Title: Katherine Freese: The Dark Side of the Universe

Date: Mar 02, 2016 07:00 PM

URL: http://pirsa.org/16030084

Abstract: The ordinary atoms that make up the known universe, from our bodies and the air we breathe to the planets and stars, constitute only 5 percent of all matter and energy in the cosmos. The remaining 95 percent is a recipe of 25 percent dark matter and 70 percent dark energy, both nonluminous components whose nature remains a mystery.

In her March 2 public lecture, Katherine Freese will recount the hunt for dark matter, from the discoveries of visionary scientists like Fritz Zwicky, the Swiss astronomer who coined the term "dark matter" in 1933, to the deluge of data today from underground laboratories, satellites in space, and the Large Hadron Collider.

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The Cosmic Cocktail: Three Parts Dark Matter

Katherine Freese



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Origins of Modern Cosmology

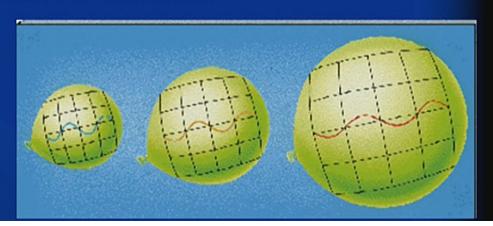
- A scientific approach to the shape and evolution of the Universe date to the brilliant insights of Einstein's General Relativity in 1915.
- Friedmann, Robertson, Walker, Lemaitre (1920's)
 applied Einstein's theory to the universe as a whole.
- Several possible solutions to the equations existed: expanding, contracting, or static.
- Einstein preferred the extra symmetry of a static Universe. He postulated that it looks the same (on the average) at all times.

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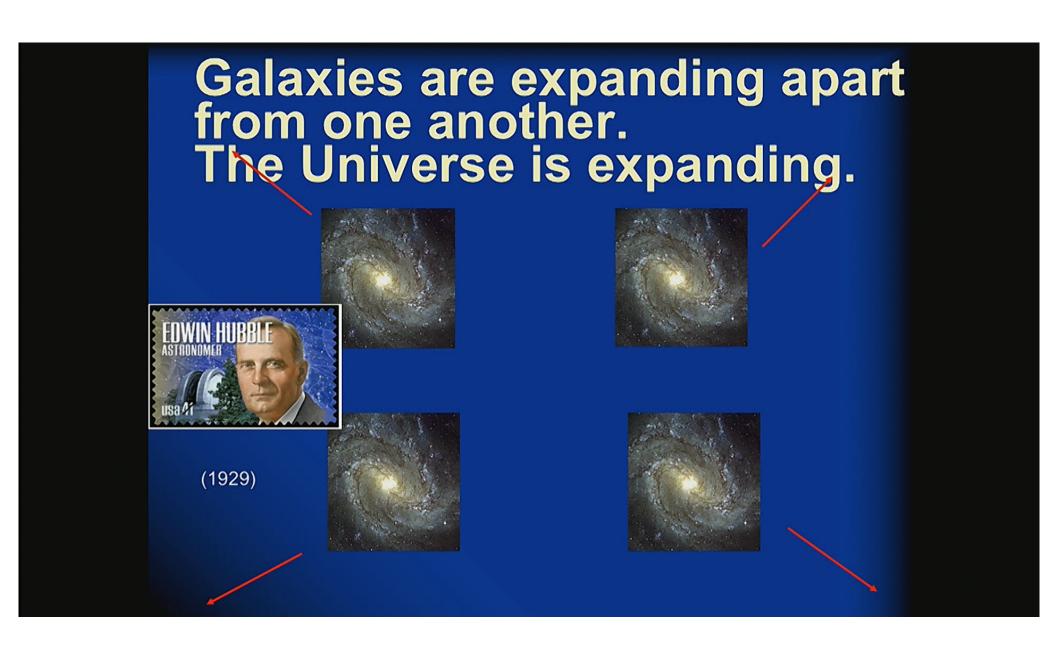
Hubble Expansion



- In 1929 Edwin Hubble using the Mt. Wilson Observatory above Pasadena made an astronishing discovery. He observed light from galaxies at various distances away from Earth. The light waves are stretched, or redshifted, by the time they gets to us. The reason is the expansion of space.
- THE UNIVERSE IS EXPANDING!!!
- Einsteinabandonedthe static Universe



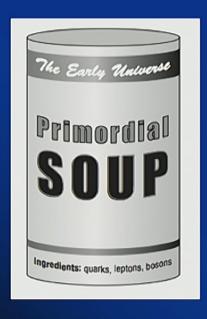
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THE BIG BANG

14 BILLION YEARS AGO



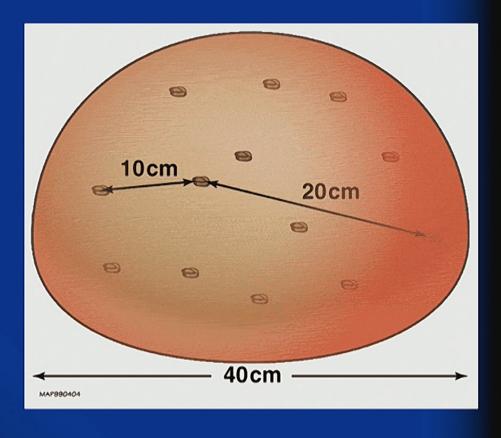


The Universe started out hot; It is cooling and expanding.

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Raisin Bread Model of the Universe

 As the loaf rises, raisins move steadily apart from one another, with the loaf maintaining the same configuration.



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As we look backwards in time:

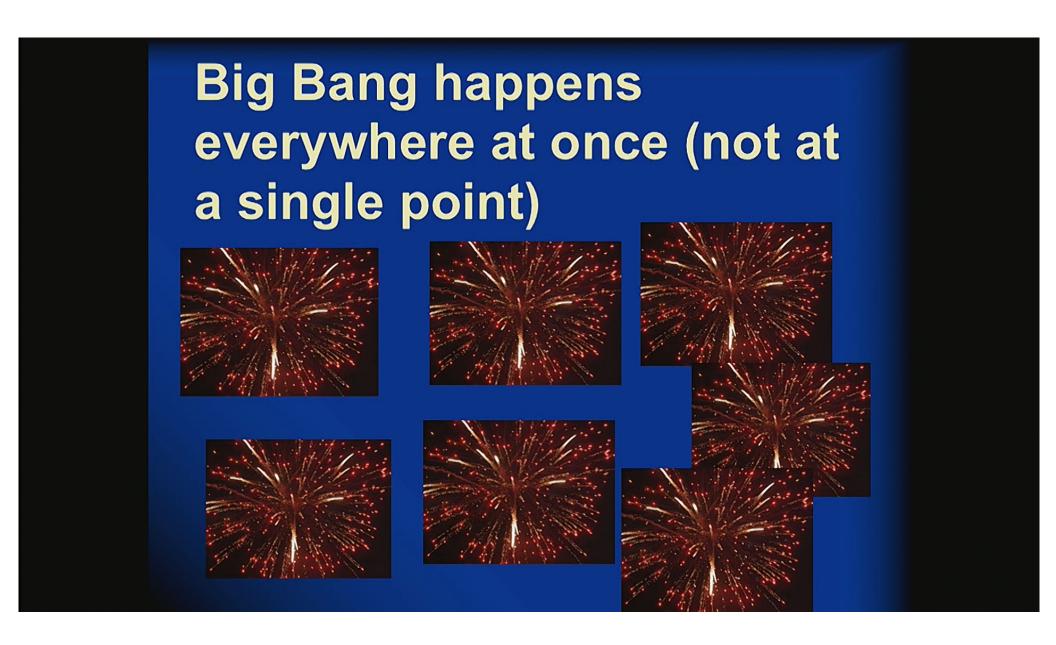
 All points in infinite universe getting closer and closer

--- yet universe can still be infinite all the way back!

