

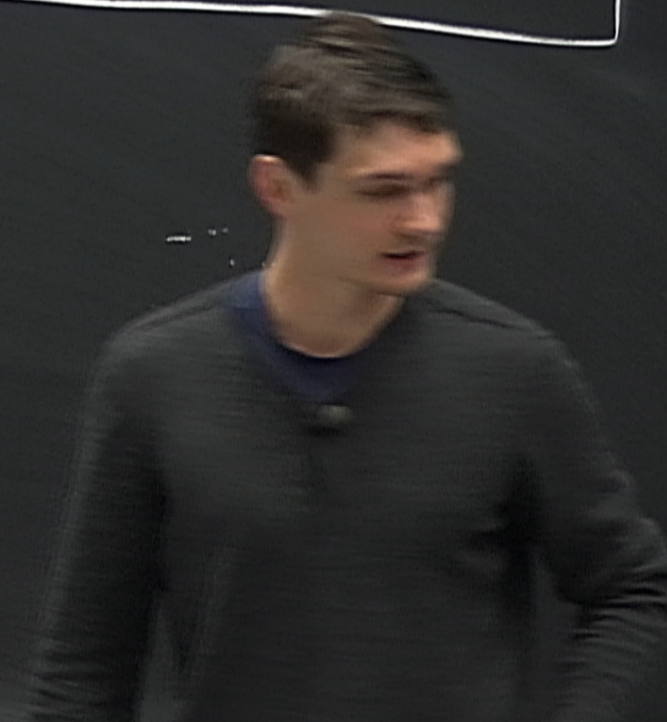
Title: Explorations in Condensed Matter - Lecture 4

Date: Apr 05, 2012 10:15 AM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/12040084>

Abstract:

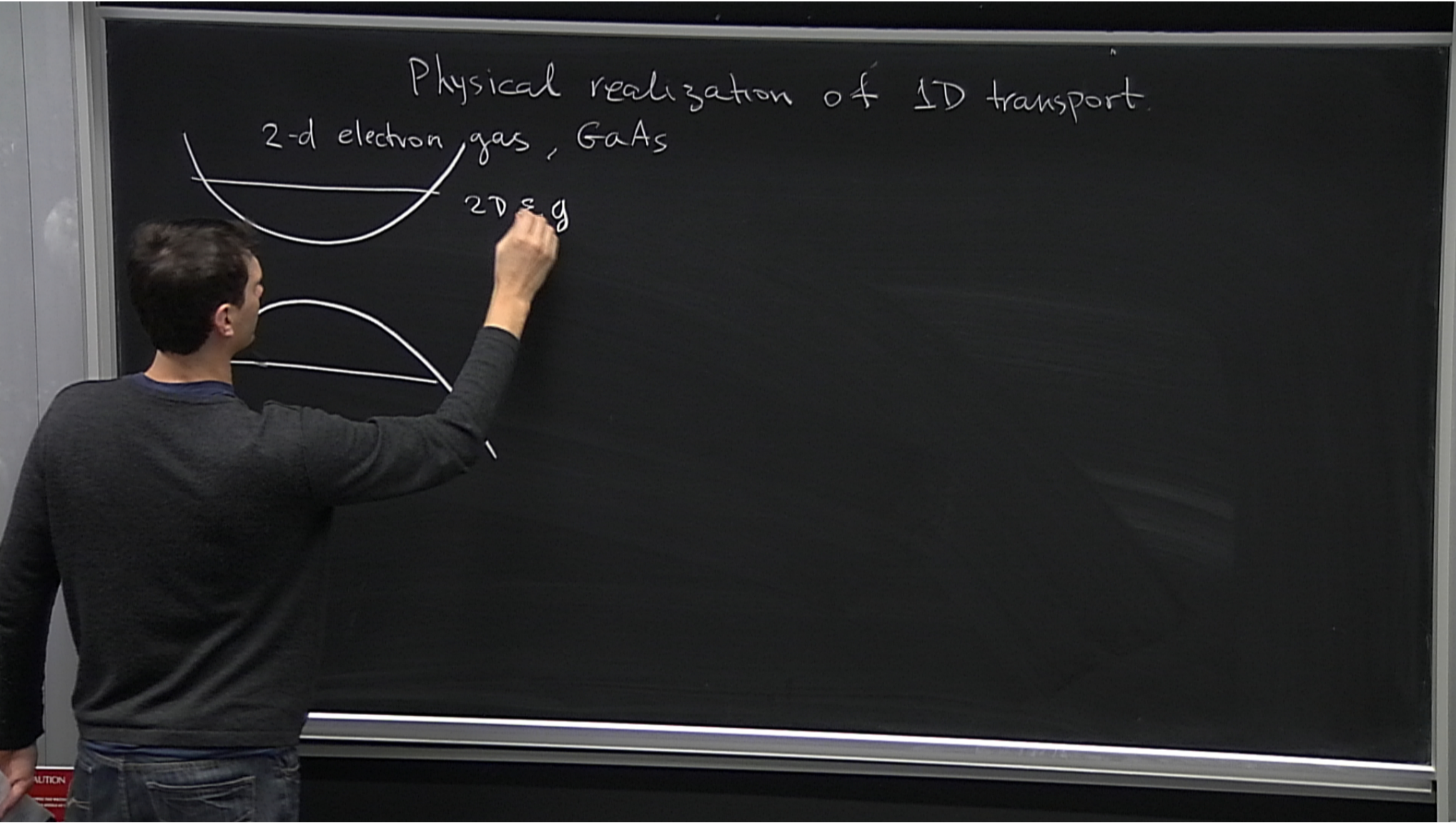
Today's Tutorial will start
at 1:30pm



Physical realization of 1D transport.

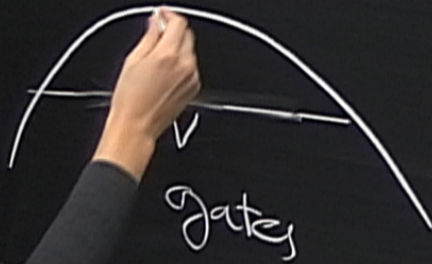
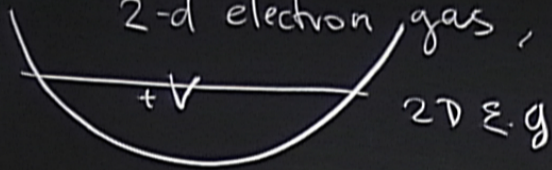
CAUTION

Do not touch the control panel or electrical equipment.
Please do not touch the control panel or electrical equipment.



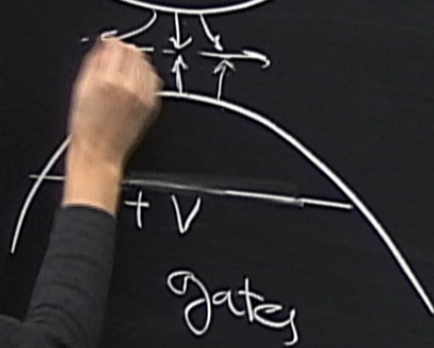
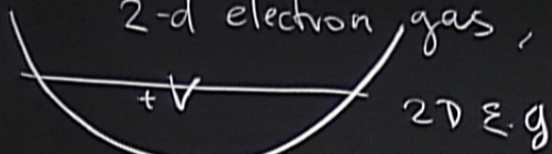
Physical realization of 1D transport.

2-d electron gas, GaAs



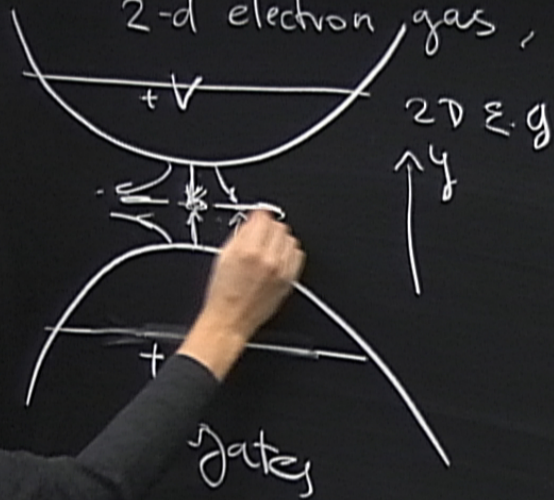
Physical realization of 1D transport

2-d electron gas, GaAs



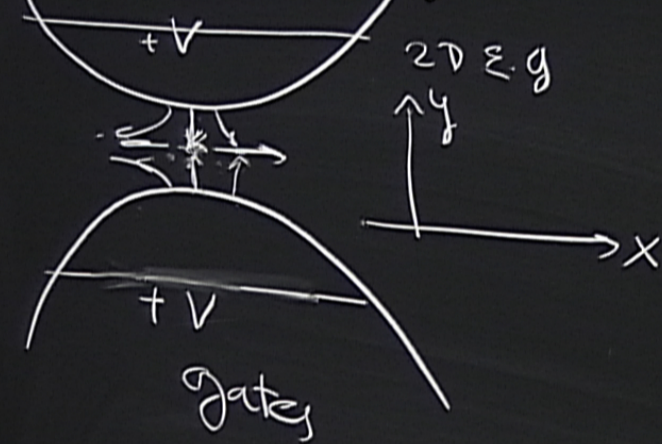
Physical realization of 1D transport

2-d electron gas, GaAs



Physical realization of 1D transport.

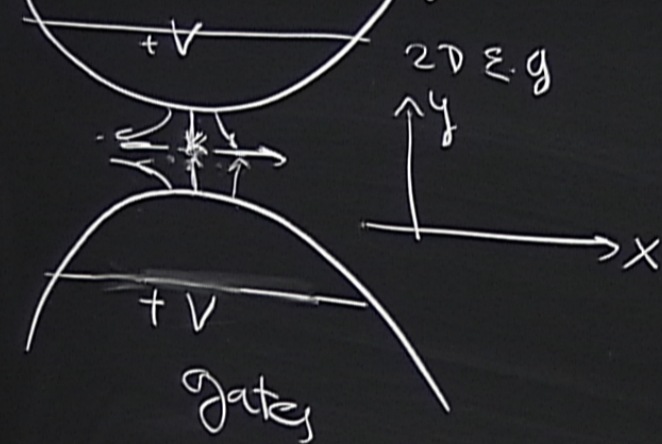
2-d electron gas, GaAs



$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

Physical realization of 1D transport

2-d electron gas, GaAs

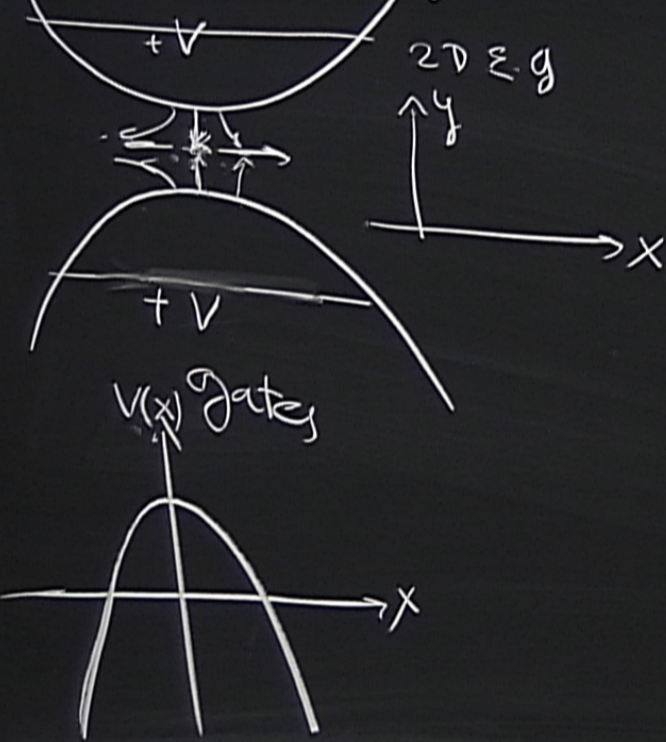


$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

$$E_n = \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

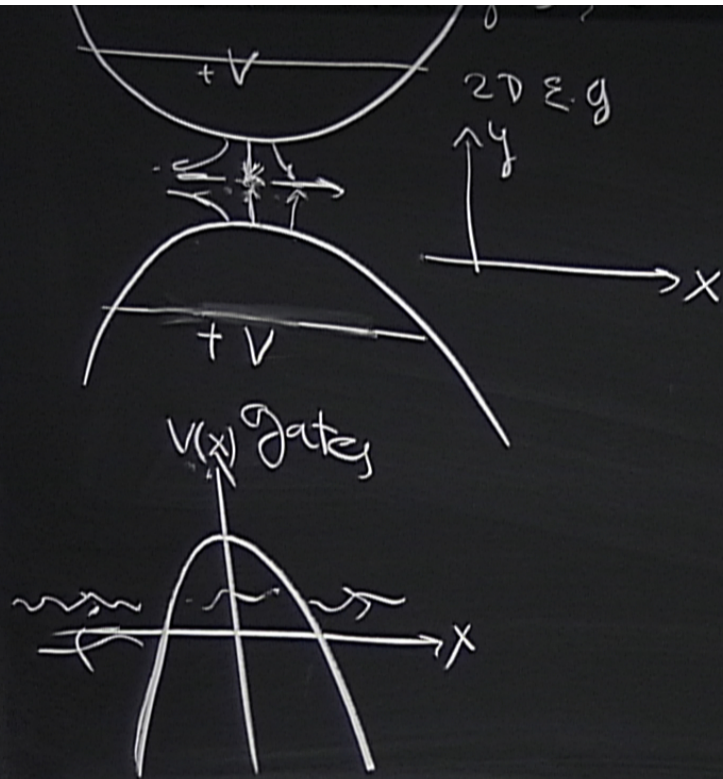
Physical realization of 1D transport

2-d electron gas, GaAs



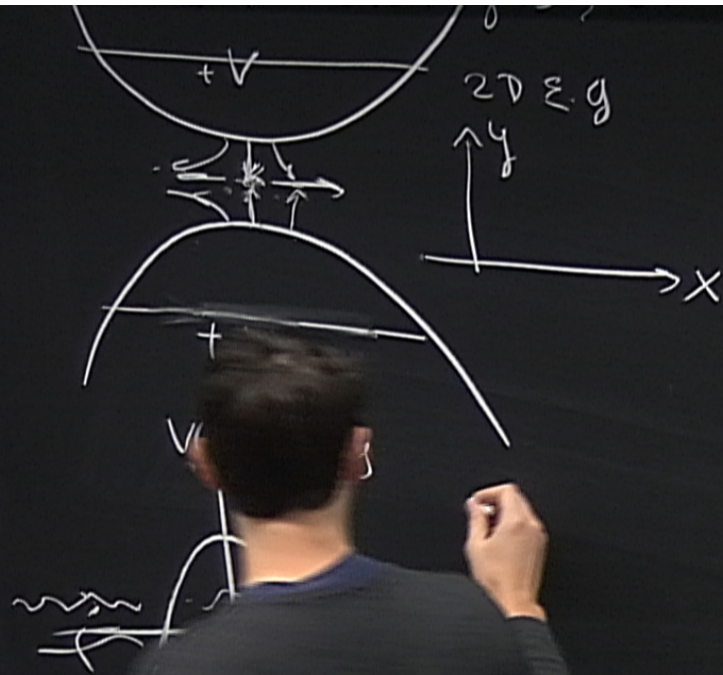
$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

$$E_n = \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$



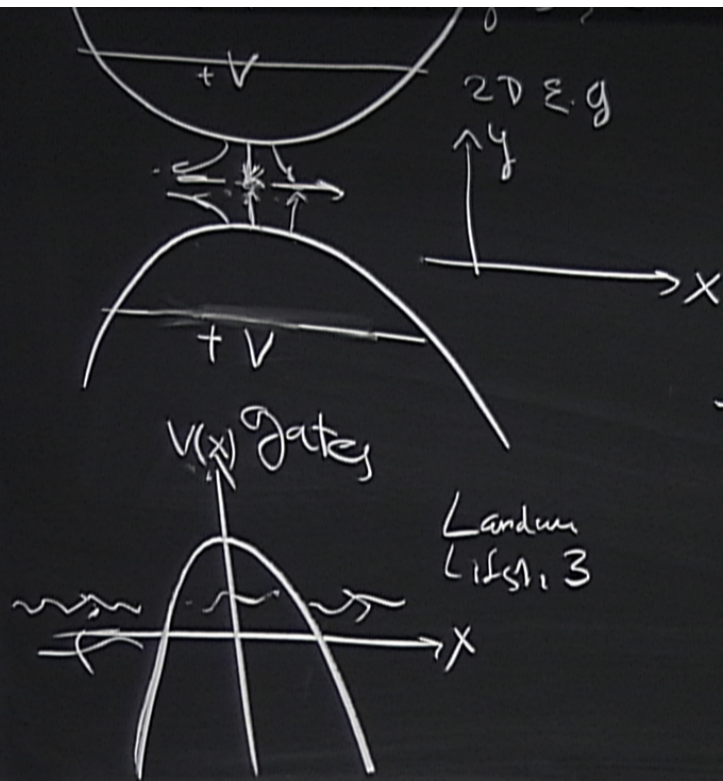
$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

$$E_n = \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$



$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

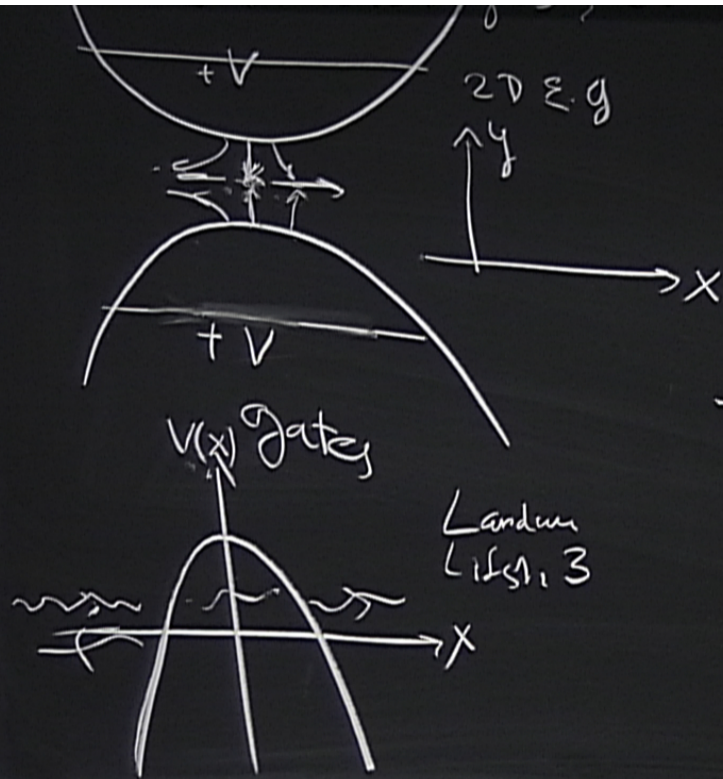
$$E_n = \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$



