

Title: Elliptic characteristic classes, bow varieties, 3d mirror duality

Speakers: Richard Rimanyi

Collection: Elliptic Cohomology and Physics

Date: May 27, 2020 - 7:00 PM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/20050057>

Abstract: We study elliptic characteristic classes of natural subvarieties in some ambient spaces, namely in homogeneous spaces and in Nakajima quiver varieties. The elliptic versions of such characteristic classes display an unexpected symmetry: after switching the equivariant and the Kahler parameters, the classes of varieties in one ambient space ``coincideâ€• with the classes of varieties in another ambient space. This duality gets explained as â€œ3d mirror dualityâ€• if we regard our ambient spaces as special cases of Cherkis bow varieties. I will report on a work in progress with Y. Shou, based on earlier related works with G. Felder, A. Smirnov, V. Tarasov, A. Varchenko, A. Weber, Z. Zhou.

Richárd Rimányi (UNC)
Elliptic characteristic classes,
bow varieties,
3d mirror symmetry

Elliptic cohomology and physics
Perimeter Institute for Theoretical Physics
May 2020



Based on

- work in progress with Y. Shou
- R-Weber: Elliptic classes of Schubert varieties via Bott-Samelson resolution
- R-Smirnov-Varchenko-Zhou: 3d mirror symmetry and elliptic stable envelopes
- R-Smirnov-Varchenko-Zhou: Three dimensional mirror self symmetry of the cotangent bundle of the full flag variety
- discussions with L. Rozansky

In the land of
characteristic classes of singularities
a beautiful structure is revealed, if
we study
elliptic characteristic classes.

\begin{walkthrough}

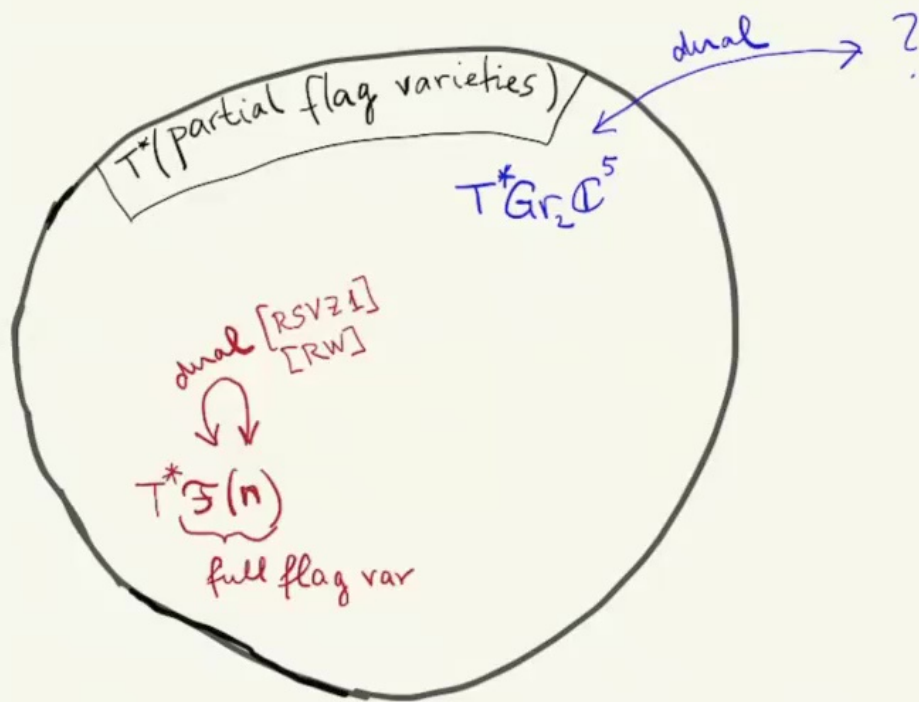
Characteristic class of (singular) subvariety.

$$\Sigma \subset M_{\text{smooth}} \rightarrow [\Sigma] \in H^{\text{codim}(\Sigma)}(M)$$

"right settings"

- equivariant $(T \curvearrowright (\Sigma \subset M), H_T^* \dots)$
- $\hbar$ -deformed $\text{class}(\Sigma \subset M) = [\bar{\Sigma}] + \text{h.o.t.}$
(c.f. $M \leadsto T^*M \dots$)
- $H \leadsto K \leadsto \text{Ell}$

$$\Rightarrow E(\Sigma \subset M) \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{equivariant} \\ \text{variables} \end{array}, \begin{array}{l} \text{dynamical} \\ \text{(aka K\"ahler) vars} \end{array}, \hbar \right) \in \text{Ell}_T(M)$$



$$X \xleftrightarrow{\text{dual}} X'$$

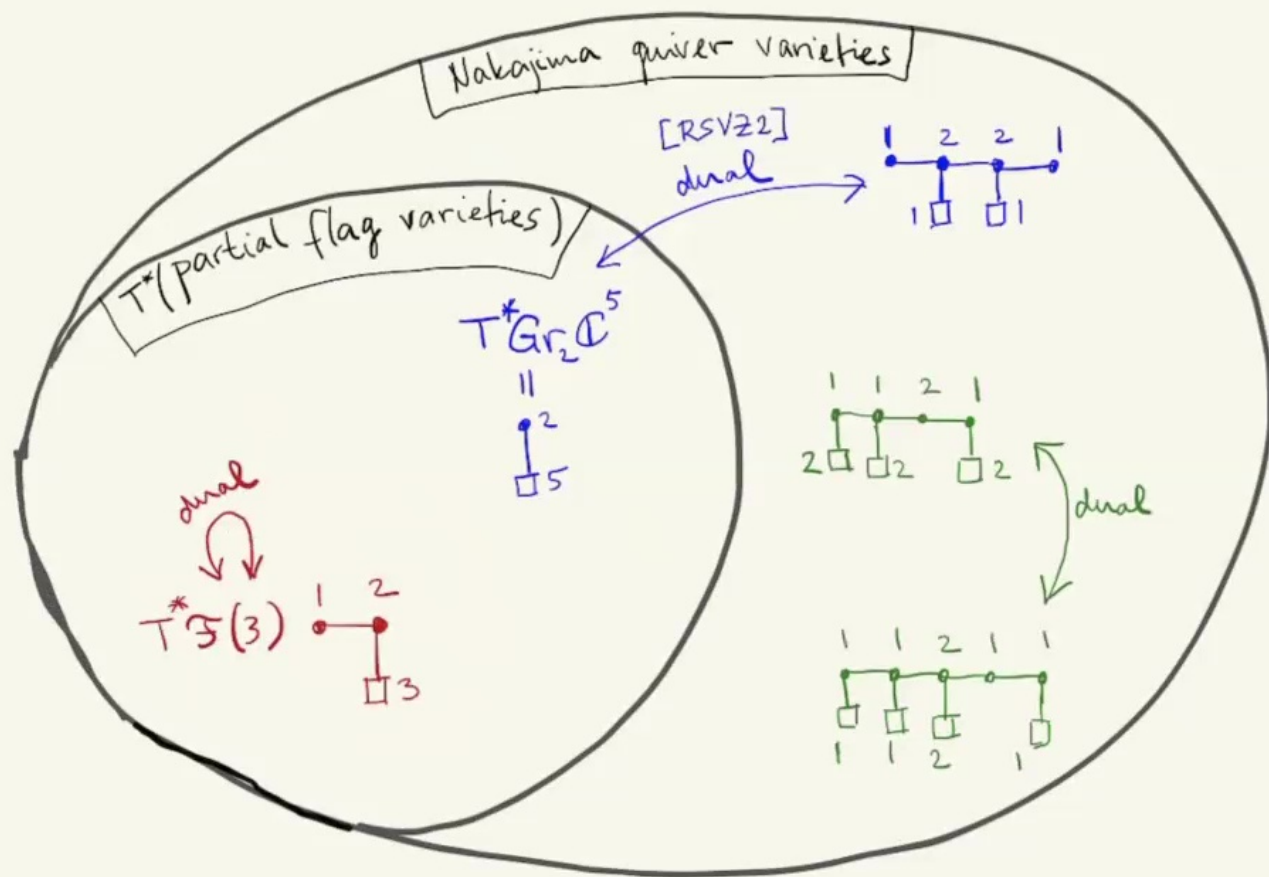
$$Eu(\Sigma \subset X) \stackrel{=}{=} Ell(\Sigma' \subset X')$$

