

Title: Closed strings, moduli and Integrability in AdS3/CFT2

Date: May 08, 2018 02:30 PM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/18050056>

Abstract:

I will review recent progress in computing the exact planar spectrum of closed strings in AdS3 backgrounds with 8+8 supercharges, including the derivation of the protected spectrum. Such theories have a multi-dimensional moduli space, and I will show what effect varying the moduli has on the exact closed string spectrum, and how the integrable structure changes as we do so, paying particular attention to the background supported by NS-NS flux.

Ohlsson Sax + B.S. 1804.02023

GOAL: ALL closed string spectrum

$AdS_3 \times S^3 \times T^4$ (or $T^4 \rightarrow S^3 \times S^1$)

How do 20 moduli affect E ?

Plan:

- ① AdS_3 as n.h. of 1+5 branes
- ② Moduli in asympt + n.h.
- ③ Spectrum at partic pt in Mod
- ④ Spectrum for gen. moduli

Background

$D1_0$

$F1_0$

$D5_{016789}$

$NS5_{016789}$

$Q_{D1} =$

$Q_{F1} =$

$Q_{D5} =$

$Q_{NS5} =$

2023

trunc

$S^3 \times S^1$

E?

branes

n.h.

- in mod

data

Background

- D1₀₁
- F1₀₁
- D5₀₁₆₇₈₉
- NS5₀₁₆₇₈₉

n.h. \rightarrow $A/S_3 \times S^3 \times S^1 \times S^1$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} F^{(2)} = (\mathcal{L}_{NS5} + \mathcal{L}_S) \\ H = (\mathcal{L}_{D5} + \mathcal{L}_S) \end{array} \right.$

- $Q_{D1} =$
- $Q_{F1} =$
- $Q_{D5} =$
- $Q_{NS5} =$

$(Q_{D3} = Q_{D7} = 0)$

8 S. 1804.02023

string spectrum

$S^3 \times T^4$ (or $T^4 \rightarrow S^3 \times S^1$)

moduli affect E ?

as n.h. of 1+5 branes

in asympt + n.h.

run at partic pt in Mod

rom for gen. moduli

Background

- $N_1 D1_0$
- $N_{F1} F1_0$
- $N_5 D5_{016789}$
- $k NS5_{016789}$
 T^4
- $Q_{D1} = N_1$
- $Q_{F1} =$
- $Q_{D5} =$
- $Q_{NS5} =$

n.h. \rightarrow $AdS_3 \times S^2 \times T^4$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} F_3 = N_1 (\mathcal{L}_{NS5} + \mathcal{L}_S) \\ H = k (\mathcal{L}_{NS5} + \mathcal{L}_S) \end{array} \right.$

$(Q_{D3} = Q_{D7} = 0)$

023

Background

$N_1 D1_{01}$

$N_{F1} F1_{01}$

$N_5 D5_{01,6789}$

$K NS5_{01,6789}$
T4

$$Q_{D1} = N_1$$

$$Q_{F1} = N_{F1}$$

$$Q_{D5} = N_5$$

$$Q_{NS5} = K$$

n.h. $\rightarrow A/S_3 \times S_3 \times T_4 \rightarrow$

$$\begin{cases} F^{(3)} = N_1 (\rho_{NS5} + \rho_S) \\ H = K (\rho_{NS5} + \rho_S) \end{cases}$$

$$(Q_{D3} = Q_{D7} = 0)$$

→ ④ Spectrum for gen. moduli

$Q_{D5} = N_5$
 $Q_{NS5} = k$

Moduli

- Asympt flat 25 moduli = $\{ g_{ij}, B_{ij}, \phi, C_{ij}^{(2)}, C^{(0)}, C_{S^2 S^1}^{(2)} \}$
- Near horizon attractor mech fixes 5 scalars
 $\text{vol}(T^4), C_{S^2 S^1}^{(4)}, \begin{cases} B_{ij} & D1/D5 \\ C_{ij} & F1/NS5 \end{cases}$
- "Simplest point" m_0 : $g_{ij} = \sqrt{l_p} \delta_{ij}$ all other moduli + scalars
- Maldacena Ooguri = WZW at m_0

(3) Spectrum at partic pt in Mod

→ (4) Spectrum for gen. moduli

$$Q_{D5} = N_5$$

$$Q_{NS5} = k$$

$$(Q_{D3} = Q_3)$$

Moduli

• Asympt flat 25 moduli = $\{g_{ij}, B_{ij}, \phi, C_{ij}^{(2)}, C_{ij}^{(6)}, C_{6789}^{(4)}\}$

• Near horizon attractor mech fixes 5 scalars

$$\text{vol}(T^4), C_{6789}^{(4)}, \begin{cases} B_{ij} & D1/D5 \\ C_{ij} & F1/NS5 \end{cases}$$

• "Simplest point" m_0 : $g_{ij} = \sqrt{\alpha'} \delta_{ij}$ all other moduli + scalars = 0

• Maldacena Ooguri = WZW at m_0

Spectrum from integrability

- $p^i = w^i = 0$ $\mathcal{H}_{(0,0)}$ sector
- gauge fix Green-Schwarz action at m_0

