

Title: PSI 2015/2016 More/Beyond Standard Model - Lecture 15

Date: Mar 11, 2016 09:00 AM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/16030044>

Abstract:

$$RS: ds^2 = \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^2 \eta_{MN} dx^M dx^N = \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^2 (\eta^{uv} dx^u dx^v - dz^2)$$

|
z=L₀

|
z=L₁

$$A_M(x, z), \quad \partial_z A_M|_{L_0, L_1} = 0$$

$$A_S = 0$$

$$A_\mu = \sum_n f_n(z) A_\mu^{(n)}(x)$$

$$\left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right) \partial_z \left[\left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right) \partial_z \right] f_n = -m_n^2 f_n$$

$$\int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right) f_n f_m = \delta_{nm}$$

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$$\int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right) f_n f_m = \delta_{nm}$$

$$f_0(z) = (\text{const.}) = 1/\sqrt{L_0 \ln(L_1/L_0)}$$

$$f_n(z) = N_n \left(\frac{z}{L_0} \right) \left[J_n(m_n z) + \beta_n Y_n(m_n z) \right]$$

$$z = L_0: \quad \beta_n = - \frac{J_n(m_n L_0)}{Y_n(m_n L_0)} = \frac{\pi}{2} / \left[\gamma - (n(m_n L_0/2)) \right]$$

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$$z = L_1: \quad \beta_n = - \frac{J_0(m_n L_1)}{Y_0(m_n L_1)}$$

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$$z = L_1: \quad \beta_n = - \frac{J_0(m_n L_1)}{Y_0(m_n L_1)} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} m_n = \frac{\pi}{L_1} \left(n - \frac{1}{4} \right) \quad (\eta \gg 1, L_1 \gg L_0) \\ N_n = \frac{m_n \sqrt{L_0}}{n - \frac{1}{4}} \end{array} \right.$$

$$RS: ds^2 = \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^2 \eta_{MN} dx^M dx^N = \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^2 (\eta^{uv} dx^u dx^v - dz^2)$$

$z=L_0$
 $\sim k^{-1}$
 $\sim M_x^{-1}$
 $M_{Pl}^2 \approx \frac{M_c^3}{k}$

$z=L_1$
 $A_5 = 0$
 $L_1 = L_0 e^{\frac{T_{brane}}{2\pi\alpha'}} \sim T_{UV}^{-1}$

$$A_M(x,z), \quad \partial_z A_M|_{L_0, L_1} = 0$$

$$A_\mu = \sum_n f_n(z) A_\mu^{(n)}(x)$$

$$\left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right) \partial_z \left[\left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right) \partial_z \right] f_n = -m_n^2 f_n$$

$$\int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right) f_n f_m = \delta_{nm}$$

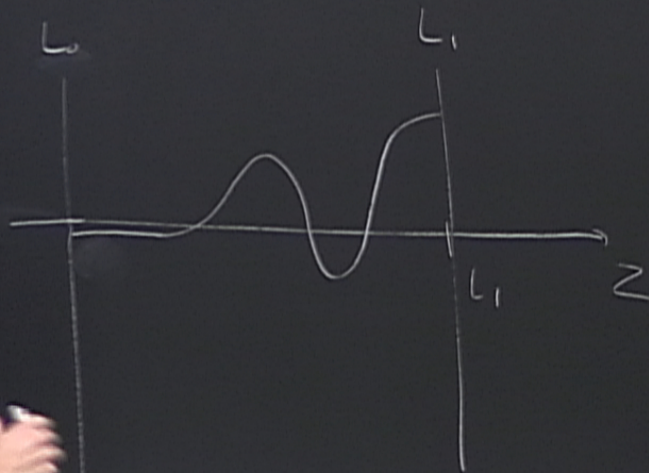
$$f_0(z) = (\text{const.}) = 1/\sqrt{L_0 \ln(L_1/L_0)} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right\} T_{eV}$$

$$f_n(z) = N_n \left(\frac{z}{L_0} \right) \left[J_1(m_n z) + \beta_n Y_1(m_n z) \right] \quad \text{--- } 0$$

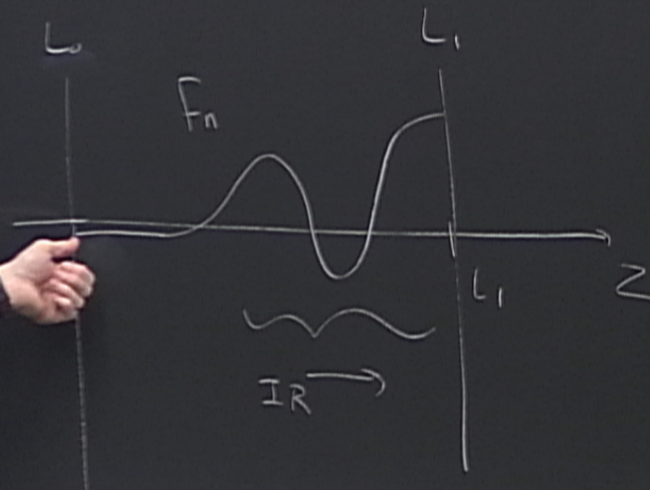
$$z = L_0: \quad \beta_n = - \frac{J_0(m_n L_0)}{Y_0(m_n L_0)} = \frac{\pi}{2} / \left[\gamma - \ln(m_n L_0 / 2) \right]$$

$$z = L_1: \quad \beta_n = - \frac{J_0(m_n L_1)}{Y_0(m_n L_1)} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \left. \begin{array}{l} m_n = \frac{\pi}{L_1} \left(n - \frac{1}{4} \right) \\ N_n = \frac{m_n \sqrt{L_0}}{n - \frac{1}{4}} \end{array} \right\} \right. \quad (n \gg 1, L_1 \gg L_0)$$