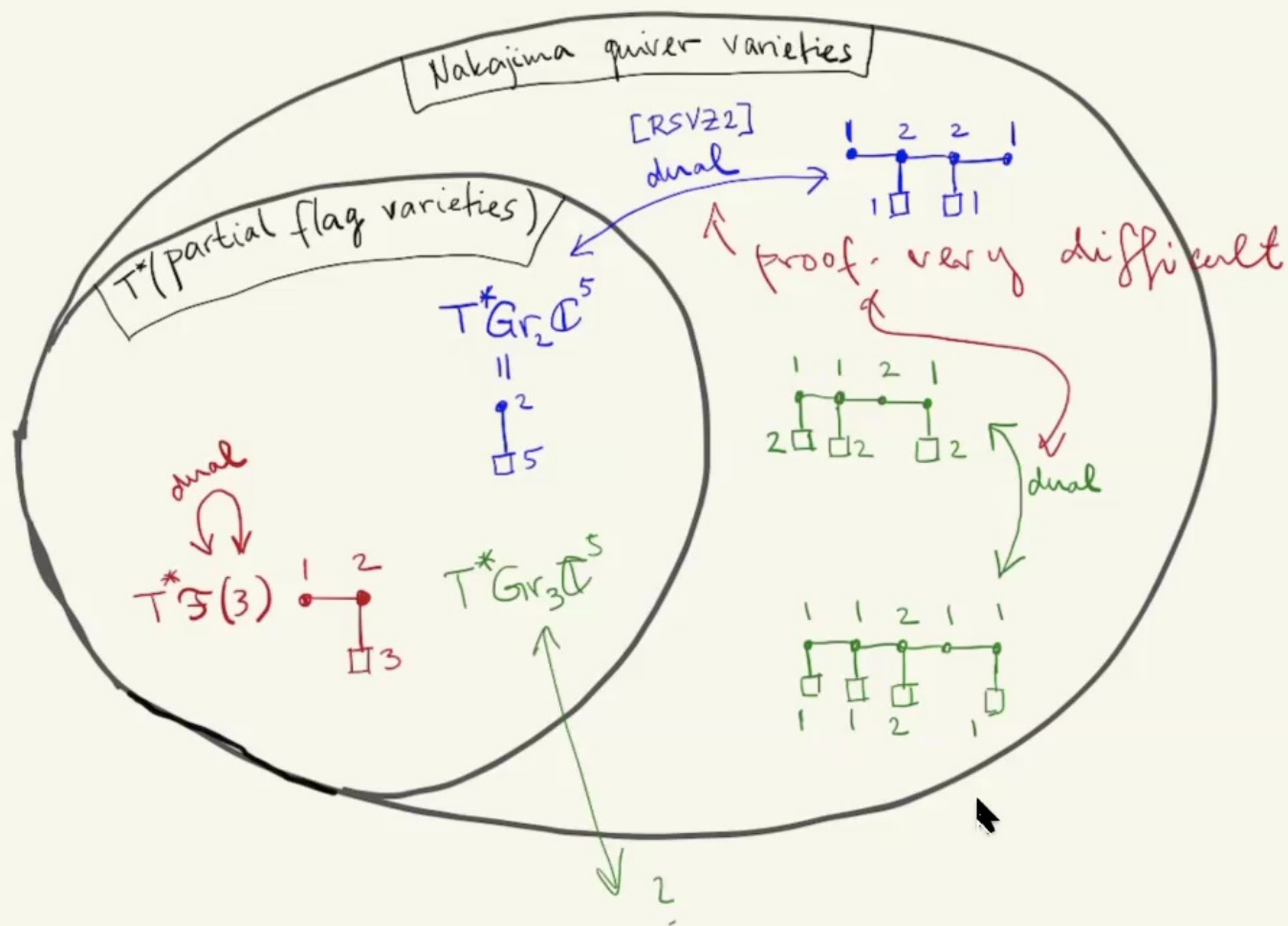
↑

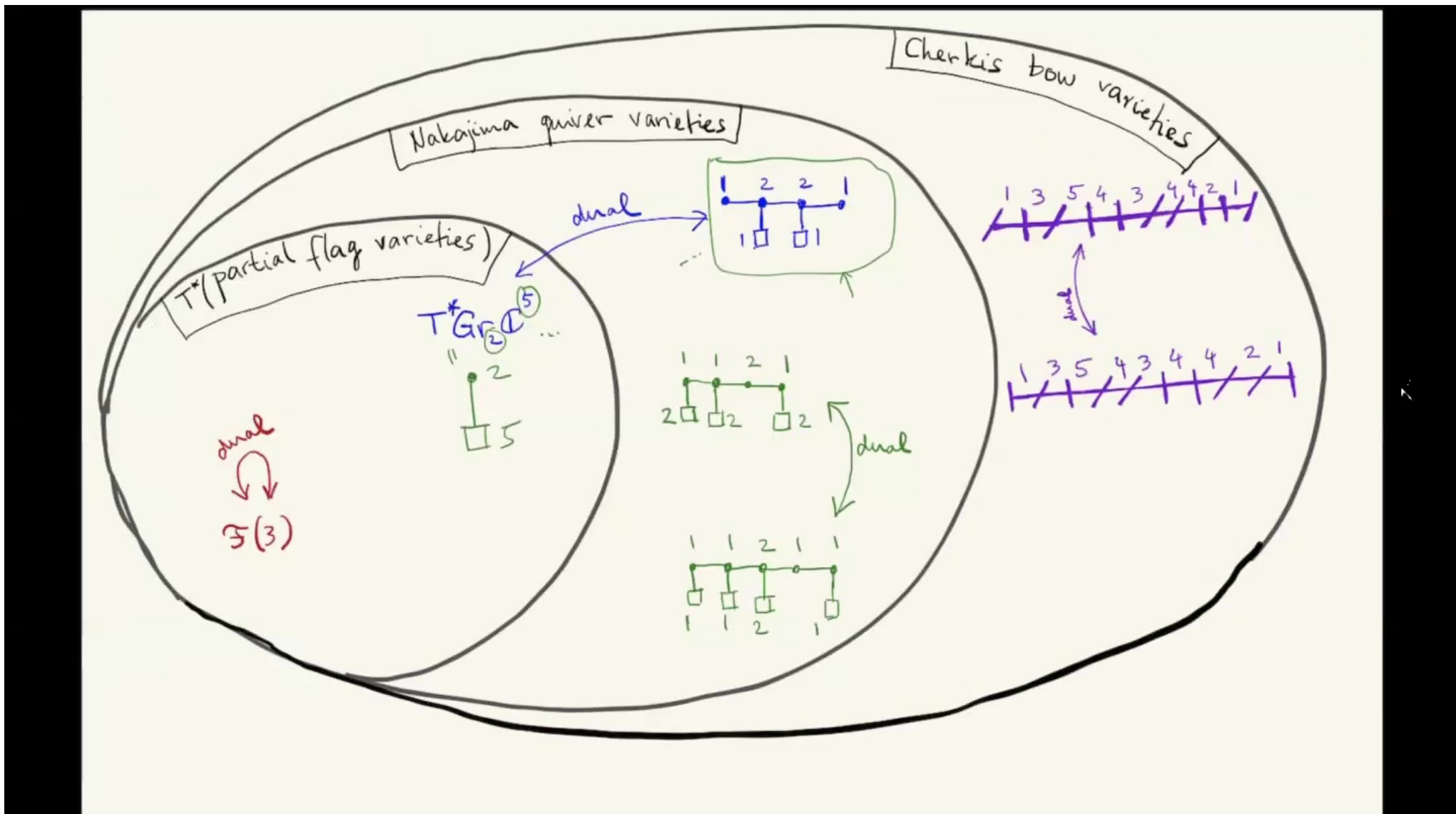
switch

equivariant $\leftrightarrow$ dynamical

$h \leftrightarrow h^{-1}$







\end {walkthrough}

→ sketch of elliptic char. classes
(4 slides)

