

Title: Explorations in String Theory -9

Date: Apr 16, 2015 11:30 AM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/15040148>

Abstract:

CLAIM: Large N gauge theories are $(=)$ string theories and/or spin-chains.

Matrix Models $M \leftarrow N \times N$ matrix

$$\langle \dots \rangle = \frac{\int \mathcal{D}M e^{-S[M]}}{\int \mathcal{D}M e^{-S[M]}}$$

$$S[M] = \frac{1}{2g_s} \left(M^2 + \frac{t_3}{3} M^3 + \frac{t_4}{4} M^4 + \dots \right)$$

kin term

couplings

CLAIM Large N gauge theories are (...) string theories and/or spin-chains.

Matrix Models $M \leftarrow N \times N$ matrix

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$$S[M] = \frac{1}{2g_s} \left(M^2 + \frac{t_3}{3} M^3 + \frac{t_4}{4} M^4 + \dots \right), \quad \mathcal{D}M =$$

kin term couplings

gauge theories are (-) string theories and/or spin-chains.

($N \times N$ matrix) \equiv Gauge Theories in $d=0$



$$S[M] = \frac{1}{2g_s} \left(M^2 + \frac{t_3}{3} M^3 + \frac{t_4}{4} M^4 + \dots \right)$$

$$M \rightarrow \Omega M \Omega^{-1}$$

$$DM = \prod_{i,j} dM_{ij} \prod_{i,j} \frac{d\text{Re}(M_{ij})}{i g} \prod_{i,j} \frac{d\text{Im}(M_{ij})}{i g}$$

\downarrow
 Hermitian M

$$\langle M_{ij} M_{kl} \rangle = g_s \delta_{il} \delta_{jk} = \begin{array}{c} i \longleftarrow l \\ j \longrightarrow k \end{array} \leftarrow \text{fat propagator}$$

(in $d > 0$, $\langle M_{ij}(x) M_{kl}(y) \rangle = \left(\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \dots \end{array} \right) G(x-y)$)

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(in $d > 0$, $\langle M_{ij}(x) M_{kl}(y) \rangle = (\dots) G(x-y)$)

$$\left\langle \frac{1}{g_s} \text{tr} M^4 \right\rangle = \left\langle \frac{1}{g_s} \sum_{ijkl} M_{ij} M_{jk} M_{kl} M_{li} \right\rangle$$

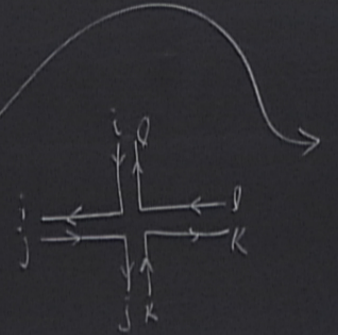
\leftarrow bad gauge inv. op. (Single Trace op)

$$S_{jk} = \begin{array}{c} i \longleftarrow l \\ j \longrightarrow k \end{array} \leftarrow \text{fat propagator}$$

$$= (\dots) G(x-y)$$

$$= 2g_s (\delta_{ik} \delta_{ll}) (\delta_{kk} \delta_{jj}) + g_s (\delta_{ik} \delta_{jl}) (\delta_{jl} \delta_{ki})$$

$$\langle M_{jk} M_{kl} M_{li} \rangle =$$



$$= \frac{1}{g_s} (2 \langle M_{il} M_{lk} \rangle \langle M_{ij} M_{jk} \rangle + \langle M_{ij} M_{lk} \rangle \langle M_{kl} M_{li} \rangle)$$

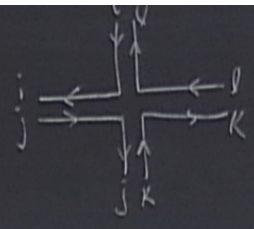
$$\langle \frac{1}{g_s} \sum_{ijk} M_{ij} M_{jk} M_{ki} M_{li} \rangle = \dots$$

-kool gauge inv. op. (Single trace op)

+ 1 $\stackrel{N}{g_s}$ = 2 +
 Planar graphs non-planar graphs genus 1 graph.



