

Title: PSI 2016/2017 String Theory (Review) - Lecture 12

Date: Mar 09, 2017 10:00 AM

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Abstract:



$$\text{SPIN } 0: \frac{1}{p^2 + m^2} \rightarrow \int e^{-L(p^2 + m^2)} dL \quad \Rightarrow \quad G(x_a, x_b, L) = e^{-\frac{(x_a - x_b)^2}{4L} - Lm^2} = \langle x_a; L | x_b; 0 \rangle = \langle$$

SPIN  $\frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{P - \gamma^5}{P^2} = \int e^{-P^2 L - P \cdot \gamma^5 \lambda} dL d\lambda$$

$$\langle x_a | e^{-L \hat{H} - \lambda \hat{Q}} | x_b \rangle = \langle x_a; L, \lambda | x_b; 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$\hat{P}^2 = \hat{H}$$

$$P \cdot \gamma^5 = \hat{Q}$$

$$\hat{Q}^2 = P \cdot \gamma^5 \gamma^5 = P^2 = \hat{H}$$

$$[\hat{x}, \hat{p}_x] = i\hbar$$

$$\{\psi^+, \psi^-\} = \gamma^5$$

$$\psi^+ = \gamma^5 \psi^-$$

$$\hat{H} = \hat{P}^2$$

$$\hat{Q} = \hat{P} \cdot \gamma^5$$

$$\langle x_a, x_b, L \rangle = e^{-\frac{(x_a - x_b)^2}{4L} - L m^2} = \langle x_a; L | x_b; 0 \rangle = \langle x_a | e^{-L(\hat{p}^2 + m^2)} | x_b \rangle$$

$$\hat{p}^2 = H$$

$$[\hat{x}^\mu, \hat{p}_\nu] = i\delta^\mu_\nu$$

$$\hat{H} = \hat{p}^2$$

$$P_\mu \gamma^\mu = Q$$

$$\{\hat{\psi}^\mu, \hat{\psi}^\nu\} = \gamma^{\mu\nu}$$

$$\hat{Q} = \hat{p}_\mu \hat{\psi}^\mu$$

$$Q^2 = P_\mu P_\nu \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu = p^2 = H \quad \psi^\mu = \gamma^\mu$$

$dL d\lambda$

$$\equiv \langle x_a; L, \lambda | x_b, 0, 0 \rangle$$

$\hat{Q}^2$

$$x^*(\tau, \theta) = e^{\hat{H}\tau + \hat{Q}\theta} \hat{x}^* e^{-\hat{H}\tau - \hat{Q}\theta}$$

$$\psi^*(\tau, \theta) = \dots \psi^*$$

$$p^*(\tau, \theta) = \dots \hat{p} \dots = \partial_{\tau} x(\tau, \theta)$$

$$\langle x_1 | e^{-L\hat{H} - \lambda\hat{Q}} | x_0 \rangle = \langle x_1; L, \lambda | x_0, 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$\psi = p - A \gamma^* \gamma = p^2 - H \quad \psi^* = \gamma^* \gamma$$

$$x^*(\tau, \theta) = e^{\hat{H}\tau + \hat{Q}\theta} \hat{x}^* e^{-\hat{H}\tau - \hat{Q}\theta} = x^*(\hat{H} + \theta \psi(\tau))$$

$$D_\theta = \partial_\theta - \theta \partial_\tau$$

$$D_\theta^2 = \partial_\tau$$

$$\psi^*(\tau, \theta) = \dots \psi^* \dots = D_\theta x(\tau, \theta) = \psi - \theta \partial_\tau x$$

$$p^*(\tau, \theta) = \dots \dot{p} \dots = \partial_\tau x(\tau, \theta)$$

$$|x_0\rangle \equiv \langle x_0; L, \lambda | x_0, 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$\hat{Q}\theta \hat{x}^\tau e^{-\hat{H}\tau - \hat{Q}\theta} = x(\hat{H} + \theta\gamma(\tau))$$

$$D_\theta = \partial_\theta + \theta \partial_\tau$$

$$D_\theta^2 = \partial_\tau$$

$$[H, \theta] = \partial_\tau \theta$$

$$[Q, \theta] = (\partial_\theta - \theta \partial_\tau) \theta$$

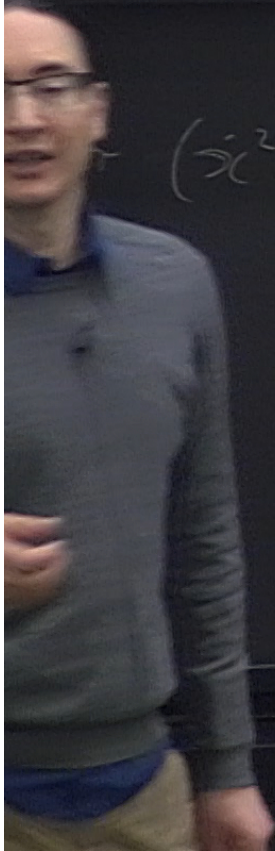
$$[Q, D_\theta \theta] = ( \quad ) D_\theta \theta$$

$$= D_\theta x(\tau, \theta) = \gamma + \theta \partial_\tau x$$

$$= x(\tau, 0)$$

$$L = \int dt d\tau d\sigma \partial_\tau x \cdot \mathcal{D}_\sigma x = \int dt d\tau (\dot{x}^2 + \dot{y}^2)$$