Eventually, the density at each point is so great we lose description (maybe string theory?)

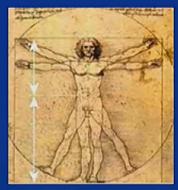
Big Bang at every point in the universe.

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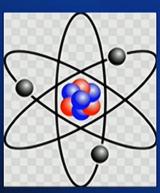
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What is the Universe made of? The answer is very SURPRISING!
All the objects of our daily experience:











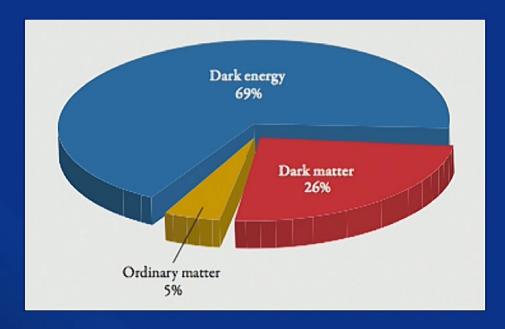




ALL ADD UP TO ONLY 5% OF THE UNIVERSE!

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Pie Chart of The Universe



Less than 5% ordinary matter.
What is the dark matter? What is the dark energy?

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The Cosmic Cocktail: A Recipe for the Cosmos

3 oz. dark matter

7 oz. dark energy

1/2 oz. hydrogen and helium gas

3 thousandth oz. other chemical elements

5 hundredth oz. stars

5 hundredth oz. neutrinos

5 ten-thousandth oz. cosmic microwave background light

1 millionth oz. supermassive black holes

Shaken, not stirred.

Secret ingredient: dark matter

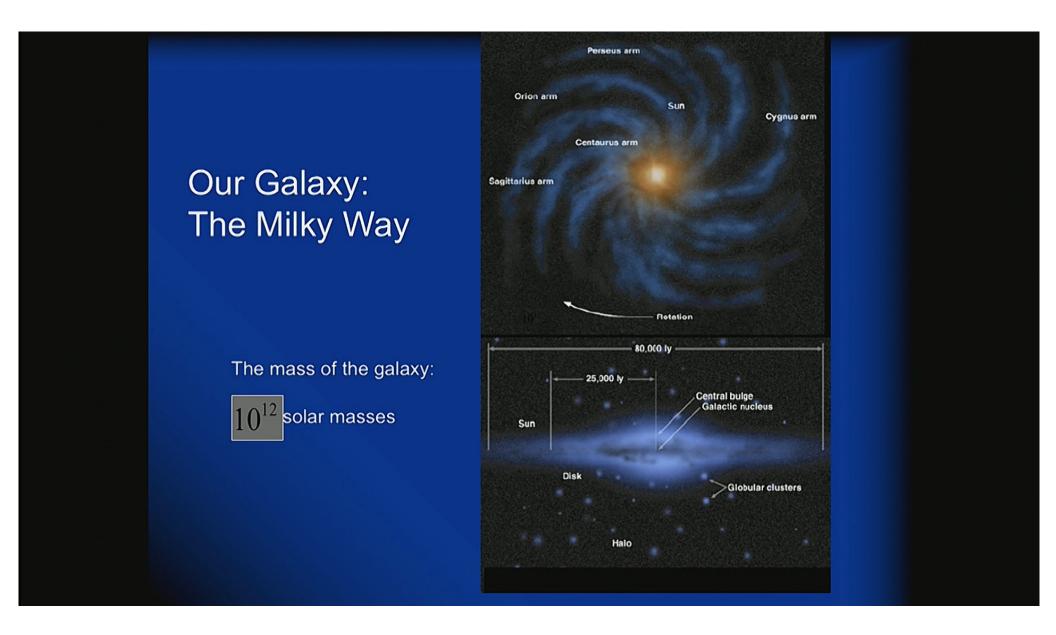


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Dark Matter is the bulk of the mass in galaxies and clusters. How do we know?

- What do galaxies look like?
- Observational Evidence:
- rotation curves
- lensing
- hot gas in clusters
- Bullet Cluster

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Galaxies have Dark Matter Haloes



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Rotation Curves

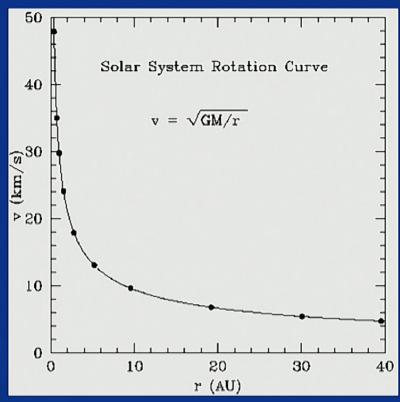
- How do we know that galaxies have dark matter haloes? Things are swirling around the center of the galaxy too fast: something is pulling on them!
- Rotation Curves.
- Example: Solar System Rotation Curve
- 95% of the mass of galaxies is made of an unknown component!!!

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Solar System Rotation Curve

Average Speeds of the Planets

As you move out from the Sun, speeds of the planets drop.



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Tyco Brahe (1546-1601)

Lost his nose in a duel, and wore a gold and silver replacement.

Studied planetary orbits.

Died of a burst bladder at a dinner with the king.



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Rotation Curves of Galaxies

Orbit of a star in a
Galaxy: speed is
Determined by
Mass. Larger mass
causes faster orbits.



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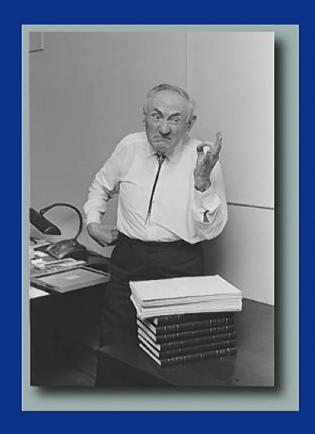
Fritz Zwicky in 1933

Galaxies in the Coma cluster were moving too rapidly.

He proposed "Dunkle Materie" as the explanation.

It's not stars, it doesn't shine. It's DARK! It's mysterious!

THE BEGINNING OF THE DARK MATTER PROBLEM

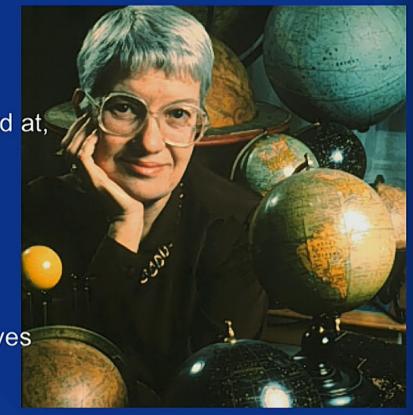


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Vera Rubin in 1970s

Found dark matter
in all galaxies she looked at,
and the scientific
community became
convinced that dark
matter must exist.

