

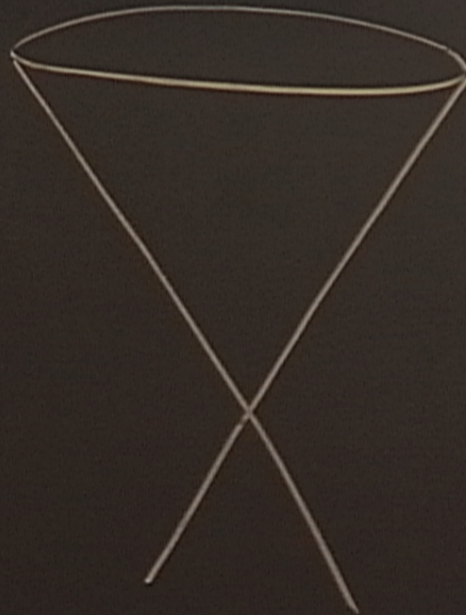
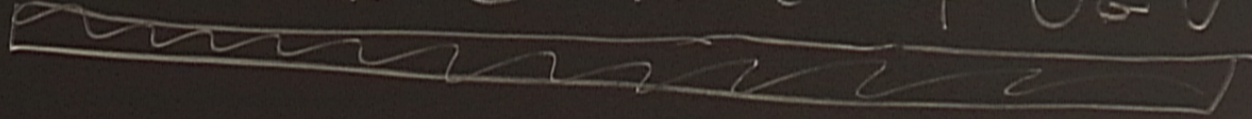
Title: Einstein and the Fugu

Date: Oct 10, 2013 10:00 AM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/13100101>

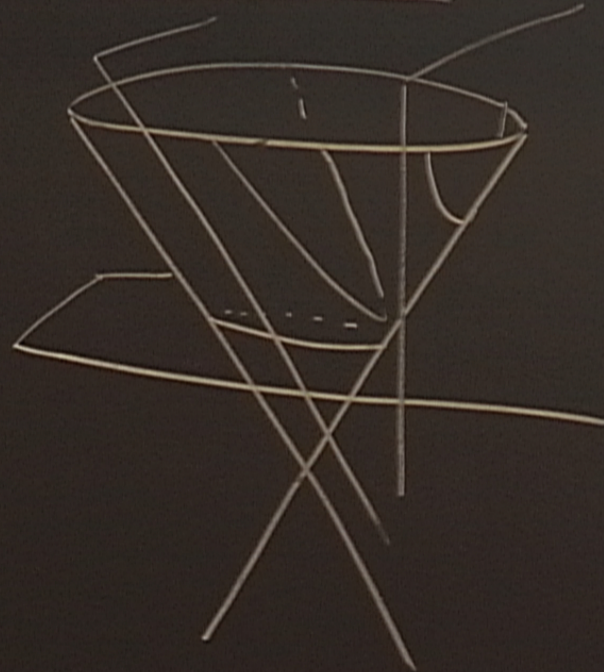
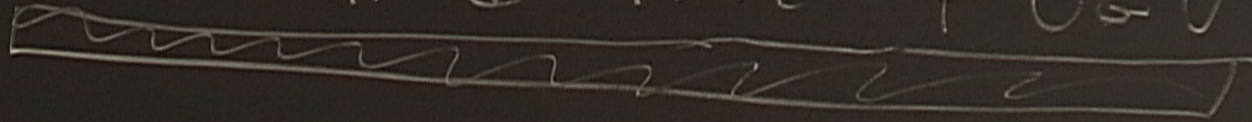
Abstract:

# EINSTEIN & THE FUGU



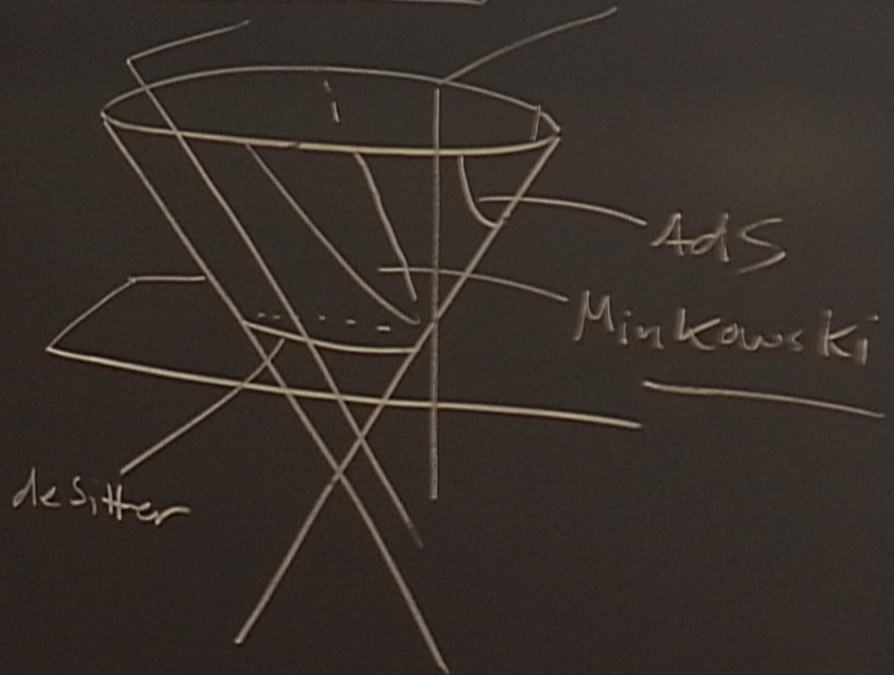


# EINSTEIN & THE FUGU





# EINSTEIN & THE FUGU





# Flat model for conformal geometry

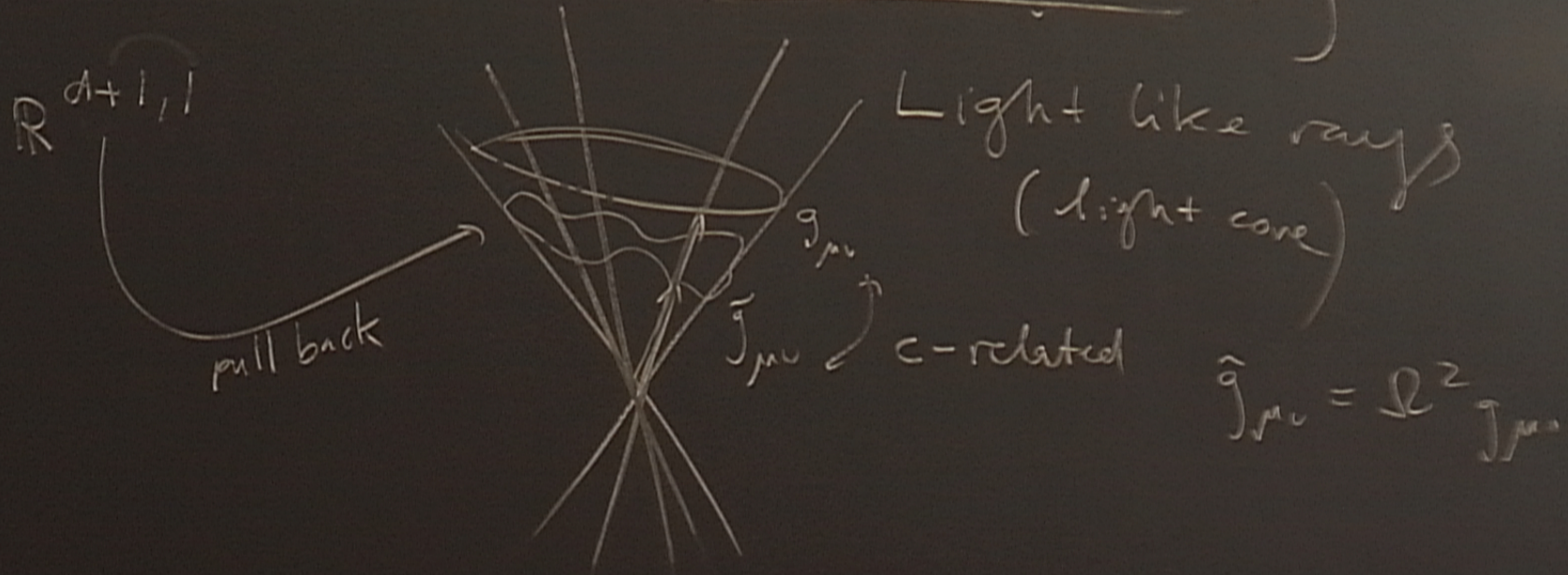
$\mathbb{R}^{d+1,1}$



Light like rays  
(light cone)