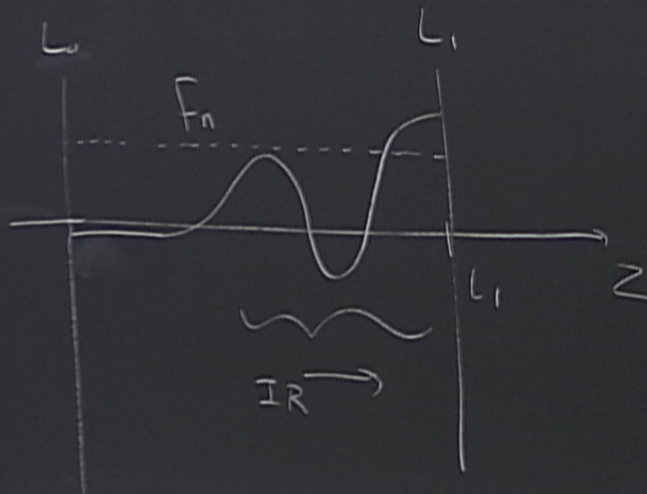
$$f_n(z) \sim \begin{cases} \sqrt{z} m_n \text{ (Oscillation)} & ; z \sim L_1 \\ -\sqrt{L_0} m_n / \ln(m_n L_0) & ; z \ll L_1 \end{cases}$$



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L_1
 $h_{MN} \rightarrow h_{\mu\nu}, h_{\mu a}, h_{ab} \rightarrow h^a_a$
↑
decouple
= radiation

$h_{\mu\nu}(x, z)$

$$G_{\mu\nu} = \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^2 \left[\eta_{\mu\nu} + h_{\mu\nu}/M_{\text{pl}}^2 \right]$$

L_1
 $h_{MN} \rightarrow h_{\mu\nu}, h_{\mu a}, h_{ab} \rightarrow h^a_a$
↑
decouple
radiation

$h_{\mu\nu}(x, z)$

$$G_{\mu\nu} = \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^2 \left[\eta_{\mu\nu} + \underset{\downarrow}{h_{\mu\nu}/M_{\text{pl}}^2} \right]$$

$$h_{\mu\nu}(x, z) = \sum_n g_n(z) h_{\mu\nu}^{(n)}(x)$$

$h_{ab}, h_{ab} \rightarrow h^a_a$
 decouple \equiv radion

$$\int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^3 g_m g_n = \delta_{mn}$$

$$\left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^3 \partial_z \left[\left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^3 \partial_z \right] g_n = -m_n^2 g_n$$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} + h_{mn}/M_* \\ \downarrow \end{array} \right\} g_n(z) h_{mn}^{(m)}(x)$

$h_{ab}, h_{ab} \rightarrow h^a_a$
 ↓
 decouple → radiation

$(m_{\nu} + h_{\nu\nu}/M_{\text{pl}})$
 ↓
 $\sum_n g_n(z) h_{\nu\nu}^{(n)}(x)$

$$\int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^3 g_m g_n = \delta_{mn}$$

$$\left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^3 \partial_z \left[\left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^3 \partial_z \right] g_n = -m_n^2 g_n$$

Neumann BCs.

$$g_0(z) = \sqrt{2/L_0}$$

$$g_n(z) = N_n \left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^2 \left[J_2(m_n z) + \beta_n Y_2(m_n z) \right]$$

$$m_n \sim \pi n / L_1$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} dw = \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z} \right)$$

Compare $f_n(z)$ to $\left(\frac{L_0}{z} \right) g_n(z)$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} dw = \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z} \right)$$

Compare $f_n(z)$ to $\left(\frac{L_0}{z} \right) g_n(z)$

$$f_0(z) = \text{constant}$$

$$\left(\frac{L_0}{z} \right) g_0(z) \propto \frac{1}{z}$$

$$S = \int d^4x \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left[\bar{\Psi} \begin{pmatrix} -\partial_z + (a-c)/2 & i\sigma^m d_m \\ i\bar{\sigma}^m d_m & \partial_z - (a+c)/2 \end{pmatrix} \Psi + \frac{L_0}{2} (\bar{\Psi}_L \Psi_R - \bar{\Psi}_R \Psi_L) \Big|_{L_0}^{L_1} \right]$$

$$m \bar{\Psi} \Psi = c/L_0$$

$$S = \int d^4x \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\bar{\Psi} \left(-\partial_z + (\partial - c)/2 \right) \Psi + \bar{\Psi} \left(\partial_z - (\partial + c)/2 \right) \Psi \right) + \left(\frac{L_0}{2} \right) \left(\bar{\Psi}_L \Psi_R - \bar{\Psi}_R \Psi_L \right) \Big|_{L_0}^{L_1} \right]$$

$\left(\frac{L_0}{2} \right)^4$ \nearrow
 $m \bar{\Psi} \Psi$
 $= c/L_0$

$$S = \int d^4x \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} -\partial_z + (a-c)/2 \\ i\bar{\sigma}^n d_n \end{array} \right) \bar{\Psi} + \left(\frac{L_0}{2} \right)^4 \left(\bar{\Psi}_L \bar{\Psi}_R - \bar{\Psi}_R \bar{\Psi}_L \right) \Big|_{L_0}^{L_1} \right]$$

