

Title: PSI 2015/2016 String Theory - Lecture 8

Date: Feb 10, 2016 10:15 AM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/16020042>

Abstract:

$$Q = \int c T_x + b c \partial c + c \cdot c$$

$$\{Q, b_n\} = L_n$$

$$\{Q, \psi\} = T$$

$$L_n^{\psi} |\psi\rangle = 0 \quad n > 0$$

$$L_0^{\psi} |\psi\rangle = -|\psi\rangle$$

$$|m\rangle_x \otimes |g\rangle_y$$

$$b_n |g\rangle = 0 \quad n \geq 0$$

$$L_n = L_n^x + L_n^y$$

$$L_n (|m\rangle \otimes |g\rangle) = \{Q, b_n\} (|m\rangle \otimes |g\rangle)$$

$$|m\rangle \otimes |g\rangle \text{ Q-CLOSED} \Rightarrow L_n (|m\rangle \otimes |g\rangle) = 0 \quad n > 0$$

$$\{a, b\} = L_n$$

$$\{a, b\} = T$$

$$b_n |g\rangle = 0 \quad n \geq 0$$

$$L_- = L_0^- + L_n^-$$

$$b_n \{ |n\rangle \otimes |g\rangle \}$$

$$L_n \{ |n\rangle \otimes |g\rangle \} = 0 \quad n > 0$$

$$L_n^+ |m\rangle = 0 \quad n > 0$$

$$L_n^+ |m\rangle = +|m\rangle$$

$$L_n^+ |g\rangle = 0 \quad n > 0$$

$$L_0^+ |g\rangle = -|g\rangle$$

$$\langle 0 | T | 0 \rangle = -\frac{13}{12}$$

$$T = \sum L_n e^{-ns} = -\frac{13}{12}$$

$$T = \sum L_n e^{-ns} + \frac{c}{24} \quad c = -26$$

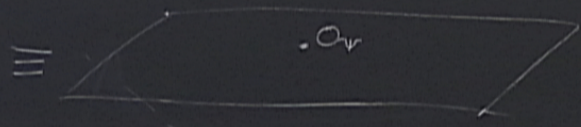
$$|m\rangle \otimes |g\rangle \quad Q\text{-CLOSED} \Rightarrow L_n(|m\rangle \otimes |g\rangle) = 0 \quad n > 0$$

$$|m\rangle = L_n |\tilde{m}\rangle$$

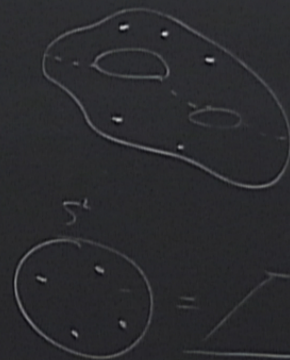
$$L_n^X |m\rangle = 0 \quad n > 0 \quad L_n^X |m\rangle =$$

$$Q \left[b_{-n} |\tilde{m}\rangle + \dots \right] = L_n |\tilde{m}\rangle + b_{-n} Q |\tilde{m}\rangle$$

