

Title: Intrinsic Non-commutativity of Closed Strings

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URL: <http://pirsa.org/17060093>

Abstract: <p>Abstract TBA</p>

Non-compact activity

- traditionally, in open strings, non-triv. BG.

↑  
strength of NC

- here, assoc. w/ closed strings, triv. BG

- scale of NC  $\leftrightarrow \lambda$

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"Spacetime" coordinate  $X$

worldsheet:

$X^\mu(\tau, \sigma)$

target sp:

index in fields  $\underline{\Phi}(X)$

✓ non-compact spacetimes

x compact spacetimes

will consider symplectic structure

(in compact case)

Scale of NC  $\leftrightarrow$   $\lambda$

"Spacetime" coordinate  $X$

Worldsheet:

$X^\mu(\tau, \sigma)$

target sp:

index in fields  $\Phi(X)$

✓ non-compact spacetimes

✗ compact spacetimes

will consider symplectic structure

(in compact case)

- encodes Poisson brackets

or comm. rel<sup>s</sup> in qu. th<sub>y</sub>

classically:

variation of action

pre-symplectic 1-form

quanta:

causality (in the worldsheet)

+

locality

$$\mathbb{R} \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}/2\pi$$

- must include winding modes

$$X(\tau, \sigma + 2\pi) = X(\tau, \sigma) + 2\pi w R$$

classical sol<sup>ns</sup>

$$X(\tau, \sigma) = X_R(\tau + \sigma) + X_L(\tau - \sigma)$$

$$\hat{X}_L(\tau - \sigma) = \hat{X}_L + \frac{\alpha'}{2} \hat{P}_L(\tau - \sigma) + \text{osc}_L$$

$$\hat{X}_R(\tau + \sigma) = \hat{X}_R + \frac{\alpha'}{2} \hat{P}_R(\tau + \sigma) + \text{osc}_R$$

$$X(\tau, \sigma) = x + \alpha' \hat{p} \tau + \alpha' \tilde{\hat{p}} \sigma + \dots$$

$$X = X_L + X_R$$

$$P = \frac{P_L + P_R}{2}, \quad \tilde{P} = \frac{P_R - P_L}{2}$$

classical sol<sup>ns</sup>

$$X(\tau, \sigma) = X_R(\tau + \sigma) + X_L(\tau - \sigma)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{X}_L(\tau - \sigma) &= \hat{X}_L + \frac{\alpha'}{2} \hat{P}_L(\tau - \sigma) + \text{osc}_L \\ \hat{X}_R(\tau + \sigma) &= \hat{X}_R + \frac{\alpha'}{2} \hat{P}_R(\tau + \sigma) + \text{osc}_R \end{aligned}$$

$$X(\tau, \sigma) = x + \alpha' p \tau + \alpha' \tilde{p} \sigma + \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} X &= x_L + x_R \\ p &= \frac{p_L + p_R}{2}, \quad \tilde{p} = \frac{p_R - p_L}{2} \end{aligned}$$

T-duality:  $X_R \rightarrow X_R, X_L \rightarrow -X_L$

$$\tilde{X}(\tau, \sigma) = X_R(\tau + \sigma) - X_L(\tau - \sigma)$$

$$x \quad \partial_\tau X = \partial_\sigma \tilde{X}$$

$$\tilde{X} = \bar{x} + \alpha' \tilde{p} \tau + \alpha' p \sigma + \dots$$

$$\bar{x} = x_R - x_L$$

$$(\tilde{R}R = 2\alpha'^2)$$

constraint: 
$$h^2 = \left(\frac{N}{R}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{W}{R}\right)^2 + \frac{N_L + N_R}{\alpha'^2}$$