$\left(\frac{L_0}{2} \right)^4 \nearrow$
 $m \bar{\Psi} \Psi$
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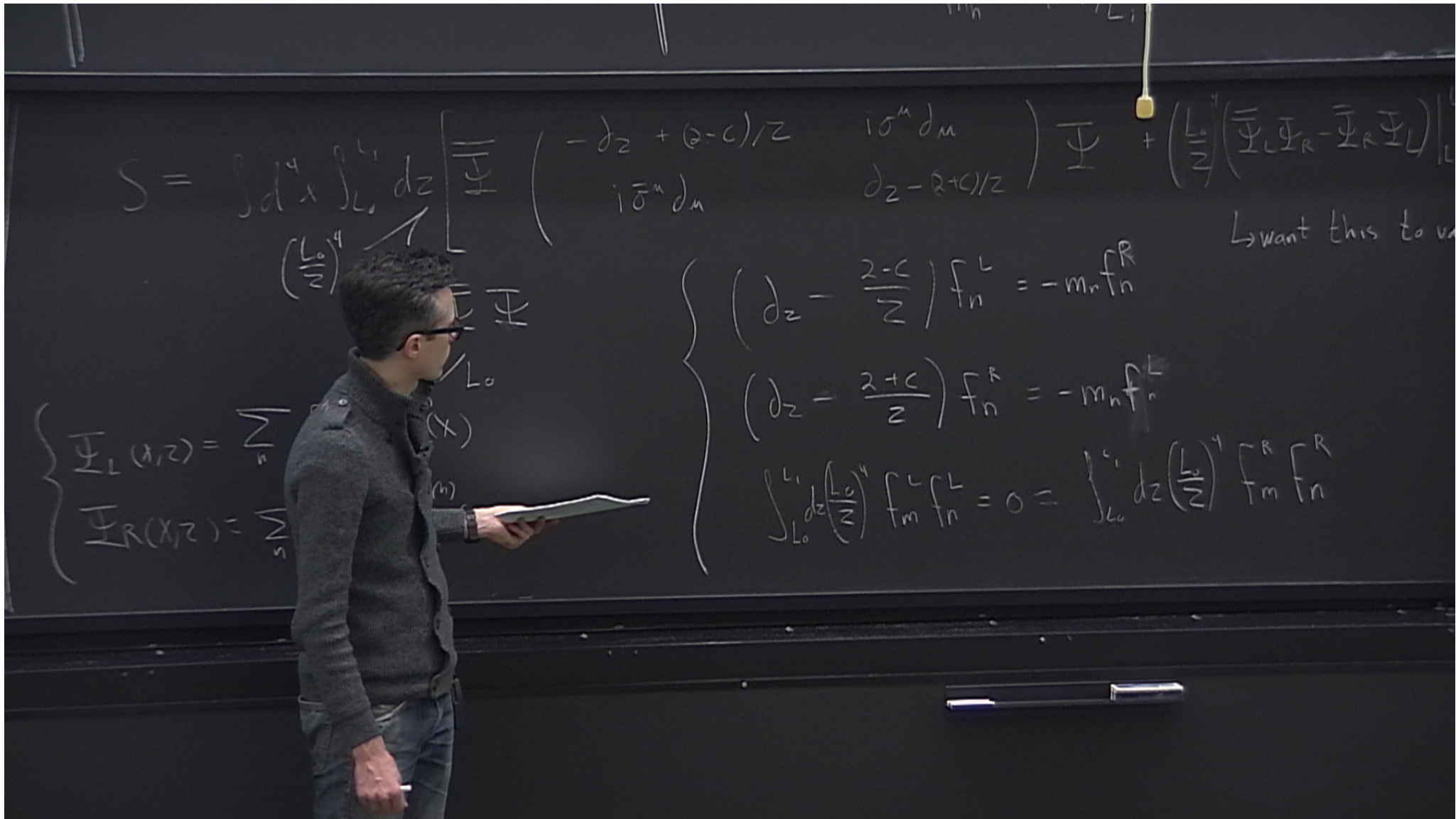
\hookrightarrow want this to vanish

$$S = \int d^4x \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(-\partial_z + (2-c)/z \right) \bar{\Psi} \Psi + \frac{1}{2} \left(\partial_z - (2+c)/z \right) \bar{\Psi} \Psi \right] + \left(\frac{L_0}{z} \right) (\bar{\Psi}_L \Psi_R - \bar{\Psi}_R \Psi_L) \Big|_{L_0}$$

$\left(\frac{L_0}{z} \right)^4 \nearrow$
 $m \bar{\Psi} \Psi$
 $= c/L_0$

↳ want this to vanish

$$\begin{cases} \Psi_L(x, z) = \sum_n f_n^L(z) \Psi_L^{(n)}(x) \\ \Psi_R(x, z) = \sum_n f_n^R(z) \Psi_R^{(n)}(x) \end{cases}$$



$$S = \int d^4x \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\dot{\Phi}^2 - (\partial_z \Phi)^2 \right) + i \bar{\sigma}^m \dot{\Phi} \partial_m \Phi \right] + \left(\frac{L_0}{2} \right) \left(\bar{\Psi}_L \Psi_R - \bar{\Psi}_R \Psi_L \right)$$

↳ want this to vanish

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \Phi_L(x, z) &= \sum_n \alpha_n e^{-in\tau} e^{in\sigma} \\ \Phi_R(x, z) &= \sum_n \alpha_n e^{-in\tau} e^{-in\sigma} \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \left(\partial_z - \frac{2-c}{z} \right) f_n^L &= -m_n f_n^R \\ \left(\partial_z - \frac{2+c}{z} \right) f_n^R &= -m_n f_n^L \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z} \right)^4 f_m^L f_n^L = 0 = \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z} \right)^4 f_m^R f_n^R$$

$$S = \int d^4x \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left[\frac{\bar{\Psi}}{\Psi} \begin{pmatrix} -\partial_z + (2-c)/z & i\sigma^n d_n \\ i\bar{\sigma}^n d_n & \partial_z - (2+c)/z \end{pmatrix} \Psi + \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^4 (\bar{\Psi}_L \Psi_R - \bar{\Psi}_R \Psi_L) \right]$$

↳ want this to vanish

$$m \frac{\bar{\Psi}}{\Psi} = c/L_0$$

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$$\int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^4 f_m^L f_n^L = 0 = \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^4 f_m^R f_n^R$$

$$\left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^4 d_z \left[\left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^4 d_z \right] f_n^L = - \left(m_n^2 - \frac{c^2 + c - 6}{z^2} \right) f_n^L$$

$$\left(\dots \right) f_n^R = - \left(m_n^2 - \frac{c^2 - c - 6}{z^2} \right) f_n^R$$

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$$f_0^L(z) = A_0 \left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^{2-c}$$

$$f_0^R(z) = C_0 \left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^{2+c}$$