$\langle \text{Tr} M \rangle = \langle \frac{1}{g_s} \sum_{ijkl} M_{ij} M_{jk} M_{kl} M_{li} \rangle = \dots$
 (local gauge inv. op. (Single trace op))

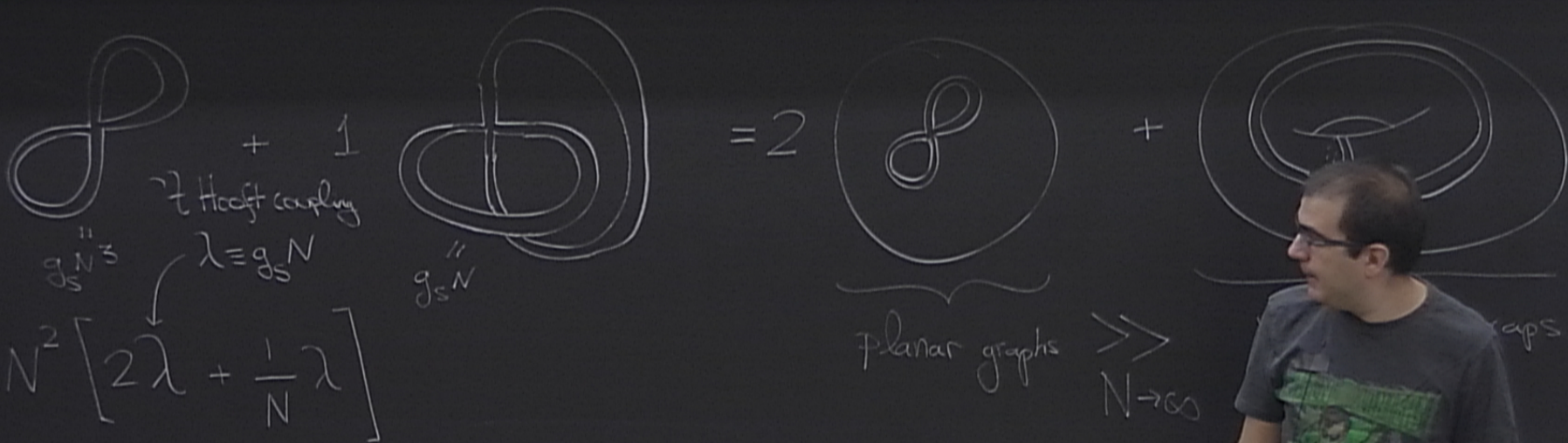


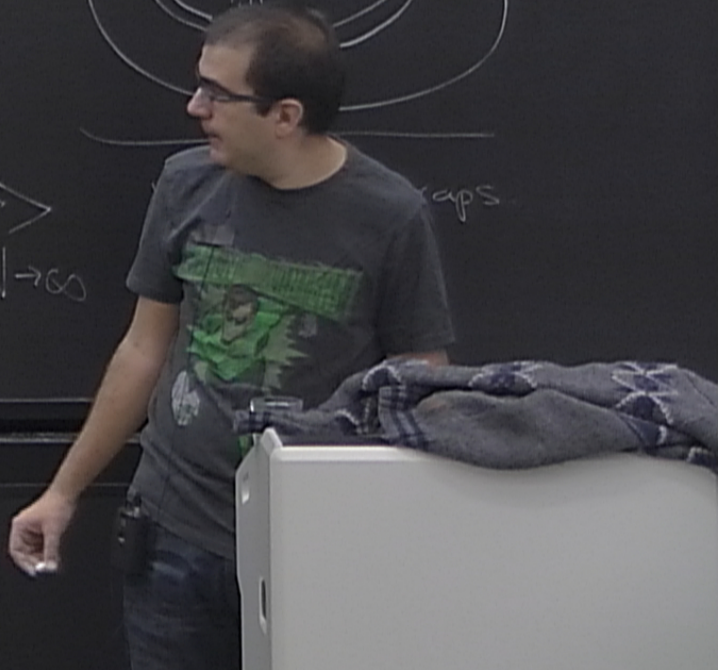
$g_s N^3$ $\lambda \equiv g_s N$ $g_s N$

$N^2 \left[2\lambda + \frac{1}{N} \lambda \right]$

= 2 (planar graphs) + (graphs)