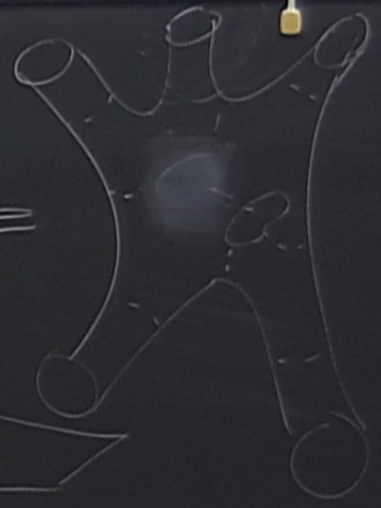




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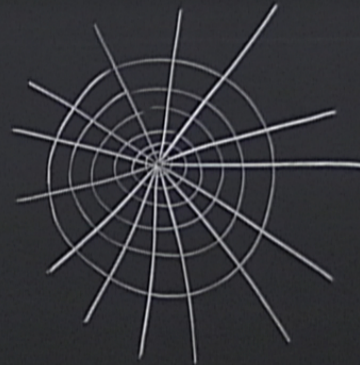
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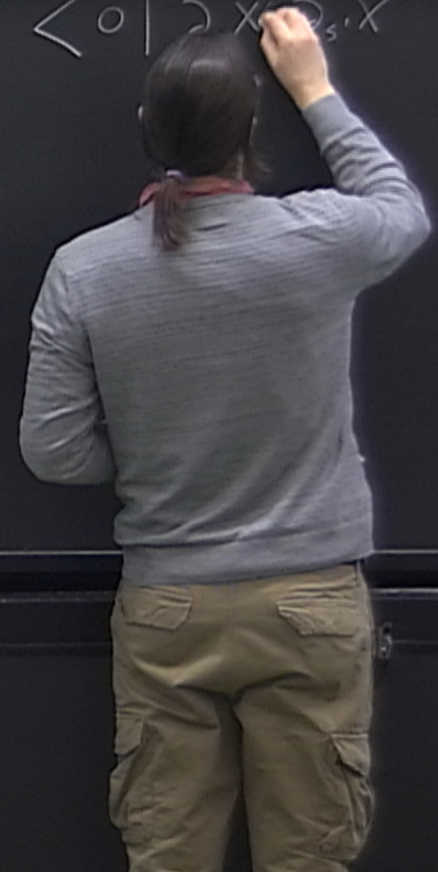


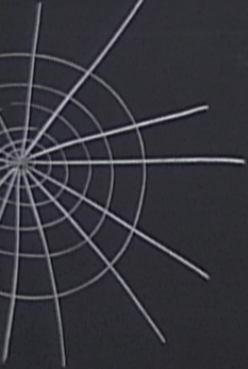
$$z = e^s = e^{\tau - i\sigma}$$

z



$\langle 0 | \dots \rangle$



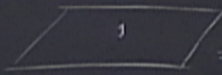

$$\langle 0 | e^S \partial_s X(s) e^{-S} \partial_{s'} X(s') | 0 \rangle = \frac{e^{-S} 1}{(e^S - e^{-S})^2}$$

$$\langle \partial_z X(z) \partial_{z'} X(z') \rangle = \frac{1}{(z - z')^2}$$

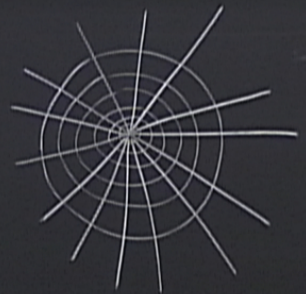
$$\langle \partial_1 \dots \partial_n | 0 \rangle = \langle \partial_1 \dots \partial_n \rangle$$

$$\partial_s X(s) = e^S \partial_z X(z)$$

$$z = e^s = e^{T - i\omega}$$



z



$$\langle 0 | e^{s_1} \partial_{s_1} X(z) e^{s_2} \partial_{s_2} X(z) | 0 \rangle_{R_{s_1, s_2}} = \frac{1}{(e^{s_1} - e^{s_2})^2}$$

$$\langle \partial_{z_1} X(z) \partial_{z_2} X(z) \rangle = \frac{1}{(z_1 - z_2)^2}$$

$$\langle a_1 \dots a_n | 0 \rangle = \langle a_1 \dots a_n \rangle_c$$

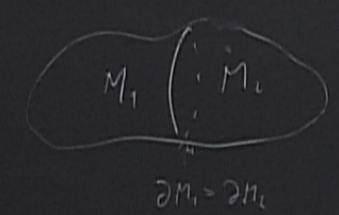
$$\partial_{s_1} X(z) = e^{s_1} \partial_{z_1} X(z)$$

$$L^X |m\rangle = 0 \quad m > 0 \quad L^X_0 |m\rangle = +|m\rangle$$

$$\int_{\phi(0)=\phi_0} \mathcal{D}\phi \ e^{-S[\phi]} \ \phi(x_1) \phi(x_2) \phi(x_3) = \langle \phi(x_1) \phi(x_2) \phi(x_3) \rangle$$

$$L^X |m\rangle = 0 \quad m > 0 \quad L^X_0 |m\rangle = +|m\rangle$$

$$\int D\phi e^{-S[\phi]} \phi(x_1) \phi(x_2) \phi(x_3) = \langle \phi(x_1) \phi(x_2) \phi(x_3) \rangle$$



