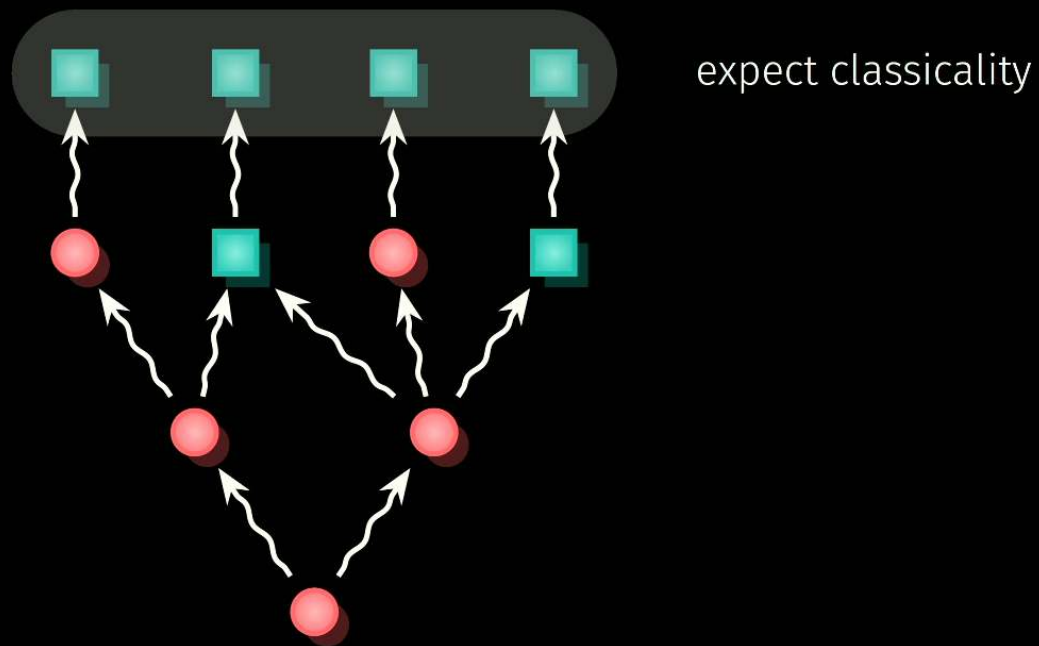
Fix  $(\mathcal{E}_{pm}, \mathcal{S}_{pm})$  and vary the reference:



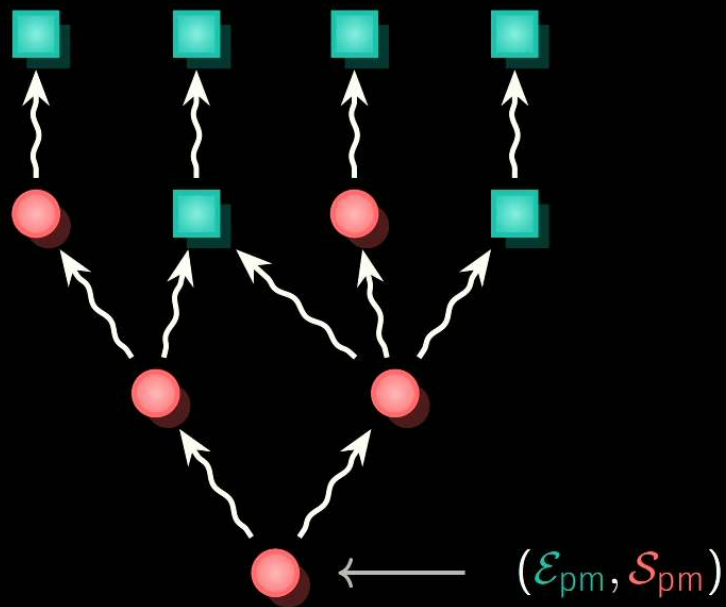
Fix  $(\mathcal{E}_{pm}, \mathcal{S}_{pm})$  and vary the reference:



Fix  $(\mathcal{E}_{pm}, \mathcal{S}_{pm})$  and vary the reference:



Fix  $(\mathcal{E}_{pm}, \mathcal{S}_{pm})$  and vary the reference:

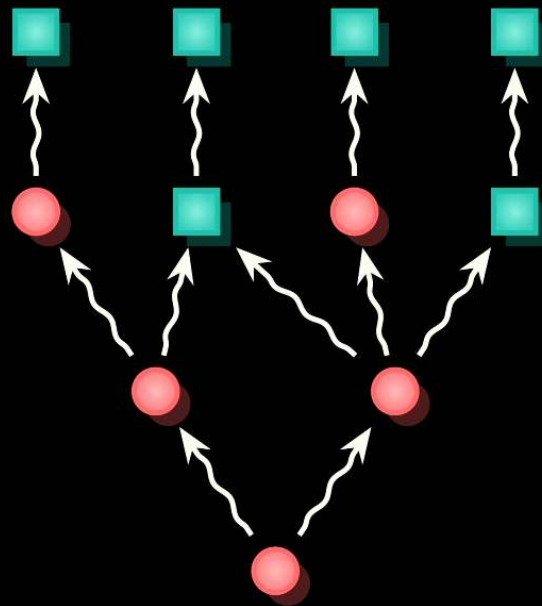


If there exists a NCOM for  $(\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}})$  relative to  $(\mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}})$

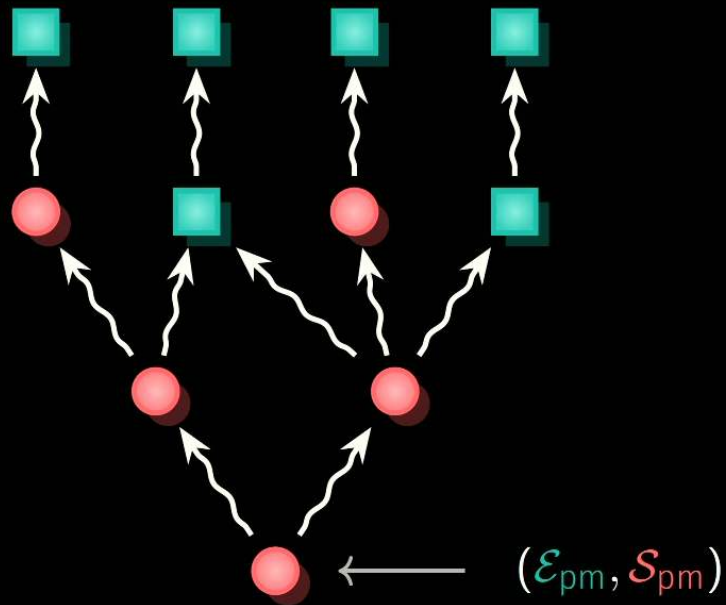
then  $(\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}}) \xrightarrow{(\mathcal{E}_{\text{pm}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{pm}})} (\mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}})$

i.e., by definition,  $(\mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}, \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}})$  is a **faithful** reference

Fix  $(\mathcal{E}_{pm}, \mathcal{S}_{pm})$  and vary the reference:



Fix  $(\mathcal{E}_{pm}, \mathcal{S}_{pm})$  and vary the reference:



$$\left( \begin{array}{cc} \mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}^{(1)} & \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}^{(1)} \\ \begin{pmatrix} \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet \end{pmatrix} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{cc} \mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}^{(2)} & \mathcal{S}_{\text{ref}}^{(2)} \\ \begin{pmatrix} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \end{pmatrix} \end{array} \right)$$

$(\mathcal{E}_{pm}, \mathcal{S}_{pm})$  is operationally noncontextual [VG,MPW 22]

if and only if

$\exists$  a noncontextual OM for  $(\mathcal{E}_{pm}, \mathcal{S}_{pm})$  relative to  $(\mathcal{E}_{pm}, \mathcal{S}_{pm})$