$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

$$E_n = \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

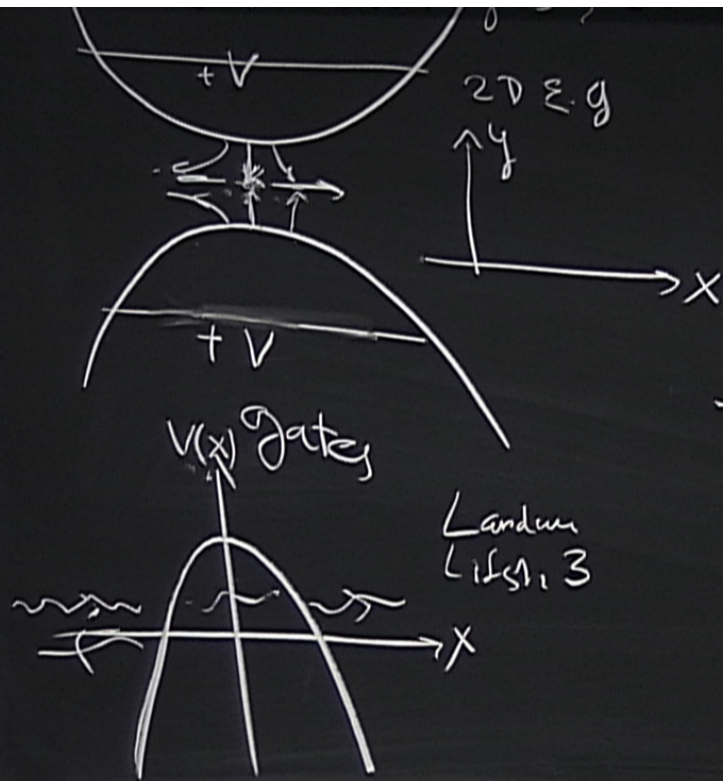
$$T_n = \frac{1}{L} e^{-\pi E_n} , E_n$$



$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

$$E_n = \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

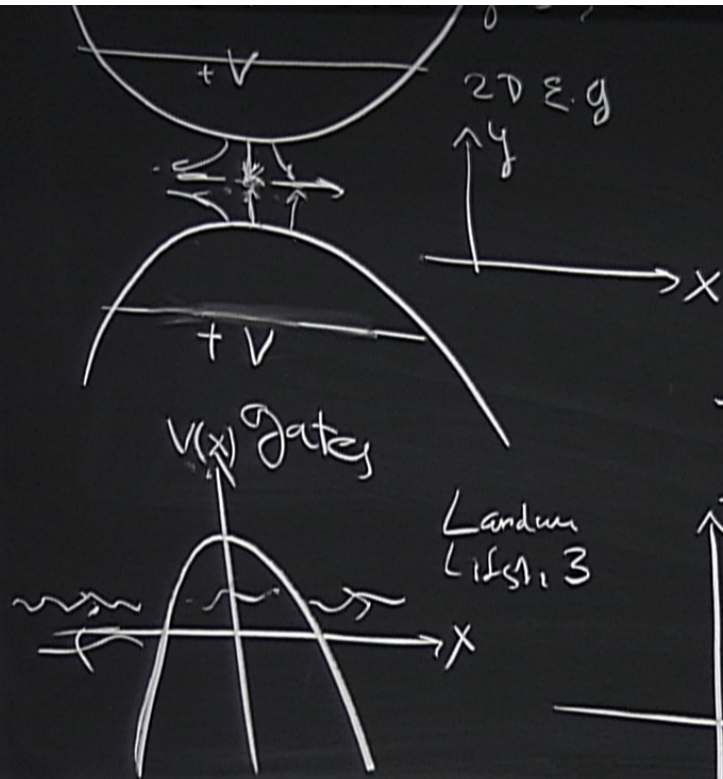
$$T_n = \frac{1}{L t e^{-\pi E_n}}, \quad E_n = 2 \{ E - V - \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \}$$



$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

$$E_n = \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

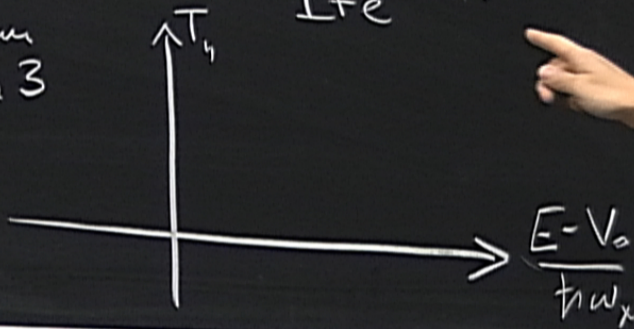
$$T_n = \frac{1}{L + e^{-\pi E_n}} \cdot e^{-\frac{2\pi [E - V_0 - \hbar \omega_y (n + \frac{1}{2})]}{\hbar \omega_x}}$$

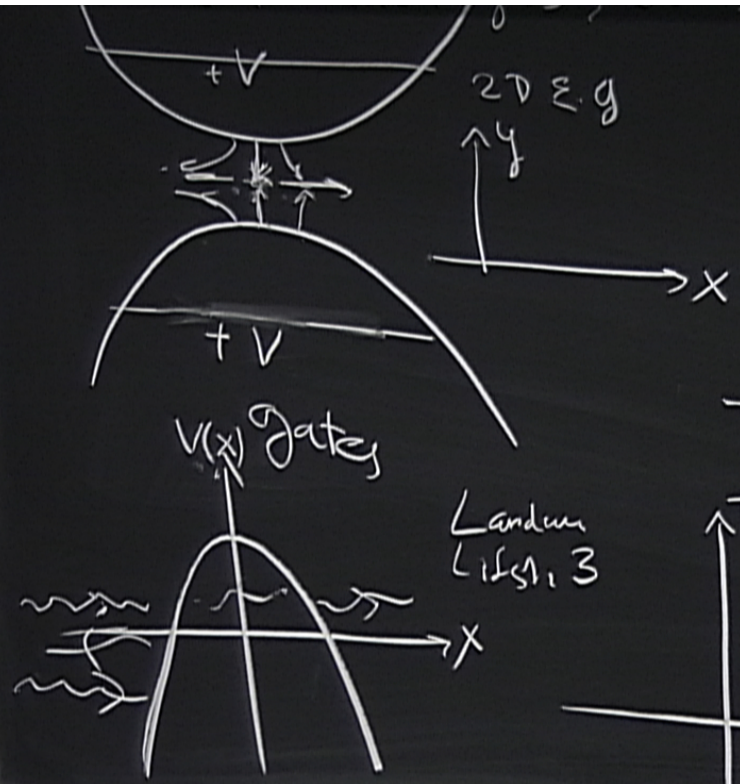


$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

$$E_n = \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$T_n = \frac{1}{L + e^{-\pi E_n}}, \quad E_n = \frac{2 \{ E - V_0 - \hbar \omega_y (n + \frac{1}{2}) \}}{\hbar \omega_x}$$





$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

$$E_n = \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$T_n = \frac{1}{L + e^{-\pi E_n}}$$

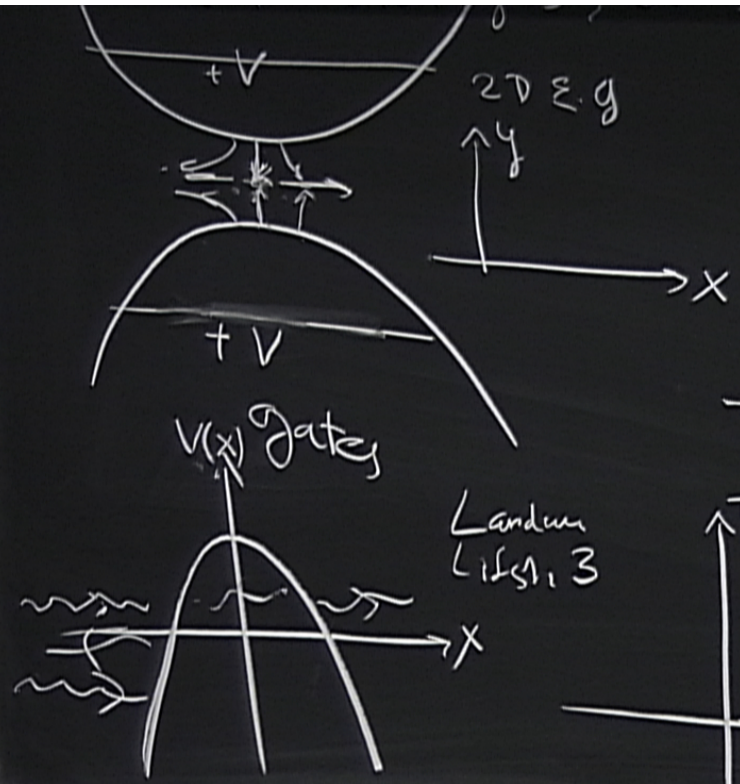
$$E_n = \frac{2 \{ E - V_0 - \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \}}{\hbar \omega_x}$$

$$E_n \ll -1 \quad T_n = 0$$

$$E_n \gg 1 \quad T_n = 1$$

$$\frac{E - V_0}{\hbar \omega_x}$$

CAUTION



$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

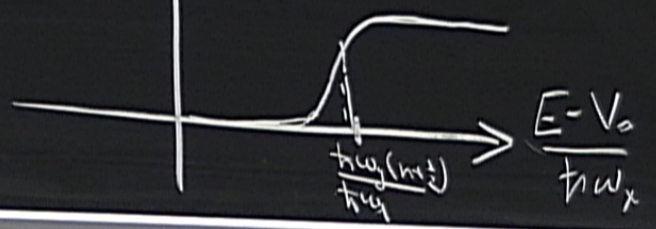
$$E_n = \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

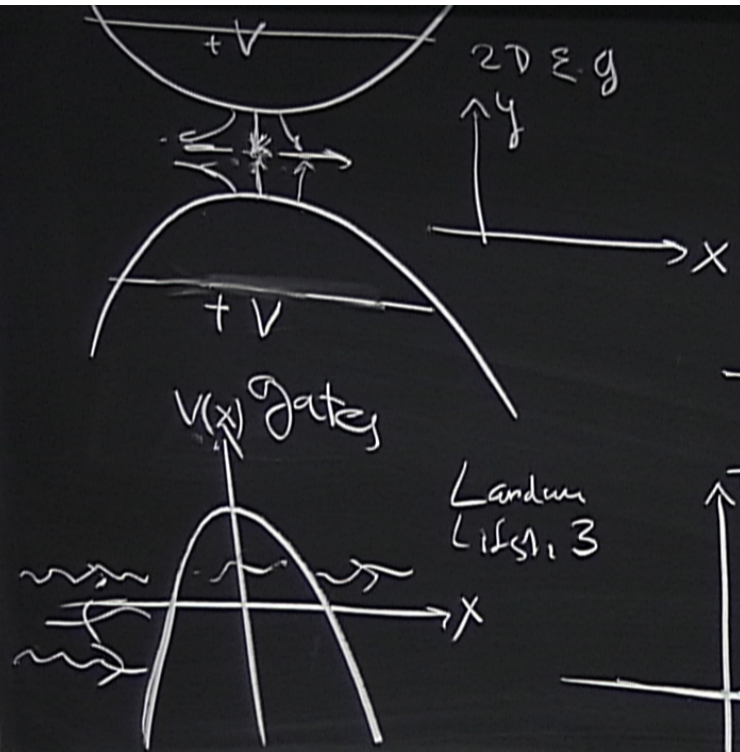
$$T_n = \frac{1}{L + e^{-\pi E_n}}, \quad E_n =$$

$$\frac{2 \left[E - V_0 - \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \right]}{\hbar \omega_x}$$

$$E_n \ll -1 \quad T_n = 0$$

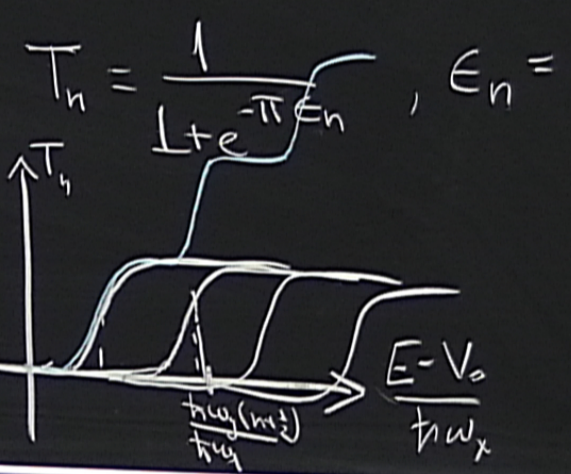
$$E_n \gg 1 \quad T_n = 1$$





$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

$$E_n = \hbar \omega_y \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$



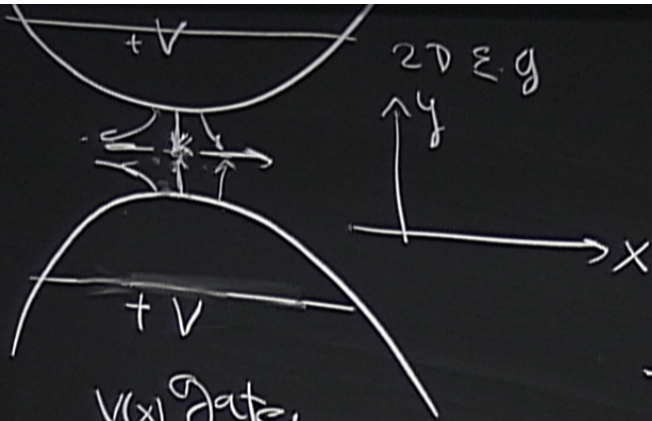
$$T_n = \frac{2 [E - V_0 - \hbar \omega_y (n + \frac{1}{2})]}{\hbar \omega_x}$$

$$E_n \ll -1 \quad T_n = 0$$

$$E_n \gg 1 \quad T_n = 1$$

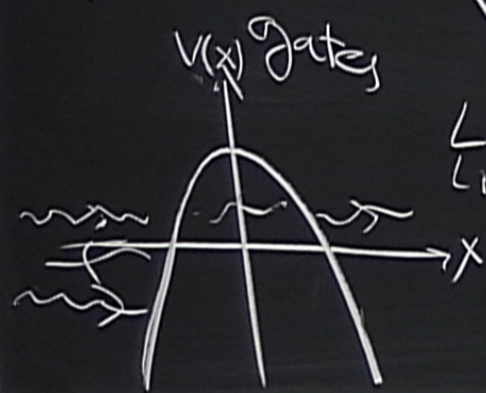
$$G = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum T_n$$

CAUTION

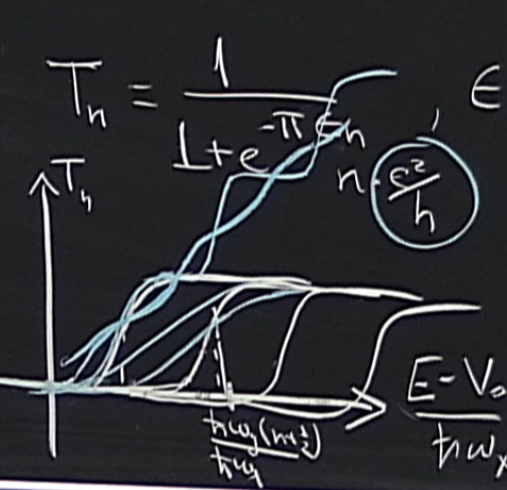


$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

$$E_n = \hbar \omega_y (n + \frac{1}{2})$$



Landauer
Lifshitz 3



$$T_n = \frac{1}{L e^{-\pi E_n} n (\frac{\epsilon^2}{\hbar})}, \quad E_n = \frac{2 [E - V_0 - \hbar \omega_y (n + \frac{1}{2})]}{\hbar \omega_x}$$

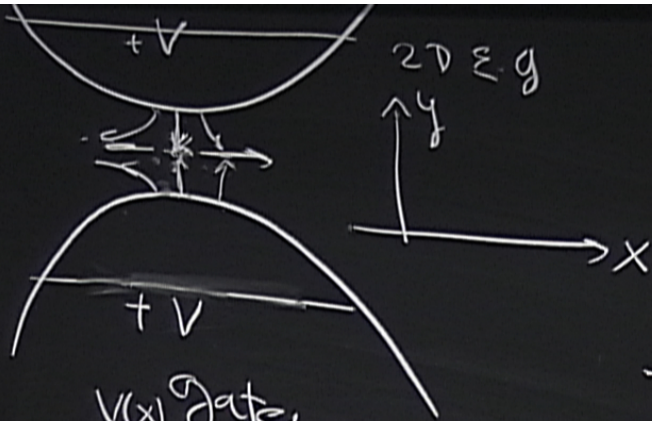
$\omega_y \gg \omega_x$

$E_n \ll -1 \quad T_n = 0$

$E_n \gg 1 \quad T_n = 1$

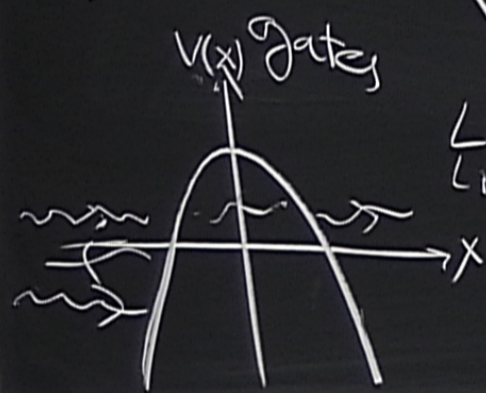
$$G = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum T_n$$