# Flat model for conformal geometry





Parallel cuts;

TRACTOR CONNEXION

$$\text{Minkowski} = \frac{\text{Poincaré}}{\text{Lorentz}}$$

$$\text{Cone} = \frac{\text{Conformal group}}$$



nts:

# TRACTOR CONNECTION

$so(4,2)$

$$\text{Poincaré} = \frac{\text{Poincaré}}{\text{Lorentz}}$$

$$\text{Conformal group} = \frac{\text{Conformal group}}{\text{Stab (light-like ray)}}$$

→ c-boost,  $\mathbb{R}_+$ , Dilations,  $\mathbb{R}_+$ , Lorentz,  $SO(3,1)$



Parallel cuts:

TRACTOR CONNEXION

$$\text{Minkowski} = \frac{\text{Poincaré}}{\text{Lorentz}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{SO}(4,2) \\ \downarrow \\ \bar{g} \downarrow d \uparrow g \end{array}$$

$$\text{Conformal group} = \frac{\text{Conformal group}}{\text{Stab (light-like)}} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{c-boost} \\ \mathbb{R}^4 \end{array}$$

SO(4,1)



Parallel cuts:

# TRACTOR CONNEXION

$$\text{Minkowski} = \frac{\text{Poincaré}}{\text{Lorentz}}$$

$$\text{Conformal group} = \frac{\text{Conformal group}}{\text{Stab (light-like)}}$$

$$\theta = g^{-1} d g \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Cartan Manner} \\ \text{SO}(4,2) \\ \text{inv}^\pm \end{array}$$

$$\Lambda \theta + \theta \Lambda \theta = 0$$

SO(4,1)

c-boost  
R<sup>4</sup>



Parallel cuts:

# TRACTOR CONNEXION

$$\text{Minkowski} = \frac{\text{Poincaré}}{\text{Lorentz}}$$

$$\text{Conformal group} = \frac{\text{Conformal group}}{\text{Stab (light-like)}}$$

$so(4,1)$

$\rightarrow$  c-boost  
 $\mathbb{R}^4$

$$\theta = g^{-1} d \overset{so(4,2)}{\downarrow} g$$

Cartan-Maurer  
 $so(4,2)$   
inv $\frac{1}{2}$

$$F_{\theta} = d\theta + \theta \wedge \theta = 0$$

$\theta$ -flat connexion



CONNECTION

$so(4,2)$

$Conc = \frac{\text{Conformal group}}{\text{Stab (lightlike ray)}}$

→ c-boost, Dilations,  
 $\mathbb{R}_+$   $\mathbb{R}_+$

Lorentz  
 $so(3,1)$

$F_{\theta} = d\theta + \theta \wedge \theta = 0$

$\theta$ -flat connexion

$\nabla^{\gamma} = d + \theta$

c-flat  
tractor connexion

Pla



CONNECTION

$so(4,2)$

$$Conc = \frac{\text{Conformal group}}{\text{Stab (lightlike ray)}}$$

$\rightarrow$  c-boost  $\mathbb{R}_+$ , Dilations,  $\mathbb{R}_+$

Lorentz  $SO(3,1)$

$F_{\theta} = d\theta + \theta \wedge \theta = 0$

$\theta$ -flat connexion

$$\nabla^{\gamma} = d + \theta$$

$\nearrow$  pull back  $*$

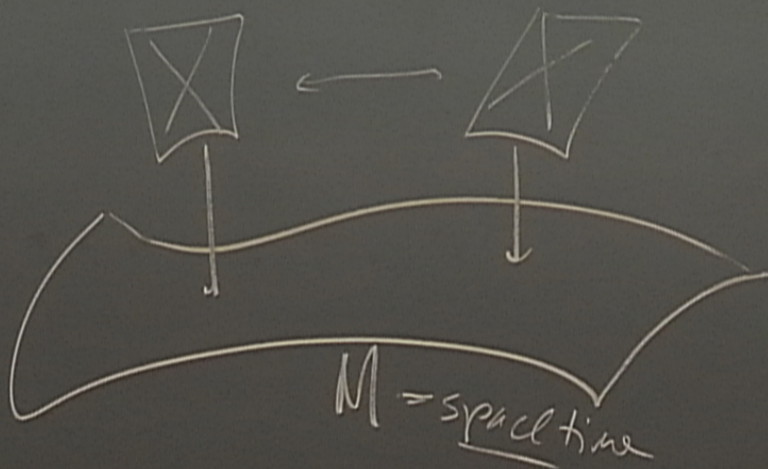
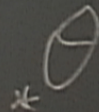
c-flat tractor connexion



beyond - c-ft

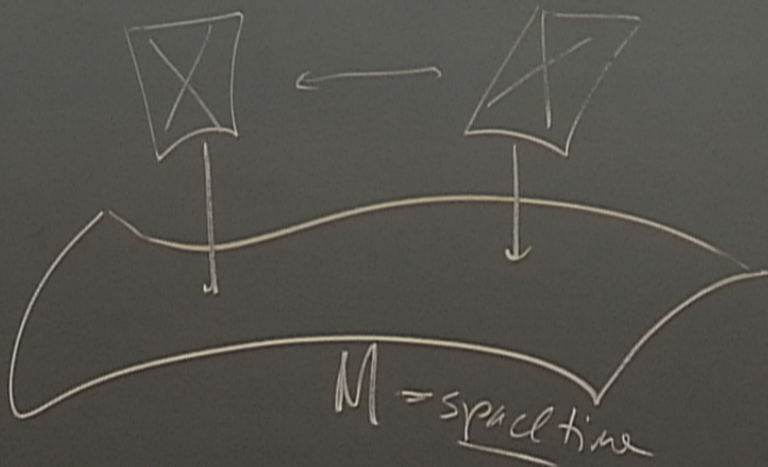
Cartan - moving frames

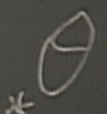
to "curve up"





beyond - c-ft



Cartan - moving frames  
to "curve up" \* 

tractor bundle



# Tractor connexion & physics

$\nabla^T$  flat  
(zero curvature)

$\nabla^T \Gamma = 0$   
parallel sections



# Tractor connexion & physics

$\nabla^T$  flat (zero curvature) ?  $\longrightarrow$

$\nabla^T \Gamma = 0$  ?  $\longrightarrow$   
parallel sections

$\nabla^T$  dkey - Yang Mills  $\longrightarrow$

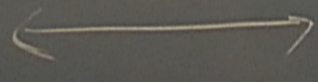
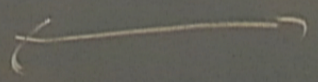


curvature

$= 0$  ?

