Title: Do black holes create polyamory

Date: Aug 17, 2015 05:00 PM

URL: http://pirsa.org/15080063

Abstract: Of course not, but if one believes that information cannot be destroyed in a theory of quantum gravity, then we run into apparent contradictions with quantum theory when we consider evaporating black holes. Namely that the no-cloning theorem or the principle of entanglement monogamy is violated. Here, we show that neither violation need hold, since, in arguing that black holes lead to cloning or non-monogamy, one needs to assume a tensor product structure between two points in space-time that could instead be viewed as causally connected. In the latter case, one is violating the semi-classical causal structure of space, which is a strictly weaker implication than cloning or non-monogamy. We show that the lack of monogamy that can emerge in evaporating space times is one that is allowed in quantum mechanics, and is very naturally related to a lack of monogamy of correlations of outputs of measurements performed at subsequent instances of time of a single system. A particular example of this is the Horowitz-Maldacena proposal, and we argue that it needn't lead to cloning or violations of entanglement monogamy. In the case of the AMPS firewall experiment we find that the entanglement structure is modified, and one must have entanglement between the infalling Hawking partners and early time outgoing Hawking radiation which surprisingly tame violation of entanglement monogamy. http://arxiv.org/abs/1506.07133

Pirsa: 15080063 Page 1/22

Do Black Holes Create Polyamory?

1506.07133 Grudka et al

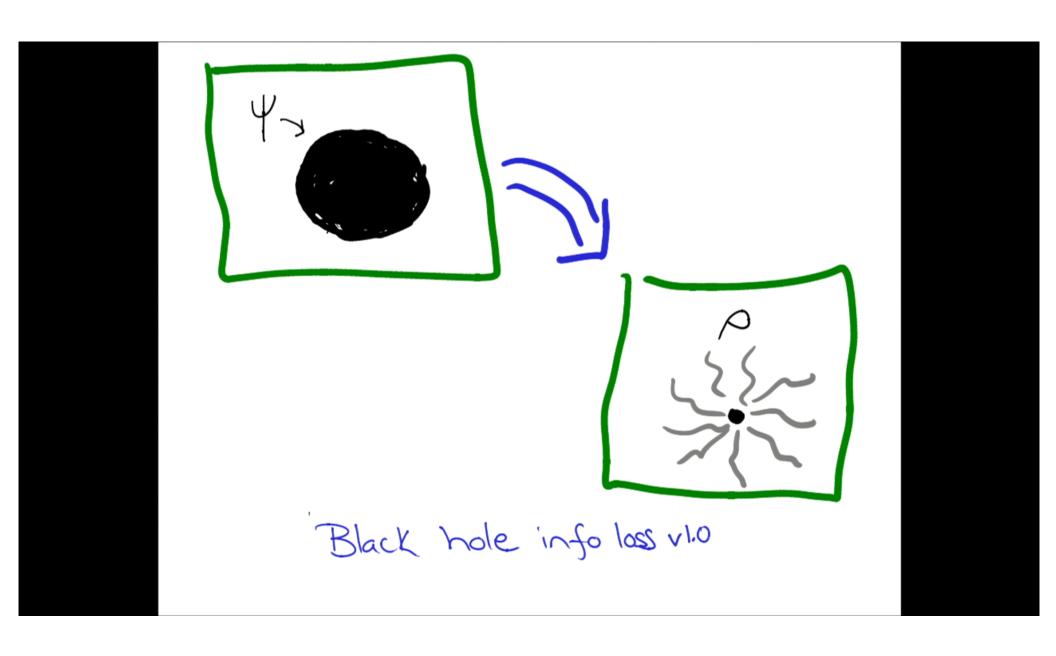
1401,1523 (JHEP) An alternative Amps experiment w/ B. Unruh

(ask for v2)

Fundamental information Destruction w/ B. Reznik

J. Oppenheim (university College London)

Of Course Not! - Black hole information problem v1 (Hawking) - Black hole information problem v2 Black holes destroy information, create polya morous entanglement, or have firewalls But we can choose v1 or v2 Polyamory in time"
eg "black Hole fine state"
Horowitz-Maldecana (2003) Lloyd Preskill (2013)