CAUTION

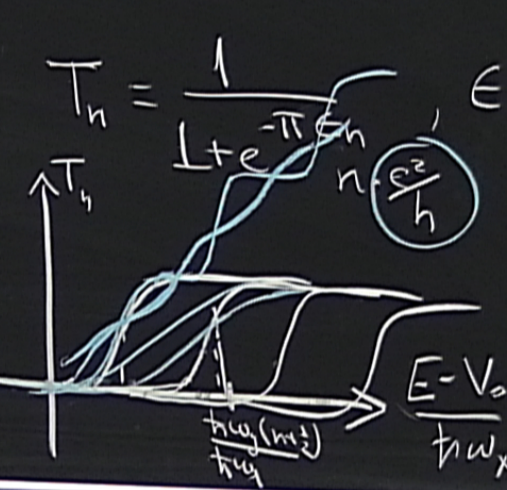


$$V = V_0 - \frac{1}{2} m \omega_x^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_y^2 y^2$$

$$E_n = \hbar \omega_y (n + \frac{1}{2})$$



Landauer
Lifshitz 3



$$T_n = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\pi E_n} n (\frac{\epsilon^2}{\hbar})}, \quad E_n = \frac{2[E - V_0 - \hbar \omega_y (n + \frac{1}{2})] \hbar \omega_x}{\hbar \omega_y}$$

$\omega_y \gg \omega_x$
 $E_n \ll -1 \quad T_n = 0$
 $E_n \gg 1 \quad T_n = 1$
 $G = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum T_n$

CAUTION

Lec. 4 : Graphene

* 2D material , 1 atom thick

CAUTION

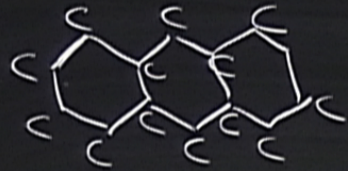
Lec. 4 : Graphene

* 2D material , 1 atom thick (2004)



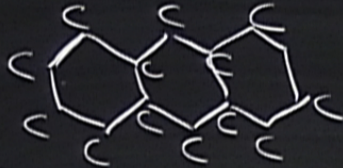
Lec. 4 : Graphene

* 2D material, 1 atom thick (2004)

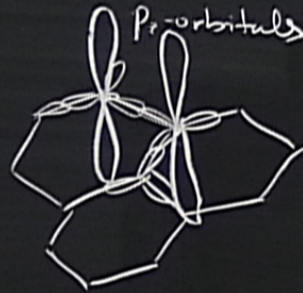


Lec. 4 : Graphene

* 2D material, 1 atom thick (2004)



Band structure

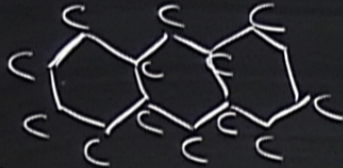


p_z -orbitals

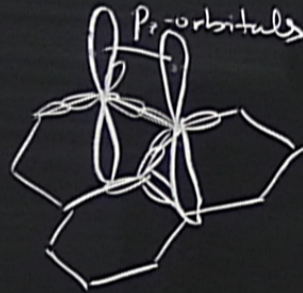
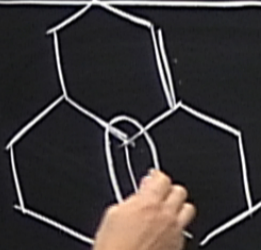
sp^2 -bonds

Lec. 4: Graphene

* 2D material, 1 atom thick (2004)



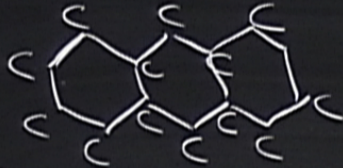
Band structure



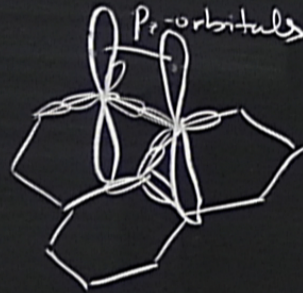
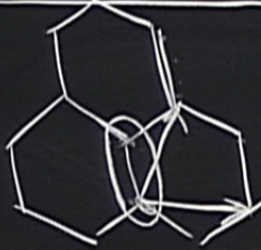
sp^2 -bonds

Lec. 4: Graphene

* 2D material, 1 atom thick (2004)



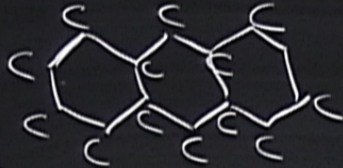
Band structure



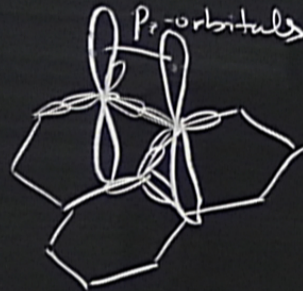
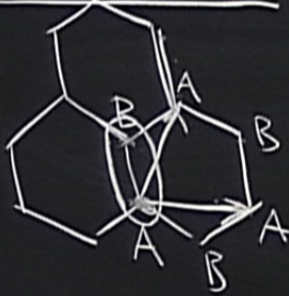
sp^2 -bonds

Lec. 4: Graphene

* 2D material, 1 atom thick (2004)



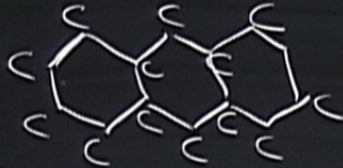
Band structure



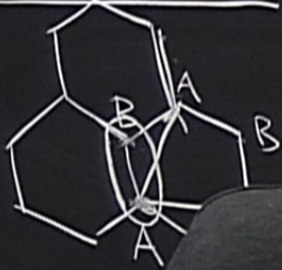
bands

Lec. 4: Graphene

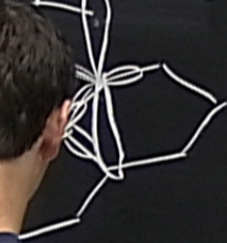
* 2D material, 1 atom thick (2004)



Band structure



p_z -orbitals



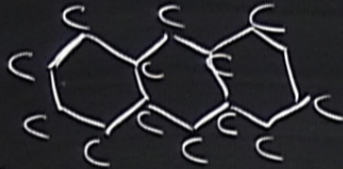
sp^2 -bands

$$H = t \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} (a_i^\dagger b_j + h.c.)$$

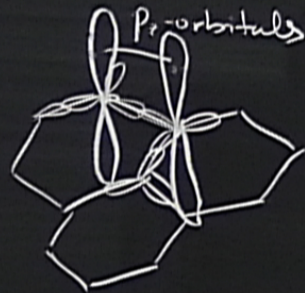
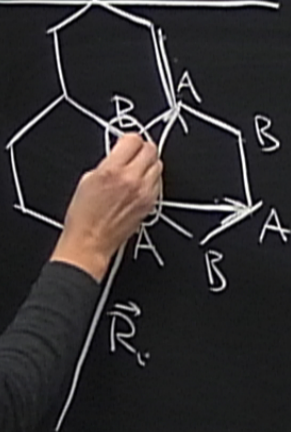
a

Lec. 4: Graphene

* 2D material, 1 atom thick (2004)



Band structure



sp²-bonds

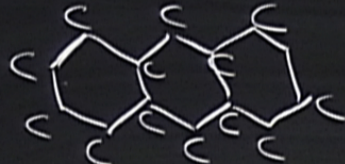
$$H = t \sum_{\langle i, j \rangle} (a_i^\dagger b_j + h.c.)$$

$$a_i = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} a_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_i}$$

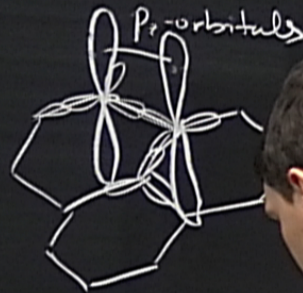
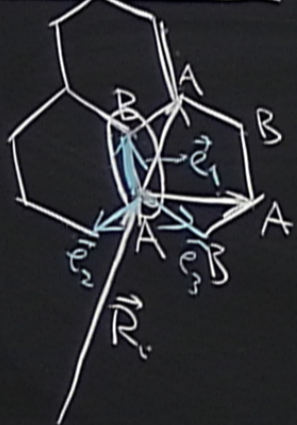
$$b_i = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\mathbf{k} \cdot (\mathbf{R}_i + \mathbf{e}_1)}$$

Lec. 4: Graphene

* 2D material, 1 atom thick (2004)



Band structure



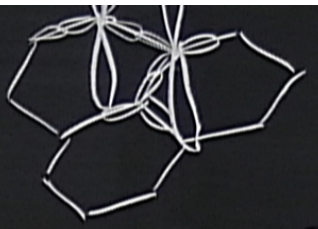
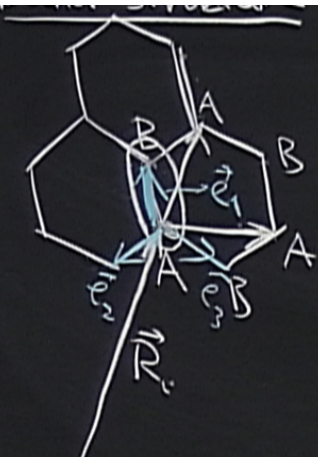
p^2 -bands

$$= t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} (a_i^\dagger b_j + hc)$$

$$e^{-ik \cdot \vec{R}_i}$$

$$b_i = \sum b_E e^{-ik \cdot (\vec{R}_i + \vec{e}_i)}$$



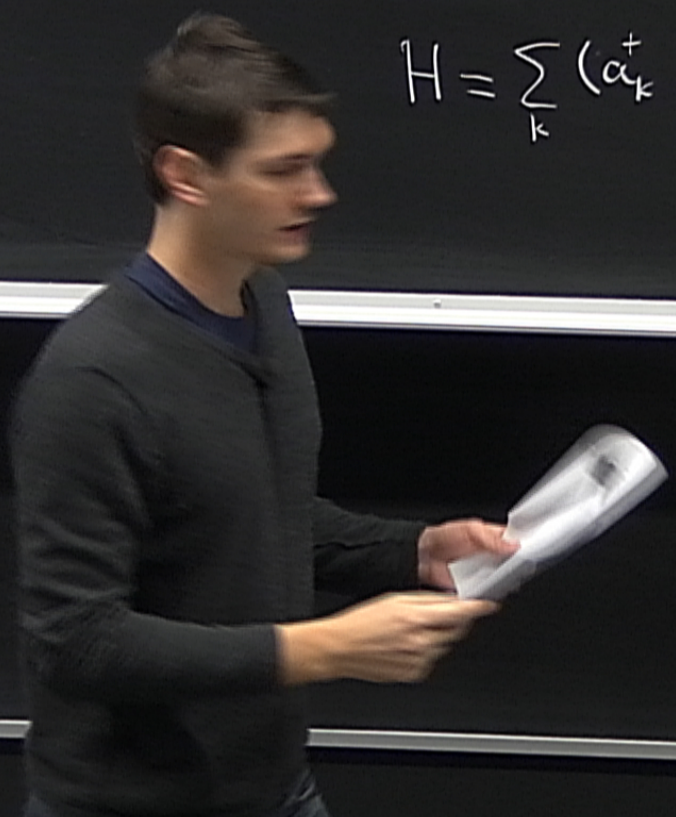


$$H = t \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} (a_i^\dagger b_j + \text{h.c.})$$

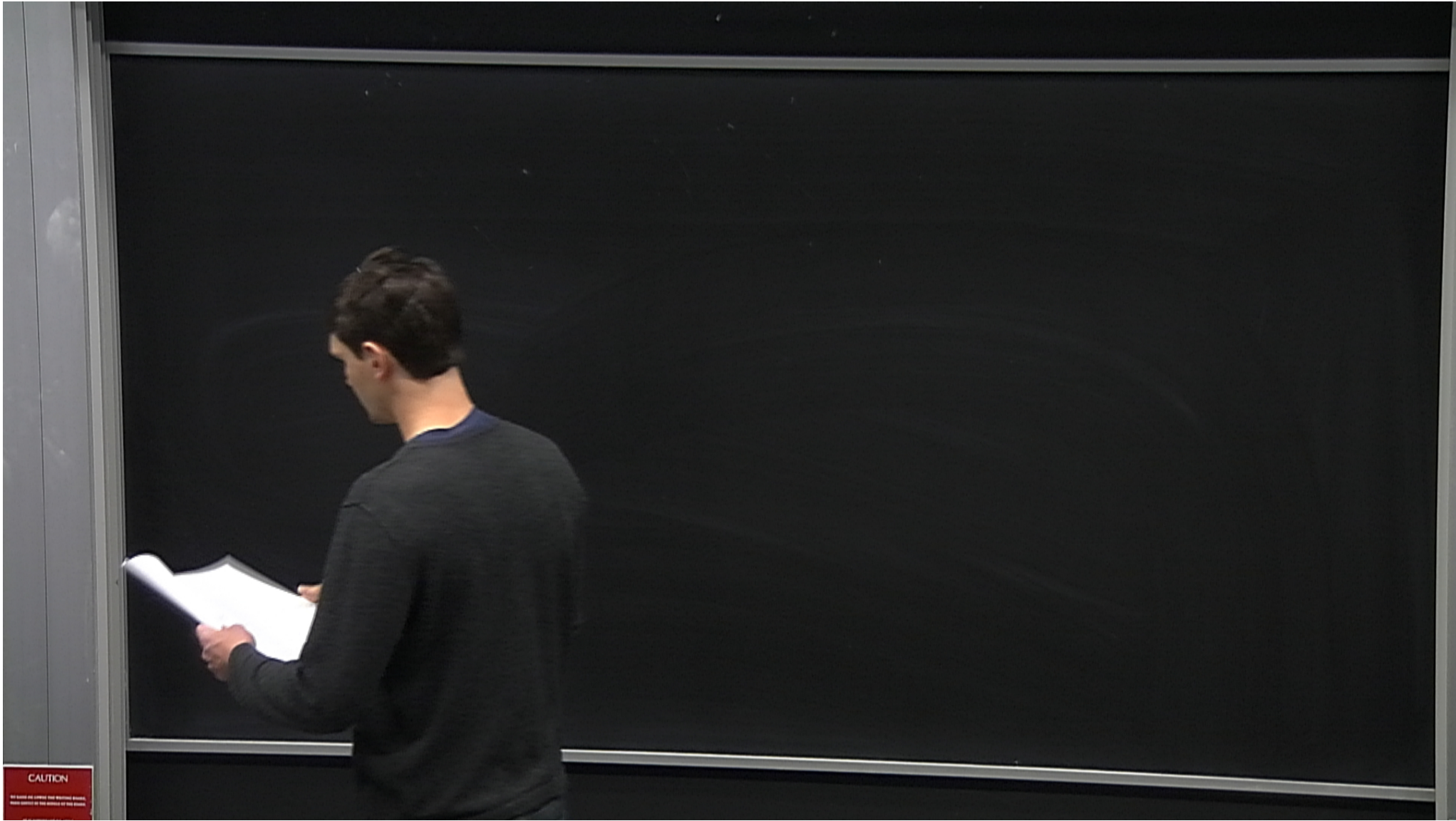
$$a_i = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} a_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_i}$$

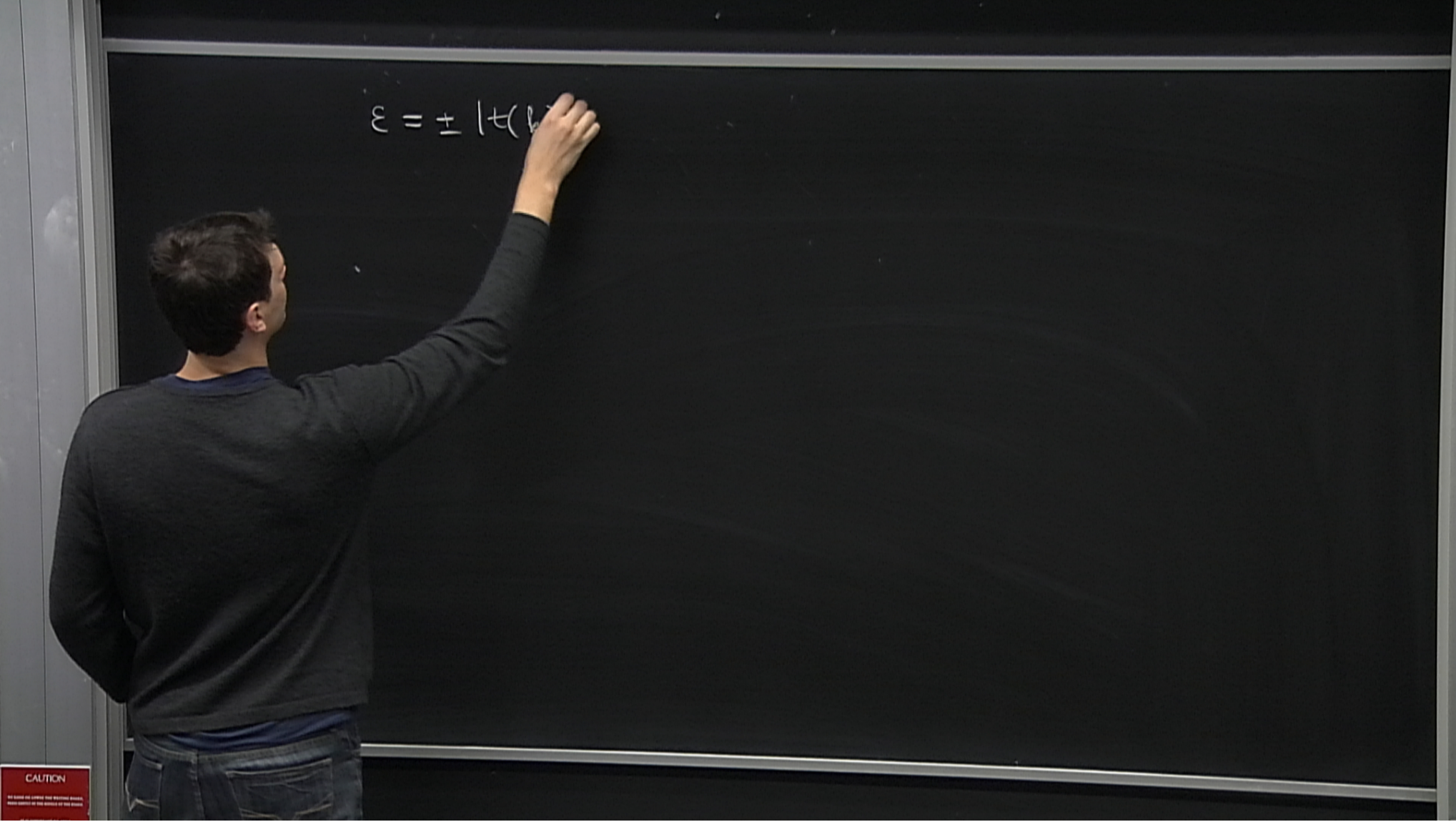
$$b_i = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\mathbf{k} \cdot (\mathbf{R}_i + \mathbf{\bar{e}}_1)}$$

