Title: BMS Symmetry in Three Dimensions

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Abstract: In this talk I will sketch the relation between unitary representations of the BMS3 group and three-dimensional, asymptotically flat gravity. More precisely, after giving an exact definition of the BMS group in three dimensions, I will argue that its unitary representations are classified by orbits of CFT stress tensors under conformal transformations. These stress tensors, in turn, can be interpreted as Bondi mass aspects for asymptotically flat metrics. I will also show how one can compute characters of the BMS3 group, which coincide with suitable gravitational one-loop partition functions

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BMS Symmetry in Three Dimensions

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December 2015



MOTIVATION

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Unitary reps of semi-direct products

Flat space-time



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MOTIVATION

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Unitary reps of semi-direct products

Flat space-time

► Symmetries : Poincaré ~ Lorentz × Translations

But space-time is not flat...

"Asymptotically flat" space-times



MOTIVATION

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Flat space-time

► Symmetries : Poincaré ~ Lorentz × Translations

But space-time is not flat...

- "Asymptotically flat" space-times
- ► Symmetries : BMS ~ Superrotations × Supertranslations

[Bondi et al. 1962, Barnich et al. 2009]



PLAN OF THE TALK

- 1. Unitary reps of semi-direct products
- 2. Representations of BMS₃
- 3. Relation to gravity



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Unitary reps of semi-direct products

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1. Unitary representations of semi-direct products



Unitary reps of semi-direct products

$$P = SO(2,1) \ltimes \mathbb{R}^3$$

- ▶ Elements of $P = pairs(f, \alpha)$
- ▶ Group operation $(f, \alpha) \cdot (g, \beta) \equiv (f \cdot g, \alpha + f \cdot \beta)$



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- ▶ Elements of $P = pairs(f, \alpha)$
- ▶ Group operation $(f, \alpha) \cdot (g, \beta) \equiv (f \cdot g, \alpha + f \cdot \beta)$
- ► *P* is a **semi-direct product** :

$$P = G \ltimes_{\sigma} A$$



Unitary reps of semi-direct products

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UIRREPS of
$$P = SO(2,1) \ltimes \mathbb{R}^3$$
?

[Wigner 1939]



Unitary reps of semi-direct products

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UIRREPS of $P = G \ltimes_{\sigma} A$?

[Wigner 1939]

- Start with Abelian group A
- ► UIRREPs are one-dimensional:

$$\alpha \longmapsto e^{i\langle p,\alpha\rangle},$$

$$p \in A^*$$

ightharpoonup p = momentum



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A UIRREP of *P* contains many momenta



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Unitary reps of semi-direct products

Let $\mathcal{T} = \text{UIRREP of } G \ltimes_{\sigma} A$



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Let $\mathcal{T} = \text{UIRREP of } G \ltimes_{\sigma} A$ in a Hilbert space \mathcal{H} , with

$$\mathcal{T}[(e,\alpha)]\Big|_{\mathbb{V}} = e^{i\langle p,\alpha\rangle} \quad \text{on } \mathbb{V} \leq \mathcal{H}.$$

Pick $f \in G$.

Unitary reps of semi-direct products



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Then, $\exists \ \mathbb{V}' \leq \mathcal{H} \ \text{s.t.}$

$$\mathcal{T}[(e,\alpha)]\Big|_{\mathbb{V}'} = e^{i\langle p, \frac{\sigma_{f^{-1}\alpha}\rangle}{}}$$



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Define $\langle f \cdot p, \alpha \rangle \equiv \langle p, \sigma_{f^{-1}} \alpha \rangle$

▶ **Orbit** of $p : \mathcal{O}_p \equiv \{f \cdot p \mid f \in G\}$



Unitary reps of semi-direct products $\circ\circ\circ\circ\bullet$



- ▶ Pick an orbit \mathcal{O}_p
- ▶ Let $\mathcal{H} = \text{space of wavefunctions } \Psi : \mathcal{O}_p \to \mathbb{C} : q \mapsto \Psi(q)$



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- ▶ This is an IRREP of P !



Let's build UIRREPS of *P* !

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How to make T unitary?

- ▶ Pick a *G*-invariant measure μ on \mathcal{O}_p
- ► Scalar product $\langle \Phi | \Psi \rangle \equiv \int_{\mathcal{O}_p} d\mu(q) \left(\Phi(q) \right)^* \Psi(q)$



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All UIRREPS of *P* are of this form!