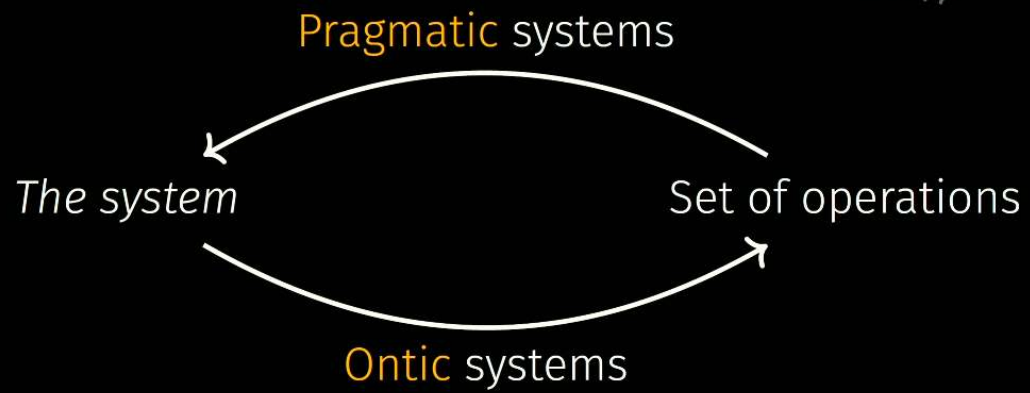
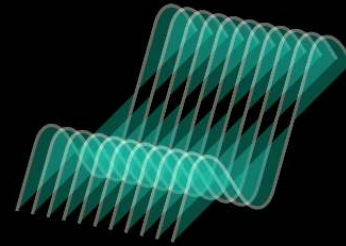
Pros: simple

# Notions of systems

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*The system*

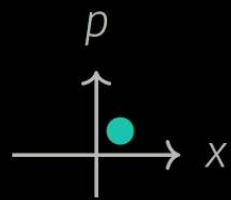
Set of operations



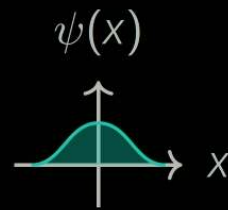
# The case of a particle

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Classical



Quantum

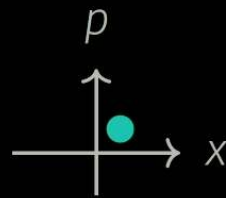


Post-quantum

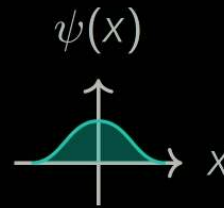
$i$  ?  $x$  ?

As pragmatic systems: **all** valid (related) choices

Classical



Quantum



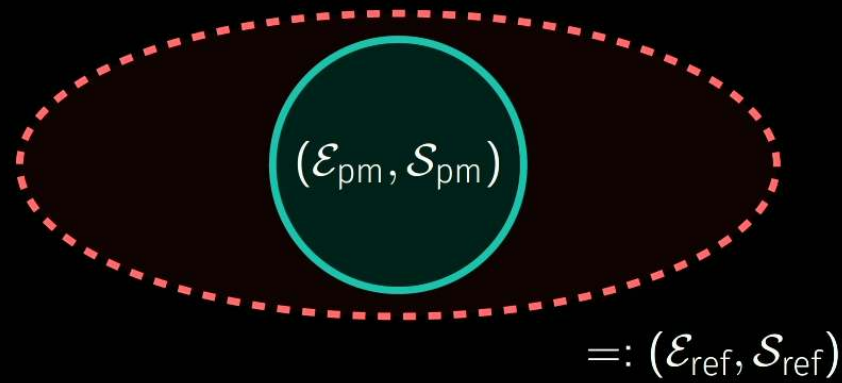
Post-quantum

$i$  ?  $x$  ?

