

Title: Classical Physics - Lecture 221004

Speakers:

Collection: Classical Physics (2022/2023)

Date: October 04, 2022 - 9:00 AM

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YESTERDAY: RELATIVISTIC FIELD THEORIES

$$S[\varphi] = \int_{\Omega} d^4x \mathcal{L}(\varphi, \partial_\mu \varphi)$$

$\delta\varphi$:

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \varphi} - \partial_\mu \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial (\partial_\mu \varphi)} \right) = 0}$$

$\cdot T_c^{\mu\nu}$

$$\left[T_c^{\mu\nu} = \eta^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{L} - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial (\partial_\mu \varphi)} \partial^\nu \varphi \right] \quad (\text{INVARIANCE W.R.T. SPACETIME TRANSL.})$$

CHARGES:

$$\boxed{\partial_\mu T_c^{\mu\nu} = 0} \dots \text{"4 CONSERVED CURRENTS"} \quad P_\nu = \int_\Sigma T_c^{\mu\nu} d\Sigma_\mu$$

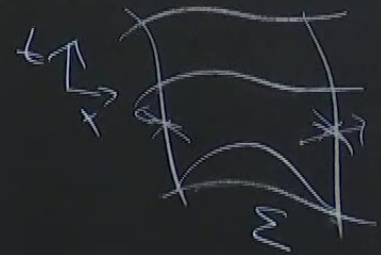
• $T_c^{\mu\nu}$ CAN BE UPGRADED TO A SYMMETRIC $T^{\mu\nu}$.

$$T_c^{\mu\nu} = \eta^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{L} - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial(\partial_\mu \varphi)} \partial^\nu \varphi \quad (\text{INVARIANCE W.R.T. SPACETIME TRANSL.})$$

CHARGES:

$$\boxed{\partial_\mu T_c^{\mu\nu} = 0} \dots \text{"4 CONSERVED CURRENTS"} \quad P_\nu = \int_\Sigma T_c^{\mu\nu} d\Sigma_\mu$$

$T_c^{\mu\nu}$ CAN BE UPGRADED TO A SYMMETRIC $T^{\mu\nu}$.



$$\left[T_c^{\mu\nu} = \eta^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{L} - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial (\partial_\mu \psi)} \partial^\nu \psi \right] \quad (\text{INVARIANCE W.R.T. SPACETIME TRANSL.})$$

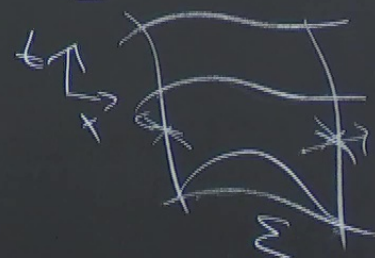
CHARGES:

$$\boxed{\partial_\mu T_c^{\mu\nu} = 0} \dots \text{"4 CONSERVED CURRENTS"}$$

$$P_\nu = \int_\Sigma T_c^{\mu\nu} d\Sigma_\mu$$

• $T_c^{\mu\nu}$ CAN BE UPGRADED TO A SYMMETRIC $T^{\mu\nu}$

• LORENTZ TRANSFORMATIONS $\rightarrow$ CONSERVED ANGULAR MOM TENSOR



$$M^{\mu\nu}_{\rho\sigma} = 2T^{\mu}{}_{\rho} X^{\nu}_{\sigma} - T^{\mu}{}_{\sigma} X^{\nu}_{\rho} - T^{\mu}{}_{\sigma} X^{\rho}_{\nu} + T^{\mu}{}_{\nu} X^{\rho}_{\sigma}$$

↑
SYMMETRIC $T^{\mu\nu}$ (ABSORBED INTERNAL SPIN IN $T^{\mu\nu}$)

$$\partial_{\mu} M^{\mu\nu}_{\rho\sigma} = 0 \dots 6 \text{ CURRENTS}$$

6 CONSERVED CHARGES

$$L_{\rho\sigma} = \int \sum_{\mu} M^{\mu\nu}_{\rho\sigma} d\Sigma_{\mu}$$

$$M[g \times 0] = T^M_g \times 0 - T^M_0 \times g$$

↑ SYMMETRIC $T^{\mu\nu}$ (ABSORBED INTERNAL SPIN IN $T^{\mu\nu}$)

