

Title: MPIM/PI teleseminar on categorified knot invariants - 4

Date: May 18, 2018 11:30 AM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/18050055>

Abstract:

- a sequence of categories $\mathcal{C}(k) \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$

- functors $E: \mathcal{C}(k) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}(k+2) \quad F: \mathcal{C}(k) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}(k-2)$

- natural transformations $E \xrightarrow{\alpha} E, \quad E^2 \xrightarrow{\chi} E$

st. $EF|_{\mathcal{C}(k)} \cong FE|_{\mathcal{C}(k)}$ (iso of functors) $I^{\oplus k}_{\mathcal{C}(k)}$ (if $k \geq 0$)

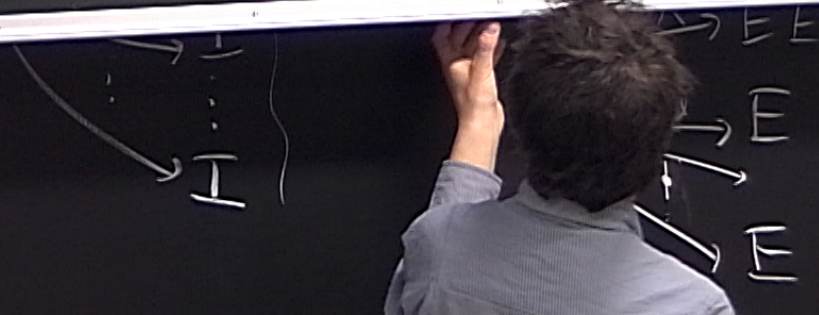
• a sequence of categories $\mathcal{C}(k) \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$

• functors $E: \mathcal{C}(k) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}(k+2) \quad F: \mathcal{C}(k) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}(k-2)$

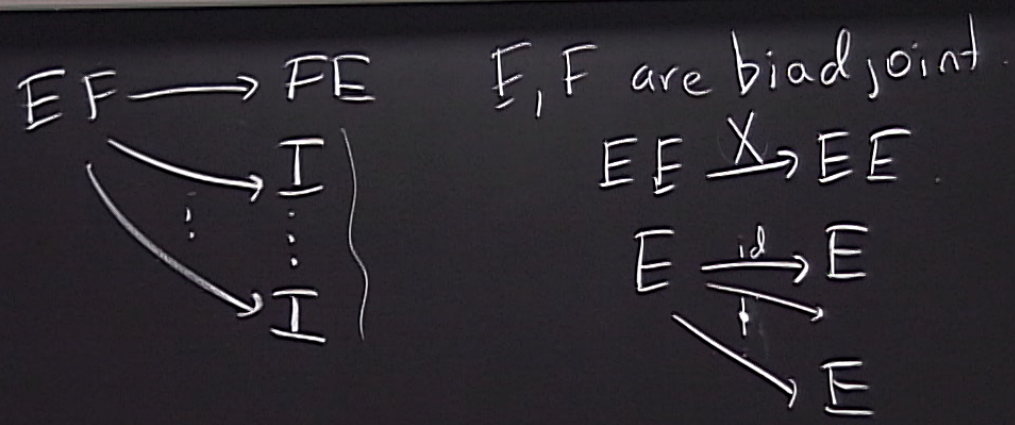
• natural transformations $\begin{array}{ccc} E & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & E \\ E^2 & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & E \end{array}$, biadjo

s.t. $EF|_{\mathcal{C}(k)} \cong FE|_{\mathcal{C}(k)} \oplus I_{\mathcal{C}(k)}^{\oplus k} \quad (\text{if } k \geq 0)$

iso of functors



$e(k)$ $\xrightarrow{\text{iso}}$ $e(k)$ \oplus $e(k)$
 iso of functors



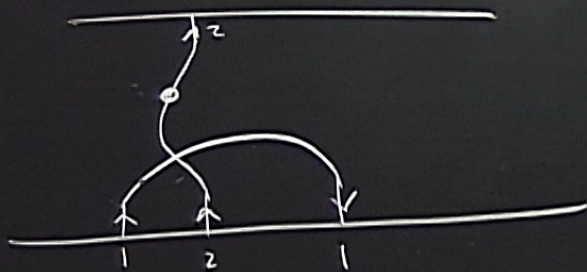
CAUTION

CAUTION

$$E_1 \rightarrow \underline{E}_1 \quad / \text{relations,}$$

$$E_1 F_1 \rightarrow \text{id.}$$

represented by string diagrams



$$E_2$$

$$\uparrow$$

$$E_1 E_2 F_1$$

$\mathcal{U} \text{ gln} \longrightarrow$ ^{some other} 2-category for eg. Cat .

