Title: Improvements on the methods for searching echoes

Date: Nov 08, 2017 09:40 AM

URL: http://pirsa.org/17110073

Abstract: The recent detections of merging black holes allow for observational tests of the nature of these objects, such as searching for the GW echo signals proposed in some models. Tentative evidence for these was presented, found in an analysis based upon methods for GW data analysis as demonstrated on the Ligo Open Science Center. We present the results of characterising these method's behaviour when applied to the specific form of the echo signals, and address problems and improvements based on our findings.

Pirsa: 17110073 Page 1/17

Outline

à

- ► Difference in significance estimates
- Recapitulate the model and search procedure
- Compare significance estimation procedures
- Concerns about methods
- ► Noise stability
- Short transient noise
- Different event combinations

Pirsa: 17110073 Page 2/17

Significance estimation for the evidence for black hole GW echoes

Julian Westerweck

Albert Einstein Institute Hanover

November 8, 2017

Pirsa: 17110073 Page 3/17

Different significance estimates for ADA and AEI analyses

- Combining the first three events:
 - ▶ Abedi et al. find p-value of **0.011** in support of echoes.
 - \rightarrow Higher SNR in 1% of random noise tests.
 - ► We find **0.02**.
- ► GW150914 alone:
 - Abedi et al. find p-value 0.11.
 - ► We find **0.23**.
- ▶ Other event combinations show p-value up to **0.2**.
 - \rightarrow Higher SNR in 20% of random noise tests.

Pirsa: 17110073 Page 4/17

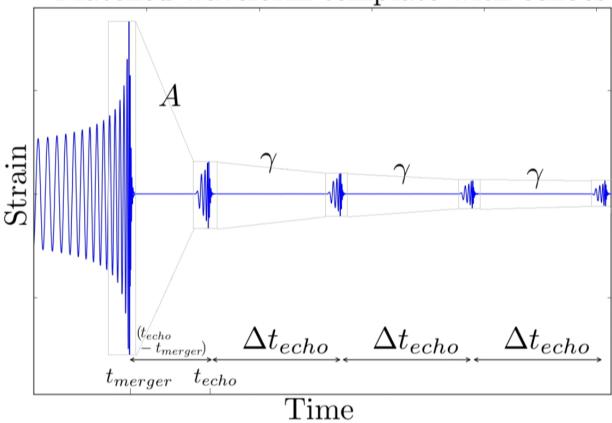
Different significance estimates for ADA and AEI analyses

- Combining the first three events:
 - ▶ Abedi et al. find p-value of **0.011** in support of echoes.
 - \rightarrow Higher SNR in 1% of random noise tests.
 - ► We find **0.02**.
- ► GW150914 alone:
 - Abedi et al. find p-value 0.11.
 - ► We find **0.23**.
- ▶ Other event combinations show p-value up to **0.2**.
 - \rightarrow Higher SNR in 20% of random noise tests.

Pirsa: 17110073 Page 5/17

Echo model for analysis

Matched waveform template with echoes



Page 6/17 Pirsa: 17110073

Analysis for echo model - search procedure

- 1. LOSC waveform + methods, find best-fit template for event.
- 2. Produce **pure** echo template for given echo-parameters.
- 3. Produce template bank, evenly spaced grid in parameters.
- 4. Matched filtering for echo templates; event removed.
 - → Sensitive to waveform model!
- 5. Maximise of SNR² over all parameters for each x. Combining events: Sum SNR² for each x.
- 6. Parameters varying between events:

A, $\Delta t_{\sf echo}$

kept the same for all events:

 $x=(t_{\rm echo}-t_{\rm merger})/\Delta t_{\rm echo},\ t_0/\Delta t_{\rm echo},\ {\rm theory}\ {\rm and}\ \gamma\ ({\rm and}\ \Delta\phi).$

Pirsa: 17110073

Analysis for echo model - search procedure

- 1. LOSC waveform + methods, find best-fit template for event.
- 2. Produce **pure** echo template for given echo-parameters.
- 3. Produce template bank, evenly spaced grid in parameters.
- 4. Matched filtering for echo templates; event removed.
 - → Sensitive to waveform model!
- 5. Maximise of SNR² over all parameters for each x. Combining events: Sum SNR² for each x.
- 6. Parameters varying between events:

A, $\Delta t_{\rm echo}$

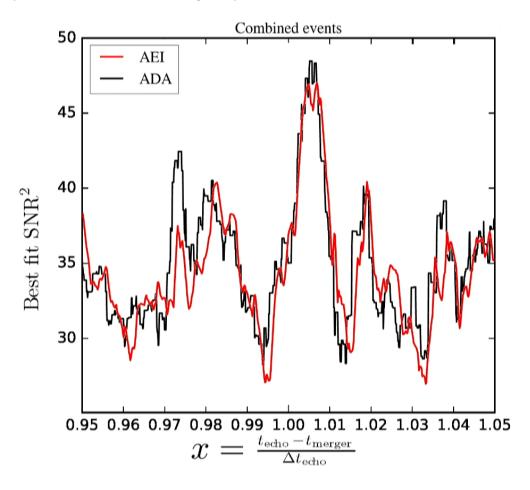
kept the same for all events:

 $x=(t_{\rm echo}-t_{\rm merger})/\Delta t_{\rm echo},\ t_0/\Delta t_{\rm echo},\ {\rm theory}\ {\rm and}\ \gamma\ ({\rm and}\ \Delta\phi).$

Pirsa: 17110073 Page 8/17

Analysis for echo model - result

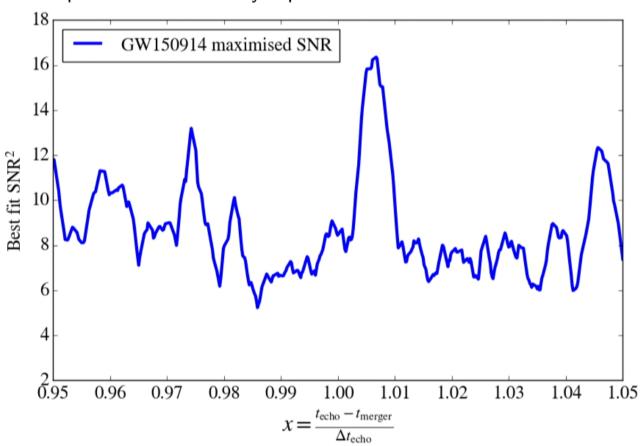
AEI implementation closely reproduces ADA's result in SNR².



