

Title: PSI 2019/2020 - Quantum Matter Part 1 - Lecture 3

Speakers: Alioscia Hama

Collection: PSI 2019/2020 - Quantum Matter Part 1

Date: January 08, 2020 - 9:00 AM

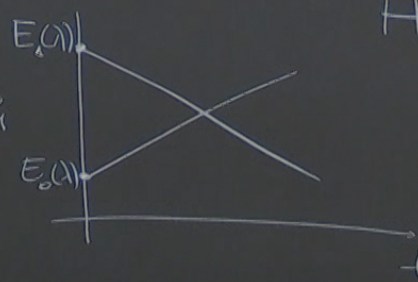
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QUANTUM Phase Transitions

$$H(\lambda) = \sum_x \Phi_x(\lambda) \quad \lambda = (\lambda^1, \dots, \lambda^n) \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$E_0(\lambda)$$

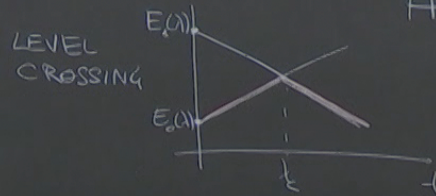
LEVEL
CROSSING



QUANTUM Phase transitions

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$$E_0(\lambda)$$

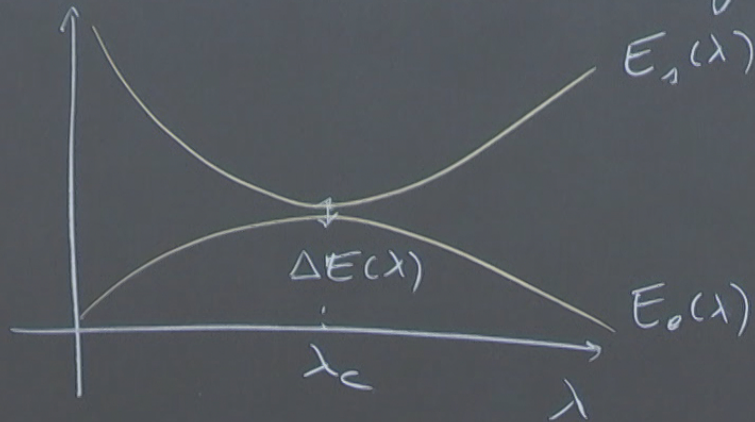


$$H(\lambda) = E_0 \lambda |\psi_0 \rangle \langle \psi_0| + (1-\lambda) E_1 |\psi_1 \rangle \langle \psi_1| + \text{Orthogonal terms}$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial E_0(\lambda)}{\partial \lambda} \right|_{\lambda=\lambda_c} \text{ is discontin.} \quad \text{1st order QPTs}$$

Orthogonal
Terms

Avoided Level Crossing



$$\Delta E(\lambda) = E_1(\lambda) - E_0(\lambda)$$

$$\lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \Delta E(\lambda) \Big|_{\lambda = \lambda_c} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^k E(\lambda)}{\partial \lambda^k}$$

$$\lambda \sim \lambda_c$$
$$\Delta E \sim |\lambda - \lambda_c|^{2\nu} ; G(r) \sim e^{-r/\xi}$$
$$\xi \sim |\lambda - \lambda_c|^{-\nu}$$
$$\Delta^{-1} \sim \xi^2$$

1/3

QUANTUM ISING MODEL

Graph (Λ, E) , $\mathcal{H}_\Lambda = \bigotimes_{i \in \Lambda} \mathcal{H}_i$

$|\Lambda| = N$

$\mathcal{H}_i = \mathbb{C}^2 = \text{span}\{|0\rangle, |1\rangle\}$

$$H(g) = -g \sum_i \sigma_i^x - J \sum_{(i,j) \in E} \sigma_i^z \otimes \sigma_j^z \otimes \mathbb{1}_{\Lambda - \{i,j\}}$$

$|\psi_0(g)\rangle$

①

$|\psi_0(P)\rangle$

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$|\Psi(g)\rangle$

① $g \rightarrow \infty$ Paramagnetic Phase

$|\Psi_0^{(P)}\rangle = \bigotimes_i |+\rangle_i$ $|+\rangle = \frac{|0\rangle + |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$