$\begin{matrix} p \\ \tilde{p} \end{matrix}$

$$hW = \frac{N_L - N_R}{2\alpha'^2}$$

$$X(\tau, \sigma + 2\pi) = X(\tau, \sigma) + 2\pi i w R$$

classical sol<sup>ns</sup>

$$X(\tau, \sigma) = X_R(\tau + \sigma) + X_L(\tau - \sigma)$$

$$\begin{cases} \hat{X}_L(\tau - \sigma) = \hat{X}_L + \frac{\alpha'}{2} \hat{P}_L(\tau - \sigma) + o\sigma^2 \\ \hat{X}_R(\tau + \sigma) = \hat{X}_R + \frac{\alpha'}{2} \hat{P}_R(\tau + \sigma) + o\sigma^2 \end{cases}$$

$$X(\tau, \sigma) = x + \alpha' p \tau + \alpha' \tilde{p} \sigma + \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} X &= X_L + X_R \\ P &= \frac{P_L + P_R}{2}, \quad \tilde{P} = \frac{P_R - P_L}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$x \quad \partial_\tau X = \partial_\sigma \tilde{X}$$

$$\tilde{x} = x_R - x_L$$

constraint: 
$$h = \left(\frac{N}{R}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{W}{R}\right)^2 + \frac{N_L + N_R}{2R^2} \quad (\tilde{R}R \equiv 2\lambda^2)$$

$$P = \frac{hW}{R^2} = \frac{N_L - N_R}{2\lambda^2}$$

T-duality

$$(n, w)_{R, \tilde{R}} \longleftrightarrow (w, n)_{\tilde{R}, R}$$

$R \rightarrow \infty$	$w \rightarrow 0$	$n \rightarrow \text{cts}$	non-pert case $\tilde{x}$ decomp
$R \rightarrow 0$	$n \rightarrow 0$	$w \rightarrow \text{cts}$	$\tilde{x}$ looks like word $x$ decomp

scale of NC  $\leftrightarrow$   $X$

"Spacetime" coordinate  $X$

worldsheet:

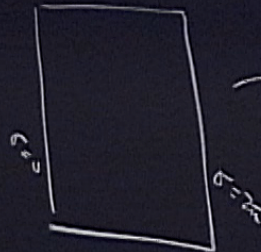
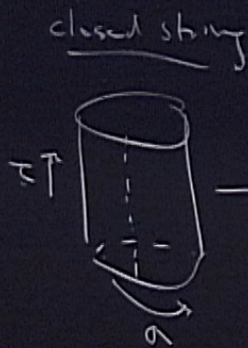
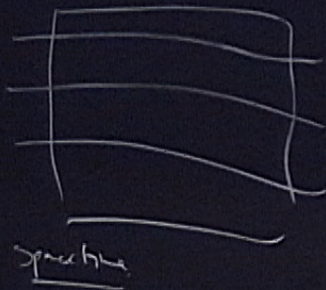
$$X^\mu(\tau, \sigma)$$

target sp:

index in fields  $\Phi(X)$

✓ non-compact spacetimes

✗ compact spacetimes



embeddings are not single-valued

⇓  
will get contributions from edges

$$S_{Poly} = \frac{1}{4\pi\alpha'} \int \left[ (\partial_\tau X)^2 - (\partial_\sigma X)^2 \right]$$

$$\delta S = \int \delta X \cdot (EOM)$$

$$+ \int \partial \cdot (\delta X \dots) \downarrow \text{sym. str.}$$

=

fn Polyecker:  $S = \frac{1}{4\pi} \int dX_1 \wedge dX_2$  (prz. symplectic 1-form)

$$\delta S = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} d\tau \left( \delta X \cdot \partial_\tau X \right) \Big|_{\tau_0}^{\tau_1} - \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\tau_0}^{\tau_1} d\tau \left( \delta X(\tau, \sigma) \cdot \partial_\sigma X \Big|_{\sigma=0}^{\sigma=2\pi} \right) - \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\tau_0}^{\tau_1} d\tau \left( \delta X(\tau, 2\pi) - \delta X(\tau, 0) \right) \cdot \partial_\sigma X(\tau, 0)$$







$$-\frac{1}{2\pi\alpha'} \int_{\tau_0}^{\tau_1} d\tau \left( \delta X(\tau, \alpha_1) - \delta X(\tau, 0) \right) \cdot \underbrace{\partial_\sigma X(\tau, 0)}_{\partial_z \tilde{X}(\tau, 0)}$$

