

Title: Explorations in Condensed Matter - Lecture 3

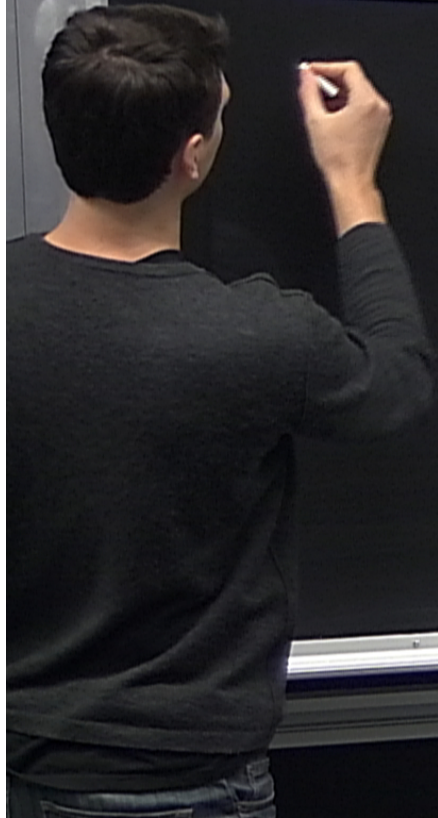
Date: Apr 04, 2012 10:15 AM

URL: <http://www.pirsa.org/12040083>

Abstract:

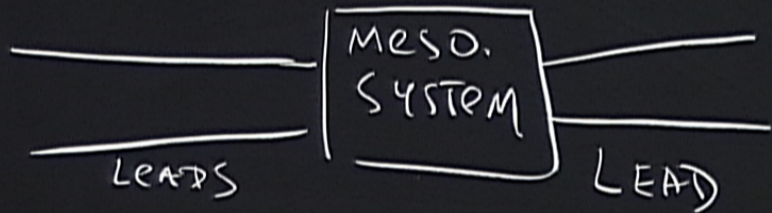
Lec. 3

Scattering matrix approach to quantum transport.



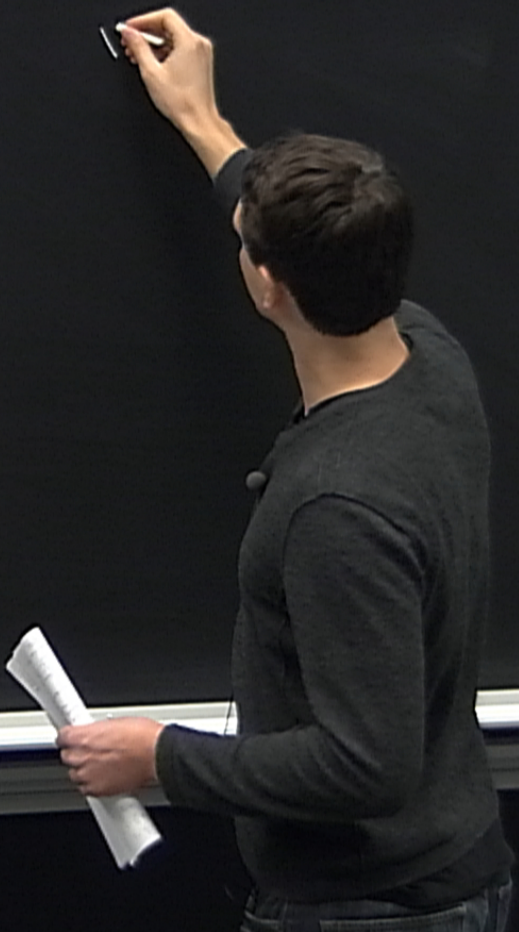
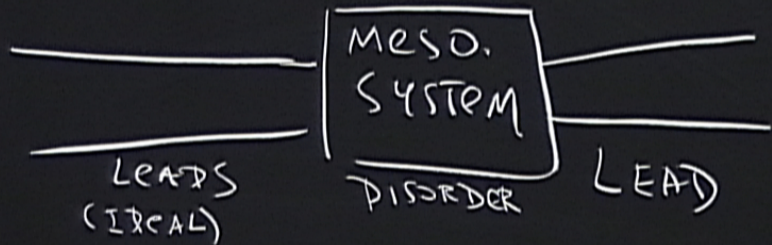
Lec. 3

Scattering matrix approach to quantum transport.