→ bow varieties (18 slides)

Elliptic classes, stable envelopes
(sketch through an example)

Example $\mathbb{P}^2$ (or $T^*\mathbb{P}^2$)
 $\mathbb{P}^1 \sqcup A' \sqcup A^2$

$$\hookrightarrow T^3 \times \mathbb{C}_{\hbar}^*$$

3 fix pts

$$1 = (1:0:0)$$

$$2 = (0:1:0)$$

$$3 = (0:0:1)$$

$$E(\text{pt}) = \text{Stab}(1)$$

$$E(A') = \text{Stab}(2)$$

$$E(A^2) = \text{Stab}(3)$$

$$\in \text{Ell}_{T \times \mathbb{C}^*}(T^*\mathbb{P}^2)$$

restriction map

2 definitions

- geometry (R-Weber):
 "twisted Borisov-Libgober classes"

- repr. theory (Okounkov,
 Maulik, Aganagic)

axioms on these restrictions

$$\text{Ell}_{T \times \mathbb{C}^*}(1) \oplus \text{Ell}_{T \times \mathbb{C}^*}(2) \oplus \text{Ell}_{T \times \mathbb{C}^*}(3)$$

- repr. theory (Okounkov, Maulik, Aganagic)

axioms on these restrictions

$$\text{Ell}_{T \times \mathbb{C}}^{(1)} \oplus \text{Ell}_{T \times \mathbb{C}}^{(2)} \oplus \text{Ell}_{T \times \mathbb{C}^*}^{(3)}$$

axioms are motivated by this philosophy

Okounkov + Maulik, Aganagic, ... (see also R-Tarasov-Varchenko-...):

$$\boxed{H_{\mathbb{T}}^*(\mathcal{M}), K_{\mathbb{T}}(\mathcal{M}), \text{Ell}_{\mathbb{T}}(\mathcal{M})} \xleftrightarrow{1:1} \boxed{\text{Bethe algebra of quantum integrable systems}}$$

fixed point basis (easy)

spin basis (easy)

geometric basis (hard)
(named: "stable envelopes")

Bethe (eigen-) basis (hard)

$\downarrow \circlearrowleft \text{th}_\alpha$

$$T^3 \subset T^*P^2$$

3 fixed pts $1 = (1:0:0)$ $2 = (0:1:0)$ $3 = (0:0:1)$

equivariant parameters u_1, u_2, u_3

dynamical parameters μ_1, μ_2, μ_3

@1

@2

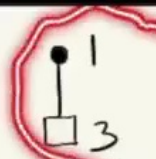
@3

$$\text{Stab}(1) =$$

$$\text{Stab}(2) =$$

$$\text{Stab}(3) =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \theta\left(\frac{u_2}{u_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{u_3}{u_1}\right) & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\theta(h) \theta\left(\frac{u_2 h \mu_2}{u_1 \mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{u_3}{u_1}\right)}{\theta\left(\frac{h \mu_2}{\mu_1}\right)} & \theta\left(\frac{h u_1}{u_2}\right) \theta\left(\frac{u_3}{u_2}\right) & 0 \\ \frac{\theta(h) \theta\left(\frac{h u_2}{u_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{u_3 \mu_2}{u_1 \mu_1}\right)}{\theta\left(\frac{\mu_2}{\mu_1}\right)} & \frac{\theta\left(\frac{h u_1}{u_2}\right) \theta(h) \theta\left(\frac{u_3 \mu_2}{u_2 \mu_1}\right)}{\theta\left(\frac{\mu_2}{\mu_1}\right)} & \theta\left(\frac{h u_1}{u_3}\right) \theta\left(\frac{h u_2}{u_3}\right) \end{bmatrix}$$



$$= T^* \mathbb{P}^2$$

$$W_1 := \theta\left(\frac{u_1 h \mu_2}{t \mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{u_2}{t h}\right) \theta\left(\frac{u_3}{t h}\right)$$

$$W_2 := \theta\left(\frac{u_1}{t}\right) \theta\left(\frac{u_2 \mu_2}{t \mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{u_3}{t h}\right)$$

$$W_3 := \theta\left(\frac{u_1}{t}\right) \theta\left(\frac{u_2}{t}\right) \theta\left(\frac{u_3 \mu_2}{t h \mu_1}\right)$$

fixpt1 $t = \frac{u_1}{h}$

fixpt2 $t = \frac{u_2}{h}$

fixpt3 $t = \frac{u_3}{h}$

substitute $u_1 = z_1 h^2$ $u_2 = z_2 h$ $u_3 = z_3$ (reparametrize)

$$\theta\left(\frac{h^2 \mu_2}{\mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{z_2}{h z_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{z_3}{z_1 h^2}\right)$$

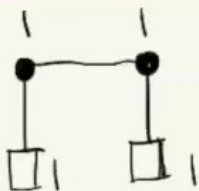
$$0$$

$$0$$

$$\theta(h) \theta\left(\frac{z_2 \mu_2}{z_1 \mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{z_3}{z_1 h^2}\right) \theta\left(\frac{h^2 z_1}{z_2}\right) \theta\left(\frac{h \mu_2}{\mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{z_3}{z_2 h}\right)$$

$$0$$

$$\theta(h) \theta\left(\frac{z_2}{z_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{z_3 \mu_2}{z_1 h^2 \mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{h^2 z_1}{z_2}\right) \theta(h) \theta\left(\frac{z_3 \mu_2}{z_2 h \mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{h^3 z_1}{z_3}\right) \theta\left(\frac{h^2 z_2}{z_3}\right) \theta\left(\frac{\mu_2}{\mu_1}\right)$$



$$F_1 := \theta\left(\frac{t_1}{u_1 h}\right) \theta\left(\frac{u_2 h^2 \mu_3}{t_2 \mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{t_2 \mu_2}{t_1 \mu_1}\right)$$

$$F_2 := \theta\left(\frac{t_1 \mu_1}{u_1 h^2 \mu_2}\right) \theta\left(\frac{u_2 h \mu_3}{t_2 \mu_2}\right) \theta\left(\frac{t_2}{t_1 h}\right)$$

$$F_3 := \theta\left(\frac{t_1 \mu_1}{u_1 h^3 \mu_3}\right) \theta\left(\frac{u_2}{t_2}\right) \theta\left(\frac{t_2 \mu_2}{t_1 h^2 \mu_3}\right)$$

fixpt1 $t_1 = \frac{u_1}{h}$ $t_2 = u_2$

fixpt2 $t_1 = u_1$ $t_2 = u_2$

fixpt3 $t_1 = u_1$ $t_2 = u_1$

substitute: $u_1 = z_1 h$ $u_2 = z_2 h$ (reparametrization)

$$\theta\left(\frac{z_2}{h^2 z_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{h^2 \mu_3}{\mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{h \mu_2}{\mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{1}{h}\right) \theta\left(\frac{h^2 \mu_3}{\mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{z_2 \mu_2}{z_1 \mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{1}{h}\right) \theta\left(\frac{z_2 h^2 \mu_3}{z_1 \mu_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{\mu_2}{\mu_1}\right)$$

$$0$$

$$\theta\left(\frac{\mu_1}{h^2 \mu_2}\right) \theta\left(\frac{h \mu_3}{\mu_2}\right) \theta\left(\frac{z_2}{h z_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{\mu_1}{h^2 \mu_2}\right) \theta\left(\frac{z_2 h \mu_3}{z_1 \mu_2}\right) \theta\left(\frac{1}{h}\right)$$