$$\phi(\infty) = \phi_0$$

$$\phi: M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

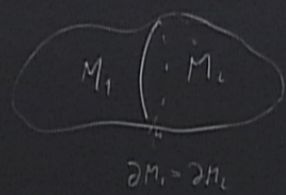
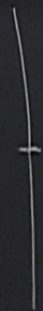
$$\int D\phi_{M_2} = \int D\phi_{\partial M_1} F_{M_1}[\phi|_{\partial M_1}] F_{M_2}(\phi|_{\partial M_1})$$

$$L_n(|m\rangle \otimes |g\rangle) = \{Q, b_n\}(|m\rangle \otimes |g\rangle)$$

$$|m\rangle \otimes |g\rangle \text{ Q-closed} \Rightarrow L_n(|m\rangle \otimes |g\rangle) = 0 \quad n > 0$$

$$L_n^X |m\rangle = 0 \quad n > 0 \quad L_n^X |m\rangle = + |m\rangle$$

$$Q \left[\begin{matrix} b_{-n} |m\rangle \\ + \dots \end{matrix} \right] = L_{-n} |m\rangle + b_{-n} Q |m\rangle$$



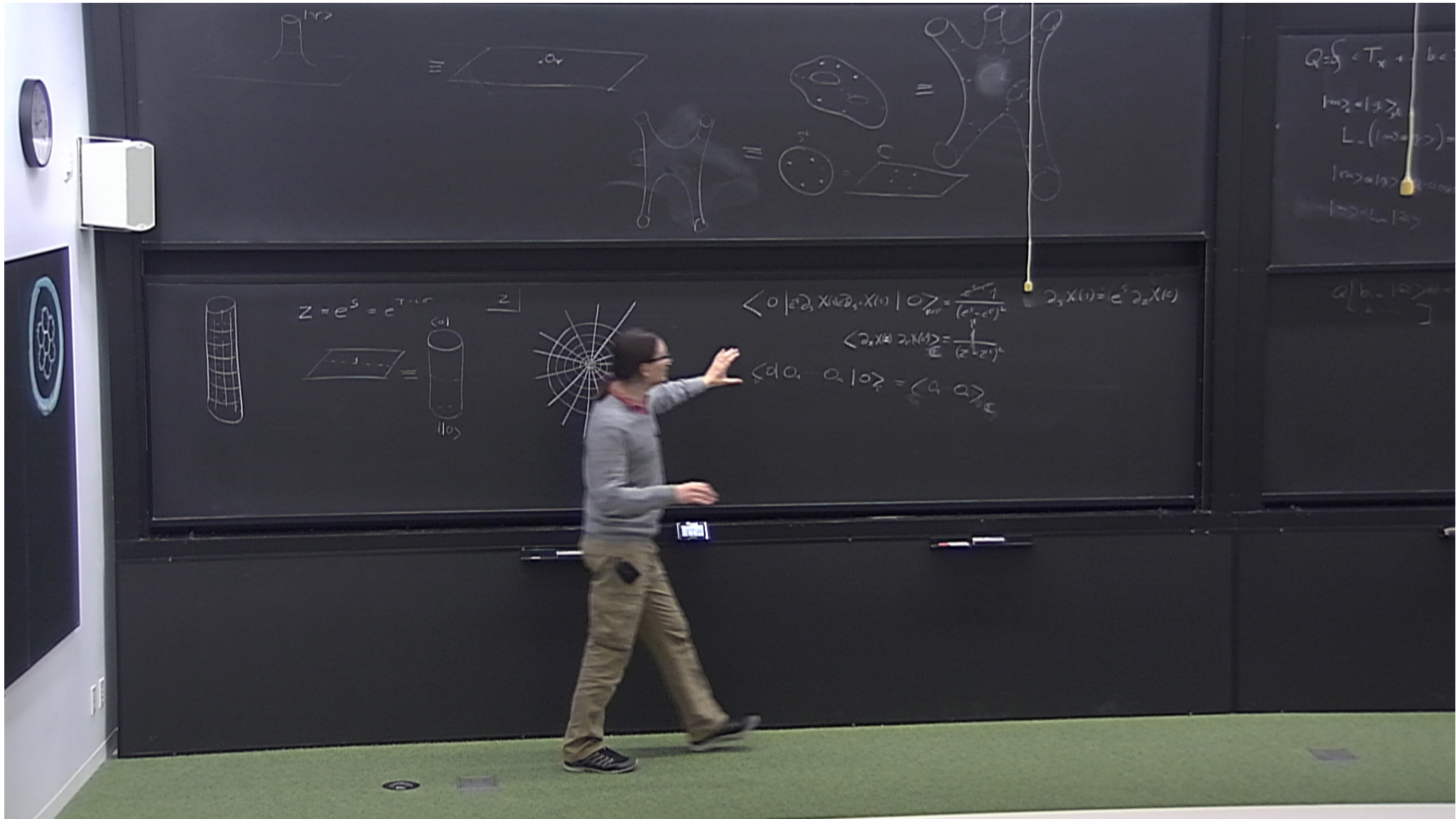
$$\int D\phi \ e^{-S[\phi]} \quad \phi(x_1) \phi(x_2) \phi(x_3) = \dots$$

