

Title: PSI 2018/2019 - Condensed Matter Review - Lecture 2

Date: Jan 08, 2019 11:30 AM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/19010033>

Abstract:

$$F = E - TS = -kT \log Z_1$$

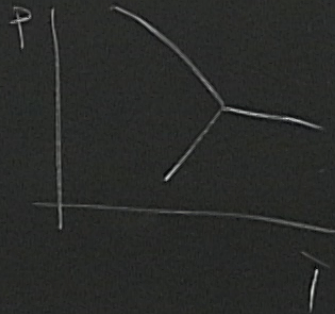
$$F = E - TS = -kT \log Z_1$$

$$f = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{F}{N}$$

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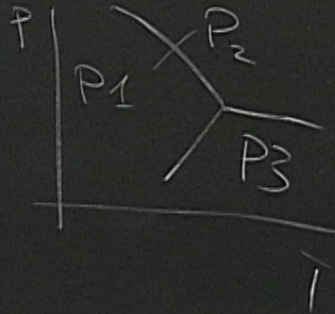
$f(P, V, T)$



$$F = E - TS = -kT \log Z_1$$

$$f = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{F}{N}$$

$$f(P, V, T)$$



$$\sum H = - \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i \sigma_j - h \sum_i \sigma_i$$

$$\sigma_i = \pm 1$$

$$\sum H = - \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z - h \sum_i \sigma_i^z$$

$$\sigma_i = \pm 1$$



$$Z_1 \quad H = - \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i \sigma_j - h \sum_i \sigma_i$$

$$\sigma_i = \pm 1 \quad \{ \sigma_i \}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial h} = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial F}{\partial h} = \frac{1}{N} \left( \frac{-1}{\beta} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial h} \log Z_1$$



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$$Z_1 = \sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} e^{-\beta H(\{ \sigma_i \})}$$

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$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial h} = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial F}{\partial h} = \frac{1}{N} \left( \frac{-1}{\beta} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial h} \log Z_1 = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} (\sum_i \sigma_i) e^{-\beta H}}{Z_1} = \frac{1}{N}$$

$$Z_1 = \sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} e^{-\beta H(\{ \sigma_i \})}$$

$$\log Z_1 \quad H = - \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i \sigma_j - h \left( \sum_i \sigma_i \right)$$

$$\sigma_i = \pm 1 \quad \{ \sigma_i \}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial h} = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial F}{\partial h} = \frac{1}{N} \left( -\frac{1}{\beta} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial h} \log Z_1 = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} \left( \sum_i \sigma_i \right) e^{-\beta H}}{Z_1} = \frac{1}{N} \langle M \rangle = \langle m \rangle$$

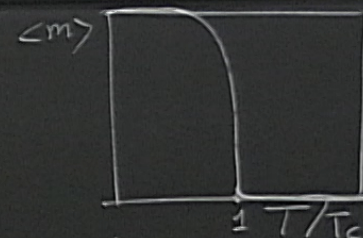
$$Z_1 = \sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} e^{-\beta H(\{ \sigma_i \})}$$

$$\log Z_1 \quad H = - \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i \sigma_j - h \left( \sum_i \sigma_i \right)$$

$$\sigma_i = \pm 1 \quad \{ \sigma_i \}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial h} = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial F}{\partial h} = \frac{1}{N} \left( -\frac{1}{\beta} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial h} \log Z_1 = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} (\sum_i \sigma_i) e^{-\beta H}}{Z_1} = \frac{1}{N} \langle M \rangle = \langle m \rangle$$

$$Z_1 = \sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} e^{-\beta H(\{ \sigma_i \})}$$



$$Z \quad H = - \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i \sigma_j - h \sum_i \sigma_i$$

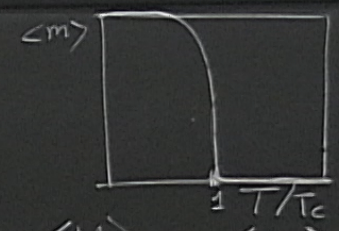
$$\sigma_i = \pm 1 \quad \{ \sigma_i \}$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial h} \right|_{h=0} = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial F}{\partial h} = \frac{1}{N} \left( -\frac{1}{\beta} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial h} \log Z = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} (\sum_i \sigma_i) e^{-\beta H}}{Z}$$

$$Z = \sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} e^{-\beta H(\{ \sigma_i \})}$$

