

Title: 13/14 PSI - Computational Methods in Physics - Lecture 3

Date: Sep 05, 2013 09:00 AM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/13090054>

Abstract:

Solving PDEs numerically

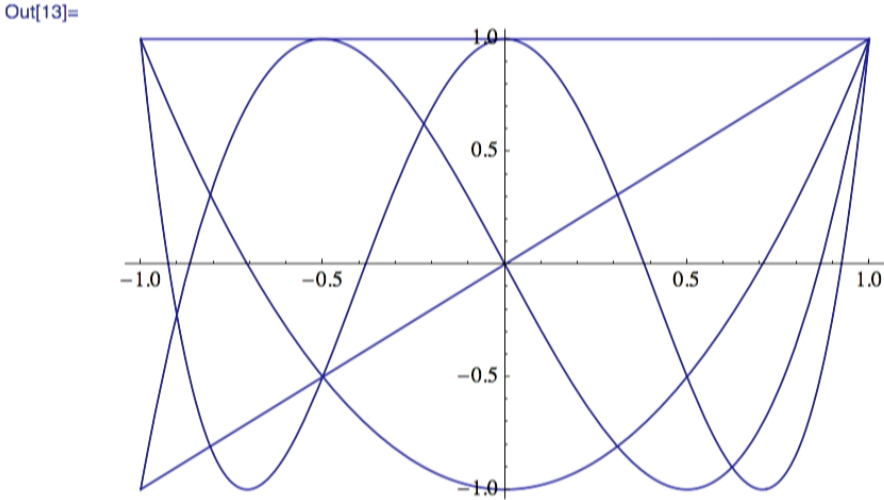
Discretization

Discretization

```
In[12]:= n = 4
```

Out[12]=
4

```
In[13]:= Plot[Table[ChebyshevT[i, x], {i, 0, n}], {x, -1, +1}]
```



`chebInt[f]`

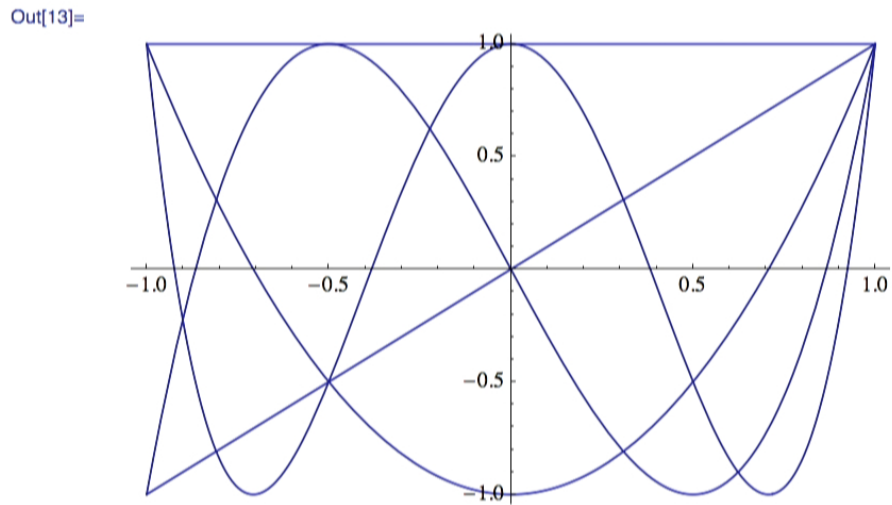
200%

Discretization

In[12]:= **n = 4**

Out[12]=
4

In[13]:= **Plot[Table[ChebyshevT[i, x], {i, 0, n}], {x, -1, +1}]**



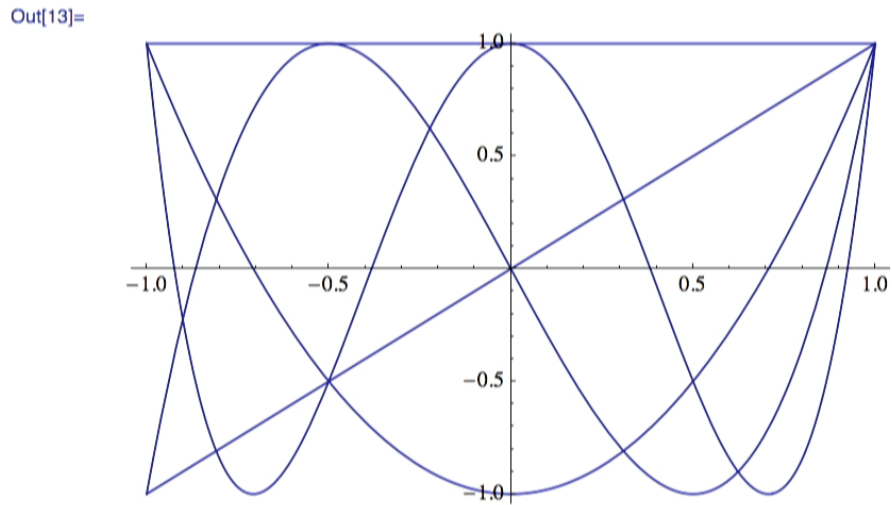
In[14]:= **chebInt[f_, g_] := $\int_{-1}^{+1} \frac{f[x] g[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$**

Discretization

In[12]:= **n = 4**

Out[12]=
4

In[13]:= **Plot[Table[ChebyshevT[i, x], {i, 0, n}], {x, -1, +1}]**



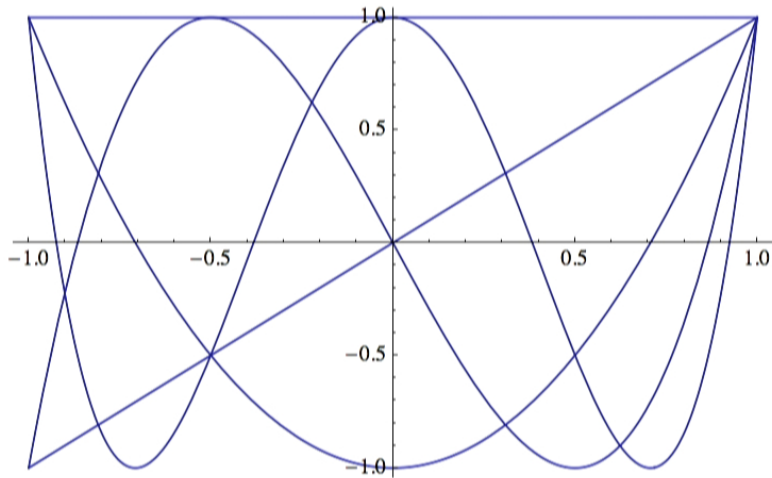
In[14]:= **chebInt[f_, g_] := $\int_{-1}^{+1} \frac{f[x] g[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$**

In[15]:= **Table[chebInt[ChebyshevT[i, #] &, ChebyshevT[j, #] &], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}]**

4

```
In[13]:= Plot[Table[ChebyshevT[i, x], {i, 0, n}], {x, -1, +1}]
```

Out[13]=



```
In[14]:= chebInt[f_, g_] := ∫-1+1  $\frac{f[x] g[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$  dx
```

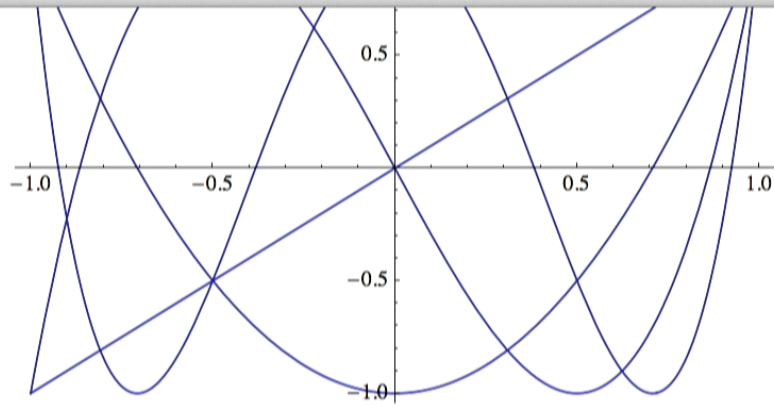
```
In[16]:= Table[chebInt[ChebyshevT[i, #] &, ChebyshevT[j, #] &], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}] // MatrixForm
```

Out[16]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} \pi & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\pi}{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\pi}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{\pi}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{\pi}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Assuming a matrix | Use a list of lists instead

200%



$$2 \int_{-1}^{+1} \frac{f[x] g[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$
$$\pi$$

```
In[18]:= chebInt[f_, g_] :=
```

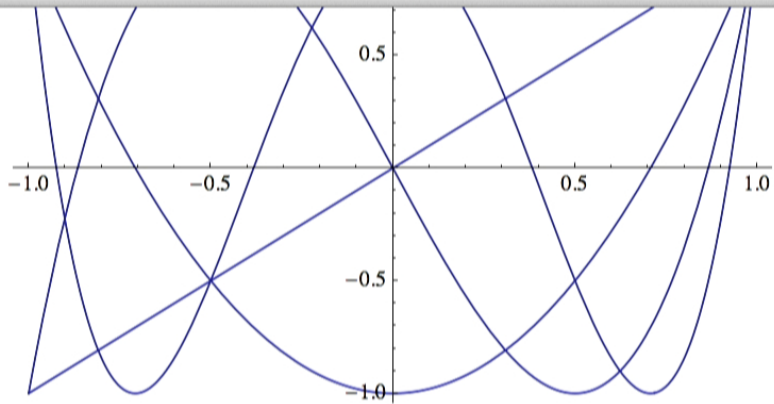
```
In[19]:= Table[chebInt[ChebyshevT[i, #] &, ChebyshevT[j, #] &], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}] // MatrixForm
```