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$$f_0^R(z) = C_0 \left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^{2+c} \rightarrow 0 \text{ if } \bar{\Psi}_R|_{L_0, L_1} = 0$$

$$\left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^c d_z \left[\left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^c d_z \right] f_n^L = - \left(m_n^2 - \frac{c^2 + c - 6}{z^2} \right) f_n^L$$

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$$f_n^L(z) = \left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^{5/2} \left[A_n J_{c+1/2}(m_n z) + B_n Y_{c+1/2}(m_n z) \right]$$

$$f_n^R(z) = \left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^{5/2} \left[C_n J_{c-1/2}(m_n z) + D_n Y_{c-1/2}(m_n z) \right]$$

$$f_n^L(z) = \left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^{5/2} \left[A_n J_{\nu+1/2}(m_n z) + B_n Y_{\nu+1/2}(m_n z) \right]$$

$$f_n^R(z) = \left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^{5/2} \left[C_n J_{\nu-1/2}(m_n z) + D_n Y_{\nu-1/2}(m_n z) \right]$$

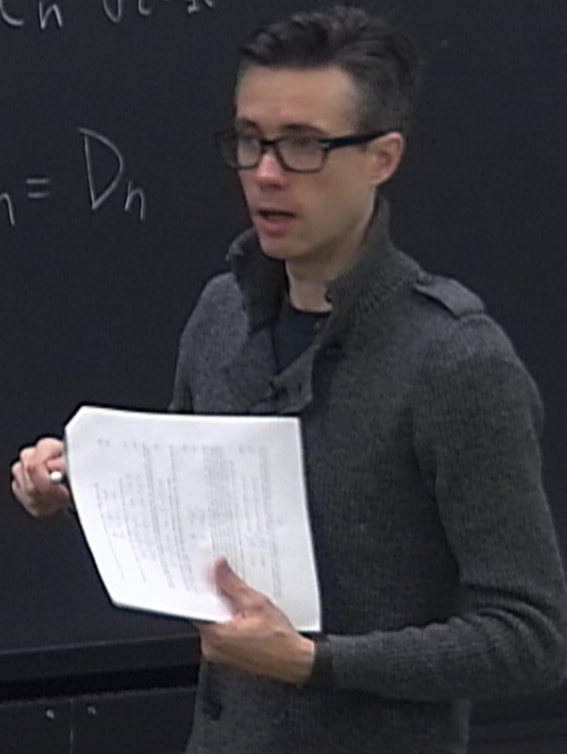
$$A_n = C_n, \quad B_n = D_n$$

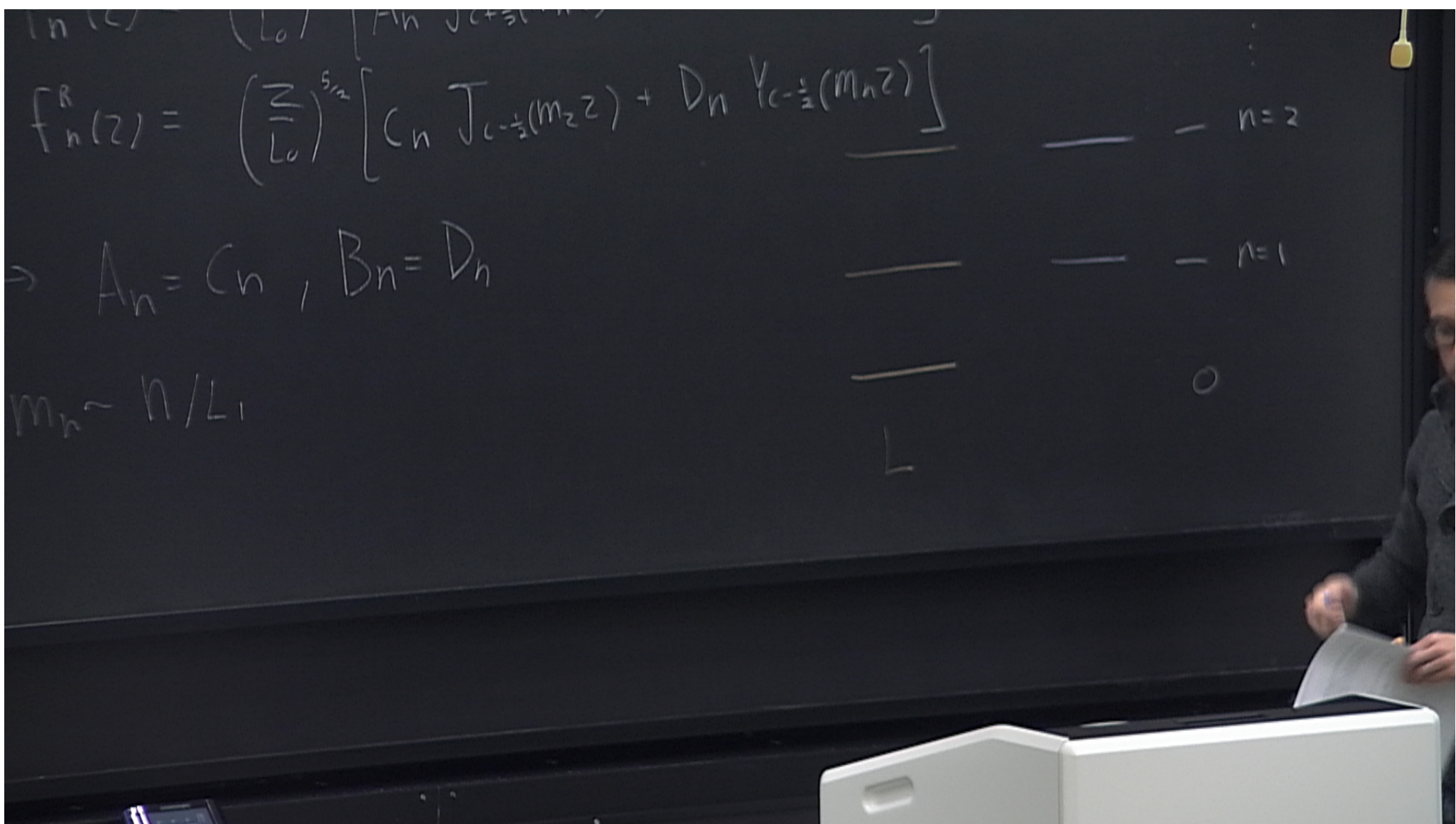
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$$f_n^R(z) = \left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^{5/2} \left[C_n J_{c-1/2}(m_n z) + D_n Y_{c-1/2}(m_n z) \right]$$

