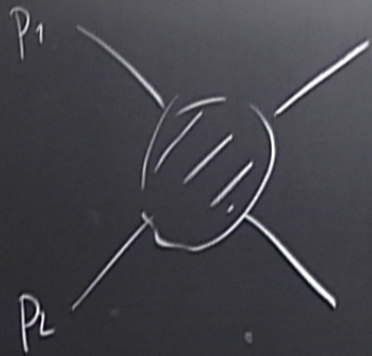


Title: String Theory Review-11

Date: Feb 09, 2015 10:15 AM

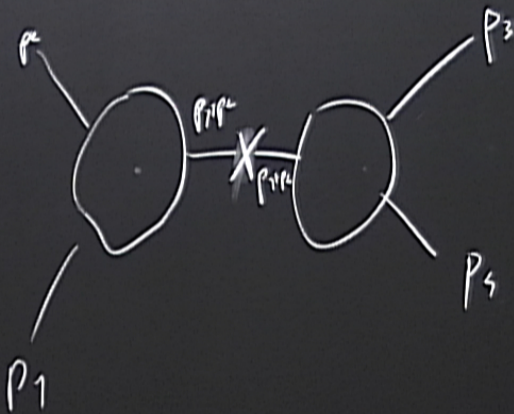
URL: <http://pirsa.org/15020021>

Abstract:



$$\frac{1}{(P_1 + P_2)^2 + m^2}$$

$$\sim \frac{1}{(P_1 + P_2)^2 + m^2}$$



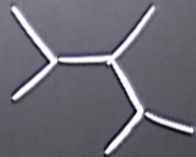
$$\int D\phi e^{\frac{1}{g^2} S[\phi]}$$

$$A = \sum_h g^{2R-2} A_e$$

$$\frac{g^2}{g^2}$$

~~$$\frac{1}{g^2}$$~~

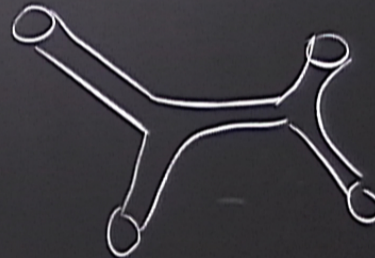
~~$$\frac{1}{g^2}$$~~ \dots

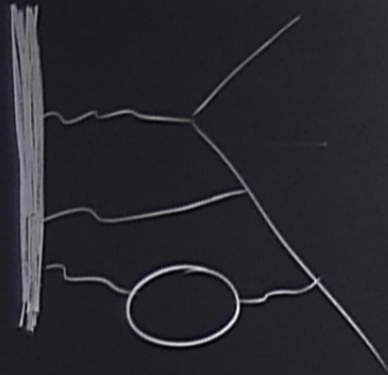


$$\sim \frac{1}{g^2}$$



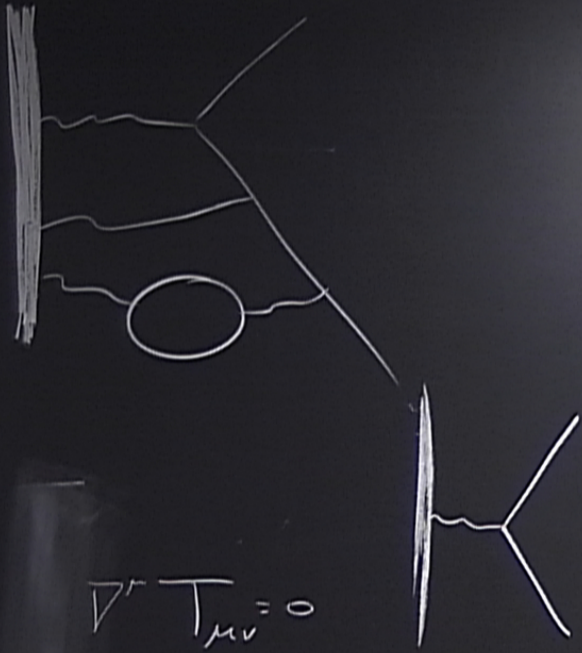
$$\sim 1$$



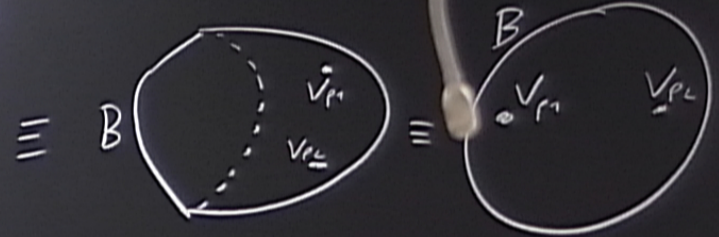
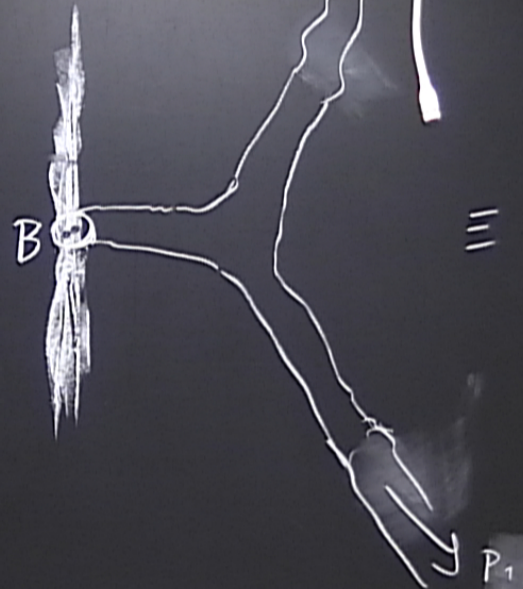


$$S_{\text{QED}} + q \int A_0(0,t) dt$$

$$S_{QED} + q \int A_0(0,t) dt$$



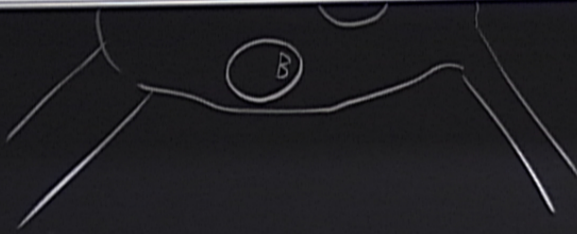
$$\nabla^\mu T_{\mu\nu} = 0$$



$$\nabla^\mu T_{\mu\nu} = 0$$



P_1



$$A(L_h, B_c, B_m) = \sum_h \sum_{b_a} g^{2h-2} \frac{1}{\pi^2} \lambda_a^{b_a} A_h(b_a)$$

SCEP

9
9
9

$\nabla^\mu T_{\mu\nu} = 0$

BO

≡ B

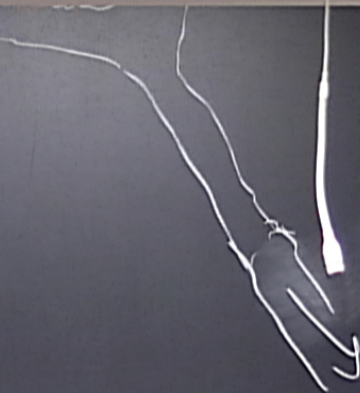
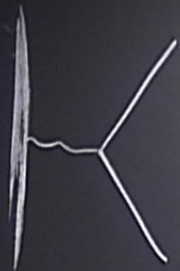
B

P₁

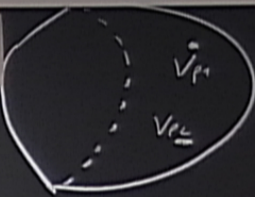
B

$A[B_1, B_2, B_m] = \sum_h \sum_{b_a} g^{2h-2} \tau_2^{ba} A_h(b_a)$

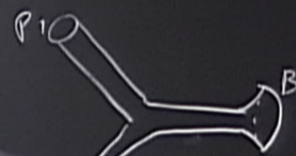
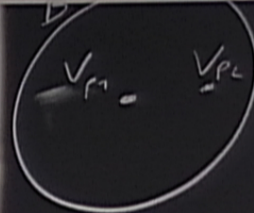
$$\nabla_{\mu} T^{\mu\nu} = 0$$