① On Coherent sheaves:

$\mathcal{U} \text{ gln} \longrightarrow \text{Coh}(\text{ConV})$ ^{objects} ^{proper varieties}
 $\xrightarrow{\text{morphism}}$ $\text{Hom}(X, Y) = \text{Dsh}(X \times Y)$
 $\xrightarrow{\text{2-morphism}}$

$\underline{k} \longmapsto \text{Gr}(\underline{k}) = \{ L_0 = (\mathbb{C}[z]^n) \subset L_1 \subset \dots \subset L_m \subset (\mathbb{C}[z, z^{-1}]^n) \}$
 $\{ L_i \subset L_{i+1} \quad \dim L_i / L_{i-1} = k_i \}$

$E_i \longmapsto \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}(i)$
 $\bullet \longmapsto \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}$

① On Coherent sheaves

super-
eties

$\mathcal{U} \text{ gl}_m \longrightarrow \text{Coh}(\text{ConV})$ morphism $\text{Hom}(X, Y) = \text{D}(\text{oh}(X \times Y))$

$\underline{k} \longmapsto \text{Gr}(\underline{k}) = \{ L_0 = \mathbb{C}[z] \subset L_1 \subset \dots \subset L_m \subset \mathbb{C}[z, z^{-1}] \}$ 2-morphism
 $\mathbb{E}_i \longmapsto \mathcal{O}_{z_i}$ $z \in L_i \setminus L_{i-1} \implies \dim L_i / L_{i-1} = k_i$
 $\phi \longmapsto$ obstruction to deforming \mathcal{O}_{z_i}

②

CKL. $\mathbb{Z}_i \mapsto \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{Z}_i}$ $\mathbb{Z}L_i \mapsto L_{i-1} \oplus L_i \oplus L_{i+1}$ $\dim L_i/L_{i-1} = k_i$
 $\mathbb{Z}_i \mapsto$ obstruction to deforming $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{Z}_i}$.

② $\mathcal{U}gln \rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{rings} \\ \text{bimodules} \end{cases}$
 Khovanov - Lauda $\underline{k} \mapsto H^0(\text{Fl}(k_1, \dots, k_m; \mathbb{C}^{k_1 + \dots + k_m}))$
 $E_i \mapsto$ bimodule coming from a correspondence

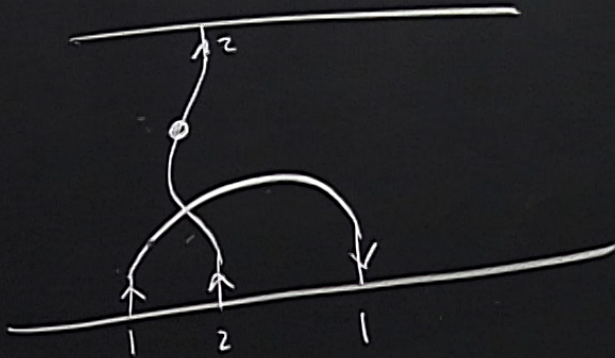
③ category \mathcal{O} $\mathcal{U}gln \rightarrow \text{Cat}$
 Bernstein - Frenkel - Khovanov $\underline{k} \mapsto$ a singular block of category \mathcal{O}
 Stroppel for sl_N $N = k_1 + \dots + k_m$
 Sussan \dots
 $\mathcal{O}_{\substack{1, \dots, 1, 2, \dots, 2, \dots, m, \dots, m-p \\ k_1 \quad k_2 \quad k_3}}$

CKL. $\mathbb{Z}_i \mapsto \bigcup \mathbb{Z}_i$ $\mathbb{Z}L_i \setminus L_{i-1}$ $\dim L_i / L_{i-1} = k_i$
 $\mathbb{Z}_i \mapsto$ obstruction to deforming \mathbb{Z}_i .

