

Title: Twisted Character Varieties and Quantization via Factorization Homology

Speakers: Corina Keller

Series: Mathematical Physics

Date: October 22, 2021 - 1:30 PM

URL: <https://pirsa.org/21100028>

Abstract: Factorization homology is a local-to-global invariant which "integrates" disk algebras in symmetric monoidal higher categories over manifolds. In this talk I will discuss how to compute categorical factorization homology on oriented surfaces with principal D -bundles, for D a finite group, in terms of categories of modules over algebras defined in purely combinatorial terms. This is an extension of the work of Ben-Zvi, Brochier and Jordan to D -decorated surfaces. The main example for us comes from an action of Dynkin diagram automorphisms on representation categories of quantum groups associated to a reductive group G . We will see that in this case factorization homology gives rise to a quantization of character varieties which are twisted by the group of outer automorphisms of G .

This talk is based on joint work with L. Müller.

Zoom Link: <https://pitp.zoom.us/j/93950433494?pwd=WXI2VE9IdnRweEh5RmZsZ21BV1BQQT09>

Factorization Homology on Surfaces with Principal Bundles and Quantization of $\text{Out}(G)$ -Twisted Character Varieties

Corina Keller

based on joint work with Lukas Müller

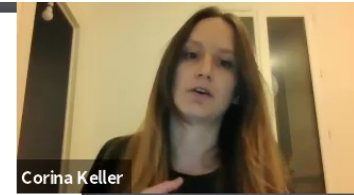
arXiv:2107.12348

Université Montpellier

October 22, 2021



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1. Introduction and Background on Factorization Homology

2. Computation of D -Structured Factorization Homology
 - 2.1 Annuli with D -bundles
 - 2.2 Punctured Surfaces with D -bundles

3. Quantization of $\text{Out}(G)$ -Twisted Character Varieties

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Quantization of G -local Systems

The BZBJ-approach to quantization



Setup:

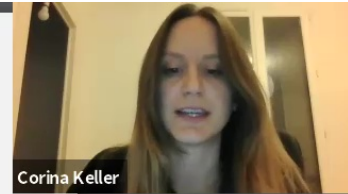
- $\Sigma = \Sigma_{g,r}$, $r > 0$
- G : Reductive algebraic group
- $\mathcal{M}_G(\Sigma)$: Moduli space of G -local systems on Σ

Theorem (Ben-Zvi-Brochier-Jordan '18)

$$\mathrm{QCoh}(\mathcal{M}_G(\Sigma)) \cong \int_{\Sigma} \mathrm{Rep}(G)$$

Quantization of G -local Systems

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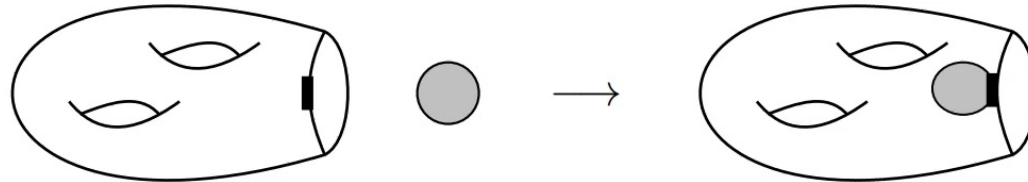
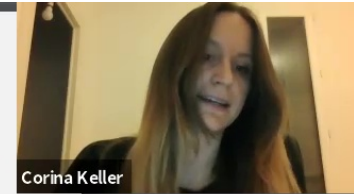
Idea:

- Quantize locally: $\mathrm{Rep}(G) \rightsquigarrow \mathrm{Rep}_q(G)$
- Glue local data via factorization homology
 \rightsquigarrow Quantum character variety $:= \int_{\Sigma} \mathrm{Rep}_q(G)$

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Quantization of G -local Systems

The BZBJ-approach to quantization



$$\int_{\Sigma} \text{Rep}_q(G) \boxtimes \text{Rep}_q(G) \xrightarrow{\text{act}} \int_{\Sigma} \text{Rep}_q(G)$$

Strategy: Describe category $\int_{\Sigma} \text{Rep}_q(G)$ internally in terms of $\text{Rep}_q(G)$ (Barr-Beck monadic reconstruction)

Theorem (Ben-Zvi-Brochier-Jordan '18)

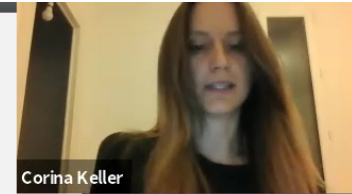
Given a ribbon graph presentation of Σ with one vertex, there is an equivalence

$$\int_{\Sigma} \text{Rep}_q(G) \cong a_q^{\text{AGS}}\text{-Mod}_{\text{Rep}_q(G)}$$

with a_q^{AGS} = Alekseev-Grosse-Schomerus algebra.