$$(\dot{x}^2 + \dot{y}^2)$$

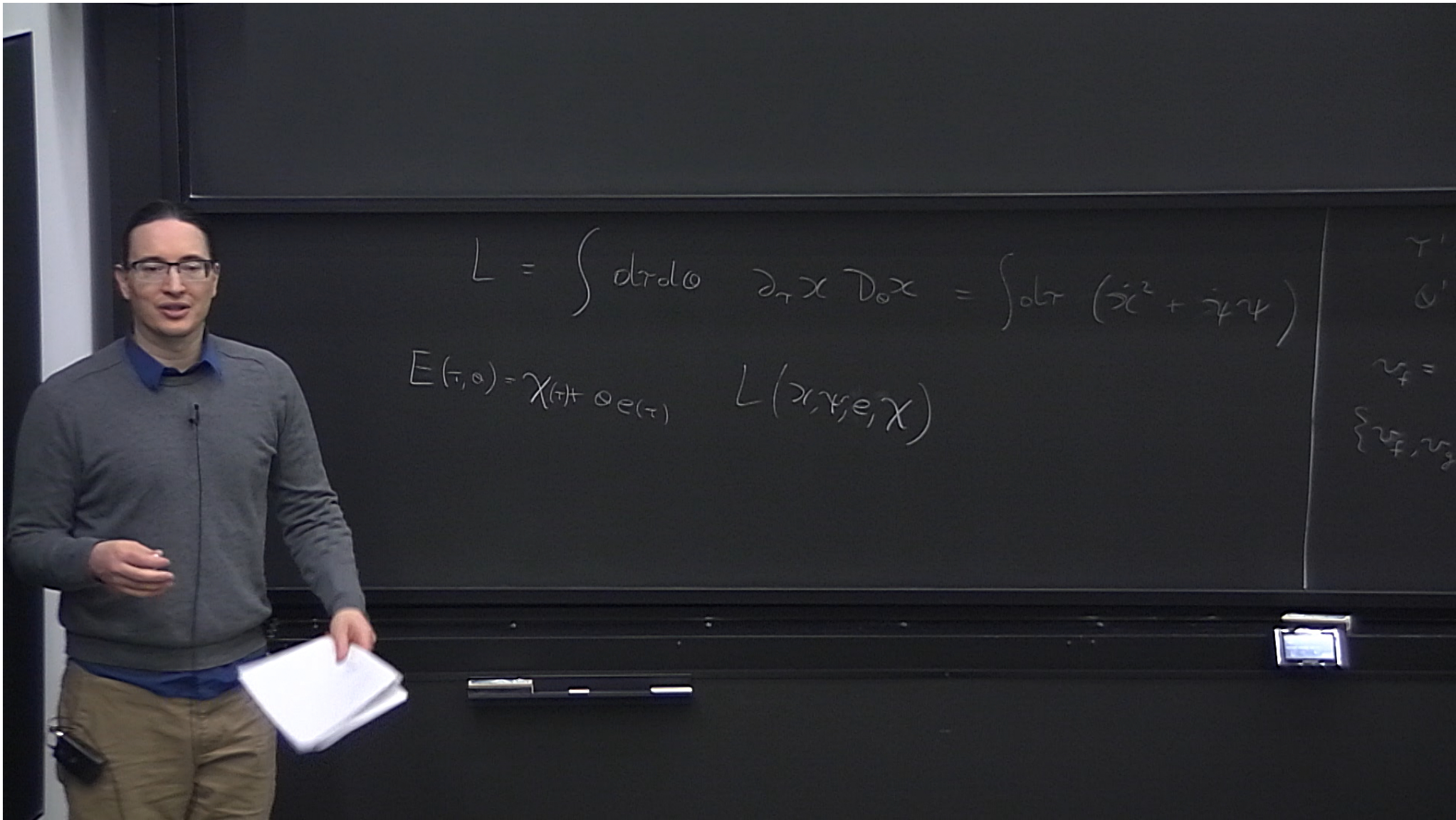
$$\tau'(\tau, 0)$$

$$\theta'(\tau, 0)$$

$$v_f = f(\tau) (\partial_0 - \theta \partial_\tau)$$

$$\{v_f, v_g\} = fg \partial_\tau + \dots$$

$$D_{\theta'} = \frac{D_{\theta'}}{D_{\theta}} D_{\theta}$$



$$L = \int dt d\sigma \partial_\tau x \cdot \mathcal{D}_\sigma x = \int dt (\dot{x}^2 + \dots)$$

$$E(\tau, \sigma) = \chi(\tau) + \sigma e(\tau) \quad L(x, \dot{x}, \sigma, \chi)$$

$\gamma$   
 $\sigma$   
 $\omega = \dots$   
 $\{ \dots \}$

$$\psi(\tau, 0) = \dots \quad \psi^* \dots = D_0 x(\tau, 0) = \psi + 0 \partial x$$

$$P(\tau, 0) = \dots \dot{p} \dots = \partial_\tau x(\tau, 0)$$

$$L = \int dt d\tau d\sigma \quad \partial_\tau x \quad D_0 x = \int dt (\dot{x}^2 + \psi \psi)$$

$$E(\tau, 0) = \chi(\tau) \int_{\text{SDIFF}} \frac{Dx D\tau D\sigma D\psi D\chi}{\dots} L(x, \psi, \sigma, \chi)$$

$$\psi'(\tau, 0)$$

$$\psi''(\tau, 0)$$

$$\psi = f(\tau) (\partial_0 - \dots)$$

$$\{\psi_1, \psi_2\} = fg \partial_\tau$$

$$\int \frac{DX^T D^2 \psi^* D h DX}{S_{DIFF} \times S_{WEYL}} e^{S(\dots)}$$

$$\int \frac{DX D\psi^* D h DX}{S_{DIFF} \times S_{WEYL}} e^{S(\dots)}$$

$U^1, U^2, \theta^1, \theta^2$

$Q^1, Q^2$

$$D_{\theta^a} = \partial_{\theta^a} + \sigma_{\theta^a}^b \frac{\partial}{\partial U^b} \quad \{Q^a, Q^b\} = \sigma_a^b P^a$$