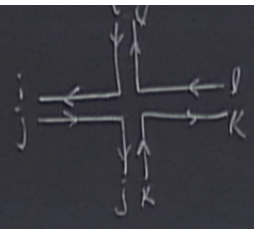
$\gg N \rightarrow \infty$

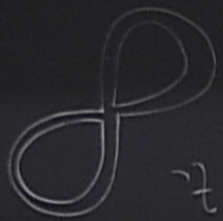




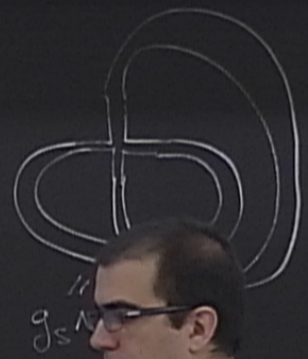
$$\langle \text{Tr} M^l \rangle = \langle \frac{1}{g_s} \sum_{ijkl} M_{ij} M_{jk} M_{kl} M_{li} \rangle = \dots$$

$\circ \leftarrow$ local gauge inv. op. (Single trace op)

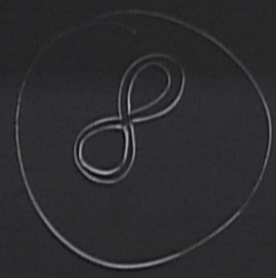




$g_s N^3$
 $\lambda \equiv g_s N$
 $N^2 \left[2\lambda + \frac{1}{N^2} \lambda \right]$



$= 2$



planar graphs

$+$

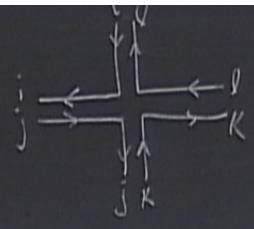


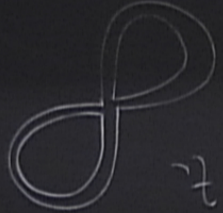

non-planar graphs
genus 1 graph.

\gg
 $N \rightarrow \infty$

$$\langle \text{Tr} M^l \rangle = \left\langle \frac{1}{g_s} \sum_{ijkl} M_{ij} M_{jk} M_{kl} M_{li} \right\rangle = \dots$$

$\circ \leftarrow$ local gauge inv. op. (Single trace op)



$g_s \sim N^3$ $g_s \sim N$
 $\lambda \equiv g_s N$

$$N^2 \left[2\lambda + \frac{1}{N^2} \lambda \right]$$

$$= 2 \left[\text{planar graphs} \right] + \left[\text{non-planar graphs genus 1 graph} \right]$$

$\gg N \rightarrow \infty$

models $M \leftarrow N \times N$ matrix \equiv in $d=0$

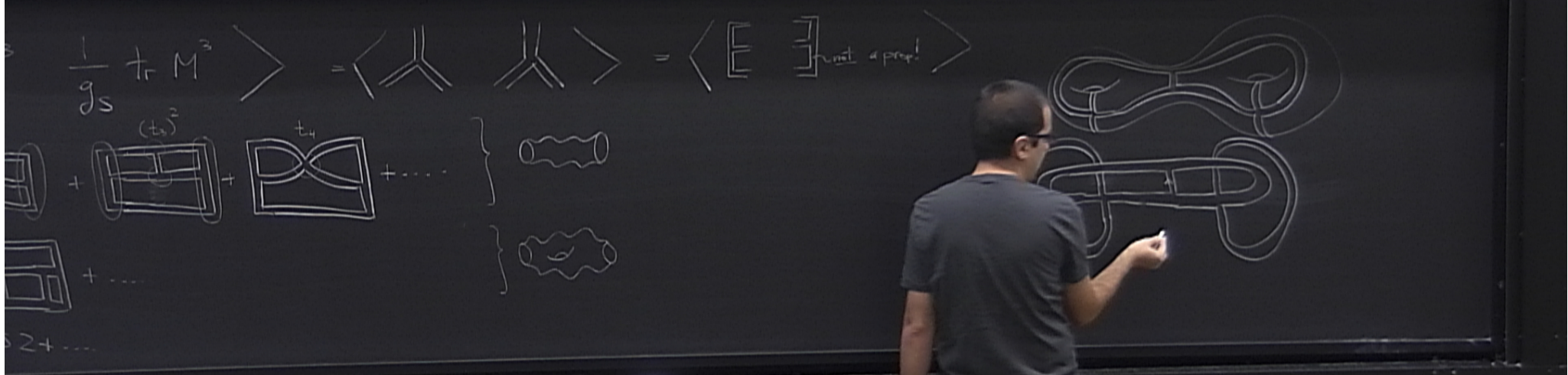
$$\frac{\int \mathcal{D}M e^{-S[M]}}{\int \mathcal{D}M e^{-S[M]}}$$

$$S[M] = \frac{1}{2g_s} \left(M^2 + \frac{t_3}{3} M^3 + \frac{t_4}{4} M^4 + \dots \right)$$