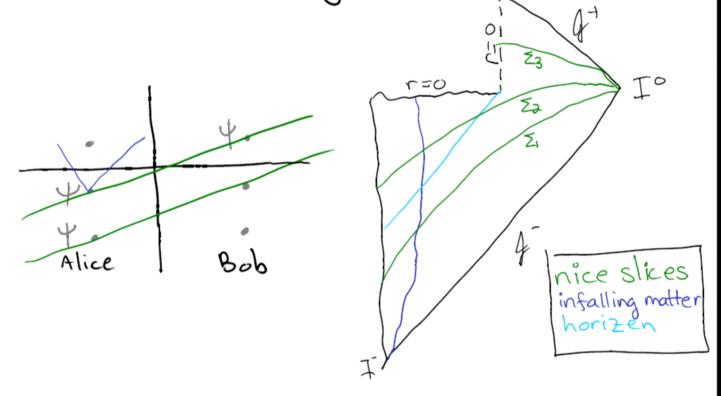


Pirsa: 15080063 Page 4/22

Quantum Information meets Quartum Gravity · no cloning !

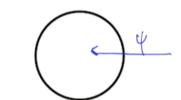
· entanglement is monogamous 14) AB = Ja[TL> - ILT] AB Correlat 14) ARE = 14-7 AB 107E oclassical = \$111>(11) AR+ \$111>(11) AB OABE = = = 1110 (190) + = 1 LUX (LU) (ABE

Either information is destroyed in which case, the evolution is non-unitary, or information comes out, in which case it is "cloned", and the evolution must be non-unitary.

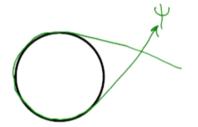


Black hole complementarity

One way out is to reject the idea that there exists a simultanious description of the inside and outside of the black hole.

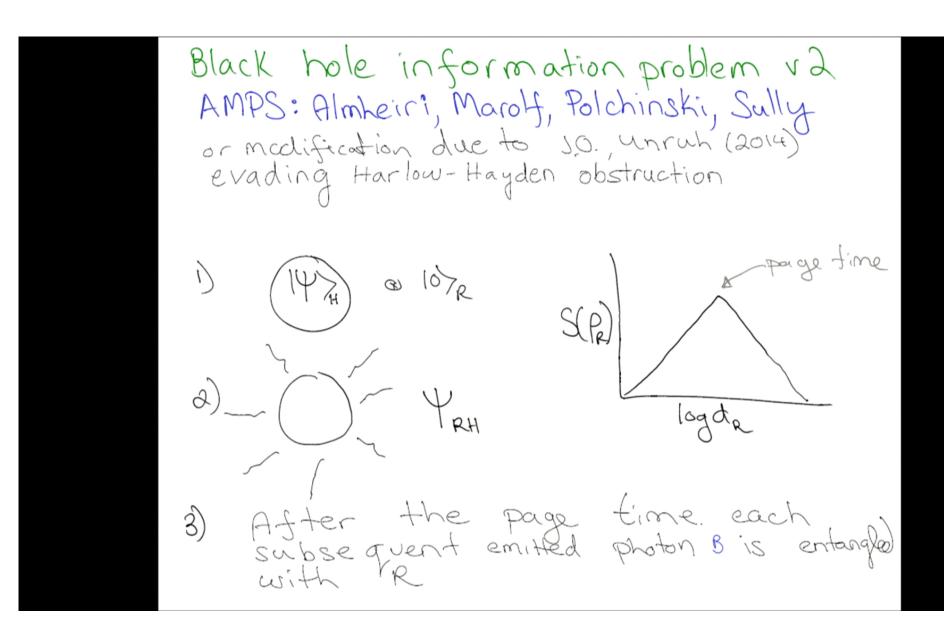


infalling observer



outside observer

there is only a contradiction if the outside observer can collect the outgoing radiation to receiver of and then jump into the black hold to get