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 $E_i \mapsto$ bimodule coming from a correspondence

③ category \mathcal{O}
 Bernstein-Frenkel-Khovanov
 Stroppel
 Susser, ...
 $\mathcal{U}gln \rightarrow \text{Cat}$
 $\underline{k} \mapsto$ a singular block of category \mathcal{O}
 for sl_N $N = k_1 + \dots + k_m$.
 $E_i \mapsto$ translation functor
 $\mathcal{O}_{\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_r} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{\mu_1, \dots, \mu_p}$

represented by string diagrams



E_2
 \uparrow
 E_1, E_2, F_1

KLR-algebra
"upward pointing
string diagrams"

All these actions categorify $\Lambda^N(\mathbb{C}^n \otimes \mathbb{C}^m)$

Theorem (Cautis, Mackaay-Webster, Queffelec-Roze)

These actions all give rise to categorical

sl_n knot invariants. In fact they

are all the same

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Foam₂ Bar-Natan

Ob IN

1-Morphisms planar tangles



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Foam₂ Bar-Natan

Ob IN

1-Morphisms

planar tangles



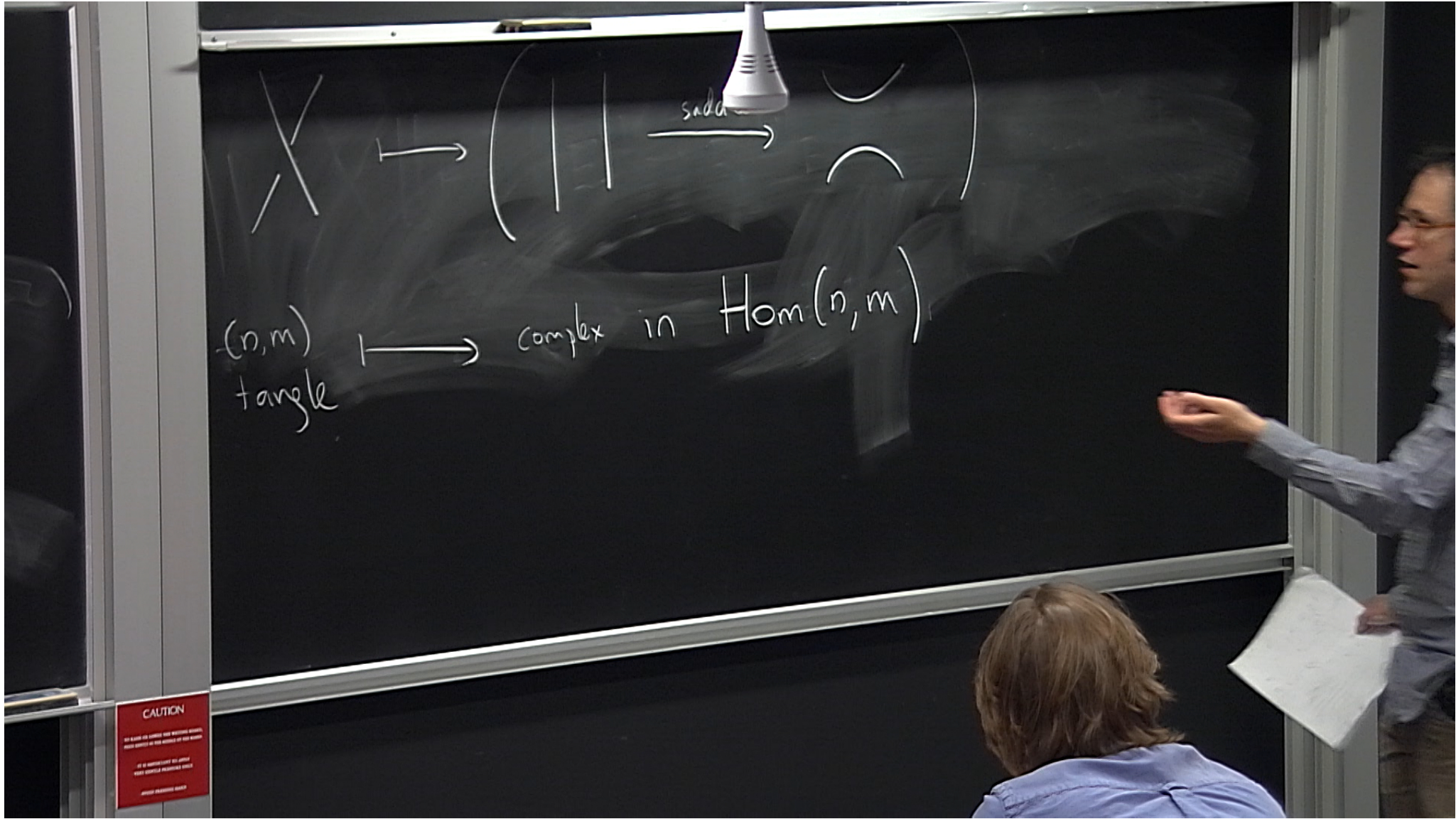
2-Morphisms

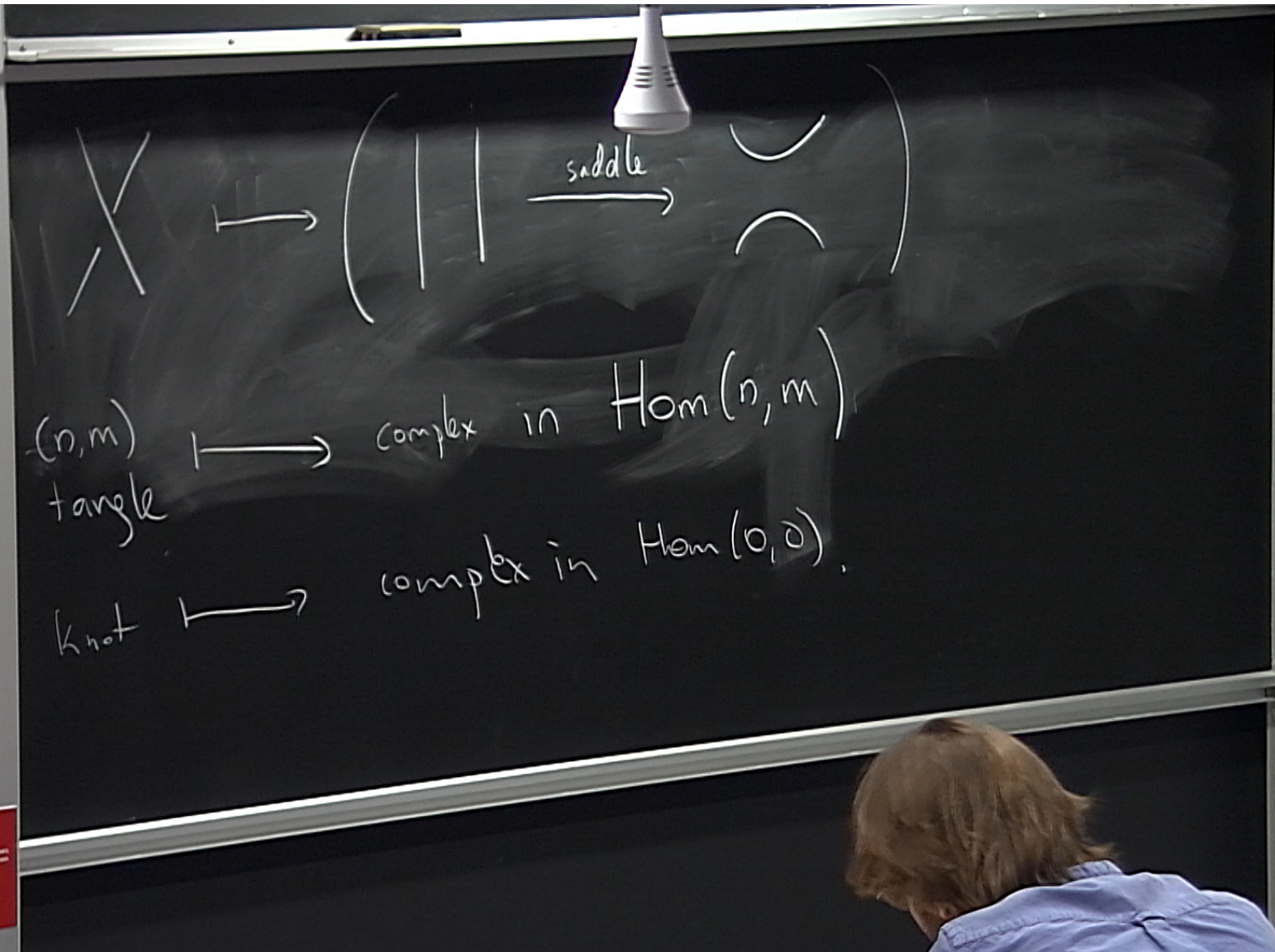
dotted

linear comb of
cobordisms between planar tangles
modulo relations



CAUTION





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② $\mathcal{U}gln \rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{rings} \\ \text{bimodules} \end{cases}$

Khovanov -
Lauda

$$\underline{k} \mapsto H^0(\text{Fl}(k_1, \dots, k_m; \mathbb{C}^{k_1 + \dots + k_m}))$$

$E_i \mapsto$ bimodule coming from a correspondence

③ category \mathcal{O}

Bernstein - Frenkel - Khovanov
Stroppel
Sussan 1, ...