$z, \bar{z}$   
 $\partial, \bar{\partial}$

$$f(z) \left( \partial_{\bar{z}} + \partial_z \right)$$

$$g(z) \partial_z + \dots$$

X<sup>M</sup>

$$z, \theta$$

$$\bar{z}, \bar{\theta}$$

$$f(z) \left( \partial_{\theta} + \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$\gamma = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\beta = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\{Q_{BRST}, \beta\} = G$$

$$g(z) \partial_z + \dots$$

$$c = -1$$

$$b = 2$$

$$\{Q_{BRST}, b\} = T$$

$$\underline{X}^\mu(z, \bar{z}, \theta, \bar{\theta}) = X^\mu + \theta \psi^\mu + \bar{\theta} \bar{\psi}^\mu + \theta \bar{\theta} F$$

$$\cancel{\partial X \bar{\theta} X + \psi \bar{\theta} \psi + \bar{\psi} \theta \bar{\psi} + \cancel{F^2}}$$



$$z, \theta$$

$$\bar{z}, \bar{\theta}$$

$$f(z) \left( \partial_{\bar{z}} + \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$\gamma = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\beta = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$g(z) \partial_z + \dots$$

$$c = -1$$

$$b = 2$$

$$\sum_{\mathcal{J}} g_{\mathcal{J}} \int_{\hat{\mathcal{M}}_{g,n}} \langle (b \text{ dt}) (\beta \text{ d}s) V_1 \dots V_n \rangle$$

$$\{Q_{\text{BEST}}, \beta\} = G$$

$$\{Q_{\text{BEST}}, b\} = T$$

$\partial/\partial x$

$g(z) \partial_z + \dots$

$c = -1$

$b = 2$

$\{Q_{BRST}, b\} = T$

G

$Q_{BRST}^2 = 0$

$\sum_M (z, \bar{z}, \theta, \bar{\theta}) = X^M + \theta \psi^M + \bar{\theta} \bar{\psi}^M + \theta \sigma^M$

$\partial X \bar{\partial} X + \psi \bar{\partial} \psi + \bar{\psi} \partial \bar{\psi} + \dots$

$c = -26 + 11 + d(1 + \frac{1}{2})$

$d = 10$

$$T_{ab} = \frac{\delta S}{\delta X^{ab}}$$

$$G^{ac} = \frac{\delta S}{\delta X_{ac}}$$

$$T = \partial X \partial X - \frac{1}{2} \psi \partial \psi + \frac{1}{2} \partial \psi \psi$$

$$G = \psi \partial X$$

$$g(z) \partial_z + \dots$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\{Q_{BRST}, \beta\} = G$$

$$c = -1$$

$$b = 2$$

$$\{Q_{BRST}, b\} = T$$

$$Q_{BRST}^2 = 0$$

$$\sum_{\mu} X^{\mu}(z, \bar{z}, \psi, \bar{\psi}) = X^{\mu} + \psi^{\mu} + \bar{\psi}^{\mu}$$

$$\partial X \bar{\partial} X + \psi \bar{\partial} \psi + \bar{\psi} \partial \psi$$

$$c = -26 + 11 + d \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$d = 10$$

$$L = \int dt d\tau d\sigma \partial_\tau x \cdot \mathcal{D}_\sigma x = \int dt \tau (\dot{x}^2 + \dot{y}^2)$$

$$E(\tau, \sigma) = \chi(\tau) \int_{\text{SDIFF}} \frac{Dx D\tau D\sigma D\chi}{\chi(\tau) \partial_\tau \chi} L(x, \tau, \sigma, \chi)$$



$$S = \int \bar{\psi} \psi$$

$$\psi(z) = \left( \frac{dz'}{dz} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \psi(z')$$

NS SECTOR : ANTIPERIODIC

$$\psi = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \psi_{n+\frac{1}{2}} e^{-(n+\frac{1}{2})S}$$

R SECTOR : PERIODIC

$$\psi = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \psi_n e^{-nS}$$

$$T_{ab} = \frac{\delta S}{\delta h^{ab}}$$

$$G_{ac} = \frac{\delta S}{\delta X_{ac}}$$

$$T = -\partial X \partial X - \frac{1}{2} \psi \partial \psi + \frac{1}{2} \partial \psi \psi$$

$$G = \psi \partial X$$

$$\left(\frac{dz'}{dz}\right)^2 \psi(z')$$

$$\psi = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \psi_{n+\frac{1}{2}} e^{-(n+\frac{1}{2})s}$$

$$\psi_{\frac{1}{2}} |0\rangle_{NS} = 0 \quad \psi_{\frac{3}{2}} |2\rangle_{NS} = -\sqrt{2} = \dots$$

$$\{\psi_m, \psi_n\} = \delta_{m+n, 0}$$

$$\psi(z)\psi(w) \sim \frac{1}{z-w}$$

$$\psi = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \psi_n e^{-ns}$$

$$\{\psi_0^m, \psi_0^n\} = \delta^{mn}$$

$$\{\psi_0, \psi_0\} = 0$$

$$\{\psi_{-1}, \psi_1\} = \delta^{--}$$



$$S = \sqrt{z} \bar{\sqrt{z}}$$

$$\psi(z) = \left(\frac{dz'}{dz}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \psi(z')$$