0.... 6 CURRENTS

$T^M_{g0} d\Sigma_M$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3 \text{ ANGULAR MOMENTA} \\ 3 \text{ LINEAR MOMENTA (FOR CENTER OF MASS)} \end{array} \right.$

NEED ANGULAR MOM TENSOR

$$0 = \frac{dL_{S6}}{dt} \approx \sum L_{S6, H} + \frac{\partial L_{S6}}{\partial t}$$

↑
NEED THIS

X_S
SPIN)

ENTA

NTA (FOR CENTER OF MASS)

EXAMPLES:

• SCALAR FIELD

$$S = \int d^4x \left(-\frac{1}{2} \underbrace{(\partial_\mu \varphi)(\partial^\mu \varphi)}_{\substack{\eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \varphi \partial_\nu \varphi \\ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}}} - V(\varphi) \right)$$

IPLES:

SCALAR FIELD

$$S = \int d^4x \left(-\frac{1}{2} \underbrace{(\partial_\mu \varphi)(\partial^\mu \varphi)}_{\text{metric}} - V(\varphi) \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \eta^{\mu\nu} \\ \swarrow \searrow \\ \partial_\mu \varphi \quad \partial_\nu \varphi \\ \left(\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{array} \right) \otimes \left(\begin{array}{cc} \partial_1 \varphi & \partial_2 \varphi \\ \partial_3 \varphi & \partial_4 \varphi \end{array} \right) \\ \quad \quad \quad \oplus \quad \left(\begin{array}{cc} \partial_1 \varphi & \partial_2 \varphi \\ \partial_3 \varphi & \partial_4 \varphi \end{array} \right) \end{array}$$

$$ds^2 = -\sqrt{\eta_{\mu\nu}} dx^\mu dx^\nu$$

IPLES:

SCALAR FIELD

$$S = \int d^4x \left(\underbrace{-\frac{1}{2} (\partial_\mu \varphi) (\partial^\mu \varphi)}_{\mathcal{L}} - V(\varphi) \right)$$

$$-\frac{\partial V}{\partial \varphi} - \partial_\mu (-\partial^\mu \varphi) = 0$$

$$\boxed{\partial_\mu \partial^\mu \varphi - \frac{\partial V}{\partial \varphi} = 0}$$

$$\boxed{(\partial^2 - m^2) \varphi = 0}$$

KLEIN-GORDON EQ

• SIMPLEST EXAMPLE:

$$V = \frac{1}{2} m^2 \varphi^2$$

$$-\frac{\partial V}{\partial \varphi} - \partial_\mu (-\partial^\mu \varphi) = 0$$

$$\boxed{\partial_\mu \partial^\mu \varphi - \frac{\partial V}{\partial \varphi} = 0}$$

$$\boxed{(\partial^2 - m^2) \varphi = 0}$$

KLEIN-GORDON EQ

• SIMPLEST EXAMPLE:

$$V = \frac{1}{2} m^2 \varphi^2$$

$$\boxed{T_C^{\mu\nu} = \eta^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{L} + \partial^\mu \varphi \partial^\nu \varphi}$$

• CLASSICAL ELECTRODYNAMICS

$$S[A^\mu, y^\nu] = -\frac{1}{16\pi} \underbrace{\int d^4x F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}}_{\text{EM FIELD}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \underbrace{-m \int d\lambda \sqrt{\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\lambda} \frac{dx^\nu}{d\lambda}}}_{\text{ELECTRON(S)}} \quad \underbrace{-e \left(d\lambda \frac{dy^\mu}{d\lambda} A_\mu(y) \right)}_{\text{INTERACTION TERM}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$J^\mu \dots$ ELECTRON
 $A_\mu J^\mu$

$$\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{dy^\mu}{ds} \frac{dy^\nu}{ds}$$

$\psi(x)$

J.M. ELECTRON

$$-e \int d\lambda \left(\frac{dy^\mu}{d\lambda} \right) A_\mu(y)$$

INTERACTION TERM

$$A_\mu J^\mu$$

GAUGE INVARIANT (?)