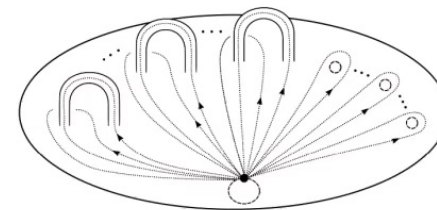
Quantization of G -local Systems

Combinatorial quantization



Alekseev-Grosse-Schomerus algebras:

- 'Building blocks':
 - Reflection equation algebra $\mathcal{O}_q(G)$
(= braided dual \widetilde{H}° for $H = U_q(\mathfrak{g})$)
 - Algebra of quantum differential operators $D_q(G)$
 $D_q(G) = \mathcal{O}_q(G) \otimes \mathcal{O}_q(G) + \text{certain cross-relations}$
- $a_q^{\text{AGS}} = D_q(G)^{\widetilde{\otimes} g} \widetilde{\otimes} \mathcal{O}_q(G)^{\widetilde{\otimes} r-1}$ twisted tensor product of REAs and quantum differential operators
- a_q^{AGS} is a quantization of the Fock-Rosly Poisson structure on G -representation variety G^{2g+r-1}



Factorization Homology on Surfaces with D -Bundles



K-Müller

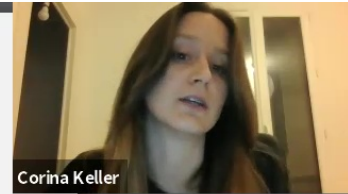
For a finite group D , we compute categorical factorization homology on oriented surfaces equipped with principal D -bundles

For $D = \text{Out}(G)$ we use factorization homology to quantize $\text{Out}(G)$ -twisted character varieties

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Categorical Factorization Homology

Linear categories



Setup:

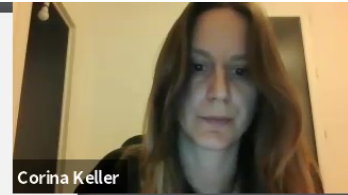
- (Pr_c, \boxtimes) : (2,1)-category of \mathbb{K} -linear locally finitely presentable categories
 - **Objects**: \mathbb{K} -linear categories that are
 - Cocomplete
 - Finitely generated by compact objects
 - **1-Morphisms**: Cocontinuous \mathbb{K} -linear functors
 - **2-Morphisms**: Natural isomorphisms

with \boxtimes the Deligne-Kelly tensor product

$$\text{Pr}_c[\mathcal{C} \boxtimes \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{E}] \cong \text{Bil}_{\text{cocont}}(\mathcal{C} \times \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{E})$$

Categorical Factorization Homology

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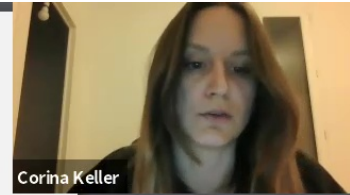
$$\text{Pr}_c[\mathcal{C} \boxtimes \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{E}] \cong \text{Bil}_{\text{cocont}}(\mathcal{C} \times \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{E})$$

Main example:

- H : Ribbon Hopf algebra
- $\rightsquigarrow H\text{-Mod}_{lf} \in \text{Pr}_c$

Categorical Factorization Homology

Disk-algebras



A framed E_2 -algebra is a symmetric monoidal functor

$$\mathcal{A}: \text{Disk}_{\text{or}}^{2, \sqcup} \rightarrow \text{Pr}_c^{\boxtimes}$$

$\text{Man}_{\text{or}}^{2, \sqcup}$:

- **Objects:** Oriented surfaces
- **1-Morphisms:** Oriented embeddings
- **2-Morphisms:** Equivalence classes of isotopies of embeddings