parallel sections

key - Yang Mills



Conformally Einstein

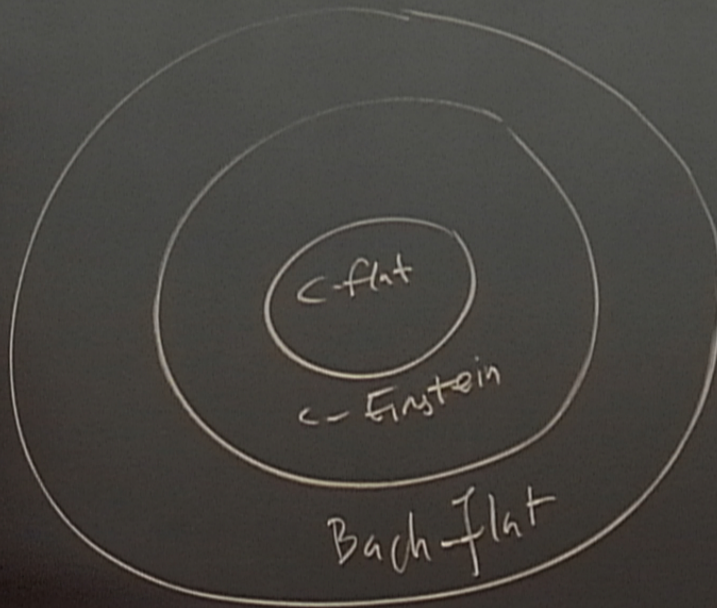
Bach-flat ( $d=4$   
conformal gravity  
solutions)



parallel sections

$\nabla^T$  key - Yang Mills  $\longleftrightarrow$

Bach-flat ( $d=4$   
conformal gravity  
solutions)

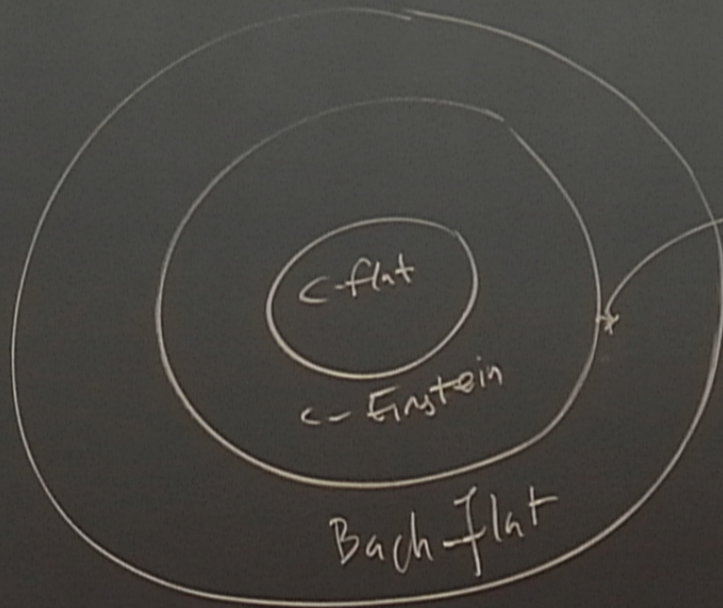




parallel sections

$\nabla^T$  key - Yang Mills  $\longleftrightarrow$

Bach-flat ( $d=4$   
conformal gravity  
solutions)



initially massless  
EM

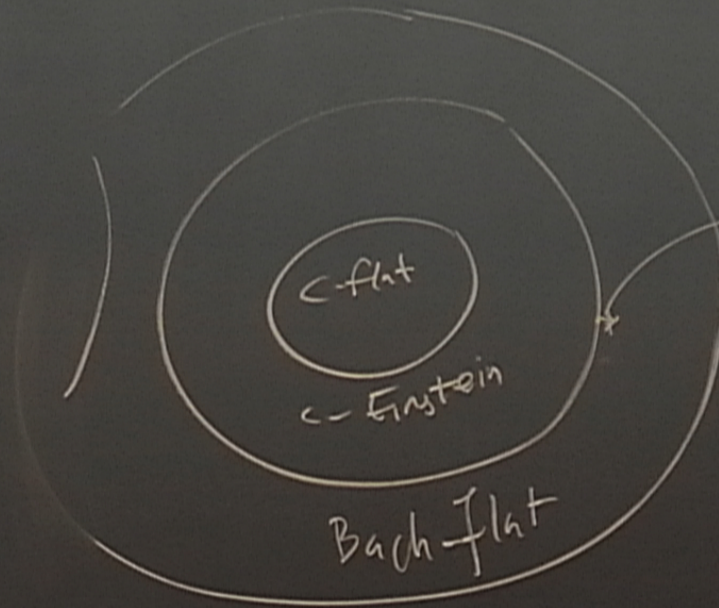


parallel sections

$\nabla^T$  degen - Yang Mills  $\longleftrightarrow$

Bach-flat  $\left( \begin{array}{l} d=4 \\ \text{conformal} \\ \text{soln} \end{array} \right)$

Lewy-Ginz  
 $\nabla^T = \nabla +$



partially massless  
EM



parallel sections

$\nabla^T$  key - Yang Mills  $\longleftrightarrow$

Bach-flat ( $d=4$  conformal sol)

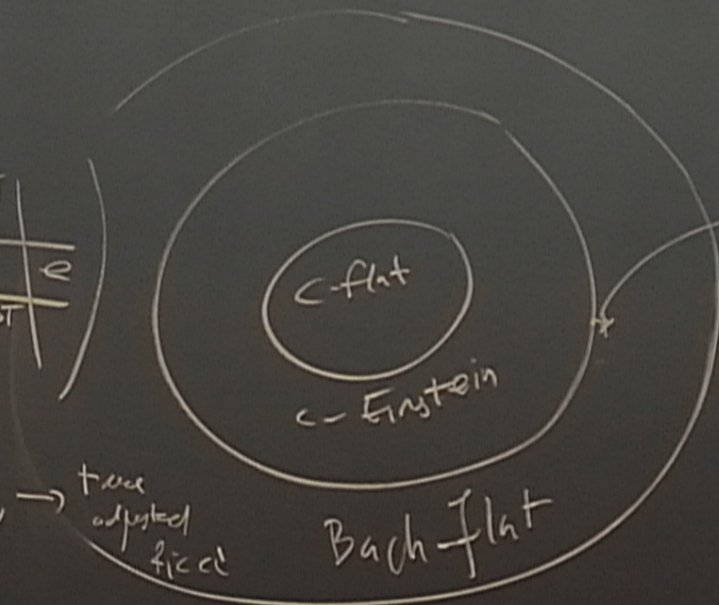
Lewy-Ginz

$$\nabla^T = \nabla +$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} & -\vec{e} & \\ P & & e \\ & -PT & \end{pmatrix}$$

$SO(4, 2)$

$P_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow$  trace adjusted Ricci



partially massless EM



parallel sections

$\nabla^T$  dkey - Yang Mills  $\longleftrightarrow$

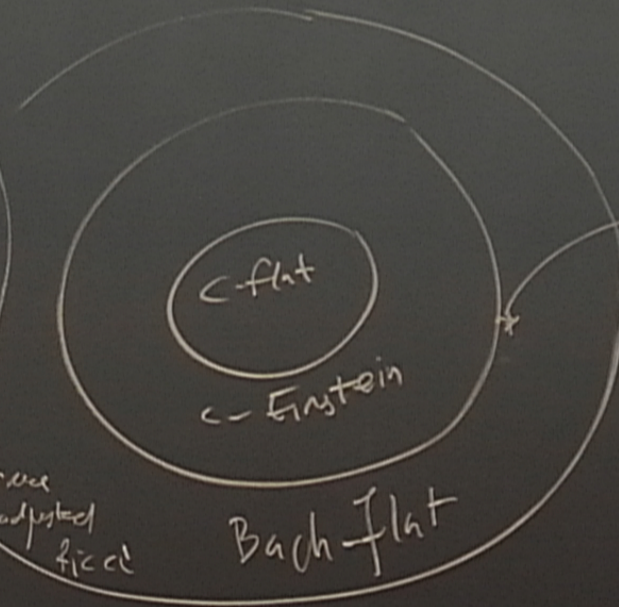
Bach-flat ( $d=4$  conformal soln)