Lec. 3

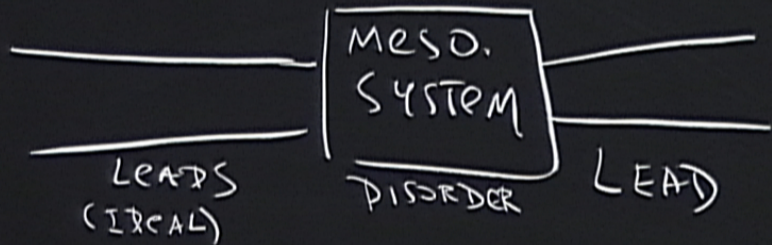
Scattering matrix approach to quantum transport.



Lec. 3

Scattering matrix approach to quantum transport.

*



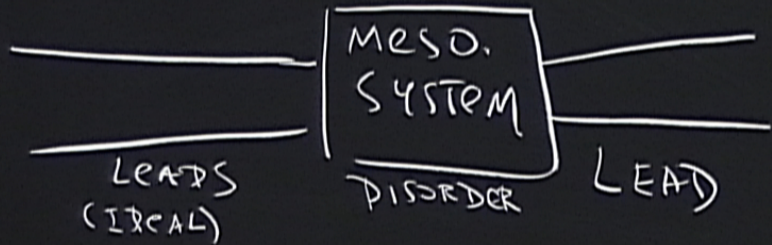
CAUTION

CAUTION
No smoking or open flames allowed in this laboratory.
It is prohibited to use any electrical equipment without proper training.
Wear protective gear.

Lec. 3

Scattering matrix approach to quantum transport.

- * LEADS - WAVE GUIDES, BALLISTIC
- *



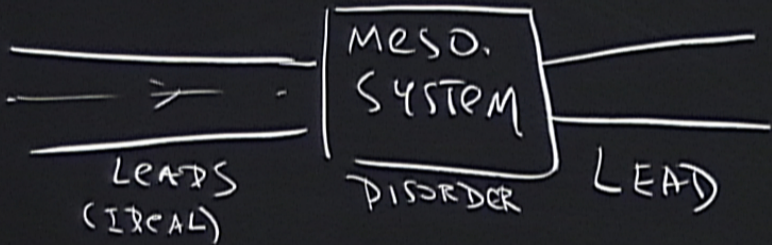
CAUTION

CAUTION

Lec. 3

Scattering matrix approach to quantum transport.

- * LEADS - WAVE GUIDES, BALLISTIC
- *



CAUTION

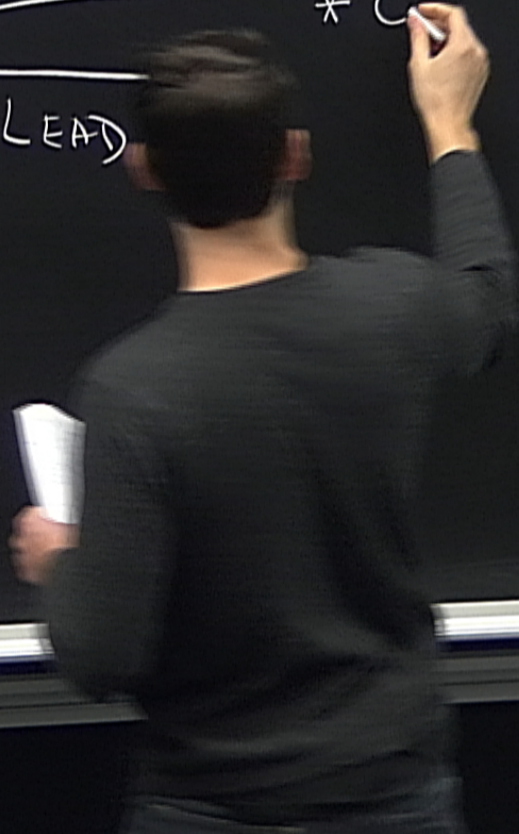
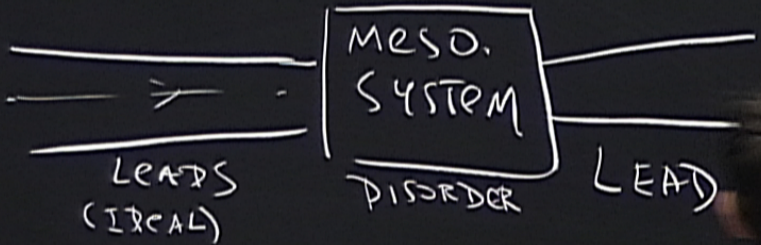
CAUTION