Out[19]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Assuming a matrix | Use as a list of lists instead

determinant inverse matrix plot eigenvalues more...



$$2 \int_{-1}^{+1} \frac{f[x] g[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

In[18]:= `chebInt[f_, g_] :=`

π

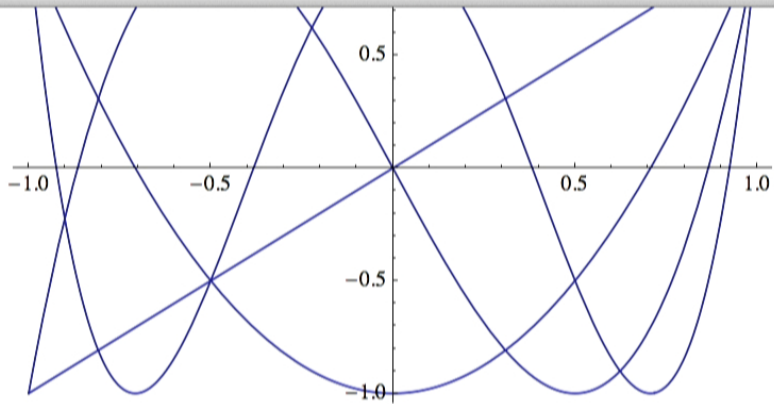
In[19]:= `Table[chebInt[ChebyshevT[i, #] &, ChebyshevT[j, #] &], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}] // MatrixForm`

Out[19]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

`f[x_] := Sum[cs[[i]] ChebyshevT[i, x], {i, 0, n}]`

I I



$$2 \int_{-1}^{+1} \frac{f[x] g[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

```
In[18]:= chebInt[f_, g_] :=
```

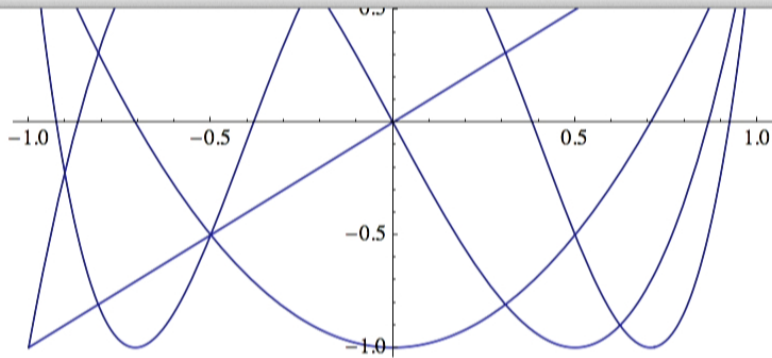
$$\frac{2 \int_{-1}^{+1} \frac{f[x] g[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx}{\pi}$$

```
In[19]:= Table[chebInt[ChebyshevT[i, #] &, ChebyshevT[j, #] &], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}] // MatrixForm
```

Out[19]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[20]:= f[x_] := Sum[cs[[i + 1]] ChebyshevT[i, x], {i, 0, n}]
```



$$\text{In[18]:= } \mathbf{chebInt}[f_, g_] := \frac{2 \int_{-1}^{+1} \frac{f[x] g[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx}{\pi}$$

```
In[19]:= Table[chebInt[ChebyshevT[i, #] &, ChebyshevT[j, #] &], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}] // MatrixForm
```

Out[19]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

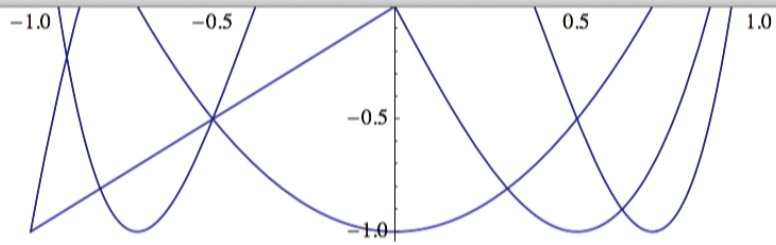
$$\text{In[21]:= } \mathbf{c2f}[cs_][x_] := \sum_{i=0}^n cs[[i+1]] \text{ChebyshevT}[i, x]$$

```
In[24]:= c2f[{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}][x] // Simplify
```

Out[24]=

$$3 - 10x - 34x^2 + 16x^3 + 40x^4$$

plot factor x derivative x integral more...



$$\text{In[18]:= } \text{chebInt}[f_, g_] := \frac{2 \int_{-1}^{+1} \frac{f[x] g[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx}{\pi}$$

```
In[19]:= Table[chebInt[ChebyshevT[i, #] &, ChebyshevT[j, #] &], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}] // MatrixForm
```

Out[19]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

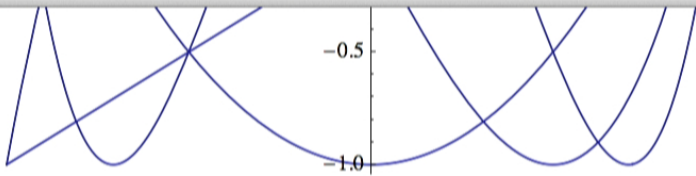
$$\text{In[25]:= } \text{c2f}[cs_, x_] := \sum_{i=0}^n cs[[i+1]] \text{ChebyshevT}[i, x]$$

```
In[26]:= c2f[{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}, x] // Simplify
```

Out[26]=

$$3 - 10x - 34x^2 + 16x^3 + 40x^4$$

plot factor x derivative x integral more...



$$\text{In[18]:= chebInt}[f_, g_] := \frac{2 \int_{-1}^{+1} \frac{f[x] g[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx}{\pi}$$

```
In[19]:= Table[chebInt[ChebyshevT[i, #] &, ChebyshevT[j, #] &], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}] // MatrixForm
```

Out[19]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{In[25]:= c2f}[cs_, x_] := \sum_{i=0}^n cs[[i + 1]] \text{ChebyshevT}[i, x]$$

```
In[26]:= c2f[{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}, x] // Simplify
```

Out[26]=

$$3 - 10x - 34x^2 + 16x^3 + 40x^4$$

```
f2c[f_] := chebInt[f, ChebyshevT[i, #] &]
```

$$\text{In[18]:= chebInt}[f_, g_] := \frac{2 \int_{-1}^{+1} \frac{f[x] g[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx}{\pi}$$

```
In[19]:= Table[chebInt[ChebyshevT[i, #] &, ChebyshevT[j, #] &], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}] // MatrixForm
```

Out[19]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{In[25]:= c2f}[cs_, x_] := \sum_{i=0}^n cs[[i+1]] \text{ChebyshevT}[i, x]$$

```
In[26]:= c2f[{{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}}, x] // Simplify
```

Out[26]=

$$3 - 10x - 34x^2 + 16x^3 + 40x^4$$

```
In[27]:= f2c[f_] := Table[chebInt[f, ChebyshevT[i, #] &], {i, 0, n}]
```

```
In[28]:= f2c[Sin]
```

Out[28]=

$$\{0, 2 \text{BesselJ}[1, 1], 0, -2 \text{BesselJ}[3, 1], 0\}$$

total sort mean delete duplicates more...

$$\text{In[18]:= } \mathbf{chebInt}[f_, g_] := \frac{2 \int_{-1}^{+1} \frac{f[x] g[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx}{\pi}$$

```
In[19]:= Table[chebInt[ChebyshevT[i, #] &, ChebyshevT[j, #] &], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}] // MatrixForm
```

Out[19]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{In[25]:= } \mathbf{c2f}[cs_, x_] := \sum_{i=0}^n cs[[i + 1]] \text{ChebyshevT}[i, x]$$

```
In[26]:= c2f[{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}, x] // Simplify
```

Out[26]=

$$3 - 10x - 34x^2 + 16x^3 + 40x^4$$

```
In[27]:= f2c[f_] := Table[chebInt[f, ChebyshevT[i, #] &], {i, 0, n}]
```

```
In[28]:= f2c[Sin]
```

Out[28]=

$$\{0, 2 \text{ BesselJ}[1, 1], 0, -2 \text{ BesselJ}[3, 1], 0\}$$

```
In[29]:= cs = Table[c_i, {i, 0, n}]
```

Out[29]=

$$\{c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4\}$$

reverse all subsets permutations rotate right more...

```
In[19]:= Table[chebInt[ChebyshevT[i, #] &, ChebyshevT[j, #] &], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}] // MatrixForm
```

Out[19]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[25]:= c2f[cs_, x_] := Sum[cs[[i + 1]] ChebyshevT[i, x], {i, 0, n}]
```

```
In[26]:= c2f[{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}, x] // Simplify
```

Out[26]=

$$3 - 10x - 34x^2 + 16x^3 + 40x^4$$

```
In[27]:= f2c[f_] := Table[chebInt[f, ChebyshevT[i, #] &], {i, 0, n}]
```

```
In[28]:= f2c[Sin]
```

Out[28]=

$$\{0, 2 \text{ BesselJ}[1, 1], 0, -2 \text{ BesselJ}[3, 1], 0\}$$

```
In[29]:= cs = Table[c_i, {i, 0, n}]
```

Out[29]=

$$\{c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4\}$$

```
In[30]:= f2c[c2f[cs, #] &]
```

Out[30]=

$$\{2 c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4\}$$

reverse all subsets permutations rotate right more...