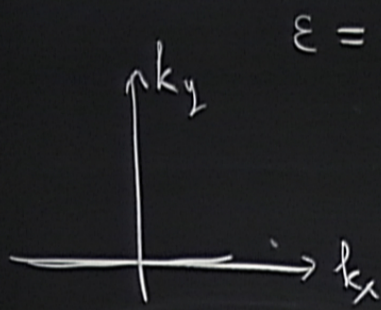
$$H = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \begin{pmatrix} a_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger & b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger \end{pmatrix} h_{\mathbf{k}} \begin{pmatrix} a_{\mathbf{k}} \\ b_{\mathbf{k}} \end{pmatrix} \quad h_{\mathbf{k}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \\ & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



CAUTION



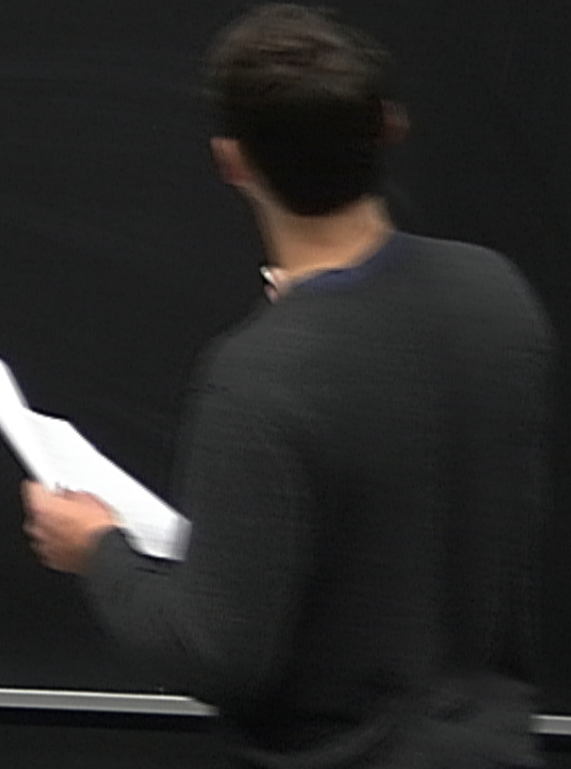
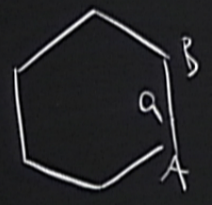
A man in a dark sweater is standing in front of a blackboard, writing an equation. The equation is $\epsilon = \pm |t(\rho)|$. The man is seen from the back, with his right arm raised as he writes. The blackboard is dark and has a silver frame. In the bottom left corner, there is a small red sign with the word "CAUTION" and some smaller text below it.
$$\epsilon = \pm |t(\rho)|$$



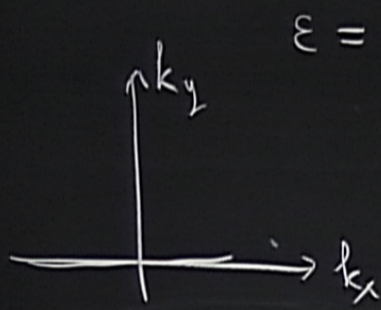
$$\epsilon = \pm |t(k)|$$

$$\epsilon = 0$$

$$t(k_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a}$$



CAUTION
Do not touch the control panel or electrical wiring.
Always use proper safety procedures when using this equipment.

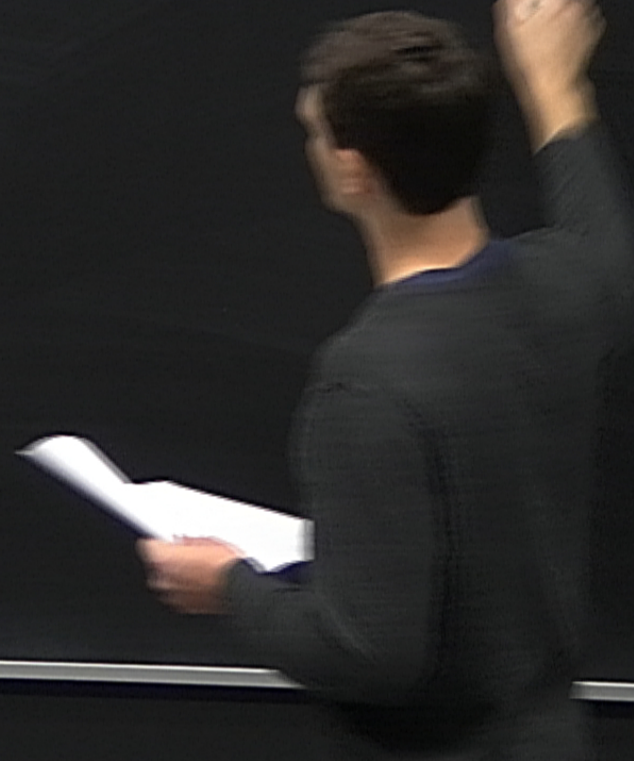
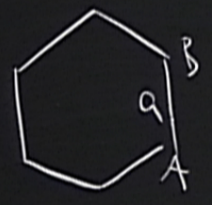


$$\epsilon = \pm |t(k)|$$

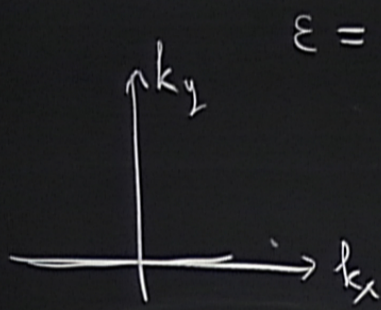
$$\epsilon = 0$$

$$t(k_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a}$$

\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow
 " " "



CAUTION
 Do not touch the chalkboard when it is hot.

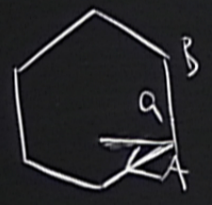


$$\epsilon = \pm |t(k)|$$

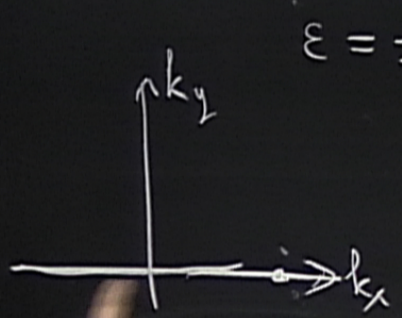
$$\epsilon = 0$$

$$t(k_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x\right) = -\frac{1}{2} \quad K_x$$



CAUTION
 Do not touch the screen or the board.
 Please do not use the board as a desk.



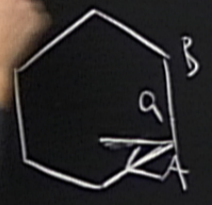
$$\epsilon = \pm |t(k)|$$

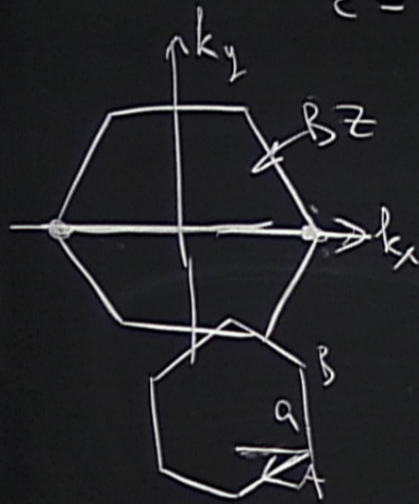
$$\epsilon = 0$$

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$$\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x\right) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$K_x = \frac{4\pi}{3\sqrt{3}a}$$





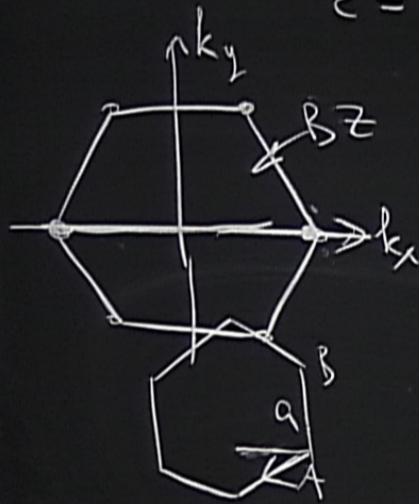
$$\epsilon = \pm |t(k)|$$

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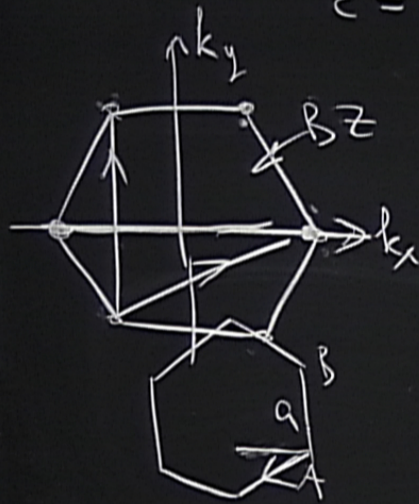
$$\varepsilon = \pm |t(k)|$$

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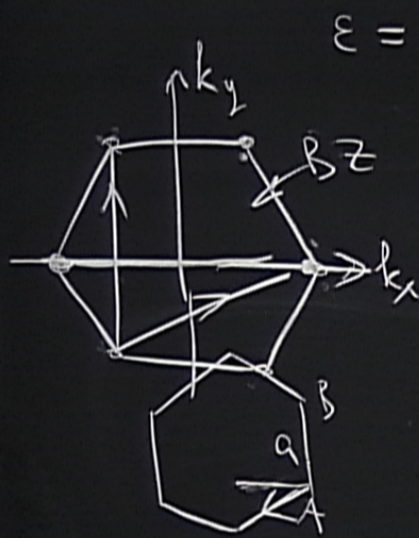
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$$\varepsilon = \pm |t(k)|$$

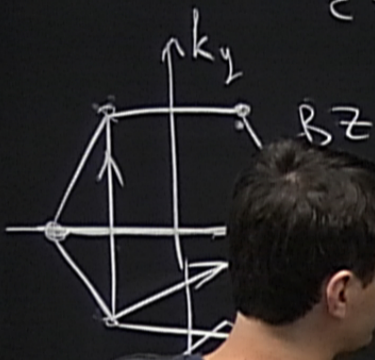
$$\varepsilon = 0$$

$$t(k_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a}$$

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CAUTION



$$\epsilon = \pm |t(k)|$$

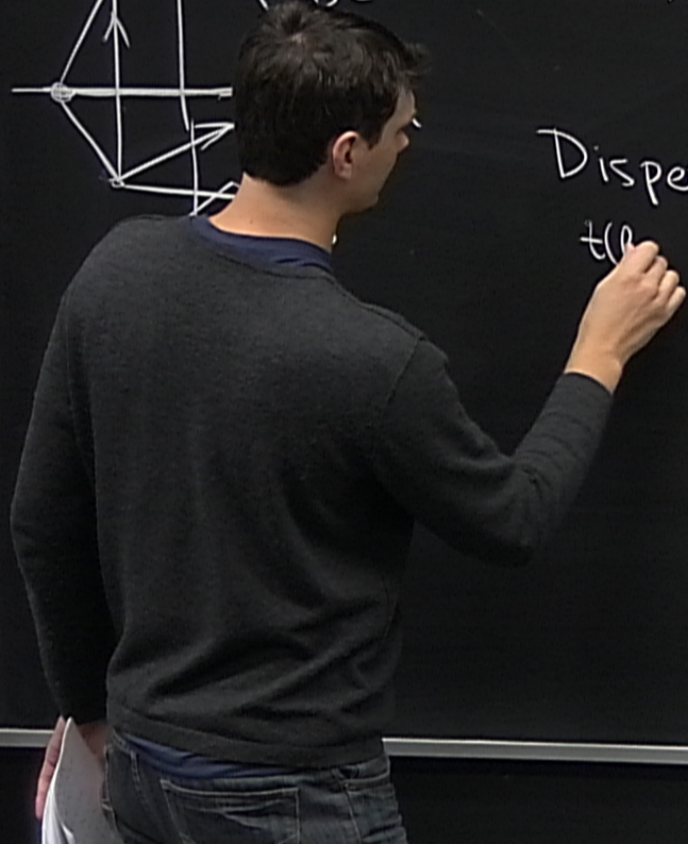
$$\epsilon = 0$$

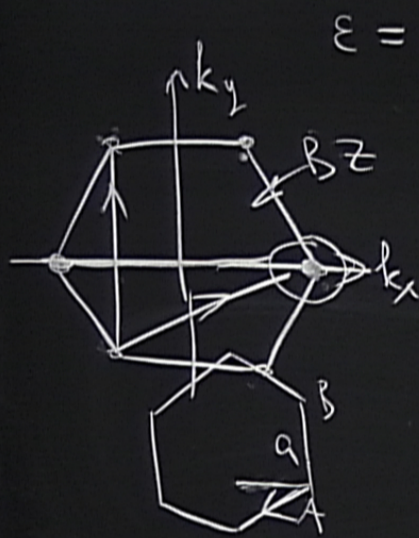
$$t(k_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x\right) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$K_x = \frac{4\pi}{3\sqrt{3}a}$$

Dispersion in the vic. of nodes
 $t(k)$





$$\epsilon = \pm |t(k)|$$

$$\epsilon = 0$$

$$t(k_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a}$$

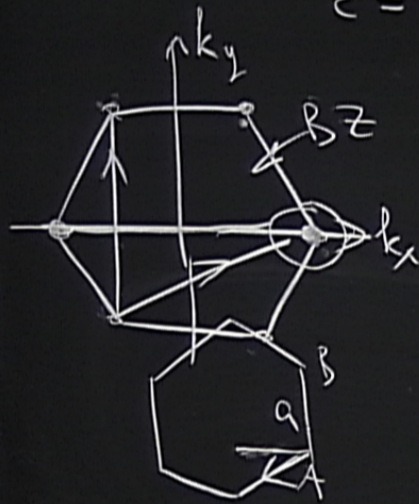
$$e^{i\sqrt{3} a k_x} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$K_x = \frac{4\pi}{3\sqrt{3} a}$$

Dispersion in the vicinity of K_x

$$\vec{k} = (K_x + \delta k_x, \delta k_y)$$

$$t(k) \approx \frac{3}{2} t a \cdot [-\epsilon \delta k_x + i \delta k_y]$$



$$\epsilon = \pm |t(k)|$$

$$\epsilon = 0$$

$$t(k_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a} + \dots$$

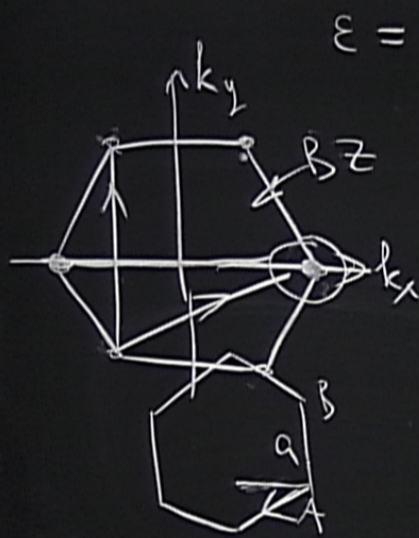
$$\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x\right) \frac{1}{2}$$

$$K_x = \frac{4\pi}{3\sqrt{3}a}$$

Dispersion in the vic. of no

$$\vec{k} = (K_x + \delta k_x, \delta k_y)$$

$$t(k) \approx \frac{3}{2} t a_0 [-\epsilon \delta k_x + i \delta k_y], \quad v_F \approx 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$



$$\epsilon = \pm |t(k)|$$

$$\epsilon = 0$$

$$t(k_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x\right) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

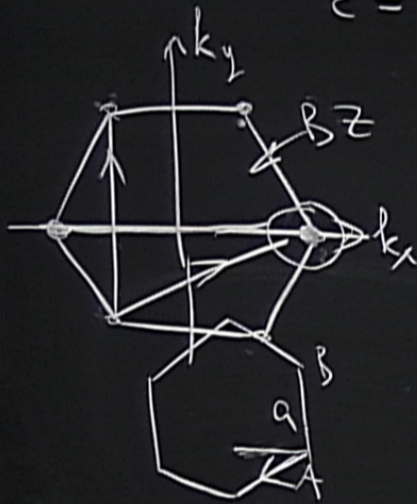
$$K_x = \frac{4\pi}{3\sqrt{3}a}$$

Dis in the vic. of nodes

$$t(k) \approx t(k_x + \delta k_x, k_y + i \delta k_y), \quad \hbar v_F = \frac{3}{2} t a, \quad v_F \approx 10^6 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$\hbar v_k = \hbar v_F$$

