

Title: Muon Spin Rotation/Relaxation Studies of Unconventional Superconductivity

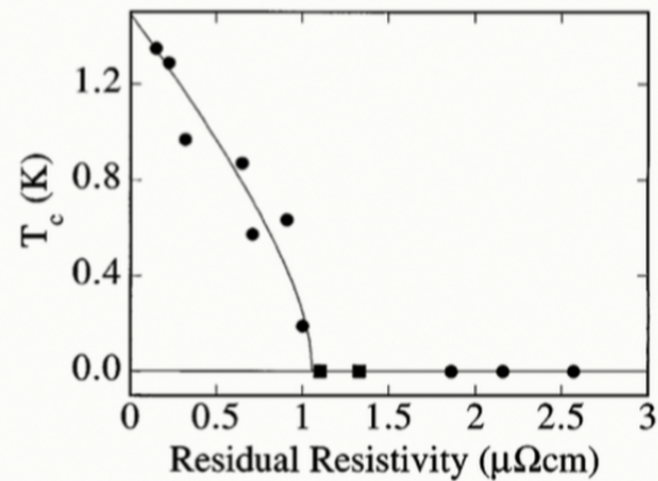
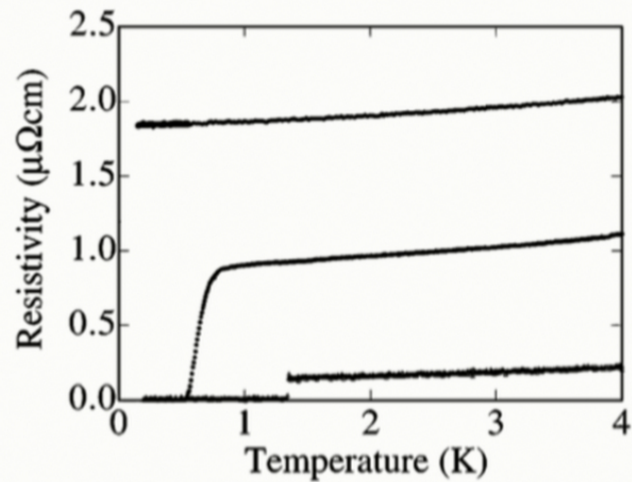
Date: Apr 30, 2015 11:00 AM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/15040158>

Abstract: Muon spin rotation/relaxation is a powerful technique for studying unconventional superconductors, whose order parameter doesn't have the same symmetry as its host material's crystal structure. I will describe our work on Sr₂RuO₄, UPt₃, Cu_xBi₂Se₃ and other topical systems, some of which exhibit broken time reversal symmetry in their superconducting states.

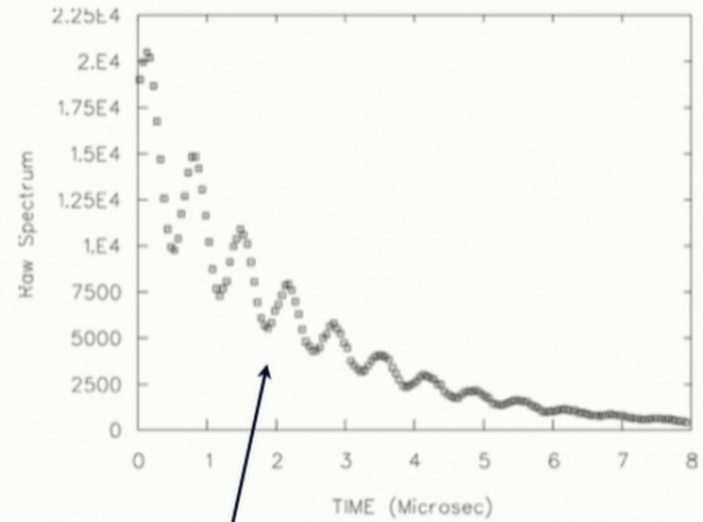
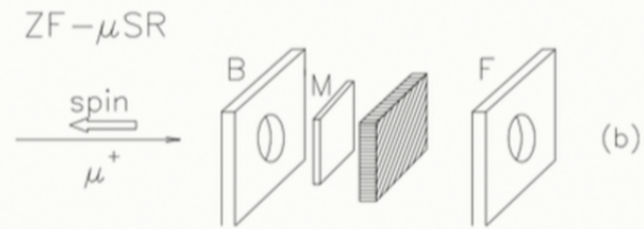
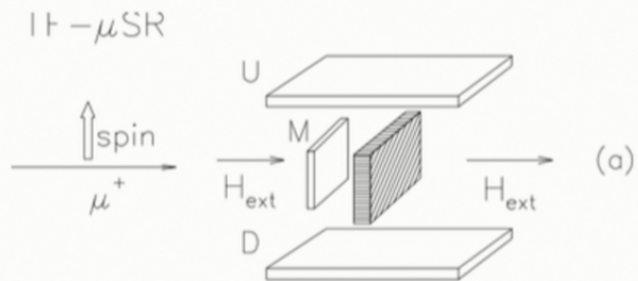
Superconducting State

- Dependence of T_c on ρ_0
- Extreme sensitivity to (non)-magnetic impurities



Mackenzie *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **80**, 161 (1998).