Lewi - Ginz  
 $\nabla^T = \nabla +$

$$\begin{pmatrix} & -\vec{e} & \\ P & & e \\ & -PT & \end{pmatrix}$$

$SO(4, 2)$

$P_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow$  trace adjusted Ricci



partially massless EM



parallel sections

$\nabla^T$  dkey - Yang Mills  $\longleftrightarrow$

Bach-flat  $(d=4)$   
conformal soln  
 $S = S w^2$

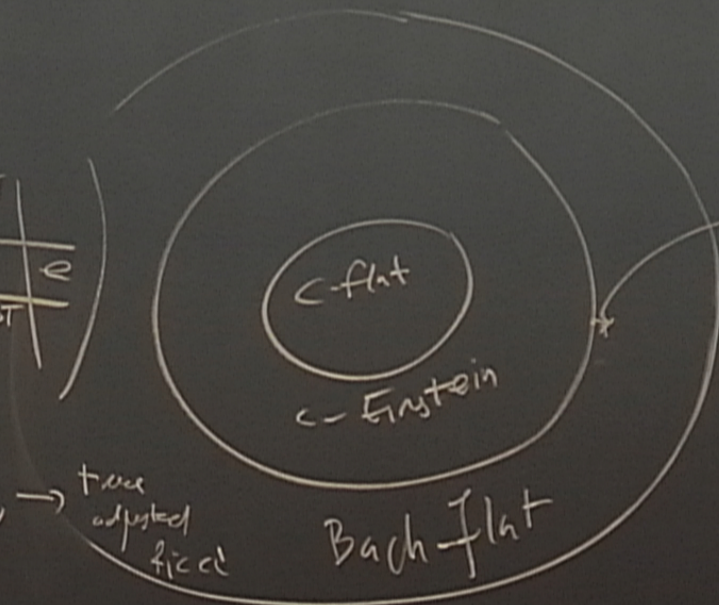
Lewi-gints

$$\nabla^T = \nabla +$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} & -\vec{e} & \\ P & & e \\ & -PT & \end{pmatrix}$$

$SO(4, 2)$

$P_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow$  trace adjusted Ricci



