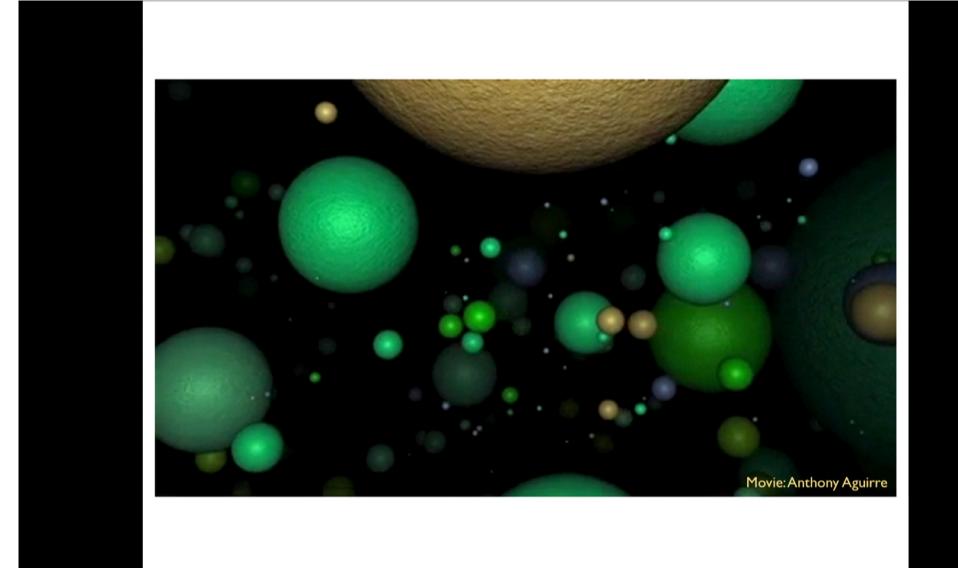
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Date: Jul 08, 2014 10:30 AM

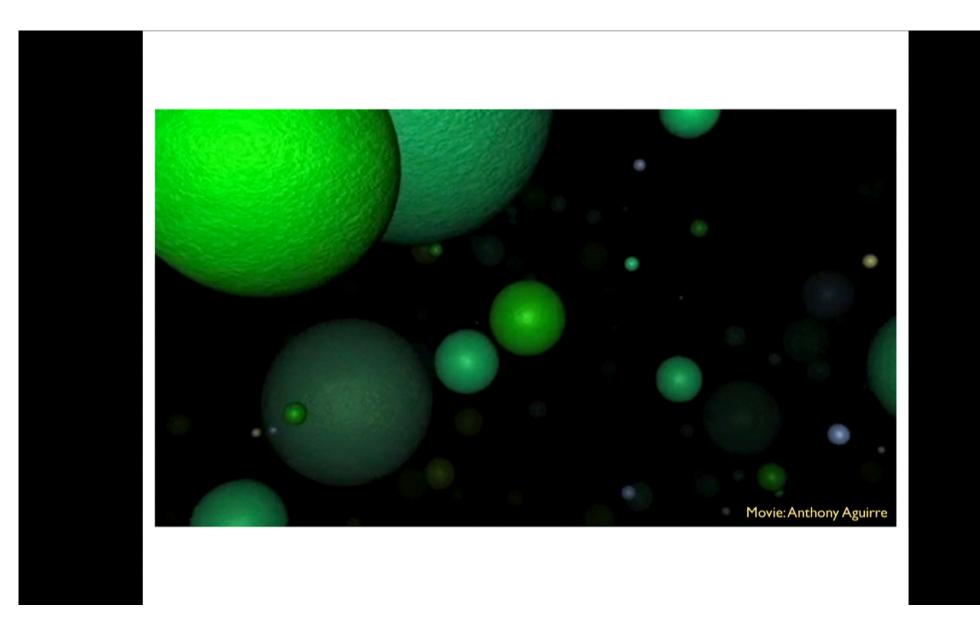
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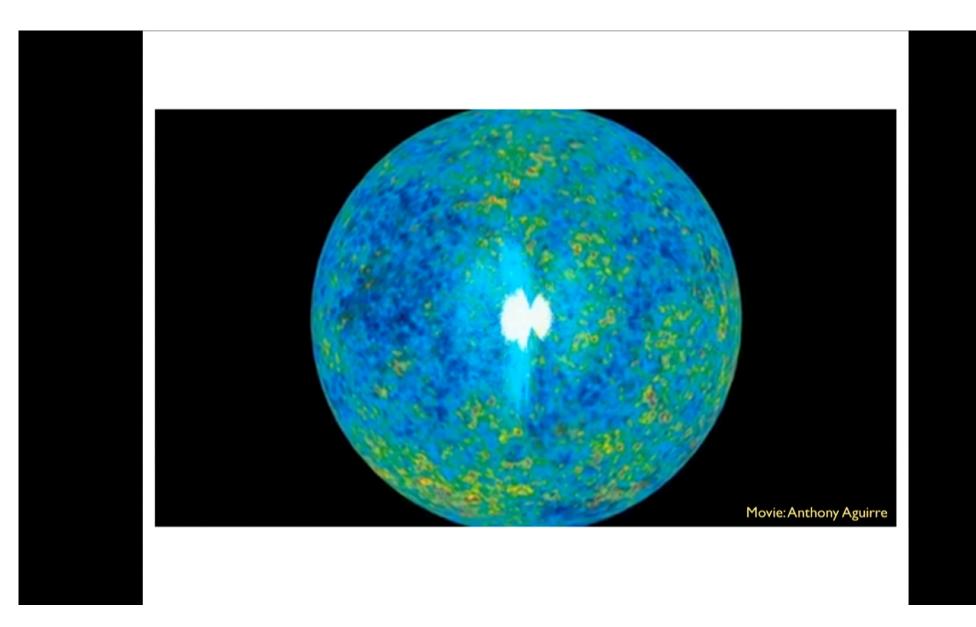
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The Local Universe