- Spectrum $K_{P_1}^+ \eta_{P_2}^+ \alpha_{P_3}^+ \chi_{P_4}^+ |J\rangle_{\text{BMN}}$ $\sum P_i = 0$

P_i satisfy BETHE EOS

$$E(P_i) = \sqrt{\left(m_i + \frac{k P_i}{2\pi}\right)^2 + 4 \tilde{q}^2 h^2 \sin^2\left(\frac{P_i}{2}\right)}$$

$$0 \leq \tilde{q} = \frac{N_5 g_5}{\sqrt{k^2 + N_5^2 g_5^2}} \leq 1$$

stability

sector

wave action at m_0

$$\chi_{P_4}^+ |J\rangle_{\text{BMN}}$$

$$\sum p_i = 0$$

SS

$$\frac{1}{q} \sqrt{h^2 \sin^2(p_i/2)}$$

What does $S^{2 \rightarrow 2}$ worksheet look like?

S known R_{AdS} to all orders
 S satisfies $\gamma/B E$

$$R^2 = \alpha' \sqrt{k^2 + N^2 \frac{g^2}{5}}$$

$$h \equiv h(R) = \frac{R^2}{\alpha'} + \dots$$

Spectrum from integrability

• $p^i = w^i = 0$ $\mathcal{H}_{(0,0)}$ sector

• gauge fix Green-Schwarz action at m_0

• Spectrum $\underbrace{K_{P_1}}_{m_1=1}^+ \underbrace{P_{P_2}}_{m_2=0}^+ \underbrace{\alpha_{P_3}}_{m_3=0}^+ \underbrace{\chi_{P_4}}_{m_4=0}^+ |J\rangle_{\text{BMN}}$

$$\sum P_i = 0$$

P_i satisfy BETHE Eqs

$$E(P_i) = \sqrt{\left(m_i + \frac{K P_i}{2\pi}\right)^2 + 4 \tilde{q}^2 h^2 \sin^2\left(\frac{P_i}{2}\right)}$$

$$0 \leq \tilde{q} = \frac{N_5 g_5}{\sqrt{K^2 + N_5^2 g_5^2}} \leq 1$$

$$h \equiv h(P)$$

- gauge fix Green-Schwarz action at m_0
- Spectrum $\underbrace{K_{P_1}}^+ \underbrace{\eta_{P_2}}^+ \underbrace{\alpha_{P_3}}^+ \underbrace{\chi_{P_4}}^+ |J\rangle_{\text{BMN}}$ $\sum P_i = 0$

P_i satisfy BETHE Eqs

$$E(P_i) = \sqrt{\left(m_i + \frac{K_{P_i}}{2\pi}\right)^2 + 4\tilde{q}^2 h^2 \sin^2\left(\frac{P_i}{2}\right)}$$

$$\text{NSNS } 0 \leq \tilde{q} = \frac{N_5 g_s}{\sqrt{K^2 + N_5^2 g_s^2}} \leq 1 \text{ RR}$$

$$h \equiv h(P)$$

Green-Schwarz action at m_0

$$m^2 = 1 \quad m^2 = 0$$

$$\underline{K_{P_1}} + \underline{\eta_{P_2}} + \underline{\alpha_{P_3}} + \underline{\chi_{P_4}} |J\rangle_{\text{BMN}}$$

$$\sum p_i = 0$$

known $K + \alpha g_5$ \rightarrow 11 rows
 S satisfies $\forall \text{BE}$

$$R^2 = \alpha' \sqrt{K^2 + N_5^2 g_5^2}$$

by BETHE EOS

$$\left(m_i + \frac{K_{P_i}}{2\pi} \right)^2 + 4 \tilde{q}^2 (h)^2 \sin^2(P_i/2)$$

$$\leq \tilde{q}^2 = \frac{N_5 g_5}{\sqrt{K^2 + N_5^2 g_5^2}} \leq 1 \text{ RR}$$