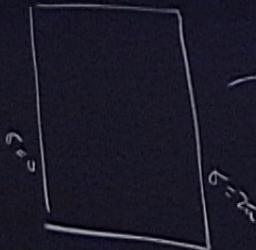
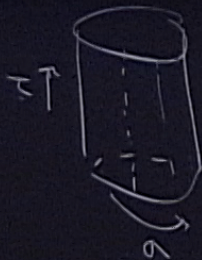
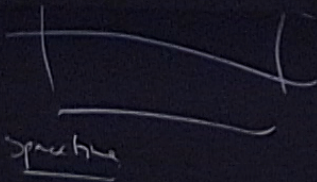
pre-symp. form

$$\textcircled{14}(\tau) = -\delta \tilde{p} \cdot \tilde{X}(\tau, 0) + \frac{1}{2\pi\alpha'} \int d\sigma \delta X(\tau, \sigma) \partial_z X(\tau, \sigma)$$

suppl 2-form

$$\Omega(\tau) = \delta \textcircled{14} = \delta p \wedge \delta x + \delta \tilde{p} \wedge (\delta \tilde{x} - \alpha' \delta p) + \text{osc}$$

$$-\delta \tilde{p} \cdot \tilde{X}(\tau, 0) \Big|_{\tau_0}^{\tau_1} \quad \text{"corner term"}$$



embeddings are not single-valued

will get contributions from edges

$$+ \int \partial \cdot (\delta x_{\dots})$$

⇓  
sym. str.

pre-symp. 1-form

$$\textcircled{1}(\tau) = -\delta\bar{p} \cdot \hat{X}(\tau, 0) + \frac{1}{2\pi\alpha'} \int_{\sigma_1}^{\sigma_2} d\sigma \delta X_{i(\tau, \sigma)} \partial_\tau X(\tau, \sigma) - \delta\bar{p} \cdot \hat{X}(\tau, 0) \Big|_{\tau}$$

"corner term"

symp. 2-form

$$\Omega(\tau) = \delta \textcircled{1} = \delta p_a \wedge \delta x^a + \delta\bar{p}_a \wedge (\delta\bar{x}^a - \pi\alpha' \delta p^a) + \text{osc}$$

$$Z^\alpha = (p, x, \bar{p}, \bar{x})$$

$$Q = \frac{1}{2} \Omega_{\alpha\beta} \delta Z^\alpha \wedge \delta Z^\beta$$

$$\Omega_{\alpha\beta} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & \pi\alpha' \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -\pi\alpha' & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$[\hat{Z}^\alpha, \hat{Z}^\beta] = i \Omega^{\alpha\beta} \hat{\mathbb{1}}$$

$$[p_a, \bar{p}^b] = 0$$

$$[x^a, p_b] = i\hbar \delta^a_b$$

$$[\bar{x}^a, \bar{p}^b] = i\hbar \delta^a_b$$

$$[x^a, \bar{x}^b] = 2\pi\alpha' \lambda^2 \delta^a_b$$

consider equal- $\tau$  commutators

$$[\hat{X}(\tau, \sigma_1), \hat{\bar{X}}(\tau, \sigma_2)] = [\hat{x}, \hat{\bar{x}}] + \alpha' [x, p] \sigma_2 + \alpha' [\bar{p}, \bar{x}] \sigma_1 + \text{osc}$$

$$= 2\lambda^2 \left[ \pi - \Theta(\sigma_{12}) \right]$$

$$\Theta(\sigma) = \pi \text{ on } \sigma \in (0, 2\pi)$$

$$\Theta'(\sigma) = \delta(\sigma)$$

pre-symp. 1-form

$$\textcircled{14}(\tau) = -\delta\bar{p} \cdot \hat{X}(\tau, 0) + \frac{1}{2\pi\alpha'} \int d\sigma \delta X_{i,p} \partial_\tau X(\tau, \sigma) - \delta\bar{p} \cdot \hat{X}(\tau, 0) \Big|_{\tau}$$

"corner term"

symp 2-form

$$\Omega(\tau) = \delta\textcircled{14} = \delta p \wedge \delta x + \delta\bar{p} \wedge (\delta\bar{x} - \pi\alpha'\delta p) + \text{osc}$$

$$[\hat{X}(\tau, \sigma_1), \partial_\tau \hat{X}(\tau, \sigma_2)] = \delta(\sigma_{12})$$

"  $\partial_\tau \hat{X}$ "

integrate  $\rightarrow$  not constant.