Everything that we can interact with.



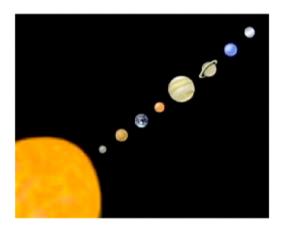


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The Local Universe

Everything that we can interact with.





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The Observable Universe

Everything that we observe.

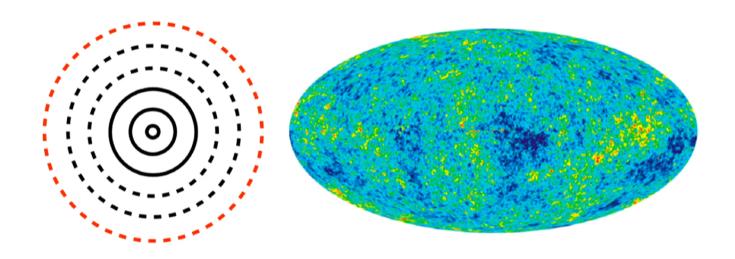




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The Observable Universe

Everything that we observe.



Pirsa: 14070020 Page 8/55

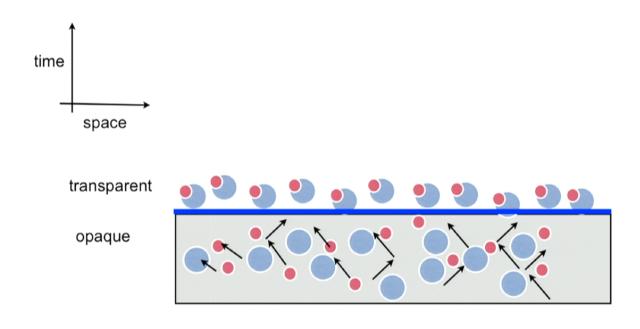
Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB) radiation

• The radiation released when neutral atoms were formed.

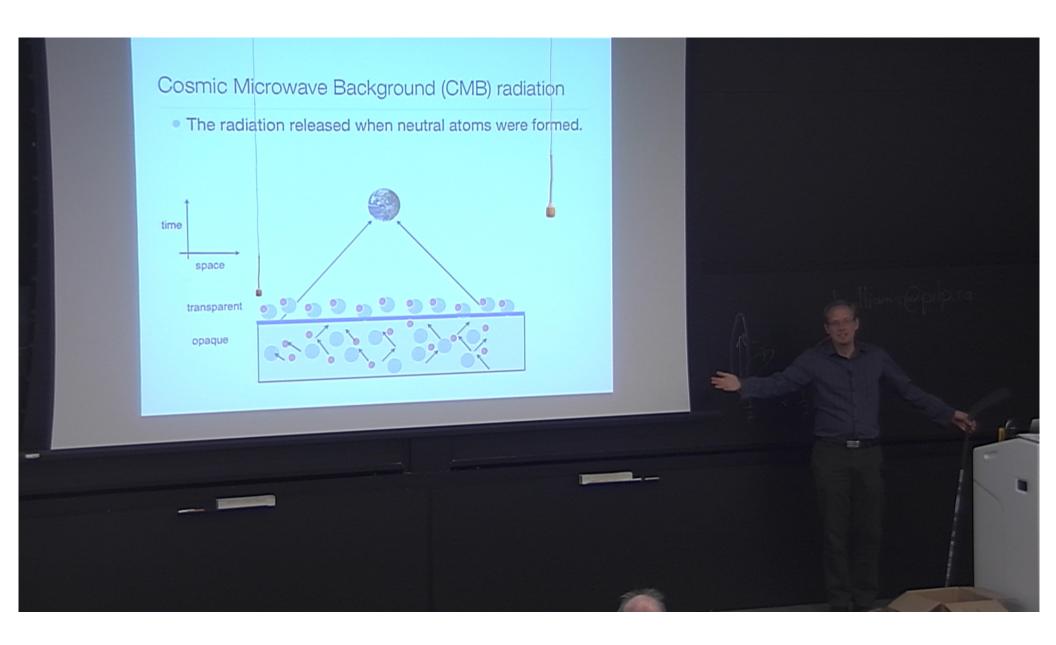
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Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB) radiation

• The radiation released when neutral atoms were formed.