NS SECTOR : ANTIPERIODIC

$$\psi = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \psi_{n+\frac{1}{2}} e^{-(n+\frac{1}{2})s}$$

R SECTOR : PERIODIC

$$\psi = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \psi_n e^{-ns}$$

$$\psi_0^+ |A, \bar{A}\rangle_{RR} = \Gamma_{AB}^+ |B, \bar{A}\rangle_{RR}$$

$$\bar{\psi}_0^+ |A, \bar{A}\rangle_{RR} = \Gamma_{\bar{A}\bar{B}}^+ |A, \bar{B}\rangle$$

$|A\rangle_{RNS}$   
 $|\bar{A}\rangle_{NSR}$

$$T_{ab} = \frac{SS}{Sh^{ab}}$$

$$G^{ac} = \frac{SS}{S\lambda_{ac}}$$

$$T = -\frac{1}{2} \partial X \partial X - \frac{1}{2} \psi \partial \psi + \frac{1}{2} \partial \psi \psi$$

$$G = \psi \psi$$

$$\psi(z) = \left( \frac{dz'}{dz} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \psi(z')$$

R ANTIPERIODIC

$$\psi = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \psi_{n+\frac{1}{2}} e^{-(n+\frac{1}{2})s}$$

$$\psi_n |0\rangle_{NS} = 0 \quad \psi_{\frac{1}{2}} |0\rangle_{NS}$$

$$\{\psi_m, \psi_n\} = \delta_{m+n, 0}$$

R PERIODIC

$$\psi = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \psi_n e^{-ns}$$

$$\{\psi_0^+, \psi_0^+\} = \delta_{0,0} = 1$$

$$\{\psi_0, \psi_0\} = 0$$

$$\{\psi_n, \psi_m\} = \delta_{n+m}$$

$$\psi(z)\psi(w) \sim \frac{1}{-z-w}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \text{---} & |B, \bar{A}\rangle_{RR} \\ \text{---} & |A, \bar{B}\rangle_{\bar{R}\bar{R}} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} |A\rangle_{RNS} \\ |\bar{A}\rangle_{NSR} \end{matrix}$$