Lec. 3

Scattering matrix approach to quantum transport.

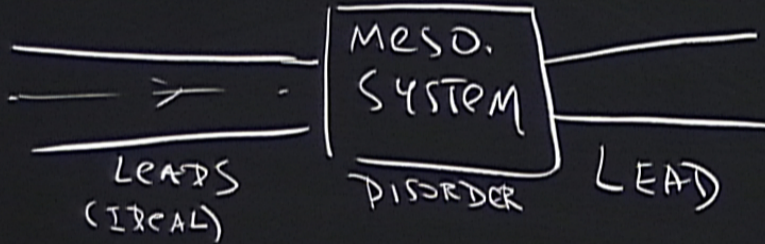
- * LEADS - WAVE GUIDES, BALLISTIC
- * C



Lec. 3

Scattering matrix approach to quantum transport.

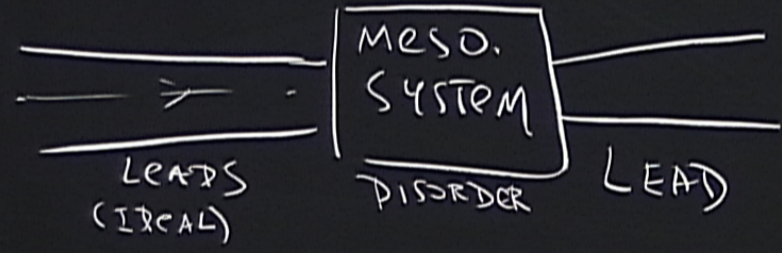
- * LEADS - WAVE GUIDES, BALLISTIC
- * Coherent Low T



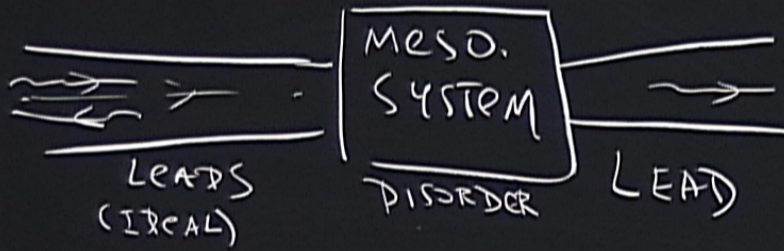
Lec. 3

Scattering matrix approach to quantum transport.

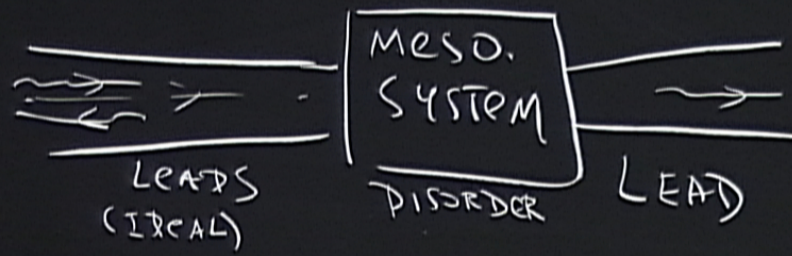
- * LEADS - WAVE GUIDES, BALLISTIC
- * Coherent Low T