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Everything that we think exists based on theoretical models.

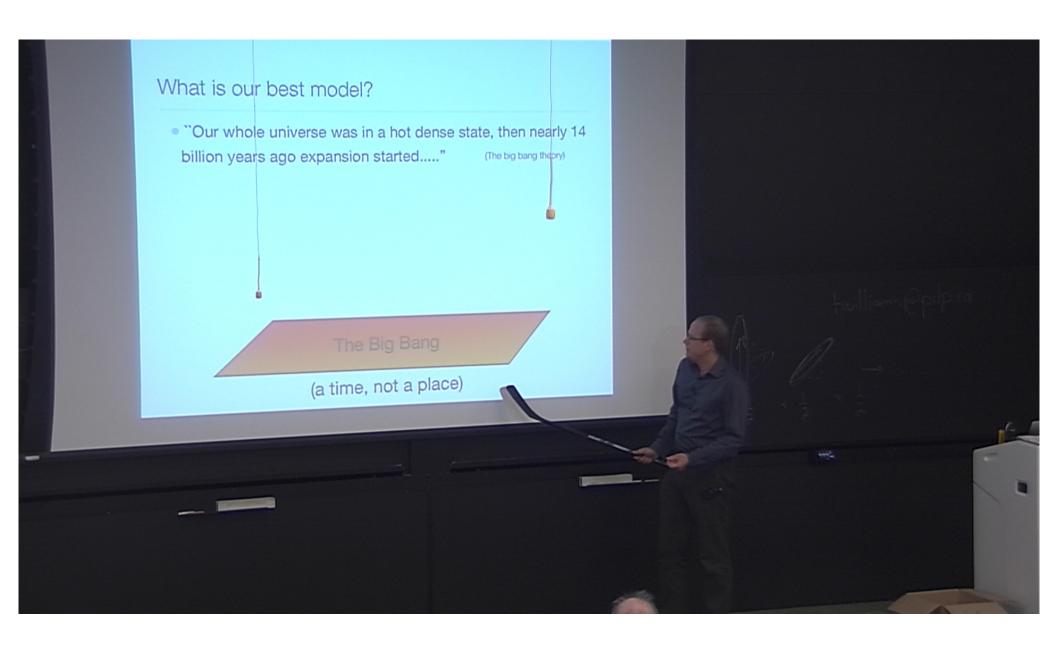
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• "Our whole universe was in a hot dense state, then nearly 14 billion years ago expansion started....." (The big bang theory)

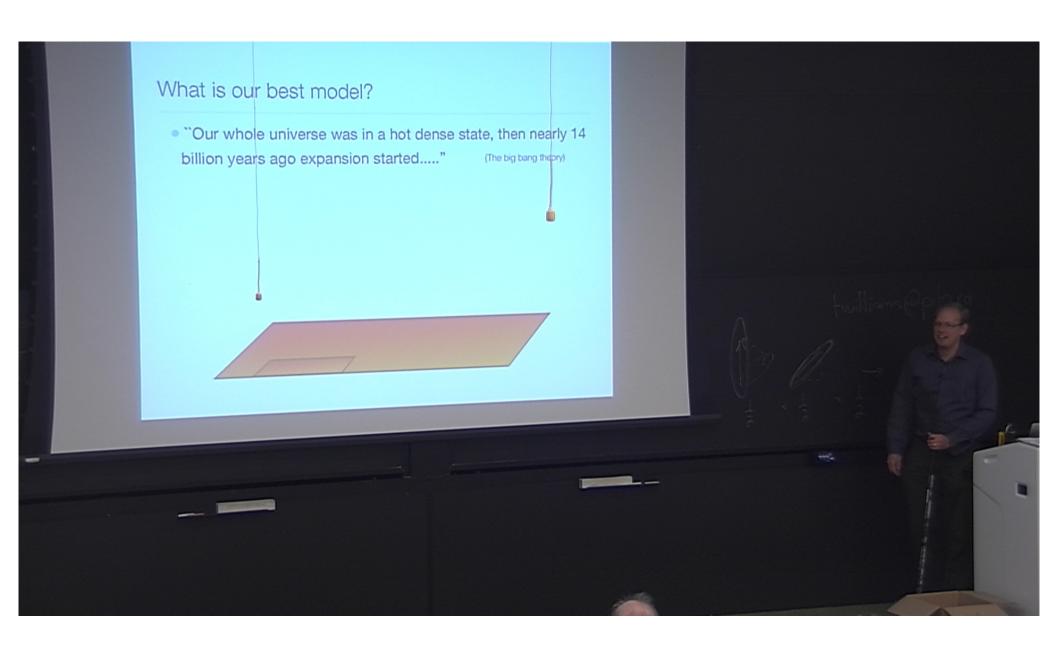
The Big Bang

(a time, not a place)

