

Title: PSI 2019/2020 - Standard Model and Beyond part 2 - Lecture 5

Speakers: Latham Boyle

Collection: PSI 2019/2020 - Standard Model and Beyond - Part 2

Date: April 16, 2020 - 11:45 AM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/20030041>

SM+B #23

Algebras (continued)

$$C_{\infty}(M) = \infty$$

$$M_n(\mathbb{C}) = 2n^2$$

$$\{\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{C}, \mathbb{H}, \mathbb{O}\} \rightarrow \{1, 2, 4, 8\}$$

Lie: $so(n) \rightarrow \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$
 $su(n) \rightarrow n^2 - 1$
 $sq(n) \rightarrow n(2n+1)$

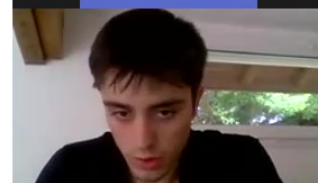
$$g_2 = 14$$

$$f_4 = 52$$

$$e_6 = 78$$

$$e_7 = 133 \quad e_8 = 2$$

G



Example 5: Jordan algebras

$$[A_1, A_2] \rightarrow 0$$

$$\{H_1, H_2\} = H_1 H_2 + H_2 H_1$$

$$i) [A, B] = -[B, A]$$

$$ii) [[A, B], C] \neq [A, [B, C]]$$

$$[A, [B, C]] + [B, [C, A]] + [C, [A, B]] = 0$$

$$\{\{H_1, H_2\}, H_3\} \neq \{H_1, \{H_2, H_3\}\}$$

$$i) \{X, Y\} = \{Y, X\} = X \circ Y$$

$$ii) X^2 = \{X, X\}$$

$$(X \circ Y) \circ X^2 = X \circ (Y \circ X^2) \quad \text{Jordan id.}$$

Euclidean

$$iii) X_1^2 + \dots + X_n^2 = 0$$

$$X_1 = \dots = X_n = 0$$

$$\{\{H_1, H_2\}, H_3\} \neq \{H_1, \{H_2, H_3\}\}$$

$$i) \{X, Y\} = \{Y, X\} = X \circ Y$$

$$ii) X^2 = \{X, X\}$$

$$(X \circ Y) \circ X^2 = X \circ (Y \circ X^2) \quad \text{Jordan id.}$$

Euclidean

$$iii) \underline{X_1^2 + \dots + X_n^2 = 0}$$

$$\underline{X_1 = \dots = X_n = 0}$$

Jordan, von Neumann, Wigner:

$$\rightarrow i) \mathcal{T}_{\text{spin}}(n) = \{(a, \vec{a})\} \quad (a, \vec{a}) + (b, \vec{b}) = (a+b, \vec{a} + \vec{b})$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ii) } \underline{H_n(\mathbb{R})}, \underline{H_n(\mathbb{C})}, \underline{H_n(\mathbb{H})} \\ \text{iii) } H_3(\mathbb{O}) \end{array} \right. \quad (a, \vec{a})(b, \vec{b}) = (ab + \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}, a\vec{b} + \vec{a}b)$$

$$\text{iii) } H_3(\mathbb{O})$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & x_3 & \bar{x}_2 \\ \bar{x}_3 & \beta & x_1 \\ x_2 & \bar{x}_1 & \gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x} = a_0 \overset{1}{\downarrow} e_0 - a_1 \overset{1}{\downarrow} e_1 - \dots - a_7 e_7$$

$$\leftarrow 3 + 24 = 27$$

$$X \circ Y = \frac{1}{2}(XY + YX)$$

$$X \circ Y = \frac{1}{2}\{X, Y\}$$

$$\{X, Y\} = XY + YX$$

Algebra Automorphisms:

$$\alpha: A \rightarrow A \quad (\text{invertible, linear})$$

$$\alpha(a_1 a_2) = \alpha(a_1) \alpha(a_2)$$

Derivations: $\alpha \approx 1 + D$

$$\rightarrow \cancel{a_1 a_2} + D(a_1 a_2) \approx [a_1 + D(a_1)][a_2 + D(a_2)]$$

$$D: A \rightarrow A \quad \approx \cancel{a_1 a_2} + D(a_1) a_2 + a_1 D(a_2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{D(a_1 a_2) = D(a_1) a_2 + a_1 D(a_2)} \quad \leftarrow \begin{matrix} D_1 + D_2 \\ [D_1, D_2] \end{matrix}$$