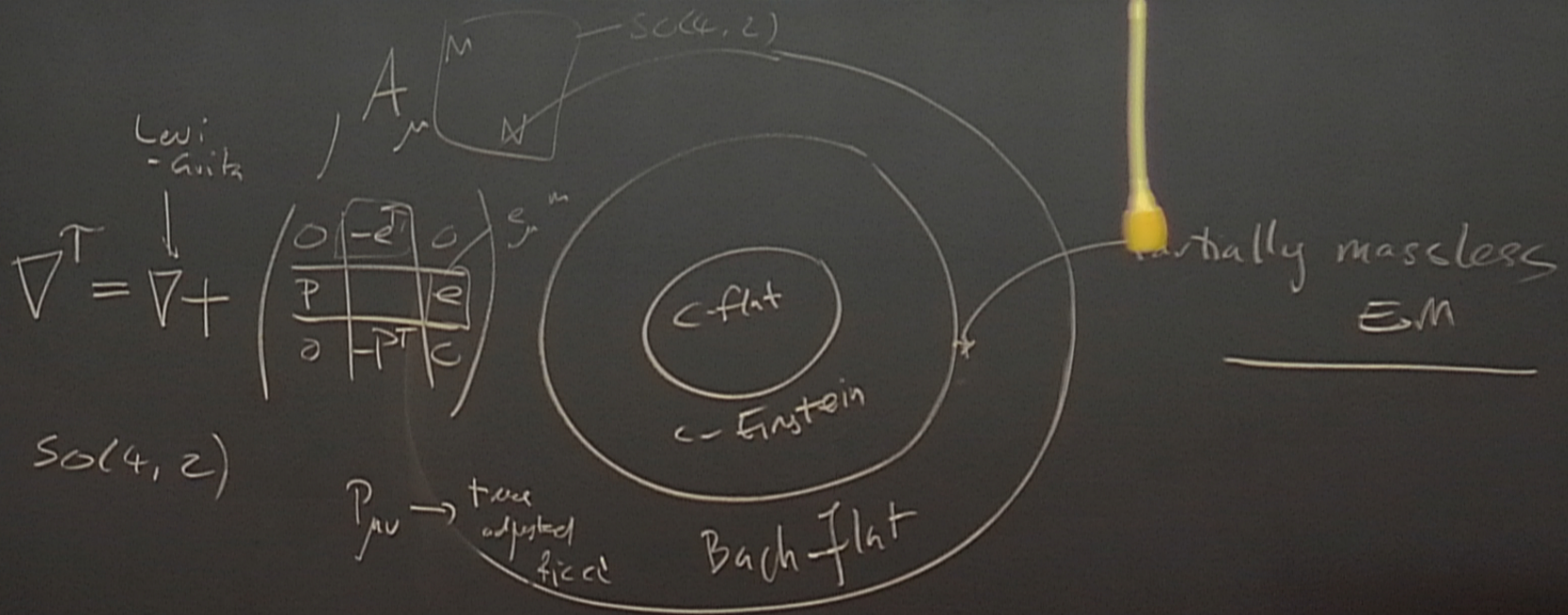
partially massless EM



parallel sections

$\nabla^T$  deyer - Yang Mills  $\longleftrightarrow$

Bach-flat  $(d=4)$   
 $S = S W^2$   
 conformal sol





Curving the cone

$\tilde{M}$

curved

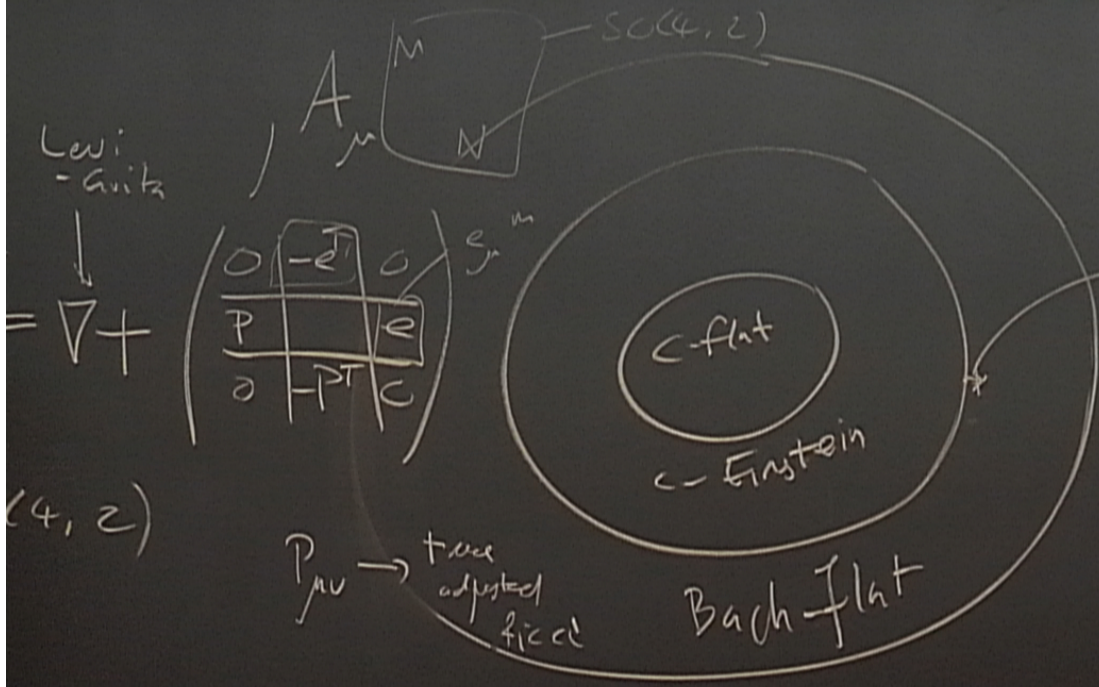
ambient





V' dkey - Yang Mills

Bach-flat (conformal gravity solutions)  
 $S = \int W^2$



$$r_{MN} = \partial_M X_N = \frac{1}{2} \partial_M \partial_N X^2$$

partially massless EM



$$X^2 = 0$$

# Curving the cone

$\tilde{M}$

curved  
ambient



$$\tilde{g}_{MN} = \tilde{\nabla}_M X_N$$



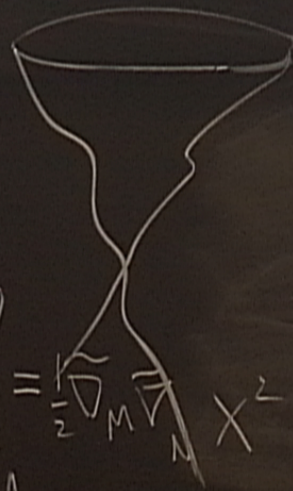
$$X^2 = 0$$

# Curving the cone

$$\tilde{M}$$

curved

ambient



$$X^2 = 0$$

$$\tilde{g}_{MN} = \tilde{\nabla}_M X_N$$

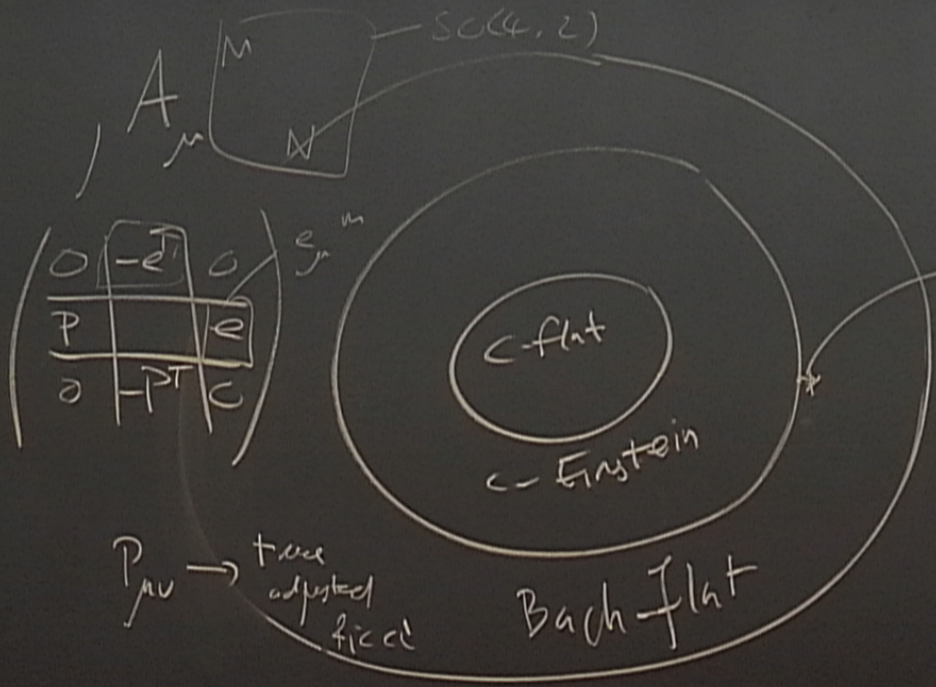
vector field

$$= \frac{1}{2} \tilde{\nabla}_M \tilde{\nabla}_N X^2$$



key - Yang Mills:  $\longleftrightarrow$

Bach-flat (conformal gravity solutions)  
 $S = \int W^2$



$$g_{MN} = \partial_M X_N = \frac{1}{2} \partial_M \partial_N X^2$$

partially massless  
EM

$L_x = x \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$   
 Euler vector  
 Dilatation

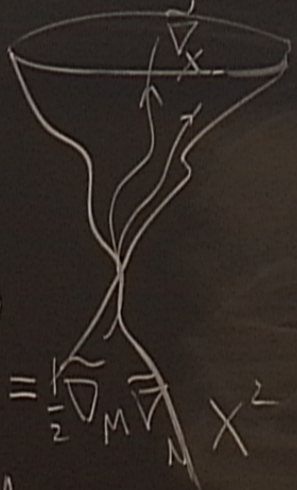


$$X^2 = 0$$

Curving the cone

$$\tilde{M}$$

curved  
ambient



$$X^2 = 0$$

$$\tilde{g}_{MN} = \tilde{\nabla}_M X_N = \frac{1}{2} \tilde{\nabla}_M \tilde{\nabla}_N X^2$$

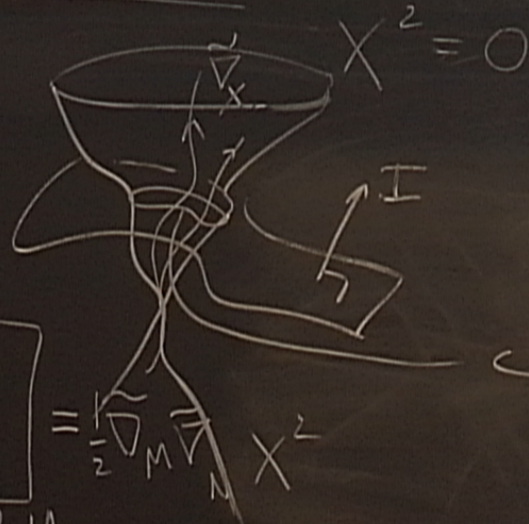
vector field



$$X^2 = 0$$

Curving the cone

$\tilde{M}$   
curved  
ambient



$$\tilde{\nabla}_M I = 0$$

conformally Einstein

$$\tilde{g}_{MN} = \tilde{\nabla}_M X_N = \frac{1}{2} \tilde{\nabla}_M \tilde{g}_{MN} X^2$$

vector field

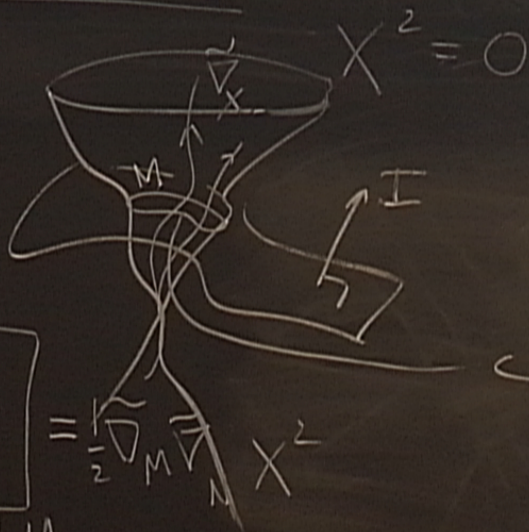


$$X^2 = 0$$

Curving the cone

$\tilde{M}$

curved ambient



$$\tilde{\nabla}_M I = 0$$

conformally Einstein

$$\tilde{g}_{MN} = \tilde{\nabla}_M X_N = \frac{1}{2} \tilde{\nabla}_M \tilde{\nabla}_N X^2$$

vector field

$\tilde{\nabla}_M$  induces  $\nabla^\uparrow$  on  $M$   
fractal connexion



vector field

(6-vc)