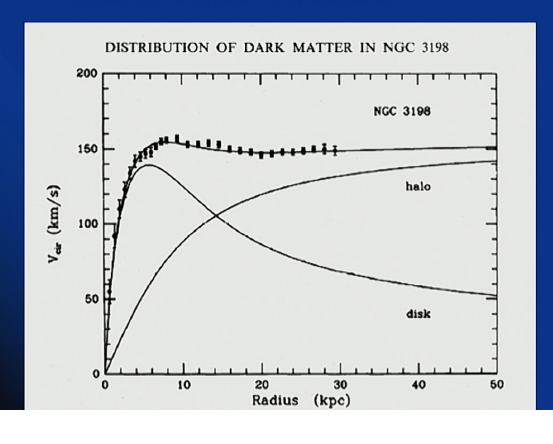
She studied rotation curves of galaxies, and found that they are FLAT



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95% of the matter in galaxies is unknown dark matter

Rotation Curves of Galaxies:



OBSERVED: FLAT ROTATION CURVE

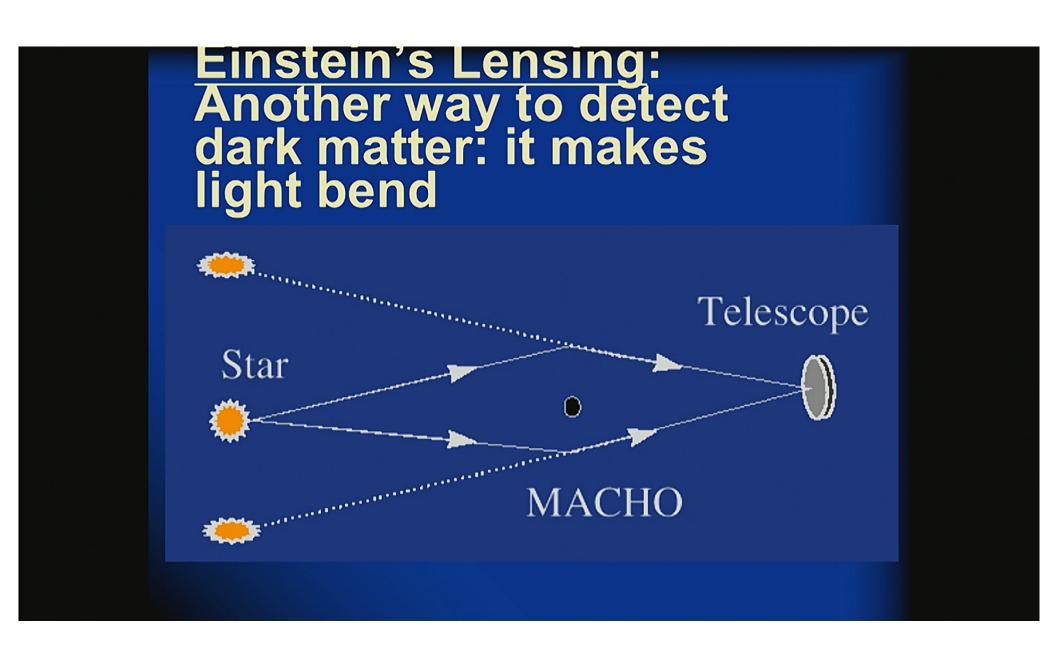
EXPECTED FROM STARS

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Galaxies have Dark Matter Haloes

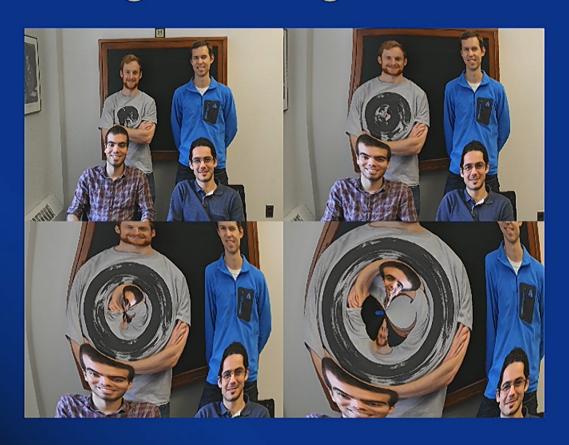


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Lensing of Michigan students



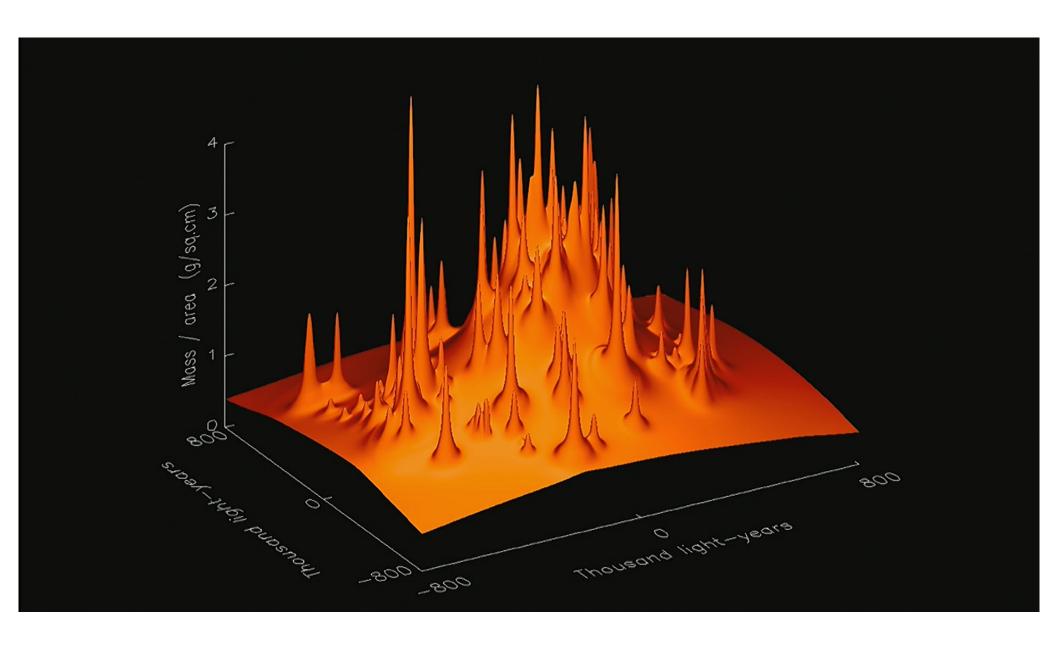
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Strong lensing by dark matter