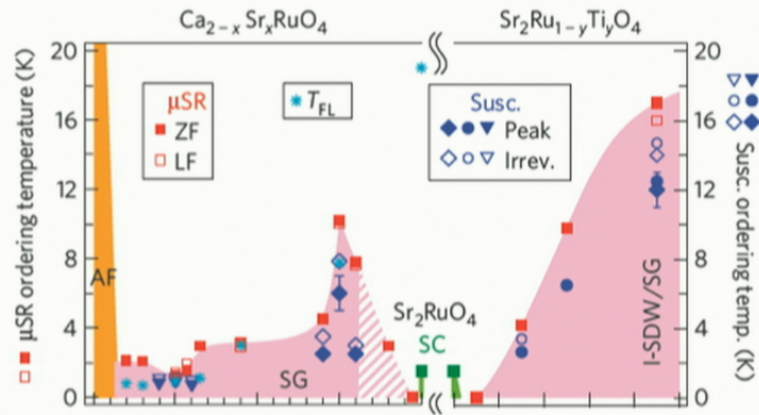
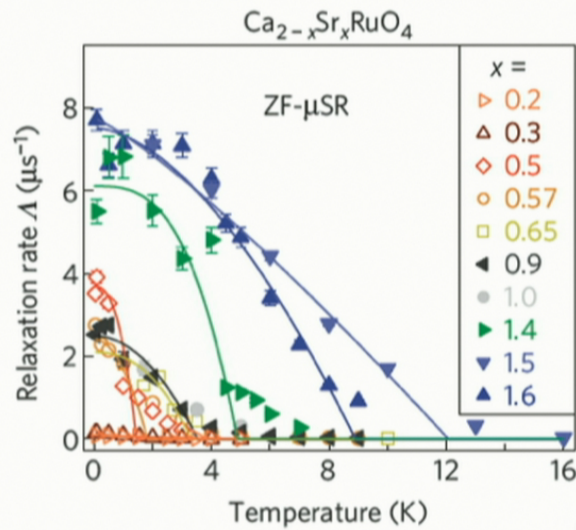
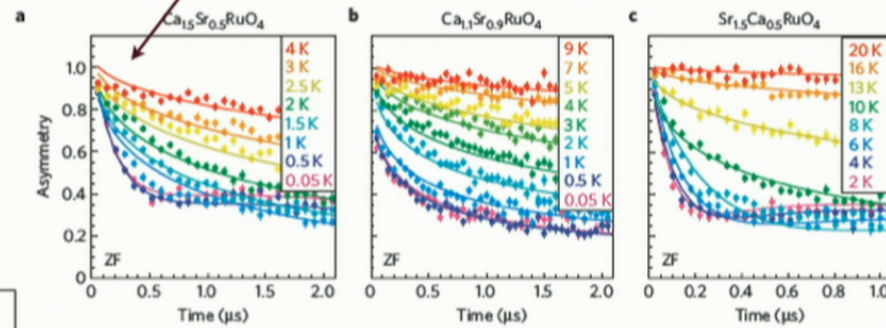
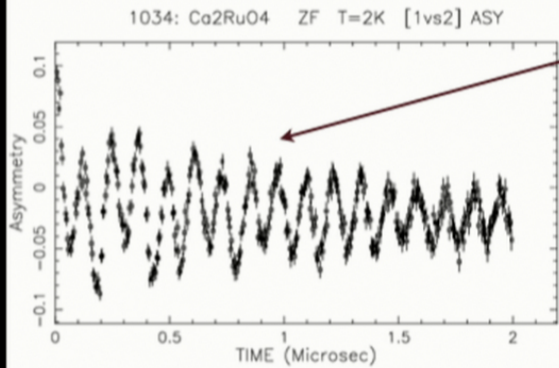
Experimental Geometry



$\tau_{\mu} = 2.2 \mu\text{s}$

Zero Field ZF- μ SR

Ordered state, $v \propto \text{Moment} \propto \sqrt{I_B}$
 Random frozen spins give characteristic relaxation.

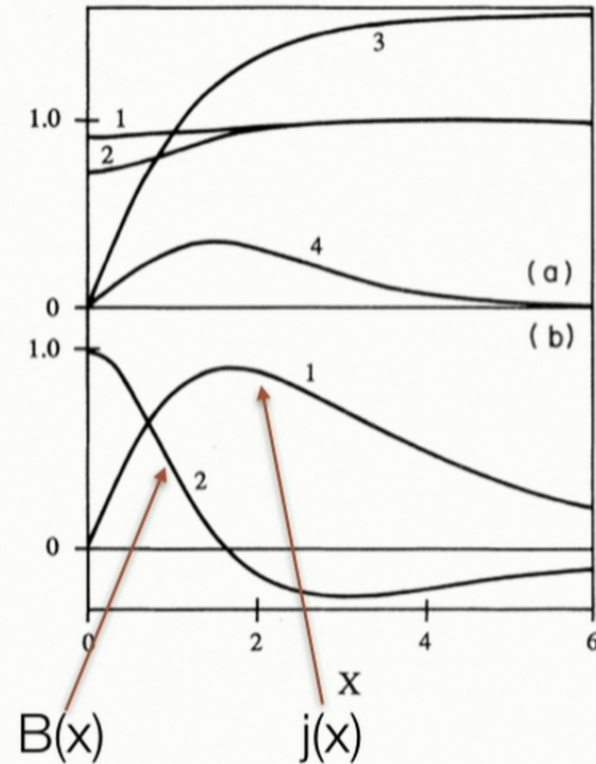


Carlo et al., Nat. Mat. **11**, 323 (2012).