TRACTORS (REG) [matter for  $\nabla^T$  Yang Mills]

tensors  $\Phi_{\alpha n}$   $(\tilde{M}, \tilde{g}_{MN})$  subject to

$$\Phi_{MN\dots} \sim \Phi_{MN\dots} + X^2 \Psi_{MN\dots}$$



$$\Phi_{MN\dots} \sim \Phi_{MN\dots} + X^2 \Phi_{MN\dots}$$

classified by weight

▽

$SO(4,2)$

$$\theta = g^{-1} dg$$

Cartan Maurer

$SO(4,2)$

inv $\pm$

$$F_{\theta} = d\theta + \theta \wedge \theta = 0$$

$\theta$ -flat connexion

...  $SO(4,2)$   $\rightarrow$   $c$ -boost, dilatations  
 $R_4$ ,  $R_+$

$\nabla^{\theta} = d + \theta$

pullback\*



$$\tilde{\Phi}_{MN\dots} \sim \Phi_{MN\dots} + X^2 \tilde{\Phi}_{MN\dots}$$

classified by weight  $w$

homothety

$$\tilde{\nabla}_X \tilde{\Phi}_{MN\dots} = w \tilde{\Phi}_{MN\dots}$$

$SO(4,2)$

$$\Theta = g^{-1} dg$$

Cartan Manner  $SO(4,2)$   
inv $\pm$

$$F_\Theta = d\Theta + \Theta \wedge \Theta = 0$$

$\Theta$ -flat connexion

... significance say  
 $\rightarrow$  c-boost  $R_+$ , dilatations  $R_+$

$$\tilde{\nabla}^\tau = d + \Theta$$

pullback\*



FACTORS (SEG) [matter for  $\nabla^1$  Yang Mills]

tensors  $\Phi_{MN}$  on  $(\tilde{M}, \tilde{g}_{MN})$  subject to

$$\Phi_{MN\dots} \sim \Phi_{MN\dots} + X^2 \Phi_{MN\dots}$$

classified by weight  $w$

$$\underbrace{\tilde{\nabla}_X \Phi_{MN\dots}}_{\text{homothety}} = w \underbrace{\Phi_{MN\dots}}_{\text{SO}(4,2) \text{ inv}} \Rightarrow \tilde{\Phi} = \tilde{\Phi}(x) \quad \begin{matrix} \text{4 dim} \\ \downarrow \end{matrix}$$

SO(4,2)  
inv

$\theta$ -flat connexion

$$\tilde{\nabla} = d + \theta$$

pull back  $\theta$

trivial connexion



homotopy  $\nabla_X \Phi_{MN} \dots = \omega \Phi_{MN} \Rightarrow \Psi = \Phi(x)$

Amounts to c-multiplets

$$\psi^m \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} \psi^+_{(x)} \\ \psi^m_{(x)} \\ \psi^-_{(x)} \end{pmatrix} = V^M(x) \text{ --- } \text{SO}(d, 2)$$



homothety  $\nabla_X \Phi_{MN} \dots = \omega \Phi_{MN} \Rightarrow \Psi = \Phi(x)$

Amounts to  $c$ -multiplets

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma^m &\longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \sigma^+_{(x)} \\ \sigma^m_{(x)} \\ \sigma^-_{(x)} \end{pmatrix} = \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{tractor}}}{V^M(x)} \xrightarrow{\text{SO}(d,2)} \Omega^\omega \begin{pmatrix} \Omega V^+ \\ V^m + I^m V^- \\ \Omega^{-1} (V^- - I V^- - \frac{1}{2} I^2 V^+) \end{pmatrix} \\
 &\hspace{15em} \uparrow \\
 &\hspace{15em} I^m = \Omega^{-1} \partial_\mu \Omega
 \end{aligned}$$



classified by weight  $w$

homogeneity

$$\tilde{\nabla}_X \tilde{\Phi}_{MN} = w \tilde{\Phi}_{MN} \Rightarrow \tilde{\Phi} = \tilde{\Phi}(x)$$

Amounts to  $c$ -multiplets

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma^m &\longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \sigma^+_{(x)} \\ \sigma^m_{(x)} \\ \sigma^-_{(x)} \end{pmatrix} = \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{trector}}}{V^M} \xrightarrow{\text{SO}(d,2)} \Omega^w \begin{pmatrix} \Omega V^+ \\ V^m + \Gamma^m V^+ \\ \Omega^{-1} (V^- - \Gamma V^m - \frac{1}{2} \Gamma^2 V^+) \end{pmatrix} \\
 &\quad \tilde{\nabla}_m V^M \\
 &\quad \Gamma^m = \Omega^{-1} \gamma^m \Omega
 \end{aligned}$$



$\nabla^T$  deyer - Yang Mills!

Bach - fkt  $(d=4$   
 $s = \int w^2$  conformal gravity  
solutions)

tractor calculus

$$D^M = \begin{pmatrix} w(d+2w-2) \\ (d+2w-2) \nabla_m^T \\ - (\Delta_\gamma + w \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ S_c}}{J}) \end{pmatrix}$$



$S = J W$

tractor calculus

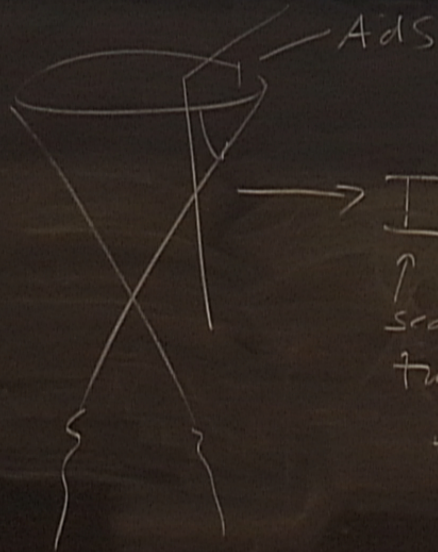
$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow D^M &= \begin{pmatrix} w(d+2w-2) \\ (d+2w-2) \nabla_m^{\gamma} \\ - \left( \Delta_{\gamma} + w \begin{matrix} J \\ \uparrow \\ S_c \end{matrix} \right) \end{pmatrix} \\ \text{'' tractor } D &= \end{aligned}$$



classified by weight  $w$

homogeneity

$$\tilde{\nabla}_X \tilde{\Phi}_{MN} = w \tilde{\Phi}_{MN} \Rightarrow \tilde{\Phi} = \tilde{\Phi}(x)$$