CAUTION



$$\epsilon = \pm |t(\mathbf{k})|$$

$$\epsilon = 0$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x} + e^{-i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

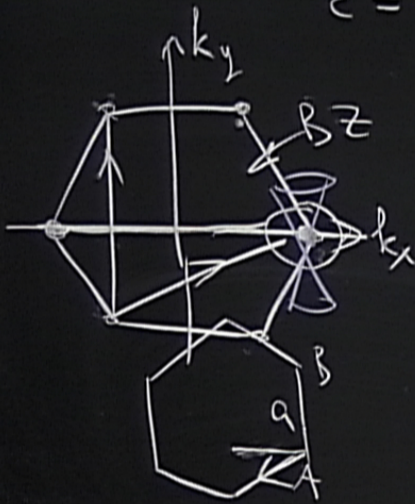
$$K = \frac{4\pi}{a}$$

Dispersion in the vic. of nodes

$$\mathbf{k} = (K_x + \delta k_x, \delta k_y)$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}) \approx \frac{3}{2} t a [-i \delta k_x + \delta k_y], \quad \hbar v_F = \frac{3}{2} t a, \quad v_F \approx 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\hbar \mathbf{v}_k = \hbar v_F \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\delta k_x - i \delta k_y \\ -\delta k_x + i \delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \hbar v_F (-\sigma_x \delta k_x + \sigma_y \delta k_y)$$



$$\epsilon = \pm |t(k)|$$

$$\epsilon = 0$$

$$t(k_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{i k_x a} + e^{i k_x a}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x\right) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

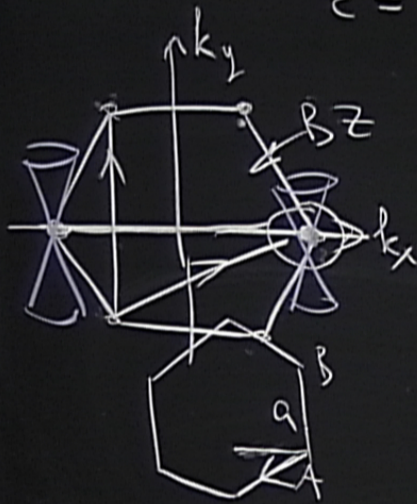
$$K_x = \frac{4\pi}{3\sqrt{3}a}$$

Dispersion in the vic. of nodes

$$\vec{k} = (K_x + \delta k_x, \delta k_y)$$

$$t(k) \approx \frac{3}{2} t a \cdot [-i \delta k_x + i \delta k_y], \quad \hbar v_F = \frac{3}{2} t a, \quad v_F \approx 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\hbar v_k = \hbar v_F \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\delta k_x - i \delta k_y \\ -\delta k_x + i \delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \hbar v_F (-\sigma_x \delta k_x + \sigma_y \delta k_y) \quad \epsilon = \pm \hbar v_F \sqrt{\delta k_x^2 + \delta k_y^2}$$



$$\epsilon = \pm |t(\mathbf{k})|$$

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$$t(\mathbf{k}_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x\right) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

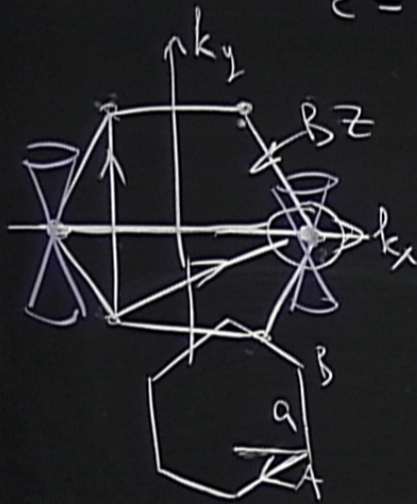
$$K_x = \frac{4\pi}{3\sqrt{3}a}$$

Dispersion in the vic. of nodes

$$\mathbf{k} = (K_x + \delta k_x, \delta k_y)$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}) \approx \frac{3}{2} t a \cdot [-\delta k_x + i \delta k_y], \quad \hbar v_F = \frac{3}{2} t a, \quad v_F \approx 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\hbar \mathbf{v}_k = \hbar v_F \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\delta k_x - i \delta k_y \\ -\delta k_x + i \delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \hbar v_F (-\sigma_x \delta k_x + \sigma_y \delta k_y) \quad \epsilon = \pm \hbar v_F \sqrt{\delta k_x^2 + \delta k_y^2}$$



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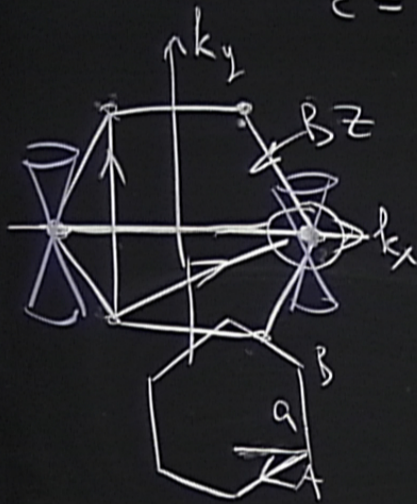
$$K_x = \frac{4\pi}{3\sqrt{3}a}$$

Dispersion in the vic. of nodes

$$\vec{k} = (K_x + \delta k_x, \delta k_y)$$

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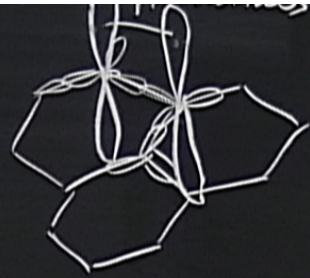
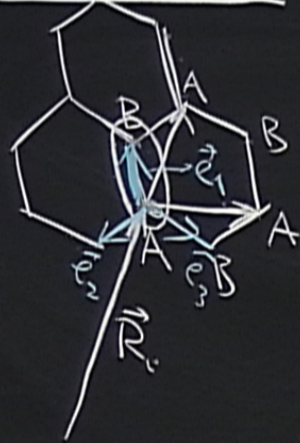
Dispersion in the vic. of nodes

$$\vec{k} = (K_x + \delta k_x, \delta k_y)$$

$$t(k) \approx \frac{3}{2} t a \cdot [-\delta k_x + i \delta k_y], \quad \hbar v_F = \frac{3}{2} t a, \quad v_F \approx 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\hbar v_k = \hbar v_F \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\delta k_x - i \delta k_y \\ -\delta k_x + i \delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \hbar v_F (-\sigma_x \delta k_x + \sigma_y \delta k_y) \quad \epsilon = \pm \hbar v_F \sqrt{\delta k_x^2 + \delta k_y^2}$$

Band structure



sp^2 -bands

$$H = t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} (a_i^\dagger b_j + h.c.)$$

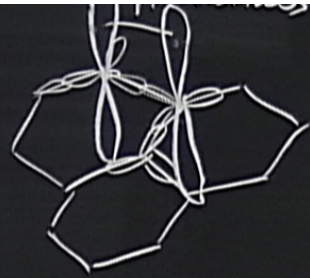
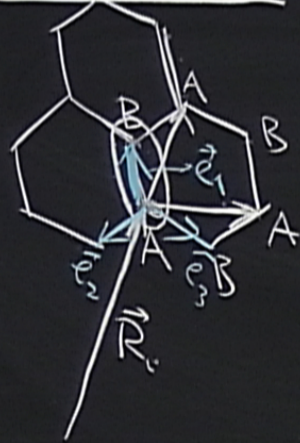
$$a_i = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} a_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_i} \quad b_i = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\mathbf{k} \cdot (\mathbf{R}_i + \vec{e}_1)}$$

$$H = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \begin{pmatrix} a_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger & b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger \end{pmatrix} h_{\mathbf{k}} \begin{pmatrix} a_{\mathbf{k}} \\ b_{\mathbf{k}} \end{pmatrix} \quad h_{\mathbf{k}} = \begin{pmatrix} g(\mathbf{k}) & t(\mathbf{k}) \\ t(\mathbf{k}) & g(\mathbf{k}) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}) = t \left[e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \vec{e}_1} + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \vec{e}_2} + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \vec{e}_3} \right]$$

$$h_{\mathbf{k}} = \hbar v_F \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\delta k_x - i\delta k_y \\ -\delta k_x + i\delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \hbar v_F (-\sigma_x \delta k_x + \sigma_y \delta k_y) \quad \epsilon = \pm \hbar v_F \sqrt{\delta k_x^2 + \delta k_y^2}$$

Band structure



sp^2 -bands

$$H = t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} (a_i^\dagger b_j + h.c.)$$

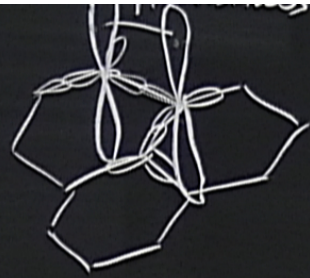
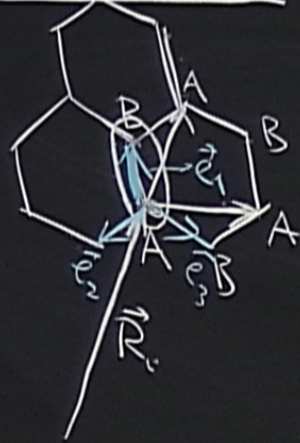
$$a_i = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} a_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_i} \quad b_i = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\mathbf{k} \cdot (\mathbf{R}_i + \vec{e}_1)}$$

$$H = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \begin{pmatrix} a_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger & b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger \end{pmatrix} h_{\mathbf{k}} \begin{pmatrix} a_{\mathbf{k}} \\ b_{\mathbf{k}} \end{pmatrix} \quad h_{\mathbf{k}} = \begin{pmatrix} g(\mathbf{k}) & t(\mathbf{k}) \\ -t(\mathbf{k}) & g(\mathbf{k}) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}) = t \left[e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \vec{e}_1} + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \vec{e}_2} + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \vec{e}_3} \right]$$

$$h_{\mathbf{k}} = \hbar v_F \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\delta k_x - i\delta k_y \\ -\delta k_x + i\delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \hbar v_F (-\sigma_x \delta k_x + \sigma_y \delta k_y) \quad \epsilon = \pm \hbar v_F \sqrt{\delta k_x^2 + \delta k_y^2}$$

Band structure



sp²-bands

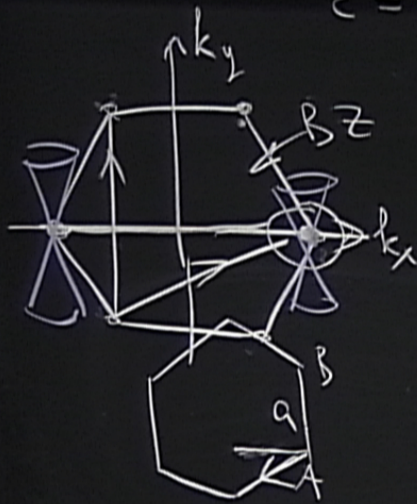
$$H = t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} (a_i^\dagger b_j + h.c.)$$

$$a_i = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} a_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_i} \quad b_i = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\mathbf{k} \cdot (\mathbf{R}_i + \vec{e}_1)}$$

$$H = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \begin{pmatrix} a_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger & b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger \end{pmatrix} h_{\mathbf{k}} \begin{pmatrix} a_{\mathbf{k}} \\ b_{\mathbf{k}} \end{pmatrix} \quad h_{\mathbf{k}} = \begin{pmatrix} g(\mathbf{k}) & t(\mathbf{k}) \\ t(\mathbf{k}) & g(\mathbf{k}) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}) = t \left[e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \vec{e}_1} + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \vec{e}_2} + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \vec{e}_3} \right] \approx g(\mathbf{R}) \hat{\mathbf{1}} \rightarrow \delta_{\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{0}}$$

$$h_{\mathbf{k}} = \hbar v_F \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\delta k_x - i\delta k_y \\ -\delta k_x + i\delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \hbar v_F (-\sigma_x \delta k_x + \sigma_y \delta k_y) \quad \epsilon = \pm \hbar v_F \sqrt{\delta k_x^2 + \delta k_y^2}$$



$$\epsilon = \pm |t(k)|$$

$$\epsilon = 0$$

$$t(k_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x} + e^{-i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x} = 1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x\right)$$

$$K_x = \frac{4}{3a}$$

Dispersion in the vic. of nodes

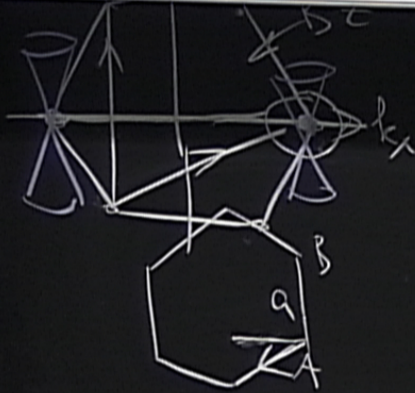
$$\vec{k} = (K_x + \delta k_x, \delta k_y)$$

$$t(k) \approx \frac{3}{2} t a \cdot [-i \delta k_x + \delta k_y], \quad \hbar v_F = \frac{3}{2} t a, \quad v_F \approx 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\hbar v_k = \hbar v_F \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\delta k_x - i \delta k_y \\ -\delta k_x + i \delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \hbar v_F (-\sigma_x \delta k_x + \sigma_y \delta k_y) \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$H = \sum_k (a_k^\dagger \ b_k) h_k (b_k^\dagger) \quad h_k = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_k & 0 \\ 0 & g(b_k) \end{pmatrix} \approx$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}) = t \left(e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \vec{a}_1} + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \vec{a}_2} + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \vec{a}_3} \right) \approx g(\mathbf{k}) \hat{1} + \delta k_x G_x + \delta k_y G_y$$



$$\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x\right) = -\frac{1}{2} \quad K_x = \frac{4\pi}{3\sqrt{3}a}$$

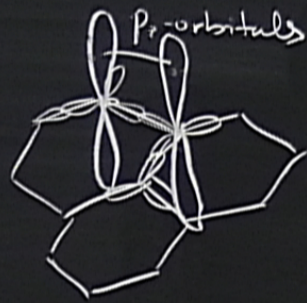
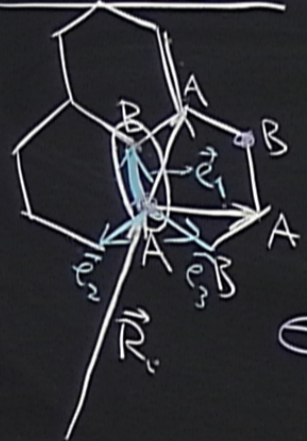
Dispersion in the vic. of nodes

$$\vec{k} = (K_x + \delta k_x, \delta k_y)$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}) \approx \frac{3}{2} t a \cdot [-\delta k_x + i \delta k_y], \quad \hbar v_F = \frac{3}{2} t a, \quad v_F \approx 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$h_k = \hbar v_F \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\delta k_x - i \delta k_y \\ -\delta k_x + i \delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \hbar v_F (-G_x \delta k_x + G_y \delta k_y) \quad \epsilon = \pm \hbar v_F \sqrt{\delta k_x^2 + \delta k_y^2}$$

Band structure



sp^2 -bands

$$H = t \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} (a_i^\dagger b_j + h.c.)$$

$$a_i = \sum_{\vec{k}} a_{\vec{k}} e^{-i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{R}_i}$$

$$b_i = \sum_{\vec{k}} b_{\vec{k}} e^{-i\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{R}_i + \vec{e}_1)}$$

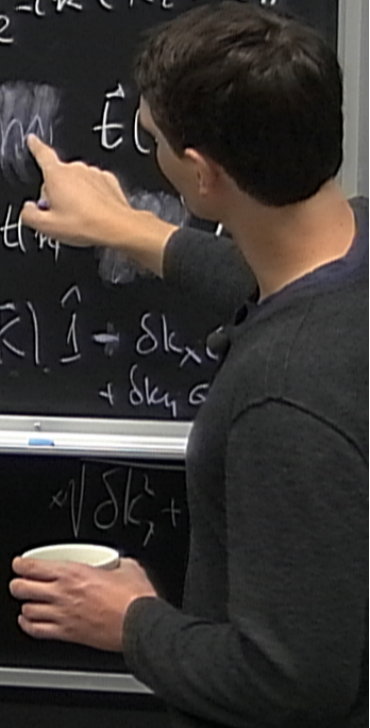
$$\epsilon_A = \epsilon_B = m$$

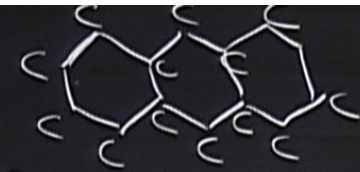
$$H = \sum_{\vec{k}} \begin{pmatrix} a_{\vec{k}}^\dagger & b_{\vec{k}}^\dagger \end{pmatrix} h_{\vec{k}} \begin{pmatrix} a_{\vec{k}} \\ b_{\vec{k}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$h_{\vec{k}} = \begin{pmatrix} m & t \\ t^\dagger & m \end{pmatrix}$$

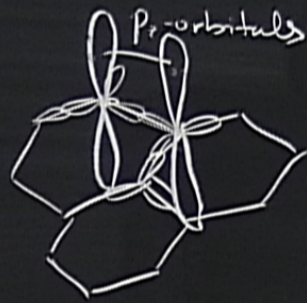
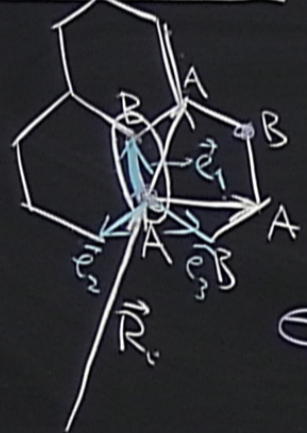
$$t(\vec{k}) = t \cdot \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{e}_1} & & \\ & e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{e}_2} & \\ & & e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{e}_3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\approx g(\vec{R}) \hat{1} + \delta k_x \sigma_x + \delta k_y \sigma_y$$