$$\phi(\infty) = \phi_0 \quad \phi \cdot M \rightarrow R$$

$$\int D\phi_{\partial M_1}$$

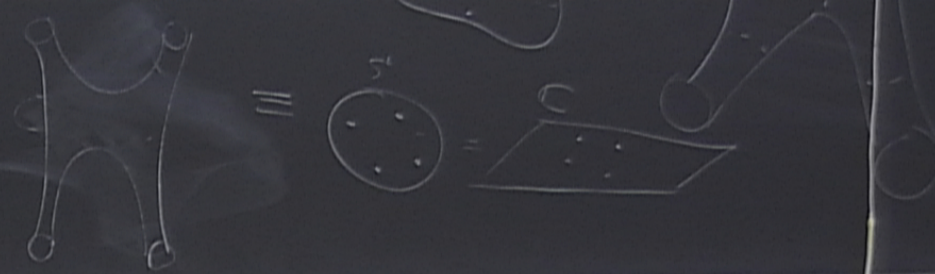
$$\int D\phi_{\partial M_L}$$

$$\int D\phi_{\partial M_1} = \int D\phi_{\partial M_L} \ F_{M_1}[\phi|_{\partial M_1}]$$

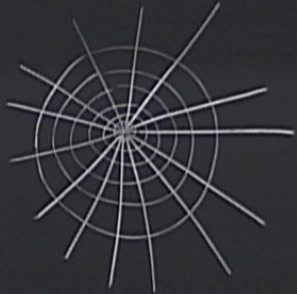


$$ds^2_{\mathbb{R}^d} = dx^1 dx^1 = dr^2 + r^2 d\Omega_{d-1}^2 = e^{2\sigma} (dr^2 + d\Omega_{d-1}^2)$$