$\rightarrow I^M$   
 $\uparrow$   
scale  
factor

$$\nabla^T I^M = 0$$

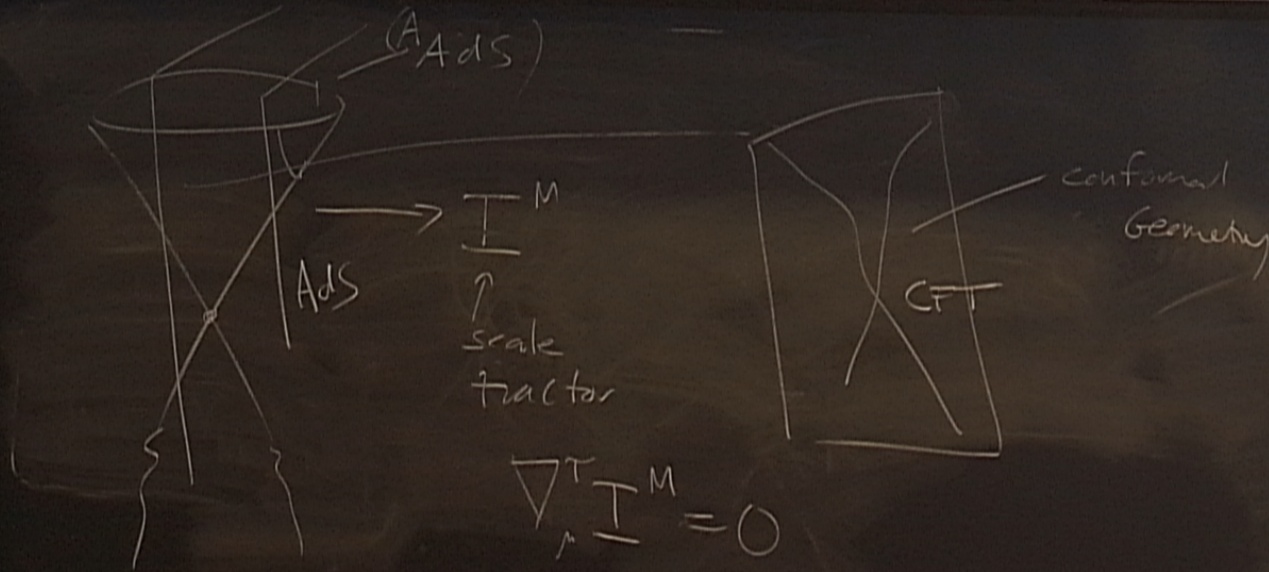


classified by weight  $w$

homothety

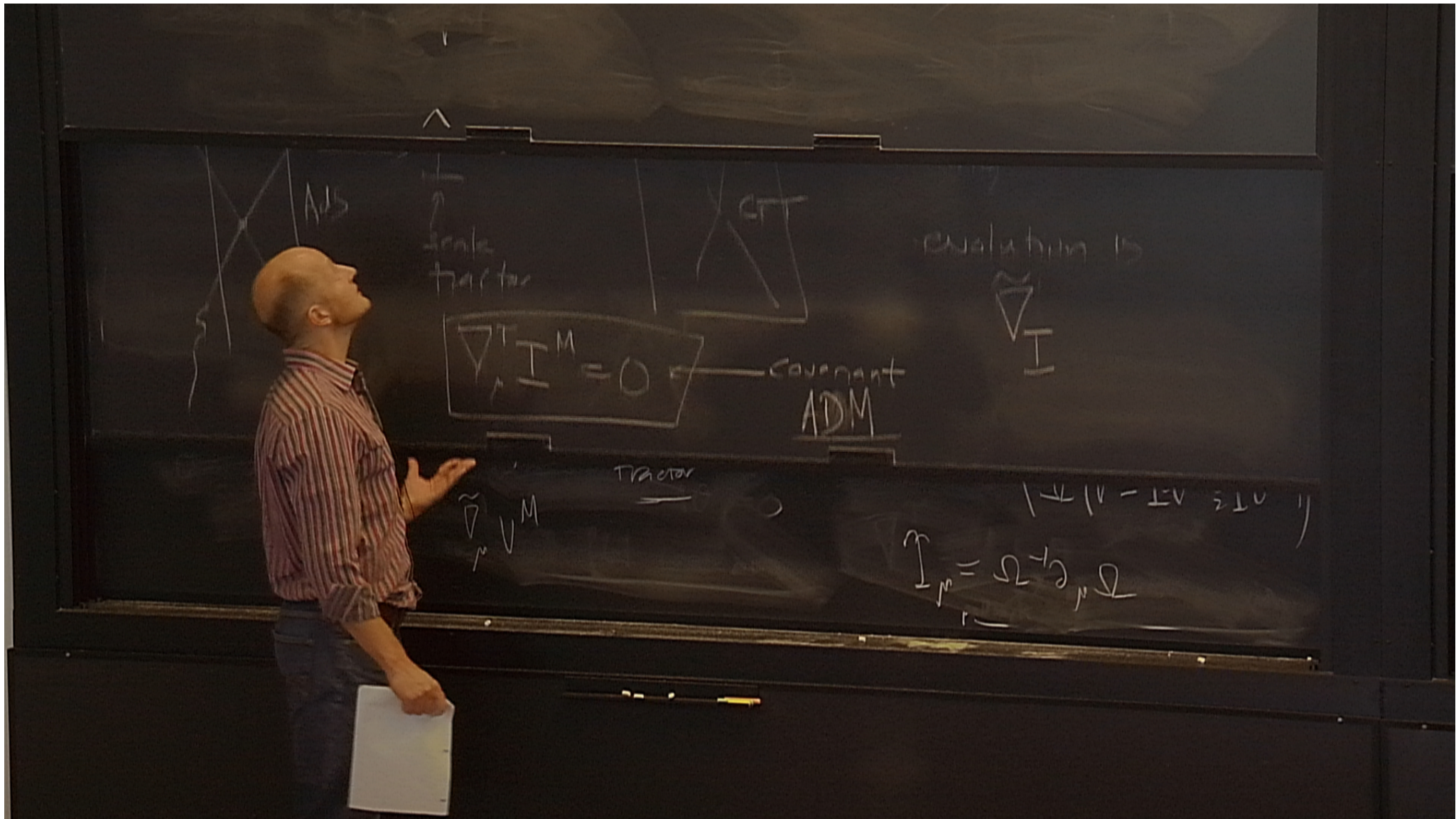
$$\tilde{\nabla}_X \tilde{\Phi}_{MN} = w \tilde{\Phi}_{MN}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{\Phi} = \tilde{\Phi}(x)$$