$$M \uparrow \sum_i \sigma_i e^{-\beta H}$$

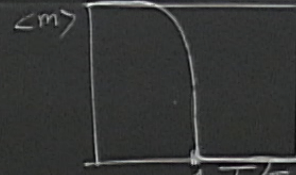
$$= \frac{1}{N} \langle M \rangle = \langle m \rangle$$



$$\log Z \quad H = - \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \sigma_i \sigma_j - h \left( \sum_i \sigma_i \right)$$

$$\sigma_i = \pm 1 \quad \{ \sigma_i \}$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial h} \right|_{h=0} = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial F}{\partial h} = \frac{1}{N} \left( \frac{1}{\beta} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial h} \log Z = \frac{1}{N Z} \sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} \left( \sum_i \sigma_i \right) e^{-\beta H} = \frac{1}{N} \langle M \rangle = \langle m \rangle$$



$$Z = \sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} e^{-\beta H(\{ \sigma_i \})}$$

$$\sigma_i \sigma_j - h \sum_i \sigma_i$$

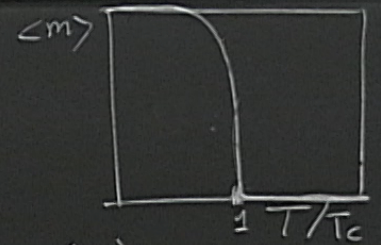
$$\{ \sigma_i \}$$

$$\frac{1}{N} \left( \frac{1}{\beta} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial h} \log Z_1$$

$$- \beta H(\sigma_i)$$

$$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{\{\sigma_i\}} \left( \sum_i \sigma_i \right) e^{-\beta H} = \frac{1}{N} \langle M \rangle = \langle m \rangle$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle m \rangle}{\partial h} \Big|_{h=0} = \frac{\beta}{N} \left[ \frac{1}{Z_1} \sum_{\{\sigma_i\}} M^2 e^{-\beta H} - \left( \frac{1}{Z_1} \sum_{\{\sigma_i\}} M e^{-\beta H} \right)^2 \right]$$



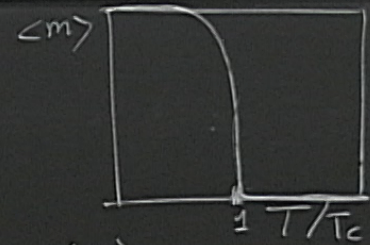
$$\sigma_i \sigma_j - h \sum_i \sigma_i$$

$\{ \sigma_i \}$

$$\frac{1}{N} \left( \frac{1}{\beta} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial h} \log Z_1$$

$$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} \left( \sum_i \sigma_i \right) e^{-\beta H}$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \langle M \rangle = \langle m \rangle$$



$\beta H$  (axis)

$$\frac{\partial \langle m \rangle}{\partial h} \Big|_{h=0}$$

$$= \frac{\beta}{N} \left[ \frac{1}{Z_1} \sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} M^2 e^{-\beta H} - \left( \frac{1}{Z_1} \sum_{\{ \sigma_i \}} M e^{-\beta H} \right)^2 \right]$$

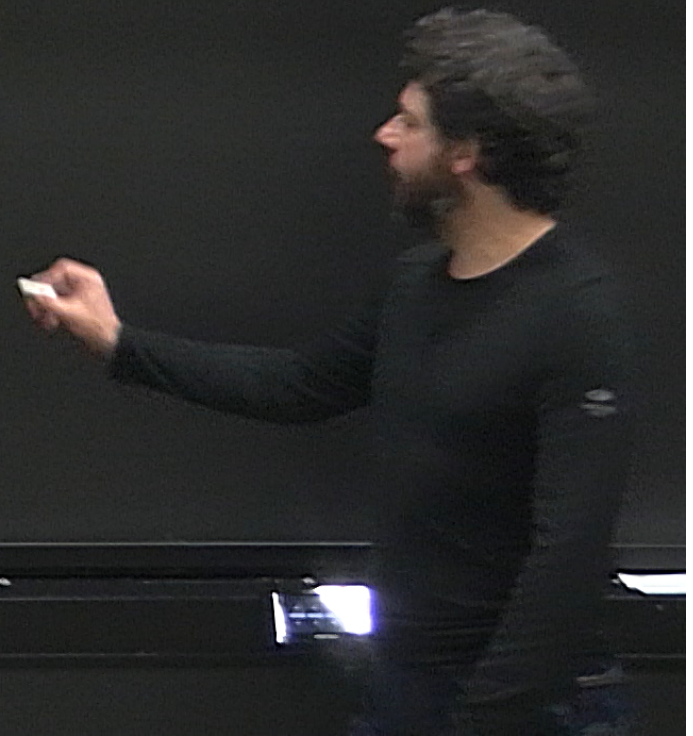
$$= \frac{\beta}{N} (\langle M^2 \rangle - \langle M \rangle^2)$$



