

Title: Summer Undergrad 2020 - Numerical Methods (A) - Lecture 5

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Collection: Summer Undergrad 2020 - Numerical Methods

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Abstract: Exact diagonalization part 3: Expectation values and correlation functions in the Ising model GS , using these and energy gaps to identify a quantum phase transition; Demonstration of using matrix product states for the Ising model



Note Jun 5, 2020 (2)

Jun 5, 2020 at 1:55 PM



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Matrix Product States

 $N=2$

$$|\psi\rangle = a|\uparrow\uparrow\rangle + b|\uparrow\downarrow\rangle + c|\downarrow\uparrow\rangle + d|\downarrow\downarrow\rangle$$

Some wave functions are
"product states"

$$\begin{aligned} |\psi\rangle &= |\psi_0\rangle \otimes |\hat{\psi}_1\rangle \\ &= (a_0|\uparrow\rangle + b_0|\downarrow\rangle) \otimes (\end{aligned}$$

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$$\underline{N=2}$$

$$|\psi\rangle = a|\uparrow\uparrow\rangle + b|\uparrow\downarrow\rangle + c|\downarrow\uparrow\rangle + d|\downarrow\downarrow\rangle$$

Some wave functions are
"product states"

$$|\psi\rangle = |\psi_0\rangle \otimes |\hat{\psi}_1\rangle$$

$$= (a_0|\uparrow\rangle + b_0|\downarrow\rangle) \otimes (a_1|\uparrow\rangle + b_1|\downarrow\rangle)$$

Not all states are product states



eg $|\psi\rangle = \frac{|\uparrow\uparrow\rangle + |\downarrow\downarrow\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$ not a product state
"entangled"

Product states are useful

N sites, $|\psi\rangle = |\psi_0\rangle \otimes |\psi_1\rangle \otimes \dots \otimes |\psi_{n-1}\rangle$

$$\langle \sigma_i^z \rangle = \langle \text{Id} \otimes \dots \otimes \sigma_i^z \otimes \dots \otimes \text{Id} \rangle$$

$$= \langle \psi_0 | \text{Id} | \psi_0 \rangle \cdot \langle \psi_1 | \text{Id} | \psi_1 \rangle \cdot \dots \cdot \langle \psi_i | \sigma^z | \psi_i \rangle \cdot \dots \cdot \langle \psi_{n-1} | \text{Id} | \psi_{n-1} \rangle$$



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~~$\langle \psi_i | \sigma^z | \psi_i \rangle$~~

$$\langle \psi_i | \sigma^z | \psi_i \rangle \dots \langle \psi_{n-1} | \sigma^z | \psi_{n-1} \rangle$$

$$= 1 \cdot 1 \dots \langle \psi_i | \sigma^z | \psi_i \rangle \cdot 1 \dots 1$$

$$= \langle \psi_i | \sigma^z | \psi_i \rangle$$

only need to know $|\psi_i\rangle$

reduced from $2^N \rightarrow 2$ coeffs



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Matrix product states:

Try to write non-product states in a way that lets us do these same efficient calculations

eg $N=2$ $(a_0 |↑↑\rangle + b_0 |↓↓\rangle)$



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eg $N=2$ $(a_0 |\uparrow\rangle + b_0 |\downarrow\rangle) \otimes (a_1 |\uparrow\rangle + b_1 |\downarrow\rangle)$



$$(A_0 |\uparrow\rangle + B_0 |\downarrow\rangle) \otimes (A_1 |\uparrow\rangle + B_1 |\downarrow\rangle)$$



matrices

Any state can be written
as a matrix product
state





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matrices

Any state can be written
as a matrix product
state

$$|\psi\rangle = \frac{|\uparrow\uparrow\rangle + |\downarrow\downarrow\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$A_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$





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Summary:

- Review of $spin-\frac{1}{2}$
 - general procedure for finding matrices for operators
- Tensor product spaces, states, operators





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(how to find matrices)

- 2-site Ising model

- N -site Ising model

→ identify a quantum phase transition



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transition

Test yourself:

I uploaded an exercise
notebook: solve a
different model:

XXZ mod



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XXZ model:

$$H = \left(g \cdot \sum_i \sigma_i^z \sigma_{i+1}^z \right) + \sum_i \left(\sigma_i^x \sigma_{i+1}^x + \sigma_i^y \sigma_{i+1}^y \right)$$

dynamics



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$|\psi(0)\rangle$, - find eigenstates of H

- write

$$|\psi(0)\rangle = \sum_i c_i |v_i\rangle$$

- get time evolution

$$|\psi(t)\rangle = \sum_i c_i e^{-itE_i/\hbar} |v_i\rangle$$

- find expectation values
as a fct of time



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find expectation values
as a fct of time

$$|\psi(0)\rangle = |\uparrow\rangle \otimes |\rightarrow\rangle \otimes |\rightarrow\rangle$$

Find $\langle \sigma^z \rangle$ on all sites as a
fct of time



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2:18 PM Fri Jun 5



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sites



The End



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