consider equal- $\tau$  commutators

$$\begin{aligned} & [\hat{X}(\tau, \sigma_1), \hat{X}(\tau, \sigma_2)] \\ &= [\hat{x}, \hat{x}] + \alpha' [x, p] \sigma_2 + \alpha' [\bar{p}, \bar{x}] \sigma_1 \\ &\quad + \text{osc} \\ &= 2\alpha'^2 \left[ \pi - \Theta(\sigma_{12}) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Theta(\sigma) &= \pi \text{ on } \sigma \in (0, 2\pi) \\ \Theta'(\sigma) &= \delta(\sigma) \end{aligned}$$

classical sol<sup>ns</sup>

$$X(\tau, \sigma) = X_R(\tau + \sigma) + X_L(\tau - \sigma)$$

$$\hat{X}_L(\tau - \sigma) = \hat{X}_L + \frac{\alpha'}{2} \hat{P}_L(\tau - \sigma) + \text{osc}_L$$

$$\hat{X}_R(\tau + \sigma) = \hat{X}_R + \frac{\alpha'}{2} \hat{P}_R(\tau + \sigma) + \text{osc}_R$$

$$X(\tau, \sigma) = x + \alpha' p \tau + \alpha' \tilde{p} \sigma + \dots$$

$$x = x_L + x_R$$

$$p = \frac{p_L + p_R}{2}, \quad \tilde{p} = \frac{p_R - p_L}{2}$$

Mutual locality

physical vertex ops. single-valued

eg. tachyon vertex op

$$W_{k, \tilde{k}} = e^{ik \cdot \hat{X}(\tau, \sigma)} e^{i\tilde{k} \cdot \hat{X}(\tau, \sigma)}$$

$$\sim \underbrace{U_{k, \tilde{k}}}_{\text{zero mode}} \underbrace{V_{k_L}(\tilde{z}) V_{k_R}(\tilde{z})}_{\text{osc}}$$

$$K = (k, \tilde{k})$$

$$U_K \cdot U_{K'} = E_{K, K'} U_{K+K'}$$

def: 
$$\frac{E_{K, K'}}{E_{K', K}} = e^{2\pi i \alpha' (k \cdot \tilde{k}' + k' \cdot \tilde{k})}$$

Polchinski

$$U_{\vec{k}, \vec{k}} = e^{i k_L \hat{x}_L + i k_R \hat{x}_R} \hat{C}_{\vec{k}, \vec{k}}(\hat{p}_L, \hat{p}_R)$$

$$\hat{C}_{\vec{k}, \vec{k}} = e^{i \pi \alpha \vec{k} \cdot \vec{p}}$$

with correct  
comm. rel's

$$\hat{C}_{\vec{k}, \vec{k}} = \mathbb{1}$$

$U_{\vec{k}}$ : Weyl op on  $(\hat{x}, \hat{x})$

satisfies Heisenberg group

Mutual locality

vertex ops: single-valued

vertex op  $\hat{X}(\tau, \sigma) = \vec{k} \cdot \hat{X}(\tau, \sigma)$

$$U_{\vec{k}} \cdot U_{\vec{k}'} = \epsilon_{\vec{k}, \vec{k}'} U_{\vec{k} + \vec{k}'}$$

def:  $\frac{\epsilon_{\vec{k}, \vec{k}'}}{\epsilon_{\vec{k}', \vec{k}}} = e^{2\pi i \alpha^2 (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{k}' + \vec{k}' \cdot \vec{k})}$

Polchinski

$$U_{k, \bar{k}} = e^{i k_L \cdot \hat{X}_L + i k_R \cdot \hat{X}_R} \hat{C}_{k, \bar{k}}(\hat{P}_L, \hat{P}_R)$$

$$\hat{C}_{k, \bar{k}} = e^{i \pi \alpha' \vec{k} \cdot \hat{p}}$$

with correct  
comm. rel's.

$$\hat{C}_{k, \bar{k}} = \mathbb{1}$$

$U_K$ : Weyl op on  $(\hat{X}, \hat{\tilde{X}})$

satisfies Heisenberg group  
(on  $\hat{X}, \hat{\tilde{X}}$ )

Mutual locality

physical vertex ops: single-valued

eg. tachyon vertex op

$$W_{k, \bar{k}} = e^{i k \cdot \hat{X}(\tau, \sigma)} e^{i \bar{k} \cdot \hat{\tilde{X}}(\tau, \sigma)}$$

$$\sim U_{k, \bar{k}} V_{k, \bar{k}}^{(Z)}$$

$$U_K \cdot U_{K'} = \epsilon_{K, K'} U_{K+K'}$$

find:  $\frac{\epsilon_{K, K'}}{\epsilon_{K', K}} = e^{2\pi i \alpha' (k \cdot \bar{k}' + k' \cdot \bar{k})}$