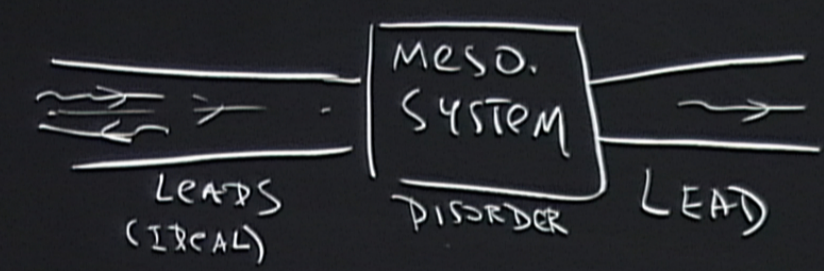
Scattering matrix approach to quantum transport



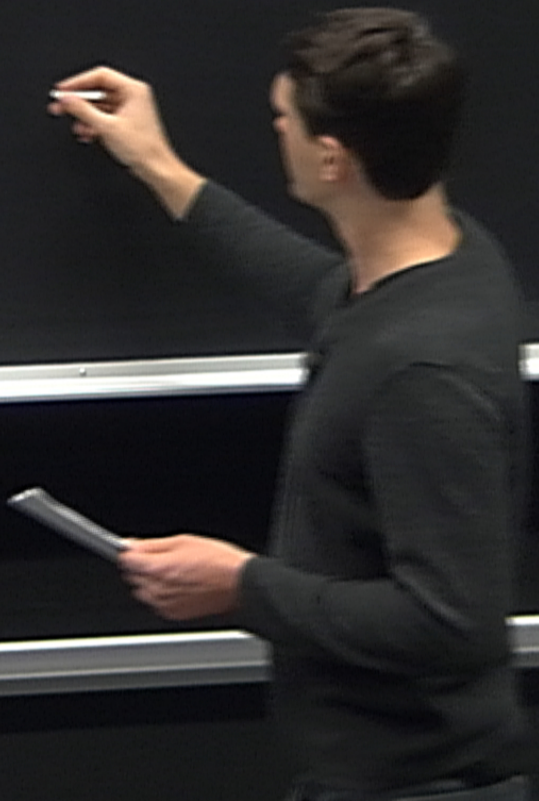
- * LEADS - WAVE GUIDES, BALLISTIC
 - * Coherent Low T
 - * Scattering matrix
- Relate to transport



- * LEADS - WAVE
 - * Coherent Low T
 - * Scattering matrix
- Relate to transport

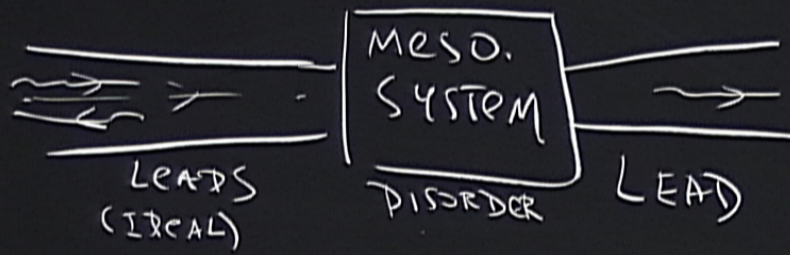


- * LEADS - WAVE
 - * Coherent Low T
 - * Scattering matrix
- Relate to transport