$$h \equiv h(R) = \frac{R^2}{\alpha'} + \dots$$

$h(\lambda)$

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{k^2 + N_s^2 g_s^2}} = 1$$

Spectrum

$$P_i = 0$$

de Baer $\mathcal{P}\mathcal{P}$

h.w. states $(\chi_{P_i=0}^{a+})^n$
Sugra $\text{Sym}^n(T^4)$

16 states for each J

BMN

Protected Spectrum

$$m_i = 0 \quad P_i = 0$$

h.w. states $\left(\chi_{P_i=0}^{a+} \right)$

• matches de Boer \mathcal{PP}

Sugra $\text{Sym}^N(T^4)$

$$\circ \text{Ad } S_3 \times S^3 \times S^3 \times S^1$$

\mathcal{PP} de Boer X

$$\frac{W \supseteq W_{pt} \quad \tilde{q} \rightarrow 0}{}$$

+ S_{mat} BEs are finite

$$- C_{ext} \propto \tilde{q} \rightarrow 0$$

Conclusion: Need just 1 DS br

$$\tilde{q} \rightarrow 0$$

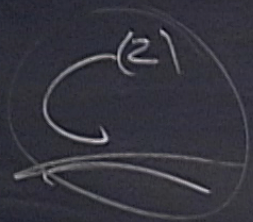
at REs are finite in \tilde{q}

$$t. \propto \tilde{q} \rightarrow 0$$

∴ Need just 1 D5 brane

DI/D5 Spectrum & moduli

g_{ij} $H_{(0,0)}$ \leftrightarrow action & periodicity



$$F^{(p+1)} = dC^{(p)} - C^{(p-2)} \wedge H$$

①

②

2 moduli

S action & periodicity conditions don't change

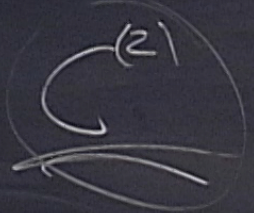
$$dC^{(P)} \sim C^{(P-2)} \wedge H$$

- ① Eom stay same
- ② GS action same

D1/D5 Spectrum & moduli

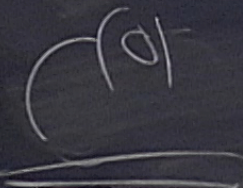
g_{ij}

$H_{(0,0)}$ GS action & periodicity



$$F^{(p+1)} = dC^{(p)} - C^{(p-2)} \wedge H$$

$$Q_{D3} = \int F^{(5)} + C^{(2)} \wedge H = 0$$



B_{ij}^+

① eom + Bianchi

② GS action H

Q

$$\int_{D^3} F^{(5)} - B^T \wedge F^{(3)} \neq 0$$

$$F^{(5)} \neq 0 \quad dC^{(4)} = B^+ \wedge F^{(3)}$$

Solves eom
has correct charges

B_{ij}^+

① eom + Bianchi

② GS action H

$$Q_{D3} = \int F^{(5)} - B^T \wedge F^{(3)} \neq 0$$

$$F^{(5)} dC^{(4)} = B^+ \wedge F^{(3)} \neq 0$$

solves eom
has correct charges

(A) $(Tr T)_\varphi^2$ + (B) $B^+ = cst$ to get right changes

$$T_6 + \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{x}^6 \\ \tilde{x}^7 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \varphi & \sin \varphi \\ -\sin \varphi & \cos \varphi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x^6 \\ x^7 \end{pmatrix} + T_2$$

(A) $(Tr T)_\varphi^2 + (B) B^+ = cst$ to get right changes
 X

$$T_6 + \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{x}^6 \\ \tilde{x}^7 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \varphi & \sin \varphi \\ -\sin \varphi & \cos \varphi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x^6 \\ x^7 \end{pmatrix} + T_2$$

$$R^2 = \alpha' g_5 N_5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{2} B^2} \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{p}_6 \\ \tilde{x}_7 \end{pmatrix} = O_\varphi^t \begin{pmatrix} p_6 \\ x_7 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{p}_7 \\ \tilde{x}_6 \end{pmatrix} = O_\varphi \begin{pmatrix} p_7 \\ x_6 \end{pmatrix}$$

un & moduli

nothing

$$C_{6789}^{(4)} = -C_0$$

① EoM + Bianchi's ✓

② Charges are also OK

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 6 \\ 1 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \end{pmatrix} = O_6^T \begin{pmatrix} P_6 \\ P_7 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} P_7 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} = 0 \quad (P)$$

$$C^{(0)} = C_0 = \text{cst}$$

$$C_{6789}^{(4)} = -C_0$$

① Eolm

② Charg

$$Q_{DS} = \int F^{(3)} + C^{(0)} H$$

$$= \int -C_0 H + C_0 H = 0$$

$$R^2 = \alpha' \alpha N \left(\frac{T}{rT} \right)^2 \left(\begin{array}{c} p \\ 6 \\ 12 \\ x \\ 7 \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{c} p \\ 6 \\ 12 \\ x \\ 7 \end{array} \right)^T \left(\begin{array}{c} p \\ 6 \\ 12 \\ x \\ 7 \end{array} \right)$$

m & moduli

nothing

$$F^{(3)} = dC^{(2)} - C^{(0)} H = -c_0 H$$

$$C_{6789}^{(4)} = -c_0$$

$$F^{(3)} + C^{(0)} H$$

$$\int -c_0 H + c_0 H = 0$$

① EoM + Bianchi's ✓

② Charges are also OK ✓

③ GS action changes

$$R^2 = \alpha' k \sqrt{1 + g_s^2 C_0}$$

$$\vec{q} \cdot h(R) = - \frac{C_0 k g_s}{2\pi}$$

C_0

$$+ g_s^2 C_0$$

$$\frac{0 \text{ } k \text{ } g_s}{2\pi}$$

$$d - C_0 k$$

+ Non-fermion coupling

- ① Integ finds exact spectrum of $AdS_3 \times S^3 \times T^4$
for all moduli (all charges)
- ② $\frac{1}{2}$ BPS really is protected
- ③ Find back reacted solns
- ④ Try to link WZW \longleftrightarrow Integ.
- ⑤ $AdS_4 \times S^3 \times S^3 \times S^1$