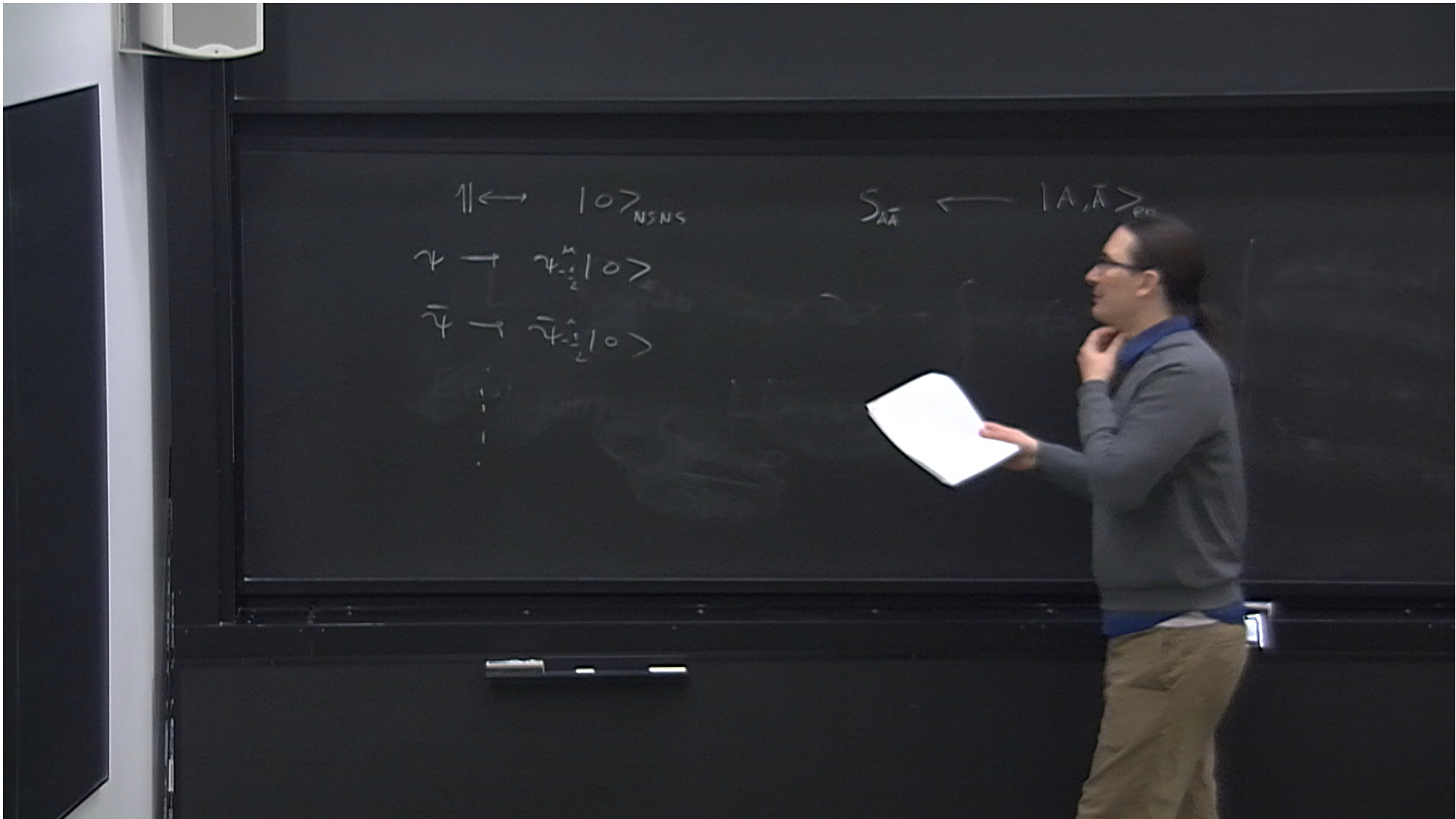


$$1 \leftrightarrow |0\rangle_{NSNS}$$

$$\gamma \rightarrow \gamma_{-\frac{1}{2}} |0\rangle$$

$$\bar{\gamma} \rightarrow \bar{\gamma}_{-\frac{1}{2}} |0\rangle$$

$$S_{AA} \leftarrow |A, \bar{A}\rangle_{RR}$$



$$11 \leftrightarrow |0\rangle_{NSNS}$$

$$S_{AA} \leftarrow |A, \bar{A}\rangle_{RR}$$

$$\psi \rightarrow \psi_{-\frac{1}{2}}^M |0\rangle$$

$$\bar{\psi} \rightarrow \bar{\psi}_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\hat{A}} |0\rangle$$

$$\bar{\psi}_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\hat{A}} \psi_{-\frac{1}{2}}^M |0\rangle$$

NSNS, NSP, RNS, PR

$$(-1)^F$$

$$(-1)^{\bar{F}}$$

II STRINGS

$$1 \leftrightarrow |0\rangle_{NSNS}$$

$$S_{AA} \leftarrow |A, \bar{A}\rangle_{RR}$$

$$\psi \rightarrow \psi_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\mu} |0\rangle$$

$$\bar{\psi} \rightarrow \bar{\psi}_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\nu} |0\rangle$$

$$\psi_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\mu} \bar{\psi}_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\nu} |0\rangle$$

NSNS, NSP, RNS, RR

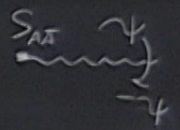
NSNS - RR

	$(-1)^F$	$(-1)^{\bar{F}}$
	1	1
	-1	-1

II STRINGS

O STRINGS

SPACE-TIME FERMIONS



$S_{AA} \leftarrow |A, \bar{A}\rangle_{RR}$

$F$   
 $(-1)^F$   
 $1$   
 $1$   
 $-1$   
 $-1$

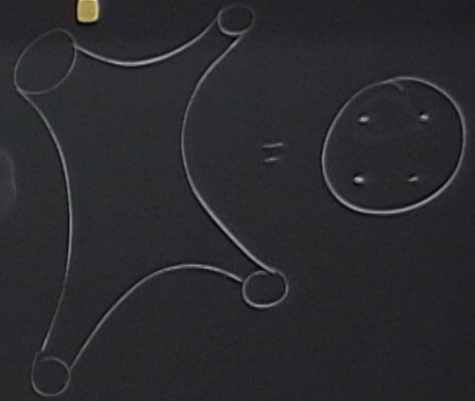
**II STRINGS**

○ STRINGS

SPACE-TIME FERMIONS

NO TACHYON !!!

$S_{AT}$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $-4$





$$S = \sqrt{2} \psi$$

$$\psi(z) = \left(\frac{dz}{z}\right)^h \psi(z)$$

NS SECTOR ANTI-PERIODIC

$$\psi = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \psi_{n+\frac{1}{2}} e^{-i(n+\frac{1}{2})\tau}$$

$h > 0$   
 $h < 0$

$$\{\psi_{-1}, \psi_{-1}\} = \delta_{m=0,0}$$

R SECTOR PERIODIC

$$\psi = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \psi_n e^{-in\tau}$$

$\{\psi_0, \psi_0\} = \delta_{m=0,0}$   
 $\{\psi_1, \psi_1\} = 0$   
 $\{\psi_1, \psi_0\} = \delta_{m=1,0}$