In[25]:= $c2f[cs_, x_] := \sum_{i=0}^n cs[[i + 1]] \text{ChebyshevT}[i, x]$

In[26]:= `c2f[{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}, x] // Simplify`

Out[26]= $3 - 10x - 34x^2 + 16x^3 + 40x^4$

In[27]:= `f2c[f_] := Table[chebInt[f, ChebyshevT[i, #] &], {i, 0, n}]`

In[28]:= `f2c[Sin]`

Out[28]= $\{0, 2 \text{BesselJ}[1, 1], 0, -2 \text{BesselJ}[3, 1], 0\}$

In[29]:= `cs = Table[c_i, {i, 0, n}]`

Out[29]= $\{c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4\}$

In[30]:= `f2c[c2f[cs, #] &]`

Out[30]= $\{2 c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4\}$

In[25]:= $c2f[cs_, x_] := \sum_{i=0}^n cs[[i + 1]] \text{ChebyshevT}[i, x]$

In[26]:= `c2f[{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}, x] // Simplify`

Out[26]= $3 - 10x - 34x^2 + 16x^3 + 40x^4$

In[35]:= `f2c[f_] := Table[If[i == 0, 1/2, 1] chebInt[f, ChebyshevT[i, #1] &], {i, 0, n}]`

In[36]:= `f2c[Sin]`

Out[36]= $\{0, 2 \text{BesselJ}[1, 1], 0, -2 \text{BesselJ}[3, 1], 0\}$

In[29]:= `cs = Table[ci, {i, 0, n}]`

Out[29]= $\{c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4\}$

In[37]:= `f2c[c2f[cs, #] &]`

Out[37]= $\{c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4\}$

reverse all subsets permutations rotate right more...

In[25]:= $c2f[cs_, x_] := \sum_{i=0}^{cs} cs[[1+i]] \text{ChebyshevT}[i, x]$

In[26]:= `c2f[{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}, x] // Simplify`

Out[26]= $3 - 10x - 34x^2 + 16x^3 + 40x^4$

In[35]:= `f2c[f_] := Table[If[i == 0, 1/2, 1] chebInt[f, ChebyshevT[i, #1] &], {i, 0, n}]`

In[36]:= `f2c[Sin]`

Out[36]= $\{0, 2 \text{ BesselJ}[1, 1], 0, -2 \text{ BesselJ}[3, 1], 0\}$

In[29]:= `cs = Table[c_i, {i, 0, n}]`

Out[29]= $\{c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4\}$

In[37]:= `f2c[c2f[cs, #] &]`

Out[37]= $\{c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4\}$

Derivative Operator

In[38]:= `D[c2f[cs, x], x]`

Out[38]= $c_1 + 4x c_2 + (-3 + 12x^2) c_3 + (-16x + 32x^3) c_4$

plot simplify expand factor more...

```
In[35]:= f2c[1_] := Table[11[1 == 0, 1/2, 1] ChebFunc[1, ChebyshevT[1, #1] &], {1, 0, 4}]
```

```
In[36]:= f2c[Sin]
```

```
Out[36]= {0, 2 BesselJ[1, 1], 0, -2 BesselJ[3, 1], 0}
```

```
In[29]:= cs = Table[c1, {i, 0, n}]
```

```
Out[29]= {c0, c1, c2, c3, c4}
```

```
In[37]:= f2c[c2f[cs, #] &]
```

```
Out[37]= {c0, c1, c2, c3, c4}
```

Derivative Operator

```
In[40]:= f2c[Function[x, D[c2f[cs, x], x]]]
```

```
Out[40]= {c1 + 3 c3, 4 (c2 + 2 c4), 6 c3, 8 c4, 0}
```

Groebner basis polynomial reduce polynomial GCD polynomial LCM more...

```
In[35]:= f2c[1_] := Table[11[1 == 0, 1/2, 1] ChebFunc[1, ChebyshevT[1, #] &], {1, 0, 4}]
```

```
In[36]:= f2c[Sin]
```

```
Out[36]= {0, 2 BesselJ[1, 1], 0, -2 BesselJ[3, 1], 0}
```

```
In[29]:= cs = Table[ci, {i, 0, n}]
```

```
Out[29]= {c0, c1, c2, c3, c4}
```

```
In[37]:= f2c[c2f[cs, #] &]
```

```
Out[37]= {c0, c1, c2, c3, c4}
```

Derivative Operator

```
In[41]:= dcoeffs = f2c[Function[x, D[c2f[cs, x], x]]]
```

```
Out[41]= {c1 + 3 c3, 4 (c2 + 2 c4), 6 c3, 8 c4, 0}
```

dd|

```
In[36]:= f2c[Sin]
Out[36]= {0, 2 BesselJ[1, 1], 0, -2 BesselJ[3, 1], 0}
```

```
In[29]:= cs = Table[ci, {i, 0, n}]
Out[29]= {c0, c1, c2, c3, c4}
```

```
In[37]:= f2c[c2f[cs, #] &]
Out[37]= {c0, c1, c2, c3, c4}
```

Derivative Operator

```
In[41]:= dcoeffs = f2c[Function[x, D[c2f[cs, x], x]]]
Out[41]= {c1 + 3 c3, 4 (c2 + 2 c4), 6 c3, 8 c4, 0}
```

```
In[43]:= dd = Table[Coefficient[dcoeffs[[j]], ci], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}];
```

```
In[44]:= dd // MatrixForm
Out[44]/MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

Assuming a matrix | Use as a list of lists instead

```
In[36]:= f2c[Sin]
Out[36]= {0, 2 BesselJ[1, 1], 0, -2 BesselJ[3, 1], 0}
```

```
In[29]:= cs = Table[ci, {i, 0, n}]
Out[29]= {c0, c1, c2, c3, c4}
```

```
In[37]:= f2c[c2f[cs, #] &]
Out[37]= {c0, c1, c2, c3, c4}
```

Derivative Operator

```
In[41]:= dcoeffs = f2c[Function[x, D[c2f[cs, x], x]]]
Out[41]= {c1 + 3 c3, 4 (c2 + 2 c4), 6 c3, 8 c4, 0}
```

```
In[47]:= dd = Table[Coefficient[dcoeffs[[j]], ci, {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}];
```

```
In[48]:= dd // MatrixForm
Out[48]/MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

Assuming a matrix | Use as a list of lists instead

200%

```
In[37]:= f2c[c2f[cs, #] &]  
Out[37]= {c0, c1, c2, c3, c4}
```

Derivative Operator

```
In[41]:= dcoeffs = f2c[Function[x, D[c2f[cs, x]]]]  
Out[41]= {c1 + 3 c3, 4 (c2 + 2 c4), 6 c3, 8 c4, 0}
```

```
In[51]:= dd = Table[Coefficient[dcoeffs[[i + 1], c_j], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}];
```

```
In[52]:= dd // MatrixForm  
Out[52]/MatrixForm=  

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```

```
In[53]:= dd.cs // MatrixForm  
Out[53]/MatrixForm=  

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_1 + 3 c_3 \\ 4 c_2 + 8 c_4 \\ 6 c_3 \\ 8 c_4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```

```
In[41]:= dcoeffs = f2c[Function[x,  $\partial_x$  c2f[cs, x]]]
```

```
Out[41]= {c1 + 3 c3, 4 (c2 + 2 c4), 6 c3, 8 c4, 0}
```

```
In[51]:= dd = Table[Coefficient[dcoeffs[[i + 1]], cj], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}];
```

```
In[52]:= dd // MatrixForm
```

```
Out[52]/MatrixForm=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```

```
In[53]:= dd.cs // MatrixForm
```

```
Out[53]/MatrixForm=
$$\begin{pmatrix} c_1 + 3 c_3 \\ 4 c_2 + 8 c_4 \\ 6 c_3 \\ 8 c_4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```

```
In[54]:= dd.dd // MatrixForm
```

```
Out[54]/MatrixForm=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 24 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 48 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```

Assuming a matrix | Use a list of lists instead

Out[53]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_1 + 3 c_3 \\ 4 c_2 + 8 c_4 \\ 6 c_3 \\ 8 c_4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[54]:= **dd.dd // MatrixForm**

Out[54]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 24 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 48 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Heat Equation

In[55]:= **rhs[x_] = Sin[Pi x]**

In[60]:= **deq = f''[x] == rhs[x]**

Out[60]=

$$f''[x] == \text{Sin}[\pi x]$$

solve ode   

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[53]:= dd.cs // MatrixForm
```

Out[53]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_1 + 3 c_3 \\ 4 c_2 + 8 c_4 \\ 6 c_3 \\ 8 c_4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[54]:= dd.dd // MatrixForm
```

Out[54]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 24 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 48 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Example: Sin

```
In[61]:= f2c[Sin]
```

Out[61]=

$$\{0, 2 \text{BesselJ}[1, 1], 0, -2 \text{BesselJ}[3, 1], 0\}$$

Next Equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[53]:= **dd.cs // MatrixForm**

Out[53]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_1 + 3 c_3 \\ 4 c_2 + 8 c_4 \\ 6 c_3 \\ 8 c_4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[54]:= **dd.dd // MatrixForm**

Out[54]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 24 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 48 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Example: Sin

In[61]:= **f2c[Sin]**

Out[61]=

{0, 2 BesselJ[1, 1], 0, -2 BesselJ[3, 1], 0}

total sort mean delete duplicates more...

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[53]:= dd.cs // MatrixForm
```

Out[53]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_1 + 3 c_3 \\ 4 c_2 + 8 c_4 \\ 6 c_3 \\ 8 c_4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[54]:= dd.dd // MatrixForm
```

Out[54]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 24 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 48 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Example: Sin