Broken Time Reversal Symmetry

- Surfaces, domain walls, defects generate physical supercurrents and magnetic fields.

- eg. $k_x + ik_y / k_x - ik_y$

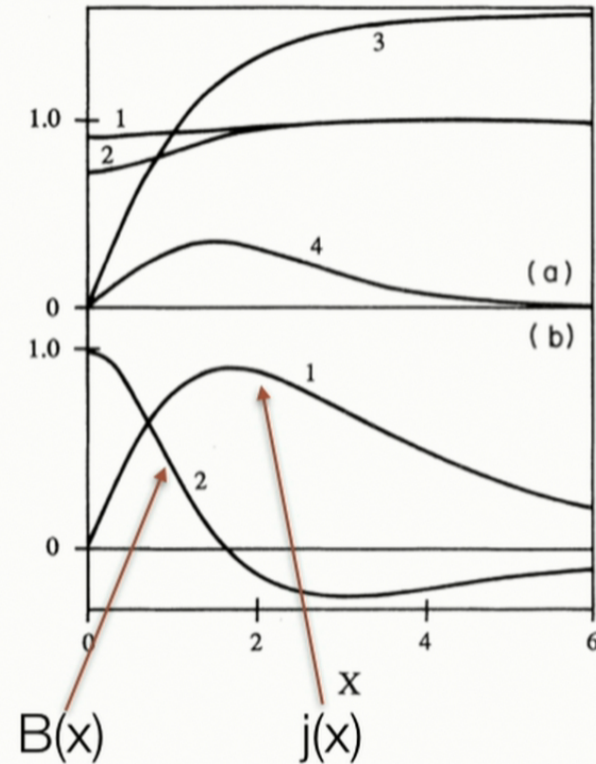


Sigrist & Ueda, R.M.P. **63**, 239 (1991).

Broken Time Reversal Symmetry

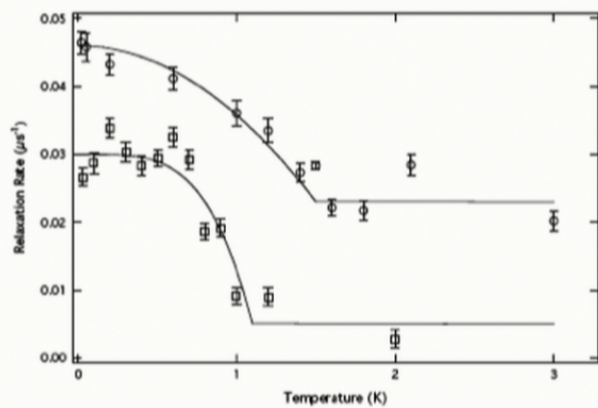
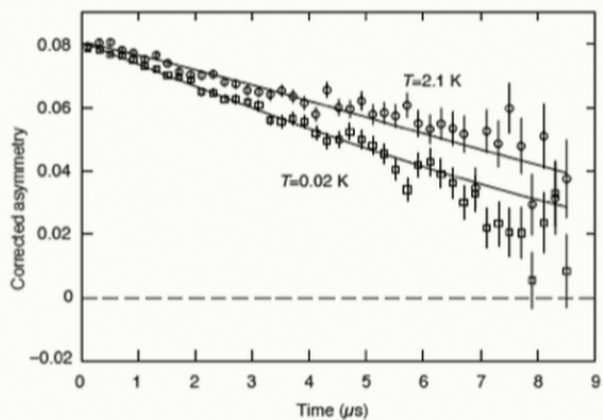
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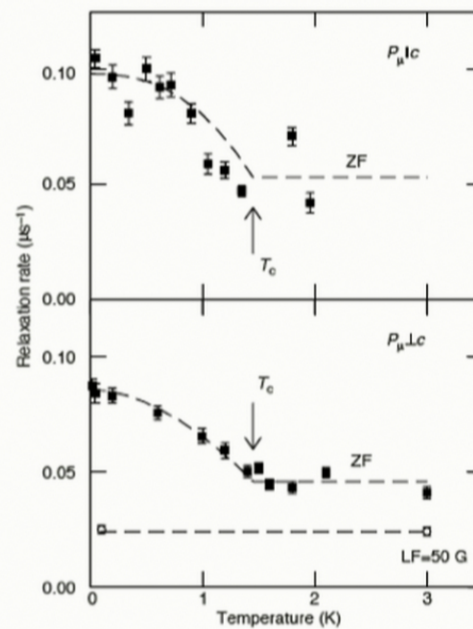


Sigrist & Ueda, R.M.P. **63**, 239 (1991).