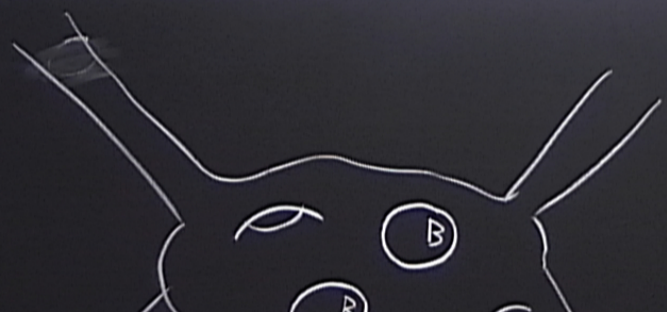
$\equiv B$



\equiv

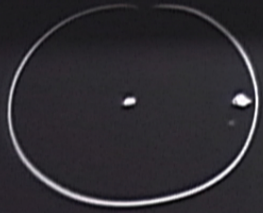


$$\frac{1}{(p_1 + p_2)^2 + m^2}$$

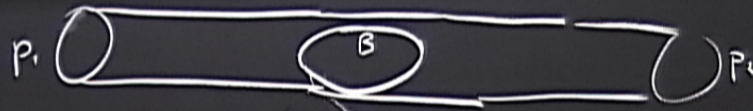


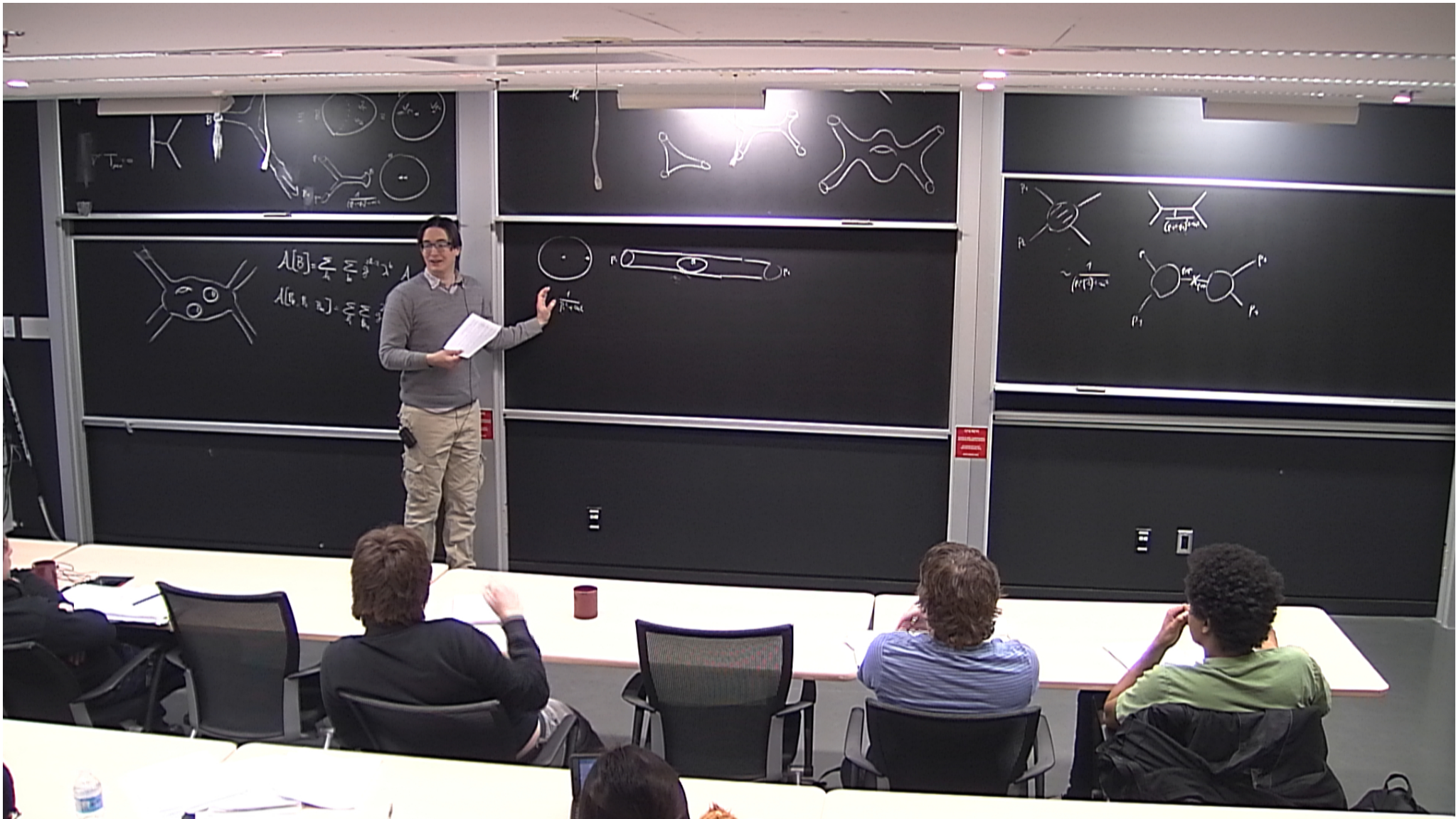
$$A[B] = \sum_h \sum_b g^{2h-2} \lambda^b A_{h,b}$$

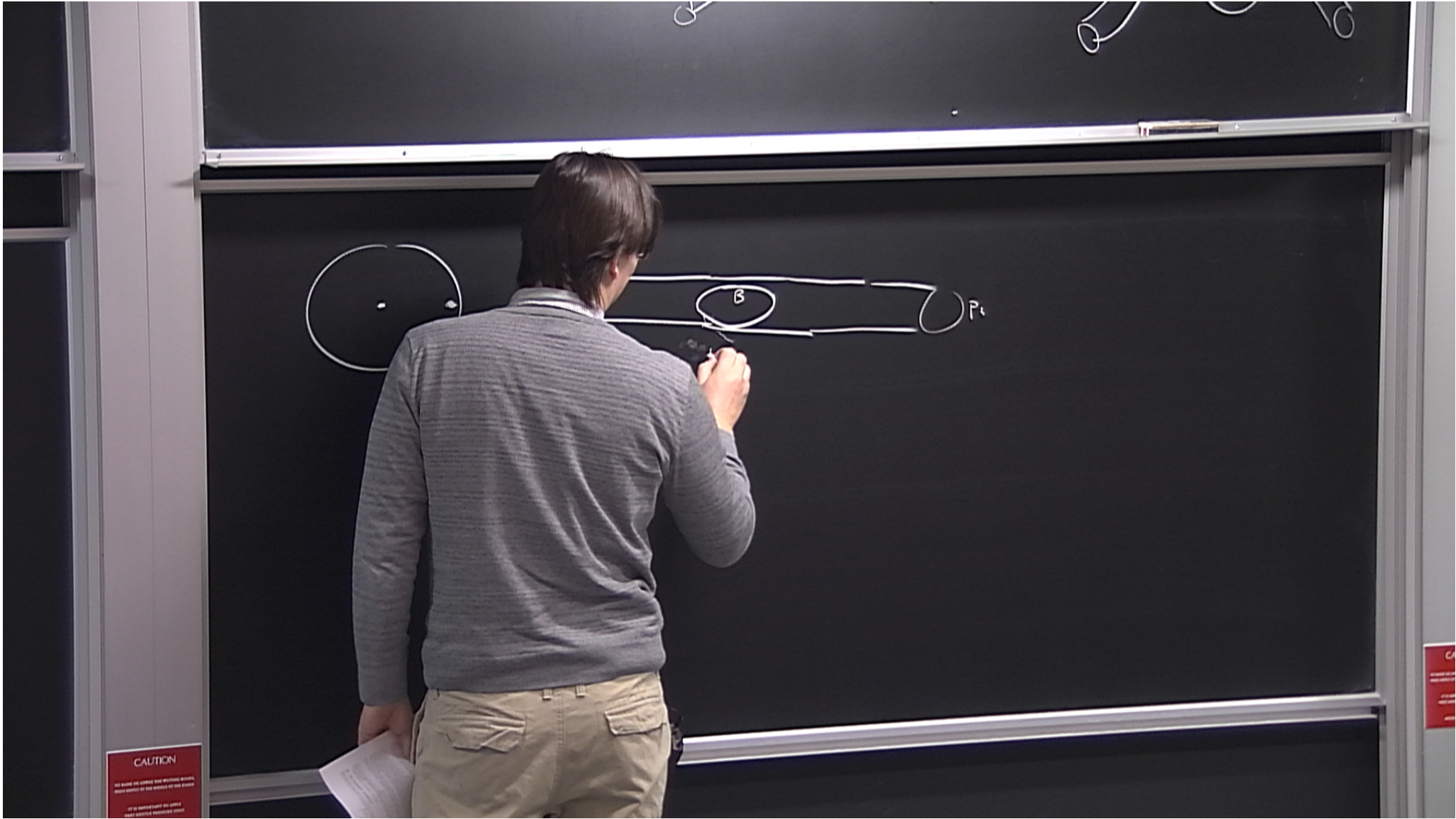
$$A[B_1, B_2, \dots, B_m] = \sum_h \sum_b g^{2h-2} \lambda^b$$