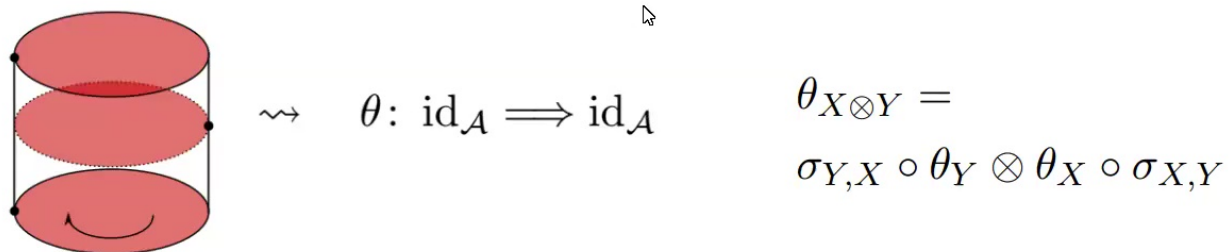
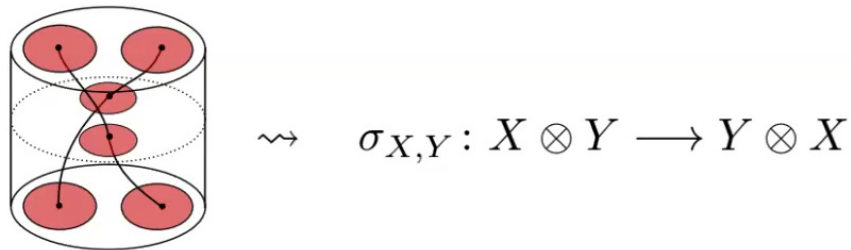
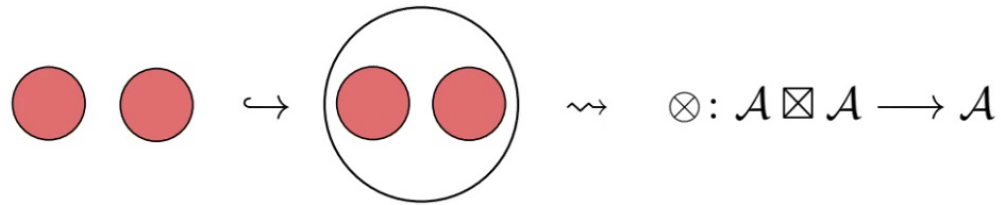
$\text{Disk}_{\text{or}}^{2, \sqcup} \subset \text{Man}_{\text{or}}^{2, \sqcup}$: Full subcategory of disks \mathbb{R}^2 and finite disjoint unions thereof

Salvatore-Wahl '03

A framed E_2 -algebra in Pr_c is a balanced braided tensor category.

Categorical Factorization Homology

Framed E_2 -algebras in Pr_c^\boxtimes



Categorical Factorization Homology

Lurie, Ayala-Francis, Ayala-Francis-Tanaka



Factorization homology $\int_{\bullet} \mathcal{A}$ with coefficients in a framed E_2 -algebra \mathcal{A} is the left Kan extension

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Disk}_{\text{or}}^{2, \sqcup} & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{A}} & \text{Pr}_c^{\boxtimes} \\ \downarrow & \nearrow \int_{\bullet} \mathcal{A} & \\ \text{Man}_{\text{or}}^{2, \sqcup} & & \end{array} \quad \int_M \mathcal{A} = \text{colim}_{\mathbb{D}^{\sqcup n} \rightarrow M} \mathcal{A}(\mathbb{D}^{\sqcup n})$$

Theorem (Ayala-Francis '15)

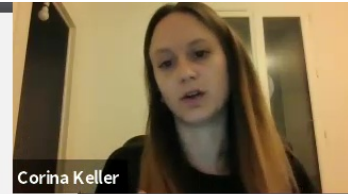
The functor $\int_{\bullet} \mathcal{A}$ satisfies (and is characterized by)

- $\int_{\mathbb{D}} \mathcal{A} \cong \mathcal{A}$
- If $M \cong N \times (-1, 1)$, then $\int_M \mathcal{A}$ is E_1 -algebra in Pr_c
- $\int_{\bullet} \mathcal{A}$ satisfies \boxtimes -excision

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Categorical Factorization Homology

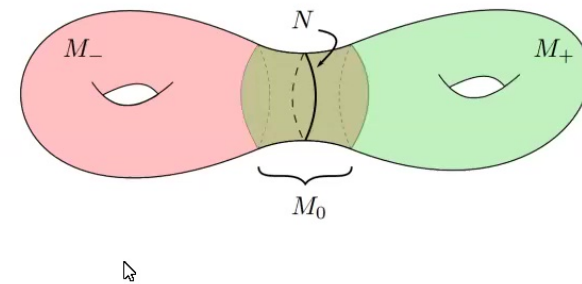
⊠-Excision



Theorem (Ayala-Francis '15 -
⊠-excision)

Factorization homology satisfies
excision:

$$\int_{M_- \cup_{M_0} M_+} \mathcal{A} \cong \int_{M_-} \mathcal{A} \boxtimes_{\int_{M_0} \mathcal{A}} \int_{M_+} \mathcal{A}$$