Polchinski:

$$U_{k, \bar{k}} = e^{i k_L \hat{x}_L + i k_R \hat{x}_R} \hat{C}_{k, \bar{k}}(\hat{p}_L, \hat{p}_R)$$

$$\hat{C}_{k, \bar{k}} = e^{i \pi \alpha \tilde{k} \cdot \hat{p}}$$

with correct  
comm. rel<sup>ns</sup>

$$\hat{C}_{k, \bar{k}} = \hat{1}$$

$U_K$ : Weyl op on  $(\hat{x}, \hat{\tilde{x}})$

satisfies Heisenberg group

(on  $\hat{x}, \hat{\tilde{x}}$ )

$$W_{k, \bar{k}} = e^{i k \cdot \hat{x} + i \tilde{k} \cdot \hat{\tilde{x}}}$$

$$\sim U_{k, \tilde{k}} \underbrace{V_{k_L}(\tilde{z}) V_{k_R}(\tilde{z})}_{\text{osc}}$$

pre-symp. 1-form

$$\textcircled{14}(\tau) = -\delta\bar{p} \cdot \hat{X}(\tau, 0) + \frac{1}{2\pi d'} \int_{d'} \delta X_{(i,p)} \partial_\tau X(\tau, \sigma) - \delta\bar{p} \cdot \hat{X}(\tau, 0) \Big|_{\tau}$$

"corner term"

symp 2-form

$$\Omega(\tau) = \delta \textcircled{14} = \delta p \wedge \delta x + \delta\bar{p} \wedge (\delta\bar{x} - \pi \alpha' \delta p) + \text{osc}$$

• with these comm. relations

→ obtain covariance w.r.t.  $O(d, d)$

eg turning on constant B-field

$$[x^a, x^b] = 0, \quad [\hat{x}^a, \hat{x}^b] = 2\pi\alpha'^2 g^a_b$$

$$X^A = (x^a, \bar{x}_a) \quad [\bar{x}_a, \bar{x}_b] = -4\pi\alpha'^2 B_{ab}$$

$$[\hat{X}^A, \hat{X}^B] = \omega^{AB} \hat{1}; \quad \text{B-field} \rightarrow g_{\partial B} = \begin{pmatrix} g^a_b & B_{ab} \\ 0 & g^a_b \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\omega \rightarrow g_{\partial B}^T \omega g_{\partial B}$$

consider equal- $\tau$  commutators

$$[\hat{X}(\tau, \sigma_1), \hat{X}(\tau, \sigma_2)] = [\hat{x}, \hat{x}] + \alpha' [x, p] \sigma_2 + \alpha' [\bar{p}, \bar{x}] \sigma_1 + \text{osc}$$

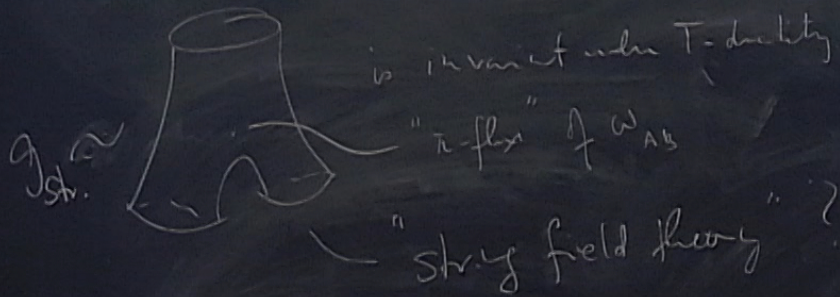
$$= \alpha'^2 \left[ \pi - \Theta(\sigma_{12}) \right]$$

$$\Theta(\sigma) = \pi \quad \text{on } \sigma \in (0, 2\pi)$$

$$\Theta'(\sigma) = \delta(\sigma)$$



T-duality is a symmetry of interactions



$\sim \underbrace{U_{k,k}}_{\text{zero mode}} \underbrace{V_{k_L}(z) V_{k_R}(z)}_{\text{osc}}$