```
In[62]:= f2c[Sin] // N
```

Out[62]=

$$\{0., 0.880101, 0., -0.0391267, 0.\}$$

total sort mean delete duplicates more...

Out[53]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_1 + 3 c_3 \\ 4 c_2 + 8 c_4 \\ 6 c_3 \\ 8 c_4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[54]:= **dd.dd // MatrixForm**

Out[54]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 24 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 48 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Example: Sin

In[63]:= **dsin = f2c[Sin] // N**

Out[63]=

$$\{0., 0.880101, 0., -0.0391267, 0.\}$$

In[64]:= **dd.dsin**

Out[64]=

$$\{0.762721, 0., -0.23476, 0., 0.\}$$

f2c[Sin'] // N

Heat Equation

200%

Out[53]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_1 + 3 c_3 \\ 4 c_2 + 8 c_4 \\ 6 c_3 \\ 8 c_4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[54]:= **dd.dd // MatrixForm**

Out[54]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 24 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 48 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Example: Sin

In[63]:= **dsin = f2c[Sin] // N**

Out[63]=

{0., 0.880101, 0., -0.0391267, 0.}

In[64]:= **dd.dsin**

Out[64]=

{0.762721, 0., -0.23476, 0., 0.}

In[65]:= **f2c[Sin'] // N**

Out[65]=

{0.765198, 0., -0.229807, 0., 0.00495328}

total sort mean delete duplicates more...

(0)

In[54]:= **dd.dd // MatrixForm**

Out[54]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 24 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 48 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Example: Sin

In[63]:= **dsin = f2c[Sin] // N**

Out[63]=

{0., 0.880101, 0., -0.0391267, 0.}

In[64]:= **dd.dsin**

Out[64]=

{0.762721, 0., -0.23476, 0., 0.}

In[65]:= **f2c[Sin'] // N**

Out[65]=

{0.765198, 0., -0.229807, 0., 0.00495328}

Plot[{Sin'[x], c2f[dd.dsin, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]

Heat Equation

200%

Example: Sin

In[63]:= **dsin = f2c[Sin] // N**

Out[63]=
{0., 0.880101, 0., -0.0391267, 0.}

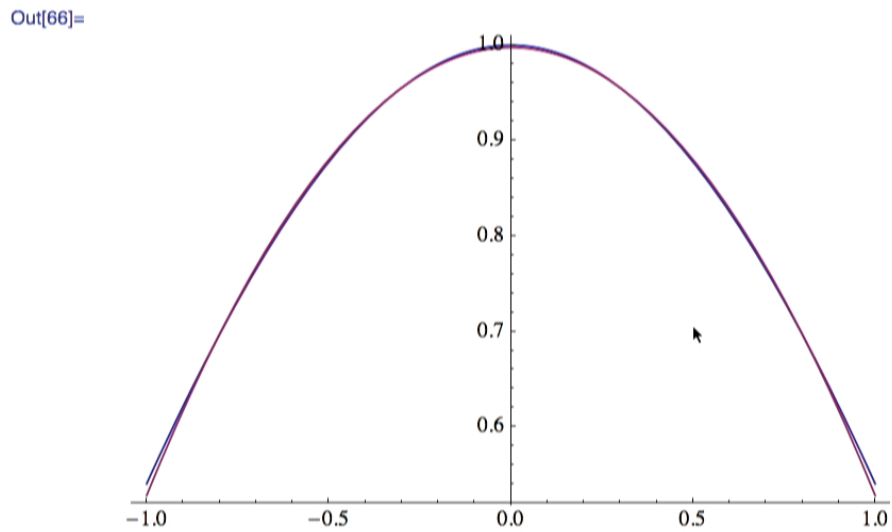
In[64]:= **dd.dsin**

Out[64]=
{0.762721, 0., -0.23476, 0., 0.}

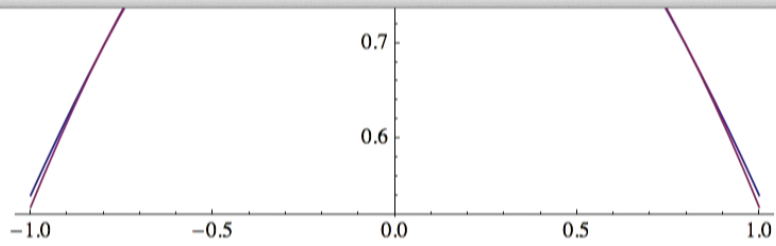
In[65]:= **f2c[Sin'] // N**

Out[65]=
{0.765198, 0., -0.229807, 0., 0.00495328}

In[66]:= **Plot[{Sin'[x], c2f[dd.dsin, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]**



200%



Heat Equation

```
In[20]:= rhs[x_] = Sin[Pi x]
```

```
Out[20]=
```

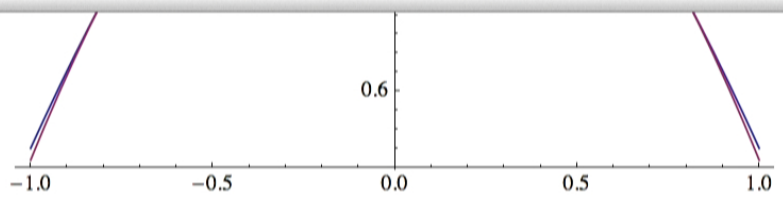
```
Sin[ $\pi$  x]
```

```
In[21]:= deq = f''[x] == rhs[x]
```

```
Out[21]=
```

```
f''[x] == Sin[ $\pi$  x]
```

```
bcs = {f[-1] ==
```



Heat Equation

```
In[20]:= rhs[x_] = Sin[Pi x]
```

```
Out[20]= Sin[π x]
```

```
In[21]:= deq = f''[x] == rhs[x]
```

```
Out[21]= f''[x] == Sin[π x]
```

```
In[22]:= bcs = {f[-1] == 1/10, f[+1] == 0}
```

```
Out[22]= {f[-1] == 1/10, f[1] == 0}
```

```
In[23]:= DSolve[Join[{deq}, bcs], f, x]
```

```
Out[23]= {{f -> Function[{x}, (π² - π² x - 20 Sin[π x]) / (20 π²)]}}
```

Assuming a list of rules | Use as a two-dimensional array instead

get solution apply rules to variable apply rules to expr... convert rules to lists

200%

```
In[21]:= deq = x'' == sin[x]
```

Out[21]= $f''[x] == \text{Sin}[\pi x]$

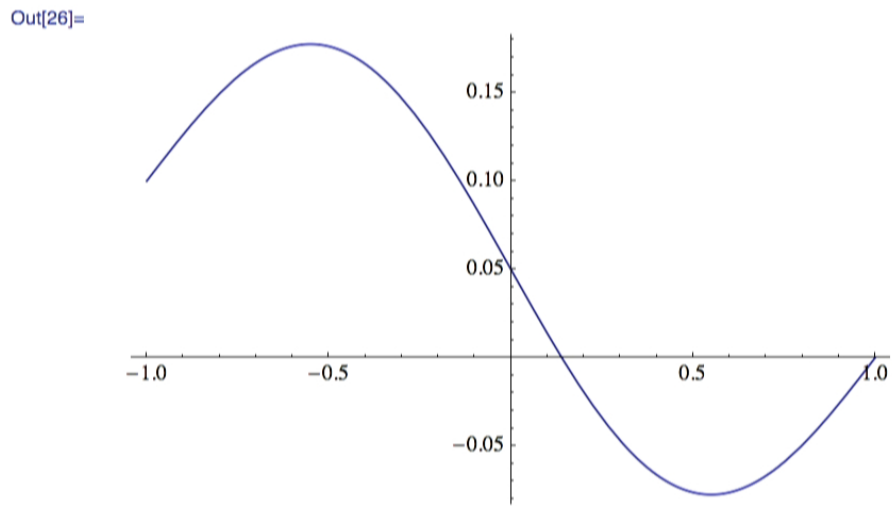
```
In[22]:= bcs = {f[-1] ==  $\frac{1}{10}$ , f[+1] == 0}
```

Out[22]= $\{f[-1] == \frac{1}{10}, f[1] == 0\}$

```
In[24]:= asol = DSolve[Join[deq, bcs], f, x]
```

Out[24]= $\left\{ \left\{ f \rightarrow \text{Function}\left[\{x\}, \frac{\pi^2 - \pi^2 x - 20 \text{Sin}[\pi x]}{20 \pi^2} \right] \right\} \right\}$

```
In[26]:= Plot[f[x] /. asol[[1]], {x, -1, +1}]
```



Out[16]=
{0., 0.880101, 0., -0.0391267, 0.}

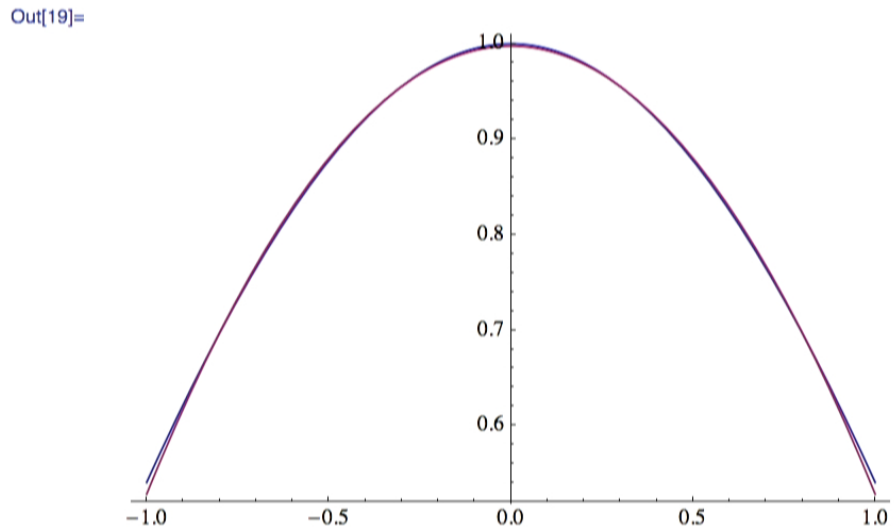
In[17]:= **dd.dsin**

Out[17]=
{0.762721, 0., -0.23476, 0., 0.}

In[18]:= **f2c[Sin'] // N**

Out[18]=
{0.765198, 0., -0.229807, 0., 0.00495328}

In[19]:= **Plot[{Sin'[x], c2f[dd.dsin, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]**

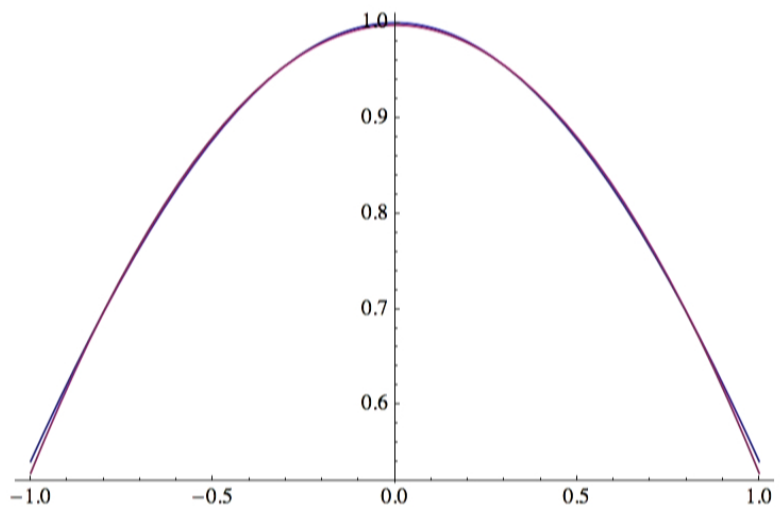


frame axes image size plot style more