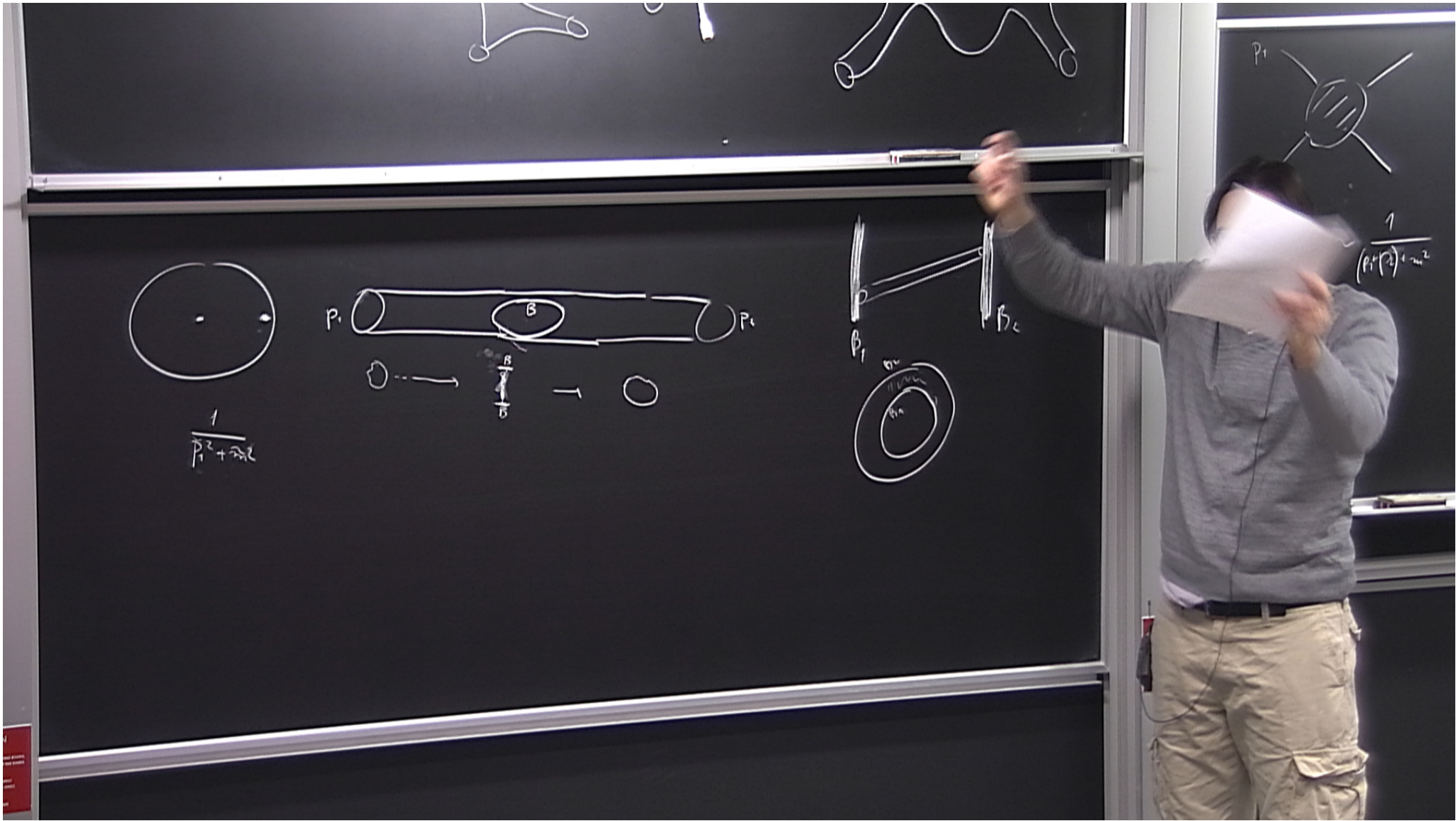


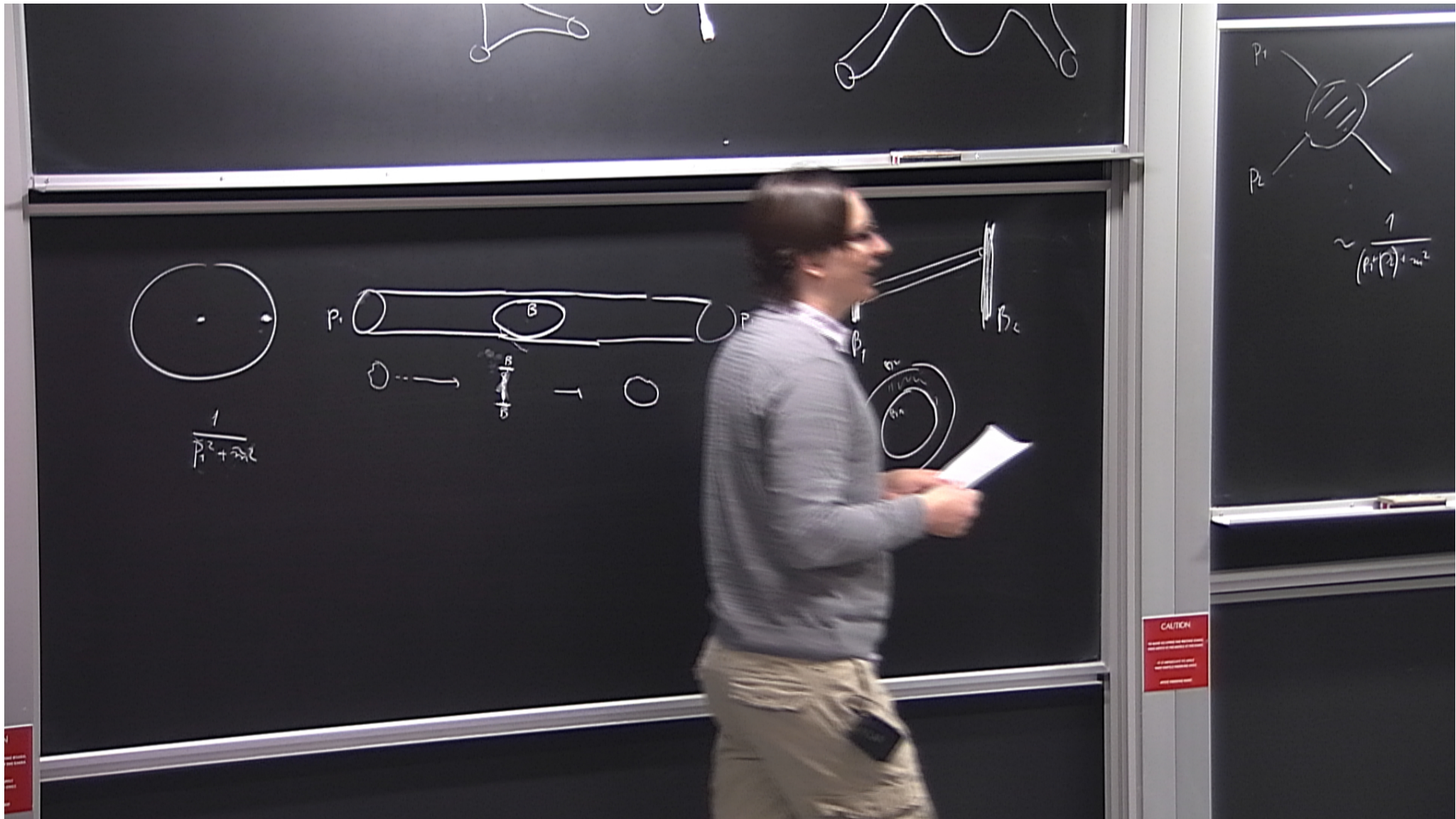
$$\frac{1}{p_1^2 + \lambda^2}$$



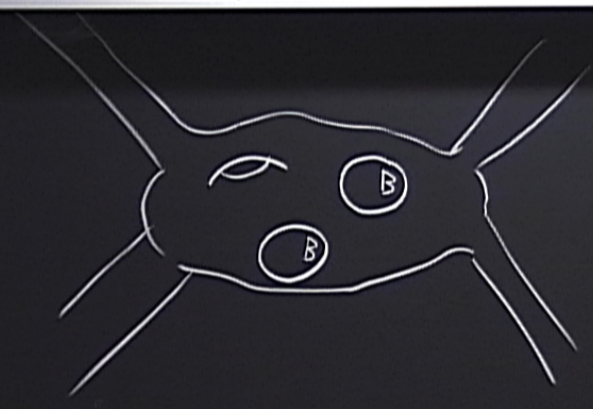
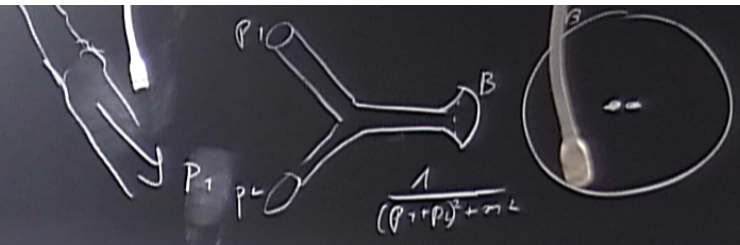








$$\nabla^\mu T_{\mu\nu} = 0$$



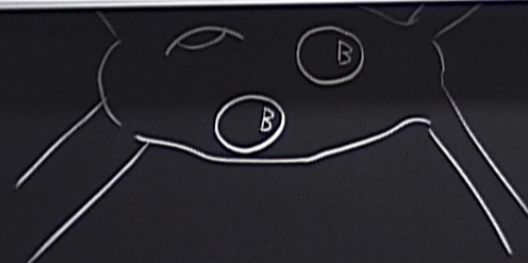
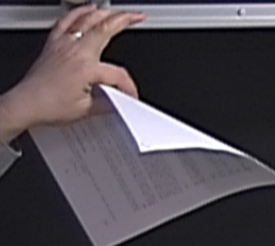
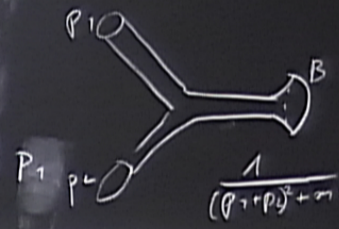