Relative tensor product $\mathcal{M} \boxtimes_c \mathcal{N}$ is the colimit in Pr_c of the
diagram:

$$\mathcal{M} \boxtimes \mathcal{C} \boxtimes \mathcal{C} \boxtimes \mathcal{N} \rightrightarrows \mathcal{M} \boxtimes \mathcal{C} \boxtimes \mathcal{N} \rightrightarrows \mathcal{M} \boxtimes \mathcal{N}$$

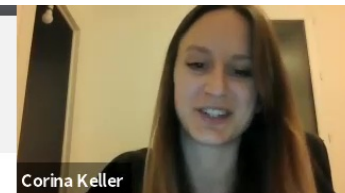
D -Structured Categorical Factorization Homology



Setup

- D : Finite group
- $D\text{-Man}_{\text{or}}^{2, \sqcup}$: (2,1)-category of manifolds with D -bundles
 - **Objects**: $(\Sigma, \varphi: \Sigma \rightarrow BD)$
 - **1-Morphisms**: $(\Sigma, \varphi) \xrightarrow{f, h} (\Sigma', \varphi')$, with $f: \Sigma \rightarrow \Sigma'$ an embedding and $h: \varphi \rightarrow f^* \varphi'$ a homotopy
 - **2-Morphisms**: Equivalence classes of isotopies between embeddings and compatible paths of homotopies

D -Structured Categorical Factorization Homology



Setup

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Ayala-Francis '15

D -structured factorization homology

$$\begin{array}{ccc} D\text{-Disk}_{\text{or}}^{2,\sqcup} & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{A}} & \mathbf{Pr}_c^{\boxtimes} \\ \downarrow & \nearrow \int_{\bullet} \mathcal{A} & \\ D\text{-Man}_{\text{or}}^{2,\sqcup} & & \end{array}$$

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D -Structured Categorical Factorization Homology

Disk algebras with D -action

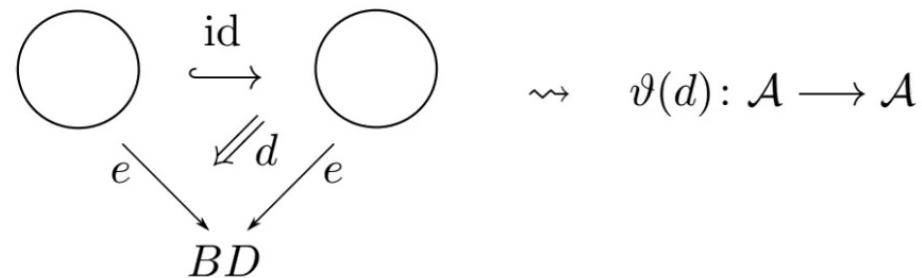


Weelinck '20

A D - $\text{Disk}_{\text{or}}^{2, \sqcup}$ -algebra in Pr_c is a balanced braided tensor category \mathcal{A} with a D -action; There are balanced braided automorphisms

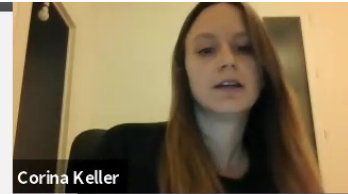
$$\vartheta(d): \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \mathcal{A}, \quad \vartheta(d)\vartheta(d') \cong \vartheta(dd')$$

for all $d \in D$



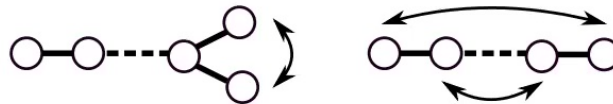
D -Structured Categorical Factorization Homology

Example: $\text{Out}(G)$ -action on representation categories of quantum groups



- $\text{Out}(G)$: Outer automorphisms of G
- Action of $\kappa \in \text{Out}(G)$ on $\text{Rep}(G)$:
$$V \in \text{Rep}(G) \mapsto (\kappa^{-1})^* V$$

 \rightsquigarrow Extend this action to representations of quantum groups
- Outer automorphisms are classified by Dynkin diagram automorphisms
 - I : set of nodes of Dynkin diagram
 - $(a_{ij})_{i,j \in I}$: Cartan matrix
 - $\kappa: I \rightarrow I$, such that $a_{ij} = a_{\kappa(i)\kappa(j)}$
- Examples: D_n ($n > 3$) and A_n ($n > 1$)



D -Structured Categorical Factorization Homology

Example: $\text{Out}(G)$ -action on representation categories of quantum groups



Setup:

- \mathfrak{g} : finite-dimensional simple Lie algebra (type A_n , D_n or E_6)
- $\Pi = \{\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n\}$: set of simple roots
- (a_{ij}) : Cartan matrix