\downarrow
 $d > 0$ $(\mathcal{D}M)^2$

$$\mathcal{D}M = \prod_{i,j} dM_{ij} \prod_{i,j} \frac{d\text{Re}(M_{ij})}{ig} \prod_{i,j} \frac{d\text{Im}(M_{ij})}{ig}$$

\downarrow
Hermitian M



models $M \leftarrow N \times N$ matrix \equiv in $d=0$

$$\frac{\int \mathcal{D}M e^{-S[M]}}{\int \mathcal{D}M e^{-S[M]}}$$

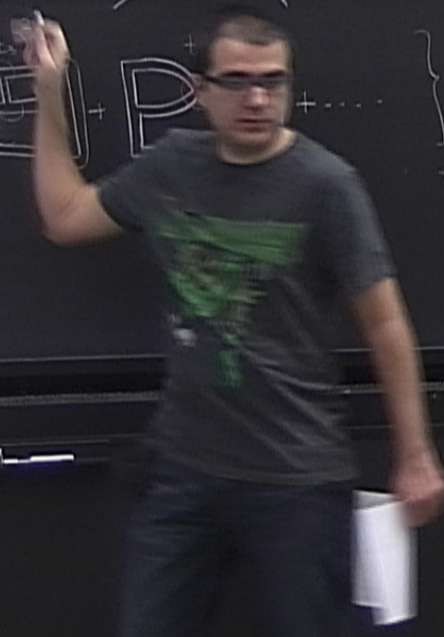
$$S[M] = \frac{1}{2g_s} \left(M^2 + \frac{t_3}{3} M^3 + \frac{t_4}{4} M^4 + \dots \right)$$

$\xrightarrow{d>0} (dM)^2$

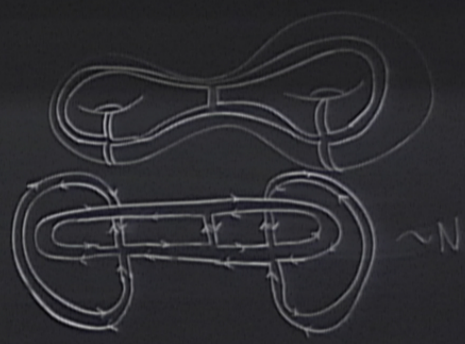
$$\mathcal{D}M = \prod_i dM_{ii} \prod_{i,j} \frac{d\text{Re}(M_{ij})}{g_j} \prod_{i,j} \frac{d\text{Im}(M_{ij})}{ig_j}$$

Hermitian M

$\frac{1}{g_s} \text{tr} M^3 \rangle = \langle \text{Y-vertices} \rangle = \langle [E] \rangle$ (unit 4 prop!)



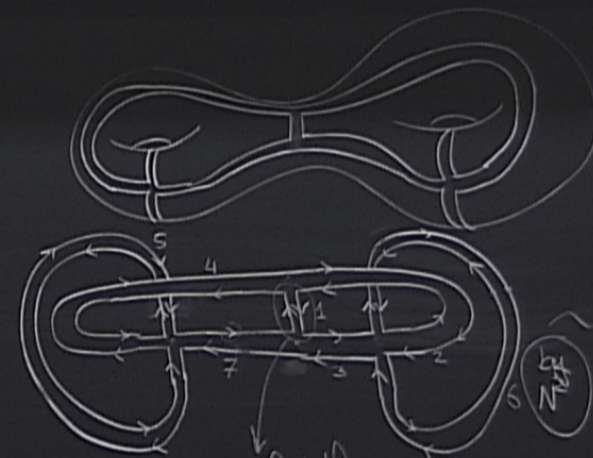
$\left[\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram 1} \\ \text{Diagram 2} \end{array} \right] + \dots \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram 3} \\ \text{Diagram 4} \end{array} \right.$



$2g_s \rightarrow (\partial M)^2$

Hermitian M

$\langle \text{Y-vertex} \rangle = \langle [E] \rangle$ not a prop!