$$\psi(z)\psi(w) \sim \frac{1}{z-w}$$

$$\psi_0^+ |A, \bar{A}\rangle_{RR} = \int_{AB}^+ |B, \bar{A}\rangle_{RR}$$

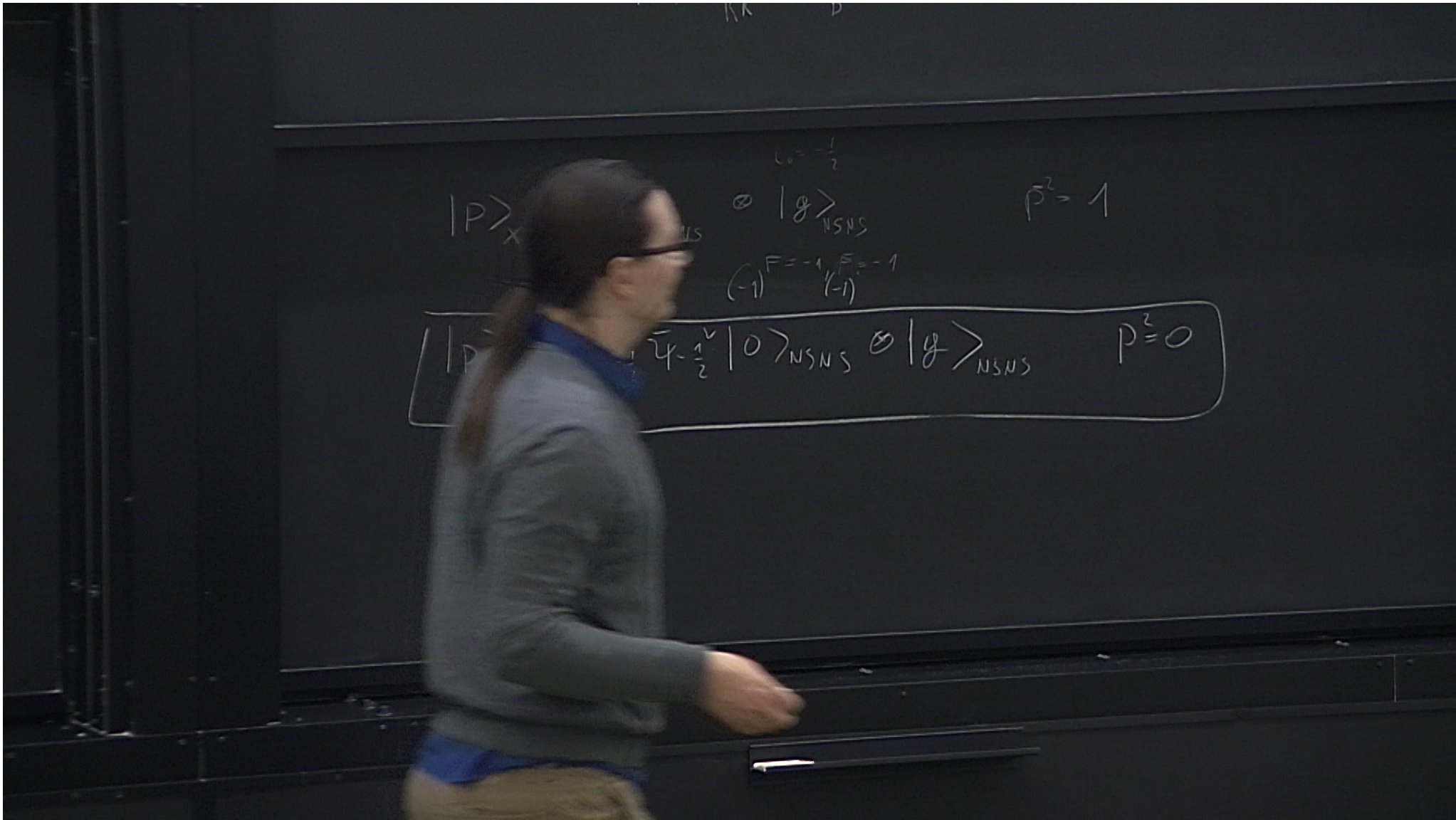
$$\psi_0^- |A, \bar{A}\rangle_{RR} = \int_{\bar{A}\bar{B}}^- |A, \bar{B}\rangle$$

$$|A\rangle_{RNS}$$

$$|\bar{A}\rangle_{NSR}$$



$$|P\rangle_x \otimes |0\rangle_{NSR} \otimes |0\rangle_{NSR}$$



$$|P\rangle_x \otimes |0\rangle_{NSNS} \otimes |g\rangle_{NSNS} \quad p^2 = 1$$

$L_0 = -\frac{1}{2}$   
 $(-1)^{F_0} = (-1)^{F_1} = -1$

$$|P\rangle_x \otimes \psi_{-\frac{1}{2}}^h \bar{\psi}_{-\frac{1}{2}}^v |0\rangle_{NSNS} \otimes |g\rangle_{NSNS} \quad p^2 = 0$$