$$A(B) = \sum_h \sum_b g^{2h-2} \lambda^b N^{2h-2+b} A_{h,b}$$

$$A(B_1, B_2, \dots, B_m) = \sum_{h_1} \sum_{b_2} g^{2h_1-2} \lambda^{b_2} \prod_{i=2}^m \lambda^{b_i} A_{h_1}(b_i)$$

$$\nabla^\nu T_{\mu\nu} = 0$$

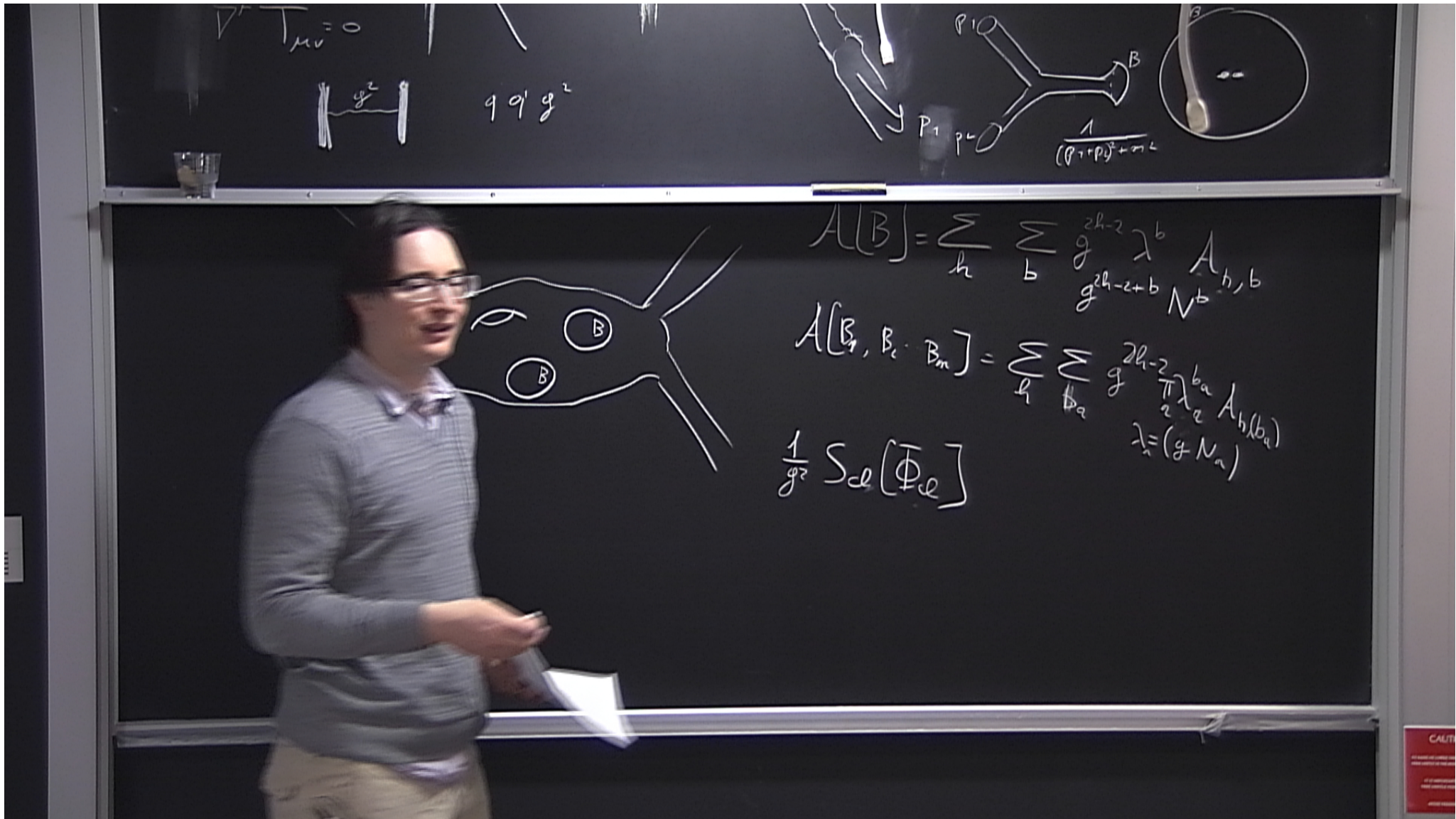


$$g g' g^2$$



$$A(B_1, B_2, B_m) = \sum_{L_1} \sum_{L_2} g^{2L_1 - 2} \frac{\pi^2}{2} \lambda_2^{L_2} A_{L_1}(b_a)$$

