

Title: N=1 supersymmetric vertex algebras of small index

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Abstract: I will describe examples of holomorphic N=1 super-symmetric vertex algebras with small (non-zero) values of the elliptic genus. I will speculate on a relation to certain patterns in the theory of topological modular forms.

HOLOMORPHIC SCFTs WITH SMALL INDEX  
w/ NOAM ELKIES, THEO JOHNSON-FREYD

HOLOMORPHIC

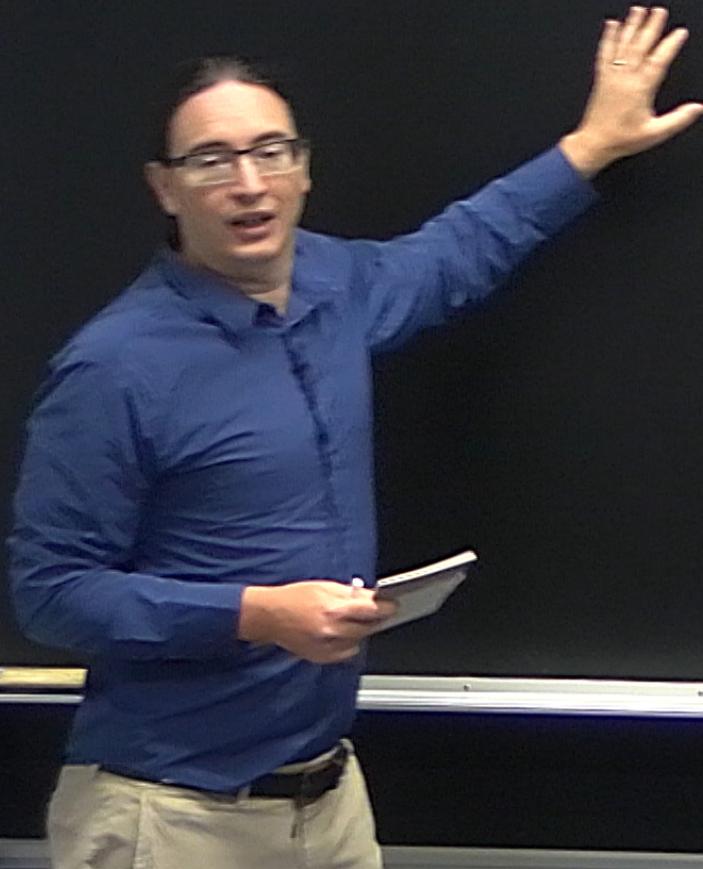
CFT

hCFT

$\subset$  2d CFT

$\subset$  2d

QFT



HOLMORPHIC CFT

hCFT  $\subset$  2d CFT  $\subset$  2d QFT

MATH : VOA  $\mathcal{A}$  OF LOCAL OPERATORS

HOLMORPHIC CFT

hCFT  $\subset$  2d CFT  $\subset$  2d QFT

MATH : VOA  $A$  OF LOCAL OPERATORS  
 $A$  ~~ONLY~~ IRREDUCIBLE MODULE

# HOLMORPHIC CFT

hCFT  $\subset$  2d CFT  $\subset$  2d QFT

MATH : VOA  $\mathcal{A}$  OF LOCAL OPERATORS  
 $\mathcal{A}$  ~~ONLY~~ IRREDUCIBLE MODULE

$$\mathcal{A} \ni T(z)$$

$$T(z)T(w) \sim \frac{c}{z^4} + \frac{2T}{z^2} + \frac{2T}{z}$$

HOLMORPHIC CFT (UNITARY)

hCFT  $\subset$  2d CFT  $\subset$  2d QFT

MATH : VOA  $\mathcal{A}$  OF LOCAL OPERATORS  
 $\mathcal{A}$  ONLY IRREDUCIBLE MODULE

$$\mathcal{A} \ni T(z)$$

$$T(z)T(w) \sim \frac{c}{z^4} + \frac{2T}{z^2} + \frac{2T}{z}$$

MATH : VOA  $A$  OF LOCAL OPERATORS

$A$  ~~ONLY~~ IRREDUCIBLE MODULE

$$A \ni T(z)$$

$$T(z)T(w) \sim \frac{c}{z^4} + \frac{2T}{z^2} + \frac{\partial T}{z}$$

$c$  : GRAVITATIONAL ANOMALY

SPIN hCFT C SPIN-CFT C SPIN-QFT

VOA OF BOSONIC LOCAL OPS  
 $A_e$   
 $A_o$  MODULE OF FERMIONIC  
 $A_e \oplus A_o$

$A_e$  VOA OF BOSONIC LOCAL OPS  
 $A_0$  MODULE OF FERMIONIC " "  
 $A_e \oplus A_0 = Z(S'_b)$



$N=1$  h SCFT  $\subset$   $N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $\subset$   $N=(1,0)$  SQFT

$N=1$  h SCFT  $C$   $N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $C$   $N=(1,0)$  SCFT

$$A_e \Rightarrow T(z)$$

$$A_o \Rightarrow G(z)$$

$$h_G = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$G(z)G(0) \sim \frac{c}{z^3} + \frac{T}{z}$$

$N=1$  h SCFT  $C$   $N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $C$   $N=(1,0)$  SCFT

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MATH : VOA  $\mathcal{A}$  OF LOCAL OPERATORS