$$\rightarrow A_n = C_n, B_n = D_n$$

$$m_n \sim n/L_1$$

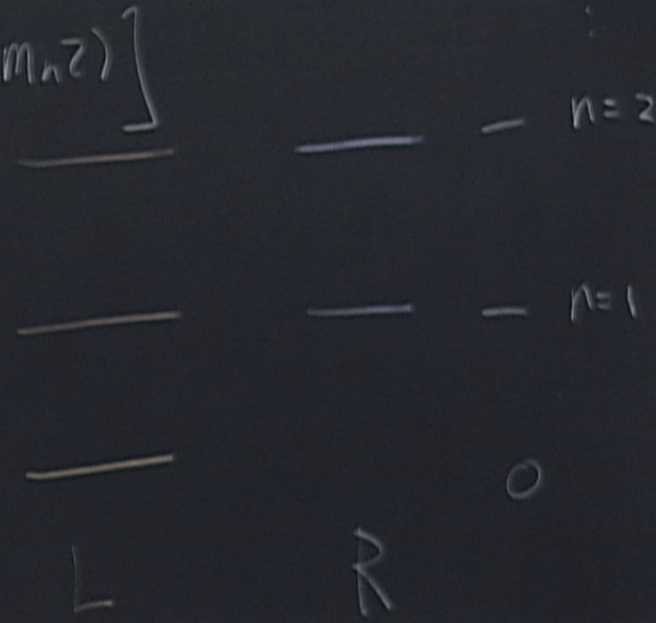




$$f_n^R(z) = \left(\frac{z}{L_0} \right)^{s_m} \left[C_n J_{c-\frac{1}{2}}(m_n z) + D_n Y_{c-\frac{1}{2}}(m_n z) \right]$$

$$\rightarrow A_n = C_n, B_n = D_n$$

$$m_n \sim n/L_1$$

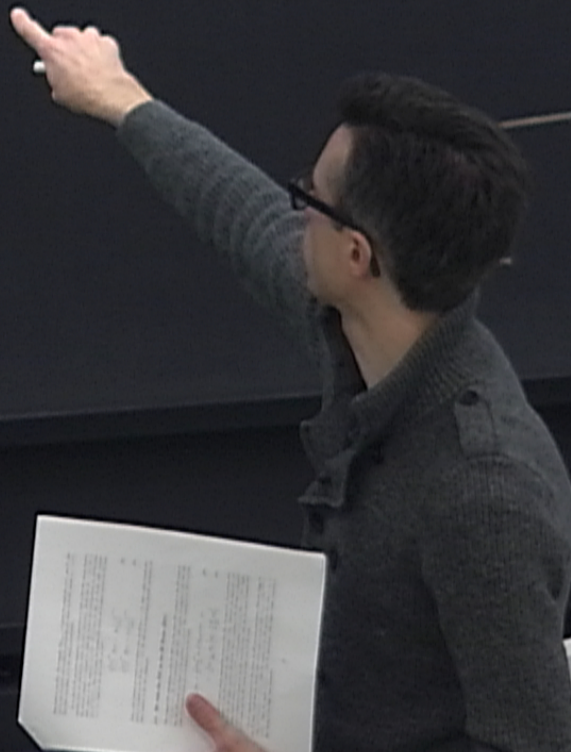


$$f_n^R(z) = \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^{5/2} \left[C_n J_{\nu-\frac{1}{2}}(m_n z) + D_n Y_{\nu-\frac{1}{2}}(m_n z) \right]$$

$$\rightarrow A_n = C_n, B_n = D_n$$

$$m_n \sim n/L_1$$

$$\rightarrow \text{look at } \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^{3/2} f_n^{L,R}(z)$$



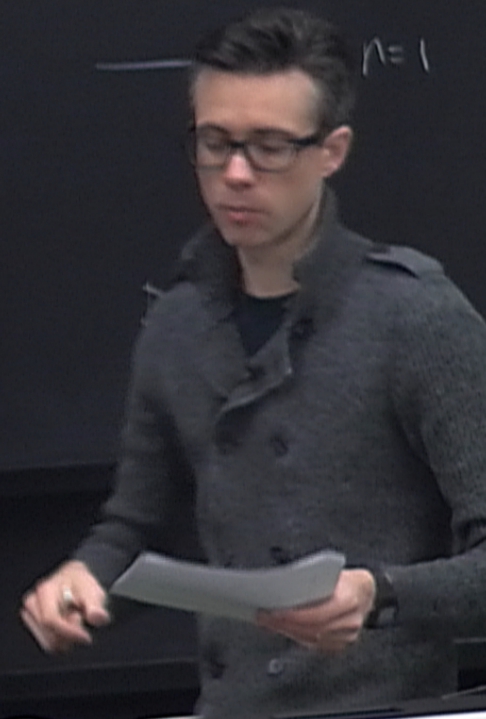
$$f_n(z) = \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^{s_n} \left[A_n J_{c+\frac{1}{2}}(m_n z) + B_n Y_{c+\frac{1}{2}}(m_n z) \right]$$

$$f_n^R(z) = \left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^{s_n} \left[C_n J_{c-\frac{1}{2}}(m_n z) + D_n Y_{c-\frac{1}{2}}(m_n z) \right] \quad n=2$$