$$A_\mu \rightarrow A_\mu + \partial_\mu \Delta$$

$$A_\mu J^\mu \rightarrow A_\mu J^\mu + J^\mu \partial_\mu \Delta$$

$$\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{dy^\mu}{ds} \frac{dy^\nu}{ds}$$

$m(S)$

$$-e \int d\lambda \frac{dy^\mu}{d\lambda} A_\mu(y)$$

INTERACTION TERM

J^μ ELECTRON

$$[A_\mu J^\mu]$$

GAUGE INVARIANT (?)

$$A_\mu \rightarrow A_\mu + \partial_\mu \Lambda$$

$$A_\mu J^\mu \rightarrow A_\mu J^\mu + J^\mu \partial_\mu \Lambda$$

$$\partial_\mu (J^\mu \Lambda) - \partial_\mu J^\mu \Lambda$$

↓
BOUNDARY

N) NEED THIS

$$J^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu}$$

TA (TIME INDEP)

$$\int d^4x J^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu}$$

A (FOR CENTER OF MASS)

$$I = \frac{1}{2} m^2 \phi^2$$

$$\left[\frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi \partial^\mu \phi + \frac{1}{2} m^2 \phi^2 \right]$$

$$S[A^\mu, y^\nu] = -\frac{1}{16\pi} \underbrace{\int d^4x F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}}_{\text{EM FIELD}} - \underbrace{m \int d\lambda \left(\eta_{\mu\nu} \frac{dx^\mu}{d\lambda} \frac{dx^\nu}{d\lambda} \right)^{1/2}}_{\text{ELECTRON(S)}}$$

$\delta A^\mu:$

$$\partial_\mu F^{\mu\nu} = -4\pi J^\nu$$

EM FIELD

ELECTRON(S)

$$(F_{\mu\nu}, S) = 0$$

$$F_{\mu\nu} = \partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu$$

$\delta y^\nu:$

$$\frac{dp^\mu}{d\tau} = q F^{\mu\nu} u_\nu$$

ALREADY ASSUMED!

• CONSERVATION OF CHARGE IN MAXWELL'S EQS,

$$\partial_\mu F^{\mu\nu} = -4\pi J^\nu \quad / \quad \partial_\nu$$

$$\partial_\nu \partial_\mu F^{\mu\nu} = -4\pi \partial_\nu J^\nu$$

IDENTICALLY

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\partial_\nu J^\nu = 0}$$

BETTER BE TRUE

INTEGRABILITY CONDITION
(CONSISTENCY EQ)
FOR MAXWELL EQ,
TO MAKE SENSE!

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INTEGRABILITY CONDITION
(CONSISTENCY EQ)
FOR MAXWELL EQ,
TO MAKE SENSE!

• SIMILARLY IN GRAVITY

$$G^{\mu\nu} = 8\pi G_H T^{\mu\nu} / \nabla_\mu$$

$$\nabla_\mu G^{\mu\nu} = 8\pi G_H \nabla_\mu T^{\mu\nu}$$

IDENTICALLY. $\Rightarrow \boxed{\nabla_\mu T^{\mu\nu} = 0}$

CONSISTENCY COND.

- GRAVITY:

BASIC FIELD IS THE METRIC $g_{\mu\nu}$

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}(g, \cancel{\partial g}) \quad (?)$$

DOES NOT EXIST! 


THE METRIC $g_{\mu\nu}$

(?)

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}(g, \partial g, \partial^2 g)$$

↑ 4TH ORDER EOM (?)

$R_{\mu\nu}$

R

RICCI SCALAR

ST:

$$S = \frac{1}{16\pi G_N} \int d^4x \sqrt{-g}$$

THE METRIC $g_{\mu\nu}$

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}(g, \partial g, \partial^2 g)$$

↑ 4TH ORDER EOM (?)

$R_{\mu\nu}$ $\rightarrow$ R

R

RICCI SCALAR

$$S = \frac{1}{16\pi G_N} \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} R$$

$$L = L(g, \partial g, \partial^2 g)$$

↑ 4TH ORDER EOM (?)

R^{α}_{β} (sym) $\rightarrow$ $\boxed{R}$ RICCI SCALAR

$$T^{\alpha\beta} g_{\alpha\beta} = T$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{16\pi G_N} \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} R}$$