$\mathcal{A}$  ~~ONLY~~ IRREDUCIBLE MODULE

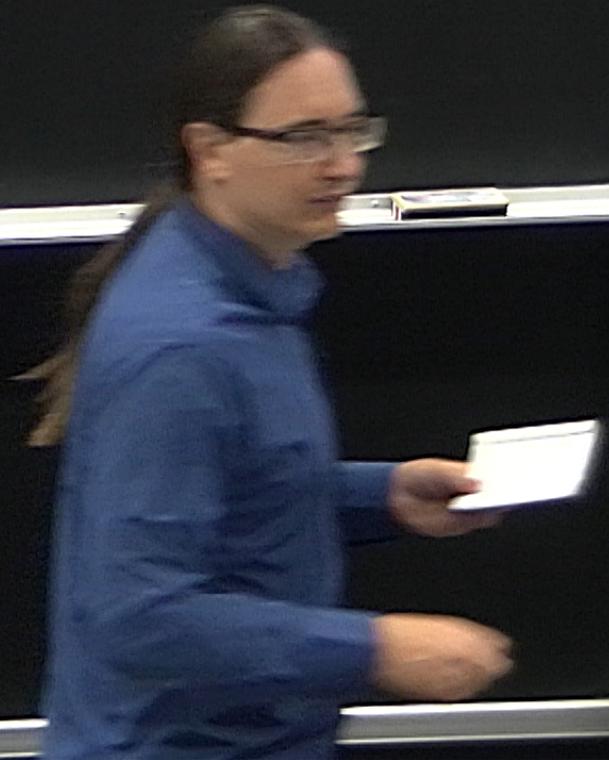
$$\mathcal{A} \ni T(z)$$

$$T(z)T(w) \sim \frac{c}{z^4} + \frac{2T}{z^2} + \frac{2T}{z}$$

$c$  : GRAVITATIONAL ANOMALY

$$c = 8\pi$$

$A_e$  VOA OF BOSONIC LOCAL OPS  
 $A_o$  MODULE OF FERMIONIC " "  
 $A_e \oplus A_o = Z(S'_b)$   
 $A_R = Z(S'_v)$   
 $c = \frac{m}{2}$



$N=1$  h SCFT  $C$   $N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $C$   $N=(1,0)$  SQFT

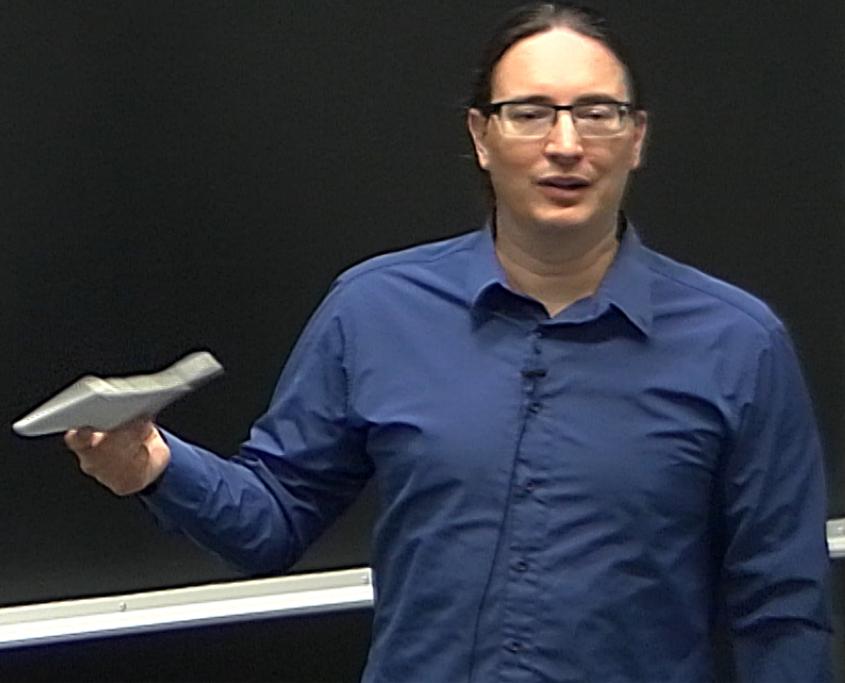
$$A_e \Rightarrow T(z)$$

$$A_o \Rightarrow G(z)$$

$$h_G = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$G(z)G(0) \sim \frac{\hat{c}}{z^3} + \frac{T}{z}$$

$$G_o \subset A_R$$



$N=1$  h SCFT  $C$   $N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $C$   $N=(1,0)$  SQF-1

$$A_e \Rightarrow T(z)$$

$$A_o \Rightarrow G(z)$$

$$h_G = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$G(z)G(0) \sim \frac{c}{z^3} + \frac{T}{z}$$

$$G_o \subset A_R$$

$$G_o^2 = L_o - \frac{c}{24}$$

$N=1$  h SCFT  $\subset N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $\subset N=(1,0)$

$$A_e \ni T(z)$$

$$A_o \ni G(z)$$

$$h_G = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$G(z)G(\sigma) \sim \frac{\hat{c}}{z^3} + \frac{T}{z}$$