Sr₂RuO₄: ZF-μSR



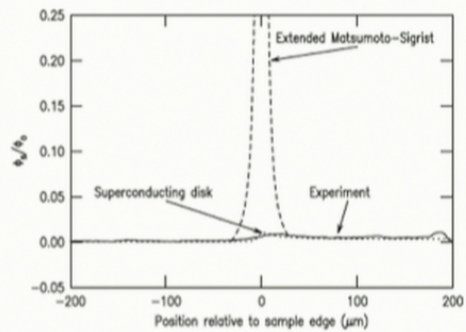
Luke and Sonier, *Physics in Canada* **67**, 93 (2011).



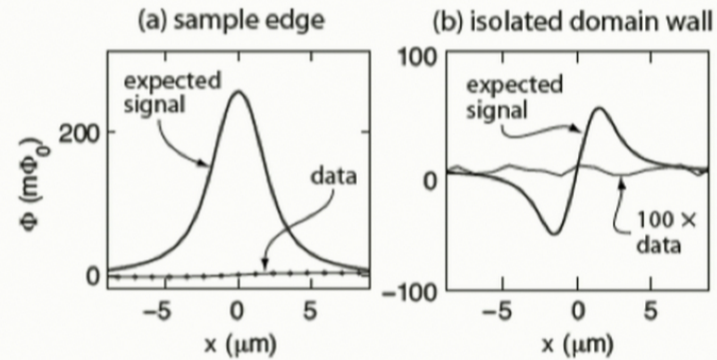
Luke *et al.*, *Nature* **394**, 156 (1998).

Surface Probes

- No supercurrents detected at surfaces of Sr_2RuO_4 .

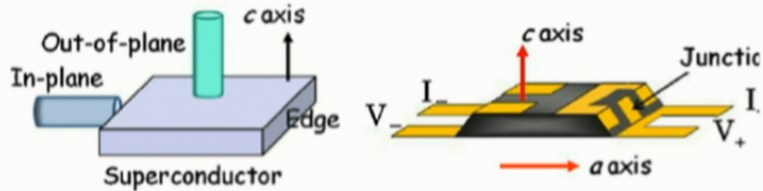


Kirtley *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **76**, 014526 (2007).

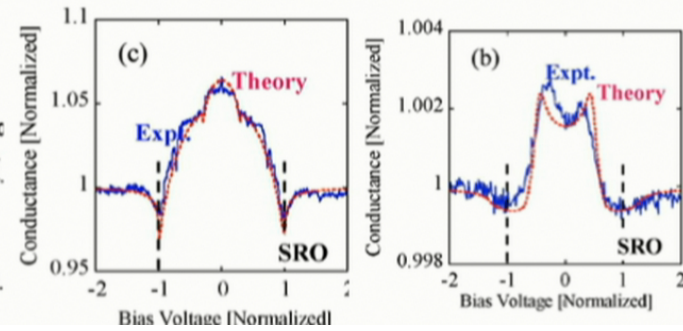


Hicks *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **81**, 214501 (2010).

- Tunneling detects edge states

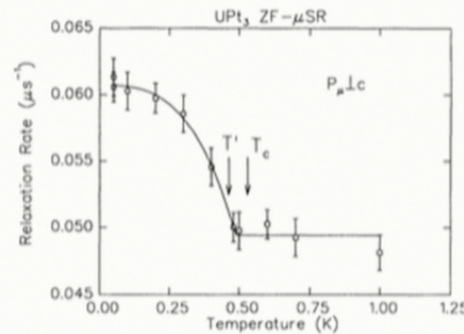


Kashiwaya *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **107**, 077003 (2011).

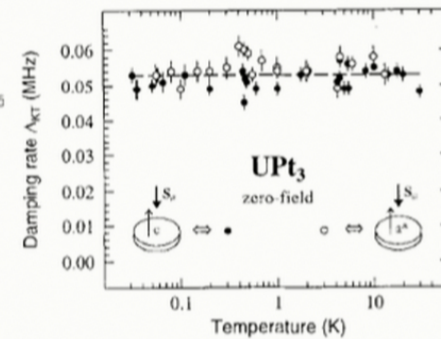


UPt₃

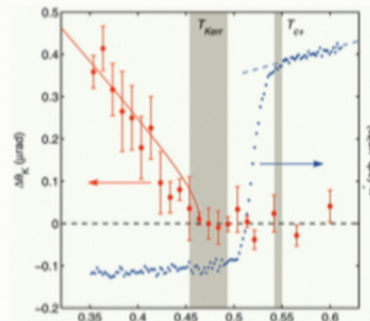
- ZF- μ SR
 - spontaneous local field below T_{C-} .
 - Not seen in Europe.
- Kerr rotation
 - below T_{C-} .



Luke *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **71**, 1466 (1993).