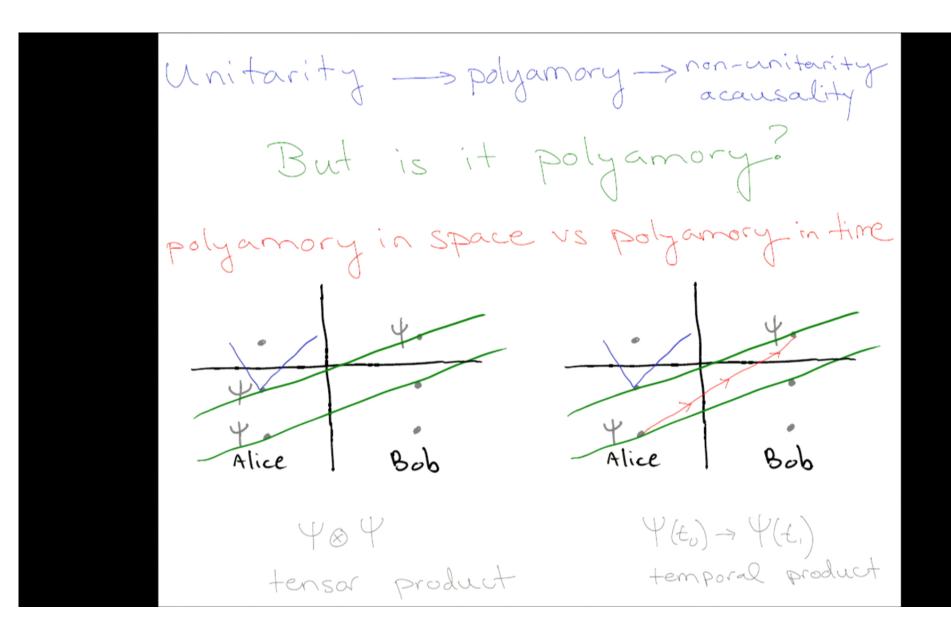
BR entangled (unitarity) but BA entangled (Hawking pair-creation max. entangled max. entangled Alice

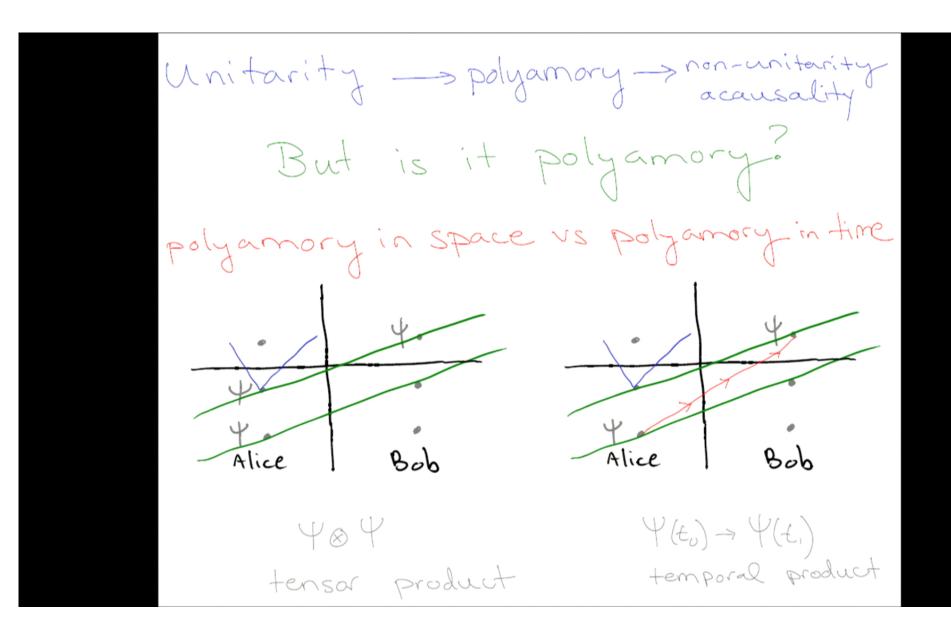
complementarity can't save us

Non-monogamy implies info. destruction a) Non-monogamy implies superluminal signals b) super luminal signals implies C.T. C.'s c) CTC's imply info. destruction (like CHSH)

complementarity can't save us

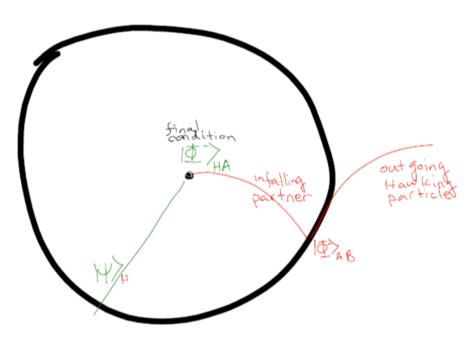
Non-monogamy implies info. destruction a) Non-monogamy implies superluminal signals b) super luminal signals implies C.T. C.'s c) CTC's imply info. destruction (like CHSH)