```
{0.765198, 0., -0.229807, 0., 0.00495328}
```

```
In[19]:= Plot[{Sin'[x], c2f[dd.dsin, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]
```

Out[19]=



Boundary conditions

```
bcoeffs = |
```

```
dcoeffs = f2c[Function[x,  $\partial_x$  c2f[cs, x]]]
```

Heat Equation

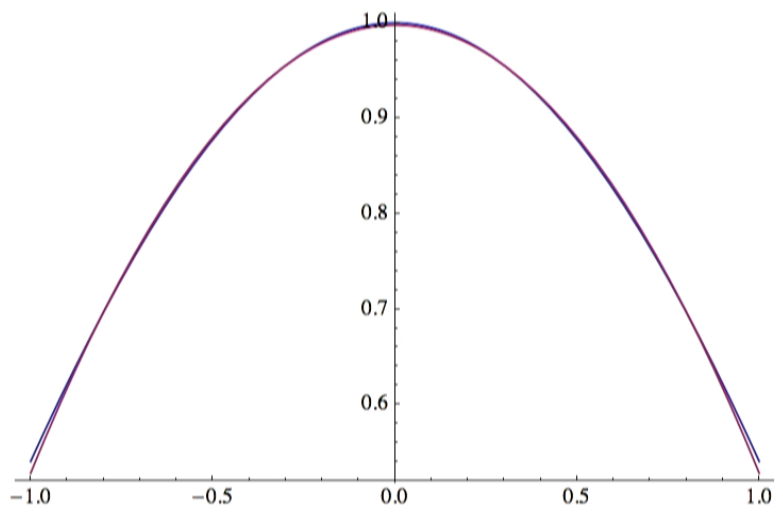
```
In[20]:= rhs[x_] = Sin[Pi x]
```

200%

```
{0.765198, 0., -0.229807, 0., 0.00495328}
```

```
In[19]:= Plot[{Sin'[x], c2f[dd.dsin, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]
```

Out[19]=



Boundary conditions

```
bcoeffLeft = | x
```

```
dcoeffs = f2c[Function[x,  $\partial_x$  c2f[cs, x]]]
```

Heat Equation

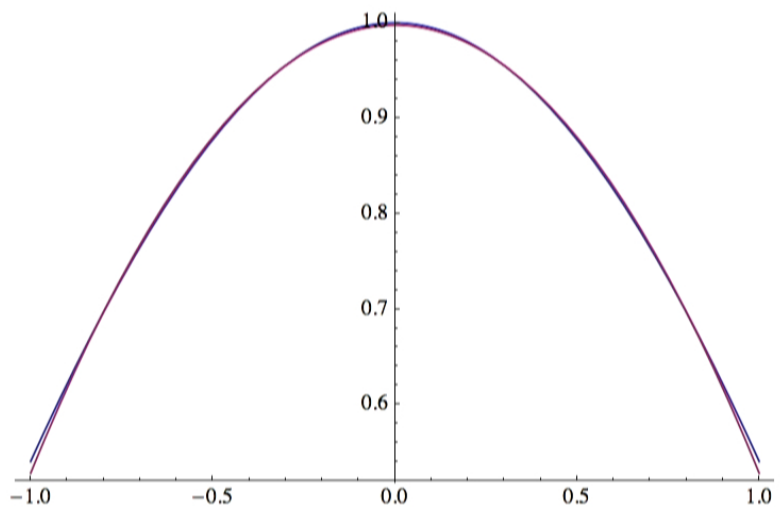
```
In[20]:= rhs[x_] = Sin[Pi x]
```

200%

{0.765198, 0., -0.229807, 0., 0.00495328}

```
In[19]:= Plot[{Sin'[x], c2f[dd.dsin, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]
```

Out[19]=



Boundary conditions

```
bcoeffLeft = Function[x, c2f[cs, x]]
```

```
dcoeffs = f2c[Function[x,  $\partial_x$  c2f[cs, x]]]
```

Heat Equation

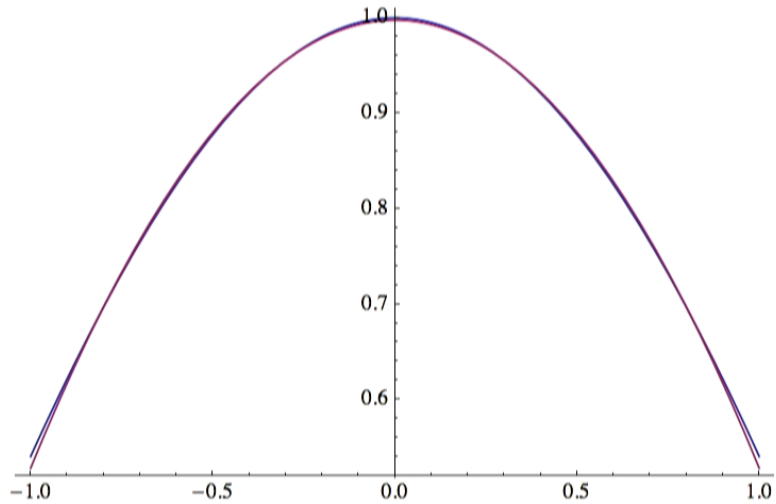
```
In[20]:= rhs[x_] = Sin[Pi x]
```

200%

```
{0.765198, 0., -0.229807, 0., 0.00495328}
```

```
In[19]:= Plot[{Sin'[x], c2f[dd.dsin, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]
```

Out[19]=



Boundary conditions

```
In[27]:= bcoeffLeft = c2f[cs, 0]
```

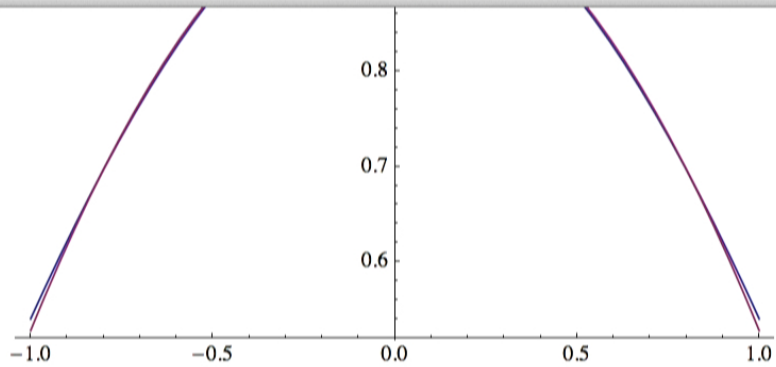
Out[27]=

$$c_0 - c_2 + c_4$$

```
dcoeffs = f2c[Function[x,  $\partial_x$  c2f[cs, x]]]
```

Heat Equation

200%



Boundary conditions

In[28]:= **bcoeffLeft = c2f[cs, -1]**

Out[28]=

$$c_0 - c_1 + c_2 - c_3 + c_4$$

In[29]:= **bcoeffRight = c2f[cs, +1]**

Out[29]=

$$c_0 + c_1 + c_2 + c_3 + c_4$$

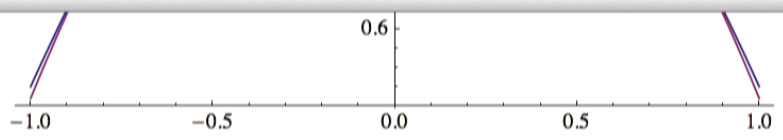
c₀ derivative ▾ c₀ integral ▾ grad series around c₀ = 0 ▾ more... ↻ ⚙

dcoeffs = f2c[Function[x, ∂_xc2f[cs, x]]]

Heat Equation

In[20]:= **rhs[x_] = Sin[Pi x]**

200%



Boundary conditions

In[28]:= **bcoeffLeft = c2f[cs, -1]**

Out[28]=

$$c_0 - c_1 + c_2 - c_3 + c_4$$

In[29]:= **bcoeffRight = c2f[cs, +1]**

Out[29]=

$$c_0 + c_1 + c_2 + c_3 + c_4$$

In[32]:= **bbLeft = Table[Coefficient[bcoeffLeft, c_j], {j, 0, n}];**

In[33]:= **bbLeft // MatrixForm**

Out[33]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[34]:= **bbRight = Table[Coefficient[bcoeffRight, c_j], {j, 0, n}];**

Heat Equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[34]:= bbRight = Table[Coefficient[bcoeffRight, c_j], {j, 0, n}];
```

```
In[35]:= bbRight // MatrixForm
```