As pragmatic systems: **all** valid (related) choices

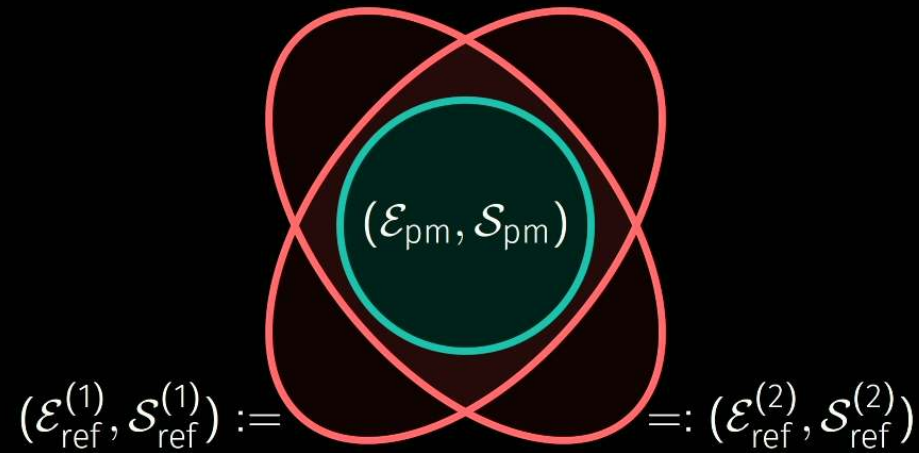
As ontic systems: **quantum** is valid (unless post-quantum exists)

Smallest supporting ontic system

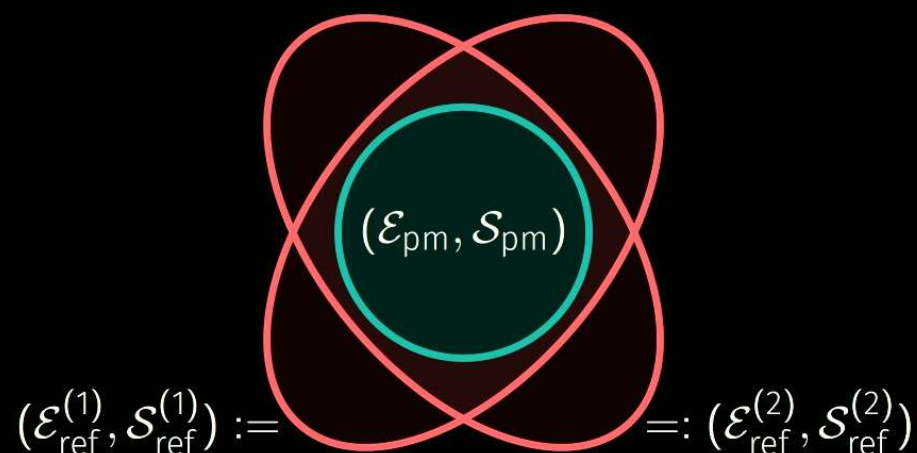


Open: **justify** ontic system partition?

## Two choices of pragmatic systems

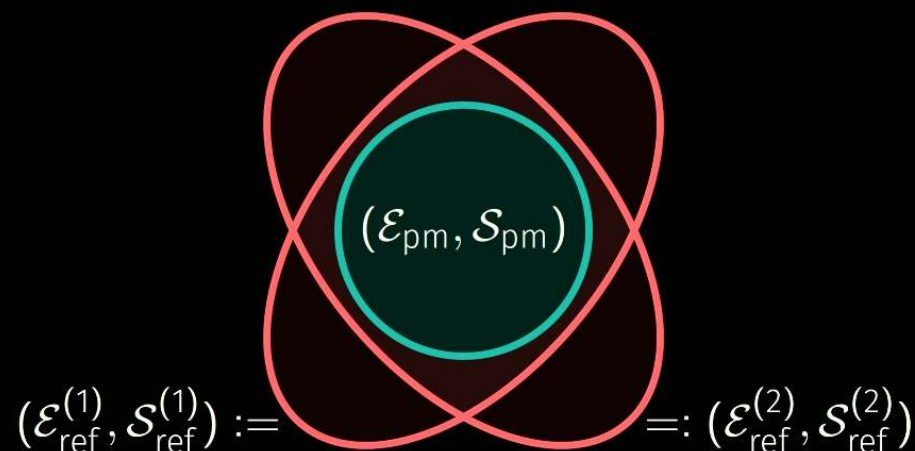


## Two choices of pragmatic systems



Open: restrict to **well-justified** pragmatic systems.  
Are verdicts of noncontextuality **consistent**?

## Two choices of pragmatic systems



If **inconsistent** verdicts:  
let noncontextuality influence our choices of systems?

# Local noncontextuality

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# Outlook

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What do prepare-**transform**-measure scenarios add?

Clear methodology of **individuation**?

Thank you

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