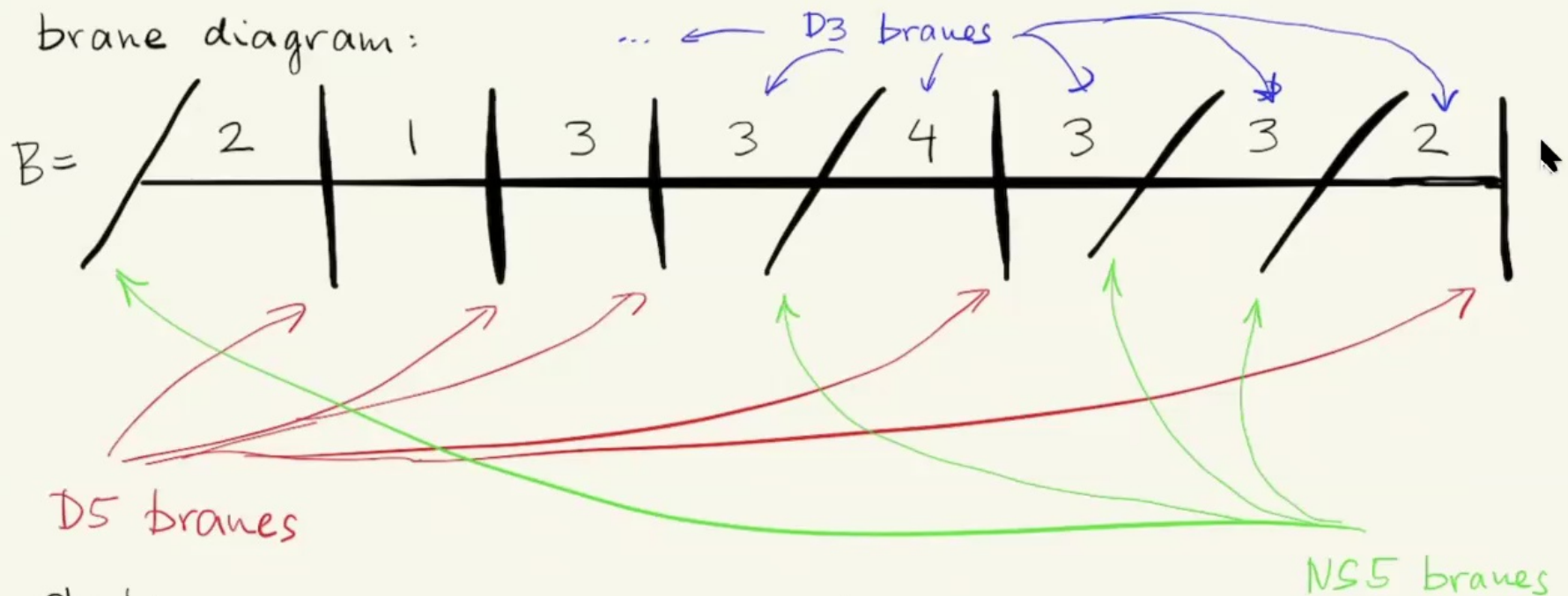
$$0$$

$$0$$

$$\theta\left(\frac{\mu_1}{h^3 \mu_3}\right) \theta\left(\frac{z_2}{z_1}\right) \theta\left(\frac{\mu_2}{h^2 \mu_3}\right)$$

transpose $h \leftrightarrow h^{-1}$
 $z_i \leftrightarrow z_i^{-1}$

Bow varieties



Cherkis
 $\xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}}$
 Nakajima-
 Takayama
 (well...
 stability
 parameters...)

$X(B) \leftarrow T^{\# \text{D5-branes}} \times \mathbb{C}_{\hbar}^*$
 variety with
 holomorphic
 symplectic str.
 $\xi_1^2, \xi_2^1, \xi_3^3, \dots$ tautological
 bundles
 ($\longleftrightarrow$ D3 branes)

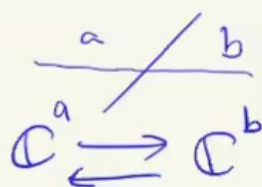
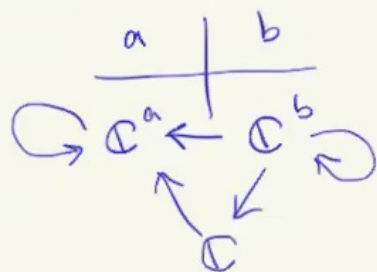
$$X(B) = ?$$

- [Cherkis 09, 10, 11]

$$X(B) = \mathcal{M} \left(U(n)\text{-instantons on multi-Taub-NUT spaces} \right)$$

$\Downarrow$
 gauge equiv. class of
 bow solutions $(\Leftrightarrow$ lin maps, connection
 satisfying constraints
 (eg Nahm's eqn))

- [Nakajima - Takayama '17]: "quiver" description



- some "commuting" eq'ns
[moment $R, \mathbb{C}$]
- open conditions (stability)
- then $/XGL_a$

How to study cohomology classes on $X(B)$?

localization. eg $T^5 \subset T^*Gr_2\mathbb{C}^5 \xleftarrow{\xi^2}$ need

- elements in H^* : $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Chern classes of tautological b's} \\ \text{equivariant parameters } u_1 \dots u_5 \end{array} \right.$
 $H_{T^5}^*(pt) = \mathbb{C}[u_1, \dots, u_5]$
- forms fixed pts $\leftrightarrow$ two element subsets of $\{1, 2, \dots, 5\}$

- specializations of taut. bundles at fixed pts

eg. fix pt $\leftrightarrow \{1, 3\}$ $H_{T^5}^*(T^*Gr_2\mathbb{C}^5) \rightarrow H_{T^5}^*(fix pt)$

$$\gamma_1 \longmapsto u_1$$

$$\gamma_2 \longmapsto u_3$$

tangent bundle = $\text{Hom}(\xi, \mathbb{C}^5 - \xi) \oplus \text{Hom}(\mathbb{C}^5 - \xi, \xi)$

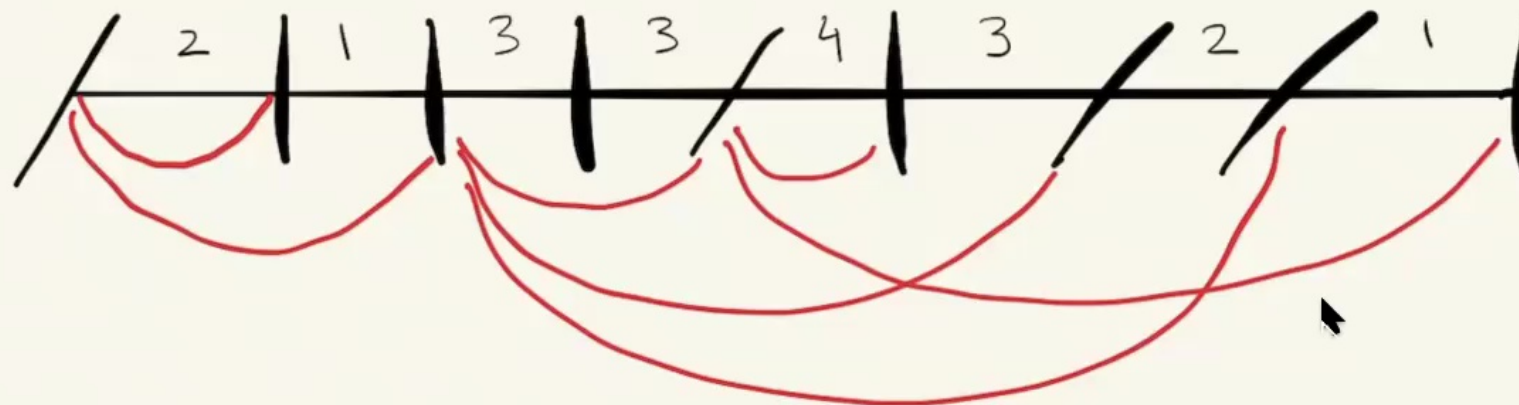
How to study cohomology classes on $X(B)$?

localization. eg $T^5 \subset T^*Gr_2\mathbb{C}^5 \xleftarrow{\xi^2}$ need:

- elements in H^* : $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Chern classes of tautological b's} \\ \text{equivariant parameters } u_1 \dots u_5 \end{array} \right.$
 $H_{T^5}^*(pt) = \mathbb{C}[u_1, \dots, u_5]$
- torus fixed pts $\leftrightarrow$ two element subsets of $\{1, 2, \dots, 5\}$
- specializations of taut. bundles at fixed pts
 eg. fix pt $\leftrightarrow \{1, 3\}$ $H_{T^5}^*(T^*Gr_2\mathbb{C}^5) \rightarrow H_{T^5}^*(fix pt)$
 $\begin{array}{ccc} \gamma_1 & \longmapsto & u_1 \\ \gamma_2 & \longmapsto & u_3 \end{array}$
- tangent bundle = $Hom(\xi, \mathbb{C}^5 - \xi) \oplus \text{tr} Hom(\mathbb{C}^5 - \xi, \xi)$

torus fixed pts $\longleftrightarrow$ sets of "ties"

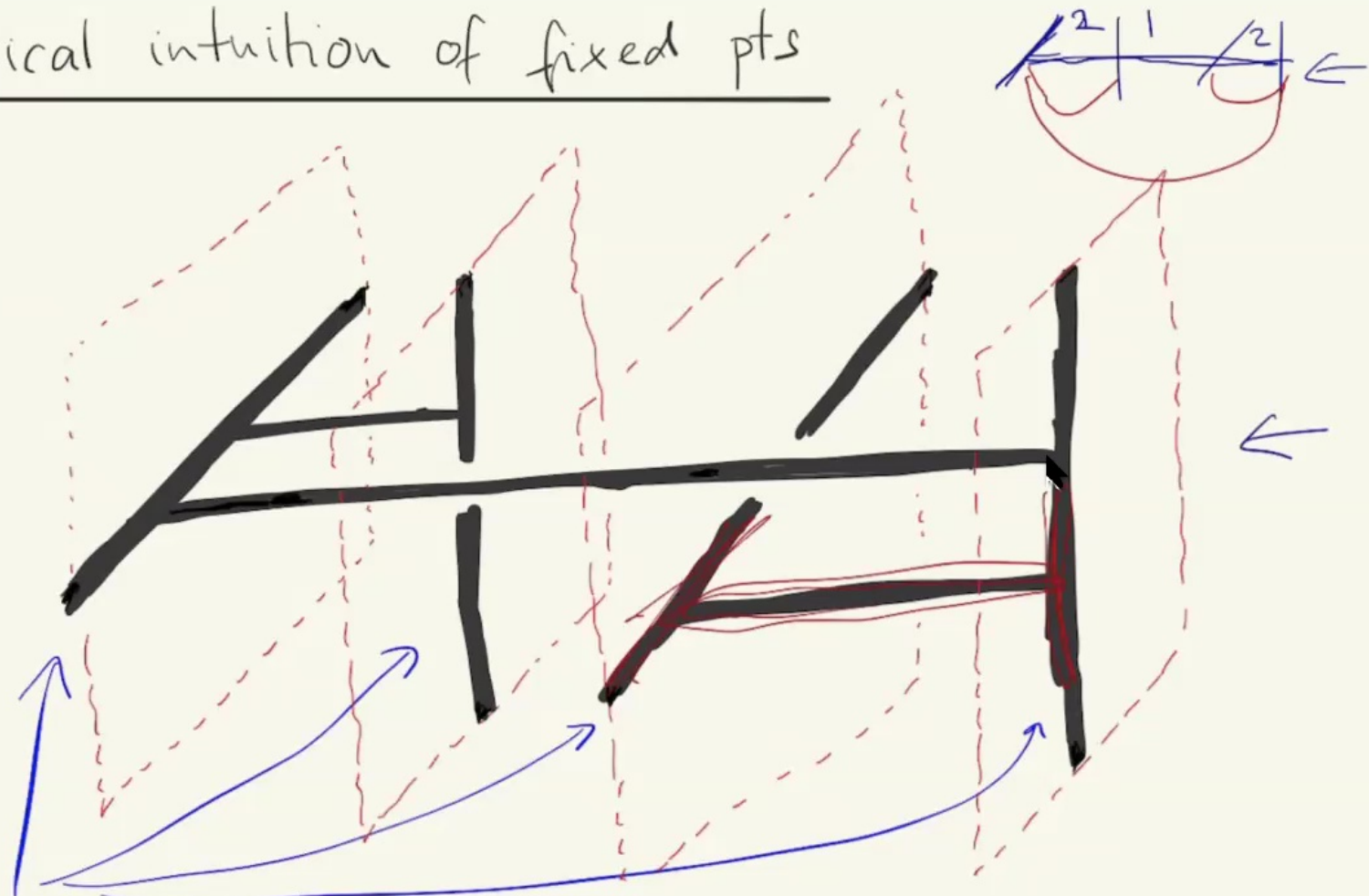
$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ \hline \end{array} \longleftrightarrow \text{fix pt}$



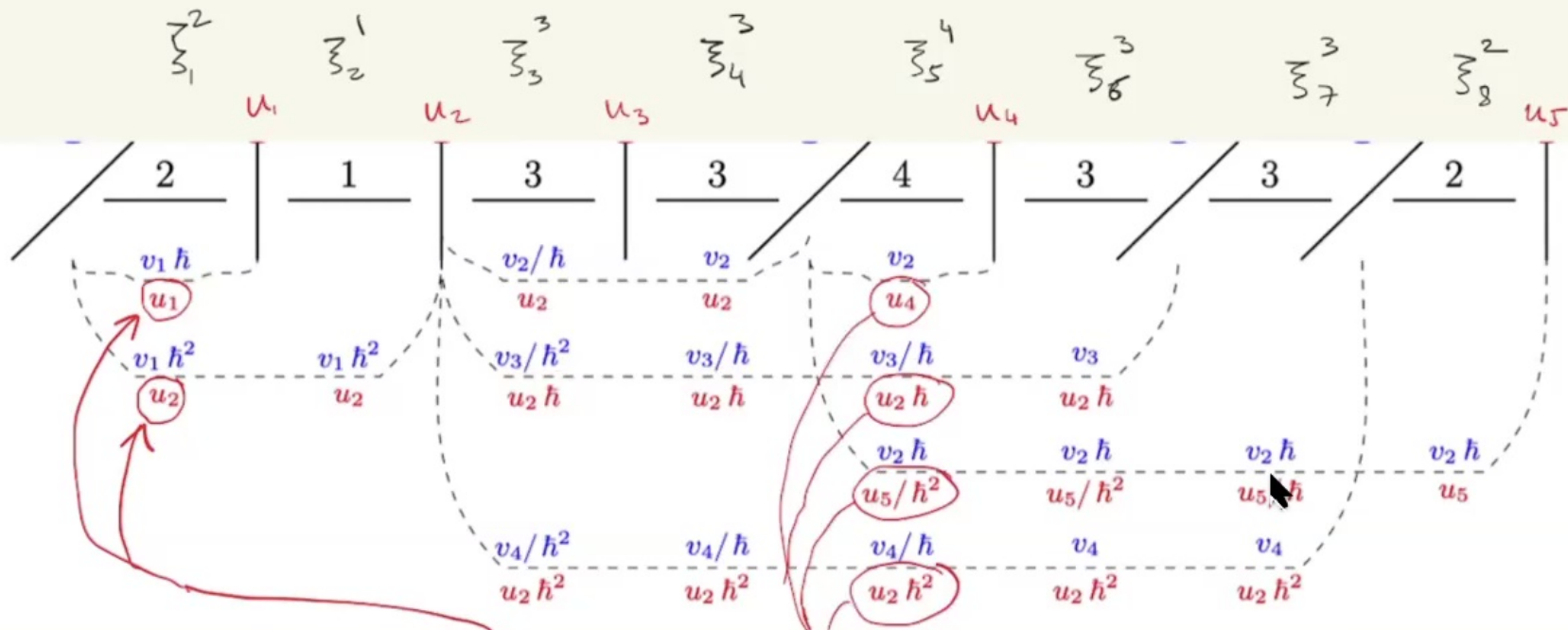
- tie : connects 2 different type 5-branes
- each D3 brane position is covered as many times as its multiplicity

From now on: assume fixpt exists . Then $X(B)$ smooth.

