

Title: On recent development of representation theory of W-algebras and related topics

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Abstract:

① Coset construction
and g -geom. Langlands

② 4d Higgs branches
and Vertex algs

① $k = k + h^\vee$

$W^k(g)$ principal W -alg
" at level $k = h - h^\vee$

$D_{\mathbb{R}}^k(V^k(g))$ $V^k(g) = U(\widehat{g}) \oplus U(\widehat{g} \oplus \mathfrak{h}^\vee) \oplus \mathbb{C}k$

$W_h(g)$ unique simple quotient $\rightarrow L_h(g)$

① $\kappa = k + h^\vee$

$W^\kappa(\mathfrak{g})$ principal W -alg
 " at level $k = h - h^\vee$

$DS(V^\kappa(\mathfrak{g}))$ $V^\kappa(\mathfrak{g}) = U(\widehat{\mathfrak{g}}) \otimes_{U(\mathfrak{g}[t, t^{-1}])} \mathbb{C}^k$

$W_\kappa(\mathfrak{g})$ unique simple quotient $\rightarrow L_\kappa(\mathfrak{g})$

minimal series W -alg

$W_n(\mathfrak{g}) \mid \kappa = \frac{p}{q}, p, q \geq h^\vee, \gcd(p, q) = 1$

Thm (A. Creutzig - Linshaw '17) of ADE \mathfrak{g}

$W_n(\mathfrak{g}) \cong (L_{\psi}(\mathfrak{g}) \otimes L_1(\mathfrak{g}))$ $\kappa = \frac{\psi}{\psi + 1}$

and $M_n(\mathfrak{g}) \otimes L_{\psi+1}(\mathfrak{g})$ form a dual pair

minimal series W-dg

$$\exists W_n(g) \mid n = \frac{p}{q}, p, q \in \mathbb{N}, p \cdot q = h^v, q \cdot q = 1$$

Thm [ACL] of ADE $n \in \mathbb{Q}_{>0}$

$$W^n(g) \cong (V^\psi(g) \otimes L_1(g))^{\otimes \lfloor n \rfloor}$$

Thm [A-Crewetg-Linslow '197] of ADE n

$$W_n(g) \cong (L_\psi(g) \otimes L_1(g))^{\otimes \lfloor n \rfloor} \quad n = \frac{\psi}{\psi+1}$$

and $W_n(g) \otimes L_{\psi+1}(g)$ form a dual pair

g
 $n-h^v$
 $(g) \otimes$
 $(g^{\otimes \lfloor n \rfloor})$
 C_k
 $L_n(g)$

Thm [ACL] g ADE $n \in \mathbb{Q}_{\leq 0}$

$$W^n(g) \cong (V^\psi(g) \otimes L_1(g))^{g \cdot \mathbb{Z}}$$

If n is generic, $W^n(g) \cong V^{\psi+1}(g)$ form

a dual pair.

$$V^\psi(g) \otimes L_1(g) = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in \mathbb{Z} + n\mathbb{Q}} V^{\psi+1}(\lambda) \otimes \widetilde{T}_n^{0,\lambda}$$

$$\widehat{T}_{\mathbb{Z}}^{0,\lambda} =$$

Thm [ACL] g ADE $n \neq 0_{50}$

$$W^n(g) \cong (V^4(g) \otimes L_1(g))^{g \text{ inv}}$$

If n is generic $W^n(g) \subset V^{4+n}(g)$ form

a dual pair.

$$V^4(g) \otimes L_1(g) = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in \mathfrak{h} + n\mathbb{Q}} V^{4+n}(\lambda) \oplus \widehat{T}_n^{0,\lambda}$$

$$\widehat{T}_n^{0,\lambda} = \text{DFS}(V^n(\pm k\lambda))$$

Thm [ACL] of ADE $h \in \mathbb{Q}_{\leq 0}$

$$W^k(g) \cong (V^k(g) \otimes L_1(g))^{g^{\mathbb{Z}}}$$

If h is generic $W^k(g) \cong V^{k+h}(g)$ form a dual pair.

$$V^k(g) \otimes L_1(g) = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in P_+ + n\mathbb{Q}} V^{k+h}(\lambda) \otimes \tilde{T}_n^{0,\lambda}$$

$$\tilde{T}_n^{0,\lambda} = \text{DFS}(V^n(-k\lambda))$$

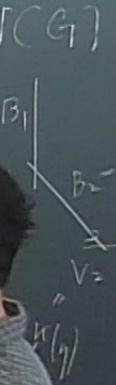
More generally,

$$V^k(\mu) \otimes L_1(\nu)$$

$$= \bigoplus_{\lambda \in P_+} V^{k+h}(\lambda) \otimes \tilde{T}_n^{\mu,\lambda}$$

$$\lambda \in P_+ \\ \lambda \cdot n - \nu \in \Theta$$

$$\cong \text{DFS}(V^k(\mu - h\lambda))$$



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g any

FF duality

$$\frac{\sum \lambda_i \mu}{T_\lambda} \cong \frac{\sum \mu_i \lambda}{T_\mu}$$

$$G_m \text{DS}(V^\lambda(\lambda)) = \text{DS}_{G_m}(V^\mu(\mu)) = T_{\lambda/\mu}$$