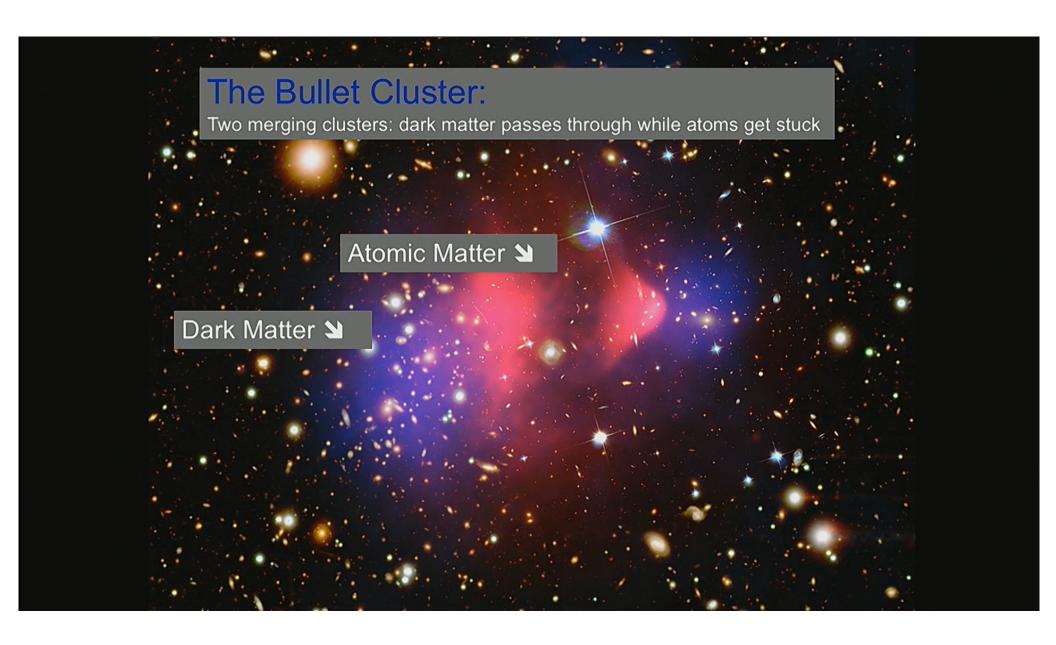


Gravitational Lens in Abell 2218 PF95-14 · ST Scl OPO · April 5, 1995 · W. Couch (UNSW), NASA HST · WFPC2

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The Dark Matter Problem

95% of the mass in galaxies and clusters of galaxies consists of an unknown dark matter component.

Known from:
rotation curves (out to tens kpc),
gravitational lensing (out to 200kpc),
hot gas in clusters.
Bullet Cluster.

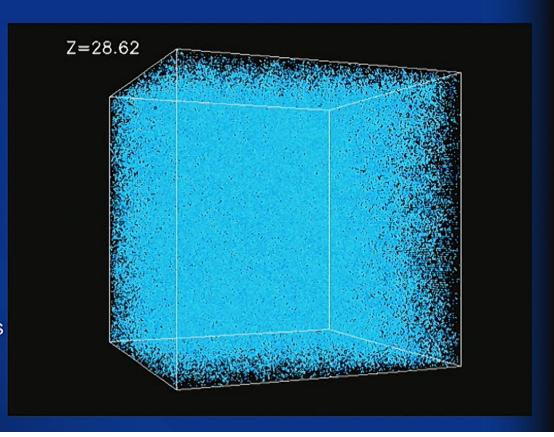
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Evidence for Dark Matter: Formation of Structure, Computer Simulations

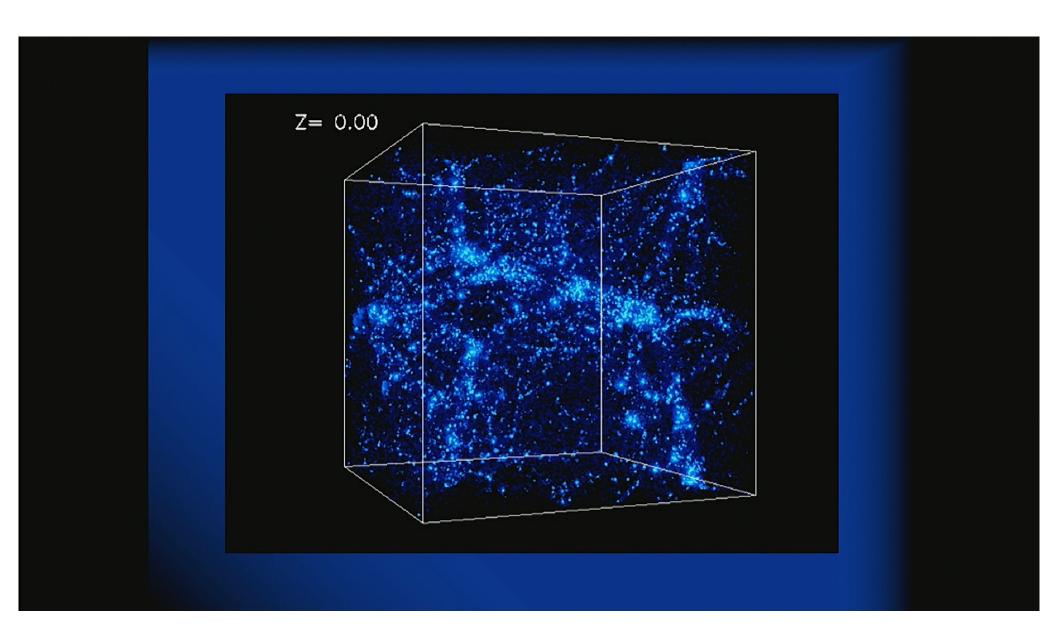
Initial conditions from inflation

Dark Matter particles come together to make galaxies, clusters, and larger scale structures

Computer simulations with dark matter match the data

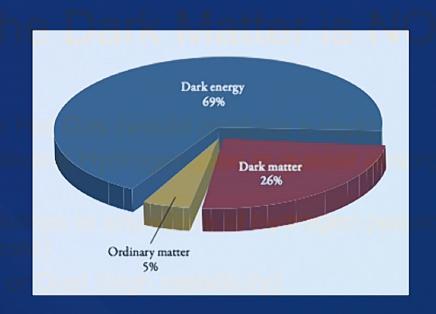


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PIE CHART OF THE UNIVERSER?



WHAT ARE THE PIECES OF THE PIE???

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WHAT IS THE DARK MATTER?

The Dark Matter is NOT

- Diffuse Hot Gas (would produce x-rays)
- Cool Neutral Hydrogen (see in quasar absorption lines)
- Small lumps or snowballs of hydrogen (would evaporate)
- Rocks or Dust (high metallicity)

(Hegyi and Olive 1986)

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Fifteen Years ago, there were two camps

The believers in MACHOs (Massive Compact Halo Objects)

VS.

The believers in WIMPs, axions and other exotic particle candidates

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MACHOS (Massive Compact Halo Objects)

- Faint stars
- Substellar Objects Objects (Brown Dwarfs)
 - Stellar Remnants:
 - White Dwarfs
 - Neutron Stars
 - Black Holes

From a combination of observational and theoretical arguments, my student and I found that THESE CANNOT EXPLAIN ALL THE DARK MATTER IN GALAXIES. STILL A POSSIBILITY: 15% OF THE MASS IN THE GALAXY CAN BE MADE OF WHITE DWARFS.