CAUTION

CAUTION



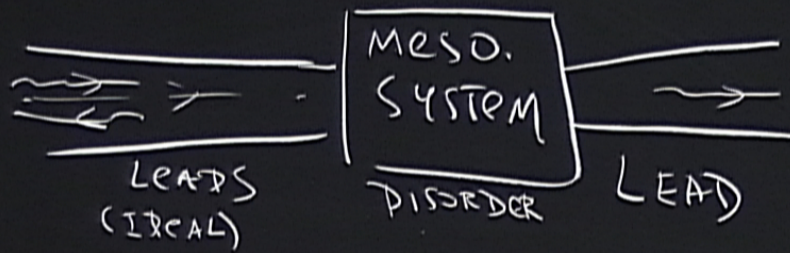
- * LEADS - WAVE
 - * Coherent Low T
 - * Scattering matrix
- Relate to transport



$$E = E_y + E_x = E_{n0} + \frac{k_x^2}{2m}$$

CAUTION

CAUTION



- * LEADS - WAVE
- * Coherent Low T
- * Scattering matrix

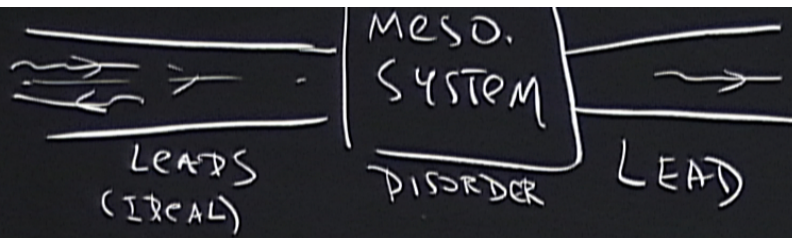
Relate to transport



$$E = E_{y^2} + E_x = \underline{E_{n0}} + \frac{k_x^2}{2m}$$

$$E_{n+1,0} - E_{n,0} \sim \frac{1}{L^2}$$



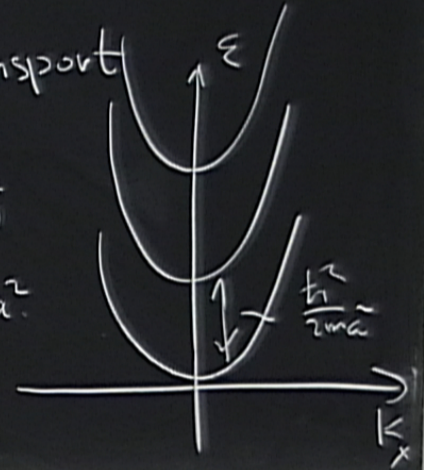


* Coherent Low \hbar
 * Scattering matrix
 Relate to transport



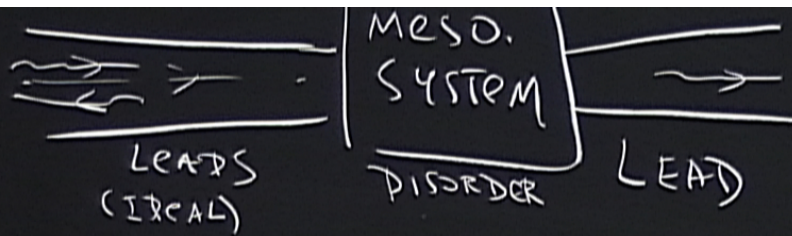
$$E = E_y + E_x = E_{n0} + \frac{k_x^2}{2m}$$