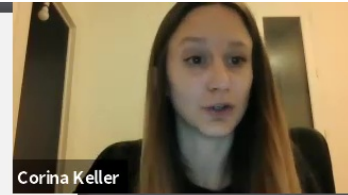
Formal quantum group $U_{\hbar}(\mathfrak{g})$:

- Hopf algebra deformation over $\mathbb{C}[[\hbar]]$ of $U(\mathfrak{g})$
- Generators: $\{H_{\alpha_i}, X_{\alpha_i}^{\pm}\}_{\alpha_i \in \Pi}$
- Action of $\kappa \in \text{Aut}(\Pi)$ on $U_{\hbar}(\mathfrak{g})$:

$$H_{\alpha_i} \mapsto H_{\alpha_{\kappa(i)}}, \quad X_{\alpha_i}^{\pm} \mapsto X_{\alpha_{\kappa(i)}}^{\pm}$$

D-Structured Categorical Factorization Homology

Example: $\text{Out}(G)$ -action on representation categories of quantum groups



$\text{Rep}_{\hbar}(G)$: Braided monoidal category with braiding coming from the universal R-matrix $\mathcal{R}_{\hbar} \in U_{\hbar}(\mathfrak{g}) \hat{\otimes} U_{\hbar}(\mathfrak{g})$

Example: $U_{\hbar}(\mathfrak{sl}_3)$

- Fix normal ordering on positive roots

$$\beta_1 = \alpha_1 \prec \beta_2 = \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 \prec \beta_3 = \alpha_2 \rightsquigarrow \text{Root vectors } X_{\beta_i}^{\pm}$$

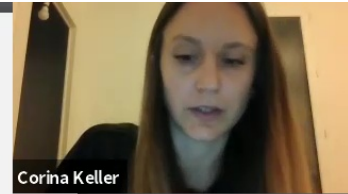
- Universal R-matrix:

$$\mathcal{R}_{\hbar} = \prod_{\alpha_i \in \Pi} e^{\hbar a_{ij}^{-1} H_{\alpha_i} \otimes H_{\alpha_j}} \prod_{\beta_1 \prec \beta_2 \prec \beta_3} \exp_q((1-q^{-2}) X_{\beta_i}^+ \otimes X_{\beta_i}^-) = \Omega \hat{\mathcal{R}}$$

- Dynkin diagram automorphism: $\bullet \overset{\curvearrowright}{\longleftrightarrow} \bullet$

D-Structured Categorical Factorization Homology

Example: $\text{Out}(G)$ -action on representation categories of quantum groups



Example continued...

$$\mathcal{R}_{\hbar} = \prod_{\alpha_i \in \Pi} e^{\hbar a_{ij}^{-1} H_{\alpha_i} \otimes H_{\alpha_j}} \prod_{\beta_1 \prec \beta_2 \prec \beta_3} \exp_q((1 - q^{-2}) X_{\beta_i}^+ \otimes X_{\beta_i}^-)$$

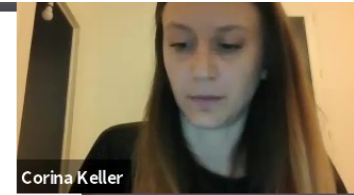
Action of automorphism on \mathcal{R}_{\hbar} :

- Ω is invariant since $a_{ij} = a_{\kappa(i)\kappa(j)}$
- Action on $\widehat{\mathcal{R}}$ corresponds to change of normal order
$$\alpha_1 \prec \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 \prec \alpha_2 \Leftrightarrow \alpha_2 \prec \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 \prec \alpha_1$$
- \mathcal{R}_{\hbar} is independent of chosen normal ordering of positive roots

Proposition

The balanced braided tensor category $\text{Rep}_{\hbar}(\mathfrak{g})$ admits a left $\text{Out}(G)$ -action. Similarly, $\text{Rep}_q(G)$ has a left $\text{Out}(G)$ -action.

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Corina Keller

1. Introduction and Background on Factorization Homology

2. Computation of D -Structured Factorization Homology

2.1 Annuli with D -bundles

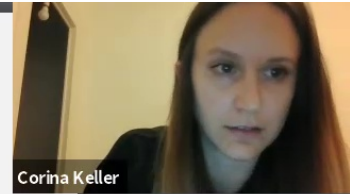
2.2 Punctured Surfaces with D -bundles

3. Quantization of $\text{Out}(G)$ -Twisted Character Varieties



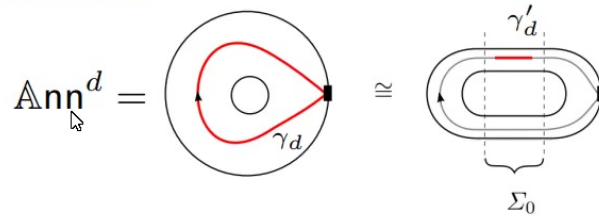
Computations on Surfaces with Boundary

Annulus with D -bundle



Excision:

- Undecorated case: $\int_{\text{Ann}} \mathcal{A} \cong \mathcal{A} \boxtimes_{\mathcal{A} \boxtimes \mathcal{A}} \mathcal{A}$
- D -Decorated case:



$$\phi: (\Sigma_0, \gamma'_d) \cong (N \times (-1, 1), *) \text{ in } D\text{-Man}^2$$

\rightsquigarrow Compatibility of ϕ and excision leads to twisting of module structure:

$$\int_{\text{Ann}^d} \mathcal{A} \cong \mathcal{A}_{\langle d \rangle} \boxtimes_{\mathcal{A} \boxtimes \mathcal{A}} \mathcal{A}$$

Reconstruction for Module Categories

Ostrik, BZBJ



- \mathcal{A} : Rigid abelian tensor category
- \mathcal{M} : Abelian category with action $\mathcal{M} \boxtimes \mathcal{A} \xrightarrow{\text{act}} \mathcal{M}$ in Pr_c . For each $m \in \mathcal{M}$:

$$\mathcal{A} \xrightarrow{\text{act}_m} \mathcal{M}, \quad a \mapsto \text{act}(m \boxtimes a)$$

Get functor: $\mathcal{M} \xrightarrow{\widetilde{\text{act}}_m^R} \text{act}_m^R \circ \text{act}_m - \text{Mod}_{\mathcal{A}}, \quad X \mapsto \text{act}_m^R(X)$

Theorem (BZBJ - based on Barr-Beck theorem)

Let $m \in \mathcal{M}$ be such that act_m^R is faithful and colimit preserving

$$\mathcal{M} \xrightarrow{\widetilde{\text{act}}_m^R} \underline{\text{End}}_{\mathcal{A}}(m) - \text{Mod}_{\mathcal{A}}$$

is an equivalence of \mathcal{A} -module categories, where

$$\underline{\text{End}}_{\mathcal{A}}(m) := \text{act}_m^R \text{act}_m(1_{\mathcal{A}})$$

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Computations on Surfaces with Boundary

Annulus with D -bundle



Reconstruction:

Have \mathcal{A} -module functor

$$G: \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \mathcal{A}_{\langle d \rangle} \boxtimes_{\mathcal{A} \boxtimes \mathcal{A}} \mathcal{A}, \quad a \mapsto 1_{\mathcal{A}} \boxtimes a$$

with right adjoint

$$m \boxtimes a \xrightarrow{G^R} (\text{reg}_{1_{\mathcal{A}}}^d)^R(m) \triangleright a$$

Twisted regular action

$$\text{reg}^d: \mathcal{A}_{\langle d \rangle} \boxtimes \mathcal{A} \boxtimes \mathcal{A} \xrightarrow{\text{id} \boxtimes \text{id} \boxtimes \vartheta(d)} \mathcal{A}_{\langle d \rangle} \boxtimes \mathcal{A} \boxtimes \mathcal{A} \xrightarrow{T} \mathcal{A}_{\langle d \rangle}$$

K-Müller (following BZBJ)

We have an equivalence

$$\int_{\text{Ann}^d} \mathcal{A} \cong T(\underline{\text{End}}^d(1_{\mathcal{A}}))\text{-Mod}_{\mathcal{A}}$$

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Computations on Surfaces with Boundary

Annulus with D -bundle



Twisted coend algebra:

$$\mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^d := T(\underline{\text{End}}^d(1_{\mathcal{A}})) \cong \int^{\text{comp}(\mathcal{A})} V^{\vee} \otimes \vartheta(d^{-1})(V)$$

Example:

- $\mathcal{A} = H\text{-Mod}_{lf}$ for H a ribbon Hopf algebra with D -action
- $\mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^e$ is REA
- $\mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^d = \int^{V \in \text{comp}(\mathcal{A})} V^{\vee} \otimes d^*V \cong (H^{\circ}, \text{ad}_d^*)$ with twisted multiplication:

$$m^d(\psi \otimes \phi) = \psi(\mathcal{R}_1(-)d.\mathcal{R}'_1) \cdot \phi(S(\mathcal{R}'_2)\mathcal{R}_2(-))$$

Computations on Surfaces with Boundary

Annulus with D -bundle



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$$\int_{\text{Ann}^d} \mathcal{A} \cong \mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^d\text{-Mod}_{\mathcal{A}}$$