$N^2 \left[\frac{\lambda^3}{N^4} \right]$

$N g_s \frac{1}{g_s}$

without this $\rightarrow N^2 g_s^4 \frac{1}{g_s^2} = N^2 \left[\frac{\lambda^2}{N^2} \right]$

$$= N \left[2\lambda + \frac{1}{N^2} \lambda \right]$$

planar graphs

$N \rightarrow \infty$

genus 1 graph

Consider a gen. graph. contributes as:

$$g_s = \# \text{propagators} - \# \text{vertices} - \# \text{external ops}$$

$$E - V + F = N$$

$$V = V_{\text{int}} + V_{\text{ext}}$$

$$\# \text{faces} = \# \text{loops} = \# \text{closed lines}$$

planar graphs $N \rightarrow \infty$ genus 1 graph.

notes as:

$\underbrace{- \# \text{ external ops}}_N$ $\# \text{ faces} = \# \text{ loops} = \# \text{ closed lines}$

$V = V_{\text{int}} + V_{\text{ext}}$

F (with an upward arrow pointing to $\# \text{ faces}$)

$E - V + F = 2g - 2$

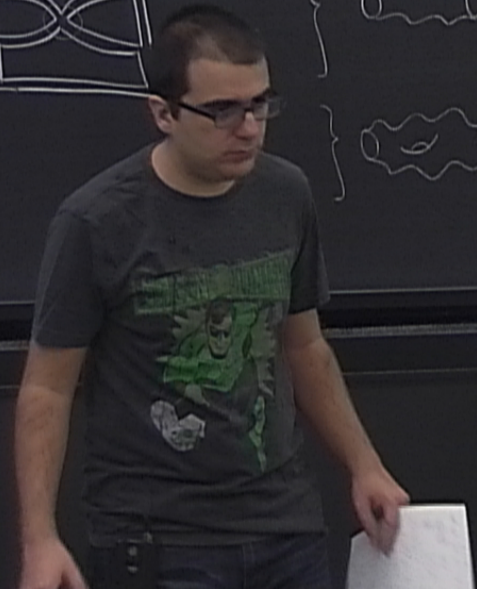
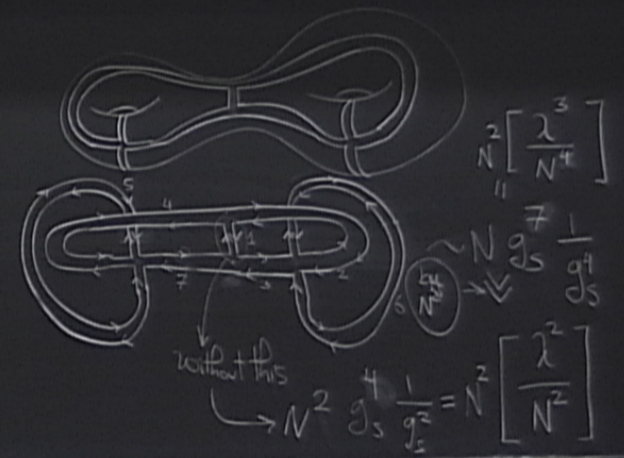
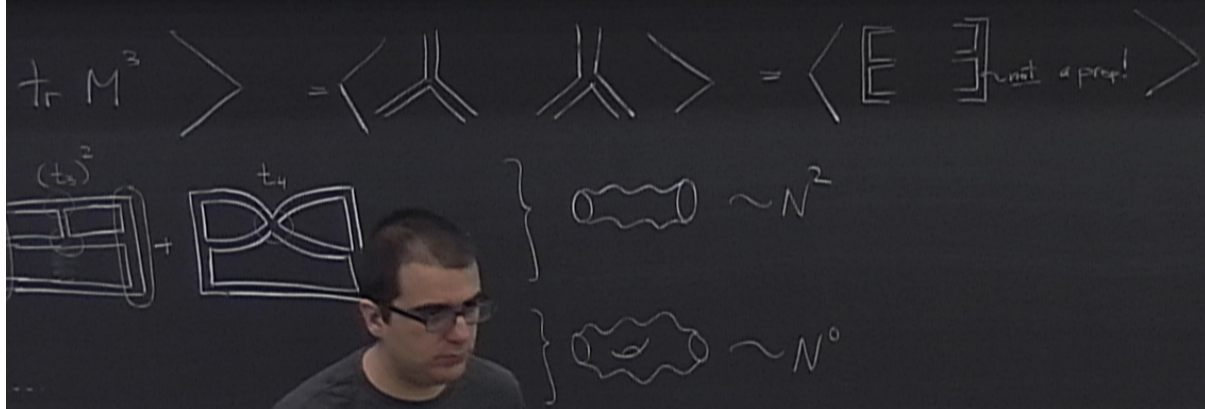
genus (with an arrow pointing to g)

$$S[M] = \frac{1}{2g_s} \left(M^2 + \frac{t_3}{3} M^3 + \frac{t_4}{4} M^4 + \dots \right)$$