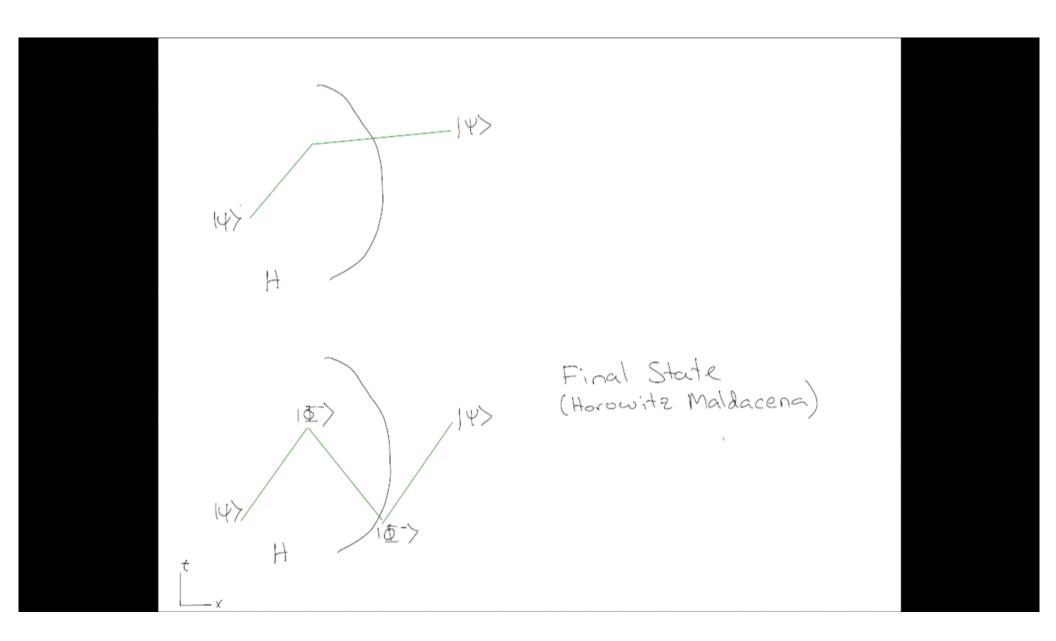


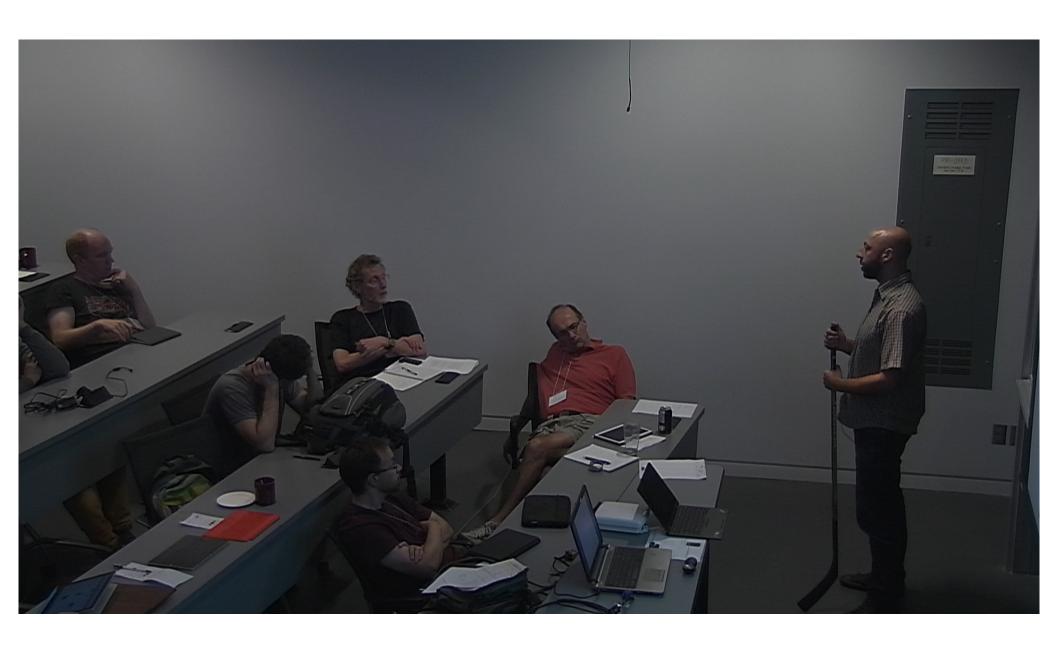
Entanglement in space His to [Th)-IM] measuring A prepares state on B Entanglement in time p(to) = \$\frac{1}{2}\$ "Bell inequality in time"