$$E_{n+1,0} - E_{n,0} \sim \frac{\hbar^2}{2ma^2}$$

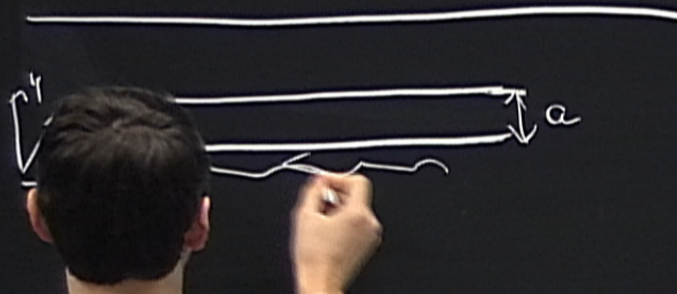


CAUTION

CAUTION

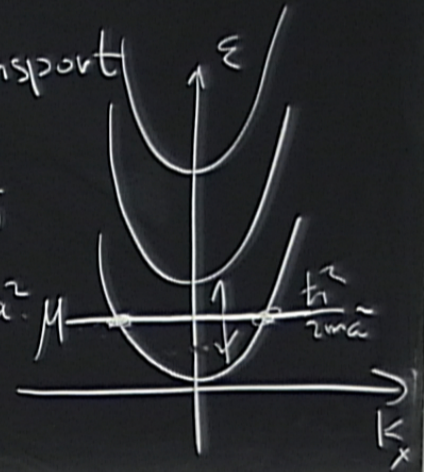


* Coherent Low \hbar
 * Scattering matrix
 Relate to transport



$$E = E_y + E_x = E_{no} + \frac{\hbar^2 k_x^2}{2m}$$

$$E_{n+1,0} - E_{n,0} \sim \frac{\hbar^2}{2ma^2}$$



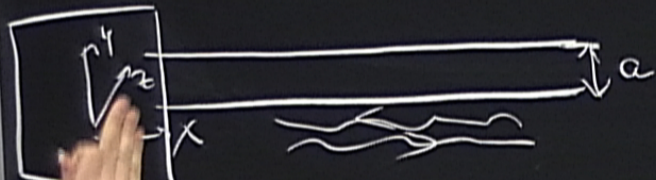
LEADS
(IDEAL)

DISORDER

LEAD

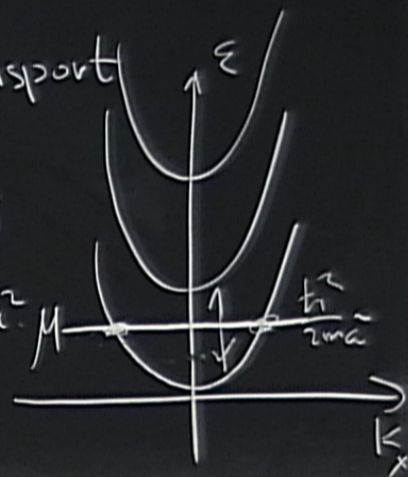
* Scattering matrix

Relate to transport



$$E = E_{y,z} + E_x = E_{n0} + \frac{k_x^2}{2m}$$

$$E_{n1,0} - E_{n,0} \sim \frac{\hbar^2}{2ma^2}$$

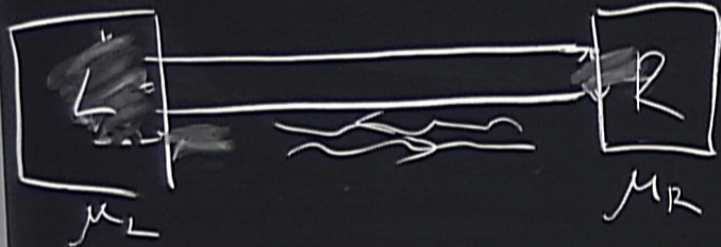


LEADS
(IDEAL)

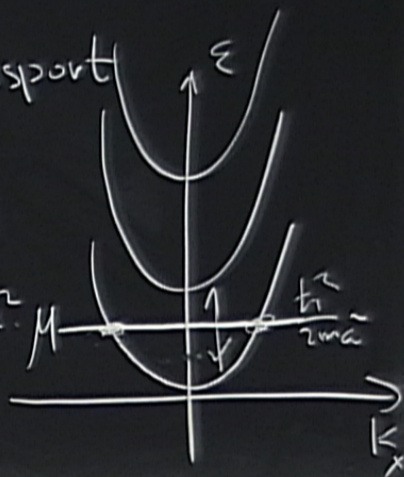
DISORDER

LEAD

* Scattering matrix
Relate to transport



$$E = E_{y^2} + E_x = E_{n0} + \frac{k_x^2}{2m}$$
$$E_{n1,0} - E_{n,0} \sim \frac{\hbar^2}{2ma^2}$$