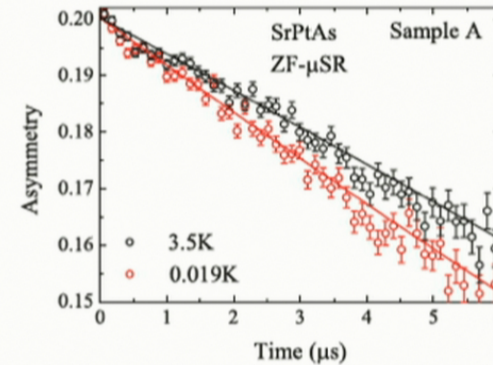
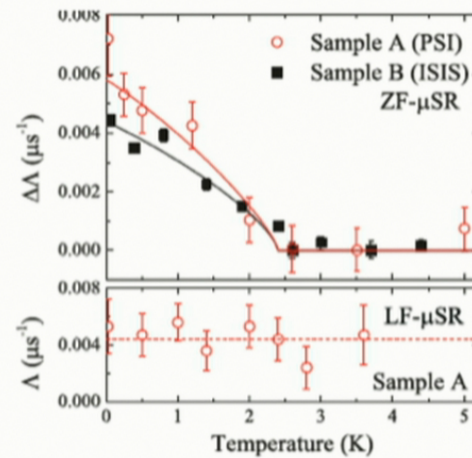
Dalmas de Reotier *et al.*, Phys. Lett. A **205**, 239 (1995).



Schemm *et al.*, Science **345**, 190 (2014).

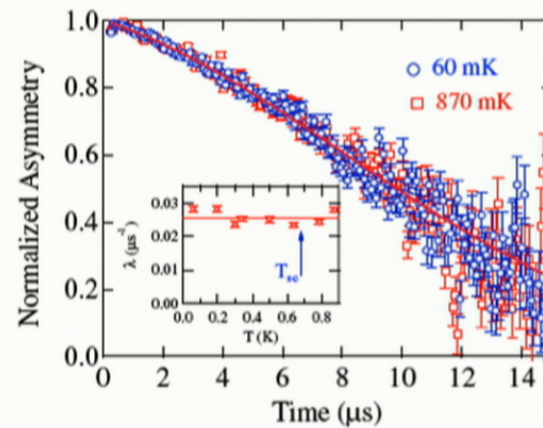
Non-Centrosymmetric Superconductors

- SrPtAs



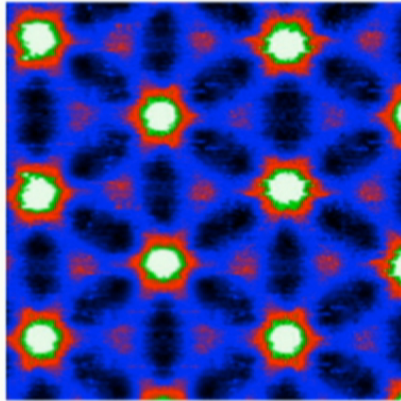
Biswas *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **87**, 180503R (2013).

- LaPt₃Si

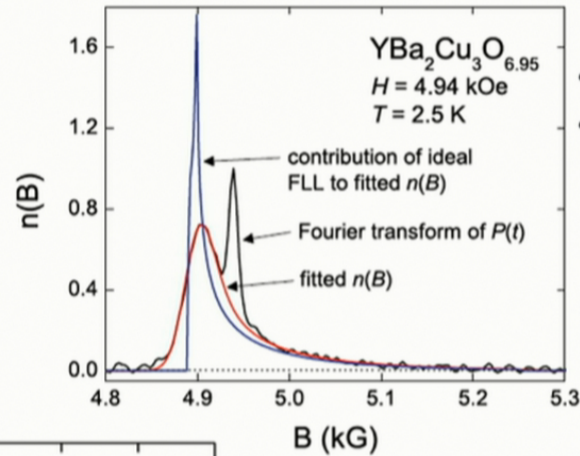


Kawasaki *et al.*, JPSJ **82**, 084713 (2013).

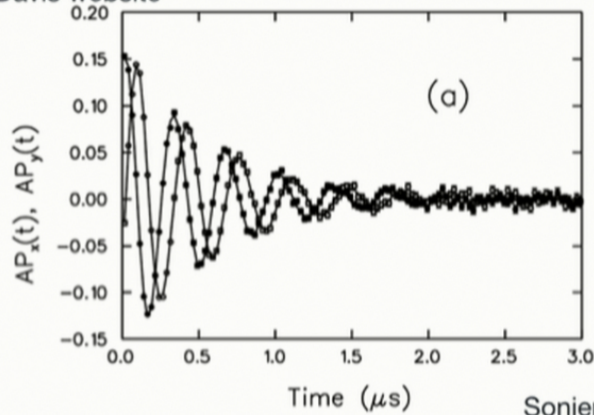
Vortex State



J.C. Davis website



- 2 lengthscales: λ , ξ
- Disorder: broadening of line shape features (convolute with Gaussian).



Sonier, Rep. Prog. Phys. **70**, 1717 (2007).