Physical intuition of fixed pts



5 branes: stuck in their vertical planes



Chern roots of ξ_1^2

Chern roots of ξ_5^4

$$K_T(pt) = \mathbb{C}[u_1^{\pm}, \dots, u_5^{\pm}, h^{\pm}]$$

[ignore everything in blue on this slide]

tangent bundle

$$TX(\mathcal{B}) = \left(\bigoplus_{J \text{ is DS}} T_J \right) \oplus \left(\bigoplus_{J \text{ is NS5}} T_J \right) \ominus$$

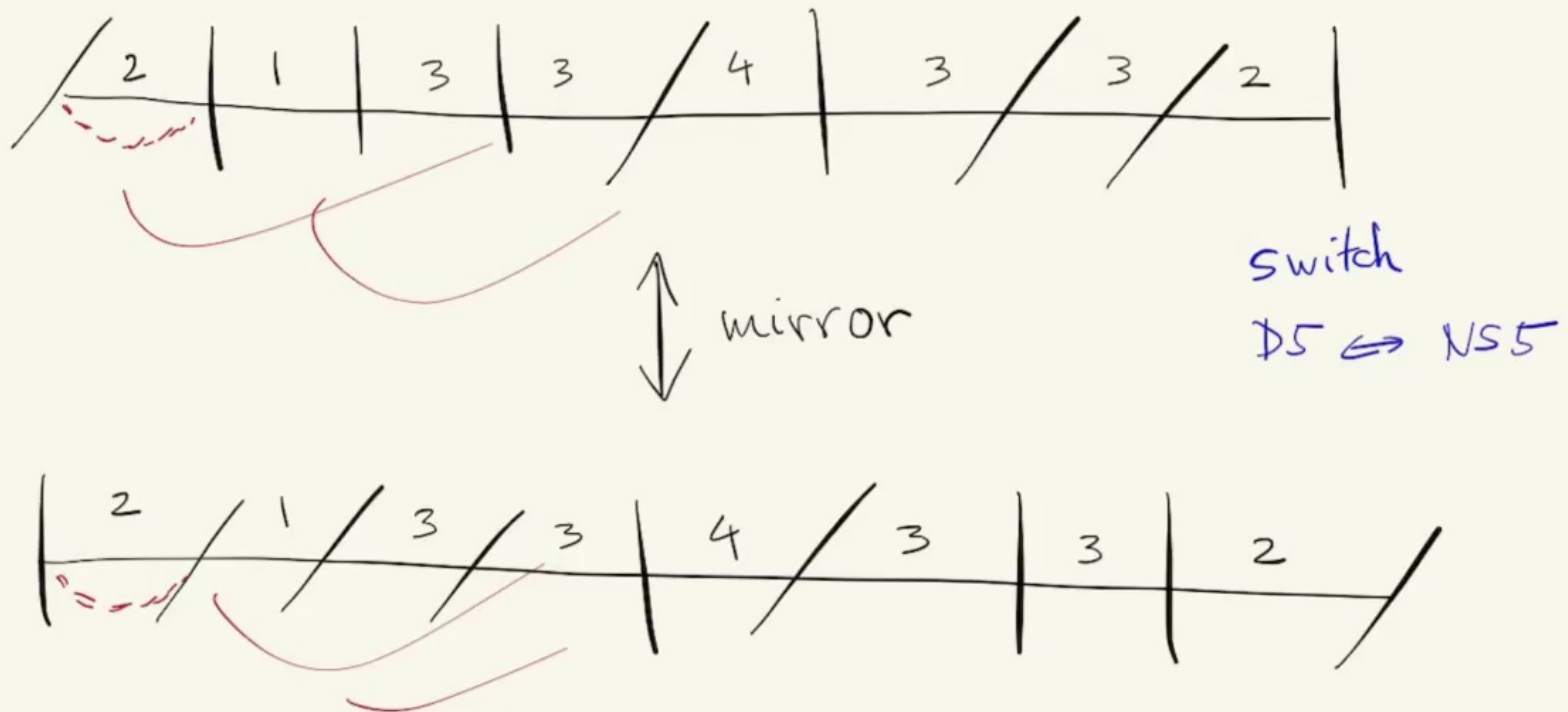


$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \bigoplus_{J \text{ is DS}} h \text{ Hom}(\Xi_{J \text{ right}}, \Xi_{J \text{ left}}) \\ \bigoplus_{J \text{ is D3}} (1+h) \text{ End}(\Xi_J) \end{array} \right)$$



Two important operations on braid diagrams

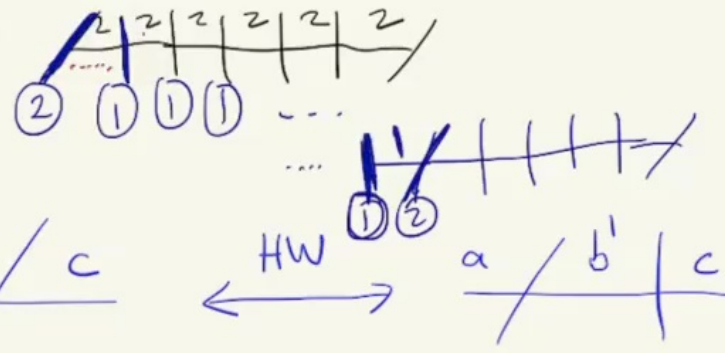
① Mirror:



- observe: natural bijection on fixed pts

Other important operation on B .

(2) Hanany-Witten move :



forced by conservation of
brane charge

$$\text{charge}(5\text{-brane}) = \#(\text{opposite type } 5\text{-branes to the left}) + l - k$$