$\xrightarrow{d^20} (dM)^2$

$$DM = \prod_i dM_{ii} \prod_{i < j} \frac{d\text{Re}(M_{ij})}{g_j} \prod_{i < j} \frac{d\text{Im}(M_{ij})}{g_j}$$

\leftarrow Hermitian M

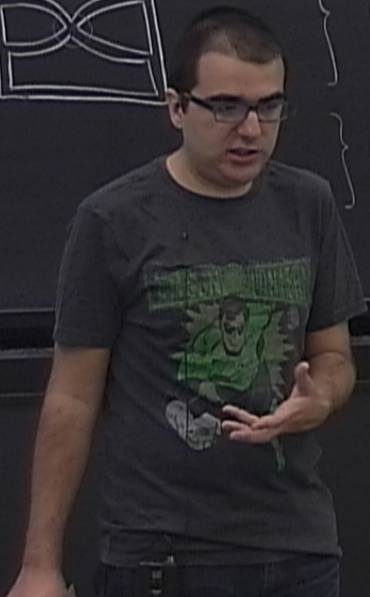
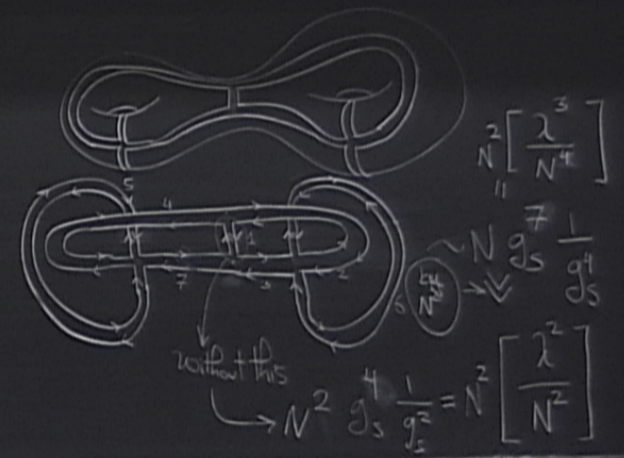
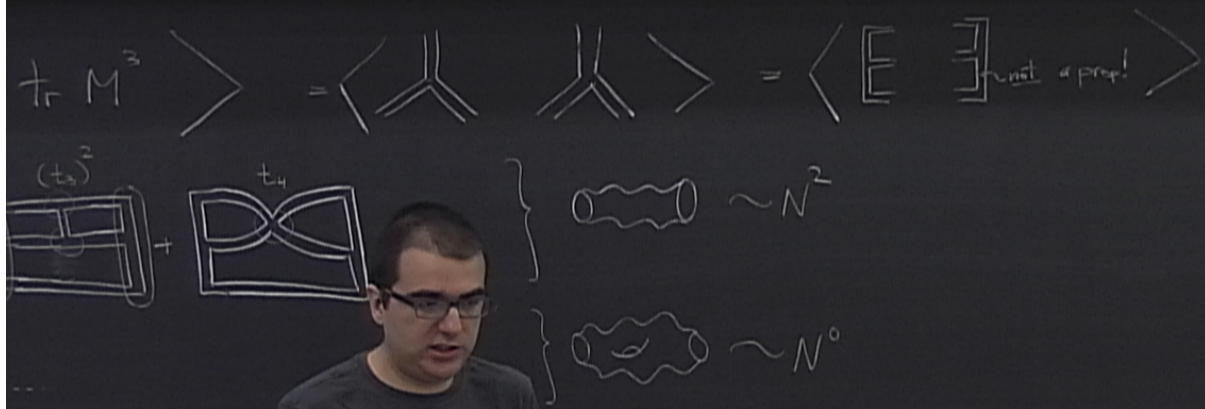


$$S[M] = \frac{1}{2g_s} \left(M^2 + \frac{t_3}{3} M^3 + \frac{t_4}{4} M^4 + \dots \right)$$