↑
spectral flow

zeros U

$|k =$

Crossing

$$g \cong$$

Gen

FF duality

$$T_{\lambda}^{\mu} \cong T_{\mu}^{\lambda}$$

$$D\mathcal{S}(V^{\lambda}) = D\mathcal{S}_{\mu}^{\lambda}(V^{\mu}) = T_{\mu}^{\lambda}$$

flow

Thm (Conj (G), (CG))

$$T_{\lambda}^{\mu} \cong \widehat{T}_{\lambda}^{\mu}$$

$$\parallel \quad \parallel$$

$$T_{\mu}^{\lambda} = \widehat{T}_{\mu}^{\lambda}$$

Thm [ACL] $g \in A$

$$W^{\mu}(g) \cong (V^{\mu})^g$$

If h is generic V^{μ}
a dual pair.

$$V^{\mu}(g) \otimes L(g)$$

Thm (Conj (G), (CG))

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{T}_{\lambda, \mu} &\cong \tilde{T}_{\lambda, \mu} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \tilde{T}_{\lambda, \lambda} &= \tilde{T}_{\mu, \lambda} \end{aligned}$$



$$\mathcal{O}(\mu - \lambda) \cong \mathcal{O}(\lambda) \oplus \mathcal{O}(\mu)$$

$$0 \rightarrow V^h(\lambda - \mu) \rightarrow W^h(\lambda - \mu) \rightarrow \bigoplus_i W^h(s_i \lambda - \mu) \rightarrow \dots$$

$$\tilde{T}_{\lambda}^{0, \lambda}$$

$$\tilde{T}_{\lambda}^{0, \lambda} = \text{DP}(V^h(-\lambda))$$

More generally,

$$V^h(\mu) \otimes L_1$$

$$= \bigoplus V$$

$$\lambda \in P_+$$

$$\lambda - \nu \in \mathcal{Q}$$

Thm (Conj (G), (CG))

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{T}_{\lambda, \mu} &\cong \hat{T}_{\lambda, \mu} \\ \Downarrow & \quad \Downarrow \\ \hat{T}_{\lambda, \lambda} &= \hat{T}_{\mu, \lambda} \end{aligned}$$



$$\mathcal{O}_{(\hat{g})}^{(\mu - \lambda, \lambda - \mu)} \cong \mathcal{O}_{(g)}^{(\mu)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow V^h(\lambda - \mu) \rightarrow W^h(\lambda - \mu) \rightarrow \bigoplus_i W^h(s_i \lambda - \mu) \rightarrow \dots \\ \text{DP}(\cdot) &\searrow \\ 0 &\rightarrow \hat{T}_{\lambda, \mu} \rightarrow \pi_{\lambda - \mu} \rightarrow \bigoplus_i \pi_{s_i \lambda - \mu} \end{aligned}$$

$-\lambda$

$$0 \rightarrow V^h(\lambda) \rightarrow W^h(\lambda) \rightarrow \bigoplus W^h(\delta \cdot \lambda)$$

$\text{Def } (2.1)^t$

$$0 \rightarrow \text{Def}(V^h(\lambda)) \rightarrow \pi_\lambda \rightarrow \pi_{\delta \cdot \lambda}$$

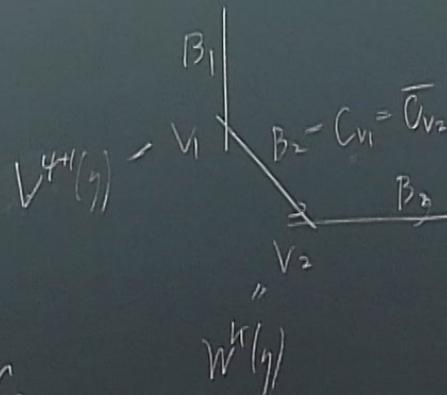
$\text{Def } (2.1)^t$

$$0 \rightarrow \pi_{\lambda, \mu} \rightarrow \pi_{\lambda, \mu} \rightarrow \bigoplus \pi_{\delta \cdot \lambda, \mu}$$

\uparrow
 \uparrow
 \uparrow

D

[CG]



B_1
 $V^h(\gamma)$
 $\bigoplus M$
 $\text{Hom}(V, V)$

① Coset construction
and q -geom. Langlands

② 4d Higgs branches
and Vertex algs

②
Rastelli et al

$\{4d N=2 \text{ SCFTs}\} \xrightarrow{\Phi} \{VOAs\}$

s.t. Schur index of $\mathcal{T} = \text{oh } \mathbb{Z}(\mathcal{T})$

Conj (Beem-Rastell.)