Horowitz-Maldacena

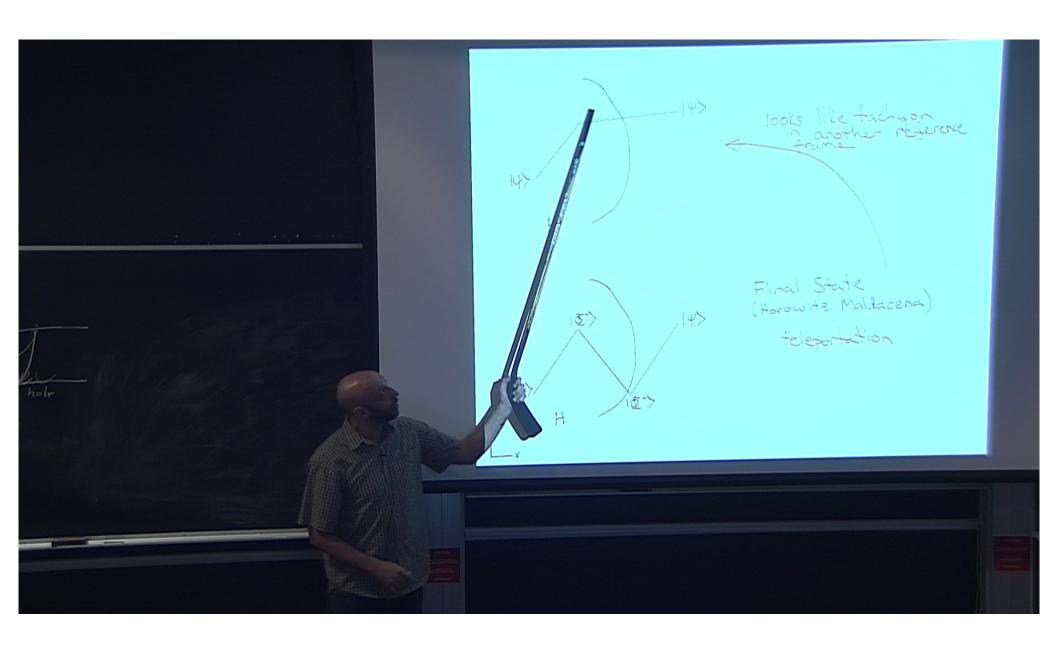


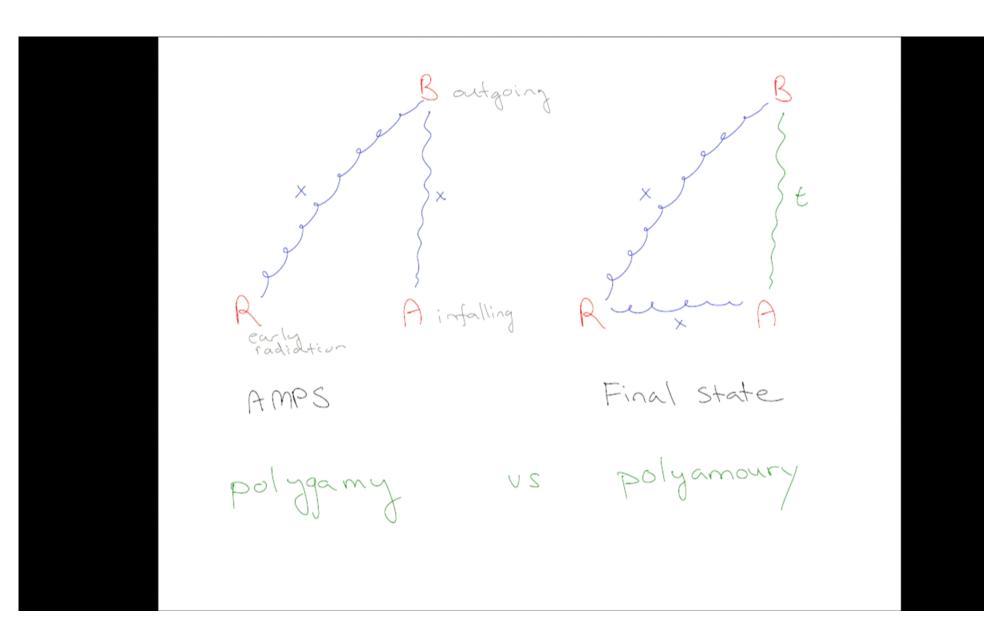
ABL rule





Pirsa: 15080063 Page 19/22





Conclusion choose one of: a) information destruction b) tensor product > polyamory > causality breakdown c) temporal product -> breakdown of semiclassical causal structure d) something else. 2) final state = tachyon (reference frame) 3) fine tuning of interactions