Out[35]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
bb1 = Array[0 &, {n - 2 + 1, n + 1}]
```

Heat Equation

```
In[20]:= rhs[x_] = Sin[Pi x]
```

Out[20]=

$$\text{Sin}[\pi x]$$

```
In[21]:= deq = f''[x] == rhs[x]
```

Out[21]=

$$f''[x] == \text{Sin}[\pi x]$$

```
In[22]:= bcs = {f[-1] == 1, f[+1] == 0}
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[34]:= bbRight = Table[Coefficient[bcoeffRight, cj], {j, 0, n}];
```

```
In[35]:= bbRight // MatrixForm
```

Out[35]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[36]:= bb1 = Join[Array[0 &, {n - 2 + 1, n + 1}], {bbLeft, bbRight}]
```

Out[36]=

$$\{\{0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}, \{1, -1, 1, -1, 1\}, \{1, 1, 1, 1, 1\}\}$$

```
In[37]:= bb1 // MatrixForm
```

Out[37]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Assuming a matrix | Use as a list of lists instead

determinant matrix plot matrix rank eigenvalues more...

```
In[34]:= bbRight = Table[Coefficient[bcoeffRight, cj], {j, 0, n}];
```

```
In[35]:= bbRight // MatrixForm
```

Out[35]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[36]:= bb1 = Join[Array[0 &, {n - 2 + 1, n + 1}], {bbLeft, bbRight}]
```

Out[36]=

$$\{\{0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}, \{1, -1, 1, -1, 1\}, \{1, 1, 1, 1, 1\}\}$$

```
In[37]:= bb1 // MatrixForm
```

Out[37]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[38]:= dd.dd // MatrixForm
```

Out[38]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 24 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 48 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Assuming a matrix | Use as a list of lists instead

200%

```
In[34]:= bbRight = Table[Coefficient[bcoeffRight, cj], {j, 0, n}]
```

```
In[35]:= bbRight // MatrixForm
```

Out[35]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[39]:= bb1 = Join[Array[0, {n - 2 + 1, n + 1}], {bbLeft, bbRight}]
```

Out[39]=

```
{ {0[1, 1], 0[1, 2], 0[1, 3], 0[1, 4], 0[1, 5]}, {0[2, 1], 0[2, 2], 0[2, 3], 0[2, 4], 0[2, 5]},  
  {0[3, 1], 0[3, 2], 0[3, 3], 0[3, 4], 0[3, 5]}, {1, -1, 1, -1, 1}, {1, 1, 1, 1, 1} }
```

Assuming a two-dimensional array | Use as a list of lists instead

dimensions transpose flatten reverse sublists more...

```
In[37]:= bb1 // MatrixForm
```

Out[37]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[38]:= dd.dd // MatrixForm
```

Out[38]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 24 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 48 \end{pmatrix}$$

200%

Out[35]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[41]:= **bb1 = Join[Table[0, {i, 0, n - 2}, {j, 0, n}], {bbLeft, bbRight}]**

Out[41]=

`{{0, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {1, -1, 1, -1, 1}, {1, 1, 1, 1, 1}}`

In[42]:= **bb1 // MatrixForm**

Out[42]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Assuming a matrix | Use as a list of lists instead

determinant matrix plot matrix rank eigenvalues more...

In[38]:= **dd.dd // MatrixForm**

Out[38]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 24 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 48 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Heat Equation

In[20]:= `rhs[x_] = Sin[Pi x]`

Out[20]=

$$\text{Sin}[\pi x]$$

In[21]:= `deq = f''[x] == rhs[x]`

Out[21]=

$$f''[x] == \text{Sin}[\pi x]$$

In[22]:= `bcs = {f[-1] == 1/10, f[+1] == 0}`

Out[22]=

$$\left\{ f[-1] == \frac{1}{10}, f[1] == 0 \right\}$$

Analytic Solution

In[24]:= `asol = DSolve[Join[{deq}, bcs], f, x]`

Out[24]=

$$\left\{ \left\{ f \rightarrow \text{Function}\left[\{x\}, \frac{\pi^2 - \pi^2 x - 20 \text{Sin}[\pi x]}{20 \pi^2}\right] \right\} \right\}$$

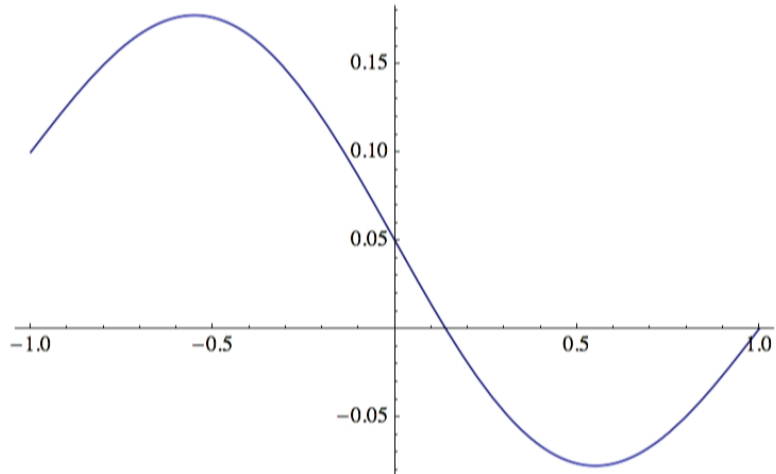
In[26]:= `Plot[f[x] /. asol[[1]], {x, -1, +1}]`

Out[26]=

200%


```
In[26]:= Plot[f[x] /. asol[[1]], {x, -1, +1}]
```

Out[26]=



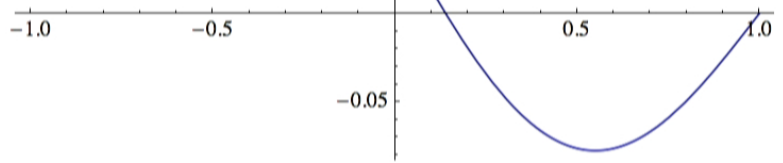
Numeric Solution

```
In[43]:= drhs = f2c[rhs]
```

Out[43]=

```
{0, 2 BesselJ[1, π], 0, -2 BesselJ[3, π], 0}
```

total sort mean delete duplicates more...

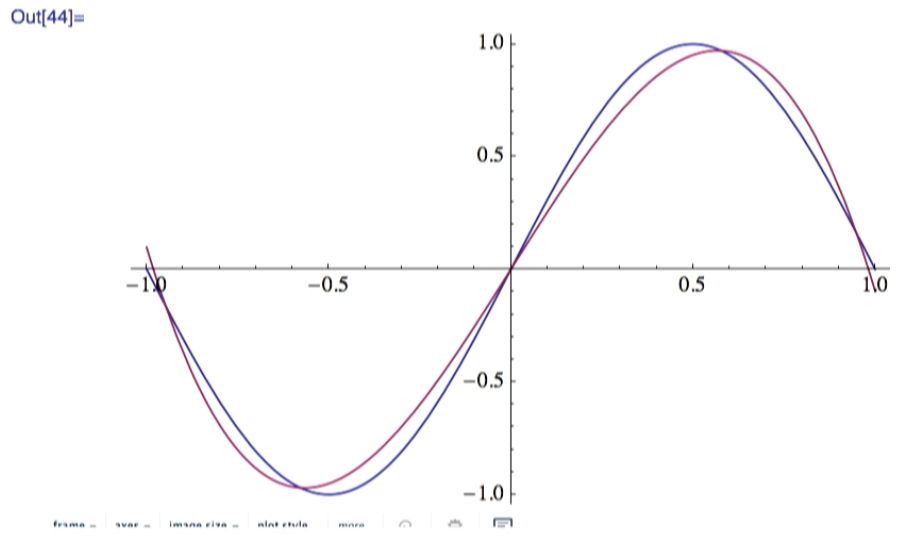


Numeric Solution

```
In[43]:= drhs = f2c[rhs]
```

```
Out[43]= {0, 2 BesselJ[1, π], 0, -2 BesselJ[3, π], 0}
```

```
In[44]:= Plot[{rhs[x], c2f[drhs, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]
```

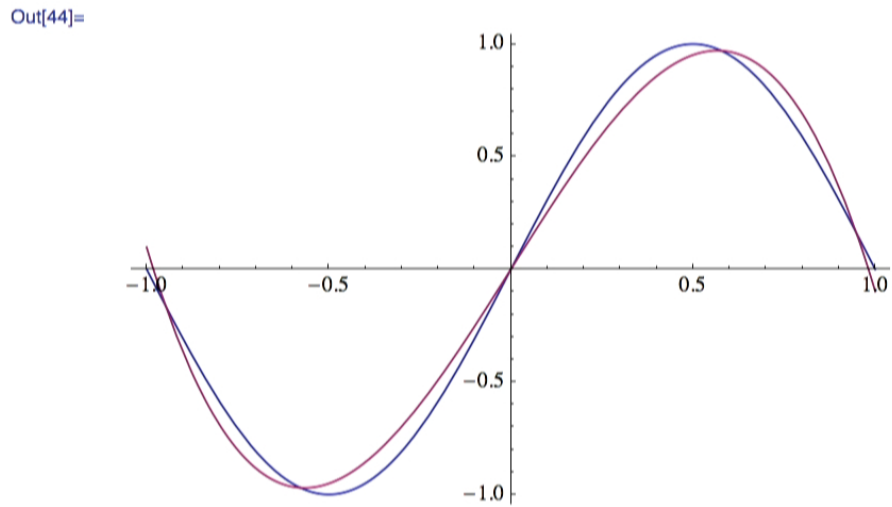


Numeric Solution

```
In[43]:= drhs = f2c[rhs]
```

```
Out[43]= {0, 2 BesselJ[1,  $\pi$ ], 0, -2 BesselJ[3,  $\pi$ ], 0}
```

```
In[44]:= Plot[{rhs[x], c2f[drhs, x]}, {x, -1, 1}]
```