$$G_o \subset A_R$$

$$G_o^2 = L_o - \frac{c}{24}$$

$$\chi = \overline{h}_{A_R} (-1)^F q^{L_o - \frac{c}{24}}$$

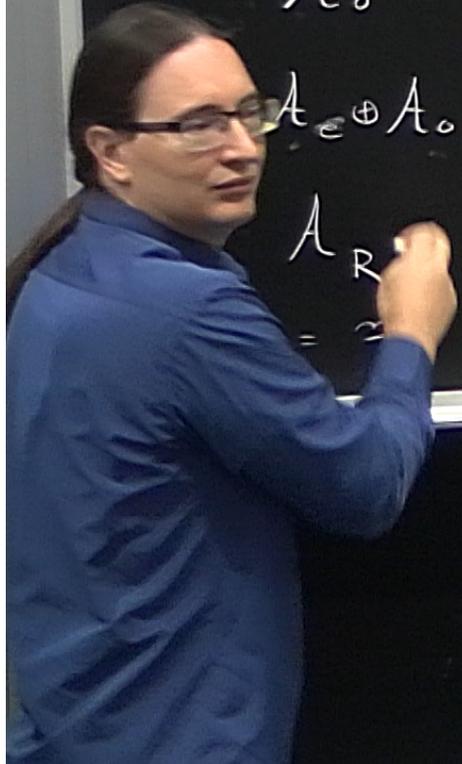
SPIN HCFT    C SPIN-CFT    C SPIN-QFT

$A_e$     VOA OF BOSONIC LOCAL OPS

$A_o$     MODULE OF FERMIONIC

$A_e \oplus A_o = Z(S'_b) \curvearrowright (-1)^F$

$A_R = Z(S'_v)$





$$A_e \Rightarrow T(z)$$

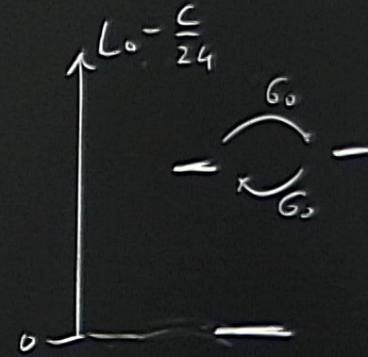
$$A_o \Rightarrow G(z)$$

$$G(z)G(d) \sim \frac{c}{z^3} + \frac{T}{z}$$

$$G_o \subset A_R$$

$$G_o^2 = L_o - \frac{c}{24}$$

$$X = \overline{\mathbb{Z}}_{A_R} \quad (-1)^F q^{L_o - \frac{c}{24}} = \text{INTEGER}$$



$N=1$  h SCFT  $\subset N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $\subset N=(1,0)$  SQFT

$$A_e \ni T(z)$$

$$A_o \ni G(z)$$

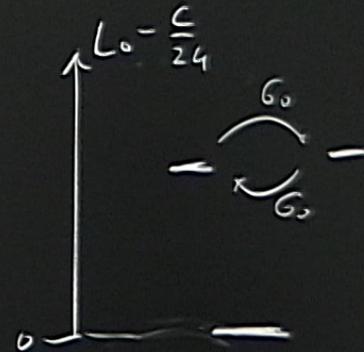
$$h_G = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$G(z)G(o) \sim \frac{c}{z^3} + \frac{T}{z}$$

$$G_o \subset A_R$$

$$G_o^2 = L_o - \frac{c}{24}$$

$$\chi = \sum_{A_R} (-1)^F q^{L_o - \frac{c}{24}} = \text{INTEGER}$$



$$\chi = \sum_{T^2, \text{ ODD SPIN STRUCTURE}} (\bar{q})$$

FIND

$N=1$

h SCFT

$c=12k$

$$\chi = \frac{24}{\gcd(24, k)}$$

FIND

$N=1$  h SCFT

$c=12k$

$$\chi = \frac{24}{\gcd(24, k)}$$

$$k = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$$

$$c = \delta_m$$

LATTICE hcft

CAUTION  
The surface of the blackboard is not to be used for other purposes.  
It is not to be used for other purposes.  
www.pearson.com

# LATTICE hCFT

$$\forall A \Rightarrow \mathcal{T}^a \quad a = 1, \dots, m$$

$$C = m$$

$$\mathcal{T}^a(z) \mathcal{T}^b(0) \sim \frac{\int a b}{z^2}$$

$$C = \delta_m$$

LATTICE      hcft

$$\forall A \ni J^a \quad a = 1, \dots, m$$

$$C = m \quad J^a J^b = \frac{g^{ab}}{2^2}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} (J^a J^a)$$

$$C = \delta_m$$

$$C = m$$

$$T^a_{(2)} T^b_{(0)} \sim \frac{\int^{ab}}{Z^2}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} (T^a T^a)$$

$$A = \sum_{\lambda \in L} M_\lambda$$

$$\lambda \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$h_\lambda = \frac{\lambda^2}{2}$$