→ } $V_0 A_s$ }

= $dh \Phi(T)$

Higgs(T) $\hat{=}$ $X_{\Phi(T)}$

ass. var of $\Phi(T)$

{ $V A_s$ }

V

$\{VAs\} \longrightarrow \{Poisson\}$

$V \longmapsto X_V = \text{Specm}(R_V)$

$R_V = V / \langle \mathcal{L}(V) \rangle$ \mathbb{C} -alg

var of $\mathbb{P}^1(T)$

Example

Example

R_V

1) $V = V^n(y)$

$R_V = V^n(y) / (y^n - 1 + z^{-2} V^n(y))$

$\Leftarrow S(y) = O[y^n]$

z-hr's,
C_z-alg

$(z^{-1}) \cdot (z^{-1} | \cdot) \leftarrow \begin{matrix} \lambda_1 & \lambda_2 \\ \chi & \chi \end{matrix}$
 $\chi V^n(y) = y^{\chi}$

$$g) \quad \frac{(g)}{g(t-1)t^{-2}v^n(y)}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \Delta(y) = O(g^x)$$

$$\frac{(g)}{g(t-1)t^{-2}v^n(y)} \leftarrow \begin{matrix} \lambda_1 & \lambda_2 \\ \chi_{v^n(y)} = g^x \end{matrix}$$

$$2) \quad v = L_k(g)$$

$$R_{L_k(g)} = L_k(g) / (g(t-1)t^{-2}L_k(g))$$

$$\chi_{L_k(g)} \subset \chi_{v^n(g)} = g^x$$

G-m, co h = c

Rastelli et al

of $N=2$ SCFTs $\xrightarrow{\mathbb{F}}$ $\} \text{VOAs} \}$

Schur index of $\mathbb{T} = \text{oh } \mathbb{F}(\mathbb{T})$

$\bullet X_{L_0} = \{0\} \Leftrightarrow L_0$ is integrable

V is finite \mathbb{C}_2 -module

$\Leftrightarrow X_V = \{0\}$

$\Leftrightarrow \text{Spec}(g_V) = \{0\}$

$\} \text{VA}$

V

$|y|$ is integrable

$\bullet \quad k=0$

$$\chi_{L_0|y|} = \mathcal{N} \quad (FG)$$

$$\chi_{L_k|y|} = \overline{0} \quad \text{if } L_k(y) \text{ is admissible}$$

\uparrow
nilpotent

$|y|$ is integrable

$\bullet \quad k=0$

$$\chi_{L_0(y)} = \mathcal{N} \quad (FG)$$

$$\chi_{L_k(y)} = \overline{0} \quad \text{if } L_k(y) \text{ is admissible}$$

\uparrow
nilpotent

R_{conv}

$$\therefore X_{\text{COO}(G)_{n,n}} = T^*G$$

• V VA object $KL_n(G)$

$$\uparrow V^*(y)$$

$$\Rightarrow X_{DS(V)} \cong X_V \times \tilde{\mathcal{N}}$$

$\tilde{\mathcal{N}} = \mathfrak{e} + \mathfrak{g} + \mathfrak{g}^*$ constant \rightarrow identity slice

$$X_{W^*(y)} = \mathfrak{g}^{\vee} \times_{\mathfrak{g}^{\vee}} \tilde{\mathcal{N}} = \tilde{\mathcal{N}}$$

$$X_{DS(L_n(y))} = X_{L_n(y)} \cap \tilde{\mathcal{N}}$$

$$X_{W^h(\mathfrak{g})} = \mathfrak{g}^* \times_{\mathfrak{g}^*} \mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{g}$$

$$X_{\text{DS}(L_h(\mathfrak{g}))} = X_{L_h(\mathfrak{g})} \cap \mathfrak{g}$$

$$X_{\text{DS}(\text{CD}(\mathfrak{g}|_{h-1}))} = \mathfrak{g} \times \mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{g} \times_N (h+h^{\perp})$$

$$X_{\text{DS}(\text{DS}(\text{CD}(\mathfrak{g}|_{h-1})))} = (\mathfrak{g} \times \mathfrak{g}) \times_{\mathfrak{g}^*} \mathfrak{g} = \text{Specm } H_*^{(0)}(\mathfrak{g}_h^*)$$