Algebra Automorphisms: $\boxed{\text{Aut}(A)}$

$$\alpha: A \rightarrow A \quad (\text{invertible, linear})$$

$$\alpha(a_1 a_2) = \alpha(a_1) \alpha(a_2)$$

Derivations: $\alpha \approx 1 + D$ $\boxed{\text{Der}(A)}$

$$\rightarrow (\cancel{a_1 a_2}) + D(a_1 a_2) \approx [a_1 + D(a_1)][a_2 + D(a_2)]$$

$$D: A \rightarrow A \quad \approx \cancel{a_1 a_2} + D(a_1) a_2 + a_1 D(a_2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{D(a_1 a_2) = D(a_1) a_2 + a_1 D(a_2)} \leftarrow \begin{matrix} D_1 + D_2 \\ [D_1, D_2] \end{matrix}$$

Exercise: if A is associative or Lie
 $a \in A$ $D_a = [a, -]$ is a derivation
(inner derivations)

$$D_a(x) = \underline{\underline{[a, x]}} \leftarrow$$

$$D_a(\underline{\underline{[x, y]}}) = [D_a(x), y] + \cancel{[x, D_a(y)]} \leftarrow \begin{matrix} \text{true} \\ \text{by Jacobi} \end{matrix}$$

$$[a, xy] = [a, x]y + x[a, y]$$

$$D_{x,y}(a) = \underline{\underline{[[x,y],a] - 3[x,y,a]}}$$

$$D_{x,y} = -D_{y,x}$$

$$H: \binom{3}{2} = 3 \rightarrow \mathfrak{so}(3) \cong \mathfrak{su}(2)$$

$$\textcircled{1}: \binom{7}{2} = \frac{7 \cdot 6}{2} = \underline{\underline{21}} - 7 = \underline{\underline{14}} \rightarrow g_2$$

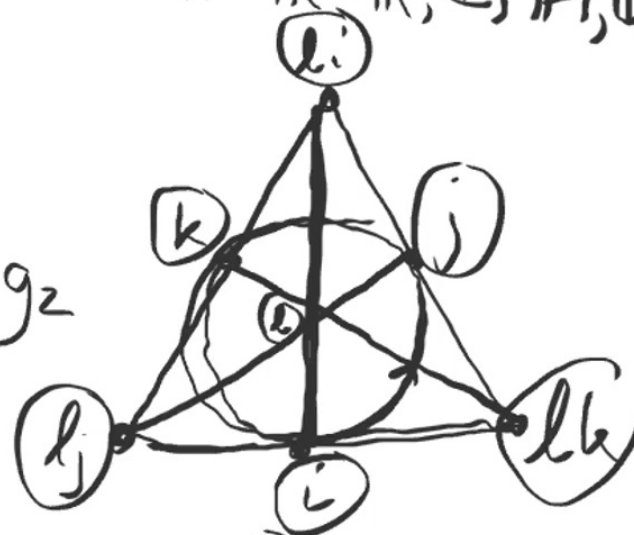
$$D_{lk,lj} + D_{li,l} + D_{j,k} = 0$$

$$g_2 = \text{Der}(\textcircled{1})_G$$

Alternative alg.

$$[a,b,c] = (ab)c - a(bc)$$

all $K = \mathbb{R}, \mathbb{C}, \mathbb{H}, \mathbb{O}$



$$\mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{O}$$

$$\mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{O} \quad i \rightarrow -i \quad \mathbb{Z}_2$$

$$\mathbb{H} \rightarrow \mathfrak{so}(3)$$

$$\mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathfrak{g}_2$$

Jordan:

$SO(n)$

i) $J_{Spin}(n) \rightarrow Spin(n)$

ii) $H_n(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow SO(n) \leftarrow$