L. EVEN

SELF-DUAL

LATTICE

LATTICE SPIN-LCFT

$L$ : SELF-DUAL LATTICE

$$A_e : L_e$$

$$A_o : L_o$$

$$A_R : L + \frac{\omega}{2}$$

$$\omega \cdot \nu = \nu^2 \pmod{2}$$

LATTICE SPIN-LCFT

$L$ : SELF-DUAL LATTICE

$$A_e : L_e$$

$$A_0 : L_0$$

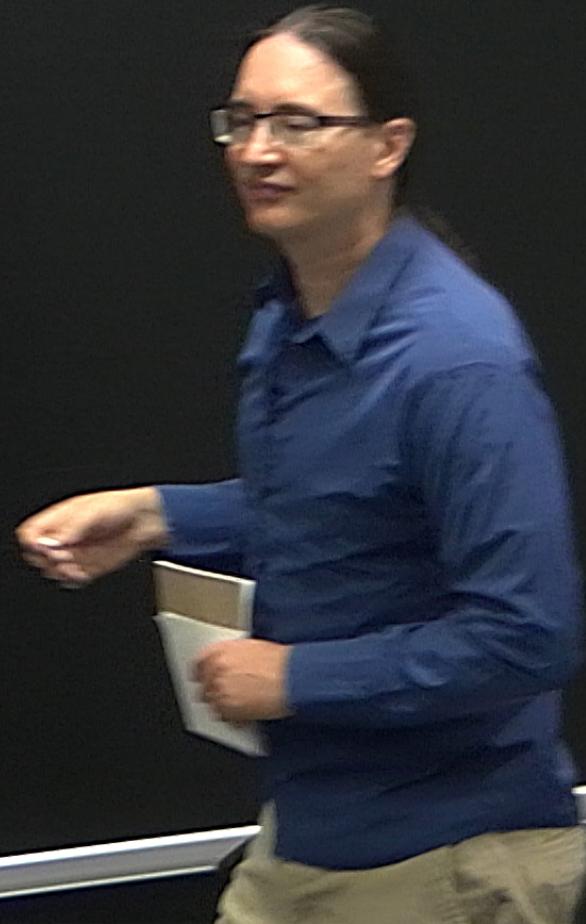
$$A_R : L + \frac{\omega}{2}$$

$$\omega \cdot \nu = \nu^2 \pmod{2}$$

FERMIONS

$$\psi^i(z) \psi^j(0) \sim \frac{\delta_{ij}}{z}$$

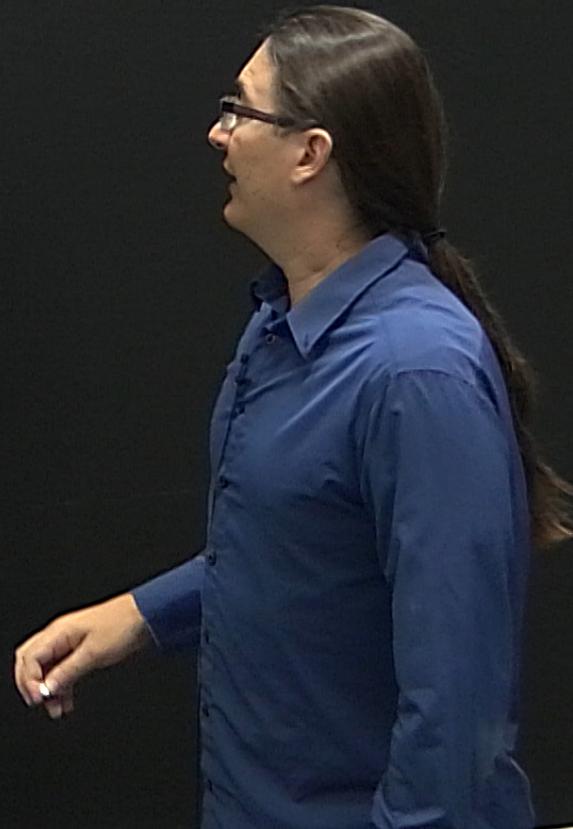
$$\cancel{L = \psi} \quad G = \psi$$



CAUTION

$$\cancel{L = \psi} \quad \cancel{G = \psi}$$

$$G(z) = \sum_{\lambda \in S} \Gamma_{\lambda}(z)$$

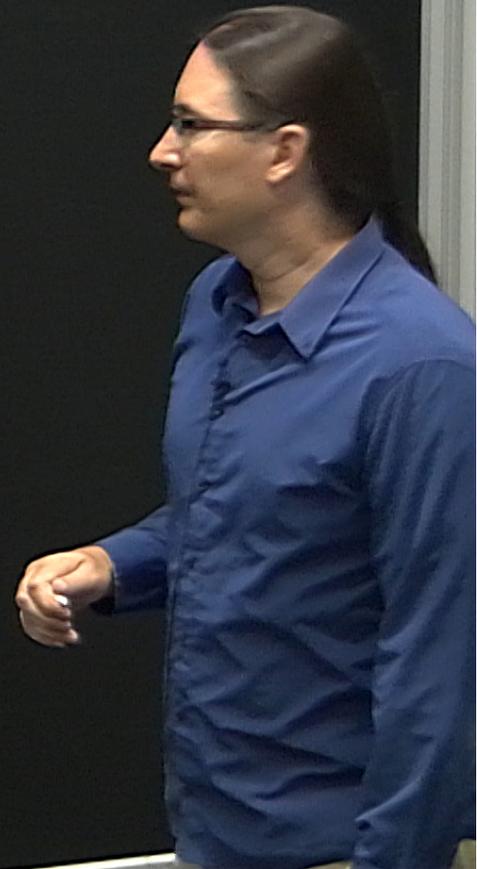


$$\cancel{L = \psi} \quad \cancel{G = \psi}$$

$$G(z) = \sum_{\lambda \in S} \Gamma_{\lambda}(z)$$

$$\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{3}]$$

$$G = \Gamma_{\sqrt{3}} + \Gamma_{-\sqrt{3}}$$

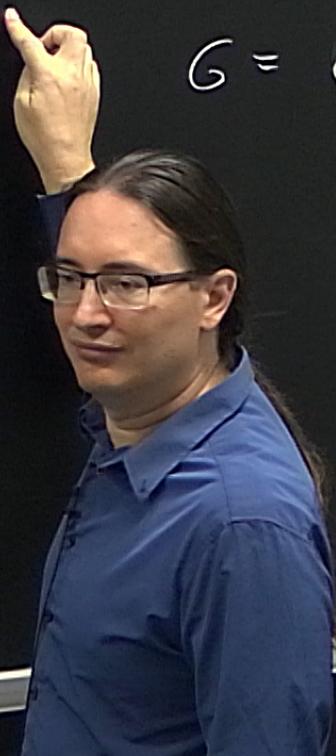


~~$G = \psi$~~   $G = \psi$

$$G(z) = \sum_{\lambda \in S} \Gamma_{\lambda}(z)$$

$$\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{3}]$$

$$G = \Gamma_{\sqrt{3}} + \Gamma_{-\sqrt{3}} \\ e^{i\sqrt{3}\varphi} + e^{-i\sqrt{3}\varphi}$$

