

Title: Session 1 - Valentina Prilepina

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Abstract: Virtual

Mapping the Theoretical Landscape through the Conformal Bootstrap

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Why Study Conformal Field Theories (CFTs)?

CFTs describe universal physics of scale invariant critical points:

- continuous phase transitions in condensed matter and statistical physics systems
- fixed points of RG flows

Provide a handle on

- Universal structure of the landscape of QFTs
- Quantum gravity via the AdS/CFT correspondence and holography



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Provide a handle on

- Universal structure of the landscape of QFTs
- Quantum gravity via the AdS/CFT correspondence and holography
- String theory
- Black holes



Conformal bootstrap program seeks to systematically apply

- conformal symmetry
- crossing symmetry
- unitarity/reflection positivity

to map out and solve the space of allowed CFTs

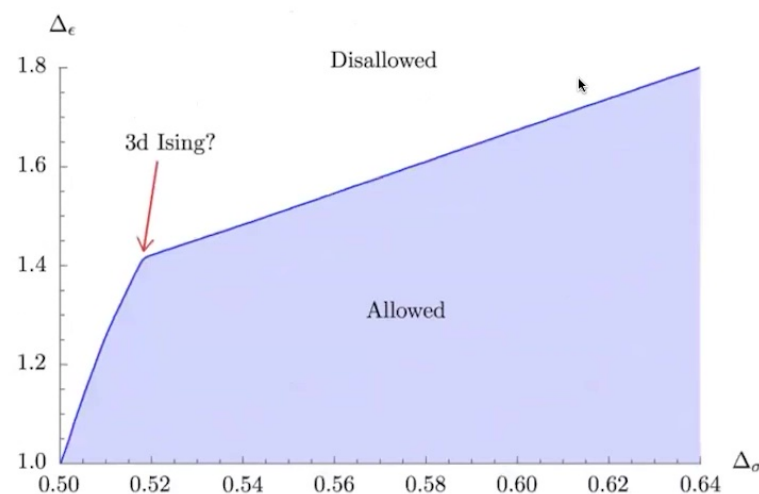


Figure: Upper bound on Δ_ϵ as a function of Δ_σ in 3d CFTs [El Showk]

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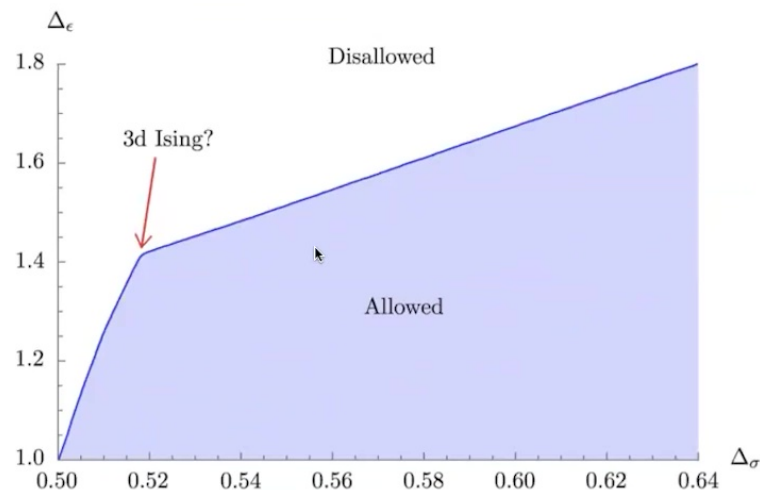


Figure: Upper bound on Δ_ϵ as a function of Δ_σ in 3d CFTs [El-Showk, Paulos, Poland, Rychkov, Simmons-Duffin, Vichi, '12; '14]



- Owing to bootstrap: tremendous progress on the numerical and analytic fronts! e.g. Ferrara et al. (1971, 1973), Dobrev et al. (1976, 1977), Polyakov (1974), Dolan & Osborn (2001, 2004, 2011), Poland et al. (2012), Simmons-Duffin (2014), El-Showk et al. (2014), Kos et al. (2014, 2015, 2016), Costa & Hansen (2015), Rejon-Barrera & Robbins (2016), Echeverri et al. (2016), Costa et al. (2016), Fortin & Skiba (2016, 2019), Karateev et al. (2017), Poland & Simmons-Duffin (2019)
- Dream: to classify and solve the entire landscape of CFTs and predict their observables

CFTs are signposts in the landscape of QFTs!



So far, most results extracted by considering 4-point functions!

(for a review, see e.g. Poland, Rychkov and Vichi (2019))

- ⇒ Explicit expressions or recursion relations for conformal blocks appearing in 4-point functions of scalars in arbitrary d
- ⇒ Rich variety of techniques for handling 4-point blocks in arbitrary Lorentz representations

Goal of this Work

We seek to

- Identify a simple and practical approach to computing 5-point and higher-point blocks
- Improve and extend our understanding of 5-point and higher-point blocks by deriving simple recursion relations

For example,

- Consider scalar 5-point function $\langle \phi_{\Delta_1} \phi_{\Delta_2} \phi_{\Delta_3} \phi_{\Delta_4} \phi_{\Delta_5} \rangle$
- Compute the conformal block for arbitrary symmetric traceless tensor exchange in (12) and (45) OPEs

Our results

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Our results

- May be seen as a natural generalization of recursion relations for 4-point blocks obtained by [Dolan & Osborn \(2011\)](#)



The Weight-Shifting Operator Formalism

This formalism (due to [Karateev et al. \(2017\)](#)) introduces a

- Large class of conformally-covariant differential operators
- ⇒ These operators may be used to relate correlation functions of operators in different representations of the conformal group
- ⇒ Method enables determination of seed conformal blocks as well as more general blocks
- ⇒ Allows for efficient derivation of recursion relations

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Our overall strategy involves

- ⇒ Acting with specific combinations of weight-shifting operators on a given conformal block
- ⇒ Then applying the two- and three- point crossing relations as needed

Goal: to re-express the original block in terms of

- linear combinations of lower-spin blocks with shifted external and, potentially, exchanged dimensions



Four-Point Conformal Bootstrap via the Embedding Space

OPE Formalism

Interested in

- Using the embedding formalism of [Fortin & Skiba \(2019\)](#)
 - to develop a general and efficient approach to the four-point conformal bootstrap
 - Formalism uses a special uplift from position space to the embedding space
- ⇒ Advantage of the formalism: Approach treats fermions and bosons on an equal footing!

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From the perspective of the Dynkin indices, everything looks the same!

- Uplift makes universal treatment of all quasi-primary operators in arbitrary irreps of the Lorentz group possible.



Goal of the Analysis

Goal:

- To implement conformal bootstrap program for $\langle TTTT \rangle$ and $\langle JJJJ \rangle$

Involves constructing a general efficient algorithm that outputs

- Conformal blocks for all nontrivial irreps



Interested in

- Implementing the general four-point conformal bootstrap
- Developing the multipoint conformal bootstrap