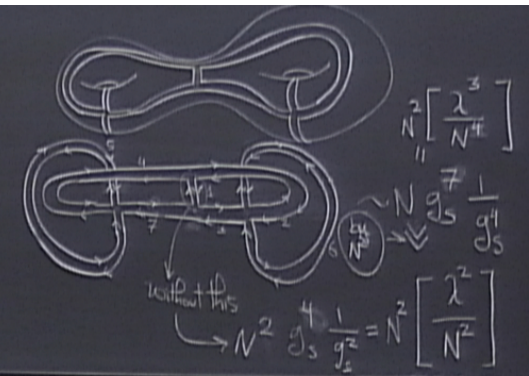
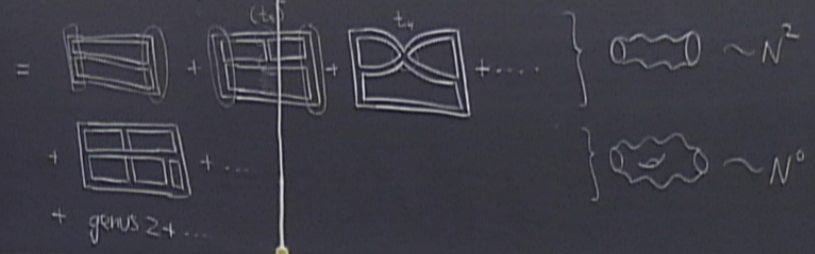
$\xrightarrow{dM} (dM)^2$

$$DM = \prod_i dM_{ii} \prod_{i < j} \frac{d\text{Re}(M_{ij})}{g_j} \prod_{i < j} \frac{d\text{Im}(M_{ij})}{g_j}$$

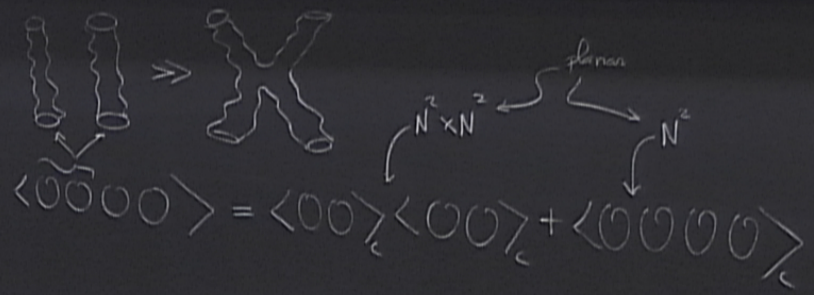
\leftarrow Hermitian M



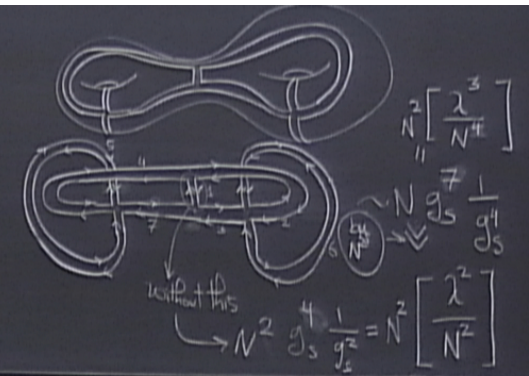
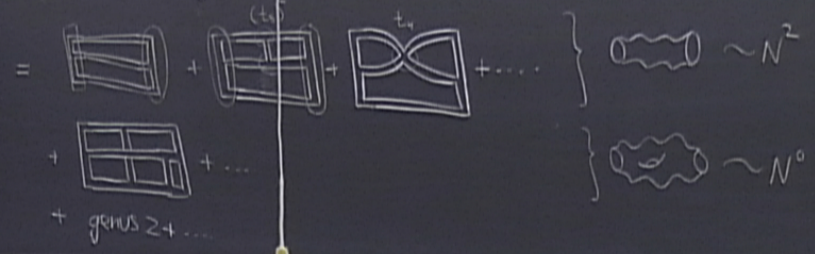
$$\left\langle \frac{1}{g_s} \text{tr} M^3 \right\rangle = \left\langle \frac{1}{g_s} \text{tr} M^3 \right\rangle = \left\langle \left[\text{E} \right]_{\text{unit } \langle \text{prop} \rangle} \right\rangle$$



if $\lambda \leftarrow$ string tension
 we expect classical string
 only at $\lambda \gg 1$



$$\left\langle \frac{1}{g_s} \text{tr} M^3 \right\rangle = \left\langle \frac{1}{g_s} \text{tr} M^3 \right\rangle = \left\langle \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right]_{\text{const. & prop!}} \right\rangle$$