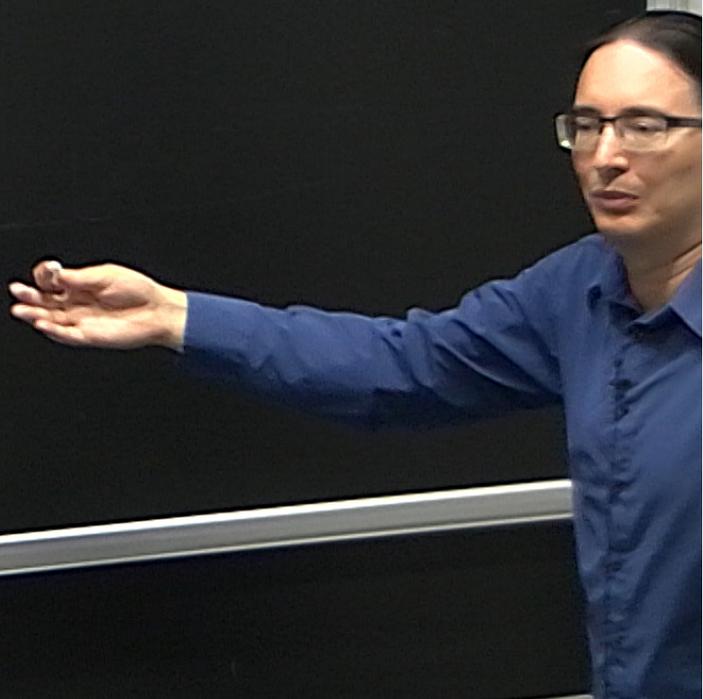


~~$G = \psi(\dots)$~~   $G = \psi(\dots)$

$$G(z) = \sum_{\lambda \in S} \Gamma_{\lambda}(z)$$

$$\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{3}]^{\times 2}$$

$$G = \sum_i \left( \Gamma_{\sqrt{3}e_i} + \Gamma_{-\sqrt{3}e_i} \right) e^{i\sqrt{3}\varphi} + e^{-i\sqrt{3}\varphi}$$



~~$L = \psi$~~   $G = \psi$

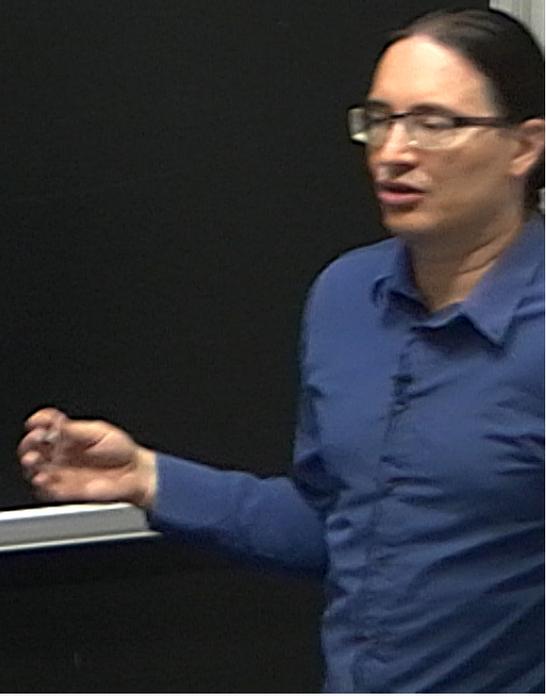
$$G(z) = \sum_{\lambda \in S} \Gamma_{\lambda}(z)$$

$$\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{3}]^m$$

$$G = \sum_i \left( \Gamma_{\sqrt{3}e_i} + \Gamma_{-\sqrt{3}e_i} \right) e^{i\sqrt{3}\varphi} + e^{-i\sqrt{3}\varphi}$$

$$L = \sum_{m_i \in \mathbb{C}} \prod_i \left( \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{3}] + \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

$\mathbb{C}$  : TERNARY CODE



~~L = \psi(\psi)~~      G = \psi(\psi)

$$G(z) = \sum_{\lambda \in S} \Gamma_{\lambda}(z)$$

$$\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{3}]^m$$

$$G = \sum_i \left( \Gamma_{\sqrt{3}e_i} + \Gamma_{-\sqrt{3}e_i} \right) e^{i\sqrt{3}\varphi} + e^{-i\sqrt{3}\varphi}$$

$$L = \sum_{m_i \in \mathbb{C}} \prod_i \left( \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{3}] + \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

X : MULTIPLE OF 24

C : TERNARY CODE

$$G(z) = \sum_{\lambda \in S} \Gamma_{\lambda}(z)$$

$$\left( \frac{u_1}{\sqrt{3}} \mid \frac{u_2}{\sqrt{3}} \mid \frac{u_3}{\sqrt{3}} \mid \dots \right)$$

$$\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{3}]^m$$

$$G = \sum_i \left( \Gamma_{\sqrt{3}e_i} + \Gamma_{-\sqrt{3}e_i} \right) e^{i\sqrt{3}\varphi} + e^{-i\sqrt{3}\varphi}$$

$$L = \sum_{m_i \in \mathbb{C}} \prod_i \left( \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{3}] + \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

X : MULTIPLE OF 24

C : TERNARY CODE

~~$L = \dots$~~   $G = \dots$

$$m = 12k$$

$$G(z) = \sum_{\lambda \in S} \Gamma_{\lambda}(z)$$

$$\left( \frac{k_1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{k_2}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{k_3}{\sqrt{3}}, \dots \right)$$

$$\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{3}]^m$$

$$G = \sum_i \left( \Gamma_{\sqrt{3}e_i} + \Gamma_{-\sqrt{3}e_i} \right) e^{i\sqrt{3}\varphi} + e^{-i\sqrt{3}\varphi}$$

$$L = \sum_{m_i \in \mathbb{C}} \prod_i \left( \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{3}] + \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