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Atomic Dark Matter is NOT enough



Death of stellar baryonic dark matter candidates (Fields, Freese, and Graff 2000)

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I HATE MACHOS!

DESPERATELY LOOKING FOR WIMPS!

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Scientists believe: Dark Matter is some new kind of elementary particle

- Not neutrons
- Not protons
- Something new.

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What is the Dark Matter? Candidates:

- WIMPs (SUSY or extra dimensions)
- Axions
- Neutrinos (too light, ruin galaxy formation)
- Sterile Neutrinos: no Standard Model interaction
- Primordial black holes
- WIMPzillas
- Mirror matter
- Axinos and gravitinos

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The best bet for the Dark Matter Particle: WIMPs

- Weakly Interacting Massive Particles
- Billions pass through your body every second
- No strong nuclear forces
- No electromagnetic forces
- Yes, they feel gravity
- Of the four fundamental forces, the other possibility is weak interactions (also responsible for radioactivity)
- Weigh 1 to 10,000 times protons

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The best bet for the Dark Matter Particle: WIMPs

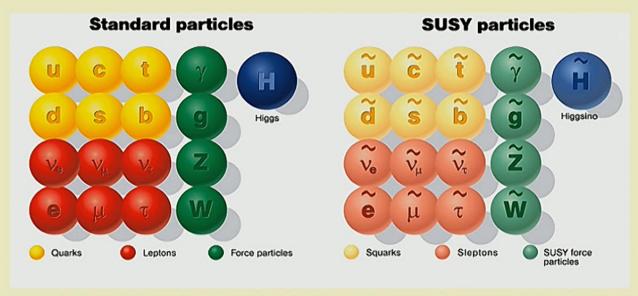
- THE WIMP MIRACLE: They are their own antiparticles and annihilate among themselves in the early universe, leaving behind the right numbers to explain the dark matter:
- They automatically are predicted by theories proposed for completely different reason, e.g. supersymmetry

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WIMPs in particle theory: Supersymmetry

An extension of the standard model

Every particle we know has a partner

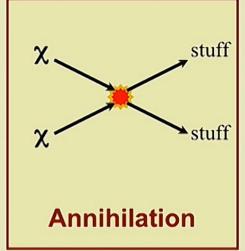


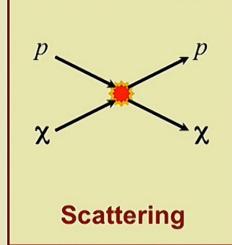
 The lightest supersymmetric particle may be the dark matter.

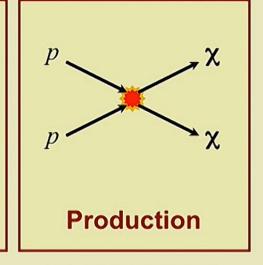
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THREE PRONGED APPROACH TO WIMP DETECTION

Interactions with Standard Model particles







Indirect Detection: Halo (cosmic-rays)) Direct Detection: Look for scattering events in detector Accelerators: LHC

FOURTH PRONG: DARK STARS

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EXCITING TIMES

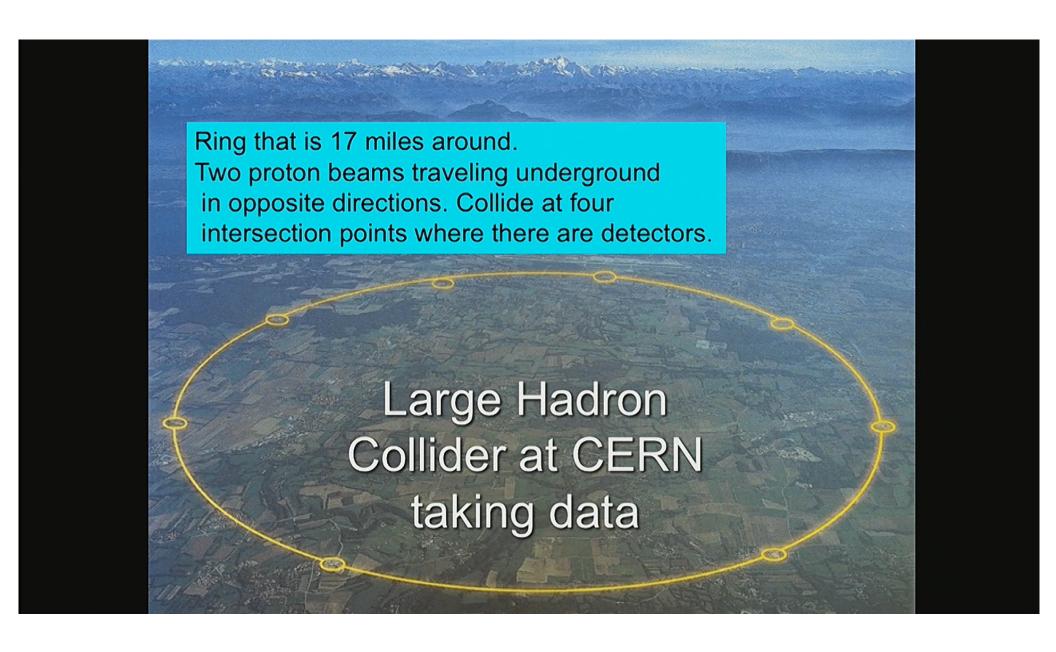
- We made WIMP proposals twenty years ago:
- It is coming to fruition!
- My personal prediction: one of the anomalous results is right and we will know very soon.

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FIRST WAY TO SEARCH FOR WIMPS

COLLIDERS: Large Hadron Collider at CERN

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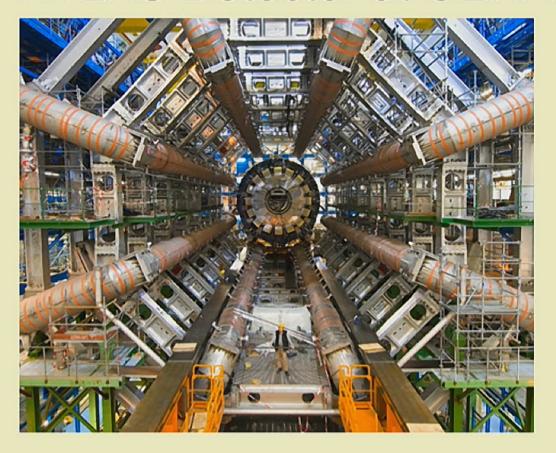
ATLAS detector:

Fabiola Gianotti, spokesperson for 3000 scientists now Director General of CERN



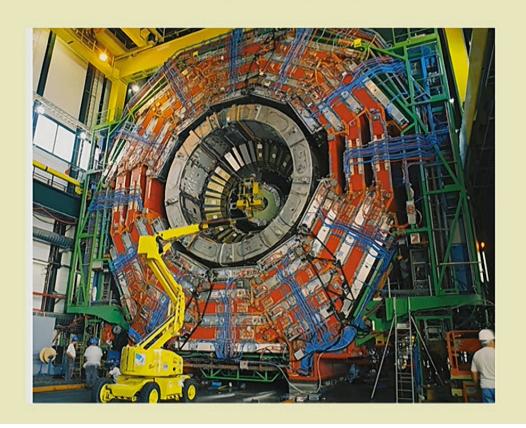
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ATLAS Detector at CERN