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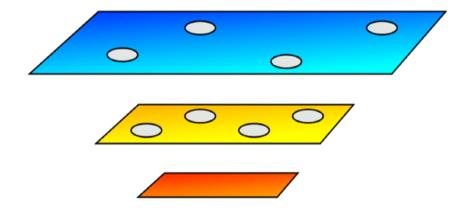


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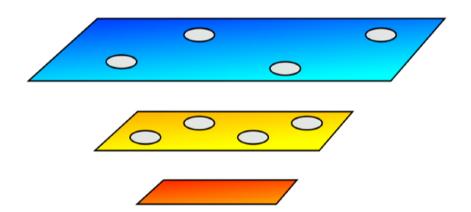
• "Our whole universe was in a hot dense state, then nearly 14 billion years ago expansion started....." (The big bang theory)



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• "Our whole universe was in a hot dense state, then nearly 14 billion years ago expansion started....." (The big bang theory)

The Observable Universe is nearly homogeneous and isotropic.



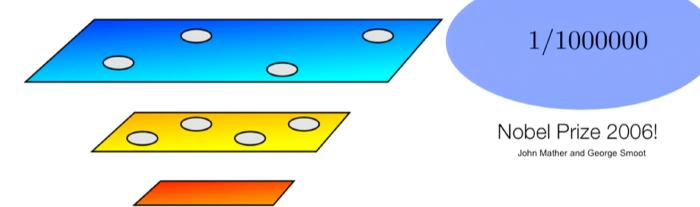


Nobel Prize 1978!

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"Our whole universe was in a hot dense state, then nearly 14
 billion years ago expansion started....." (The big bang theory)

The Observable Universe is statistically homogeneous and isotropic.

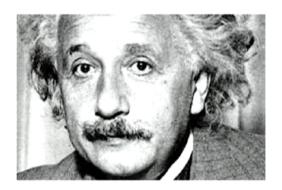


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- "Our whole universe was in a hot dense state, then nearly 14
 billion years ago expansion started....." (The big bang theory)
- The properties of expansion in a homogeneous and isotropic universe are determined by what the Universe contains.



General Relativity

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- "Our whole universe was in a hot dense state, then nearly 14
 billion years ago expansion started....." (The big bang theory)
- The properties of expansion in a homogeneous and isotropic universe are determined by what the Universe contains.

$$R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} R \, g_{\mu\nu} + \Lambda \, g_{\mu\nu} = \frac{8 \pi G}{c^4} \, T_{\mu\nu}$$

Spacetime curvature

Matter & energy

Pirsa: 14070020

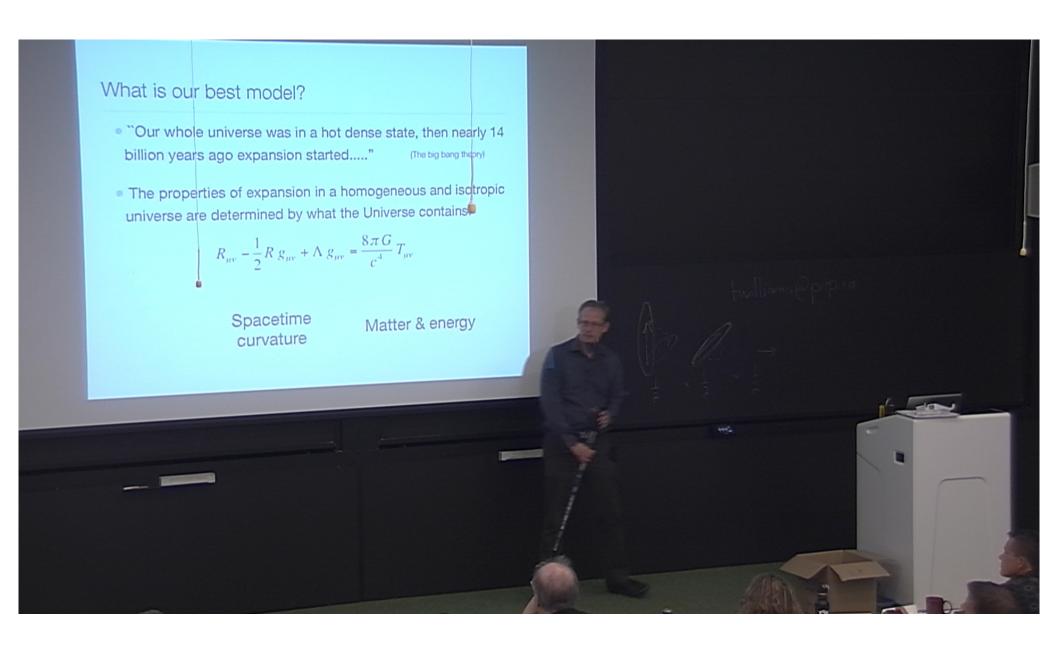
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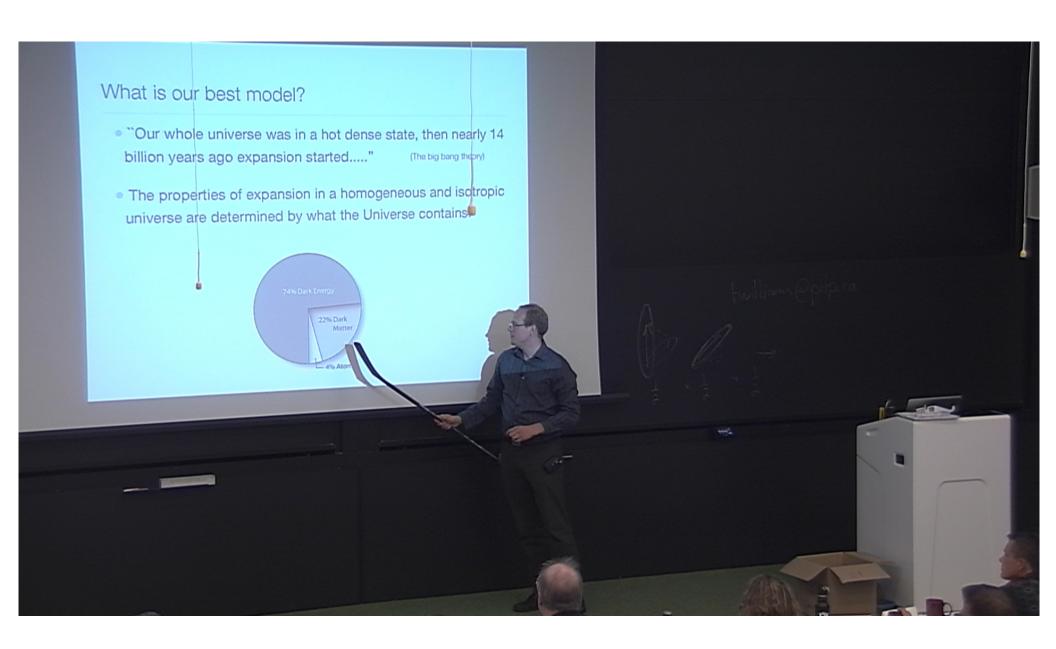
Spacetime curvature