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V is quasi-lisse

$\Leftrightarrow X_V$ has f.m. symplectic
leaves

$\Rightarrow \text{Loc}(V)_E$ is f.d.

$$\frac{\mathbb{Z} R_L}{\mathbb{P} R_M R_L S}$$

\Rightarrow modular inv of chV

} 4d $N=2$ SCFTs }

∪

} the theory of class S }

↓ MT conj (BFM)

} symplectic var }

} 4d $N=2$ SCFTs }

∪

} the theory of class \mathcal{S} }

↓ MT conj (BFM)

} symplectic var }

\mathbb{I}

} chiral algs
of class \mathcal{S} }

∇ co
objects
marking

V category of VA.

objects

Sem. simple groups G

morphisms

$\text{Hom}(G_1, G_2)$

$$\hat{g}_1 \subset \text{VA object in } \widehat{KL(G_1)_0} \times \widehat{KL(G_2)_0} \hat{g}_2$$

→ } chiral algs
of class \mathcal{P}

$$V_1 \in \text{Hom}(G_1, G_2)$$

$$V_2 \in \text{Hom}(G_2, G_3)$$

$$V_1 \circ V_2 \in \text{Hom}(G_1, G_3)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \parallel \\ H_2^{\text{to}}(G_1, G_3) \end{array} V_1 \circ V_2$$

$$X_{V_1 \circ V_2} = X_{V_1} \circ X_{V_2} // \alpha(G_2)$$

monoid

$KL(G_1) \circ$

any
 manifolds
 anchors

Thm (Conj. by Rastell et al)

$\forall G \cong \text{monoidal fun}$

$$B_2 \longrightarrow \mathbb{V}$$

- i) $\gamma_4(S^1) = G$
- ii) $\gamma_4(\square) = \text{CDO}(G)_{0,0}$
- iii) $\gamma_4(D) = \text{PS}(\text{CDO}(G)_{0,0})$

$$(A; G) \text{ CDO}(G)_{0,0} = M = M$$

} 4d $N=2$ SCFTs

the theory of Clas

MT con

symplectic var

at al)

Moreover,

$$B \longmapsto X_{\text{ys}}(B)$$

recover the functor \downarrow (BFK)

} chiral algs
 \downarrow class ?

$$[A^G] \text{ CPO}(G)_{\text{grd}} \circ M = M$$

(G) ...
DO(G) ...

Examples

1) $G = \frac{1}{s^2}$

$Y_a \left(\begin{matrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{matrix} \right) = \text{not system assmt}$
 $C^2 a C^2 a C^2$

$X_{Y_a} \left(\begin{matrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{matrix} \right) = C^2 a C^2 a C^2$

2) $Y_a \left(\begin{matrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{matrix} \right) = L_{-2++} (D_a)$

$X_{Y_a(n)} = \overline{D_{w,n}} C D_a$

$K(G_a)_0$

$V_i \in \text{Hom}$

$V_i \in \text{Hom}$

$V_i \circ V_j$

$H^{\frac{1}{2}t}$

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and vertex algebras

Construction of \mathcal{Y}_g

$$\mathcal{Y}_g \left(\begin{matrix} \mathfrak{g} \\ \mathfrak{h} \\ \mathfrak{g} \end{matrix} \right) = H^{\frac{10}{2}+0} \left(\mathbb{Z}(\mathfrak{g})^{G_{\mathfrak{h}}-1}, (\tilde{W})^{2n} \right)$$

$$\mathcal{Y}_g(\mathbb{D}) = \mathbb{D} \tilde{r}(\text{CDO}_{\mathfrak{h}}) = \tilde{W}$$

$$\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathfrak{g} \xrightarrow{\tilde{r}} \mathfrak{g} \rightarrow \mathfrak{g}$$

Construction of γ_g

$$\gamma_g \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = H \frac{10}{z} + 0 \left(z \left(\frac{g}{z} \right)^{g-1}, (\tilde{W})^{gn} \right)$$

$$\gamma_g(\mathbb{D}) = \mathbb{D} \cap \text{CDO}_{(10)} = \tilde{W}$$

$$p_i(z) = \gamma_n(z) = \sum_{i=1}^n p_i(z^{n-1})$$

$$L = \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} z^{in} \right)$$

Remember.

$B \mapsto X_{\gamma_g(B)}$
recover the function of (BFL)

Examples

1) $G = \dots$
 $\gamma_g(\dots)$

$$z \mapsto |a| z^i \dots |a| z^{i+1} \dots$$