$$b + b' = a + c + 1$$

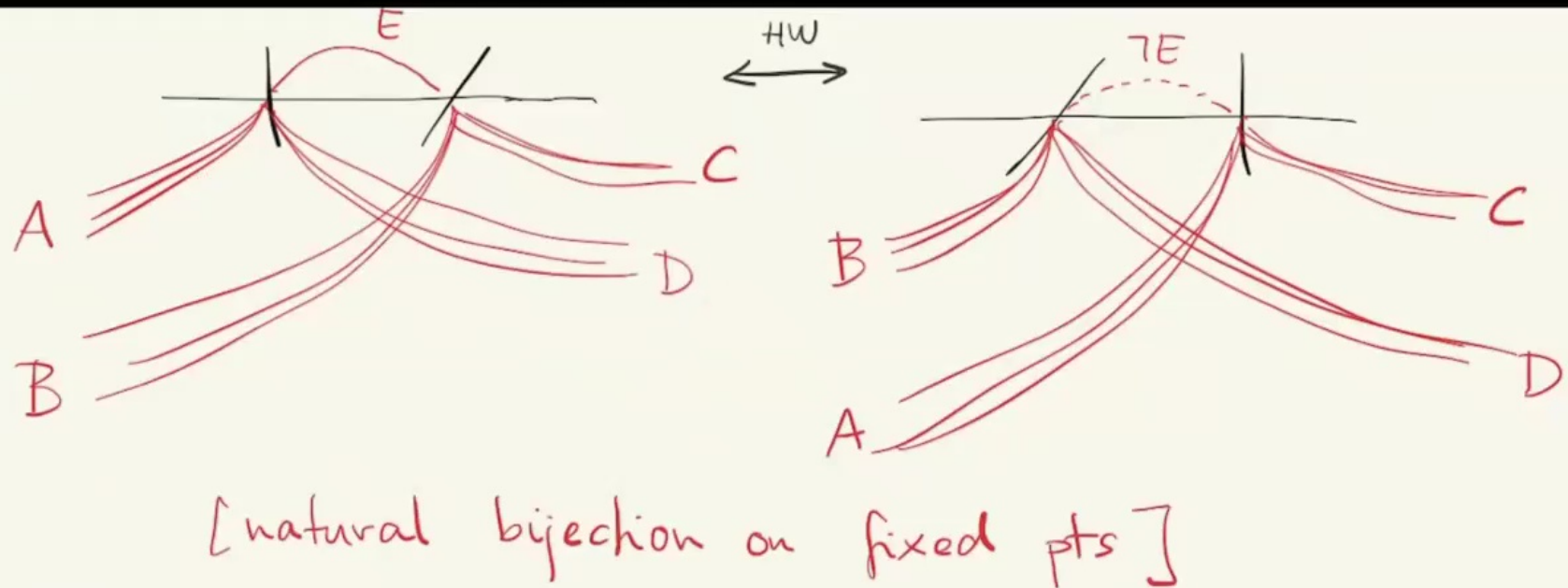
• Thm $X(B) \cong X(\text{HW}(B))$

• Thm natural bijection
of torus fixed pts

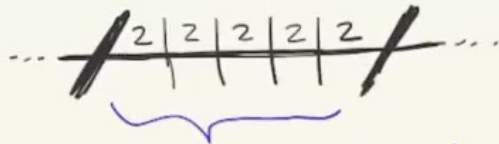
↑
with torus
reparametrized

- Then natural bijection of torus fixed pts

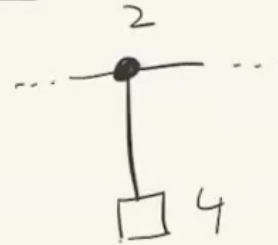
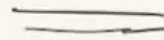
with torus
reparametrized



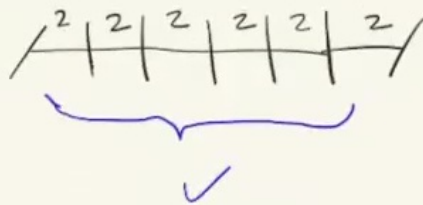
Nakajima quiver var's vs toric varieties



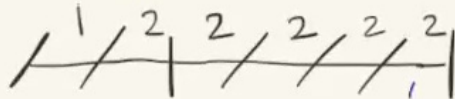
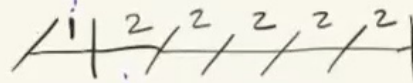
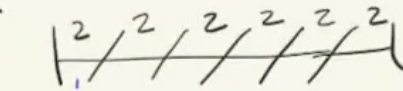
between consecutive
NS5 branes all
D3 multiplicities
are the same ("cobalanced")



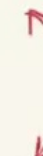
=



mirror



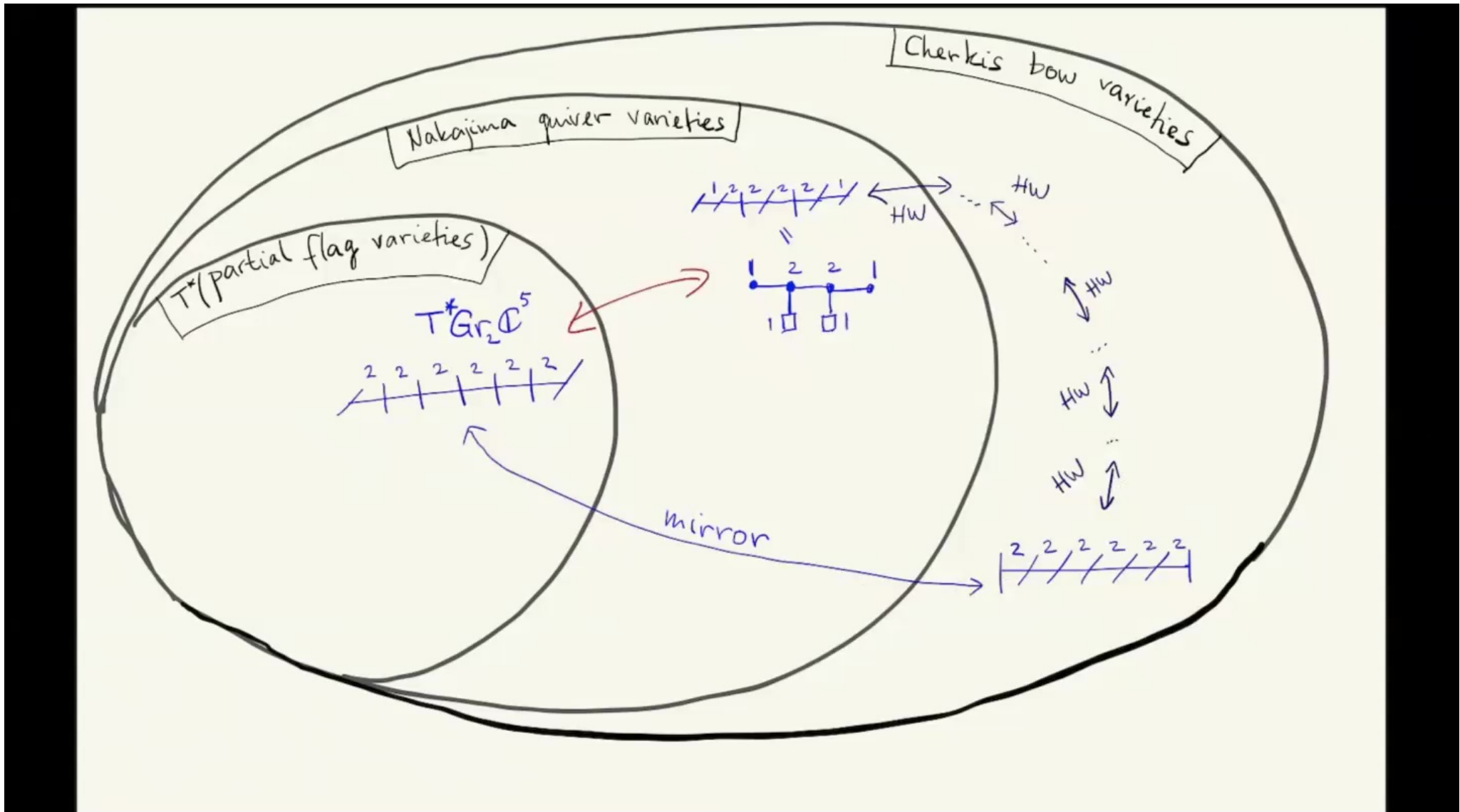
HW

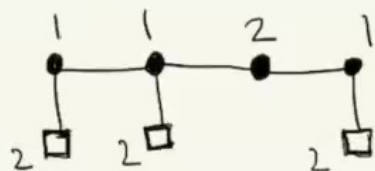


HW



HW





smooth
holomorphic
symplectic

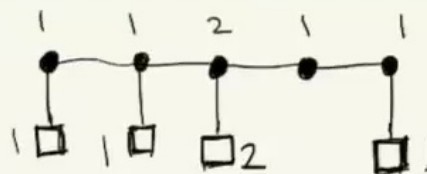
$$\dim = 8$$

with $GL_2 \times GL_2 \times GL_2$ action

tautological line bundles:

$$\xi_1^1 \quad \xi_2^1 \quad \xi_3^2 \quad \xi_4^1$$

$$\# \text{ torus fixed pts} = 16$$



smooth
holomorphic
symplectic

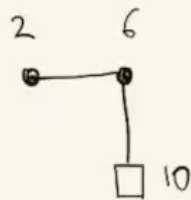
$$\dim = 10$$

with $GL_1 \times GL_1 \times GL_2 \times GL_1$ action

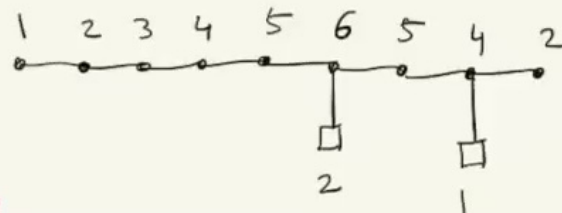
tautological line bundles

$$\xi_1^1 \quad \xi_2^1 \quad \xi_3^2 \quad \xi_4^1 \quad \xi_5^1$$

$$\# \text{ torus fixed pts} = 16$$



← dual →



$T^* \mathfrak{F}_{2,4,4}$

of fix pts =

$$\frac{10!}{2! \cdot 4! \cdot 4!}$$

=

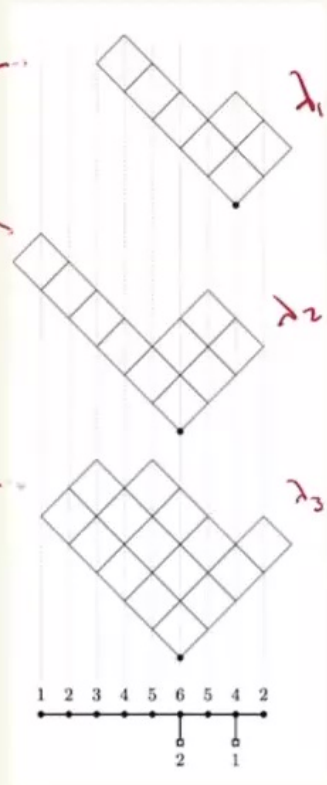
of fix pts =

$\{(\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3):$

partitions

like these

$\}$



Expectation (work in progress)

- $\exists$ notion of elliptic stable envelope for bow varieties
- $\text{Stab}(B) \stackrel{\text{equivar} \leftrightarrow \text{Kähler}}{=} \text{Stab}(\text{mirror}(B))$
 $\hbar \leftrightarrow \hbar^{-1}$ [as in example above]
(and this should be easy (?) ...)

But then why are known cases [SRVZ1][SRVZ2] difficult?

$$T^*\mathcal{F}(n)$$

$$T^*\text{Gr}_k\mathbb{C}^n \leftrightarrow \text{its dual}$$

because the algebraic combinatorics of HW moves:



$$B' = \underbrace{A \oplus C \oplus u}_{\text{symmetric function of Chern roots of } B'} \ominus \underbrace{B}_{\text{symmetric function of "difference of alphabets"}}$$

(+ reparametrization)

symmetric
function of
Chern roots of B'

symmetric function
of "difference of alphabets"

$$s_{22}(B-A) = s_{22}(B) + s_{21}(B)s_1(A) + s_2(B)s_2(A) + s_{11}(B)s_{11}(A) + s_1(B)s_{21}(A) + s_{22}(A)$$

Expectation (work in progress)

- $\exists$ notion of elliptic stable envelope for bow varieties
- $\text{Stab}(B) \stackrel{?}{=} \text{Stab}(\text{mirror}(B))$

equivar $\leftrightarrow$ Kähler

$h \leftrightarrow h^{-1}$

[as in example above]

(and this should be easy (?) ...)

But then why are known cases [SRVZ1][SRVZ2] difficult?

$T^*\mathcal{F}(n)$
 $\uparrow$

$T^*\text{Gr}_k\mathbb{C}^n \leftrightarrow \text{its dual}$
 $\uparrow$

because the algebraic combinatorics of HW moves:



$$B' = \underbrace{A \oplus C \oplus u}_{\text{symmetric function of Chern roots of } B'} \ominus \underbrace{B}_{\text{symmetric function of "difference of alphabets"}}$$

(+ reparametrization)

symmetric
function of
Chern roots of B'

symmetric function
of "difference of alphabets"

$$s_{22}(B-A) = s_{22}(B) + s_{21}(B)s_1(A) + s_2(B)s_2(A) + s_{11}(B)s_{11}(A) + s_1(B)s_{21}(A) + s_{22}(A)$$

Expectation (work in progress)

- $\exists$ notion of elliptic stable envelope for bow varieties
- $\text{Stab}(B) \stackrel{?}{=} \text{Stab}(\text{mirror}(B))$

equivar $\leftrightarrow$ Kähler

$h \leftrightarrow h^{-1}$

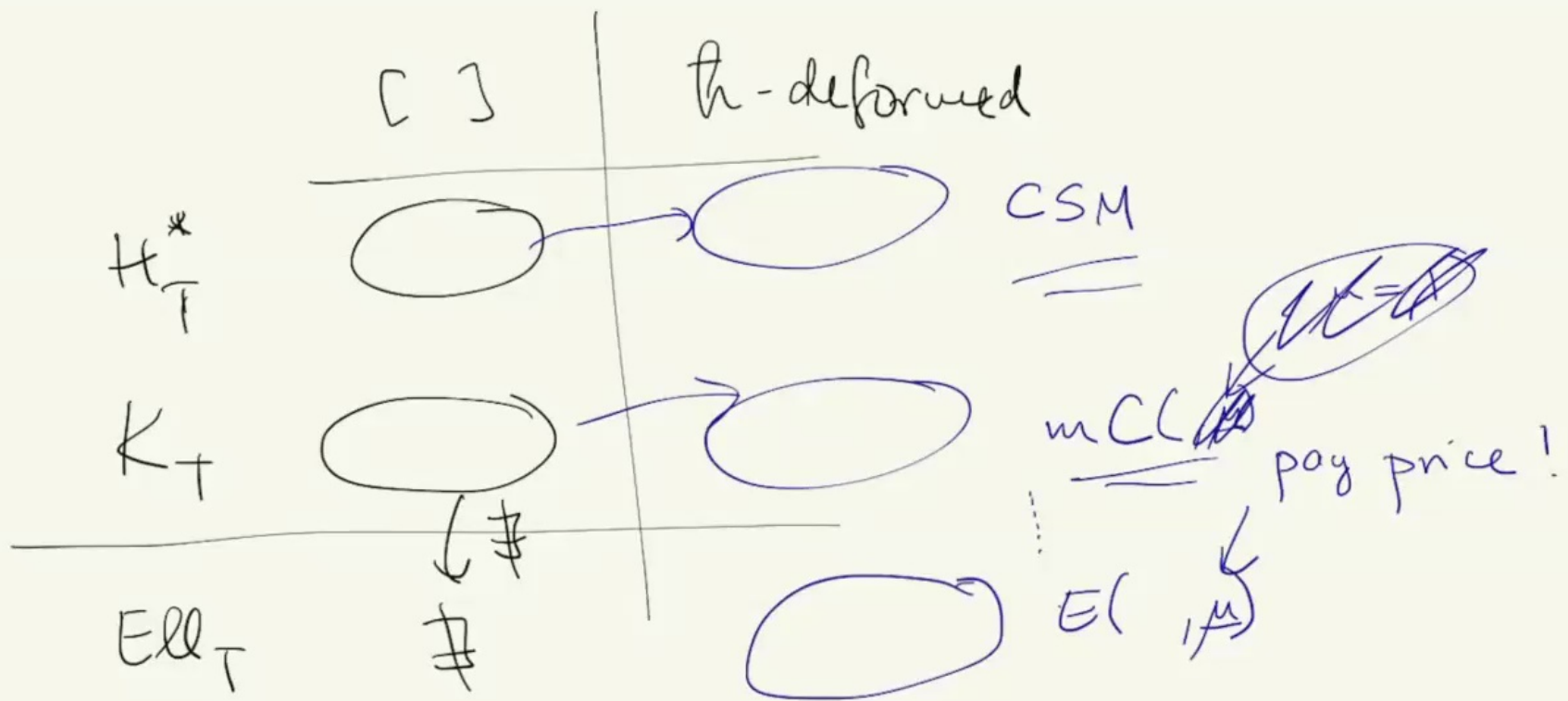
[as in example above]

(and this should be easy (?) ...)

But then why are known cases [SRVZ1][SRVZ2] difficult?

$T^*\mathcal{F}(n)$
 $\uparrow$

$T^*\text{Gr}_k\mathbb{C}^n \leftrightarrow \text{its dual}$
 $\uparrow$



mirror

$$d=3 \quad N=4$$