Ceramics - Gaussian

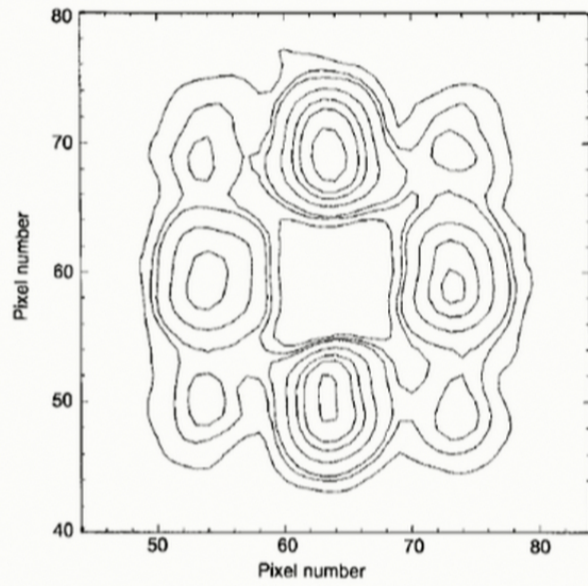
$$\sigma \propto \sqrt{\langle \Delta H^2 \rangle} \propto \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda^2} = \frac{4\pi n_s e^2}{m^* c^2} \times \frac{1}{(1 + \xi/l)}$$

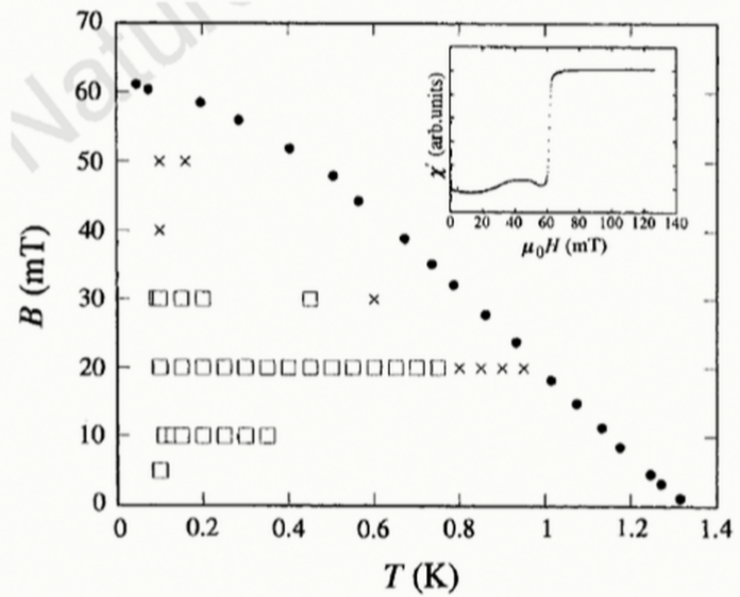
in the "clean limit" $\xi \ll l$

$$\sigma \propto \frac{1}{\lambda^2} \propto \frac{n_s}{m^*}$$

Sr₂RuO₄: Square Vortex Lattice - SANS

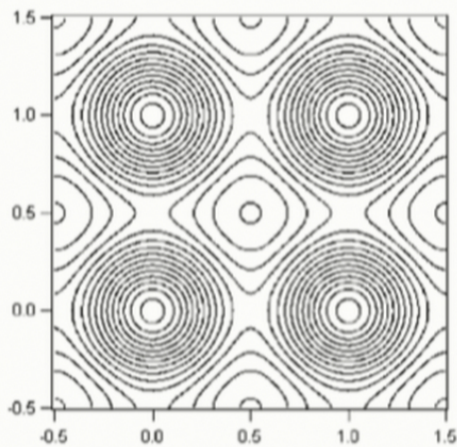
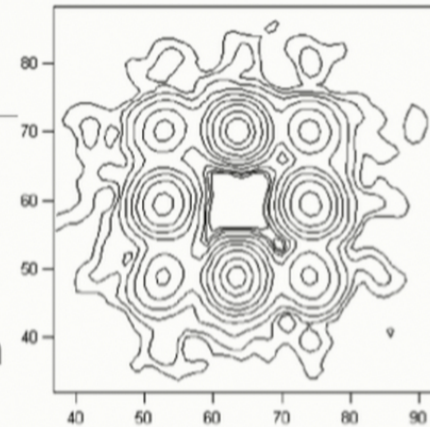


Riseman et al., Nature 396, 242 (1998).

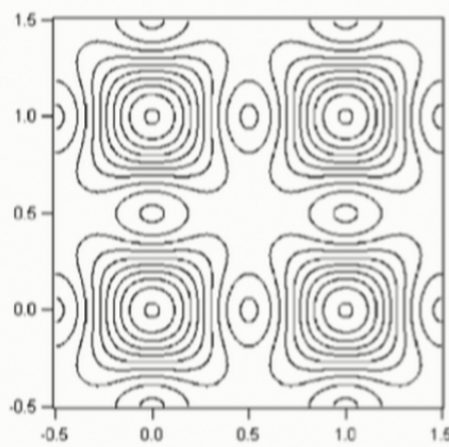


Vortex Lattice - Agterberg

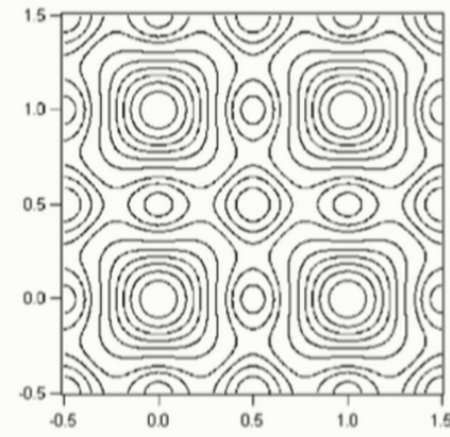
- G.L. Theory for a 2-component order parameter with $B//c$.
- Detailed comparison with small angle neutron scattering favours Agterberg model.