$$\mathbb{R}^d \cong \mathbb{R} \times S^{d-1}$$



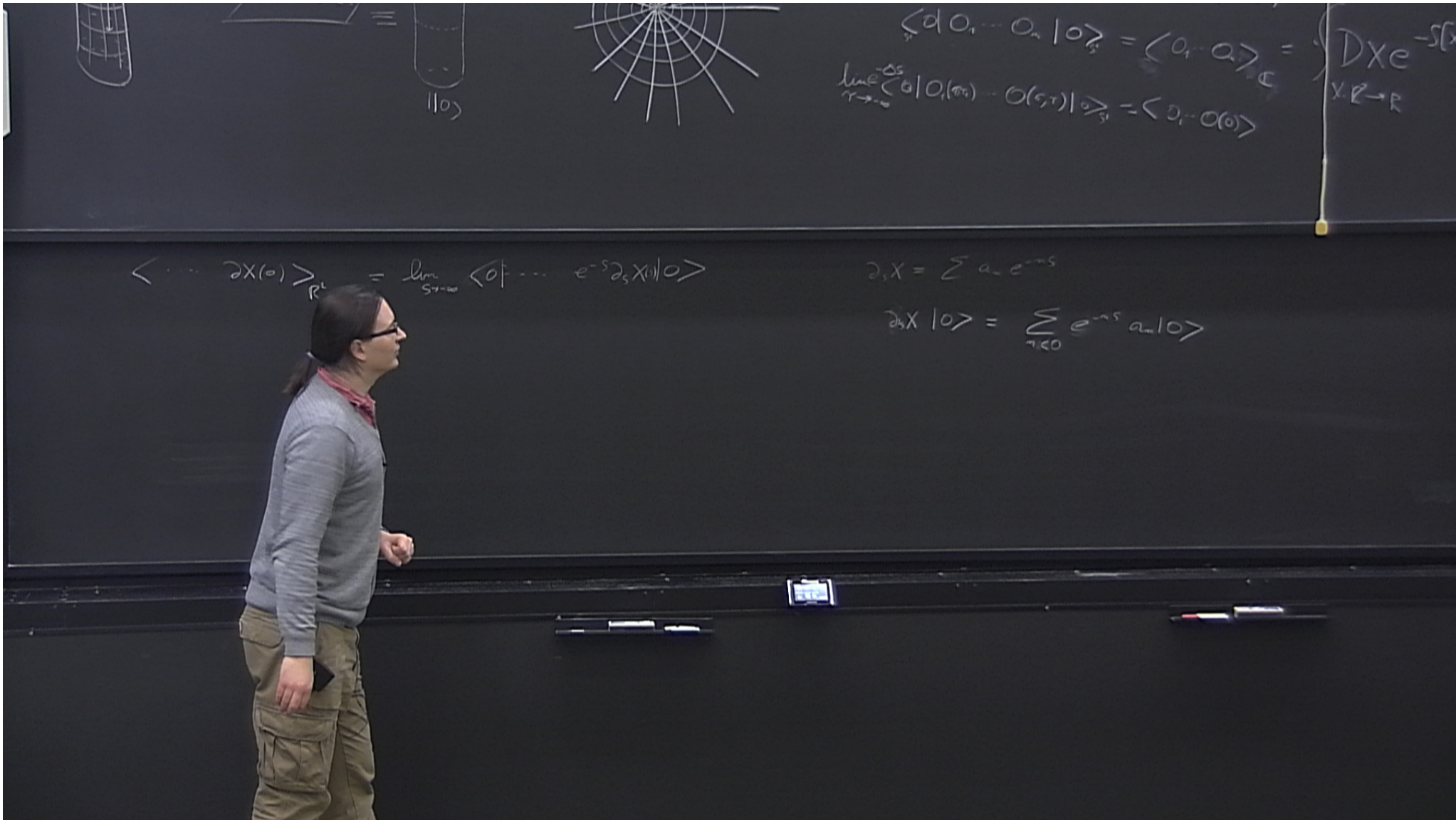
$$z = e^s$$



$$\langle 0 | \partial_z X(z) \partial_{\bar{z}} X(w) | 0 \rangle = \frac{1}{(z-\bar{w})^2}$$

$$\langle \alpha_1 X(z) \alpha_2 X(w) \rangle = \frac{1}{(z-w)^2}$$

$$\langle \alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n | 0 \rangle = \langle \alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n \rangle = \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} D\mathbf{x}$$



$$\begin{aligned} |1\rangle &\leftrightarrow |0\rangle \\ \partial X &\leftrightarrow a_1 |0\rangle \\ \partial^2 X &\leftrightarrow a_2 |0\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$||0\rangle$



$$\langle 0 | a_1 \dots a_n | 0 \rangle = \langle 0 | a_1 \dots a_n \rangle = \int D X e^{-S[X]} \quad X \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{-\partial S}}{Z} \langle 0 | O_1(t_1) \dots O_n(t_n) | 0 \rangle = \langle 0 | O_1 \dots O_n \rangle$$

$$\langle \dots \partial X(0) \rangle_{\mathbb{R}^L} = \lim_{S \rightarrow -\infty} \langle 0 | \dots e^{-S \partial X} | 0 \rangle$$

$$\parallel$$

$$\langle 0 | \dots a_{-1} | 0 \rangle$$

$$\partial X = \sum a_n e^{-ns}$$

$$e^{-S \partial X} | 0 \rangle = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{-ns} a_n | 0 \rangle = a_1 | 0 \rangle + e^s a_{-1} | 0 \rangle$$

$$\lim_{S \rightarrow -\infty} \parallel = a_1 | 0 \rangle$$

IN 2d FREE BOSON, WHICH OPERATORS CARRY $\oint dx$ CHARGE?