Matter & energy

Pirsa: 14070020



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Pirsa: 14070020 Page 25/55

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Spacetime curvature

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Spacetime curvature

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Pirsa: 14070020

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 ΛCDM

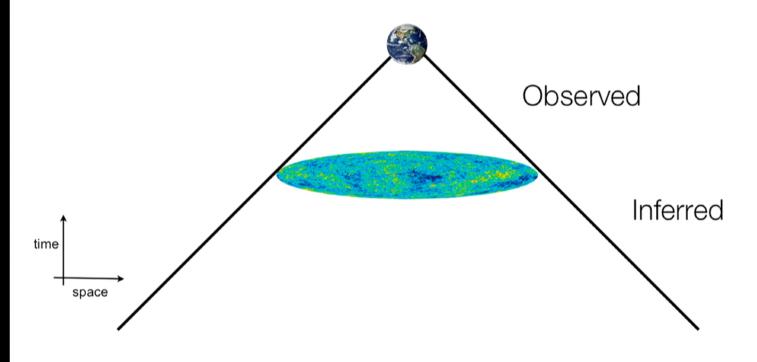
Pirsa: 14070020 Page 28/55

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 ΛCDM

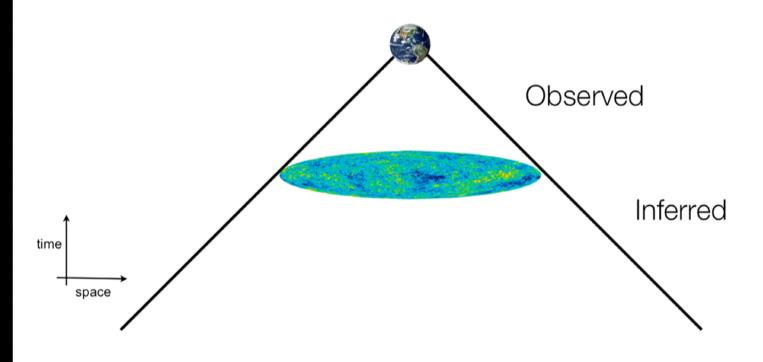
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Everything that we think exists based on theoretical models.