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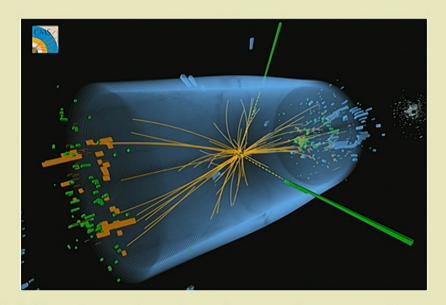
CMS detector during construction



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Actual pp collision

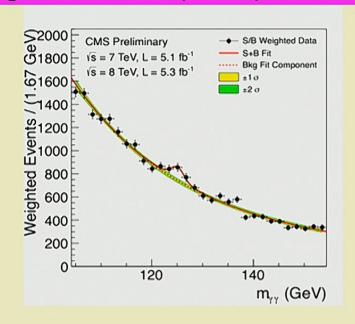
Higgs decays to two photons



July 2012: Last missing piece of standard model of particle physics!!!

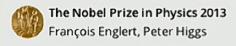
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LHC's first success Discovery of Higgs boson weighing 125 GeV (125 proton masses)



Key role of Higgs: imparts mass to other particles

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The Nobel Prize in Physics 2013

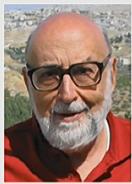


Photo: Pnicolet via Wikimedia Commons

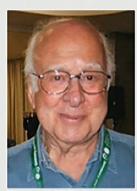


Photo: G-M Greuel via Wikimedia Commons

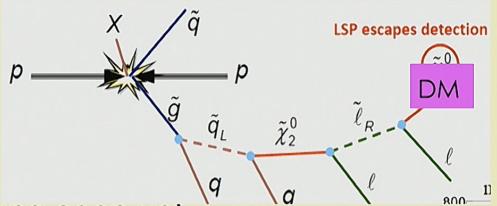
François Englert Peter W. Higgs

The Nobel Prize in Physics 2013 was awarded jointly to François Englert and Peter W. Higgs "for the theoretical discovery of a mechanism that contributes to our understanding of the origin of mass of subatomic particles, and which recently was confirmed through the discovery of the predicted fundamental particle, by the ATLAS and CMS experiments at CERN's Large Hadron Collider"

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Second major goal of LHC: search for SUSY and dark matter

Two signatures: Missing energy plus jets

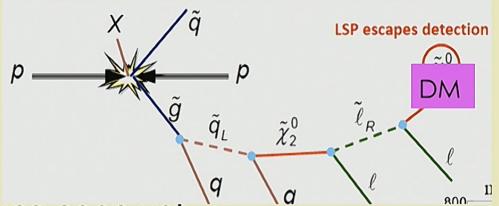


- Nothing seen yet
- LHC just turned on again at higher mass
- Maybe it will discover something

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Second major goal of LHC: search for SUSY and dark matter

Two signatures: Missing energy plus jets



Nothing seen yet

LHC just turned on again at higher mass

Maybe it will discover something

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The Higgs Boson is NOT the Dark Matter

- Higgs particles are NOT the dark matter. They
 decay very quickly (they live only 10^-22
 seconds) and so cannot be the bulk of the
 mass in the Universe.
- The Large Hadron Collider at CERN will turn on again in March 2015, with double its previous energy, and will look for supersymmetry and dark matter.

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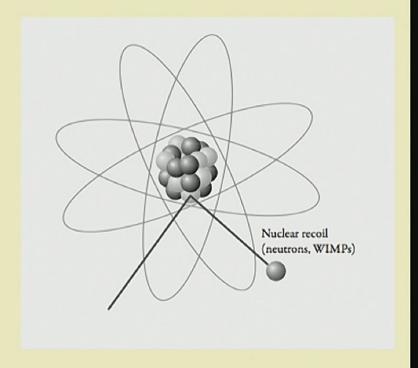
SECOND WAY TO SEARCH FOR WIMPS

DIRECT DETECTION
Laboratory EXPERIMENTS

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DIRECT DETECTION OF WIMP DARK MATTER

A WIMP in the Galaxy travels through our detectors. It hits a nucleus, and deposits a tiny amount of energy. The nucleus recoils, and we detect this energy deposit.



Expected Rate: less than one count/kg/day!

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How did I get into Dark Matter?

COCKTAILS!

I was at a winter school in Jerusalem. This man (Andrzej Drukier) knew where to celebrate New Years: "Cinemateque"



He told me about his work with Leo Stodolsky on ideas for neutrino detection We arranged a visit for him at Harvard The same mechanism works for WIMPs!

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Drukier, Freese, & Spergel (1986)

We studied the WIMPs in the Galaxy and the particle physics of the interactions to compute expected count rates, and we proposed annual modulation to identify a WIMP signal

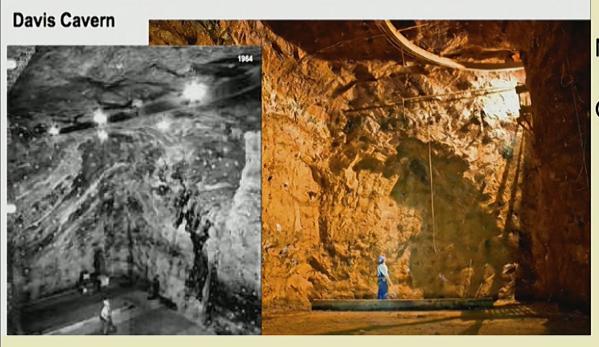






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WIMP detectors must be in underground laboratories

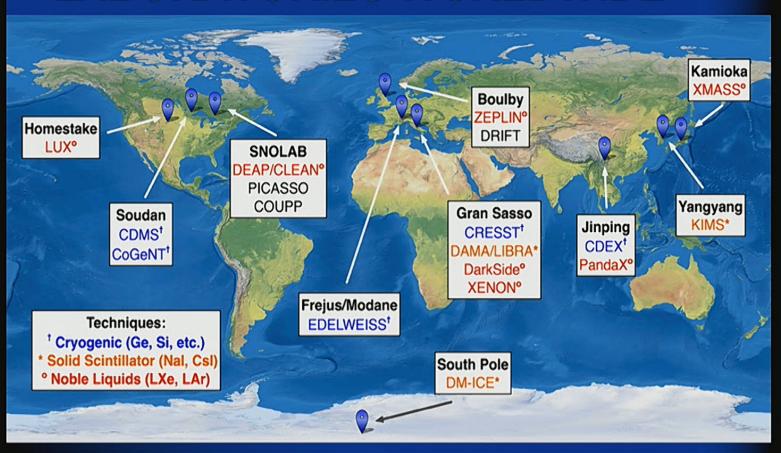


Need to shield from Cosmic Rays!