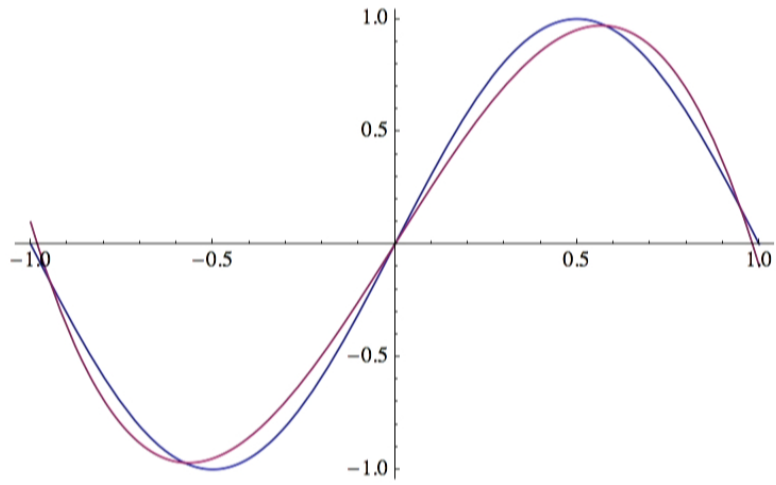


```
LinearSolve[dd.dd + bb1,
```

```
{0, 2 BesselJ[1, π], 0, -2 BesselJ[3, π], 0}
```

```
In[44]:= Plot[{rhs[x], c2f[drhs, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]
```

Out[44]=



```
In[47]:= drhs1 = Join[Take[drhs, n - 2 + 1], {-1 / 10, 0}]
```

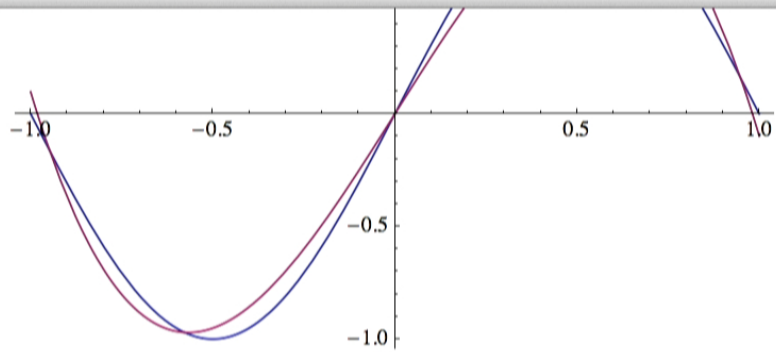
Out[47]=

```
{0, 2 BesselJ[1, π], 0, -1/10, 0}
```

```
In[48]:= LinearSolve[dd.dd + bb1, drhs1]
```

Out[48]=

```
{-1/20, 1/20 - 1/12 BesselJ[1, π], 0, 1/12 BesselJ[1, π], 0}
```



```
In[47]:= drhs1 = Join[Take[drhs, n - 2 + 1], {-1 / 10, 0}]
```

```
Out[47]=
```

$$\left\{0, 2 \text{BesselJ}[1, \pi], 0, -\frac{1}{10}, 0\right\}$$

```
In[49]:= nsol = LinearSolve[dd.dd + bb1, drhs1]
```

```
Out[49]=
```

$$\left\{-\frac{1}{20}, \frac{1}{20} - \frac{1}{12} \text{BesselJ}[1, \pi], 0, \frac{1}{12} \text{BesselJ}[1, \pi], 0\right\}$$

```
In[50]:= nsol // N // MatrixForm
```

```
Out[50]//MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} -0.05 \\ 0.0262821 \\ 0. \\ 0.0237179 \\ 0. \end{pmatrix}$$

total sort mean delete duplicates more...

```
In[53]:= nsol = LinearSolve[dd.dd + bb1, drhs1]
```

```
Out[53]= { 1/20, -1/20 - 1/12 BesselJ[1, π], 0, 1/12 BesselJ[1, π], 0 }
```

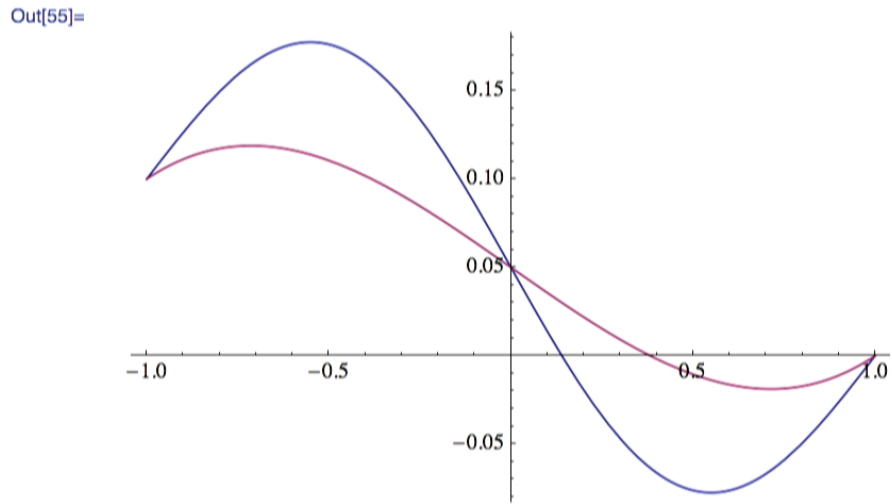
```
In[54]:= nsol // N // MatrixForm
```

```
Out[54]//MatrixForm=  

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.05 \\ -0.0737179 \\ 0. \\ 0.0237179 \\ 0. \end{pmatrix}$$

```