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IN 2d FREE BOSON, WHICH OPERATORS CARRY $\int dx$ CHARGE?

$$[\hat{q}, Q_q] = q Q_q$$

$$[P, e^{iqx}] = \alpha e^{iqx}$$

IN 2d FREE BOSON, WHICH OPERATORS CARRY $\int \partial X$ CHARGE?

$$[\hat{q}, Q_q] = q Q_q \quad e^{i\alpha X(z)}$$

$$[P, e^{i\alpha X}] = \alpha e^{i\alpha X}$$

$$e^{i\alpha X(s)}$$

FREE BOSON, WHICH OPERATORS CARRY $\oint \partial X$ CHARGE?

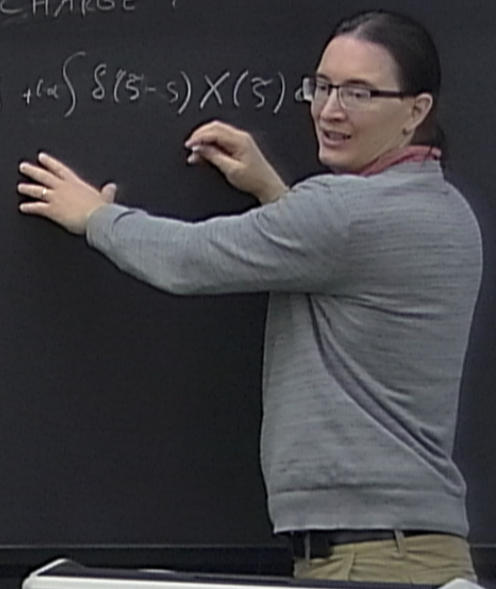
$$= q Q_1$$

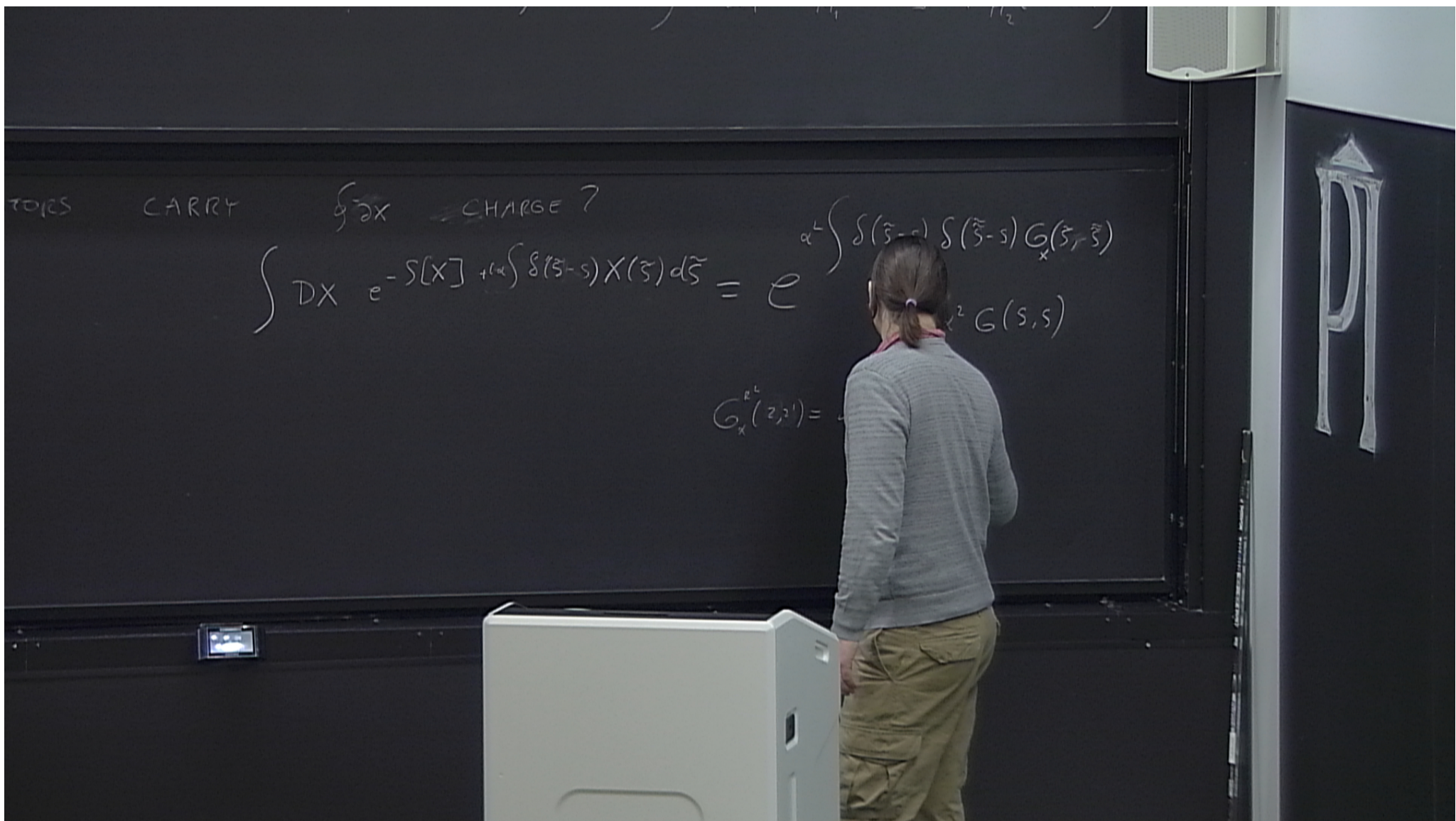
$$] = \alpha e^{i\alpha X}$$

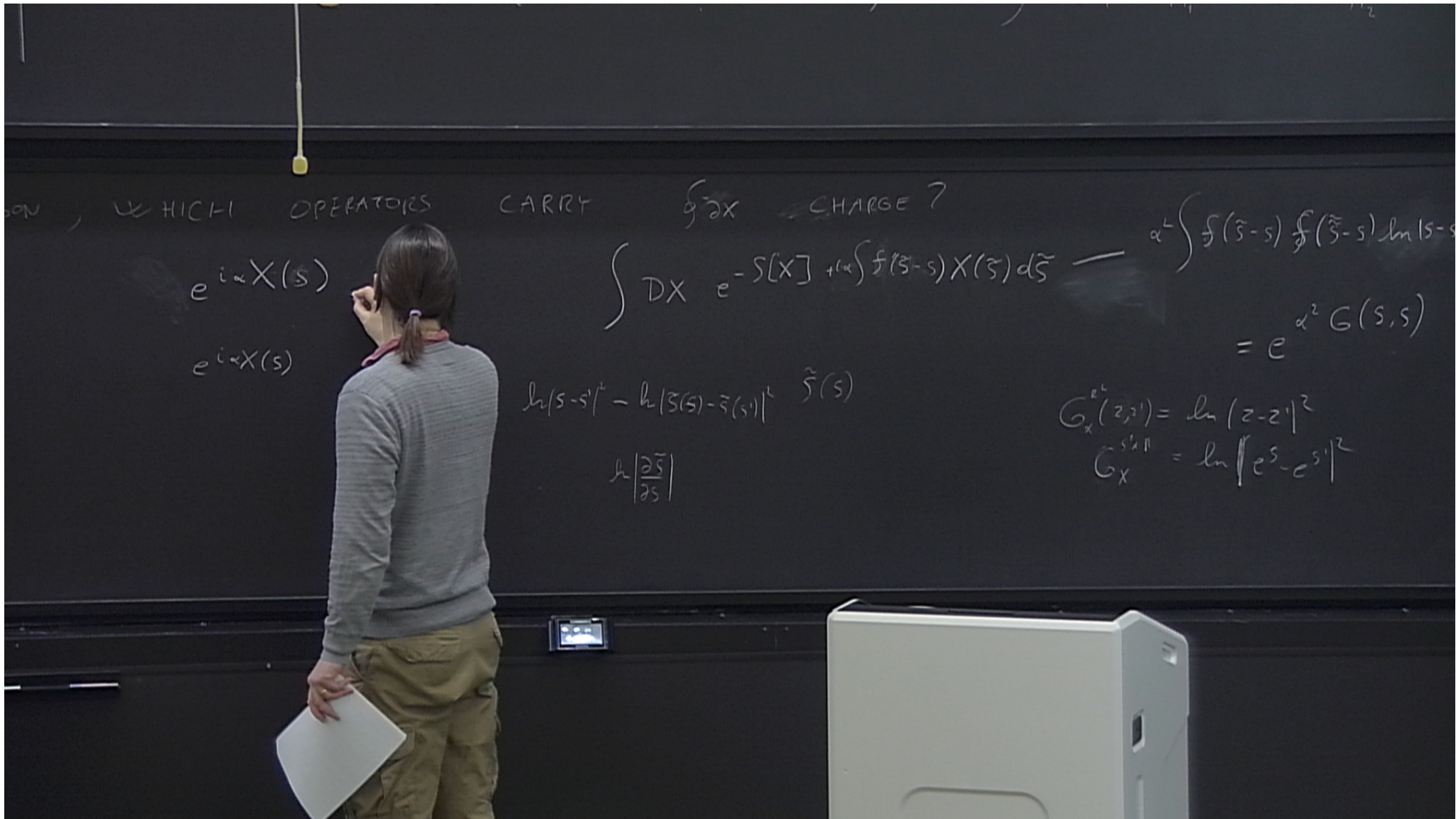
$$e^{i\alpha X(z)}$$

$$e^{i\alpha X(s)}$$

$$\int DX e^{-S[X] + i\alpha \int \delta(\zeta-s) X(\zeta)}$$







WHICH OPERATORS CARRY $\delta^2 X$ CHARGE?