$\mathcal{U}gln \rightarrow \text{Cat}$

$$\underline{k} \mapsto$$

a singular block of category \mathcal{O}
for sl_N $N = k_1 + \dots + k_m$

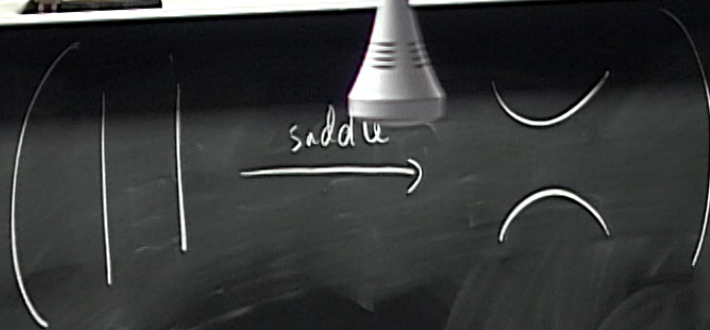
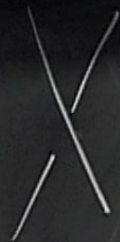
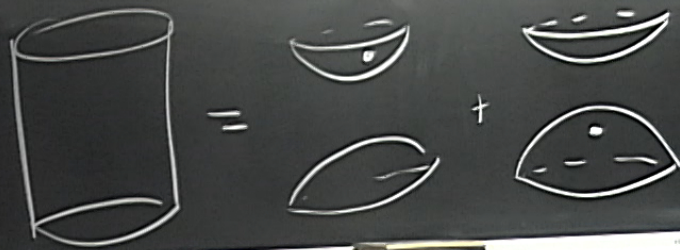
$E_i \mapsto$ translation
functor

$$\mathcal{O}_{\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_r, \dots, \mu, m-\rho}$$

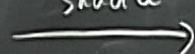
2-morphisms

dotted cobordisms between planar tangles

modulo relations



saddle



(n, m)
tangle



complex in $\text{Hom}(n, m)$

complex in $\text{Hom}(0, 0)$.

local relations

Khovanov defined Foam_3

used it to define \mathfrak{sl}_3 knot homology

Theorem (Queffelec - Rose)

There is a def. of Foam_n and a 2-functor

$$\mathcal{U} \text{ gl}_n \rightarrow \text{Foam}_n$$

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X \rightarrow
 i j

Foam_n can be used to give a completely
combinatorial/diagrammatic definition
of sl_n knot homology.

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combinatorial / diagrammatic definition
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Rickard
complex in Foam_n

Khovanov defined Foam_3

used it to define sl_3 knot homology.

Theorem (Queffelec - Rose)

There is a def. of Foam_n and a 2-functor

$$\mathcal{U}(\mathfrak{gl}_n) \longrightarrow \text{Foam}_n$$

$$\mathcal{U}(\mathfrak{gl}_n) \longrightarrow \text{Sp}_n.$$

Recall:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{U} \text{ gln} & \longrightarrow & \text{Coh(Conv)} \\ \underline{k} & \longmapsto & \text{Gr}(k) \end{array}$$

de category:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{U} \text{ gln} & \longrightarrow & K(\text{Conv}(Gr)) \\ \text{Objects} & & \underline{k} \\ \text{Morphisms} & & K(\end{array}$$

$$\underline{k} \longmapsto \text{Gr}(\underline{k})$$

de categorify:

$$\bigcup \text{gl}_m \longrightarrow K(\text{conv}(\text{Gr})) \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Objects} \\ \underline{k} \end{array}$$