$$\Delta E^2 = \langle (E - \langle E \rangle)^2 \rangle = \frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial \beta^2}$$

$$C_{ij} = \langle O_i O_j \rangle - \langle O_i \rangle \langle O_j \rangle$$

$$= \langle (O_i - \langle O_i \rangle)(O_j - \langle O_j \rangle) \rangle$$



$$\Delta E^2 = \langle (E - \langle E \rangle)^2 \rangle = \frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial \beta^2}$$

$$C_{ij} = \langle O_i O_j \rangle - \langle O_i \rangle \langle O_j \rangle$$

$$= \langle (O_i - \langle O_i \rangle)(O_j - \langle O_j \rangle) \rangle \sim e^{-|i-j|/\xi}$$

$$\Delta E^2 = \langle (E - \langle E \rangle)^2 \rangle = \frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial \beta^2}$$

$$C_{ij} = \langle \sigma_i \sigma_j \rangle - \langle \sigma_i \rangle \langle \sigma_j \rangle$$

$$= \langle (\sigma_i - \langle \sigma_i \rangle)(\sigma_j - \langle \sigma_j \rangle) \rangle \sim e^{-|i-j|/\xi}$$

$$\chi = \left. \frac{\partial \langle m \rangle}{\partial h} \right|_{h=0} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i,j} \langle \sigma_i \sigma_j \rangle - \left( \sum_i \langle \sigma_i \rangle \right)^2$$

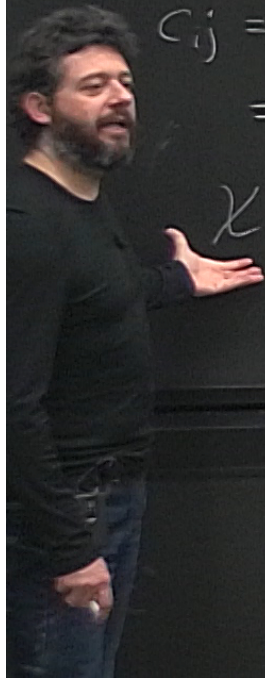
$$Z_1 = \sum_{\{s_i\}} e^{-\beta H(\{s_i\})} \quad \frac{\partial \langle m \rangle}{\partial h} \Big|_{h=0} = \frac{\beta}{N} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \sum_i M^2 e^{-\beta H} - \left( \frac{1}{2} \sum_i M e^{-\beta H} \right) \right]$$

$$\Delta E^2 = \langle (E - \langle E \rangle)^2 \rangle = \frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial \beta^2}$$

$$C_{ij} = \langle \sigma_i \sigma_j \rangle - \langle \sigma_i \rangle \langle \sigma_j \rangle$$

$$= \langle (\sigma_i - \langle \sigma_i \rangle)(\sigma_j - \langle \sigma_j \rangle) \rangle \sim e^{-|i-j|/\xi}$$

$$\chi = \frac{\partial \langle m \rangle}{\partial h} \Big|_{h=0} = \frac{\beta}{N} \sum_{i,j} C_{ij} - \left( \sum_i \langle \sigma_i \rangle \right)^2 = \beta \sum_i \left( \langle \sigma_i \sigma_i \rangle - \langle \sigma_i \rangle \langle \sigma_i \rangle \right) = \beta \sum_i C_{ii} \leq \beta a^2 \chi^d$$