1Comp. G.L.



Agterberg $\nu=.2$

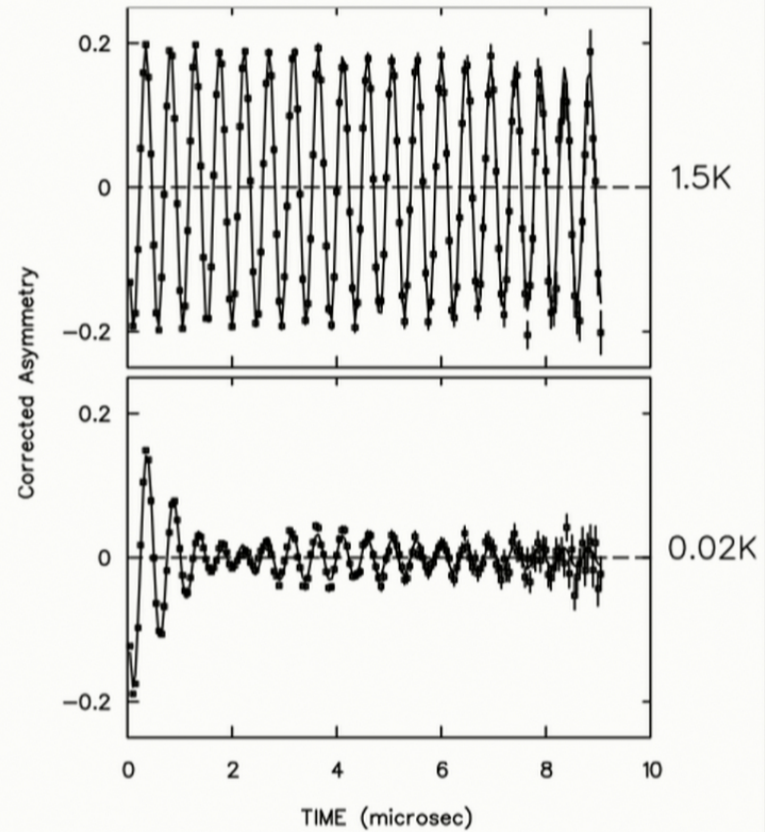


Observed

Kealey *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **84**, 6094 (2000).

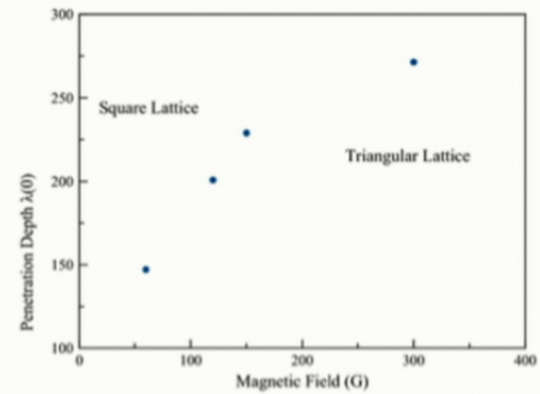
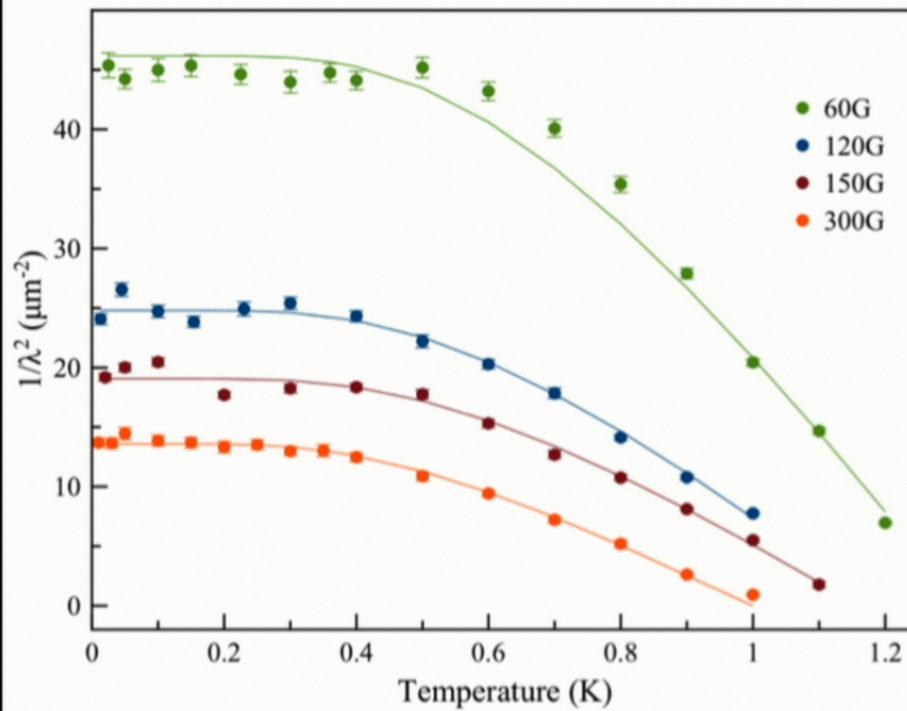
Sr₂RuO₄ TF- μ SR Analysis

- Square lattice data fit to microscopic Agterberg theory.
- Triangular lattice fit to Ginzburg-Landau model.
- Obtain κ for each field from global fit, then extract $\lambda(T,H)$.