Morphisms

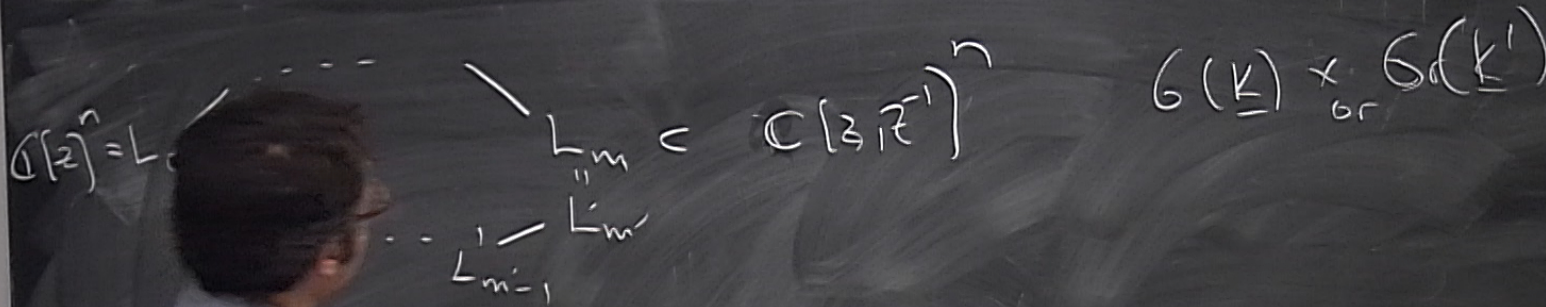
$$K_{\text{SL}_n \times \mathbb{C}^*} \left(\text{Gr}(\underline{k}) \times_{\text{Gr}} \text{Gr}(\underline{k}') \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Gr}(\underline{k}) &= \{ L_0 = \mathbb{C}[z]^n \subset \dots \subset L_m \subset \mathbb{C}[z, z^{-1}]^m \} \\ \text{Gr} &= \{ \mathbb{C}[z]^n \subset L \subset \mathbb{C}[z, z^{-1}]^n : zL \subset L \} \end{aligned}$$



$$Gr(K) = \{ L_0 = \mathbb{C}[z] \subset \dots \subset L_m \subset \mathbb{C}[z, z^{-1}] \}$$

$$Gr = \{ \mathbb{C}[z] \subset L \subset \mathbb{C}[z, z^{-1}]^n : zL \subset L \}$$



CAUTION

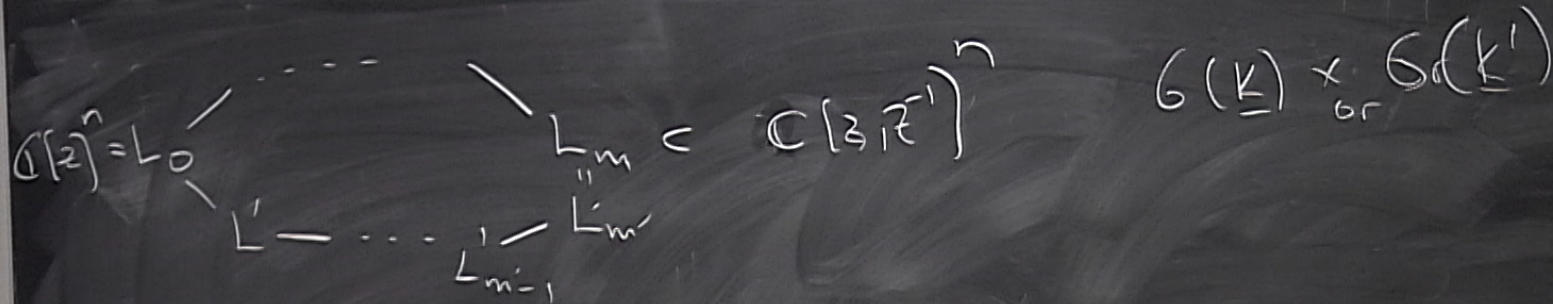
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 IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS
 PLEASE CONTACT THE LECTURER OR THE TUTOR