$g^h$



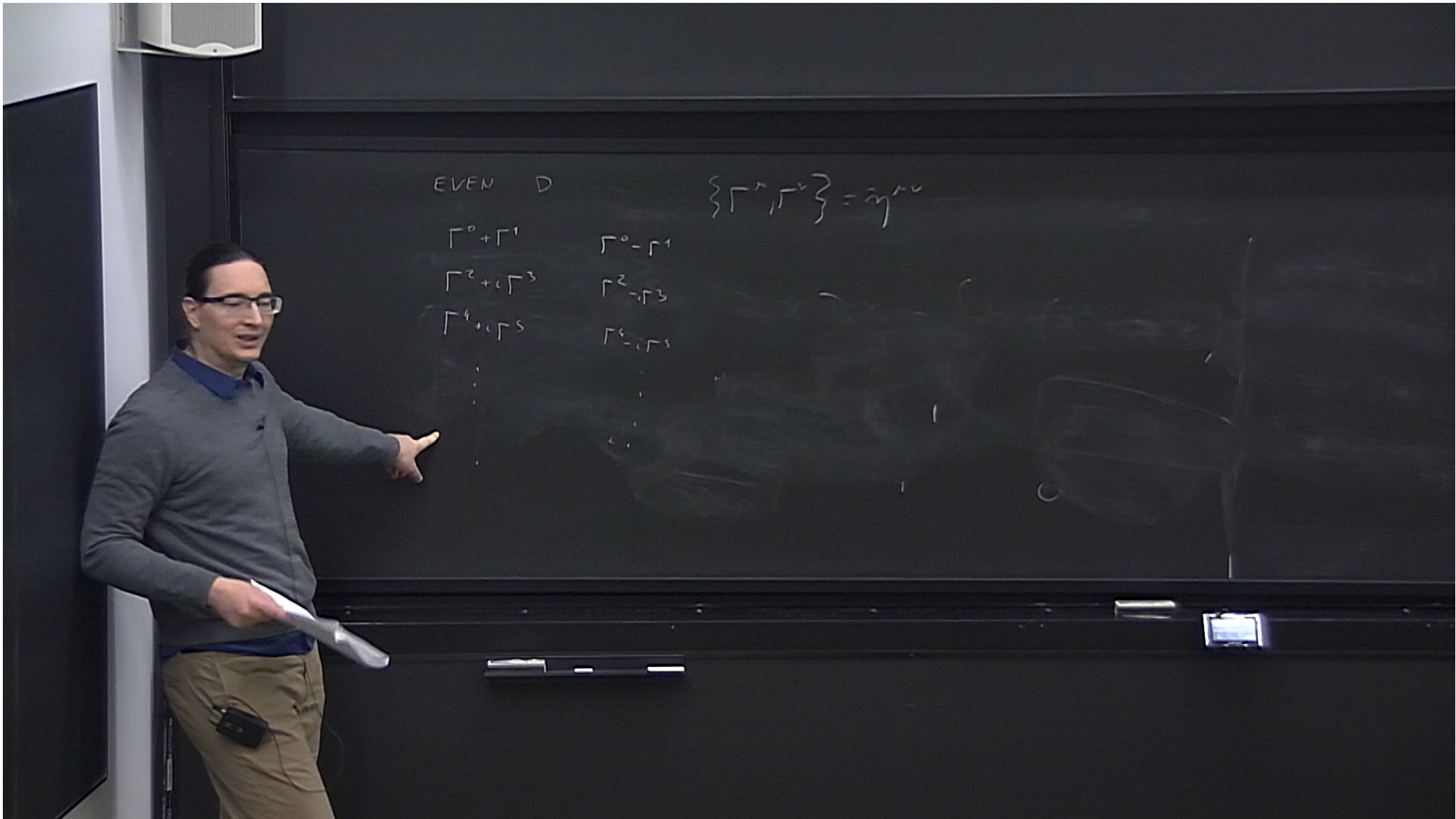
$$E_m | \text{PHYS} \rangle = 0 \quad m > 0$$

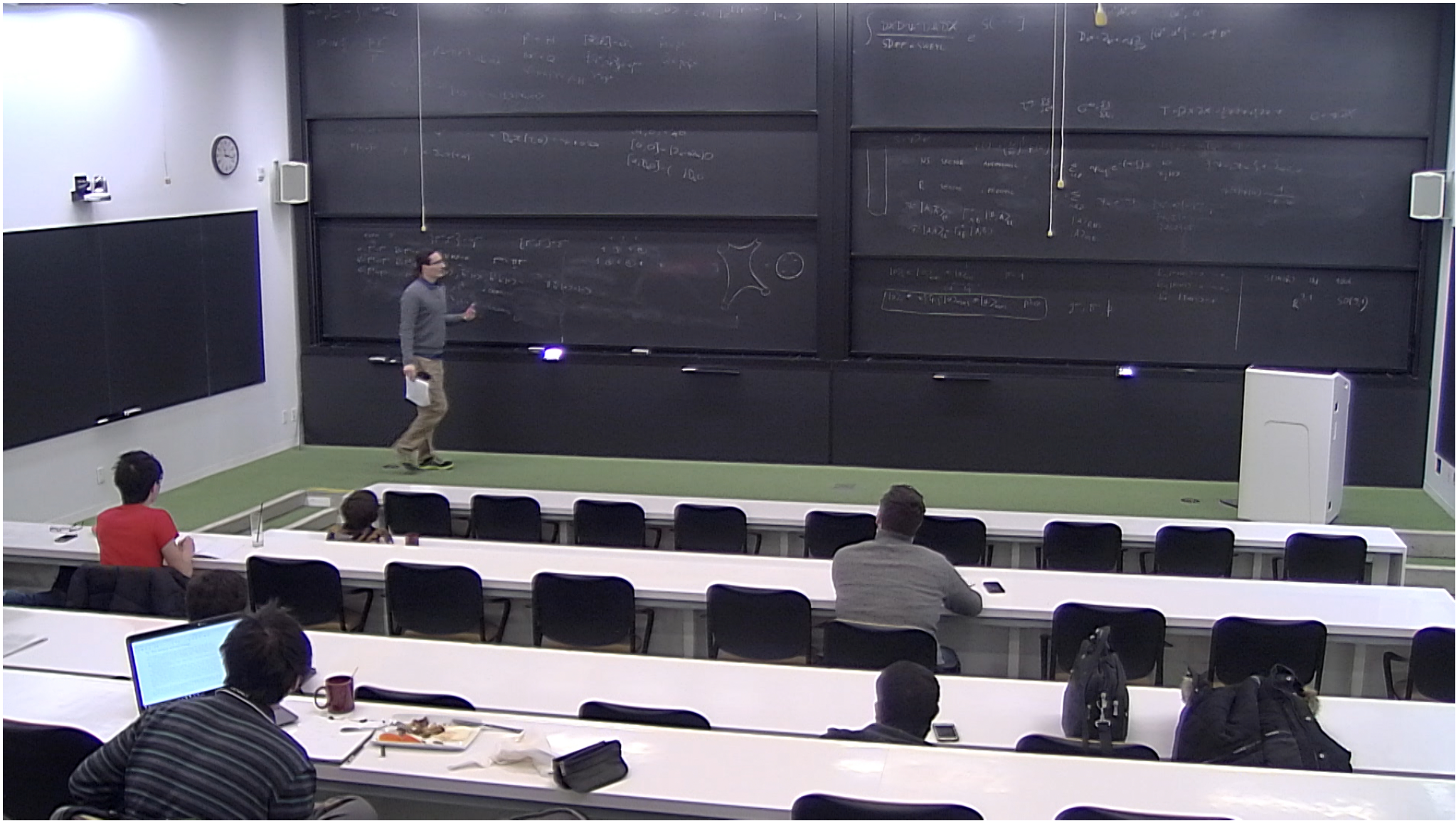
$$G_m | \text{PHYS} \rangle = 0 \quad m > 0$$