Band structure



p-orbitals

sp²-bands

$$h_k = m v_F^2 + \hbar v_F (\delta k_x v_x + \delta k_y v_y)$$

$$\epsilon = \sqrt{m^2 + (\hbar v_F)^2 (\delta k_x^2 + \delta k_y^2)}$$

$$H = t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} (a_i^\dagger b_j + h.c.)$$

$$a_i = \sum_k a_k e^{-ik \cdot R_i}$$

$$b_i = \sum_k b_k e^{-ik \cdot R_i}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 \\ \epsilon_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 \\ \epsilon_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 \\ \epsilon_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

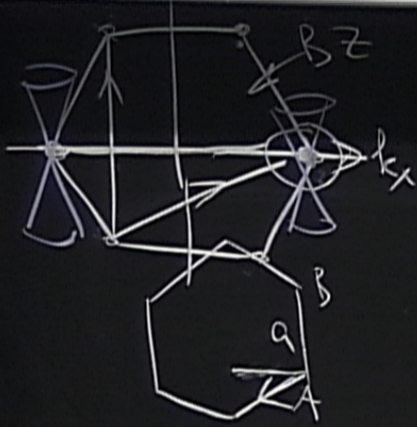
$$\epsilon_A = \epsilon_B = m$$

$$H = \sum_k \begin{pmatrix} a_k^\dagger & b_k^\dagger \end{pmatrix} h_k \begin{pmatrix} a_k \\ b_k \end{pmatrix}$$

$$h_k =$$

$$t(k) = t \cdot \begin{pmatrix} e^{ik \cdot \vec{a}_1} & & \\ & e^{ik \cdot \vec{a}_2} & \\ & & e^{ik \cdot \vec{a}_3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}) = t \left[e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{a}_1} + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{a}_2} + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{a}_3} \right] \approx g(\mathbf{k}) \left[1 + \delta k_x G_x + \delta k_y G_y \right]$$



$$t(k_x, 0) = e^{i k_x a} + e^{-i k_x a} + e^{i k_x a} = 1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x\right) = -\frac{1}{2} \quad K_x = \frac{\pi}{3a}$$

Dispersion in the vic. of nodes

$$\mathbf{k} = (K_x + \delta k_x, \delta k_y)$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}) \approx \frac{3}{2} t a \left[-\delta k_x + i \delta k_y \right], \quad \hbar v_F = \frac{3}{2} t a, \quad v_F \approx 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\hbar v_{\mathbf{k}} = \hbar v_F \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\delta k_x - i \delta k_y \\ -\delta k_x + i \delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \hbar v_F (-G_x \delta k_x + G_y \delta k_y) \quad \epsilon = \pm \hbar v_F \sqrt{\delta k_x^2 + \delta k_y^2}$$

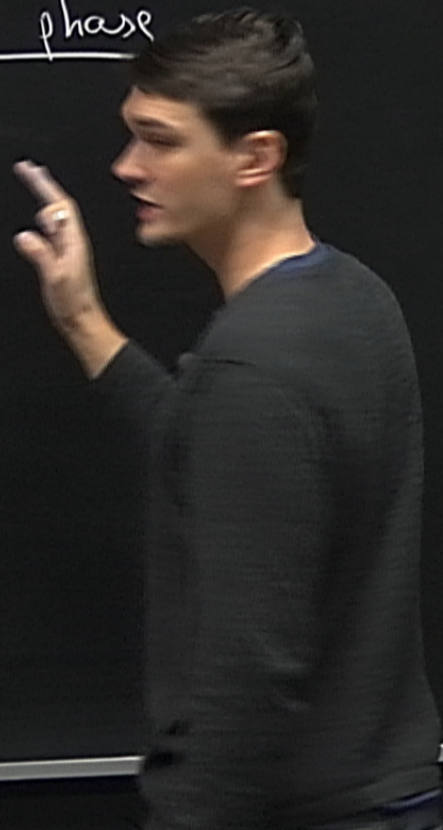
- ① Berry phase ; WL \rightarrow W. anti-localization
- ② Transmission thru barriers

- ① Berry phase ; WL \rightarrow W. anti-localization
- ② Transmission thru barriers

① Berry phase ; WL \rightarrow W. anti-localization

② Transmission thru barriers

Berry phase



① Berry phase ; WL \rightarrow W. anti-localization

② Transmission thru barriers

Berry phase

$$|\vec{n}\rangle \quad H(\vec{R}(t))$$
$$|\vec{n}(\vec{R}(t))\rangle$$

$$|\psi_n(t)\rangle = e^{i\gamma_n(t)} \cdot e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t H(\vec{R}(t')) dt'}$$

① Berry phase ; WL \rightarrow W. anti-localization

② Transmission thru barriers

Berry phase

$|\vec{n}\rangle$ $H(\vec{R}(t))$

$|\vec{n}(\vec{R}(t))\rangle$

$|\psi_n(t)\rangle = e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt' E_n(\vec{R}(t'))} |\vec{n}(\vec{R}(t))\rangle$

$\langle \vec{n}(\vec{R}(t)) | i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} |\psi_n(t)\rangle = \langle \vec{n}(t) | \psi_n(t) \rangle$

$\langle \vec{n}(\vec{R}(t)) | i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (e^{i\gamma_n} |\vec{n}(\vec{R}(t))\rangle) + E_n(t) \times \dots +$
 $+ \langle \vec{n}(\vec{R}(t)) | e^{i\gamma_n} |\vec{n}(\vec{R}(t))\rangle =$

① Berry phase ; WL \rightarrow W. anti-localization

② Transmission thru barriers

Berry phase

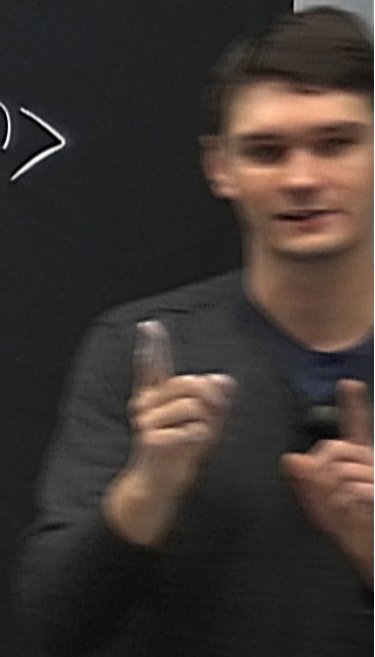
$$|\vec{n}\rangle \quad H(\vec{R}(t)) \quad |\psi_n(t)\rangle = e^{i\gamma_n(t)} \cdot e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt' E_n(\vec{R}(t'))} |\vec{n}(\vec{R}(t))\rangle$$
$$|\vec{n}(\vec{R}(t))\rangle \quad \langle \vec{n}(\vec{R}(t)) | i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} |\psi_n(t)\rangle = \langle \vec{n}(\vec{R}(t)) | H(\vec{R}(t)) | \psi_n(t)\rangle$$

$$\langle \vec{n}(\vec{R}(t)) | i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (e^{i\gamma_n(t)} |\vec{n}(\vec{R}(t))\rangle + \cancel{E_n(t)} \dots +$$
$$+ \langle \vec{n}(\vec{R}(t)) | \cancel{e^{i\gamma_n(t)}} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} |\vec{n}(\vec{R}(t))\rangle = \cancel{E_n(t)}$$

$$i \frac{\partial \gamma_n}{\partial \vec{R}} = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$

$$\gamma_n = \int_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

$$\vec{A}_n(\vec{R}) = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$



$$i \frac{\partial \gamma_n}{\partial \vec{R}} = \langle n(\vec{R}(t)) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | \bar{n}(\vec{R}(t)) \rangle$$

$$\gamma_n = \int_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

$$\vec{A}_n(\vec{R}) = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$

$$i \frac{\partial \gamma_n}{\partial \vec{R}} = \langle n(\vec{R}(t)) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}(t)) \rangle$$

$$\underline{\gamma}_n = \int_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

$$|n(\vec{R})\rangle \rightarrow e^{i\vec{S}(\vec{R})} |n(\vec{R})\rangle$$

$$\vec{A}_n(\vec{R}) = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$

$$\oint d\vec{P}$$

$$i \frac{\partial \gamma_n}{\partial \vec{R}} = \langle n(\vec{R}(t)) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}(t)) \rangle$$

$$\underline{\gamma}_n = \int_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

$$|n(\vec{R})\rangle \rightarrow e^{i\vec{S}(\vec{R})} |n(\vec{R})\rangle$$

$$\vec{A}_n(\vec{R}) = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$



\vec{R}

$$\oint_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

Eq. 1

$$i \frac{\partial \gamma_n}{\partial \vec{R}} = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$

$$\gamma_n = \int_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

$$|n(\vec{R})\rangle \rightarrow e^{i\vec{S}(\vec{R})} |n(\vec{R})\rangle$$

$$\vec{A}_n(\vec{R}) = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$

The diagram shows a closed loop in parameter space \vec{R} . A vector field $\vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$ is represented by arrows along the loop. The phase γ_n is indicated as the integral of the vector field around the loop.

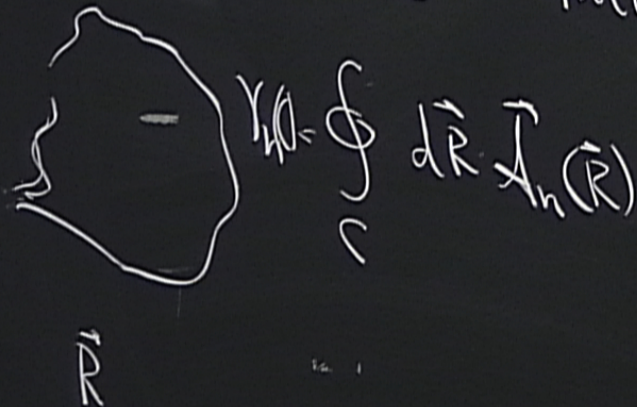
$$\gamma_n = \oint_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

$$i \frac{\partial \gamma_n}{\partial \vec{R}} = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$

$$\underline{\gamma}_n = \int_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

$$|n(\vec{R})\rangle \rightarrow e^{i\vec{S}(\vec{R})} |n(\vec{R})\rangle$$

$$\vec{A}_n(\vec{R}) = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$



$$\gamma_n = \oint_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

① Berry phase ; WL \rightarrow W. anti-localization

② Transmission thru barriers

Berry phase

$$|\underline{n}\rangle \quad H(\underline{R}(t)) \quad |\psi_n(t)\rangle = e^{i\gamma_n(t)} \cdot e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t dt' E_n(\underline{R}(t'))} |\underline{n}(\underline{R}(t))\rangle$$
$$|\underline{n}(\underline{R}(t))\rangle \quad \langle \underline{n}(\underline{R}(t)) | i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} |\psi_n(t)\rangle = \langle \underline{n}(\underline{R}(t)) | H(\underline{R}(t)) |\psi_n(t)\rangle$$

$$\langle \underline{n}(\underline{R}(t)) | i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} e^{i\gamma_n(t)} |\underline{n}(\underline{R}(t))\rangle + \langle \underline{n}(\underline{R}(t)) | H(\underline{R}(t)) |\underline{n}(\underline{R}(t))\rangle = E_n$$
$$+ \langle \underline{n}(\underline{R}(t)) | e^{i\gamma_n(t)} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} e^{-i\gamma_n(t)} |\underline{n}(\underline{R}(t))\rangle = 0$$

$$i \frac{\partial \gamma_n}{\partial \vec{R}} = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$

$$\underline{\gamma}_n = \int_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

$$|n(\vec{R})\rangle \rightarrow e^{i\vec{S}(\vec{R})} |n(\vec{R})\rangle$$

$$\vec{A}_n(\vec{R}) = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$



\vec{R}


$$\gamma_n = \oint_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R}) \quad \text{pseudo spin } \frac{1}{2}$$

$$i \frac{\partial \gamma_n}{\partial \vec{R}} = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$

$$\underline{\gamma}_n = \int_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

$$|n(\vec{R})\rangle \rightarrow e^{i\gamma(\vec{R})} |n(\vec{R})\rangle$$

$$\vec{A}_n(\vec{R}) = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$



\vec{R}

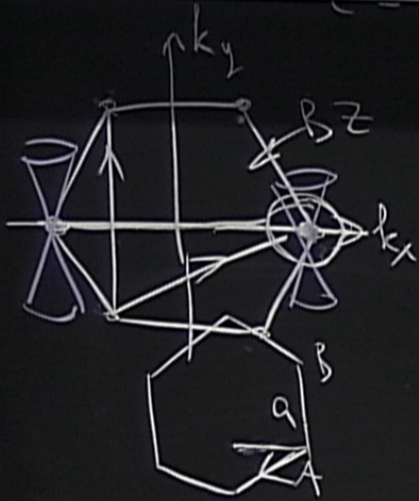
$$\gamma_n = \oint_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

pseudo spin $\frac{1}{2}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & \delta k_x - i\delta k_y \\ \delta k_x + i\delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tan \theta_k = \frac{\delta k_y}{\delta k_x}$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}) = t \cdot [e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_y a} + e^{ik_z a}] \approx g(\mathbf{k}) \hat{1} + \delta k_x G_x + \delta k_y G_y$$



$$t(k_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a}$$

$$\cos \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x \right) = -\frac{1}{2} \quad K_x = \frac{4\pi}{3\sqrt{3}a}$$

Dispersion in the vic. of nodes

$$\vec{k} = (K_x + \delta k_x, \delta k_y)$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}) \approx \frac{3}{2} t a \cdot [-\delta k_x + i \delta k_y], \quad \hbar v_F = \frac{3}{2} t a, \quad v_F \approx 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\hbar v_{\mathbf{k}} = \hbar v_F \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\delta k_x - i \delta k_y \\ -\delta k_x + i \delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \hbar v_F (-G_x \delta k_x + G_y \delta k_y) \quad \epsilon = \pm \hbar v_F \sqrt{\delta k_x^2 + \delta k_y^2}$$

$$i \frac{\partial \gamma_n}{\partial \vec{R}} = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$

$$\underline{\gamma}_n = \int_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

$$|n(\vec{R})\rangle \rightarrow e^{i\zeta(\vec{R})} |n(\vec{R})\rangle$$

$$\vec{A}_n(\vec{R}) = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$

$$\gamma_n = \oint_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

pseudo spin $\frac{1}{2}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & \delta k_x - i\delta k_y \\ \delta k_x + i\delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tan \theta_k = \frac{\delta k_y}{\delta k_x}$$

$$i \frac{\partial \gamma_n}{\partial \vec{R}} = \langle n(\vec{R}(t)) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}(t)) \rangle$$

$$\underline{\gamma}_n = \int_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

$$|n(\vec{R})\rangle \rightarrow e^{i\zeta(\vec{R})} |n(\vec{R})\rangle$$

$$\vec{A}_n(\vec{R}) = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$



$$\gamma_n = \oint d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

pseudo spin $\frac{1}{2}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & \delta k_x - i\delta k_y \\ \delta k_x + i\delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\theta: 0 \rightarrow 2\pi$$

$$A(\theta) = \frac{1}{2}(e^{-i\theta})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$1) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{e^{i\theta}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tan \theta = \frac{\delta k_y}{\delta k_x}$$

$$i \frac{\partial \gamma_n}{\partial \vec{R}} = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$

$$\underline{\gamma}_n = \int_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

$$|n(\vec{R})\rangle \rightarrow e^{i\gamma(\vec{R})} |n(\vec{R})\rangle$$

$$\vec{A}_n(\vec{R}) = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$



\vec{R}

$$\gamma_n = \oint_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

pseudo spin $\frac{1}{2}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & \delta k_x - i\delta k_y \\ \delta k_x + i\delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

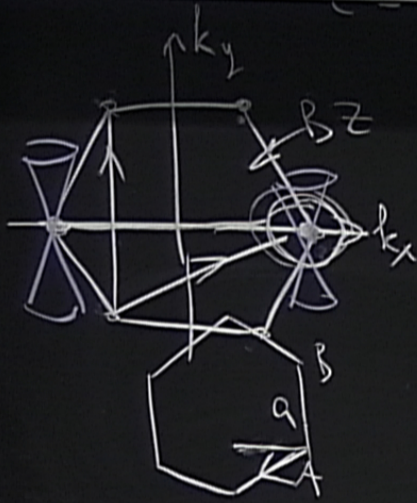
$$\theta: 0 \rightarrow 2\pi$$

$$A(\theta) = \frac{1}{2} (e^{-i\theta} \quad 1)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{e^{i\theta}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta} & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \tan \theta k = \frac{\delta k_y}{\delta k_x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \quad \gamma = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{2} d\theta = \pi$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}) = t \cdot [e^{ik_1 a} + e^{ik_2 a} + e^{ik_3 a}] \approx g(\mathbf{k}) \hat{1} + \delta k_x \sigma_x + \delta k_y \sigma_y$$



$$t(k_x, 0) = e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a} + e^{ik_x a}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a k_x\right) = -\frac{1}{2} \quad K_x = \frac{4\pi}{3\sqrt{3} a}$$

Dispersion in the vic. of nodes

$$\vec{k} = (K_x + \delta k_x, \delta k_y)$$

$$t(\mathbf{k}) \approx \frac{3}{2} t a \cdot [-\delta k_x + i \delta k_y], \quad \hbar v_F = \frac{3}{2} t a, \quad v_F \approx 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\hbar v_{\vec{k}} = \hbar v_F \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\delta k_x - i \delta k_y \\ -\delta k_x + i \delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \hbar v_F (-\sigma_x \delta k_x + \sigma_y \delta k_y) \quad \epsilon = \pm \hbar v_F \sqrt{\delta k_x^2 + \delta k_y^2}$$

$$i \frac{\partial \gamma_n}{\partial \vec{R}} = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$

$$\underline{\gamma}_n = \int_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

$$|n(\vec{R})\rangle \rightarrow e^{i\gamma(\vec{R})} |n(\vec{R})\rangle$$

$$\vec{A}_n(\vec{R}) = \langle n(\vec{R}) | \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{R}} | n(\vec{R}) \rangle$$



