

Title: Condensed Matter Review-14

Date: Feb 12, 2015 09:00 AM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/15020011>

Abstract:

$$\bar{\rho} = \sum_n |a_n|^2 \Pi_n$$

\uparrow \uparrow
 initial $|E_n\rangle\langle E_n|$
 popul.

compr. dephased state
diagonal ensemble

$$= \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T \rho(t) dt$$

$$\lambda_n = -\log |a_n|^2$$

T large

$$\bar{\rho} = e^{-\sum_n \lambda_n \Pi_n}$$

GGE

If there is a typical value \bar{A} for $\langle A(t) \rangle$

$$\text{then } \bar{A} = \text{Tr}[\bar{A} \bar{\rho}] = \sum_n |a_n|^2 A_{nn}$$

$$H = \sum_n E_n \Pi_n$$

Typicality

$$| \text{Tr} \hat{A} (\rho(t) - \bar{\rho}) | \text{ small}$$

$$D [\text{Tr}_E \rho(t), \text{Tr}_E \bar{\rho}] \text{ small}$$

$$\Omega_L := \frac{1_{\mathcal{H}_R}}{d_R}$$

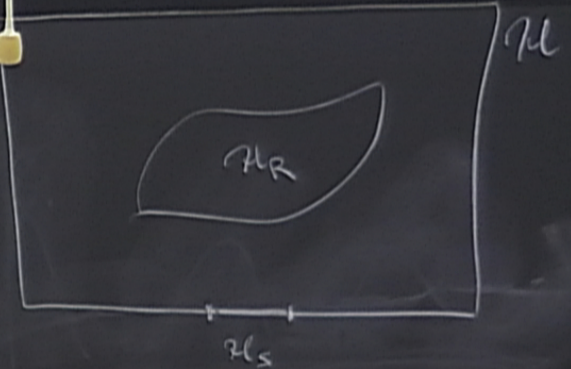
canonical state on \mathcal{H}_R

$$\Omega_\phi = \text{Tr}_E \frac{1_{\mathcal{H}_R}}{d_R}$$

$$\dim \mathcal{H}_R = d_R$$

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}_S \otimes \mathcal{H}_E$$

$$\mathcal{H}_R \subseteq \mathcal{H}$$



Theorem 1

Pick a "random" state ϕ in \mathcal{H}_R .

$$P_r (D(\phi_S, \Omega_S) \geq \eta)$$

Typicality

$$| \text{Tr} \hat{A} (\rho(t) - \bar{\rho}) | \text{ small}$$

$$D[\text{Tr}_E \rho(t), \text{Tr}_E \bar{\rho}] \text{ small}$$

$$= \frac{\Omega_R}{d_R}$$

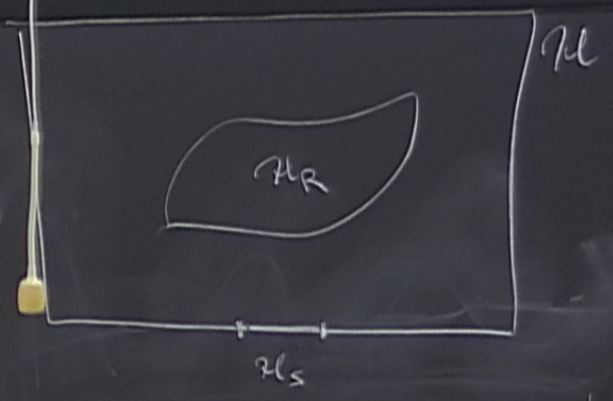
$$\Omega_\phi = \text{Tr}_E \frac{\Omega_R}{d_R}$$

state on \mathcal{H}_R

$$\dim \mathcal{H}_R = d_R$$

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}_S \otimes \mathcal{H}_E$$

$$\mathcal{H}_R \subseteq \mathcal{H}$$



Theorem 1

Pick a "random" state ϕ in \mathcal{H}_R .

$$P_\phi (D(\phi_S, \Omega_S) \geq \eta)$$

$$\eta = \epsilon + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{d_S}{d_E}}$$

$$|\psi_S^i\rangle \otimes |\psi_E^i\rangle$$

Typicality

$$| \text{Tr} \hat{A} (\rho(t) - \bar{\rho}) | \text{ small}$$

$$D [\text{Tr}_E \rho(t), \text{Tr}_E \bar{\rho}] \text{ small}$$

$$\Omega_R := \frac{1}{d_R}$$

canonical state on \mathcal{H}_R

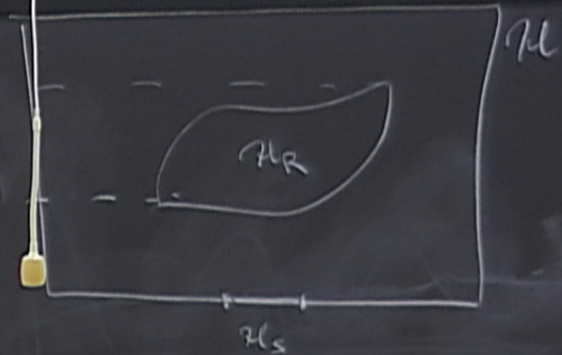
$$\Omega_\phi = \text{Tr}_E \frac{1}{d_R}$$

$$\dim \mathcal{H}_R = d_R$$

$$H = H_S + H_E + H_{int}$$

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}_S \otimes \mathcal{H}_E$$

$$\mathcal{H}_R \subseteq \mathcal{H}$$



Theorem 1

Pick a "random" state ϕ in \mathcal{H}_R .

$$\Pr (D(\phi_S, \Omega_S) \geq \eta) \leq e^{-d \epsilon^k}$$

$$\eta = \epsilon + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{d_S}{d_E}}$$

Typicality

$$| \text{Tr} \hat{A} (\rho(t) - \bar{\rho}) | \text{ small}$$

$$D [\text{Tr}_E \rho(t), \text{Tr}_E \bar{\rho}] \text{ small}$$

$$\Omega_L := \frac{1}{d_R}$$

canonical state on \mathcal{H}_R

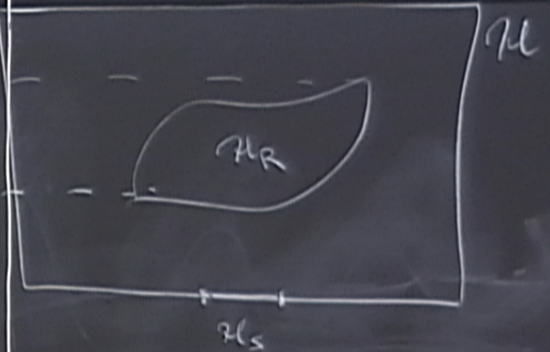
$$\Omega_\phi = \text{Tr}_E \frac{1}{d_R}$$

$$\dim \mathcal{H}_R = d_R$$

$$\langle \psi | H | \psi \rangle = E \rightarrow \beta \quad H = H_S + H_E + H_{int} \leq e$$

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}_S \otimes \mathcal{H}_E$$

$$\mathcal{H}_R \subseteq \mathcal{H}$$



Theorem 1

Pick a "random" state ϕ in \mathcal{H}_R .

$$\text{Pr} (D(\phi_S, \Omega_S) \geq \eta)$$

$$\eta = \epsilon + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{d_S}{d_E}}$$

$$d_E \ll d_S$$

$$e^{-iHt} | \psi_S \rangle \langle \psi_E^i |$$