[Mackey \sim 1950]



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Unitary reps of semi-direct products

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 BMS_3 = Aspt. symmetry group of 3D aspt. flat space-times

[Ashtekar et al. 1996, Barnich et al. 2009]

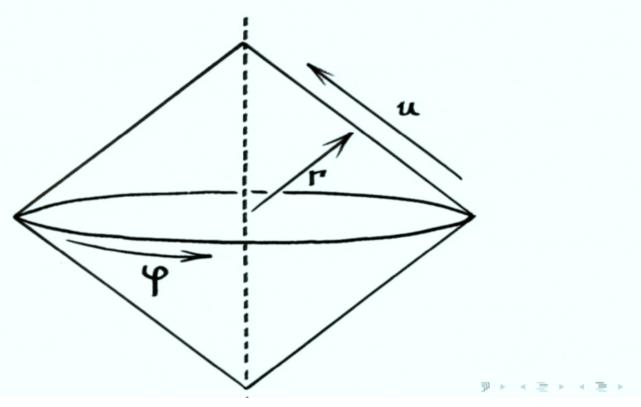


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► Aspt. flat metrics in 3D:

$$ds^2 \stackrel{r \to +\infty}{\sim} -du^2 - 2dudr + r^2 d\varphi^2 + \text{subleading terms}$$

► Aspt. symmetry transformations :

$$\varphi \mapsto f(\varphi), \quad u \mapsto [u + \alpha(\varphi)] f'(\varphi)$$

Superrotations Supertranslations



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Superrotations

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► Infinite-dimensional extension of Poincaré



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$$\varphi \mapsto f(\varphi), \quad u \mapsto [u + \alpha(\varphi)] f'(\varphi)$$

- ▶ Elements of BMS₃ = pairs (f, α)
- ► Group operation :

$$(f,\alpha)\cdot(g,\beta)=(f\circ g,\alpha+\sigma_f\beta),\quad \sigma_f\beta\big|_{f(\varphi)}=f'(\varphi)\beta(\varphi)$$

- $ightharpoonup \sigma = \text{tsf. law of vector fields under diffeos !}$

$$BMS_3 \equiv Diff(S^1) \ltimes Vect(S^1)$$

[Barnich & BO 2014]



Unitary reps of BMS₃...

► What should we expect?

Poincaré: exact space-time symmetry

▶ UIRREP = \mathcal{H}_{Poinc} = Particle

 BMS_3 : aspt. space-time symmetry

- ► UIRREP = \mathcal{H}_{BMS} = Particle dressed w/ soft gravitons ≡ **BMS**₃ particle
- $ightharpoonup \mathcal{H}_{\mathrm{BMS}} = \mathcal{H}_{\mathrm{Poinc}} \otimes \mathcal{H}_{\mathrm{Soft\ grav}}$



Orbits and unitary reps

Unitary reps of BMS₃ =
$$\underbrace{\text{Diff}(S^1) \ltimes \text{Vect}(S^1)}_{G \ltimes A}$$
?

▶ $Vect(S^1)^* = space of supermomenta p(\varphi) :$

$$\underbrace{\langle p, \alpha \rangle}_{\in \mathbb{R}} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int d\varphi \, p(\varphi) \alpha(\varphi)$$

$$ightharpoonup p_0 = energy$$



ORBITS AND UNITARY REPS

Fix a supermomentum $p(\varphi)$

▶ Find all $f \cdot p$, where $f \in \text{Diff}(S^1)$.

$$\langle f \cdot p, \alpha \rangle = \langle p, \sigma_{f^{-1}} \alpha \rangle$$

▶ $p(\varphi) \sim \text{CFT}$ stress tensor on S^1



ORBITS AND UNITARY REPS

Fix a supermomentum $p(\varphi)$

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$$\langle f \cdot p, \alpha \rangle = \langle p, \sigma_{f^{-1}} \alpha \rangle$$

- ▶ $p(\varphi) \sim \text{CFT}$ stress tensor on S^1
- BMS₃ orbits = orbits of stress tensors under conf. tsfs!
 = coadjoint orbits of the Virasoro group

[Lazutkin & Pankratova 1975, Witten 1988, Balog et al. 1997]



$$f \cdot p|_{f(\varphi)} = \frac{1}{(f'(\varphi))^2} \left[p_0 + \frac{c}{12} \left\{ f; \varphi \right\} \right]$$

- ▶ $\mathcal{O}_p = \{f \cdot p | f \in \text{Diff}(S^1)\} \rightarrow \text{complicated } !$
- ► Let's make it simple :
 - 1. Constant supermomentum $p(\varphi) = p_0$ (\sim particle at rest)
 - 2. Look for stabilizer G_p



$$\frac{1}{(f'(\varphi))^2} \left[p_0 + \frac{c}{12} \left\{ f; \varphi \right\} \right] = p_0$$