$Z_1 = \sum_{\{s_i\}} e^{-\beta H(\{s_i\})}$ 
 $\frac{\partial \langle m \rangle}{\partial h} \Big|_{h=0} = \frac{\beta}{N} \left[ \frac{1}{Z} \sum M^2 e^{-\beta H} - \left( \frac{1}{Z} \sum M e^{-\beta H} \right)^2 \right]$

$$\Delta E^2 = \langle (E - \langle E \rangle)^2 \rangle = \frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial \beta^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_{ij} &= \langle \sigma_i \sigma_j \rangle - \langle \sigma_i \rangle \langle \sigma_j \rangle \\
 &= \langle (\sigma_i - \langle \sigma_i \rangle)(\sigma_j - \langle \sigma_j \rangle) \rangle \sim e^{-|i-j|/\xi} \xrightarrow{\xi \rightarrow \infty} |T - T_c|^{-\gamma} \\
 \chi &= \frac{\partial \langle m \rangle}{\partial h} \Big|_{h=0} = \frac{\beta}{N} \sum_i (\langle \sigma_i \sigma_i \rangle - \langle \sigma_i \rangle^2) = \beta \sum_i C_{00} \leq \beta a^2 \xi^d
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\xi \sim |T - T_c|^{-\nu}$$

$$|T - T_c|^{-\gamma}$$

$$-\langle \sigma_i \rangle \langle \sigma_j \rangle = \rho \bar{Z}, C_{10} \leq \beta a^2 \xi^d$$

$$F = E - TS$$

$$0 = \sum_k O_k |k\rangle\langle k|$$

$$|4\rangle \quad P_k = |\langle \psi | k \rangle|^2$$

$$|4_i\rangle \quad \text{with} \quad P_i \sim \frac{e^{-\beta E_i}}{Z}$$

$$\langle 0 \rangle =$$

$$F = E - TS$$

$$\rho = \sum_k \rho_k |k\rangle\langle k|$$

$|\psi\rangle$

$$P_k = |\langle \psi | k \rangle|^2$$

$|\psi_i\rangle$

with

$$P_i \sim \frac{e^{-\beta E_i}}{Z}$$

$$\rho = \text{Tr}[\rho \psi]$$

$$\psi = \sum_i P_i |\psi_i\rangle\langle \psi_i|$$



$$F = E - TS$$

$$O = \sum_k O_k |k\rangle\langle k|$$

$|k\rangle$

$$P_k = |\langle \psi | k \rangle|^2$$

$|k_i\rangle$

with

$$P_i \sim \frac{e^{-\beta E_i}}{Z}$$

$$\langle O \rangle = \text{Tr}(O \rho)$$

$$\rho = \sum_i P_i |k_i\rangle\langle k_i|$$

$$F = E - TS$$

$$O = \sum_k O_k |k\rangle\langle k|$$

$$|\psi\rangle \quad P_k = |\langle \psi | k \rangle|^2$$

$$|\psi_i\rangle \quad \text{with} \quad P_i \sim \frac{e^{-\beta E_i}}{\sum_i} \quad T \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{we are in GS}$$

$$\langle O \rangle = \text{Tr}(O\psi)$$

$$\psi = \sum_i P_i |\psi_i\rangle\langle \psi_i|$$

$$F = E - TS$$

$\downarrow$   
 $E_{GS}$

$|\psi\rangle$

$|\psi_i\rangle$

with

$$P_i \sim \frac{e^{-\beta E_i}}{Z}$$

$T \rightarrow 0$

we are in  
GS

$$\langle O \rangle = \text{Tr}(O\psi)$$

$$\psi = \sum_i P_i |\psi_i\rangle \langle \psi_i|$$

$$O = \sum_k O_k |k\rangle \langle k|$$

$$P_k = |\langle \psi | k \rangle|^2$$

Q. Phase

$\subset \mathbb{K}$

(Q. Phases are domain of  
analyticity of  $\hat{E}$

$$\lambda = (\lambda^1, \dots, \lambda^n)$$

we are in  
AS

$$H(\lambda) = \sum_x \bar{\Phi}_x(\lambda)$$

CK

Q. Phases are domain of  
 analyticity of  $\hat{C}$   $\lambda = (\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n)$

$$H(\lambda) = \sum_X \Phi_X(\lambda) \frac{H(\lambda)}{-g \sum \sigma_i^x} - j \sum_{(i)} \sigma_i^z \sigma_i^z$$

we are in  
 AS

CK

Q. Phases are domain of analyticity of  $\hat{E}$   $\lambda = (\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n)$

$$H(\lambda) = \sum_X \Phi_X(\lambda) \frac{H(\lambda)}{-g \sum \sigma_i^x} - \sum_{(i)} \sigma_i^z \sigma_i^z$$

we are in AS

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{E}_p}{\partial \lambda} \text{ disc.} \quad \frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{E}_p}{\partial \lambda^2} \text{ disc.}$$

CK

Q. Phases are domain of analyticity of  $\tilde{E}$   $\lambda = (\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n)$