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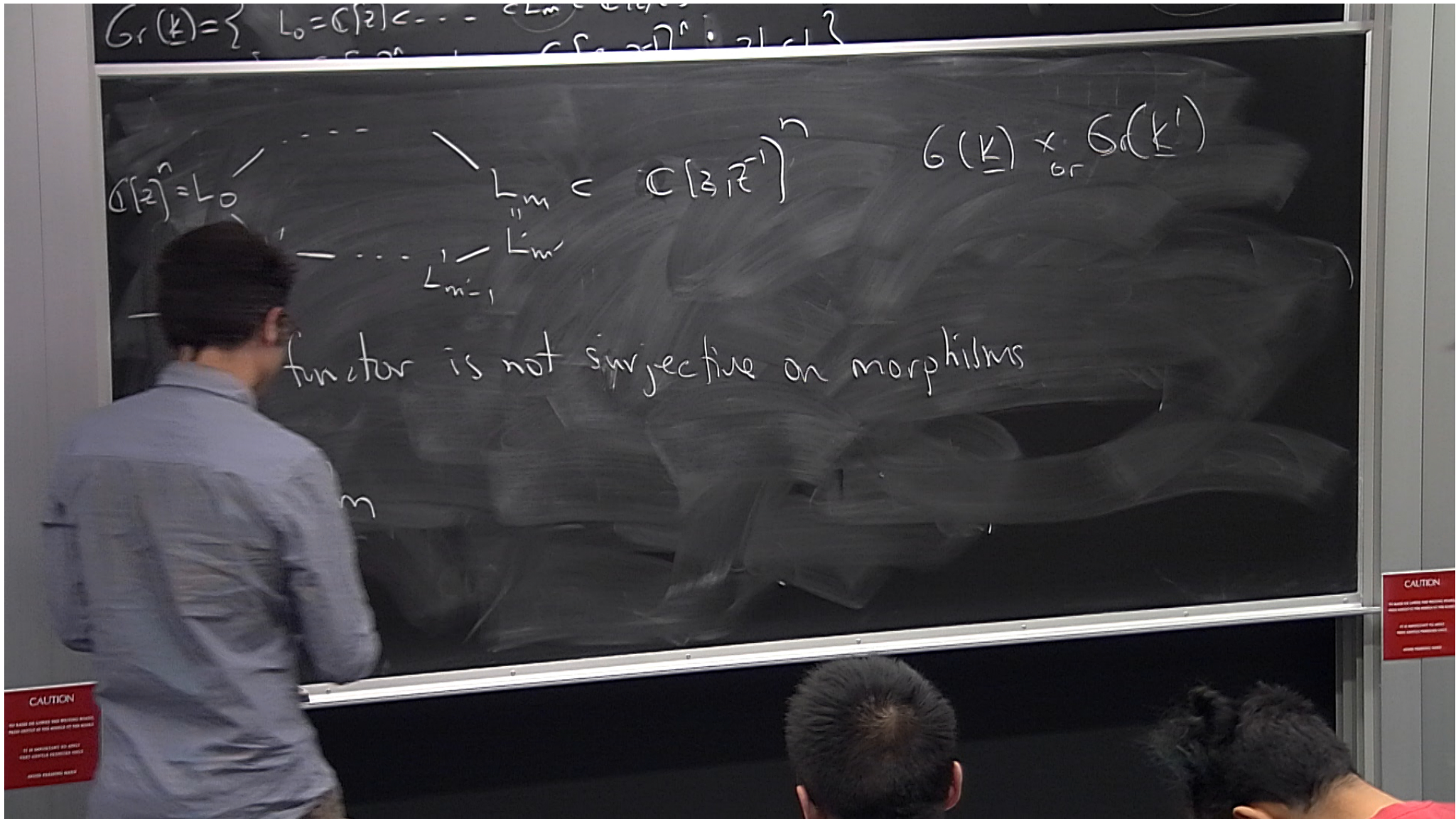
$$Gr(K) = \{ L_0 = \mathbb{C}[z] \subset \dots \subset L_m \subset \mathbb{C}[z, z^{-1}] \}$$

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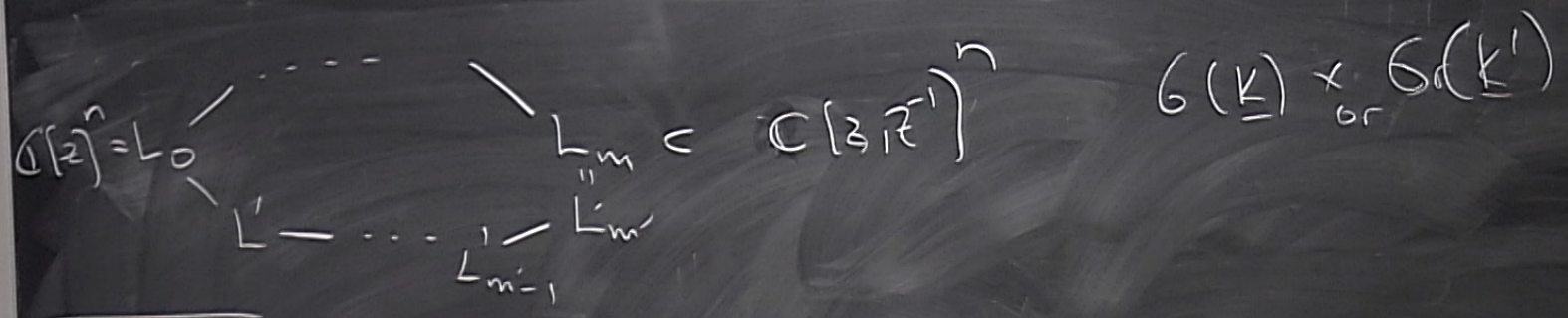


$$Gr(K) \times_{Gr} Gr(K')$$

this functor is not surjective on morphisms



$$Gr(\underline{k}) = \{ L_0 = \mathbb{C}[z] \subset \dots \subset L_m \subset \mathbb{C}[z, z^{-1}] \}$$



this functor is not surjective on morphisms

obj $\underline{k} \in \mathbb{Z}^m$

$\bigcup Lgl_m$ Morphisms $E_0: (k_1, \dots, k_m) \mapsto (k_1 - 1, k_2, \dots, k_m + 1)$