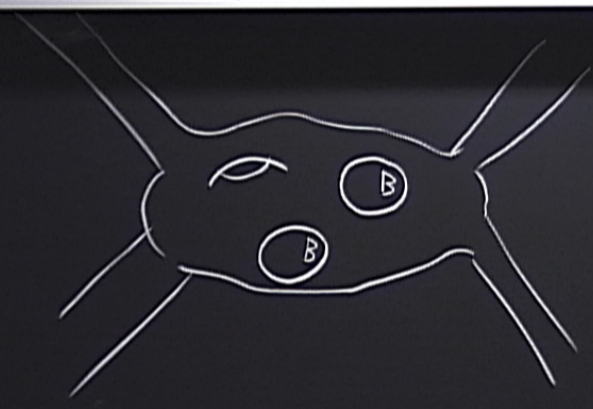
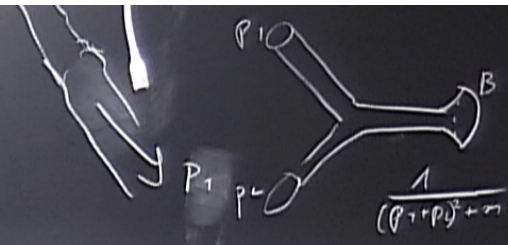
$$\lambda_2 = (g N_a)$$



$$\nabla^\mu T_{\mu\nu} = 0$$



$$g g' g^2$$



$$A[B] = \sum_h \sum_b g^{2h-2} \lambda^b A_{h,b} / N^b$$

$$A[B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n] = \sum_h \sum_{b_a} g^{2h-2} \prod_a \lambda^{b_a} A_h(b_a) / \lambda_n = (g N_n)$$