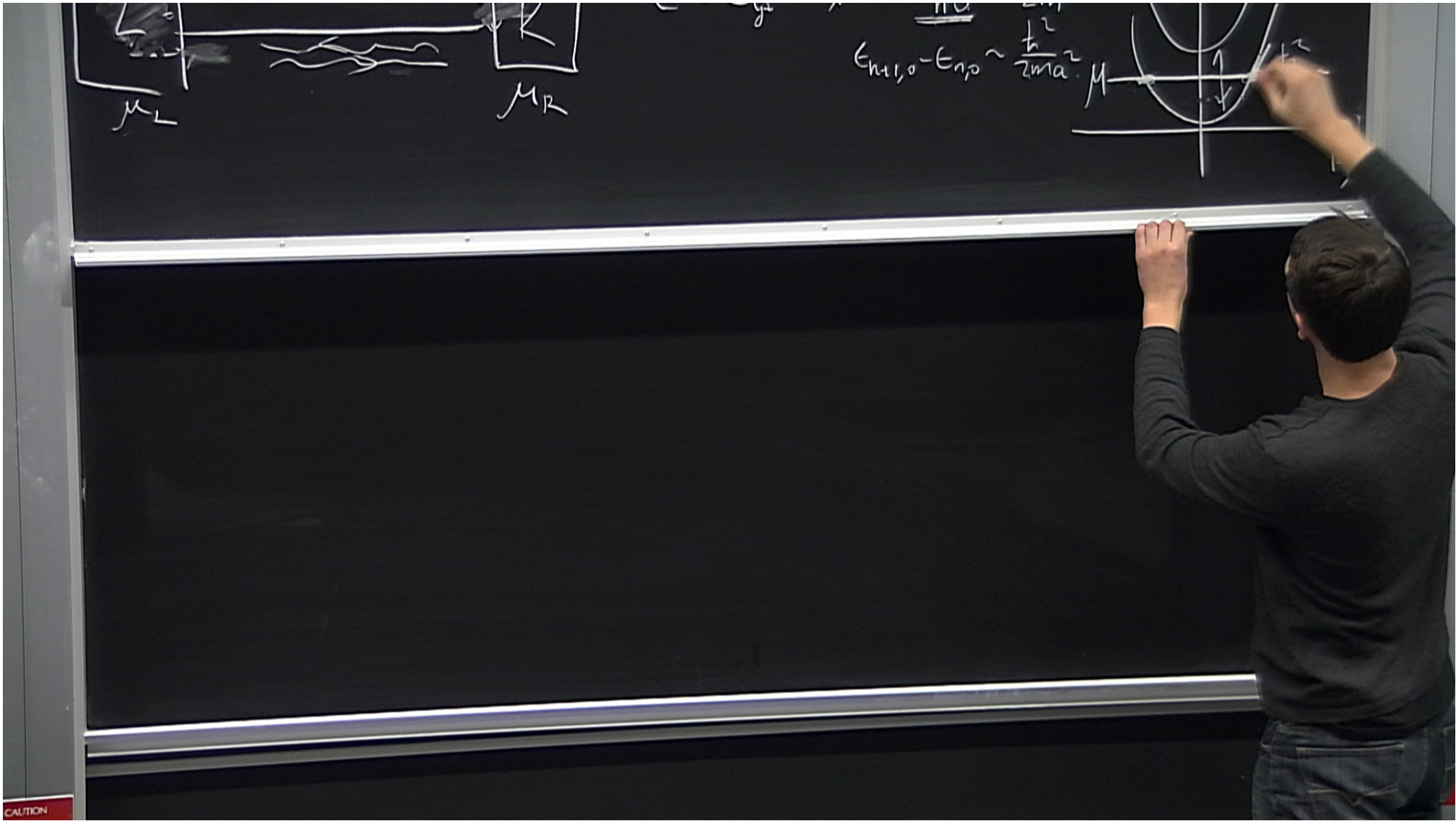
CAUTION

CAUTION

$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} \quad I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \cdot \mu$$

$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} \quad \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \underbrace{\mu_E}_{\mu} \cdot \underbrace{U_{FL}}_{U}$$