Superfluid Density

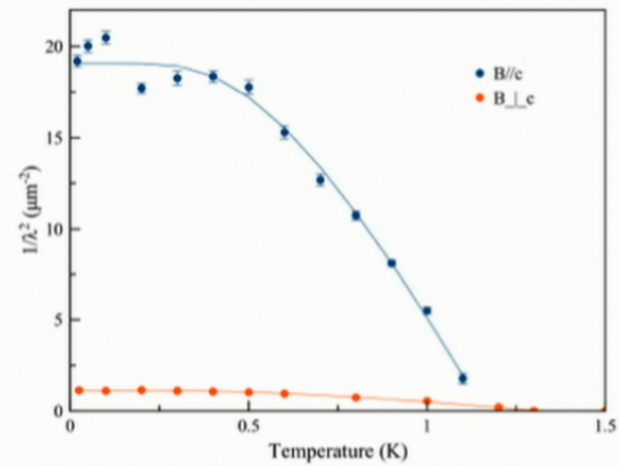
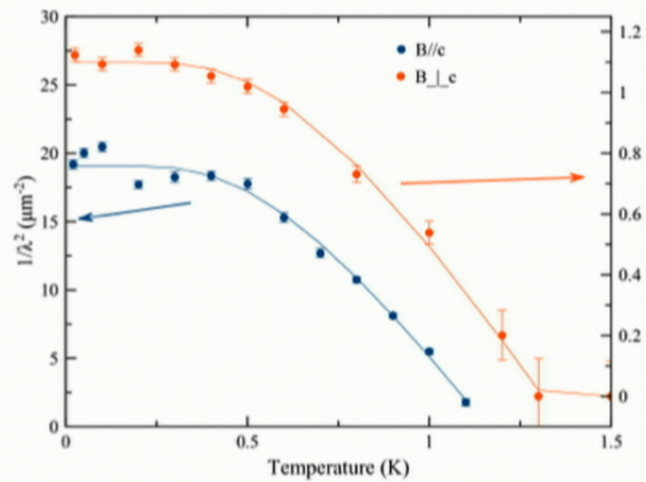
- Fit to weak coupled BCS.



- Neutrons give 194nm at 20mT
- all bands give 100nm
- γ alone gives 171nm.

c-axis

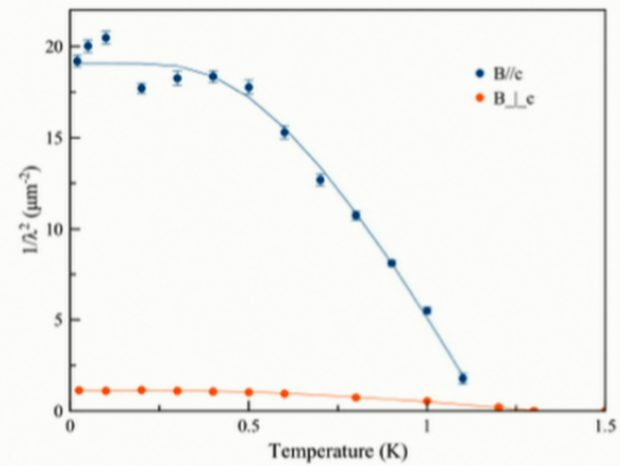
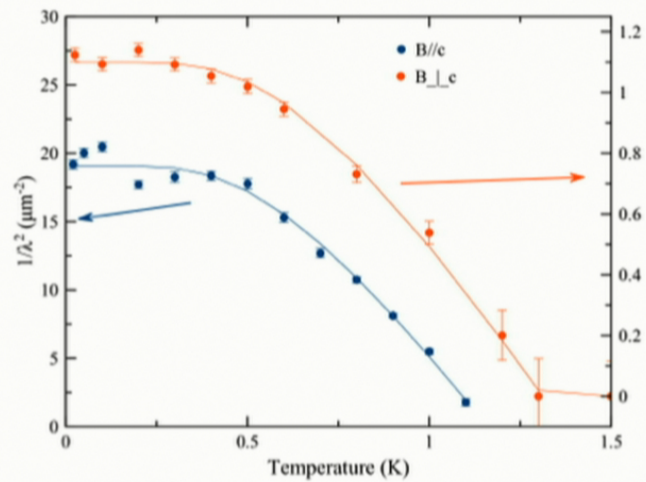
- $\lambda_c(0)=4000\text{nm}$.
- No evidence for nodes.



$$1/\lambda^2 = 1/\lambda_c \lambda_{ab}$$

c-axis

- $\lambda_c(0)=4000\text{nm}$.
- No evidence for nodes.



$$1/\lambda^2 = 1/\lambda_c \lambda_{ab}$$

Conclusions

- Broken time reversal in Sr_2RuO_4 below T_c in Meissner state.
- Penetration depth temperature dependence: gapless.
- Broken time reversal observed in a small but increasing number of superconductors.