\vec{R}

$$\gamma_n = \oint_C d\vec{R} \vec{A}_n(\vec{R})$$

pseudo spin $\frac{1}{2}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & \delta k_x - i\delta k_y \\ \delta k_x + i\delta k_y & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

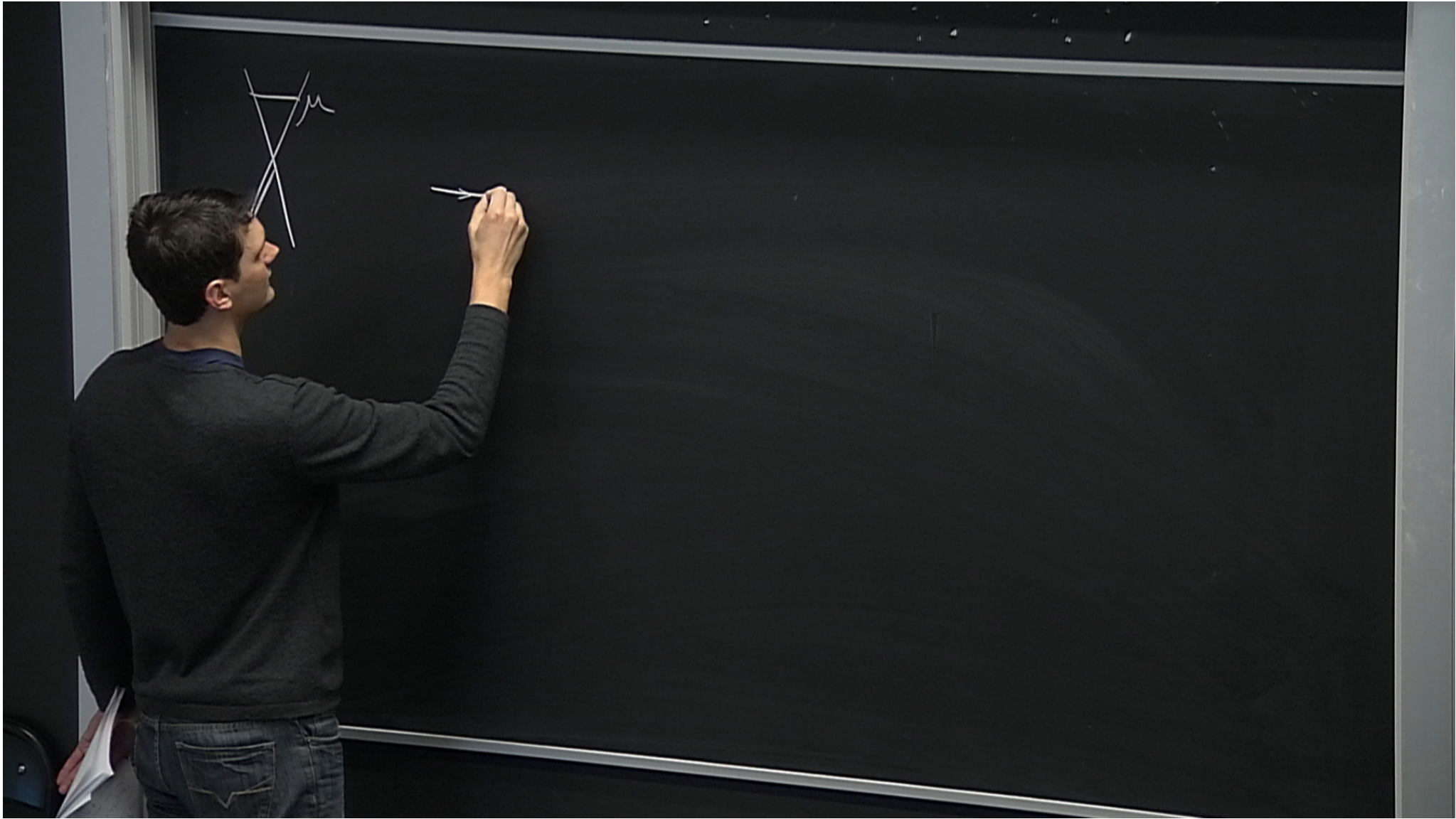
~~$\frac{A}{2}$~~

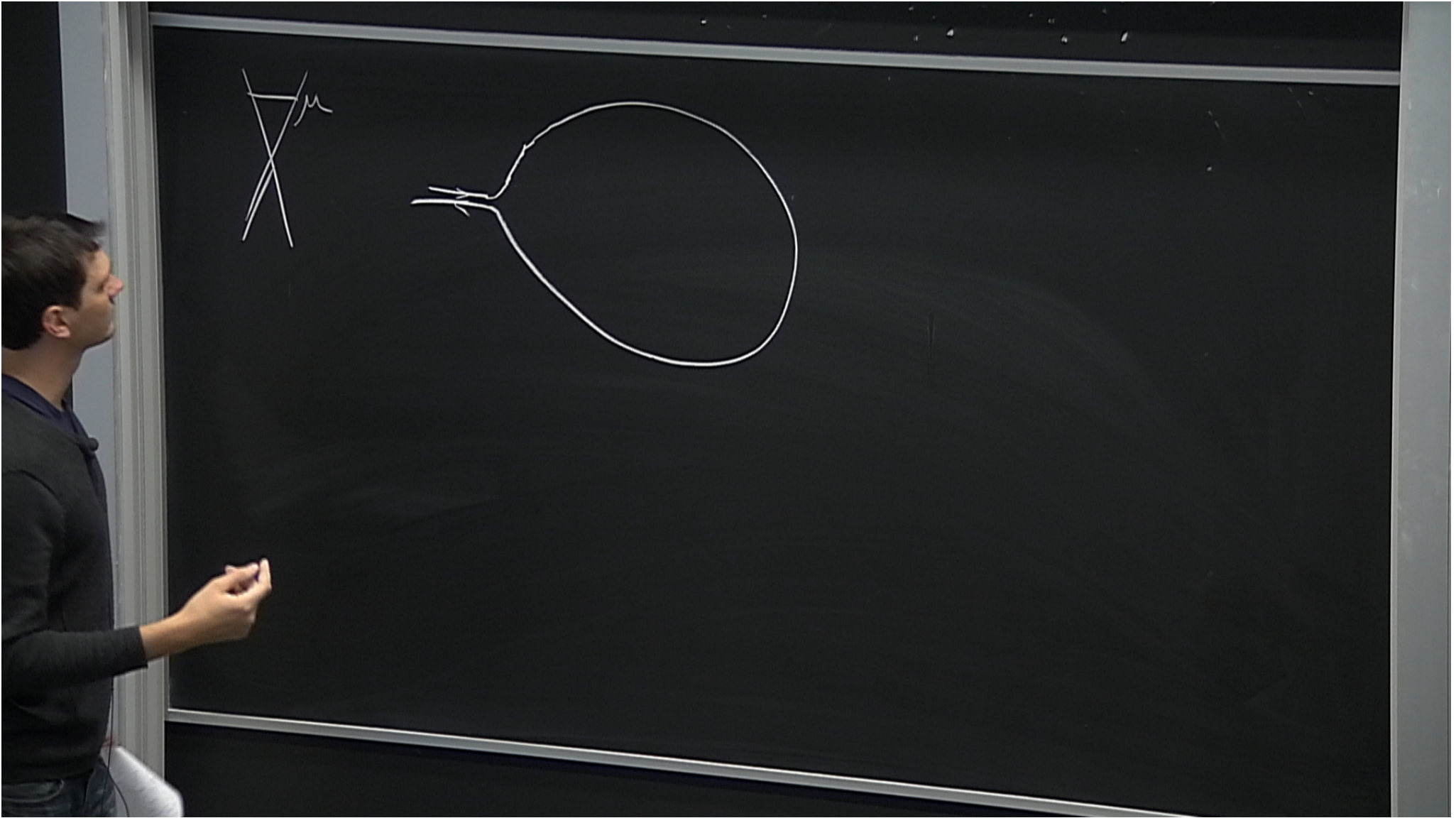
$$\theta: 0 \rightarrow 2\pi$$

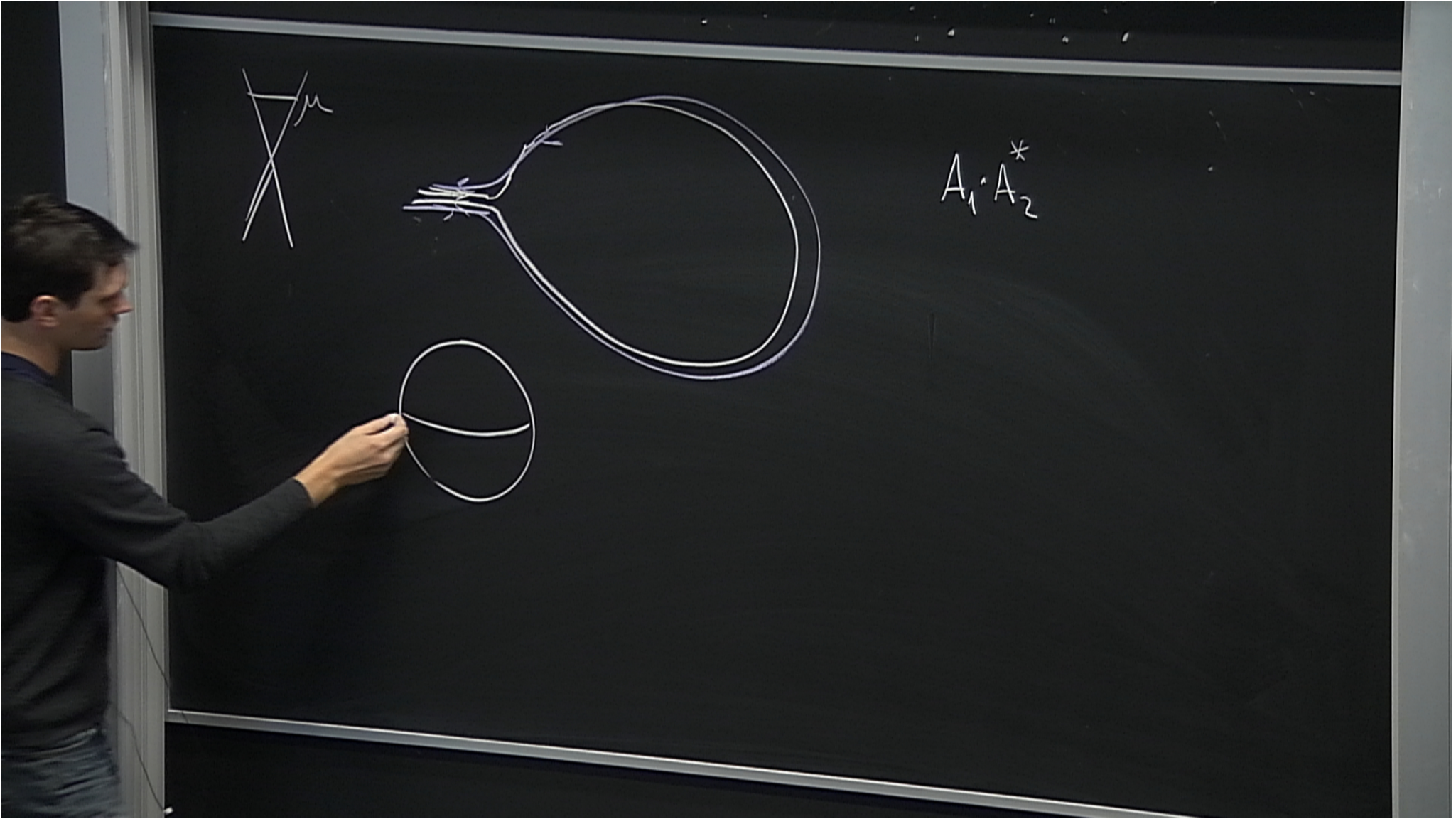
$$A(\theta) = \frac{1}{2} (e^{-i\theta})$$

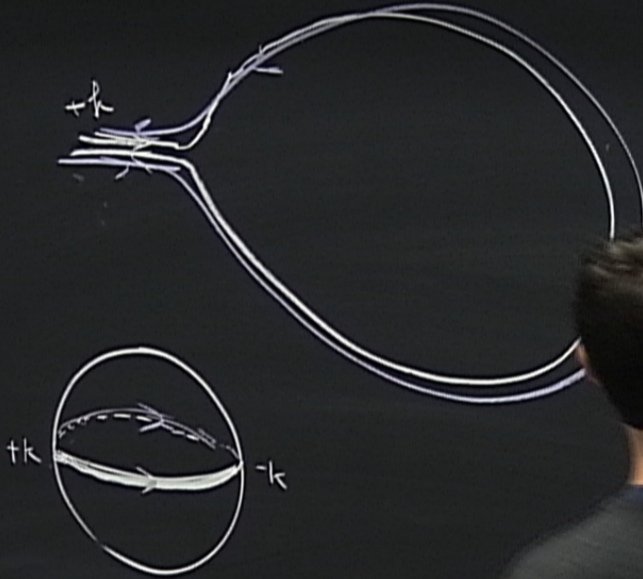
$$1) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{e^{i\theta}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta} & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \tan \theta |k\rangle = \frac{\delta k_y}{\delta k_x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \quad \gamma = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{2} d\theta = \pi$$