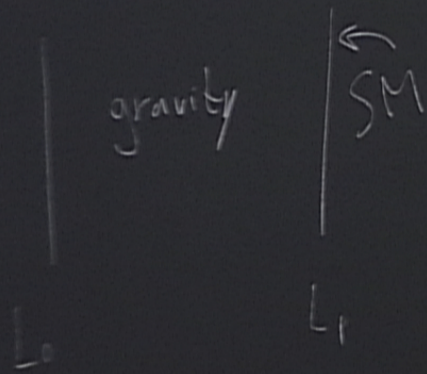
$$\rightarrow A_n = C_n, B_n = D_n$$

$$m_n \sim n/L_1$$

$$\rightarrow \text{look at } \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^{3/2} f_n^{L,R}(z) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} O_L: \left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}-c} \\ O_R: \left(\frac{z}{L_0}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}+c} \end{array} \right. \quad n=1$$



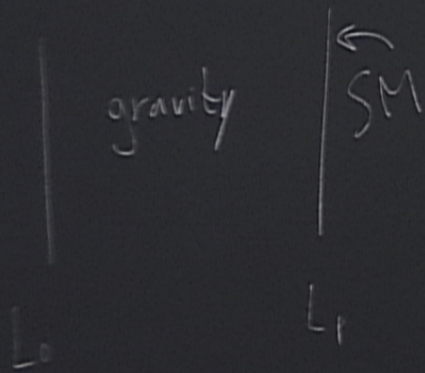
Minimal RS (RSI)



$$S_{RSI} \approx \int d^4x \frac{1}{M_{Pl}} T_{SM} \left[h_{\mu\nu}^{(0)} + \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0} \right)^2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} h_{\mu\nu}^{(n)} \right]$$

$e^{\pi k r_c}$

Minimal RS (RSI)

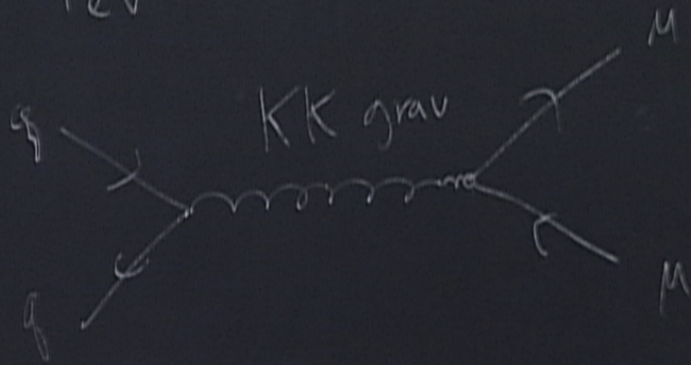


$$S_{RSI} = \int d^4x \frac{1}{M_{Pl}} T_{SM}^{\mu\nu} \left[h_{\mu\nu}^{(0)} + \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0} \right)^2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} h_{\mu\nu}^{(n)} \right]$$

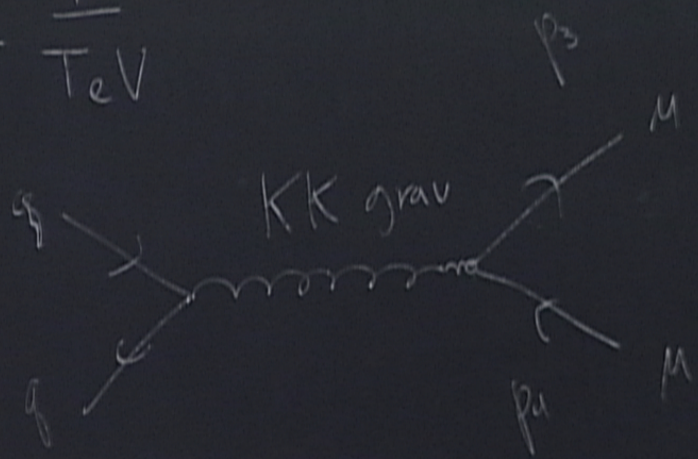
$$\frac{1}{M_{Pl}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{M_{Pl} \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0} \right)} \sim \frac{1}{TeV}$$

$$e^{\pi k r_c}$$

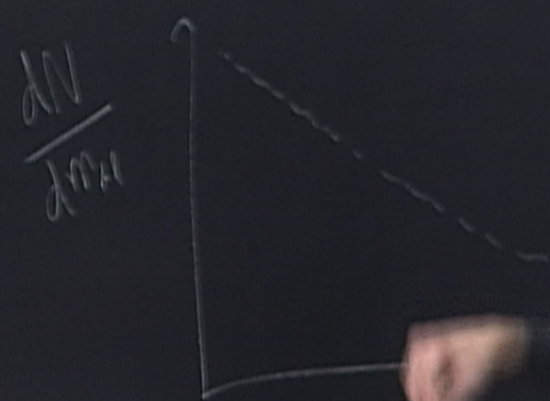
$$\frac{1}{M_{\text{Pl}} \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0}\right)} \sim \frac{1}{\text{TeV}}$$



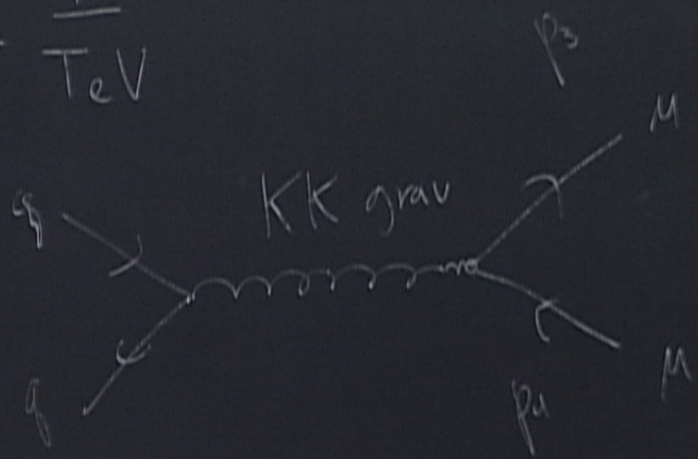
$$\frac{1}{M_{\text{pl}}(\frac{L_1}{L_0})} \sim \frac{1}{\text{TeV}}$$