```
In[55]:= Plot[{f[x] /. asol[[1]], c2f[nsol, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]
```



In[20]:= **rhs**[**x_**] = **Sin**[**Pi x**]

Out[20]=
 $\text{Sin}[\pi x]$

In[56]:= **rhs**[**x_**] = **If**[**x** ≥ 0 && **x** ≤ 1/2, 1, 0]

Out[56]=
 $\text{If}\left[x \geq 0 \ \&\& \ x \leq \frac{1}{2}, 1, 0\right]$

In[57]:= **deq** = **f**''[**x**] == **rhs**[**x**]

Out[57]=
 $f''[x] == \text{If}\left[x \geq 0 \ \&\& \ x \leq \frac{1}{2}, 1, 0\right]$

In[58]:= **bcs** = {**f**[-1] == 1/10, **f**[+1] == 0}

Out[58]=
 $\left\{f[-1] == \frac{1}{10}, f[1] == 0\right\}$

Analytic Solution

In[24]:= **asol** = **DSolve**[**Join**[{**deq**}, **bcs**], **f**, **x**]

Out[24]=
 $\left\{\left\{f \rightarrow \text{Function}\left[\{x\}, \frac{\pi^2 - \pi^2 x - 20 \text{Sin}[\pi x]}{20 \pi^2}\right]\right\}\right\}$

$$\{f[-1] == \frac{1}{10}, f[1] == 0\}$$

Analytic Solution

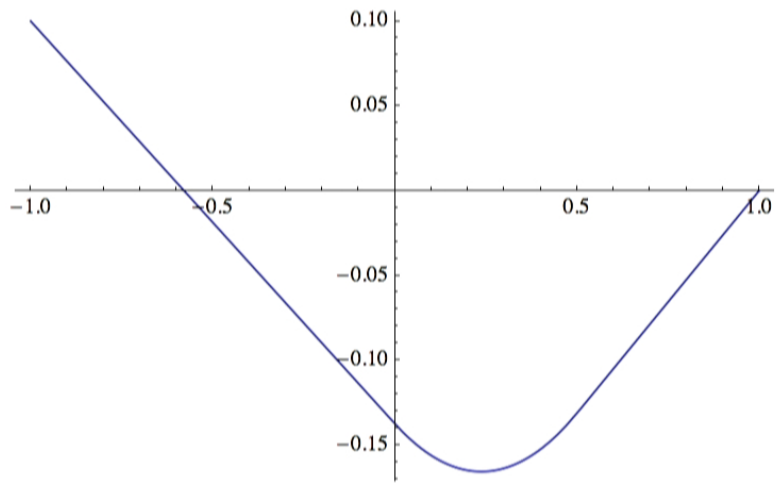
In[59]:= `asol = DSolve[Join[{deq}, bcs], f, x]`

Out[59]=

$$\left\{ \left\{ f \rightarrow \text{Function}\left[\{x\}, \frac{1}{80} \left(-11 - 19x + 80 \left(\begin{cases} 0 & x \leq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2} & 0 < x \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{8} + \frac{x}{2} & \text{True} \end{cases} \right) \right) \right] \right\} \right\}$$

In[60]:= `Plot[f[x] /. asol[[1]], {x, -1, +1}]`

Out[60]=



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Numeric Solution

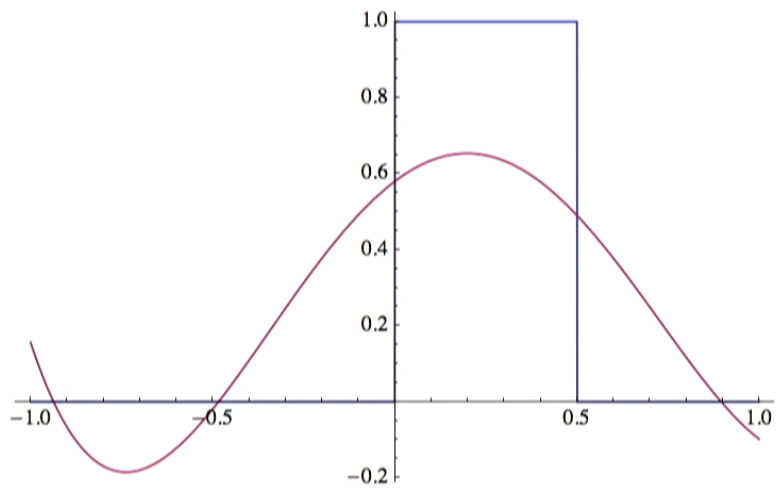
In[61]:= `drhs = f2c[rhs]`

Out[61]=

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{6}, \frac{2 \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)}{\pi}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\pi}, -\frac{2}{3\pi}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4\pi} \right\}$$

In[62]:= `Plot[{rhs[x], c2f[drhs, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]`

Out[62]=



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In[64]:= `nsol = LinearSolve[dd.dd + bb1, drhs1]`

Out[64]=

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{120} - \frac{7}{32\sqrt{3}\pi}, -\frac{1}{20} - \frac{1}{12\pi} + \frac{1}{8\sqrt{3}\pi}, \frac{1}{24} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{3}\pi}, \frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{24\pi}, -\frac{1}{32\sqrt{3}\pi} \right\}$$

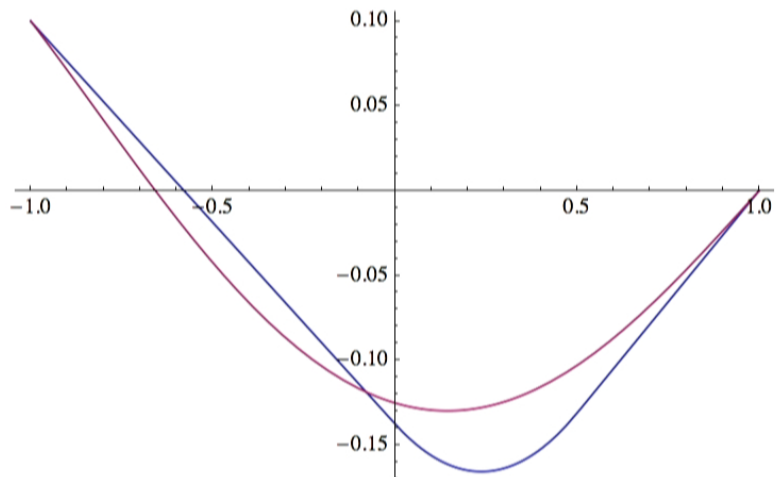
In[65]:= `nsol // N // MatrixForm`

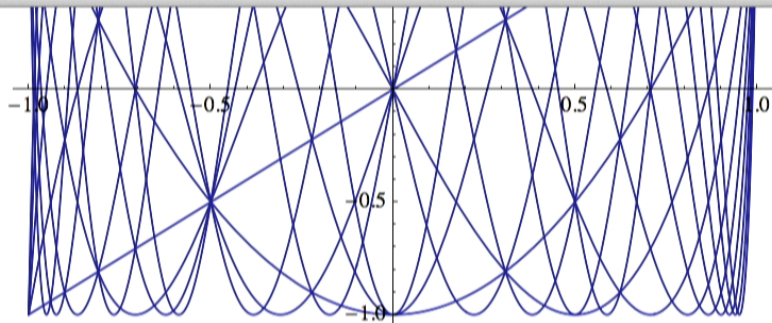
Out[65]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} -0.0318677 \\ -0.0535538 \\ 0.0876107 \\ 0.00355379 \\ -0.00574301 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[66]:= `Plot[{f[x] /. asol[[1]], c2f[nsol, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]`

Out[66]=





$$\text{In[3]:= } \text{chebInt}[f_, g_] := \frac{2 \int_{-1}^{+1} \frac{f[x] g[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx}{\pi}$$

```
In[4]:= Table[chebInt[ChebyshevT[i, #] &, ChebyshevT[j, #] &], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}] // MatrixForm
```

Out[4]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{In[5]:= } \text{c2f}[cs_, x_] := \sum_{i=0}^n cs[[i+1]] \text{ChebyshevT}[i, x]$$

```
In[6]:= c2f[{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}, x] // Simplify
```

$$\text{Out[6]= } 3 - 10x - 34x^2 + 16x^3 + 40x^4$$

```
In[7]:= f2c[f_] := Table[If[i == 0, 1/2, 1] chebInt[f, ChebyshevT[i, #1] &], {i, 0, n}]
```

```
In[70]:= dcoeffs = f2c[Function[x,  $\partial_x c2f[cs, x]$ ]]
```

```
Out[70]= {c1 + 3 c3 + 5 c5 + 7 c7 + 9 c9, 4 (c2 + 2 c4 + 3 c6 + 4 c8 + 5 c10), 2 (3 c3 + 5 c5 + 7 c7 + 9 c9), 4 (2 c4 + 3 c6 + 4 c8 + 5 c10), 2 (5 c5 + 7 c7 + 9 c9), 4 (3 c6 + 4 c8 + 5 c10), 2 (7 c7 + 9 c9), 4 (4 c8 + 5 c10), 18 c9, 20 c10, 0}
```

```
In[71]:= dd = Table[Coefficient[dcoeffs[[i + 1]], cj], {i, 0, n}, {j, 0, n}];
```

```
In[72]:= dd // MatrixForm
```

```
Out[72]//MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 5 & 0 & 7 & 0 & 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 12 & 0 & 16 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 0 & 10 & 0 & 14 & 0 & 18 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 12 & 0 & 16 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 10 & 0 & 14 & 0 & 18 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 12 & 0 & 16 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 14 & 0 & 18 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 16 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 18 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Assuming a matrix | Use as a list of lists instead

determinant matrix rank eigenvalues dimensions more...

```
In[14]:= dd.cs // MatrixForm
```

```
Out[14]//MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_1 + 3 c_3 \\ 4 c_2 + 8 c_4 \\ 6 c_3 \\ 8 c_4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



Numeric Solution

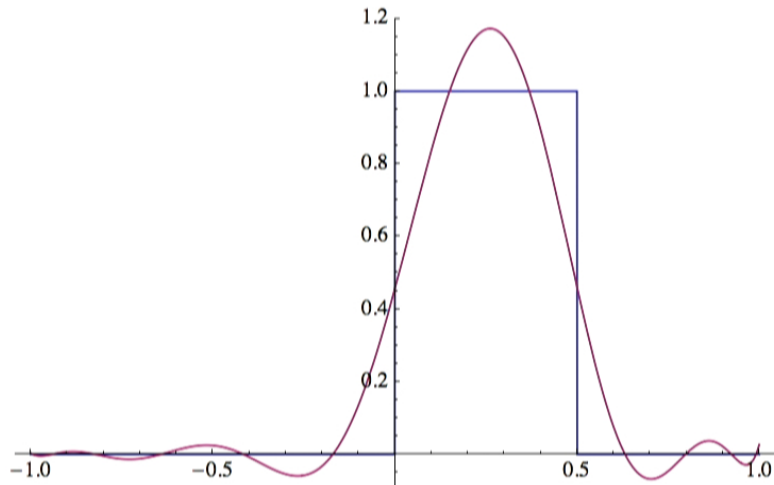
In[82]:= `drhs = f2c[rhs]`

Out[82]=

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{6}, \frac{2 \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{\pi}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\pi}, -\frac{2}{3\pi}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4\pi}, \frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{5\pi}, 0, \frac{-2 - \sqrt{3}}{7\pi}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{8\pi}, \frac{2}{9\pi}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{10\pi} \right\}$$

In[83]:= `Plot[{rhs[x], c2f[drhs, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]`

Out[83]=



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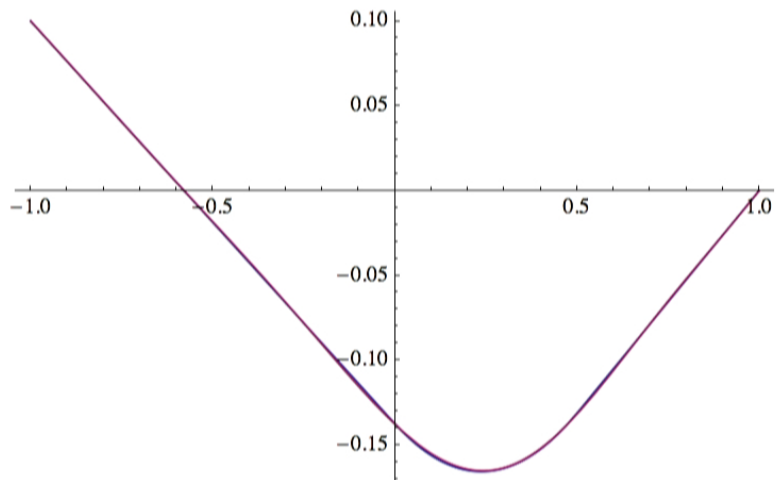
In[86]:= **nsol // N // MatrixForm**

Out[86]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} -0.0341102 \\ -0.0653426 \\ 0.0933538 \\ 0.0217665 \\ -0.0103374 \\ -0.00901659 \\ 0.000738387 \\ 0.00318201 \\ 0.000546953 \\ -0.00058926 \\ -0.000191434 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[87]:= **Plot[{f[x] /. asol[[1]], c2f[nsol, x]}, {x, -1, +1}]**

Out[87]=



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