$$\frac{1}{g^2} S_{cl}[\Phi_{cl}] + \frac{1}{g^2} S_{op}(\Phi_{op}, \Phi_{cl})$$

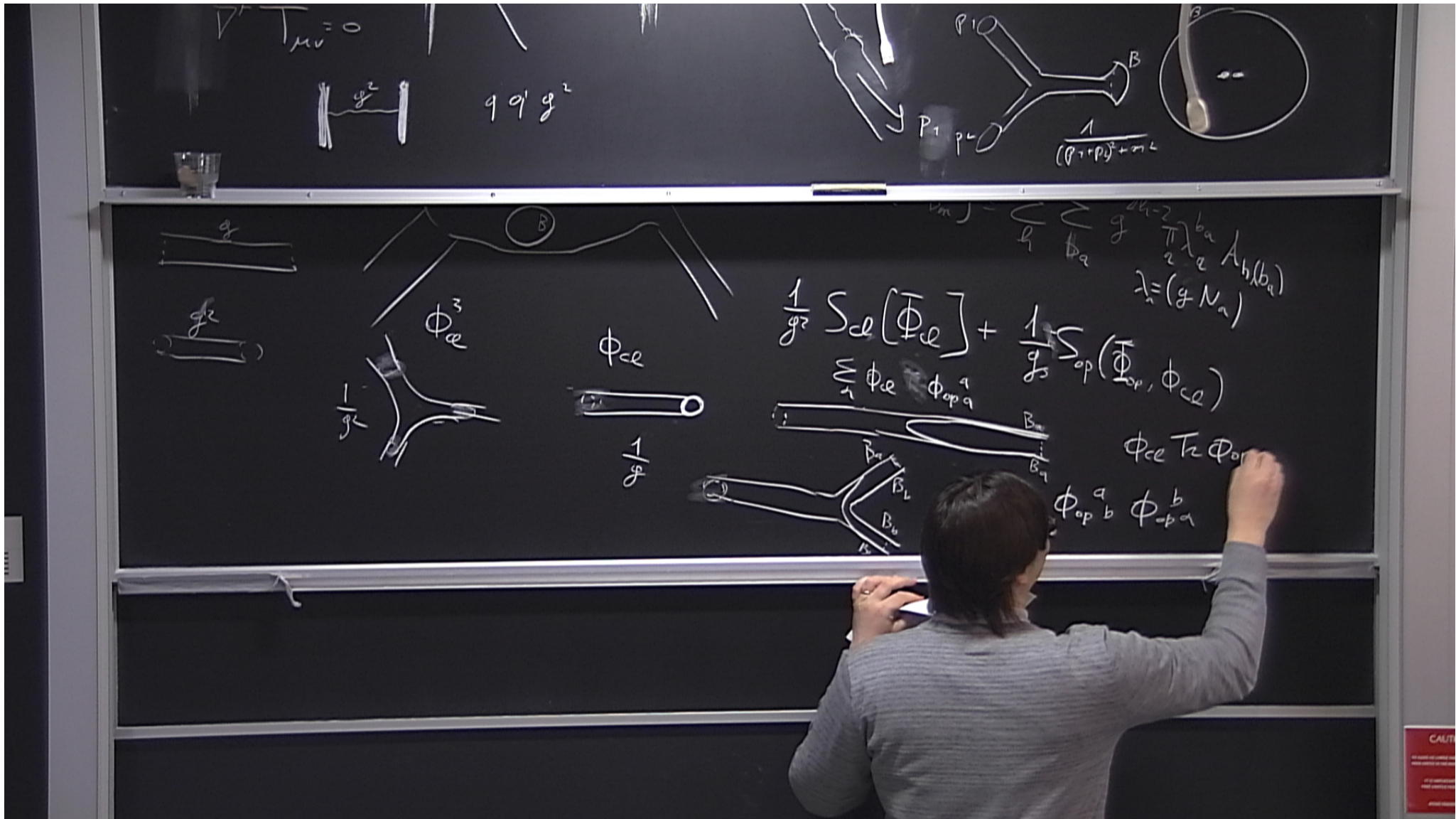


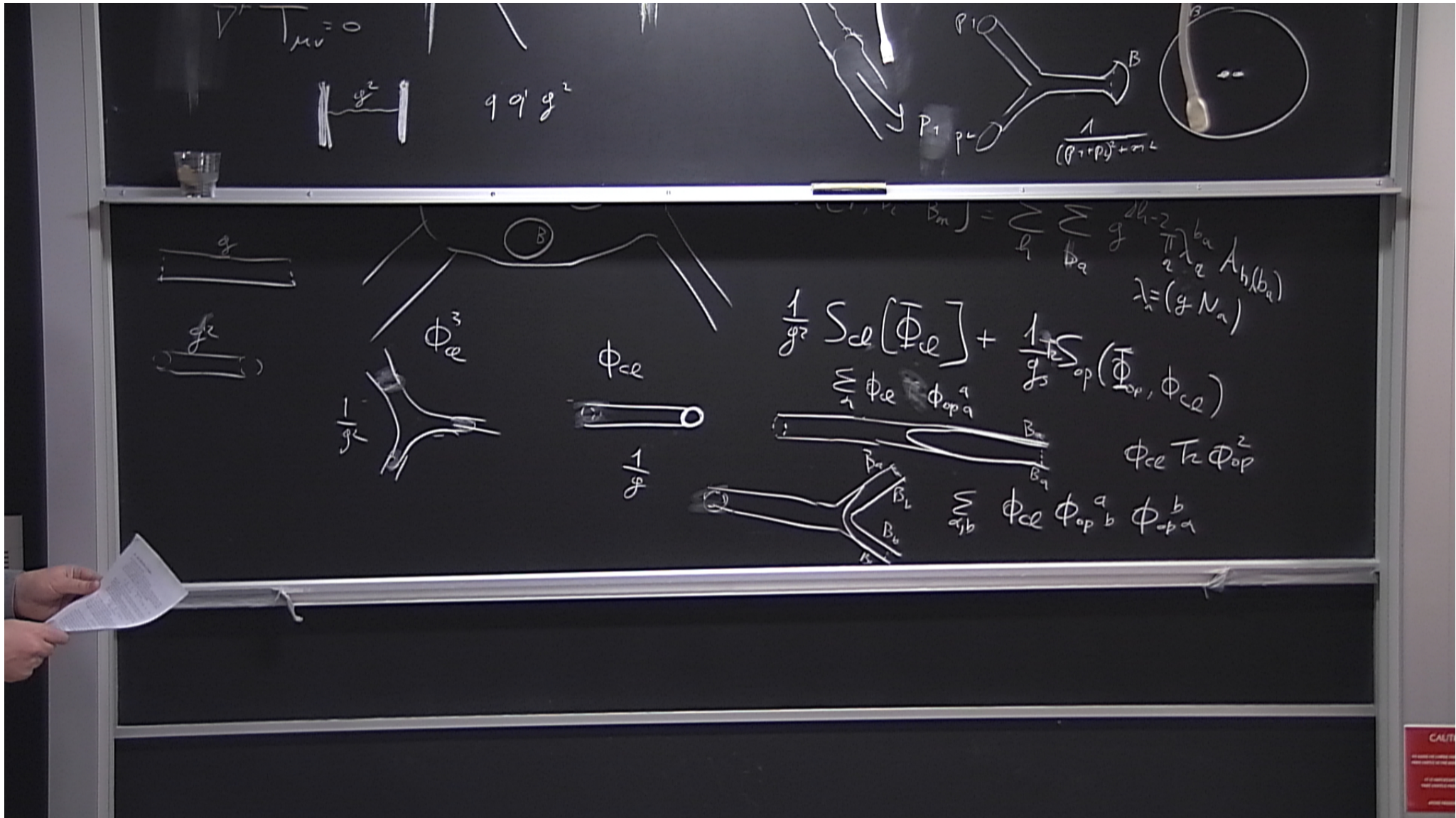
$T_{\mu\nu} = 0$
 g^2
 $g g' g^2$

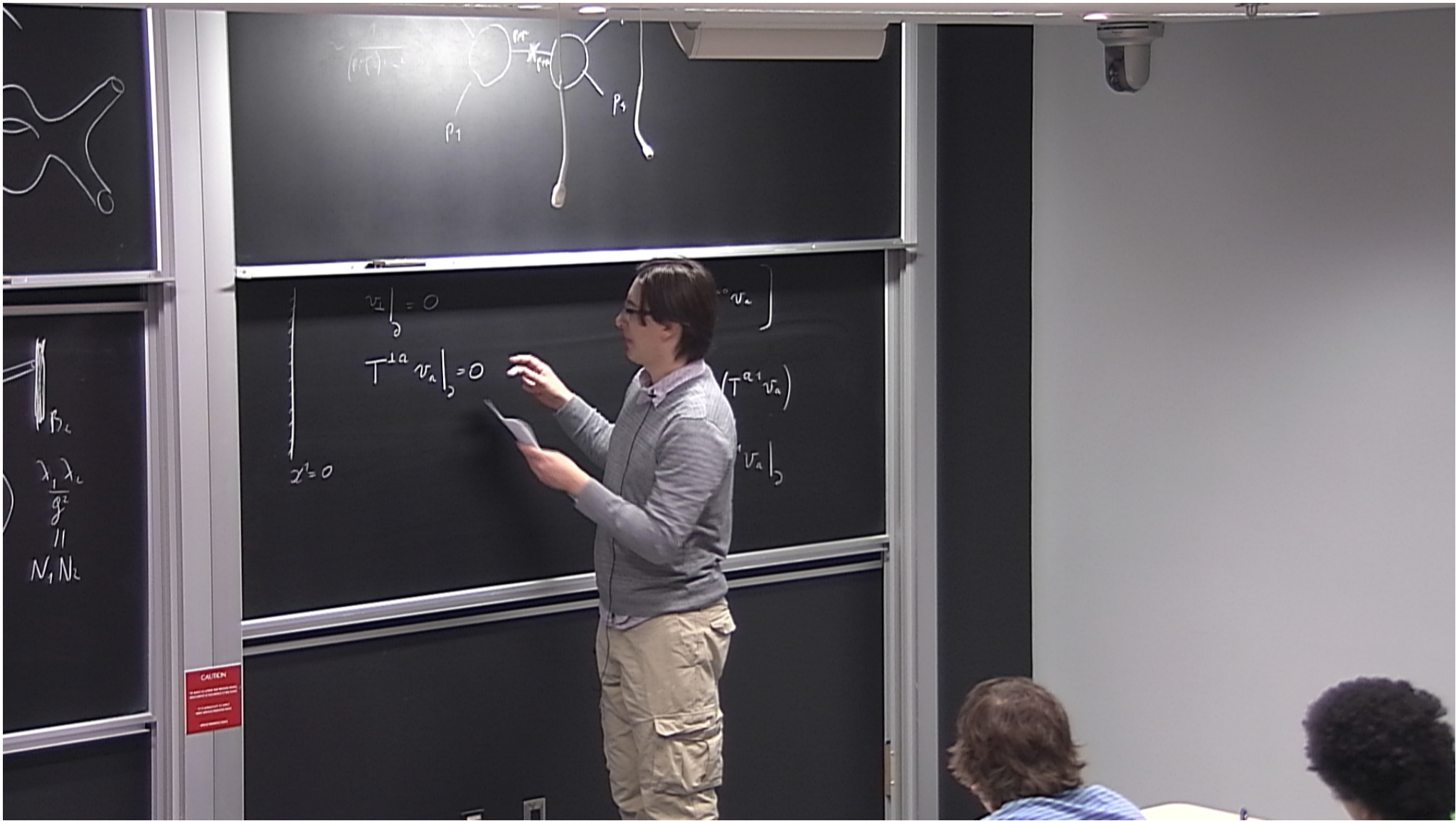
$A[B_1, B_2, B_m] = \sum_h \sum_{b_a} g^{2h-2} \frac{\pi \lambda_a}{2} A_{h(b_a)}$
 $\lambda_a = (g N_a)$

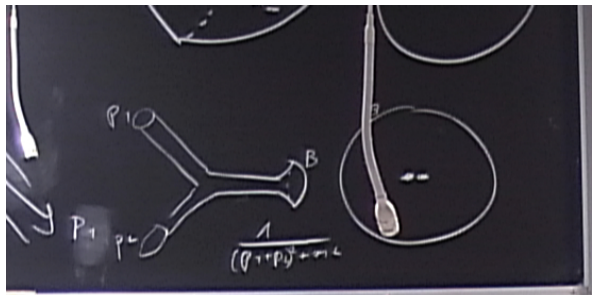
$\frac{1}{g^2} S_{cl}[\Phi_{cl}] + \frac{1}{g_s} S_{op}(\Phi_{op}, \phi_{cl})$

B_u
 B_v
 B_w









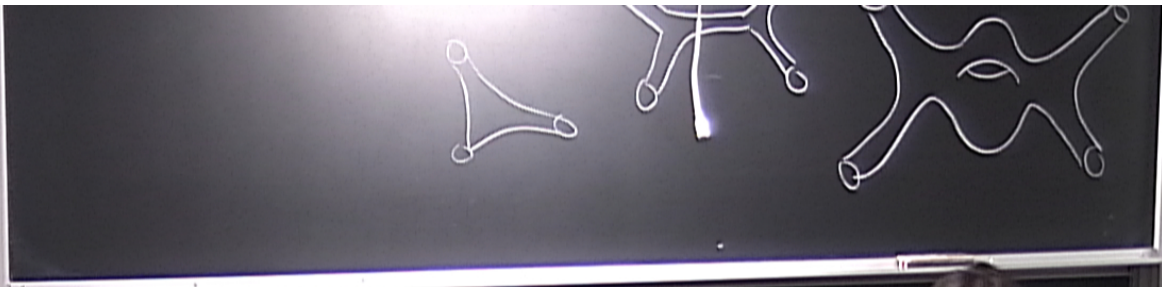
$$[B] = \sum_h \sum_b g^{2h-2} \lambda^b A_{h,b}$$