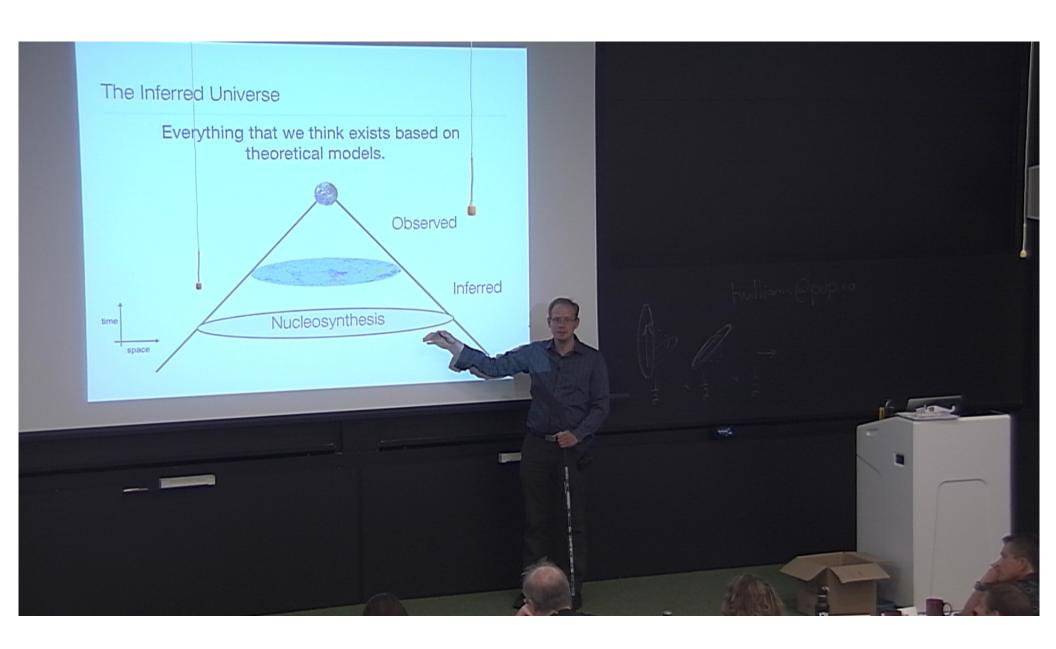


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Everything that we think exists based on theoretical models.



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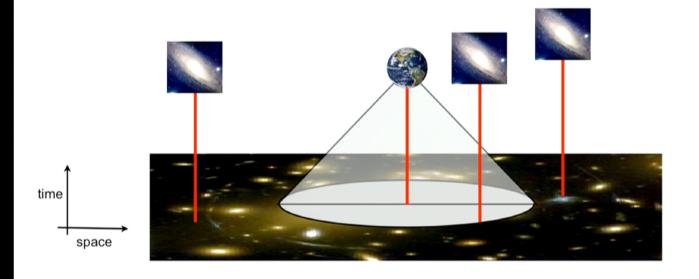
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Everything that we think exists based on theoretical models.



Pirsa: 14070020 Page 33/55

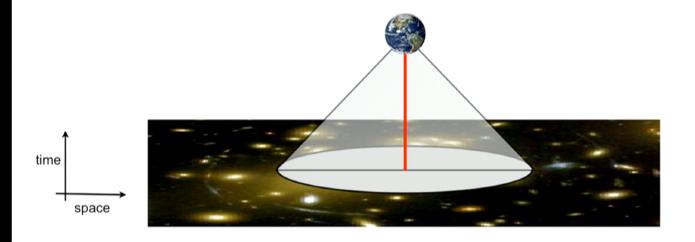
Everything that we think exists based on theoretical models.



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Everything that we think exists based on theoretical models.

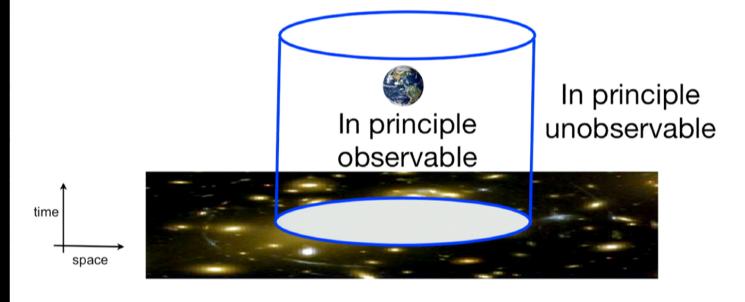
This is all we will ever see!



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Everything that we think exists based on what we observe and theoretical models.

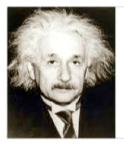
This is all we will ever see!



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What is dark energy?

Cosmological Constant





Prediction from Quantum Field Theory

(zero-point energy)

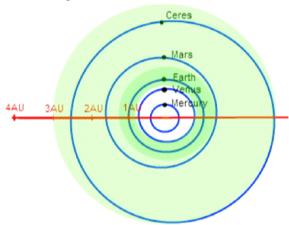
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Weinberg's Prediction of Λ



What if the cosmological constant varies between Observable Universes?

Large values of Λ are realized somewhere, we just don't live there.



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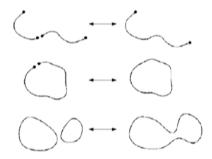
(Graviton: particle associated with gravity)



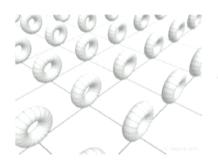
The theory of gravitons does not work! (not a good quantum theory of gravity)



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- String theory: A good theory of quantum gravity!
- Unifies all forces and fundamental particles!
- This only works if there are 9 dimensions of space!



The solution: make the extra dimensions small!

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To keep the extra dimensions small, need to add energy.



 Λ : energy stored in the extra dimensions.

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To keep the extra dimensions small, need to add energy.



 Λ : energy stored in the extra dimensions.