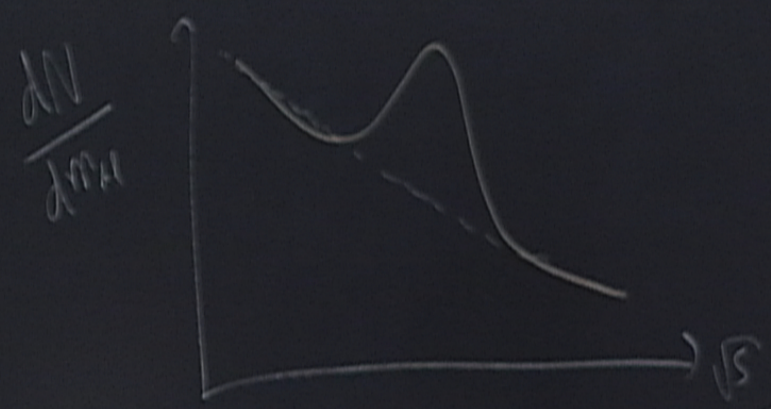
$$m_{\text{KK}}^2 = (p_3 + p_4)^2 = S$$



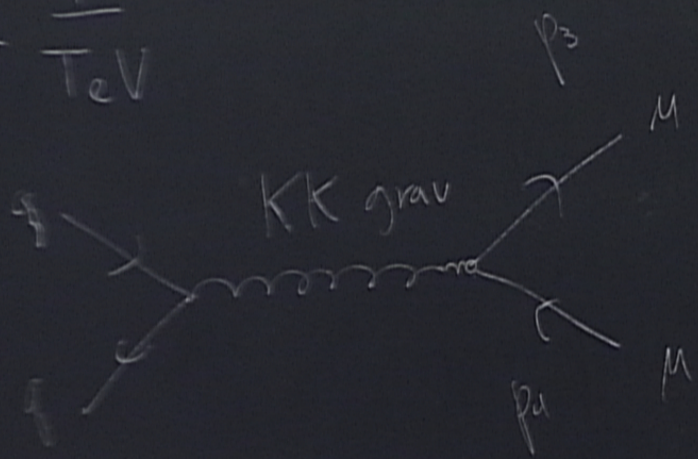
$$\frac{1}{M_{\text{pl}}(\frac{L_1}{L_0})} \sim \frac{1}{\text{TeV}}$$



$$m_{\text{eff}}^2 = (p_3 + p_4)^2 = S$$

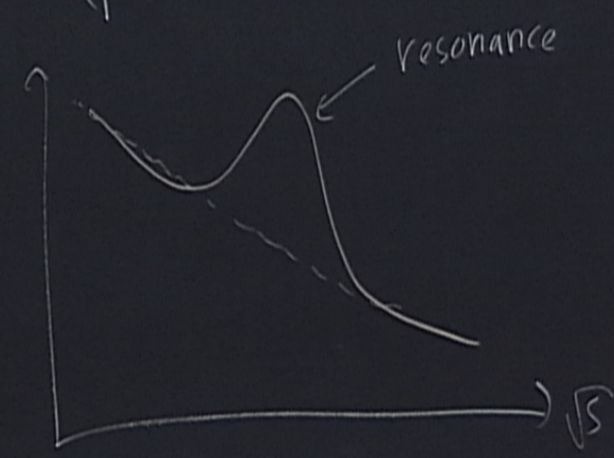


$$\frac{1}{h(\frac{L}{L})} \sim \frac{1}{TeV}$$

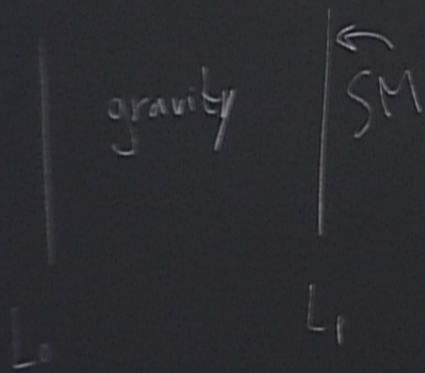


$$M_{ee}^2 = (p_3 + p_4)^2 = S$$

$$\frac{dN}{dM_{ee}}$$



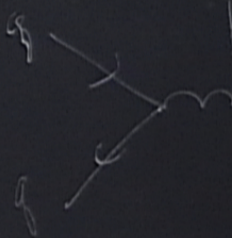
Minimal RS (RSI)



$$\left(\frac{k}{M_{Pl}}\right)$$

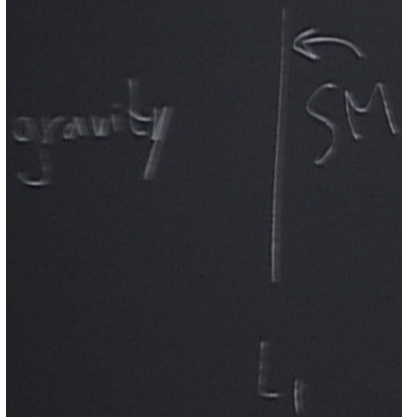
$$\frac{1}{M_{Pl}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{M_{Pl} \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0}\right)} \sim \frac{1}{TeV}$$

$$e^{\pi k r_c}$$



$$S_{RSI} \supset \int d^4x \frac{1}{M_{Pl}} T_{SM}^{\mu\nu} \left[h_{\mu\nu}^{(0)} + \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0}\right) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} h_{\mu\nu}^{(n)} \right]$$