$$[B_i \cdot B_m] = \sum_h \sum_{b_a} g^{2h-2} \lambda^{b_a} A_{h,b_a}$$

$$\lambda_i = (g N_i)$$

$$d[\Phi_{ce}] + \frac{1}{g_s} \sum_{op} (\Phi_{op}, \Phi_{ce})$$

$$\sum_{a,b} \Phi_{ce} \Phi_{op}^a \Phi_{op}^b$$



$$X \int \partial X \bar{\partial} X d^2z$$

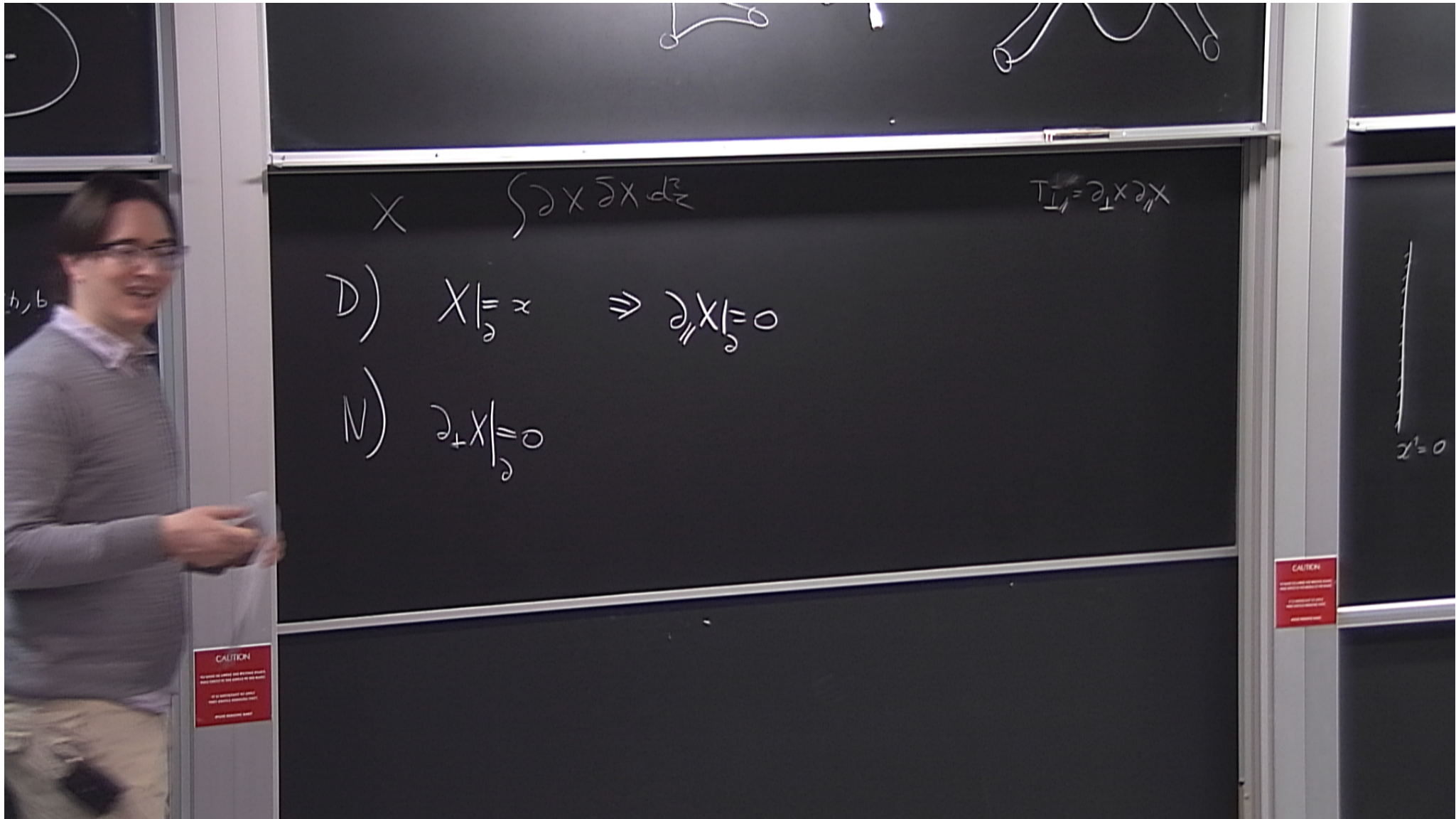
D) $X|_S = x \Rightarrow \partial X|_S = 0$

N) $\partial_+ X|_S = 0$



CAUTION

CAUTION



$$X \quad \int \psi X \psi^2 dz$$

$$D) \quad X|_z = \alpha \quad \Rightarrow \quad \partial_z X|_z = 0$$

$$N) \quad \partial_z X|_z = 0$$

$$T_{zz} = T_{zz} |_z$$

$$\partial_z X = \pm \partial_z X |_z$$

h, b

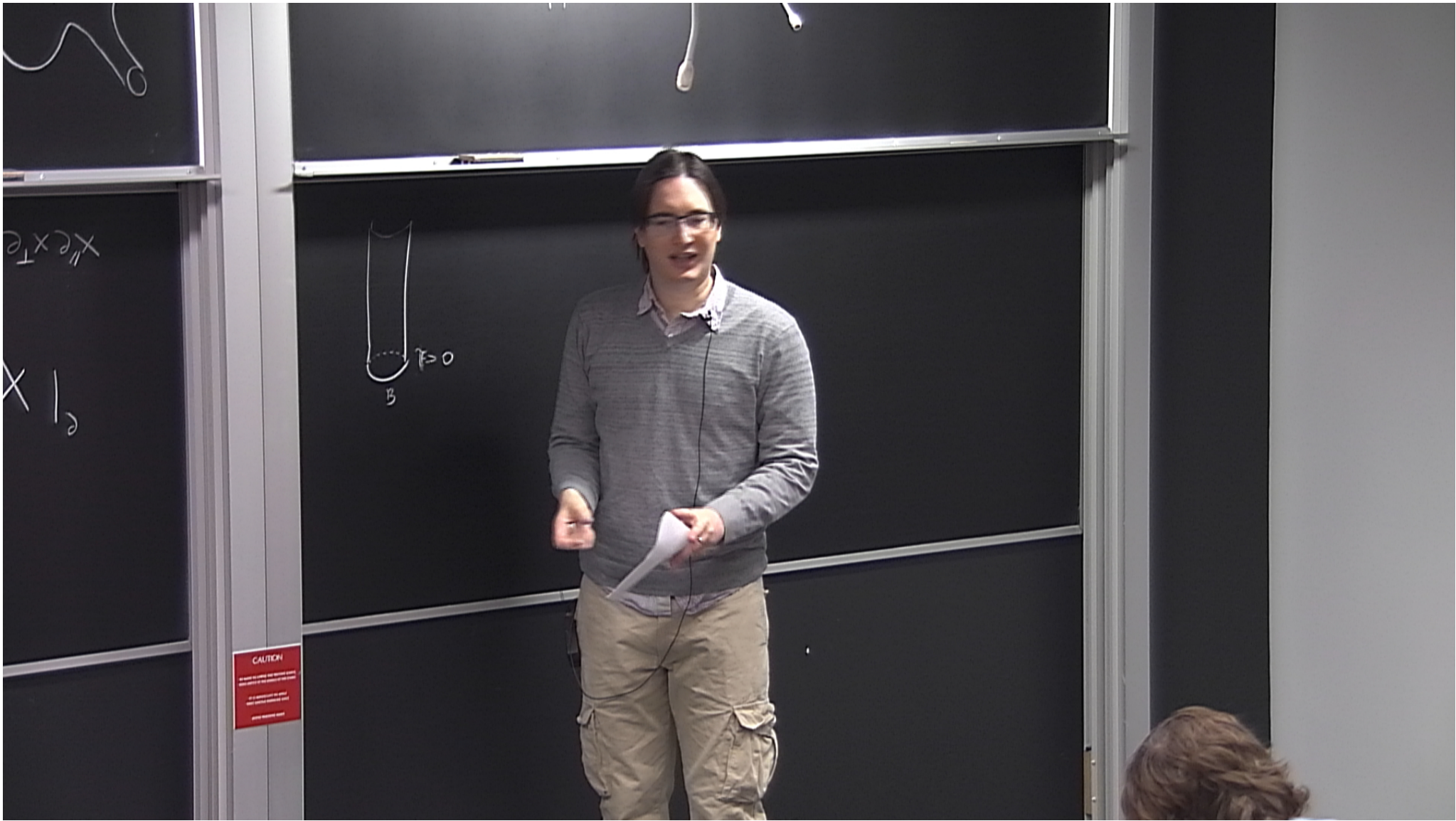
$A_h(b_a)$
 (a)