X MULTIPLE OF 24

C : TERNARY CODE

LATTICE SPIN-LCFT

$L$ : SELF-DUAL LATTICE  $\lambda^2 = k$

$\eta$

$A_e \cdot L_e$

$A_o \cdot L_o$

$A_R \cdot L + \frac{wv}{2}$

$$w \cdot v = v^2 \pmod{2}$$

FERMIONS

$$\psi^i(z) \psi^j(0) \sim \frac{\delta^{ij}}{z}$$

LATTICE SPIN-LIEFT

$L$  : SELF-DUAL LATTICE

$$\lambda^2 = k \quad (-1)^{v \cdot w}$$

$\cap$

$$A_e : L_e$$

$$A_o : L_o$$

$$A_R : L + \frac{w}{2}$$

$$w \cdot v = v^2 \pmod{2}$$

FERMIONS

$$\psi^i(z) \psi^j(0) \sim \frac{\delta_{ij}}{z}$$

$$C = \mathcal{I}_m$$

ORBIFOLD

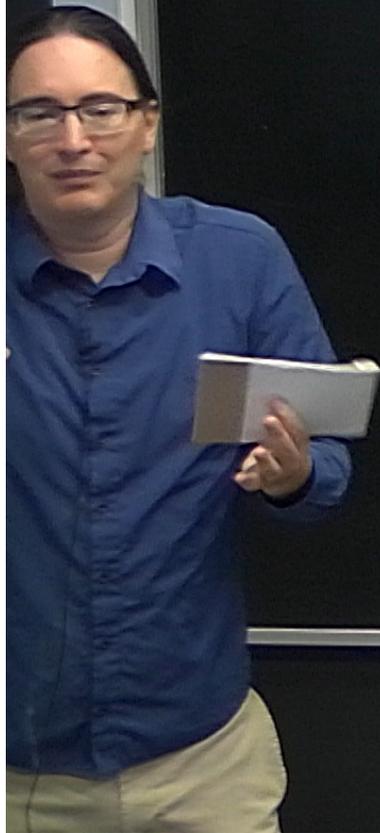
$A \curvearrowright H$  DISCRETE GROUP

$$C = \mathcal{I}_m$$

# ORBIFOLD

$A \curvearrowright H$  DISCRETE GROUP

RIEMANN SURFACE  
+  
FLAT H-BUNDLE



$$C = \mathcal{I}_m$$

ORBIFOLD

$A \curvearrowright H$  DISCRETE GROUP

RIEMANN SURFACE  
+  
FLAT H-BUNDLE

ANOMALY  $\alpha \in H^3(H, U(1))$

$$C = \delta_m$$

# ORBIFOLD

$\odot$   $H$  DISCRETE GROUP

RIEMANN SURFACE  
+  
FLAT  $H$ -BUNDLE

ANOMALY  $\alpha \in H^3(H, U(1))$   
THEN YOU CAN "GAUGE"  $|H|$   
( $U(1)$ ) IN EQUIVARIANT WAYS)

$$C = \delta_m$$

# ORBIFOLD

$A \curvearrowright H$  DISCRETE GROUP

RIEMANN SURFACE  
+  
FLAT H-BUNDLE

ANOMALY  $\alpha \in H^3(H, U(1))$   
IF  $\alpha = d\beta$  THEN YOU CAN "GAUGE"  $H$   
(  $H^2(H, U(1))$  INEQUIVARIANT WAYS )

A

$$C = \mathcal{I}_m$$

# ORBIFOLD

$A \curvearrowright H$  DISCRETE GROUP

RIEMANN SURFACE  
+  
FLAT H-BUNDLE

ANOMALY  $\alpha \in H^3(H, U(1))$   
IF  $\alpha = d\beta$  THEN YOU CAN "GAUGE"  $H$   
(  $H^2(H, U(1))$  INEQUIVARIANT WAYS )  
 $A //_{\mathbb{H}}^P$

SPIN - ORBIFOLD

$A_e, A_o, A_R \hookrightarrow H$

$\alpha \in SH^3(G)$

SPIN - ORBIFOLD

$A_e, A_o, A_R \hookrightarrow H$

$\alpha \in SH^3(G)$

$\alpha = d\beta$



SPIN - ORBIFOLD

$A_e, A_o, A_R \hookrightarrow H$

$$\alpha \in SH^3(\mathbb{H})$$

$$\alpha = d\beta$$

SPIN - ORBIFOLD

$A_e, A_o, A_R \curvearrowright H$

$\alpha \in SH^3(H)$

$\alpha = d\beta$

$SH^2(H)$

INEQUIVALENT

SPIN - ORBIFOLD

ORBIFOLD OF SCFT

$G(z)$  H-INVARIANT

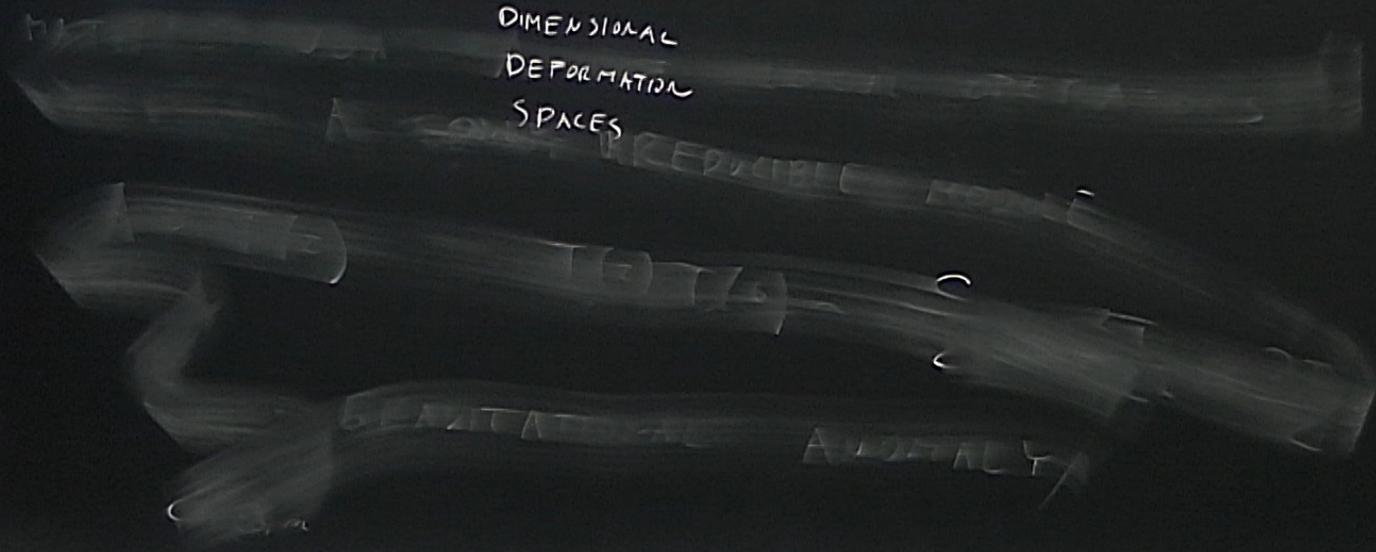


HOLOMORPHIC CFT (UNITARY)