$e^{i\alpha X(s)}$

$e^{i\alpha X(s)}$

$\int DX e^{-S[X] + i\alpha \int f(\tilde{s}-s) X(\tilde{s}) d\tilde{s}} = e^{\alpha^2 \int f(\tilde{s}-s) f(\tilde{s}-s) \ln |s-s'|^2 ds}$

$= e^{\alpha^2 G(s,s')}$

$\ln |s-s'|^2 = \ln |\tilde{s}(s) - \tilde{s}(s')|^2$

$\ln \left| \frac{\partial \tilde{s}}{\partial s} \right|$

$G_x^L(z, z') = \ln |z - z'|^2$

$G_x^{s, s'} = \ln |e^s - e^{s'}|^2$

IN 2d FREE BOSON, WHICH OPERATORS CARRY $q \partial X$ CHARGE

$$[\hat{q}, Q_q] = q Q_q$$

$$[P, e^{i\alpha X}] = \alpha e^{i\alpha X}$$

$$\partial_s X(\bar{s}) = \frac{\partial \bar{s}}{\partial s} \partial_s X$$

$$e^{i\alpha X(s)} = \left| \frac{\partial \bar{s}}{\partial s} \right|^{\alpha^2} e^{i\alpha X(\bar{s})} \int DX e^{-S[X] + i\alpha \int f}$$

$$e^{i\alpha X(s)}$$

$$\frac{\hbar}{s-s'} - \frac{\hbar}{\bar{s}(\bar{s}') - \bar{s}(\bar{s})} \bar{s}'(\bar{s})$$

$$\frac{\hbar}{\partial \bar{s}}$$

IN 2d FREE BOSON, WHICH OPERATORS CARRY $\oint \partial X$ CHARGE

$$[\hat{q}, Q_q] = q Q_q$$

$$[P, e^{i\alpha X}] = \alpha e^{i\alpha X}$$

$$\partial_s X(\bar{s}) = \frac{\partial \bar{s}}{\partial s} \partial_s X$$

$$e^{i\alpha X(s)} = \left| \frac{\partial \bar{s}}{\partial s} \right|^{\alpha^2} e^{i\alpha X(\bar{s})} \int DX e^{-S[X] + i\alpha X}$$

$$e^{i\alpha X(s)} = e^{i\alpha X(\bar{s})}$$

$$\frac{\hbar}{s-s'} - \frac{\hbar}{\bar{s}(\bar{s}) - \bar{s}'(\bar{s}')} \bar{s}'(\bar{s})$$

$$\frac{\hbar}{\partial \bar{s}}$$