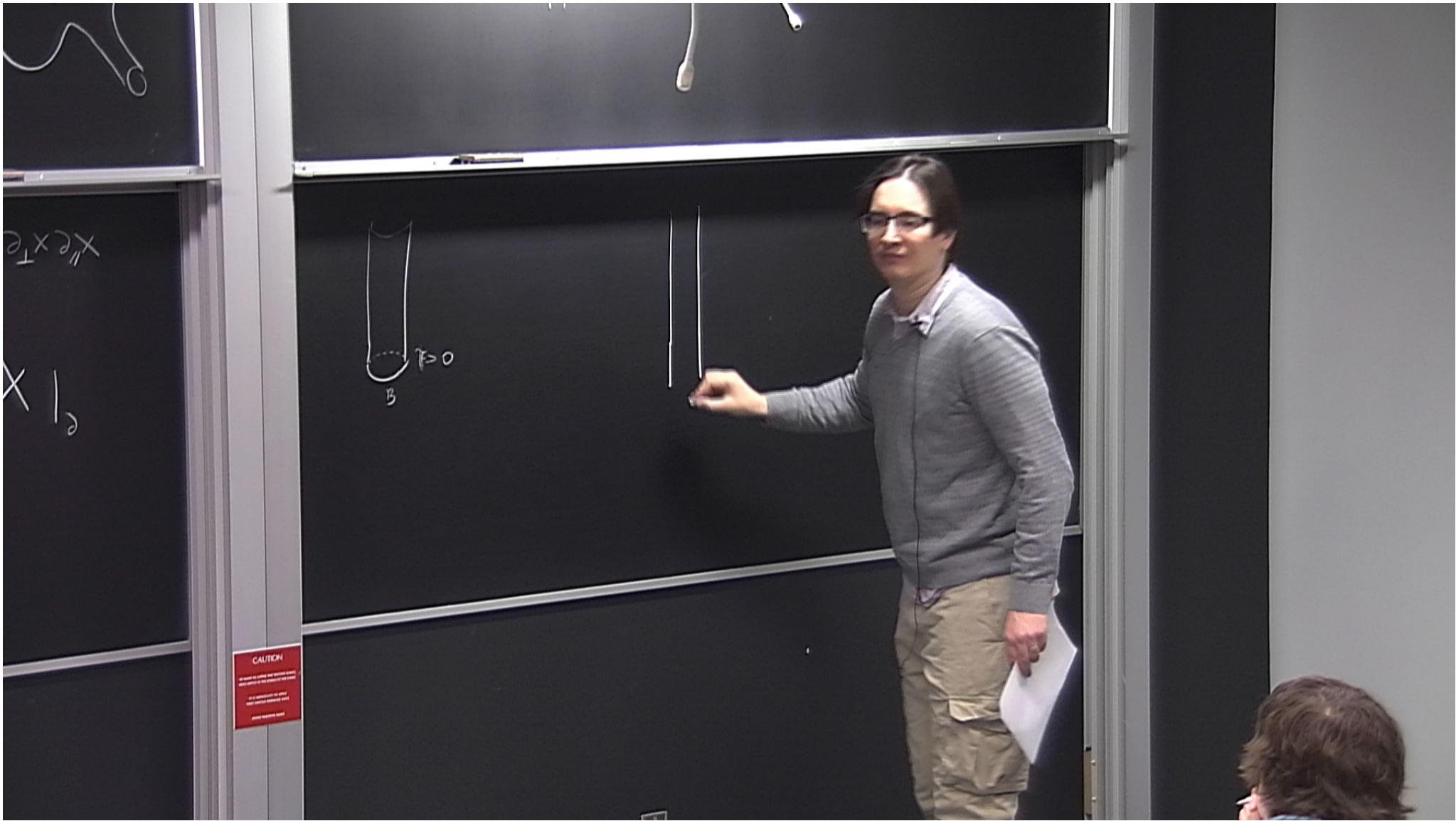
Φ_{op}

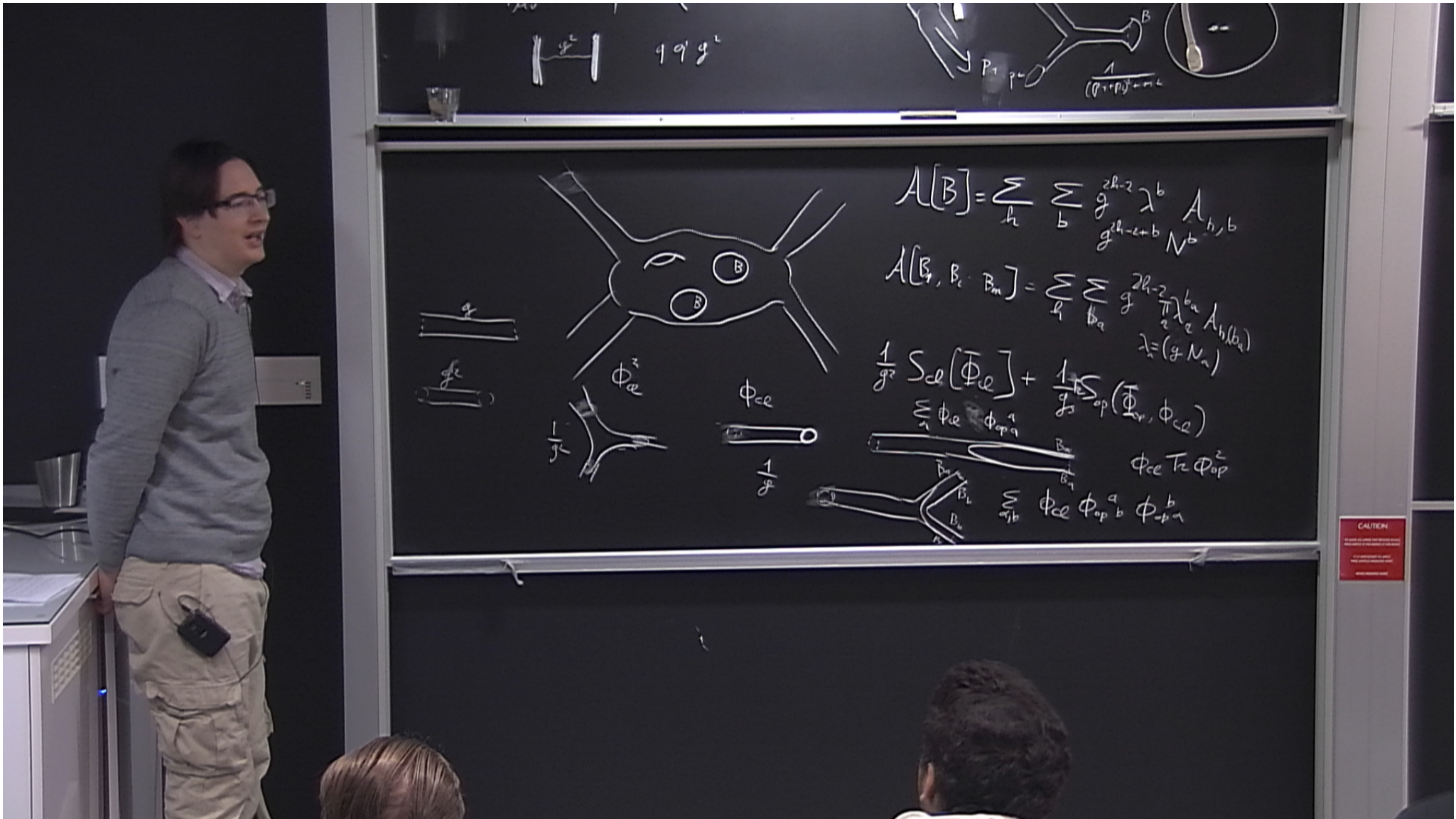
$x' = 0$

CAUTION
TO AVOID THE RISK OF PERSONAL INJURY
DO NOT TOUCH THE SURFACE OF THE BOARD

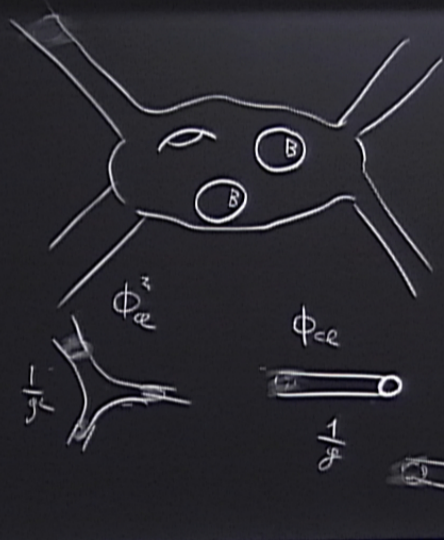
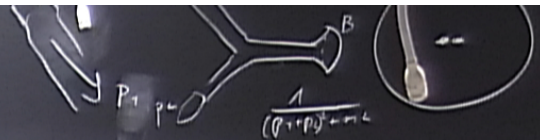
CAUTION
TO AVOID THE RISK OF PERSONAL INJURY
DO NOT TOUCH THE SURFACE OF THE BOARD







$$|g^2| \quad g^2$$



$$A[B] = \sum_h \sum_b g^{2h-2} \lambda^b A_{h,b}$$

$$A[B_1, B_2, \dots, B_m] = \sum_h \sum_{b_a} g^{2h-2} \lambda^{b_a} A_{h, (b_a)}$$

$\lambda_i = (g N_i)$

$$\frac{1}{g^2} S_{ce}[\Phi_{ce}] + \frac{1}{g^2} \sum_{op} (\Phi_{op}, \Phi_{ce})$$

$$\sum_a \Phi_{ce} \Phi_{op}^a$$

$$\Phi_{ce} \tau_2 \Phi_{op}^2$$

$$\sum_{a,b} \Phi_{ce} \Phi_{op}^a \Phi_{op}^b$$

CAUTION