Pirsa: 17110073 Page 9/17

Analysis for echo model - result

AEI implementation closely reproduces ADA's result in SNR².



Pirsa: 17110073 Page 10/17

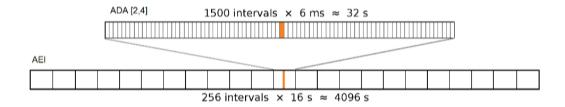
Significance estimate - ADA method

- 1. Find maximum SNR² in range $x \in (0.99, 1.01)$.
- 2. Calculate SNR² again in range $\frac{t_{\text{echo}} t_{\text{merger}}}{\Delta t_{\text{echo,theory}}} \in (9, 38)$.
 - \rightarrow Slightly adapt maximisation for this region.
- 3. Divide region into 2% segments in $\frac{t_{\rm echo}-t_{\rm merger}}{\Delta t_{\rm echo,theory}} \rightarrow$ 1480 segments.
- 4. No. segments with higher peak SNR / total no. segments \rightarrow p-value.

Pirsa: 17110073 Page 11/17

Significance estimate - AEI method

- 1. Find maximum SNR² in range $x \in (0.99, 1.01)$.
- 2. Divide all available data into 32 second / 16 second segments (length of template).
- 3. Perform echo analysis on each, identical to event dataset.
- 4. No. segments with higher peak SNR / total no. segments \rightarrow p-value.



Pirsa: 17110073 Page 12/17

Concerns about ADA method

- ▶ *Independent* noise samples required for significance estimate.
- Samples of detector data have no overlap.
- ▶ But samples of the maximised SNR have to be independent
 - ightarrow Need independent samples for this analysis method.
- Used echo templates are much longer than the segments
 - \rightarrow SNR for one segment also uses data from another!
- Time right after the event may be contaminated by further echoes, if present.

Pirsa: 17110073 Page 13/17

Concerns about AEI method

- ► Time separation of event and background datasets larger than for method 1.
- Detector noise not stationary over long times.
- Instantiations of the same noise are required for significance estimation.

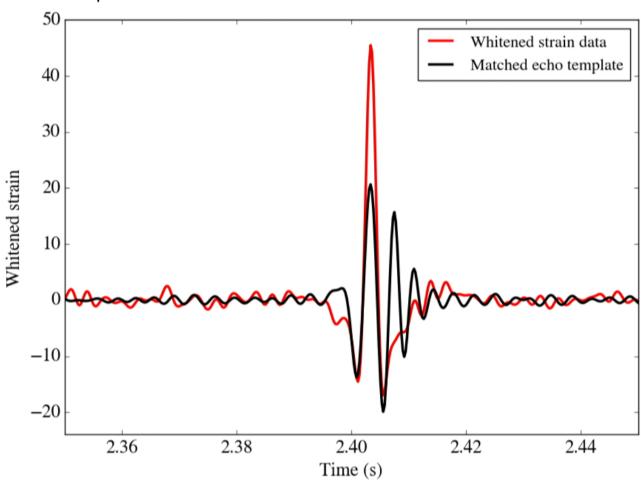
Benefits:

- Overlap cannot occur. Templates never move across dataset boundaries.
- Rate of noise triggers is not strongly affected by expected slight PSD variations in LIGO noise

Pirsa: 17110073 Page 14/17

Beware of short transient noise

Short templates fit short transient noise well.



Pirsa: 17110073 Page 15/17

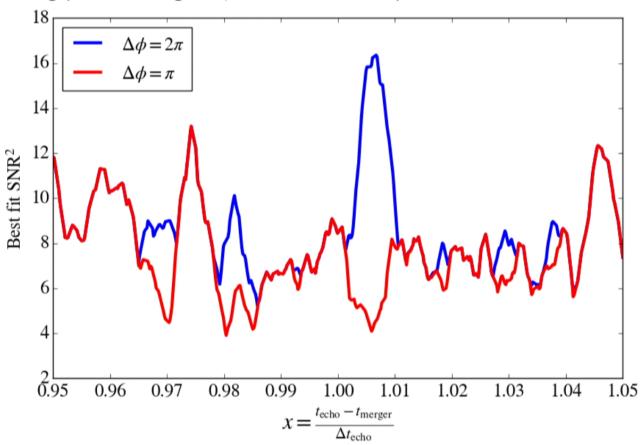
Results for significance

Event	ADA	original priors 16s (32s)	widened priors 16s (32s)
GW150914	0.11	0.199 (0.23)	0.705 (0.365)
(1,2,3)	0.011	0.02 (0.032)	0.18 (0.144)
(1,3,4)	-	0.199 (0.072)	0.9 (0.32)
(1,2,3,4)	-	0.044 (0.032)	0.368 (0.112)

Pirsa: 17110073 Page 16/17

Analysis for echo model - result

Fixing phase change $\Delta\phi$ to model assumption:



Pirsa: 17110073 Page 17/17