$|011011001100\rangle$

$\langle 0 | \sigma_i^z | 0 \rangle = 1$ $\sigma_i = +1$

$\langle 1 | \sigma_i^z | 1 \rangle = -1$ -1

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$$|A| = N$$

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$$|\psi_0^{(P)}\rangle = \bigotimes_i |+\rangle_i$$

$$|+\rangle = \frac{|0\rangle + |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1+\epsilon}{1-\epsilon}$$

$$|011011001100\rangle$$

$$\langle 0 | \sigma_i^z | 0 \rangle = 1$$

$$\sigma_i = +1$$

$$\langle 1 | \sigma_i^z | 1 \rangle = -1$$

$$-1$$

N

① $g \rightarrow \infty$ Paramagnetic Phase

$$|\psi_0^{(P)}\rangle = \otimes_i |+\rangle_i$$

$$|+\rangle = \frac{|0\rangle + |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$m = \frac{1}{N} \sum_i \langle \psi_0 | \sigma_i^z | \psi_0 \rangle = 0$$

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↑
order
parameter

disordered phase

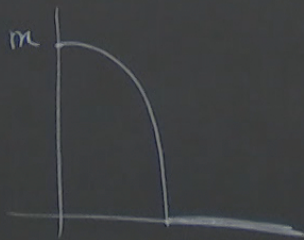
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$$H(g) = -g \sum_i \sigma_i^x - J \sum_{(i,j) \in E} \sigma_i^z \otimes \sigma_j^z \otimes \prod_{\substack{(i,k) \in E \\ k \neq j}} \mathbb{1}_{\mathcal{H}_k}$$

$$|\Psi(g)\rangle$$

$\mathcal{H}: |A| = N$

$\sigma_j^z \otimes \mathbb{1}_{2^{N-1}}$

① $g \rightarrow \infty$ Paramagnetic Phase

$|\psi_0^{(P)}\rangle = \otimes_i |+\rangle_i$

$|+\rangle = \frac{|0\rangle + |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$

$m = \frac{1}{N} \sum_i \langle \psi_0 | \sigma_i^z | \psi_0 \rangle = 0$

↑
order
parameter

disordered phase

$\langle \psi_0 | \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z | \psi_0 \rangle = 0$

$g \gg 1$

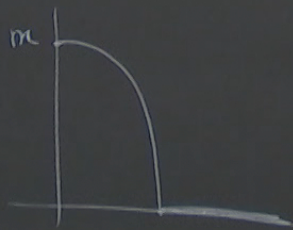
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$$|\Psi(g)\rangle$$

Remark

$$[H(g), T] = 0$$

T global symmetry

$$T = \bigotimes_{i=1}^N \sigma_i^x$$

$$\psi^{(P)} = |+\rangle \otimes |+\rangle$$

$$T \otimes_i |+\rangle = \otimes_i |+\rangle$$

$$[\psi^{(P)}, T] = 0$$

metry is not Broken

$$= \mathcal{D}_i |+\rangle_i$$

\mathbb{Z}_2

$$\boxed{|g=0\rangle}$$

$$|\psi_0^\uparrow\rangle = |0 \dots 0\rangle$$

$$|\psi_0^\downarrow\rangle = |1 \dots 1\rangle$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{GS} = \text{span} \{ |\psi_0^\uparrow\rangle, |\psi_0^\downarrow\rangle \}$$

$$|\psi_0^\uparrow\rangle$$

$$|\psi_0^\uparrow\rangle \pm |\psi_0^\downarrow\rangle$$

$\sqrt{2}$

do not break the symmetry

$$T |\psi_0^\uparrow\rangle = |\psi_0^\downarrow\rangle$$

$$[\psi_0^{\uparrow\downarrow}, T] \neq 0$$

Symmetry is Broken

metry is not Broken

$$= \mathcal{D}_i |+\rangle_i$$

\mathbb{Z}_2

$$\boxed{g=0}$$

$$|\psi_0^\uparrow\rangle = |0 \dots 0\rangle$$

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$$\mathcal{H}_{GS} = \text{span} \{ |\psi_0^\uparrow\rangle, |\psi_0^\downarrow\rangle \}$$

$$|\psi_0^\uparrow\rangle$$

$$|\psi_0^\uparrow\rangle \pm |\psi_0^\downarrow\rangle$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

do not break the symmetry

$$T |\psi_0^\uparrow\rangle = |\psi_0^\downarrow\rangle$$

$$[\psi_0^\uparrow, T] \neq 0$$

Symmetry is Broken

$$\max_{\psi_0 \in \mathcal{H}_{GS}} \|[\psi_0, T]\|$$

$$\psi_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|\psi_0^\uparrow\rangle + |\psi_0^\downarrow\rangle)$$

$$m = \frac{1}{N} \sum \langle \psi_0^\dagger | \sigma_i^z | \psi_0 \rangle = n_0(g)$$

$$\langle \sigma_i \sigma_j \rangle = \frac{1}{n_0^2(g)} \quad \text{long-range order}$$