$H_n(\mathbb{C}) \rightarrow SU(n) \leftarrow$

$H_n(\mathbb{H}) \rightarrow Sp(n) \leftarrow$

iii) $A = H_3(\mathbb{O}) \rightarrow Aut(A) = F_4$

$$\underline{\underline{H_n(K)}}$$

$$K = \underline{\underline{\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{C}, \mathbb{H}, \mathbb{O}}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{D_A(X)}} = \underline{\underline{[A, X]}}$$

$$X \in H_n(K)$$

$$A \in A_n(K)$$

$$\left[\overset{\downarrow}{A}, \left\{ \overset{\downarrow}{X}, \overset{\downarrow}{Y} \right\} \right] = \{ [A, X], Y \} + \{ X, [A, Y] \}$$

$\hookrightarrow$ ~~when~~ when $\underline{K = \mathbb{O}}$: if $n = 2$
 or if $n = 3$ and $\text{tr}(A) = 0$

Jordan:

$SO(n)$

i) $J_{Spin}(n) \rightarrow Spin(n)$

ii) $H_n(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow SO(n) \leftarrow$

$H_n(\mathbb{C}) \rightarrow SU(n) \leftarrow$

$H_n(\mathbb{H}) \rightarrow Sp(n) \leftarrow$

iii) $A = H_3(\mathbb{O}) \rightarrow \begin{aligned} &\rightarrow Aut(A) = F_4 \\ &\rightarrow Der(A) = f_4 \end{aligned}$

$$\left[\underset{\uparrow}{A}, \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & x_3 & \bar{x}_2 \\ \bar{x}_3 & B & x_1 \\ x_2 & \bar{x}_1 & \delta \end{pmatrix}} \right]$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \textcircled{X_1} & \overline{X_2} \\ \overline{X_3} & \beta & X_1 \\ X_2 & \overline{X_1} & \delta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \textcircled{\alpha} & \overline{\alpha_2} \\ \overline{\alpha_3} & \beta & \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 & \overline{\alpha_1} & \delta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \textcircled{0} & \textcircled{0} & \textcircled{0} \\ \cdot & \textcircled{0} & \textcircled{0} \\ \cdot & \cdot & \textcircled{0} \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} 24+14 \\ =38 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Der}[H_3(\mathbb{K})] &= \underbrace{A'_3(\mathbb{D})}_{52} \oplus \underbrace{\text{Der}(\mathbb{D})}_{14} \\ &= 38 + 14 \\ &= 52 \end{aligned}$$

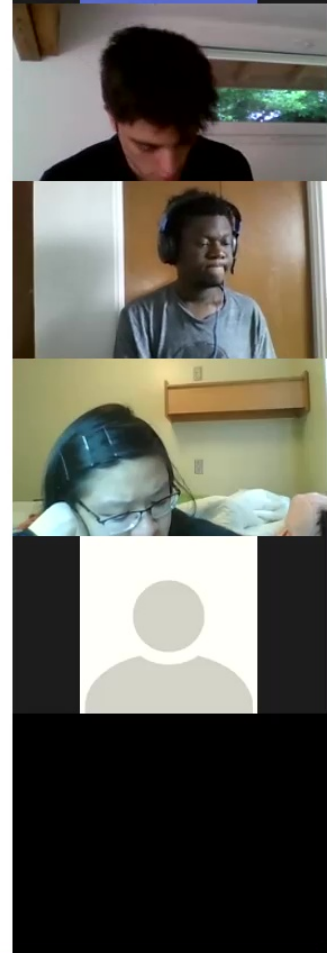
↑
 f_4

J_{spin}

$$\underline{\underline{\{\gamma^m, \gamma^n\} = -2\delta^{mn}}}$$

$$\{a1 + a^i \gamma^i, b + b^i \gamma^i\}$$

G



$$H_2(\mathbb{K}) \quad H_3(\mathbb{K})$$

$$\text{|| } v = \dim(\mathbb{K})$$

$$J_{\text{spin}}(v+1)$$