- ▶ $\mathcal{O}_p = \{f \cdot p | f \in \text{Diff}(S^1)\} \rightarrow \text{complicated } !$
- ► Let's make it simple :
 - 1. Constant supermomentum $p(\varphi) = p_0$ (\sim particle at rest)
 - 2. Look for stabilizer G_p
 - ▶ $\mathcal{O}_p \cong \mathrm{Diff}(S^1)/G_p$



 BMS_3 orbits = coadjoint orbits of Virasoro group :



Generic
$$p_0: \mathcal{O}_p \cong \mathrm{Diff}(S^1)/S^1$$

$$p_0 = -n^2c/24: \mathcal{O}_p \cong \mathrm{Diff}(S^1)/\mathrm{SO}^{(n)}(2,1)$$





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Generic $p_0: \mathcal{O}_p \cong \mathrm{Diff}(S^1)/S^1$

$$p_0 = -n^2c/24 : \mathcal{O}_p \cong \text{Diff}(S^1)/\text{SO}^{(n)}(2,1)$$

- ► What else?
- ▶ Perturbations $-\frac{n^2c}{24} + \delta p(\varphi)$
- $\delta p = 3$ -momentum under $SO^{(n)}(2,1)$
- ▶ "Poincaré orbits for each n"!

SUPERMOMENTUM & BONDI MASS

On-shell aspt. flat metrics

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SUPERMOMENTUM & BONDI MASS

On-shell aspt. flat metrics:

[Barnich & Troessaert 2010]

$$ds^2 = 8G p(\varphi)du^2 - 2dudr + r^2d\varphi^2 + \cdots$$

 $p(\varphi) = \text{Bondi mass aspect}$

▶ Action of BMS₃ on $p(\varphi)$:

$$f \cdot p|_{f(\varphi)} = \frac{1}{f'^2} \left[p + \frac{c}{12} \{ f; \varphi \} \right]$$
 with $c = 3/G$



 BMS_3 particle = Particle \otimes Soft gravitons

▶ Vacuum BMS₃ character ↔ graviton partition function ?

Characters of unitary reps of semi-direct products:

- ▶ Orbit \mathcal{O}_p
- ► Character:

$$\chi[(f,\alpha)] = \operatorname{Tr} \left(\mathcal{T}[(f,\alpha)] \right) = \int_{\mathcal{O}_p} d\mu(q) \, e^{i\langle q,\alpha\rangle}$$



Massive BMS₃ particle

►
$$p = p_0$$



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Massive BMS₃ particle

▶
$$p = p_0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_p = \text{Diff}(S^1)/S^1$$

Take $f(\varphi) = \varphi + \theta$ (rotation by θ)

► Character:

Unitary reps of semi-direct products

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$$\chi[(\operatorname{rot}_{\theta}, \alpha)] = \int_{\mathcal{O}_p} d\mu(q) \, \delta(q, \operatorname{rot}_{\theta} \cdot q) \, e^{i\langle q, \alpha \rangle}$$

$$(\operatorname{rot}_{\theta} \cdot q)(\varphi) = q(\varphi - \theta)$$

► The integral "localizes" to a point!



$$\chi_{p_0}[(\operatorname{rot}_{\theta}, \alpha)] = e^{i p_0 \alpha^0} \quad \frac{1}{\prod_{n=1}^{+\infty} |1 - e^{i n(\theta + i\epsilon)}|^2}$$

[BO 2015]



$$\chi_{\text{vac}}[(\text{rot}_{\theta}, \alpha)] = e^{\beta c/24} \frac{1}{\prod_{n=2}^{+\infty} |1 - e^{in(\theta + i\epsilon)}|^2}$$

[BO 2015]

► One-loop partition fct of gravitons on thermal flat space!

[Barnich, González, Maloney, BO 2015]



Conclusion

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Unitary reps of semi-direct products

 $BMS_3 = Superrotations \times Supertranslations$



CONCLUSION

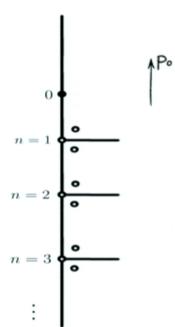
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Unitary reps of semi-direct products

 $BMS_3 = Superrotations \times Supertranslations$

- ▶ "Supermomenta"
- ► UIRREPs classified by supermomentum orbits





Thank you!