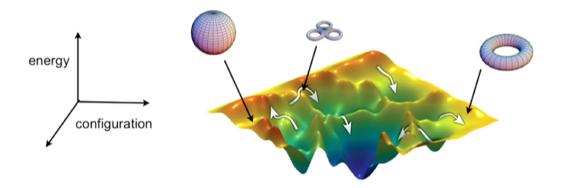
• The extra dimensions can assume many configurations:



Many possible values of Λ !

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The String Theory Landscape

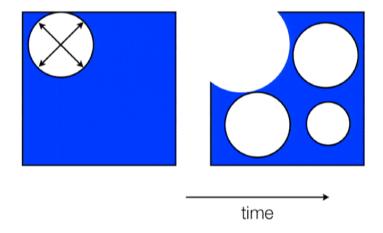


- Configurations can be deformed into one another.
- Can each of these configurations be physically realized?

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Cosmic Phase Transitions

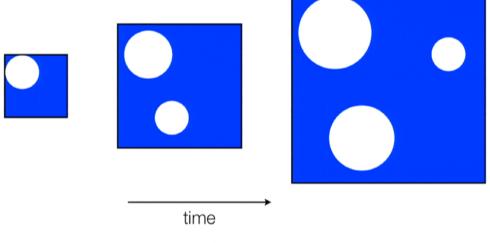
• In a static or decelerating universe:



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Cosmic Phase Transitions

• In an accelerating universe:

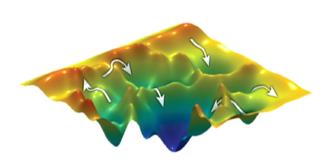


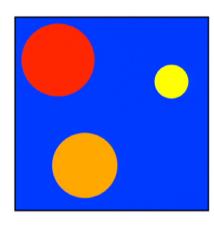
Eternal Inflation

When the rate of bubble formation is lower than the rate of expansion, accelerated expansion doesn't end everywhere!

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Eternal Inflation

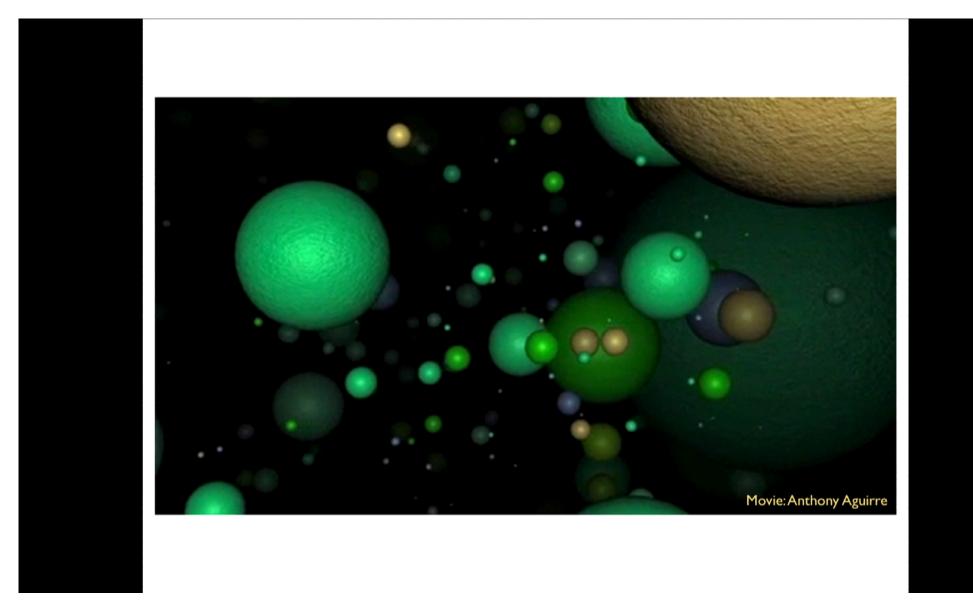






Many values of Λ are realized!

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Observational Tests of Eternal Inflation

• But is eternal inflation experimentally verifiable?

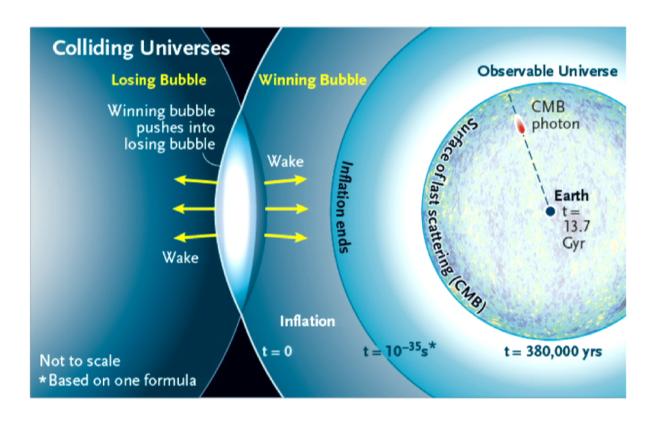
Our bubble does not evolve in complete isolation....



The collision of our bubble with others provides an observational test of the multiverse.