$$L_0^{\text{th}} | \text{PHYS} \rangle = 0$$

SPINDERS IN 10d

$$\mathbb{R}^{9,1} \quad \sim \quad SO(9,1)$$





EVEN D

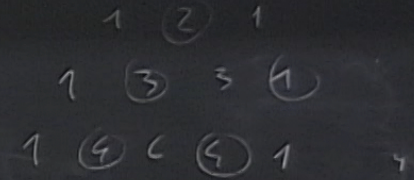
$$b^{\mu} = \Gamma^{\mu} + i\Gamma^{5} \quad \bar{b}^{\mu} = \Gamma^{\mu} - i\Gamma^{5}$$

$$b^1 = \Gamma^2 + i\Gamma^3 \quad \bar{b}^1 = \Gamma^2 - i\Gamma^3$$

$$b^2 = \Gamma^4 + i\Gamma^5 \quad \bar{b}^2 = \Gamma^4 - i\Gamma^5$$

$$\{\Gamma^{\mu}, \Gamma^{\nu}\} = \eta^{\mu\nu}$$

$$[\Gamma^{\mu}, \Gamma^{\nu}] = \epsilon^{\mu\nu}$$



$$b^{\mu}|+\rangle = 0$$

$$\Gamma^{D1} = \prod_{\mu} \Gamma^{\mu}$$

$$|+\rangle, \bar{b}^{\mu}|+\rangle, \bar{b}^{\mu}\bar{b}^{\nu}|+\rangle, \dots, \prod \bar{b}^{\mu}|+\rangle = |-\rangle$$

$$\uparrow 2^{\frac{D}{2}}$$

$$\rightarrow 2^{\frac{D}{2}-1}$$

$$\downarrow 2^{\frac{D}{2}-1}$$

+ CHIRALITY

- CHIRALITY

$$\{\psi, \bar{\psi}\} = \delta^{ab}$$

$$E_m |PHYS\rangle = 0 \quad m > 0$$

$$G_m |PHYS\rangle = 0 \quad m > 0$$

$$|PHYS\rangle = 0$$

SPINDERS IN 10d

$\mathbb{R}^{9,1} \sim SO(9,1)$

$a = 1 \dots 16$

$\bar{a} = 1 \dots 16$

$$\{\psi, \bar{\psi}\} = S^{\mu\nu}$$

$$E_m |PHYS\rangle = 0 \quad m > 0$$

$$G_m |PHYS\rangle = 0 \quad m > 0$$

$$L_0^- |PHYS\rangle = 0$$

SPINDERS IN 10d

$$\mathbb{R}^{9,1} \quad - \quad SO(9,1)$$

$$a = 1 \dots 16$$

$$\bar{a} = 1 \dots 16$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \psi_{n+\frac{1}{2}} e^{-(n+\frac{1}{2})s} \quad |0\rangle \quad \psi_{\frac{1}{2}} |0\rangle$$

$$\{\psi_m, \psi_n\} = \delta_{m+n, 0}$$

$$\psi(z)\psi(w) \sim \frac{1}{-z-w}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \psi_n e^{-ns}$$

$$\{\psi_0^\mu, \psi_0^\nu\} = \delta^{\mu\nu}$$

$$\{\psi_0, \bar{\psi}_0\} = 0$$

$$\{\bar{\psi}_0, \psi_0\} = -1$$

$$a \quad \bar{a}$$

$$\bar{a} \quad a$$

	IB	IIA
$a \quad \bar{a}$	1 -1	1 -1
$\bar{a} \quad a$	1 -1	-1 1

$|A\rangle_{RNS}$   
 $|\bar{A}\rangle_{NSR}$

$$L_n |PHYS\rangle = 0 \quad n > 0$$

$$G_m |PHYS\rangle = 0 \quad m > 0$$

$$L_0 |PHYS\rangle = 0$$

SPINORS IN 10d  
 $R^{9,1} \sim SO(9,1)$   
 $a = 1 \dots 16$   
 $\bar{a} = 1 \dots 16$

$g^{\mu\nu}, B^{\mu\nu}, \phi$