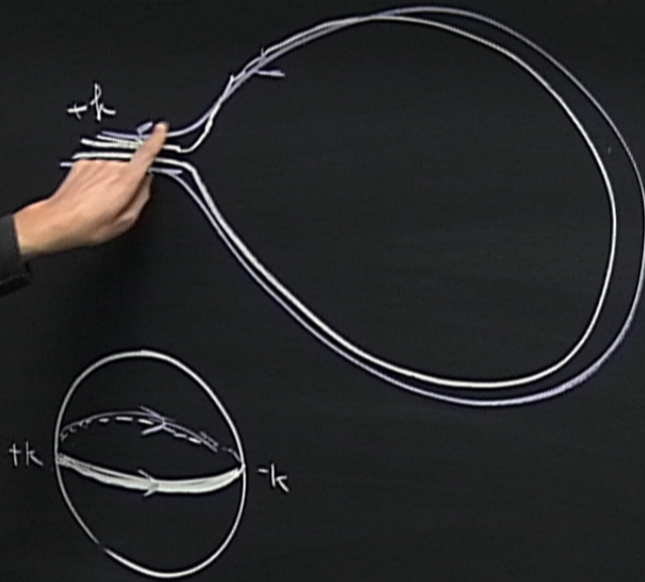




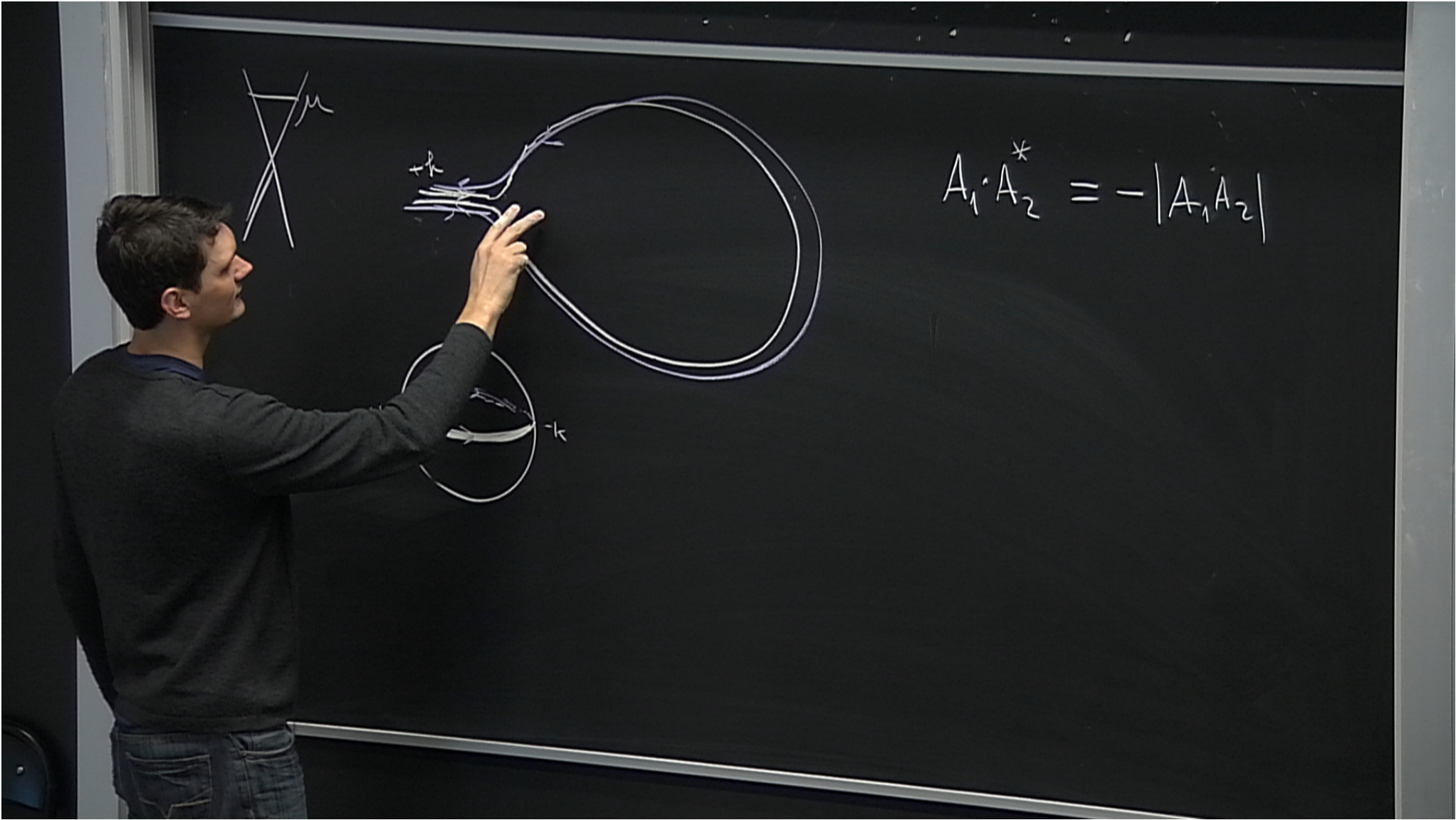


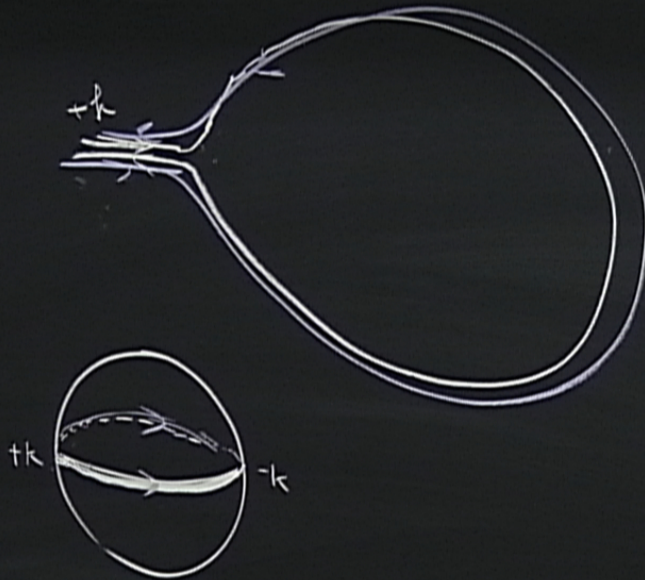


$$A_1, A_2^*$$



$$A_1 \cdot A_2^* = -|A_1 A_2|$$

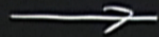




$$A_1 \cdot A_2^* = -|A_1 A_2|$$

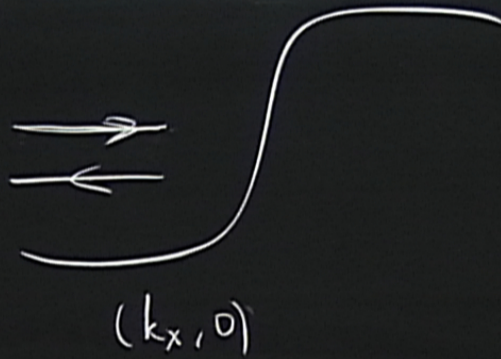


$V(x)$



V

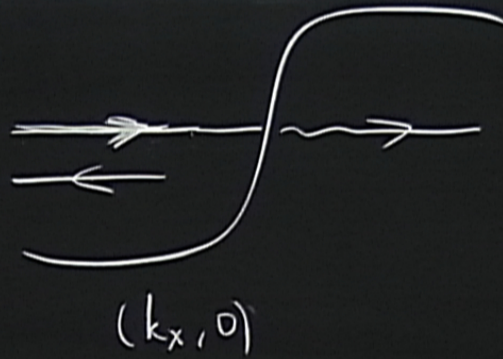


$V(x)$ 

$$V(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Inc. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{reflected: } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$V(x)$ 

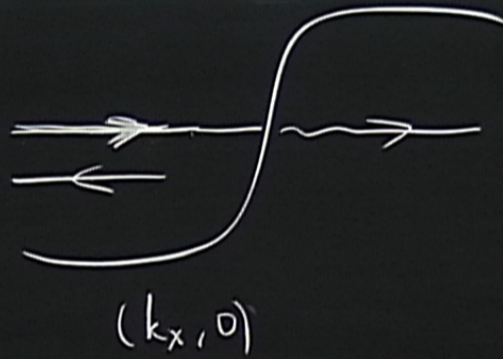
$$V(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Inc. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{reflected } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle = 0$$

$$V(x)$$



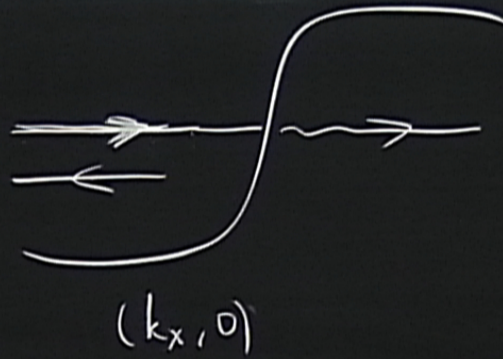
$$V(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Inc. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{reflected } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle = 0$$

$$V(x)$$

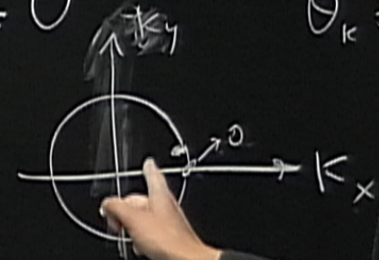


$$V(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

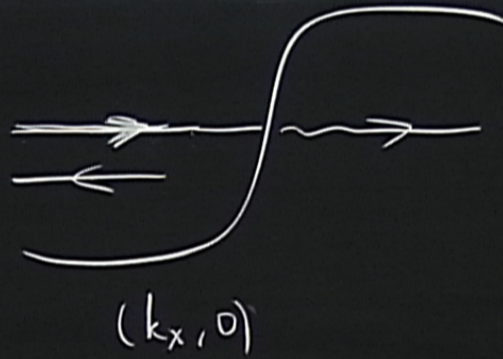
$$\text{Inc. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{reflected } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle = 0$$



$$V(x)$$

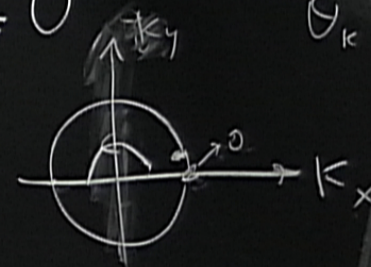


$$V(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Inc. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{reflected } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle = 0$$



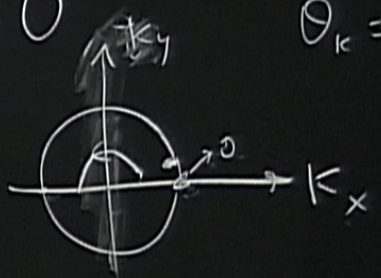
$(k_x, 0)$

Inc. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

reflected: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\theta} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle = 0$

$\theta_k = \arctan \frac{k_y}{k_x}$



$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle = 0$



Inc. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

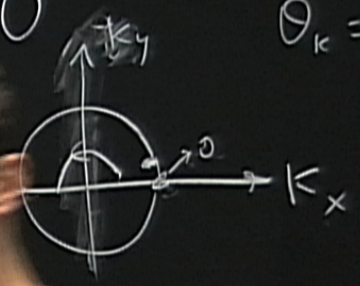
reflected: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\theta} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle = 0$

$\theta_k = \arctan \frac{k_y}{k_x}$



$V(x) = -V_0$



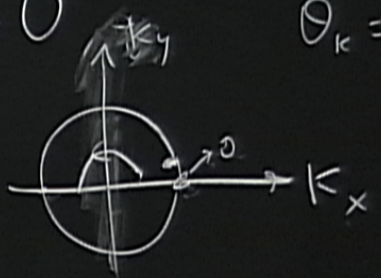
$(k_x, 0)$

Inc. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

reflected: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\theta} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

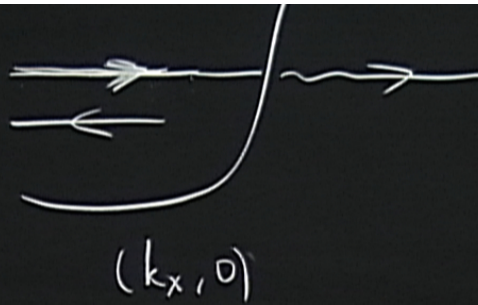
$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle = 0$

$\theta_k = \arctan \frac{k_y}{k_x}$



$V = -V_0$

$$V(x)$$

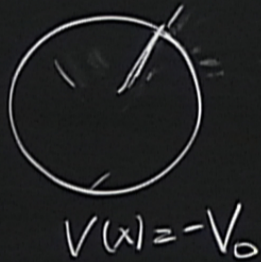


$$V(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

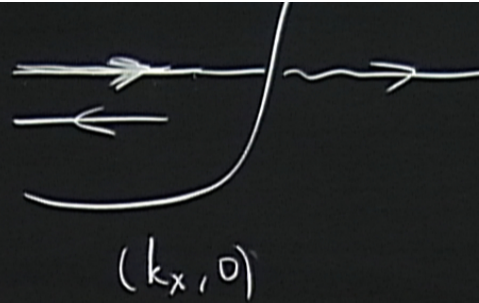
$$\text{Inc. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i0x} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{reflected: } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i0x} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle =$$



$$V(x)$$



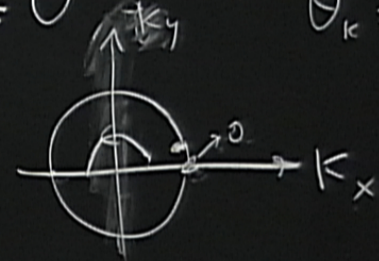
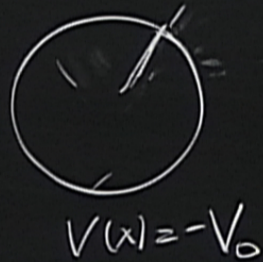
$$V(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Inc. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i0x} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

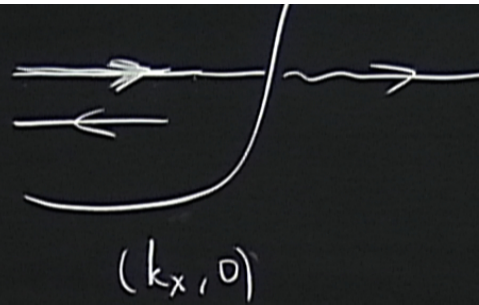
$$\text{reflected: } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i0x} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\langle 0 | \psi(x) | \psi(x) \rangle = 0$$

$$\theta_k = \arctan \frac{k_y}{k_x}$$



$V(x)$



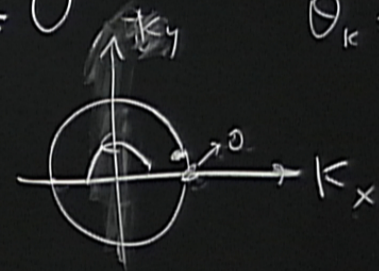
$V(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Inc. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i0x} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

reflected $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i0x} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

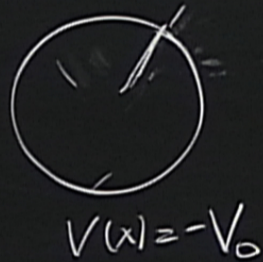
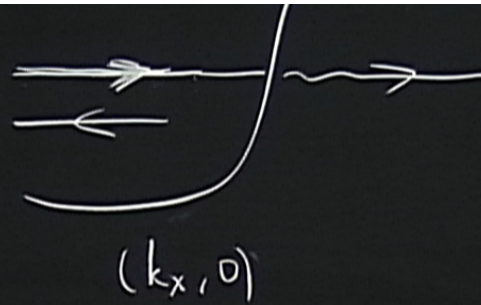
$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle = 0$

$\theta_k = \arctan \frac{k_y}{k_x}$



$V = -V_0$

$V(x)$



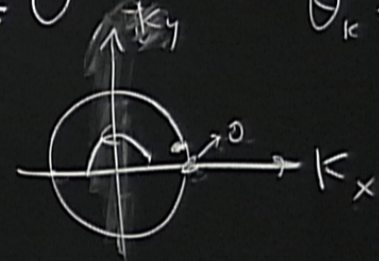
$V(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Inc. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

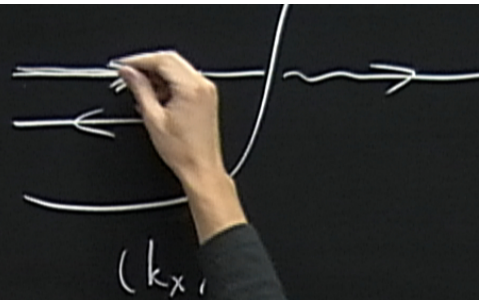
reflected $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\theta k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle = 0$

$\theta_k = \arctan \frac{k_y}{k_x}$

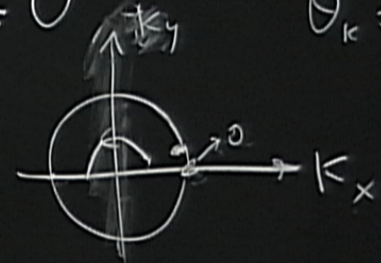


$V(x)$



$V(x) = -V$

out $|\hat{V}(x)|_{unc} = 0$

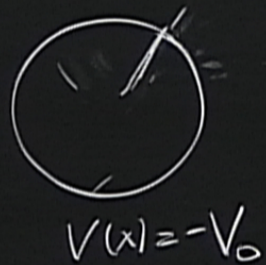
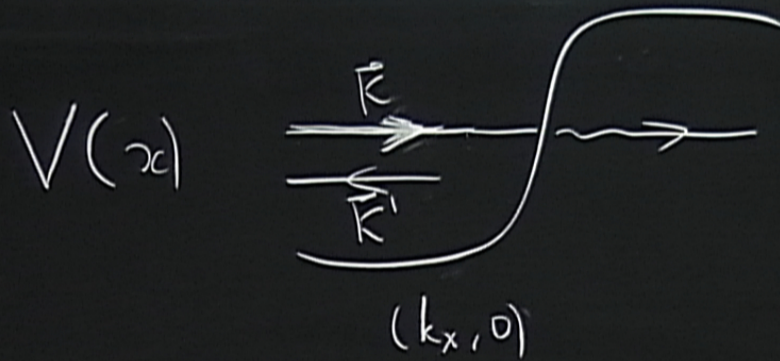


$\theta_k = \arctan \frac{k_y}{k_x}$

$V(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Inc. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

reflected $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

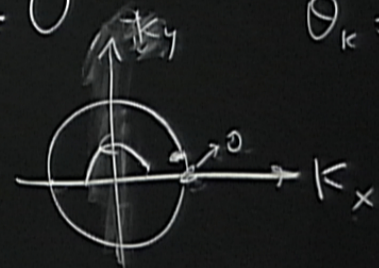


$$V(x) \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + m \begin{bmatrix} +1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

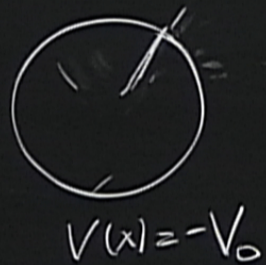
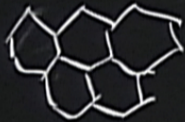
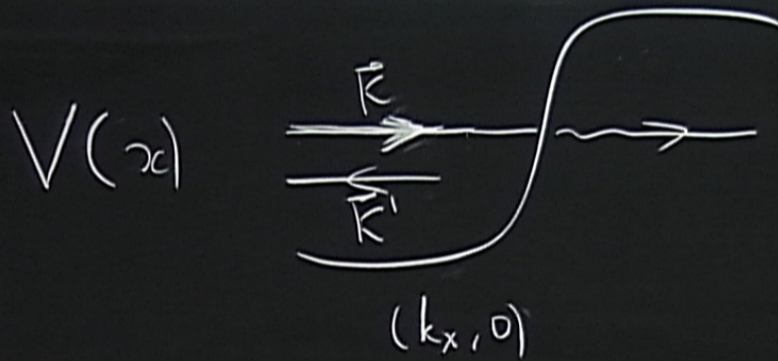
Inc. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

reflected $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle = 0$$



$$\theta_k = \arctan \frac{k_y}{k_x}$$

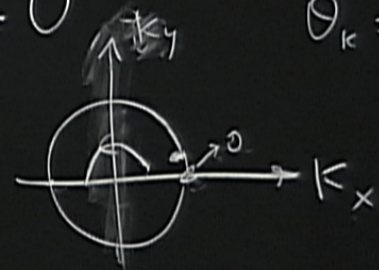


$$V(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + m \begin{bmatrix} +1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

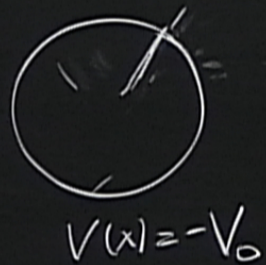
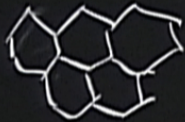
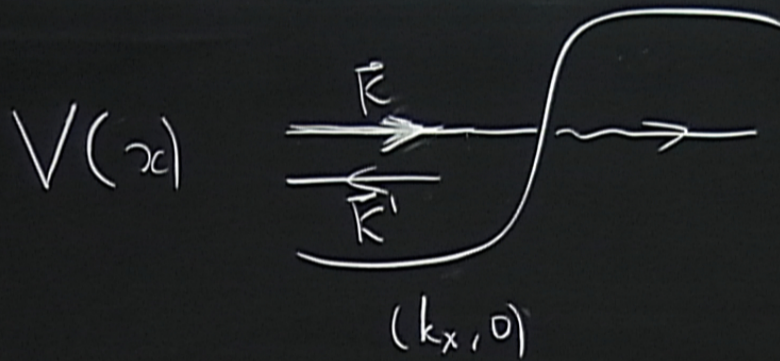
Inc. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

reflected $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle = 0$$



$$\theta_k = \arctan \frac{k_y}{k_x}$$

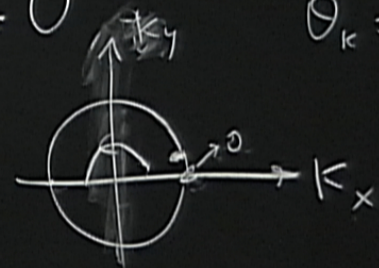


$$V(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + m \begin{bmatrix} +1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Inc. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

reflected $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\theta_k} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\langle \text{out} | \hat{V}(x) | \text{inc} \rangle = 0$$



$$\theta_k = \arctan \frac{k_y}{k_x}$$