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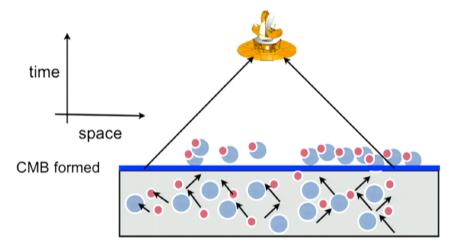
Observational Tests of Eternal Inflation



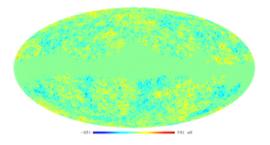
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Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB) radiation

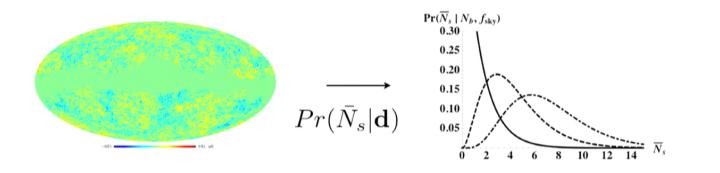
Temperature anisotropies encode density perturbations.



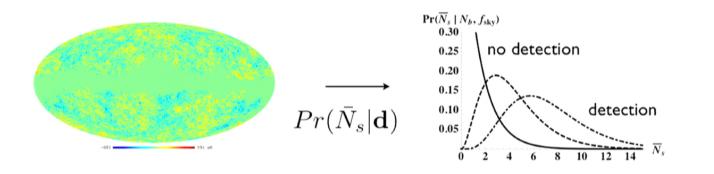
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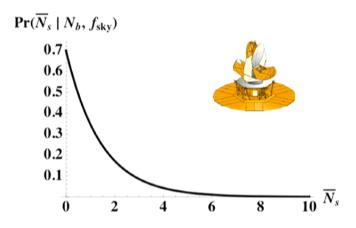


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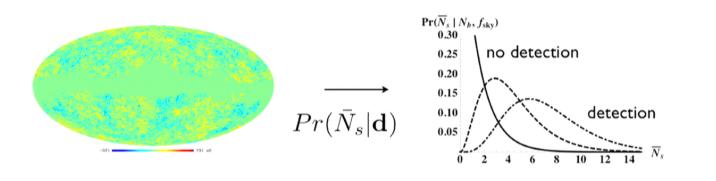


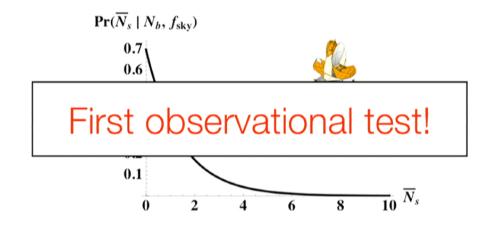
Pirsa: 14070020 Page 52/55



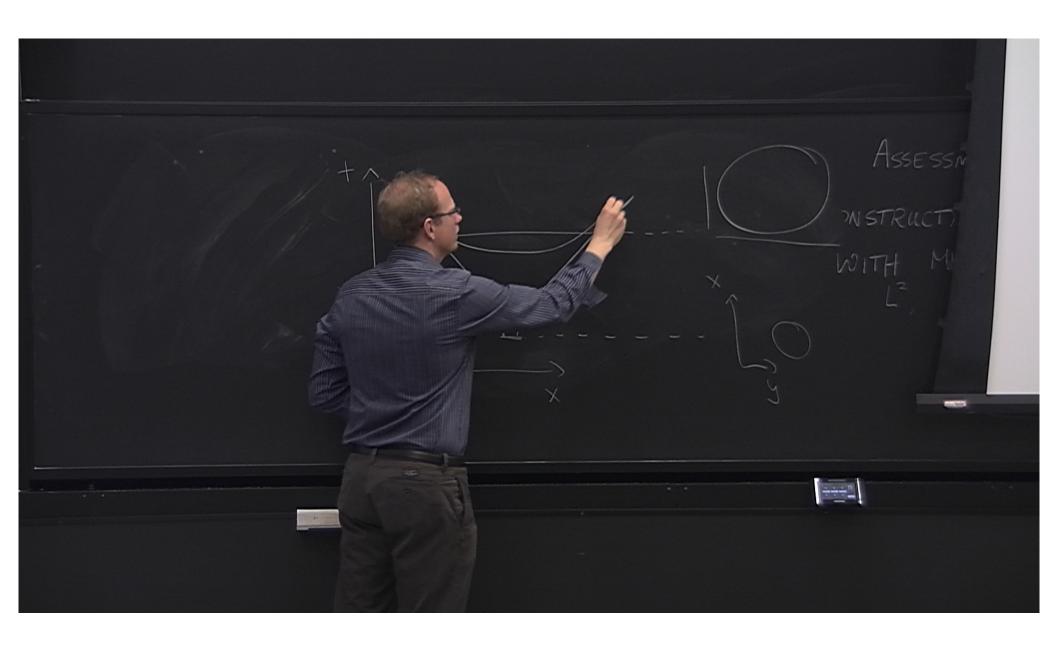


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