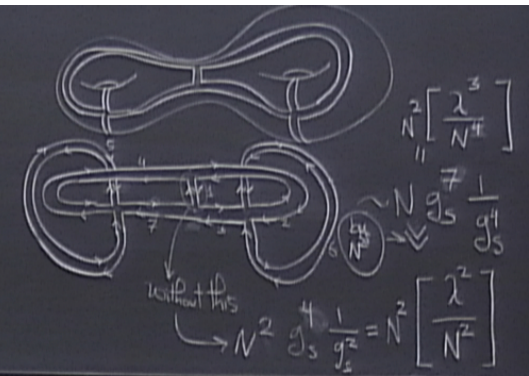
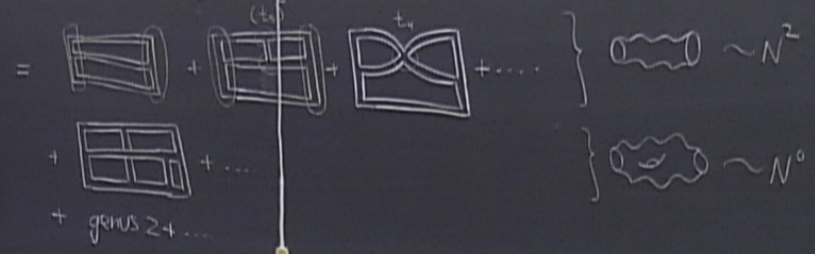
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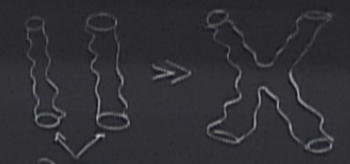
$$\langle \text{oooo} \rangle = \langle \text{oo} \rangle_c \langle \text{oo} \rangle_c + \langle \text{oooo} \rangle_c$$

$\nearrow N^2 \times N^2$ $\xrightarrow{\text{planar}}$ N^2 \searrow huge N factorization
 \nearrow then by N^2

$$\left\langle \frac{1}{g_s} \text{tr} M^3 \right\rangle = \left\langle \frac{1}{g_s} \text{tr} M^3 \right\rangle = \left\langle \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right] \right\rangle_{\text{fund. \&prop!}}$$



if $\lambda \leftarrow$ string tension
we expect classical string
only at $\lambda \gg 1$



$$\langle \underbrace{0000} \rangle = \langle 00 \rangle_c \langle 00 \rangle_c + \langle 0000 \rangle_c$$

\nearrow then \searrow by N^2

planar $\rightarrow N^2 \times N^2$

huge N factorization $\rightarrow N^2$

string and free

$$S_{\text{gravity}} \sim \frac{1}{G_N} \int d^4x (\text{fields})$$

$$G_N \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{N^2}$$

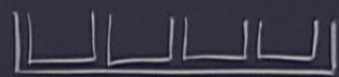
$$\frac{\left(\frac{1}{G_N^2} G_N^5 \right)}{G_N^2} \sim G_N$$

$$\frac{\left(G_N \right)^3 \frac{1}{G_N}}{G_N^{3/2}} \sim \sqrt{G_N}$$

$$\frac{\langle 000 \rangle_c}{(\langle 00 \rangle_c^{1/2})^3} \sim \frac{N^2}{(N^2)^{3/2}} \sim \frac{1}{N}$$

$$\frac{\langle 0000 \rangle}{\langle 00 \rangle^{4/2}} \sim \frac{1}{N^2}$$

single trace op



← 1d object



→ 1d spin chain
w/ periodic b.c.

e.g

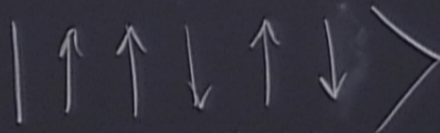
$$\text{tr } M_1 M_1 M_2 M_1 M_2 \leftrightarrow$$



$$+ \lambda$$



$$+ \frac{\lambda}{N^2}$$



$$H = \sum_{n=1}^L \frac{|\times|}{\lambda}$$

$$+ \lambda^2 \sum \text{diagram} + \dots$$