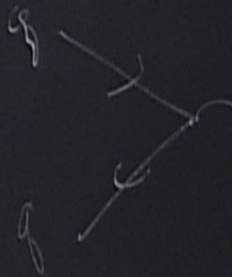
Minimal RS (RS1)



$$\left(\frac{k}{M_{Pl}}\right)$$

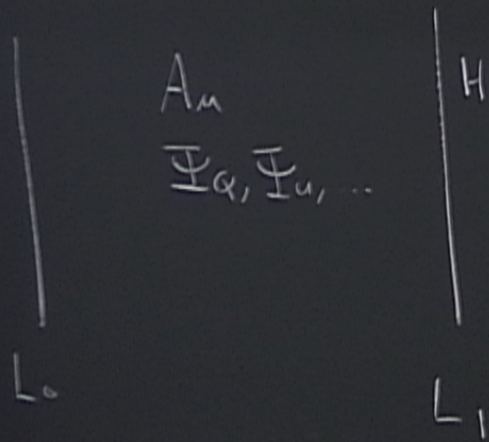
$$\frac{1}{M_{Pl}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{M_{Pl} \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0}\right)} \sim \frac{1}{TeV}$$

$$e^{\pi k r_c}$$



$$S_{RS1} = \int d^4x \frac{1}{M_{Pl}} T_{SM}^{\mu\nu} \left[h_{\mu\nu}^{(0)} + \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0}\right) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} h_{\mu\nu}^{(n)} \right]$$

Non-Minimal RS



Non-Minimal RS

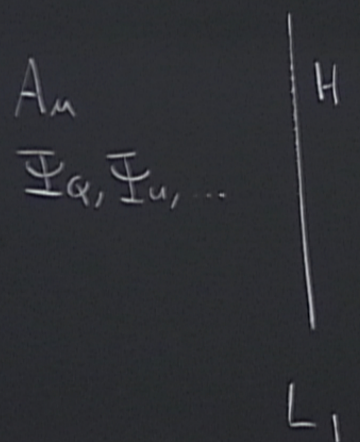
A_M
 $\Psi_\alpha, \bar{\Psi}_\alpha, \dots$

H
 L_1

$$\bar{\Psi}_Q = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{\Psi}_{Q_L} \\ \bar{\Psi}_{Q_R} \end{pmatrix}$$

$\Rightarrow \bar{\Psi}_{Q_R} |_{L_0, L_1} = 0 \Rightarrow$ only LH zero mode

Non-Minimal RS



$$\Psi_Q = \begin{pmatrix} \Psi_{QL} \\ \Psi_{QR} \end{pmatrix} \quad C_Q \text{ coeff.}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Psi_{QR} |_{L_1, L_2} = 0 \Rightarrow \text{only LH zero mode}$$

$$A_M \rightarrow A_M \Rightarrow \text{massless zero mode} + \text{KK}$$

$$\langle H \rangle = N$$

$$S = - \int d^4x \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z} \right)^5 \left[\bar{\Psi}_\alpha \Psi_\alpha + \bar{\Psi}_u H \delta(z-L_1) + \text{h.c.} \right]$$

made

$\langle K \rangle$

$$\langle H \rangle = N$$

$$S = - \int d^4x \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z} \right)^5 \gamma \bar{\Psi}_a \bar{\Psi}_u H \delta(z - L_1) + h.c.$$

$$> - \int d^4x A_0^q C_0^u \gamma \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0} \right)^{\frac{1}{2} - C_q} \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0} \right)^{\frac{1}{2} - C_u} \bar{\alpha}_L \alpha_R H$$

made

KK

$$\langle H \rangle = N$$

$$S = - \int d^4x \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z} \right)^5 \gamma \bar{\Psi}_\alpha \Psi_u H \delta(z - L_1) + h.c.$$

$$> - \int d^4x A_0^q C_0^u \gamma \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0} \right)^{\frac{1}{2} - C_q} \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0} \right)^{\frac{1}{2} - C_u} \bar{\alpha}_L \alpha_R H$$

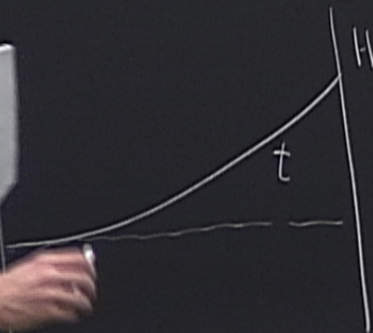
$$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\gamma_u^{\text{eff}}}$$

$$\langle H \rangle = \mathcal{N}$$

$$S = - \int d^4x \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z} \right)^5 \gamma \overline{\Psi}_a \overline{\Psi}_u H \delta(z - L_1) + hc$$

$$> - \int d^4x A_0^q C_0^u \gamma \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0} \right)^{\frac{1}{2} - c_a} \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0} \right)^{\frac{1}{2} - c_u} \overline{\alpha}_L \alpha_R H$$

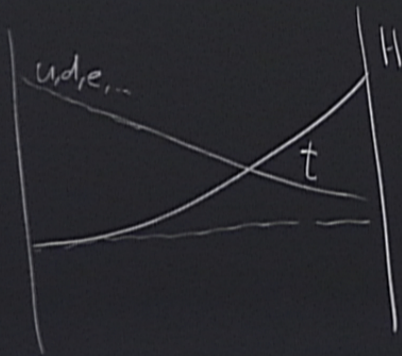
$$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\gamma_u^{\text{eff}}}$$



$$\langle H \rangle = N$$

$$S = - \int d^4x \int_{L_0}^{L_1} dz \left(\frac{L_0}{z}\right)^5 \gamma \bar{\Psi}_a \bar{\Psi}_u H \delta(z-L_1) + hc$$

$$> - \int d^4x A_0^q C_0^u \gamma \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}-C_q} \left(\frac{L_1}{L_0}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}-C_u} \bar{\alpha}_L \alpha_R H$$



$$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\gamma_u^{\text{eff}}}$$

Non-Minimal RS

A_M
 $\bar{\Psi}_\alpha, \bar{\Psi}_u, \dots$
 $\bar{\Phi}$

H
 L₁

$$\bar{\Psi}_Q = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{\Psi}_{QL} \\ \bar{\Psi}_{QR} \end{pmatrix}$$

c_q coeff.

$$\Rightarrow \bar{\Psi}_{QR} |_{L_1} = 0 \Rightarrow \text{only LH zero mode}$$

$$A_M \rightarrow \bar{A}_M \Rightarrow \text{massless zero mode} + \text{KK}$$