hCFT  $C_{2d}$  CFT  $C_{2d}$  QFT

RIGID

FINITE  
DIMENSIONAL  
DEFORMATION  
SPACES



HOLOMORPHIC CFT (UNITARY)

hCFT  $C_{2d}$  CFT  $C_{2d}$  QFT

RIGID

FINITE  
DIMENSIONAL  
DEFORMATION  
SPACES

INFINITE  
DEFORMATION  
SPACES

HOLOMORPHIC CFT (UNITARY)

HCFT  $C_{2d}$  CFT  $\subset$  2d QFT

RIGID

FINITE  
DIMENSIONAL  
DEFORMATION

INFINITE  
DEFORMATION  
SPACES



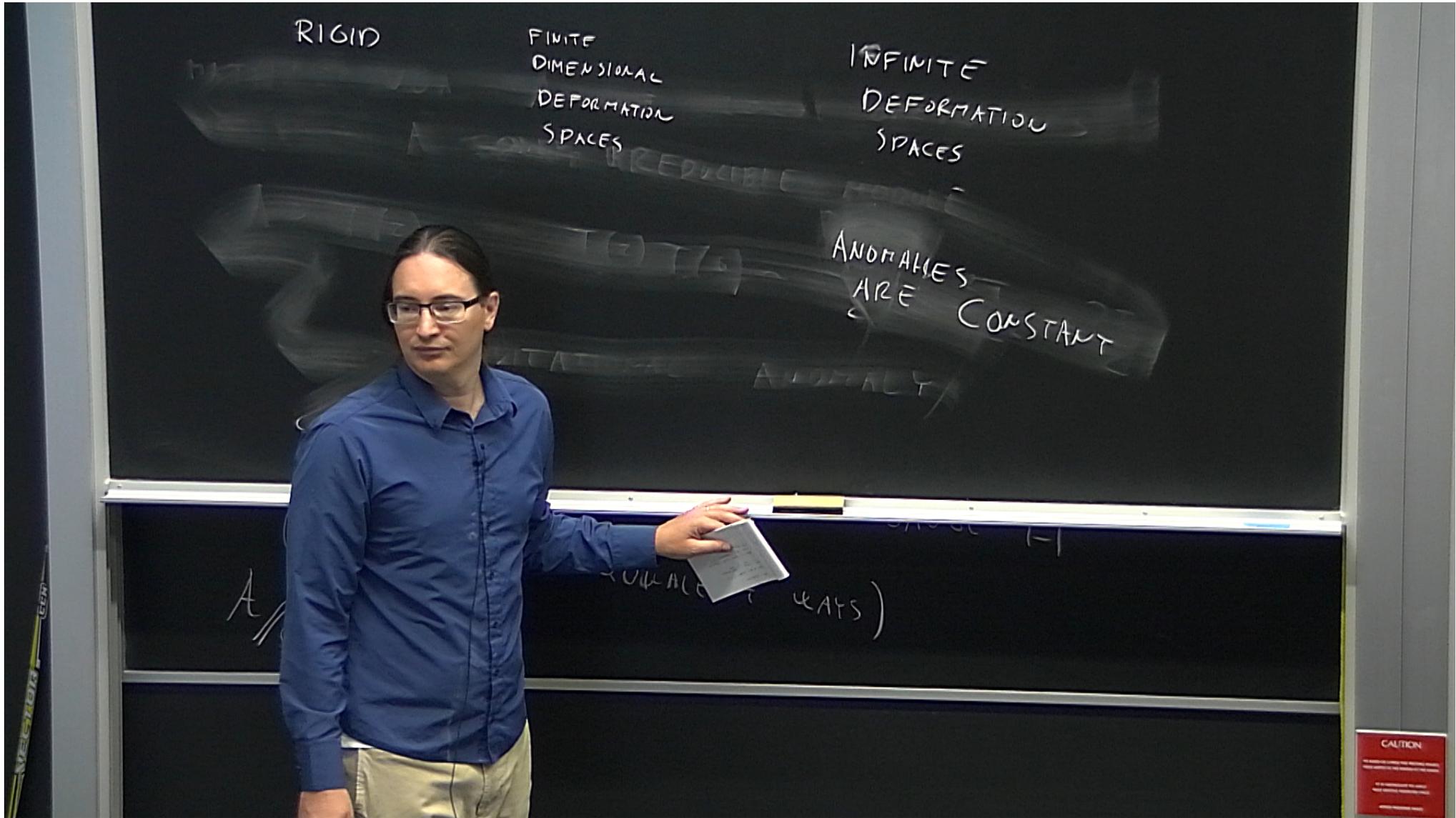
HOLOMORPHIC CFT (UNITARY)

hCFT  $C_{2d}$  CFT  $C$  2d QFT

RIGID

FINITE  
DIMENSIONAL  
DEFORMATION  
SPACES

INFINITE  
DEFORMATION  
SPACES



$N=1$  h SCFT  $\subset N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $\subset N=(1,0)$  SQFT

ANOMALIES

$\chi(\bar{q}_1)$

$A_R$  (-1) 1

$N=1$  h SCFT  $\subset$   $N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $\subset$   $N=(1,0)$  SQFT