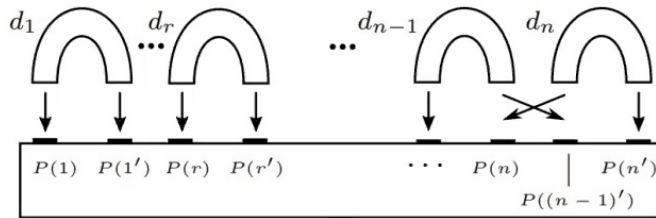
Computations on Surfaces with Boundary

General punctured surfaces with D -bundles



Combinatorial description of surface with D -bundle:

- Ribbon graph model for $\Sigma \Leftrightarrow$ Gluing pattern
 $P: \{1, 1', \dots, n, n'\} \xrightarrow{\cong} \{1, 2, \dots, 2n\}, P(i) < P(i')$
- Group elements d_1, \dots, d_n , one for each edge of the graph

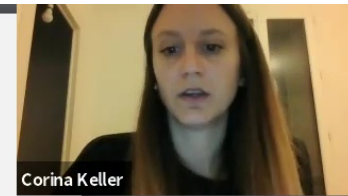


\rightsquigarrow Attach algebra in \mathcal{A} to this combinatorial data:

$$a_P^{d_1, \dots, d_n} := \bigotimes_{i=1}^n \mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^{d_i}$$

Computations on Surfaces with Boundary

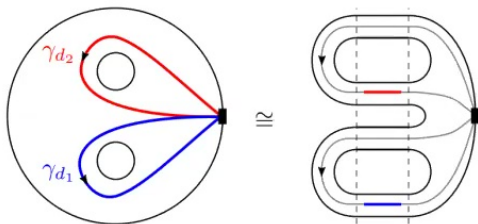
General punctured surfaces with D -bundles



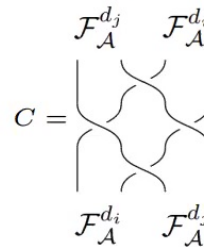
Algebra $a_P^{d_1, \dots, d_n}$

- $a_P^{d_1, \dots, d_n} := \bigotimes_{i=1}^n \mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^{d_i}$ as object in \mathcal{A}
- Cross-relations determined by gluing pattern
- Example: $\Sigma = \Sigma_{0,3}$, $P(1, 1', 2, 2') = (1, 2, 3, 4)$

$$a_P^{d_1, d_2} = \mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^{d_1} \otimes \mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^{d_2}$$



Multiplication:



$$\begin{aligned} & \mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^{d_1} \otimes \mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^{d_2} \otimes \mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^{d_1} \otimes \mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^{d_2} \\ & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes C \otimes \text{id}} (\mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^{d_1})^{\otimes 2} \otimes (\mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^{d_2})^{\otimes 2} \\ & \xrightarrow{m \otimes m} \mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^{d_1} \otimes \mathfrak{F}_{\mathcal{A}}^{d_2} \end{aligned}$$

Computations on Surfaces with Boundary

General punctured surfaces with D -bundles



Theorem (K-Müller)

Let Σ be a surface with at least one boundary component. Fix a principal D -bundle $\varphi: \Sigma \rightarrow BD$ on Σ and a corresponding decorated ribbon graph (P, d_1, \dots, d_n) . We have an equivalence of categories

$$\int_{\varphi: \Sigma \rightarrow BD} \mathcal{A} \cong a_P^{d_1, \dots, d_n} \text{-Mod}_{\mathcal{A}} \quad .$$



1. Introduction and Background on Factorization Homology

2. Computation of D -Structured Factorization Homology

2.1 Annuli with D -bundles

2.2 Punctured Surfaces with D -bundles

3. Quantization of $\text{Out}(G)$ -Twisted Character Varieties

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Out(G)-Twisted Representation Variety

Meinrenken, Müller-Szabo-Szegedy



Setup

- $\Sigma = \Sigma_{g,r}$, $r > 0$
- $\rho: \pi_1(\Sigma) \rightarrow \text{Out}(G) \Leftrightarrow (\kappa_1, \dots, \kappa_n) \in \text{Out}(G)^{2g+r-1}$

ρ -twisted G -representation variety:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & G \rtimes \text{Out}(G) \\ & \nearrow & \downarrow \\ \pi_1(\Sigma) & \xrightarrow{\rho} & \text{Out}(G) \end{array}$$

Definition

An element in the ρ -twisted representation variety is a map of sets

$$\varphi: \pi_1(\Sigma) \rightarrow G \text{ such that } \varphi(\gamma_1 \circ \gamma_2) = \varphi(\gamma_1) \rho(\gamma_1) \cdot \varphi(\gamma_2)$$