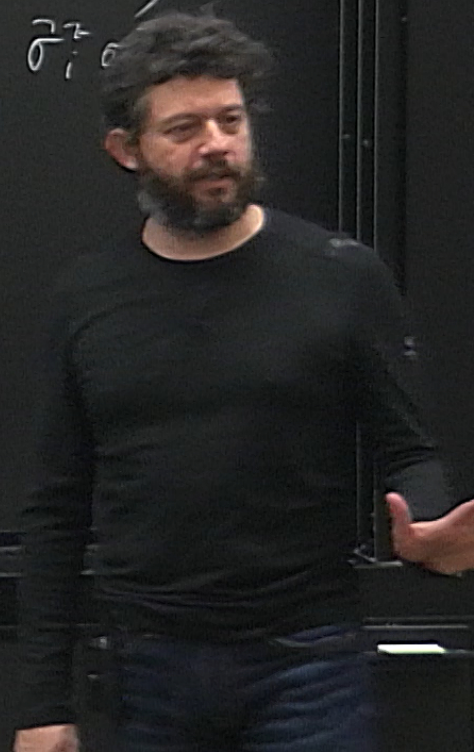
$$H(\lambda) = \sum_x \Phi_x(\lambda)$$

$$H(\lambda) = \frac{1}{g} \sum \sigma_i^x - J \sum_{(ij)} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z$$

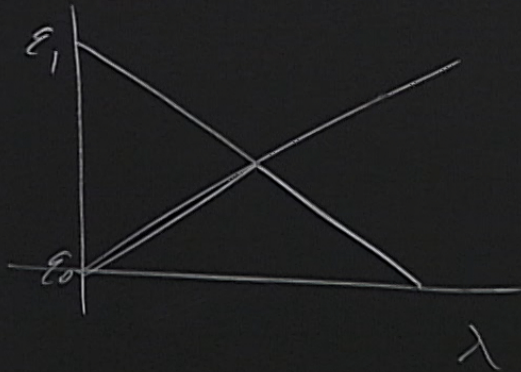
we are in GS

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial \mathcal{E}_0}{\partial \lambda} \text{ disc.}}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{E}_0}{\partial \lambda^2} \text{ disc.}$$

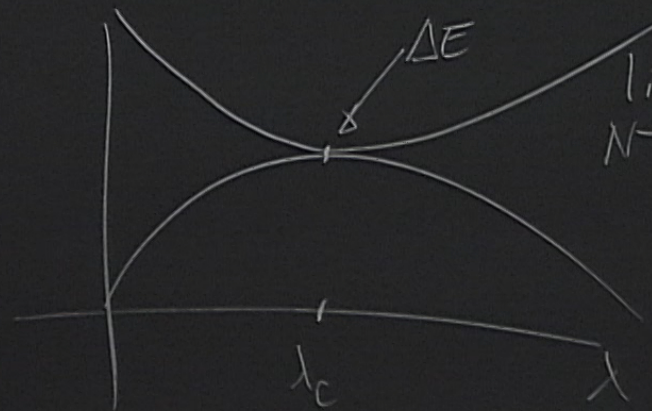
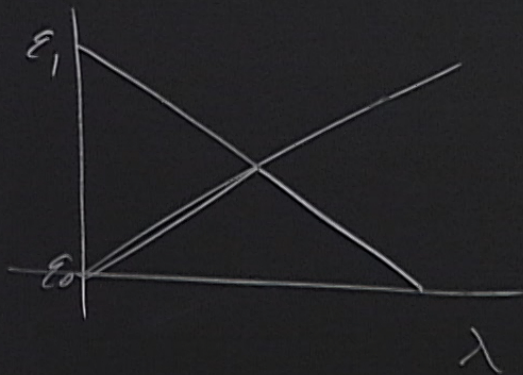


$$H(\lambda) = \varepsilon_0 \lambda \|\cancel{X_0}\| + \varepsilon_1 (1-\lambda) \|X_1\| + \text{Orthogonal term}$$





$$H(\lambda) = \epsilon_0 \lambda |0\rangle\langle 0| + \epsilon_1 (1-\lambda) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \text{Orthogonal terms}$$



$$\lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \lim_{\lambda \rightarrow \lambda_c} \Delta E(\lambda) = 0$$

$$C_{ij} \sim e^{-|1-j|/\xi}$$

$$\xi \sim |\lambda - \lambda_c|^{-\nu}$$

$$\Delta E^{-1} = \xi^2 \sim |\lambda - \lambda_c|^{-2\nu}$$