$\downarrow$   
 $MF_{2c}$

ANOMALIES

$\chi(\bar{q}_1)$

$A_R$   $(-1)$   $1$

$N=1$  h SCFT  $\subset$   $N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $\subset$   $N=(1,0)$  SQFT

ANOMALIES

$\chi(\bar{q}_1)$

$A_R$  (-1) 1

$MF_{2,c}$

$N=1$  h SCFT  $\subset$   $N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $\subset$   $N=(1,0)$  SQFT

ANOMALIES

$\chi(\bar{q})$

$\downarrow$   
MF<sub>2,0</sub>

$\chi \eta^{2c}(\bar{q})$

$A_R$  (-1) 1

$N=1$  h SCFT  $\subset$   $N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $\subset$   $N=(1,0)$  SQFT

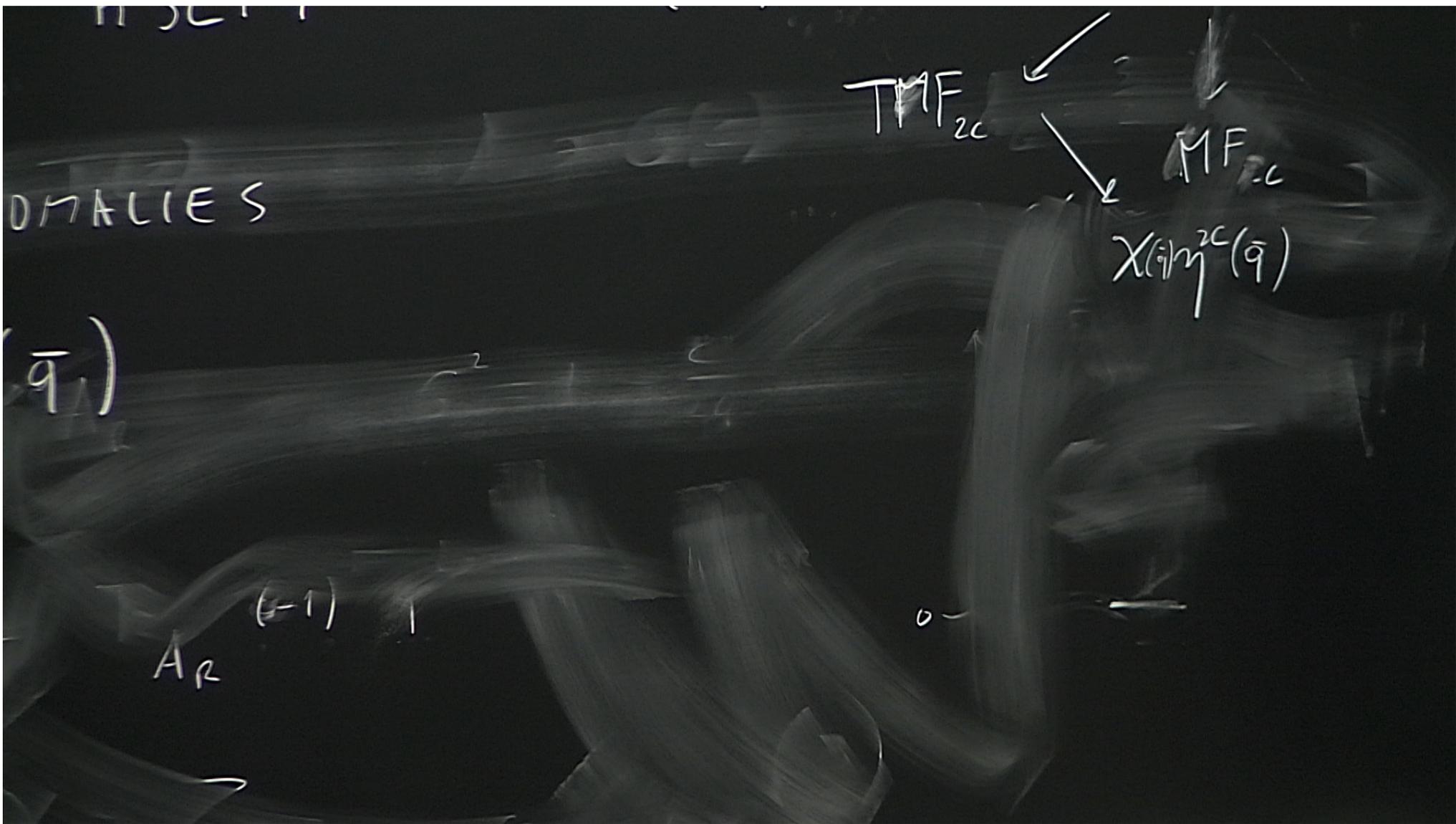
ANOMALIES

$$\chi(\bar{q}_1)$$

$\downarrow$   
MF<sub>2,c</sub>

$$\chi(\bar{q}_1)^{2c}(\bar{q})$$

$A_R$   $(-1)$   $1$



$C$   $N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $C$   $N=(1,0)$

$TMF_{2C}$

$MF_{-C}$

$X(i\eta^{2C}(\bar{q}))$

$N=1$  h SCFT  $\subset N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $\subset N=(1,0)$  SQFT

ANOMALIES

$\chi(\bar{q})$

$TMF_{2c}$

$MF_{2c}$

$\chi(i\eta^{2c}(\bar{q}))$

$A_R$  (-1) 1

$N=1$  h SCFT  $\subset$   $N=(1,0)$  SCFT  $\subset$   $N=(1,0)$  SQFT

ANOMALIES

$$\chi(\bar{q})$$

$$TMF_{2c}$$

$$MF_{2c}$$

$$\chi(\eta^{2c}(\bar{q}))$$

$$\frac{24}{\gcd(2c, \frac{c}{12})} \eta^{2c}(\bar{q})$$

$$A_R^{(-1)}$$