Twisted conjugation action: $\varphi(\gamma) \mapsto g \varphi(\gamma) \rho(\gamma) \cdot g^{-1}$

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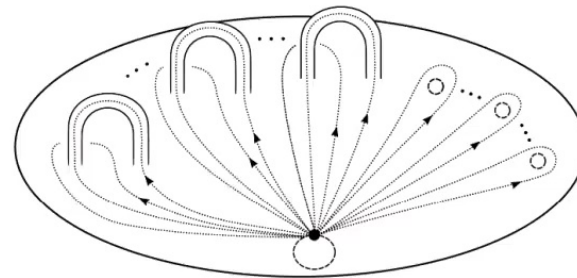
Poisson Structure on G -Representation Variety

Lattice gauge theory à la Fock and Rosly



Input:

- Graph model (v, E) for Σ
- Graph connection
 $A: E \rightarrow G$
- Set of graph connections
 $\mathcal{A} \cong G^{2g+r-1}$
- Lattice gauge group $\mathcal{G} = G$
- Classical r -matrix



Get: Fock-Rosly Poisson structure on G -representation variety,
such that \mathcal{G} -action is Poisson-Lie
 \rightsquigarrow FR-Poisson structure on \mathcal{A}/\mathcal{G}

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Out(G)-Twisted Representation Variety

Twisted Fock-Rosly Poisson structure



Proposition (K-Müller)

Fix an Out(G)-bundle on Σ , described by $\underline{\kappa} = (\kappa_1, \dots, \kappa_n)$. The bivector field

$$\pi = \sum_{\alpha < \beta \in \bar{E}} r^{ij} x_i(\alpha) \wedge x_j(\beta) + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha \in \bar{E}} r^{ij} x_i(\alpha) \wedge x_j(\beta)$$

where

$$x(\alpha) = \begin{cases} -x^R(\alpha) & \text{if } \alpha \text{ incoming} \\ (\kappa_\alpha)_* x^L(\alpha) & \text{if } \alpha \text{ outgoing} \end{cases}$$

is a Poisson structure on the $\underline{\kappa}$ -twisted representation variety and the twisted conjugation action is Poisson-Lie

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Quantization



Algebra defined via κ -decorated gluing pattern

$$a_{\hbar}^{\kappa_1, \dots, \kappa_n} = \otimes_{i=1}^n \mathcal{O}_{\hbar}^{\kappa_i}(G) \in \text{Rep}_{\hbar}(G),$$

- Want to show:

$$\frac{[f_{\hbar}^{\kappa_i}, g_{\hbar}^{\kappa_j}]}{\hbar} \text{mod}(\hbar) = \{f^{\kappa_i}, g^{\kappa_j}\}$$

for $f_{\hbar}^{\kappa_i} \in \mathcal{O}_{\hbar}^{\kappa_i}(G)$ and $g_{\hbar}^{\kappa_j} \in \mathcal{O}_{\hbar}^{\kappa_j}(G)$

- $\mathcal{R} = 1 + \hbar r + \mathcal{O}(\hbar^2)$
- $r = \omega + t \in \mathfrak{g} \otimes \mathfrak{g}$: classical r-matrix



Quantization



Algebra defined via $\underline{\kappa}$ -decorated gluing pattern

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- $r = \omega + t \in \mathfrak{g} \otimes \mathfrak{g}$: classical r-matrix

Example: Ann^{κ}

Twisted STS-Poisson structure

$$\pi_{STS}^{\kappa} = \omega^{\text{ad}(\kappa), \text{ad}(\kappa)} + t^{R, L(\kappa)} - t^{L(\kappa), R}$$

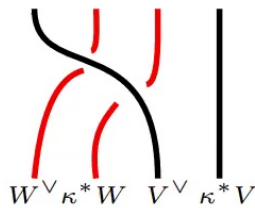
$$\text{with } x^{\text{ad}(\kappa)} = x^R - \kappa_* x^L$$

Quantization



Example continued...

$$\pi_{Drin} = \omega^{L,L} - \omega^{R,R}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \pi_{Drin} &\rightsquigarrow \pi_{Drin} + r^{R,R} - r^{L(\kappa),R} \\ &\rightsquigarrow \underbrace{\pi_{Drin} + r^{R,R} - r^{L(\kappa),R} - r_{2,1}^{R,R} + r_{2,1}^{R,L(\kappa)}}_{=\pi_{STS}^\kappa} \end{aligned}$$



Theorem (K-Müller)

The algebra $a_{\hbar}^{\kappa_1, \dots, \kappa_n}$ is a deformation quantization of the twisted Fock-Rosly Poisson structure



Questions?