LUX Experiment in Sanford Mine in South Dakota

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UNDERGROUND DARK MATTER LABORATORIES WORLDWIDE



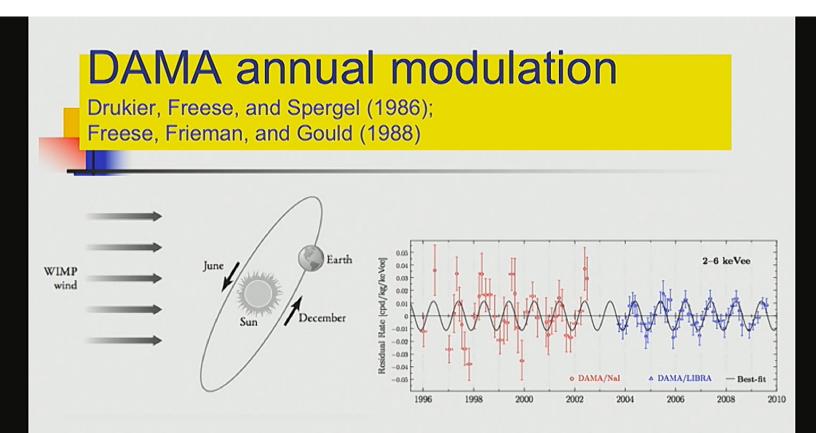
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Many claims/hints of WIMP dark matter detection: how can we be sure?

- 1) The DAMA annual modulation
- 2) The HEAT, PAMELA, and AMS positron excess
- 3) Gamma-rays from Galactic Center (FERMI)

HAS DARK MATTER BEEN DISCOVERED?

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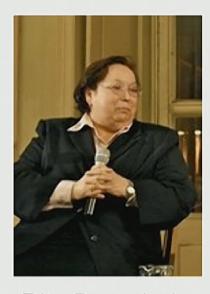
Nal crystals in Gran Sasso Tunnel under the Apennine Mountains near Rome.

Data do show modulation! Peak in June, minimum in December (as predicted). Are these WIMPs??

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"I'm a Spaniard caught between two Italian women"



Rita Bernabei, DAMA



Juan Collar, COGENT



Elena Aprile, XENON

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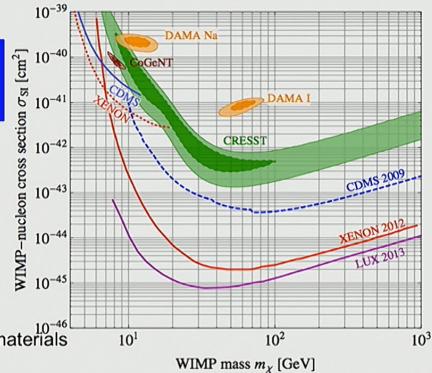


Data from Multiple **Experiments for SI scattering**

INTERACTION **STRENGTH**

LUX Experiment 2013: Must be below the purple line. Hard to reconcile with DAMA and CoGeNT.

BUT: different detector materials



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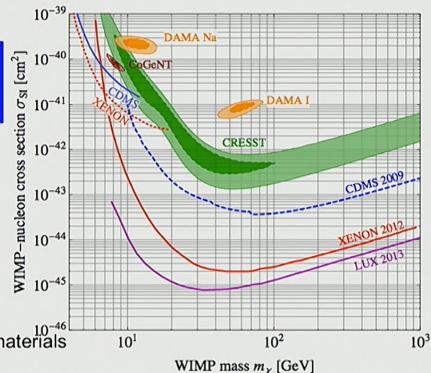


Data from Multiple **Experiments for SI scattering**

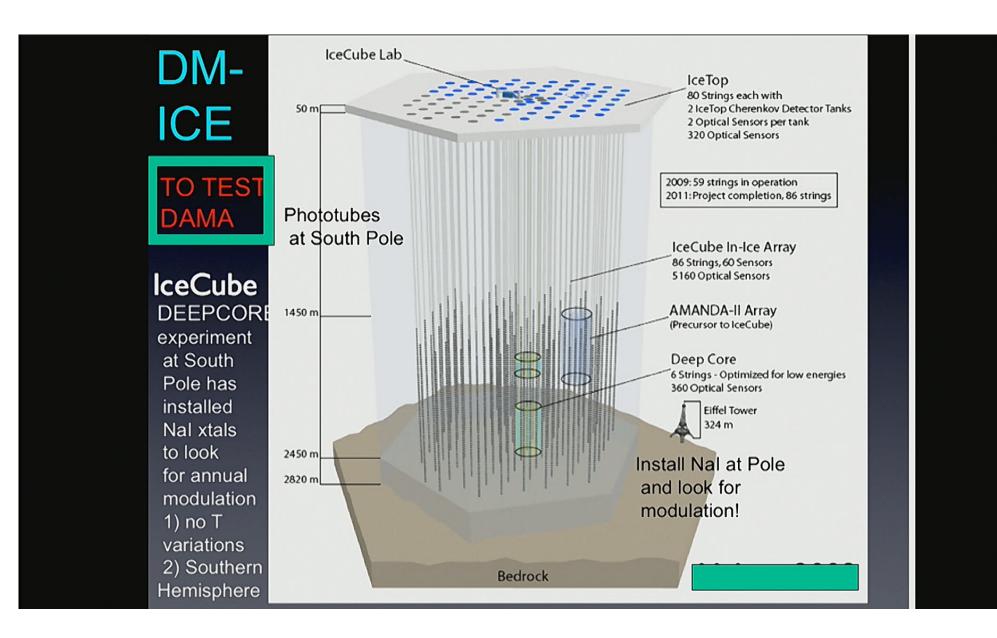
INTERACTION **STRENGTH**

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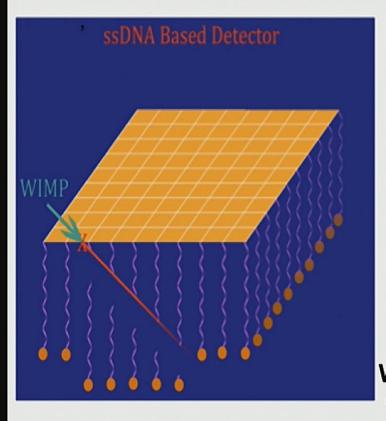
Postcards from the South Pole



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DNA Tracker: nanometer resolution!

1 kg Gold, 1 kg ssDNA, identical sequences of bases with an order that is well known



BEADED CURTAIN OF ssDNA

WIMP from galaxy knocks out Au nucleus, which traverses DNA strings, severing the strand whenever it hits.