$$\nabla^T_{\mu} T^{\mu} = 0$$







$$\nabla^{\mu} T_{\mu}^{\nu} = 0$$

Covariant  
ADM

$\nabla^{\mu} T_{\mu}^{\nu}$

Laplace Robin  $\nabla^{\mu} D_{\mu} \Phi = \nabla^{\mu} \Phi$

generates physical wave eq<sup>s</sup> with  
mass  $\propto \omega^2$

$$\nabla^{\mu} D_{\mu} \Phi$$

^



$$\nabla^{\mu} T_{\mu}^{\nu} = 0$$

Covariant  
ADM

$\nabla^{\mu} T_{\mu}^{\nu}$

Laplace Robin  $I^{\mu\nu} D_{\mu} = I \cdot D$

generates physical wave eq<sup>s</sup> with  
mass  $\propto \omega^2$

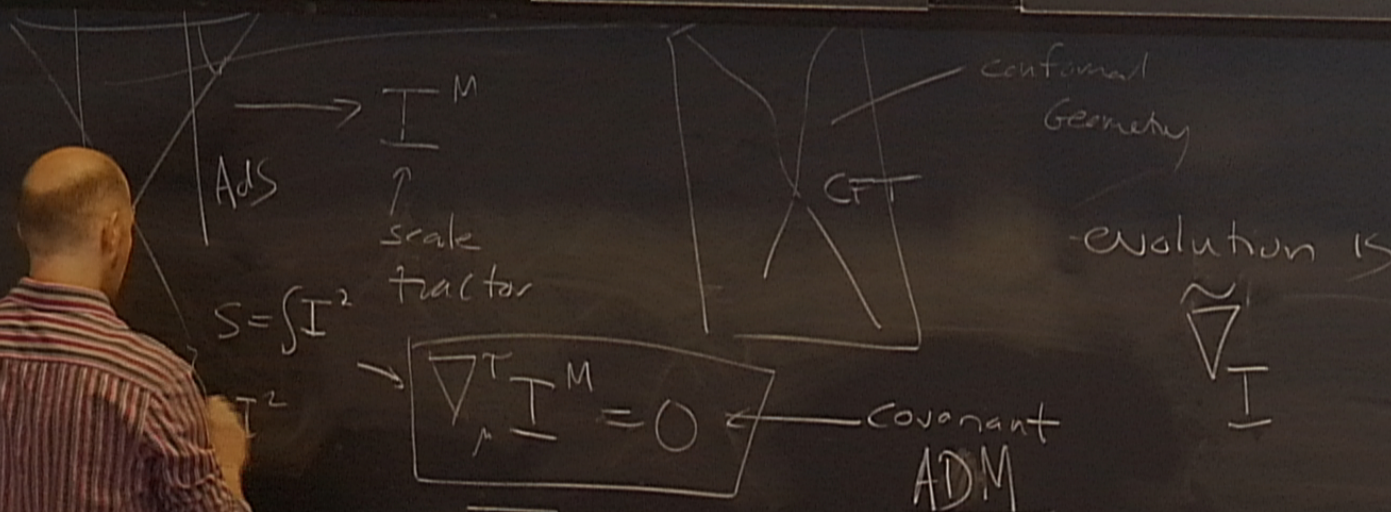
$$I \cdot D \phi = 0$$



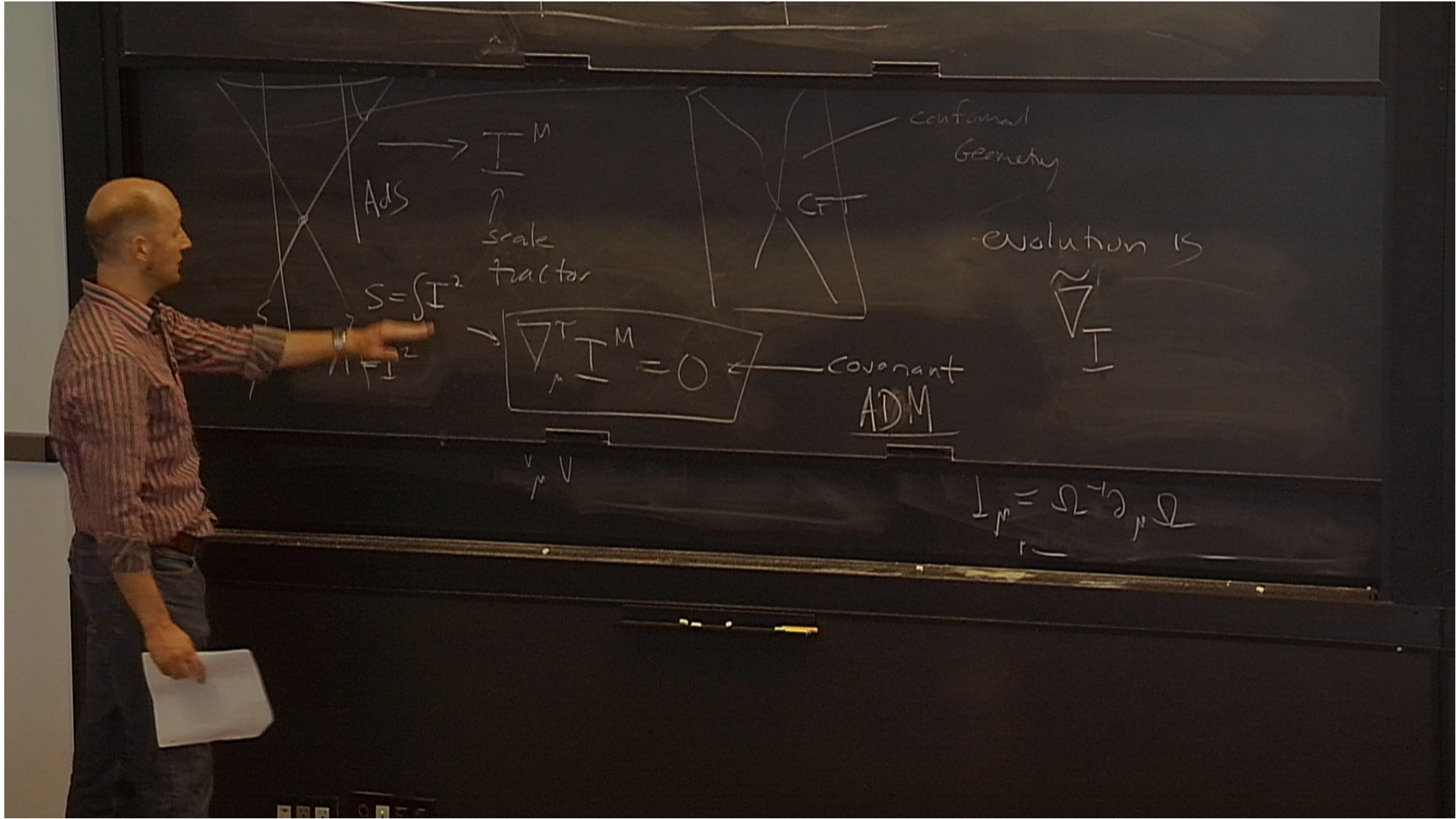
Laplace Robin  $I^M D_M = I \cdot D$   
 generates physical wave eq<sup>s</sup> with  
 mass  $\propto \omega^2$

$$I \cdot D \Phi = 0$$

physical wave eq<sup>s</sup> in curved space









ADM

Laplace Robin  $I^M D_M = I \cdot D$   
generates physical wave eq<sup>s</sup> with  
mass  $\propto \omega^2$

$I \cdot D \Phi = 0$

physical wave eq<sup>s</sup> in curved space



$$\Lambda = I^2 \rightarrow \nabla^T I^M = 0 \quad \text{Covariant ADM}$$

Laplace Robin

$$I^M D_M = I \cdot D$$

generates physical wave eq<sup>s</sup> with mass  $\propto \omega^2$

$$I \cdot D \Phi = 0$$

physical wave eq<sup>s</sup> in curved space

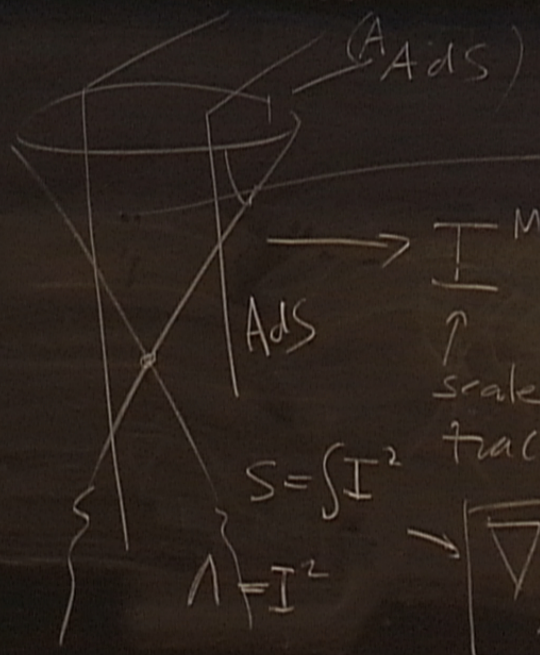
hidden  $sl_2$

$$\begin{cases} I \cdot D \\ \omega \\ I \cdot X \end{cases}$$



physical wave eqs in curved space

$$\begin{pmatrix} \omega \\ I \cdot X \end{pmatrix}$$



$I^M$   
↑  
scale factor

$$S = \int I^2$$

$$\Lambda = I^2$$

$$\nabla^T I^M = 0$$

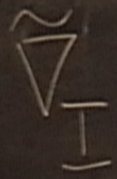
Covariant ADM

$$0 = \delta = I \cdot X \leftarrow \text{Dilaton}$$

conformal Geometry

Radial coord in AdS

evolution is CFT





tractor calculus

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow D^M &= \begin{pmatrix} w(d+2w-2) \\ (d+2w-2) \nabla_m^{\gamma} \\ - \left( \Delta_{\gamma} + w \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{Sc}}}{J} \right) \end{pmatrix} \\ \text{tractor } D &= \end{aligned}$$

Weyl anomaly

$(I.D)^{d-1}$  log $\gamma$  | Bdy