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and functor.

$$\text{ULglm} \longrightarrow \text{Klonv}(Gr_n)$$

Theorem [Cautis-K] $\text{ASp}_n \xrightarrow{\quad} \text{Klonv}(Gr_n)$

This gives an equivalence $\text{ASp}_n \cong \text{Klonv}(Gr_n)$

and functor

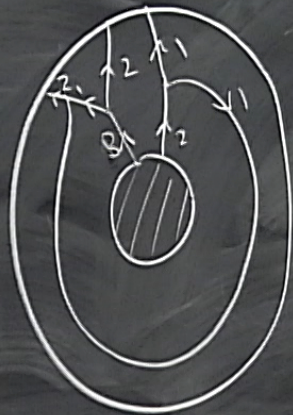
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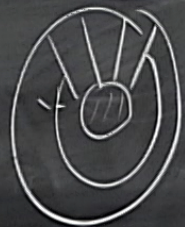
This gives an equivalence $\text{ASp}_n \cong \text{Klonv}(Gr_n)$

There is a functor

$$\mathcal{U}L\text{glm} \longrightarrow \text{ASpn}$$



$$E_0 \longmapsto$$



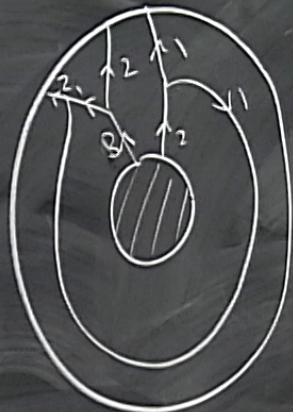
$\det L_i/L_{i-1}$ a line bundle
on $\text{Gr}(k)$

$$[\det L_i/L_{i-1}] \in K(\text{Gr}(k))$$

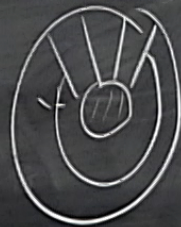
$\text{End}_{K\text{lin}}$

There is a functor

$$\cup L \text{ glm} \longrightarrow \text{ASpn}$$

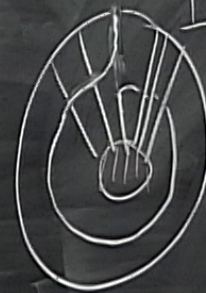


$$E_0 \longmapsto$$



$\det L_i/L_{i-1}$ a line bundle
on $\text{Gr}(k)$

$$[\det L_i/L_{i-1}] \in K_{\mathbb{Z}}(\text{Gr}(\mathbb{K}) \times_{\mathbb{Z}} \text{br}(\mathbb{K}))$$



$$\text{End}_{\mathbb{K}[\text{low}]}(\mathbb{K})$$

$$Sp_n \cong \text{Rep}(SL_n)$$

Theorem

$ASp_n \cong$ the full subcategory
of $\text{Coh}^{SL_n}(SL_n)$ of the form

$$\mathcal{O}_{SL_n} \otimes \wedge^{k_1} \mathbb{C}^n \otimes \dots \otimes \wedge^{k_m} \mathbb{C}^n$$

Sp_n

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$$m \rightarrow Sp_n$$

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$U_q(\mathfrak{sl}_n)$ -equiv

$\mathcal{O}_q(SL_n)$ -modules.

$$\mathcal{O}_q(SL_n) \otimes \wedge^{k_1} \mathbb{C}^n \otimes \dots \otimes \wedge^{k_m} \mathbb{C}^n$$

$$U_q(\mathfrak{sl}_n) \rightarrow Sp_n$$

$$Sp_n \cong \text{Rep}(SL_n)$$

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$\mathcal{O}_q(SL_n)$ -modules.

$$\mathcal{O}_q(SL_n) \otimes \wedge_n^{k_1} \mathbb{C}^n \otimes \dots \otimes \wedge^{k_m} \mathbb{C}^n$$

Corollary

$$\mathcal{O}_q\left(\frac{SL_n}{SL_n}\right)\text{-mod} \cong K(\text{Coh}(Gr_{SL_n}))$$