We got 60K "MCUBED" money from U of MI to seed initial tests

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THIRD WAY TO SEARCH FOR WIMPS



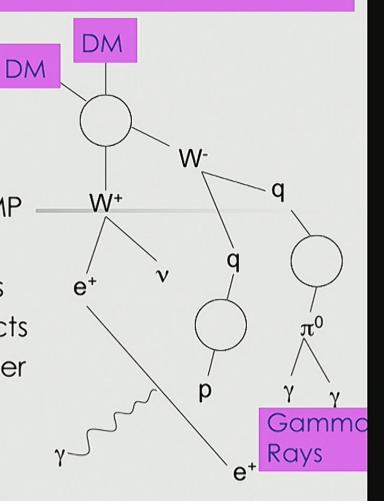
INDIRECT DETECTION: searching for astrophysical WIMP annihilation products

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WIMP Annihilation

Many WIMPs are their own antiparticles, annihilate among themselves:

- •1) Early Universe gives WIMP miracle
- 1) Indirect Detection expts
 Iook for annihilation products
- 3) Same process can powerStars (dark stars)



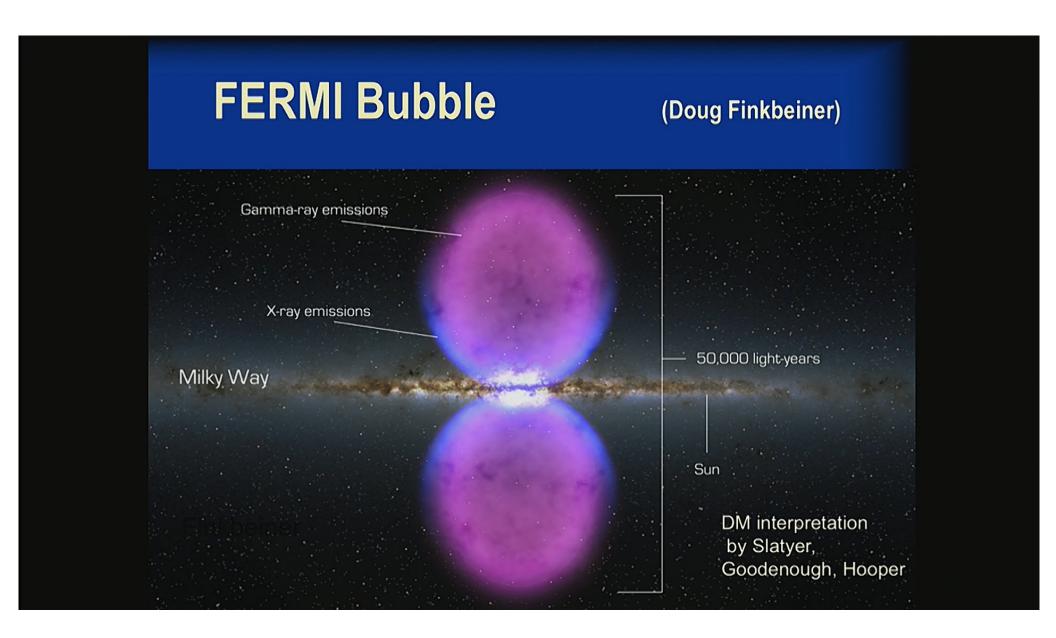
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THE FERMI SATELLITE

SEARCHING FOR
HIGH-ENERGY
PHOTONS
(GAMMA-RAYS)
FROM DARK
MATTER
ANNIHILATION



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Possible evidence for WIMP detection already now:

Direct Detection:

DAMA annual modulation COGENT, CRESST, CMDS-Si (but XENON, LUX)

Indirect Detection:

The HEAT/PAMELA/FERMI/AMS positron excess FERMI bubble near galactic center

 Theorists are looking for models in which some of these results are consistent with one another (given an interpretation in terms of WIMPs)

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What will it take for us to believe DM has been found?

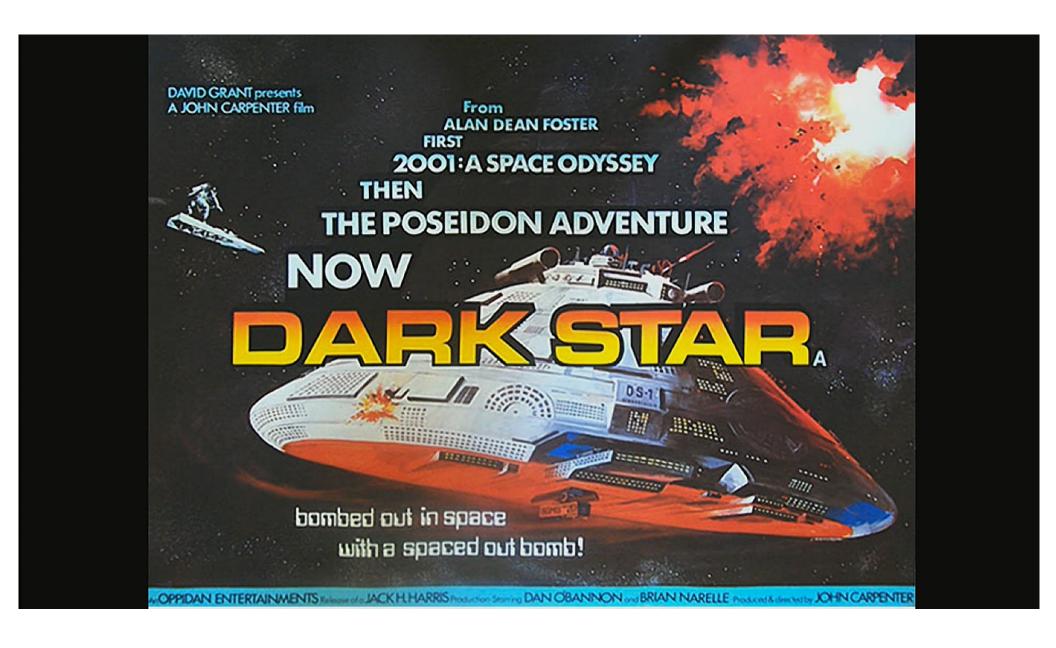
 Compatible signals in a variety of experiments made of different detector materials, and all the parties agree

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FOURTH WAY TO SEARCH FOR WIMPS

Dark Stars:
Dark Matter annihilation can
power the first stars

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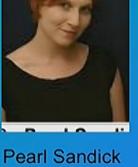


Doug Spolyar

Paolo Gondolo













Peter Bodenheimer

Pirsa: 16030084 Page 80/85 WIMP Hunting: Good chance of detection this

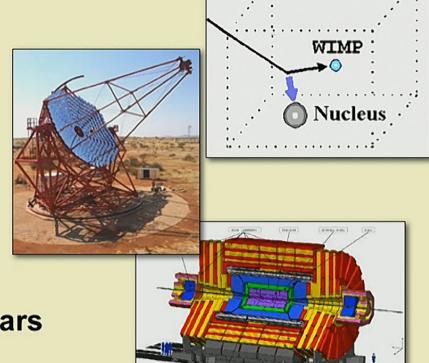
decade

Direct Detection

Indirect Detection

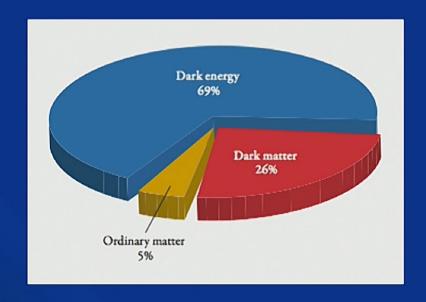
Collider Searches

Looking for Dark Stars



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PIE CHART OF THE UNIVERSE



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The panel on "The Dark Side of the Universe" at the World Science Festival in NY in June 2011



The three women representing Dark Matter are, from the right, Katherine Freese, Elena Aprile, and Glennys Farrar. Continuing to the left are three men representing Dark Energy: Michael Turner, Saul Perlmutter and Brian Greene (co-host of the Festival).

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"Dark matter is attractive, while dark energy is repulsive!"



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