CAUTION



$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} \quad \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \underbrace{\mu_L}_{\mu_0} \cdot \underbrace{U_{FL}}_{U} \quad v = \int \quad \epsilon = k v_F$$



CAUTION

CAUTION
DO NOT TOUCH THE BOARD OR THE CHALK
IT IS DANGEROUS TO TOUCH
WHEN WORKING WITH THE BOARD
OTHER INSTRUCTIONS

$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L}$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \cdot \underbrace{\mu_L}_{\mu_L} \cdot V_{F,L}$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} \cdot V_{F,L}$$

$$E = k v_F$$

$$v = \int \delta(E - k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} v_F$$

$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L}$$

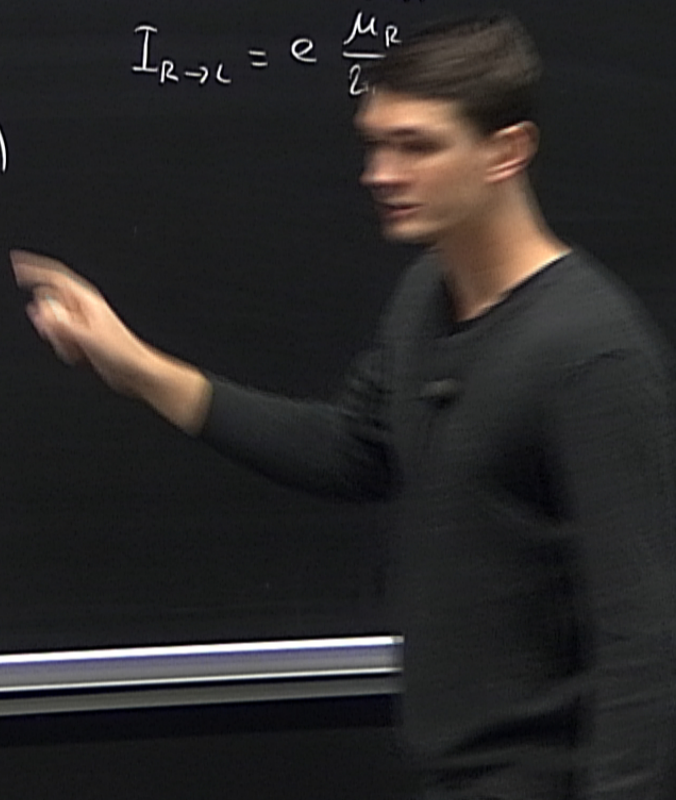
$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \cdot \mu_L \cdot U_{FL}$$

$$E = k v_F$$
$$v = \int \delta(E - k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$
$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} v_F$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} \cdot U_{FL}$$

$$I_{R \rightarrow L} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar} \cdot U_{FL}$$

$$\bar{I} = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) U_{FL}$$



$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L}$$

$$\bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \cdot \mu_L \cdot V_{F,L}$$

$$E = k v_F$$
$$v = \int \delta(E - k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$
$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} v_F$$

$$\bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} V_{F,L}$$

$$\bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar} V_{F,R}$$

$$\bar{I} = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R) \quad G$$

$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L}$$

$$\bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \cdot \mu_L \cdot V_{FL}$$

$$E = k v_F$$
$$v = \int \delta(E - k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$
$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} v_F$$

$$\bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} \cdot V_{FL}$$

$$\bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar} \cdot V_{FR}$$

$$\bar{I} = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R)$$

$$G = \frac{\bar{I}}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L}$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \left(\frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} \right) V_{FL}$$

$$E = \hbar k v_F$$
$$v = \int \delta(E - \hbar k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$
$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} v_F$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} V_{FL}$$

$$I_{R \rightarrow L} = e \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar} V_{RL}$$

$$\bar{I} = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R)$$

$$G = \frac{\bar{I}}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar}$$

* Finite

* Fundamental constant

$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L}$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \cdot \mu_L \cdot V_{FL}$$

$$E = k v_F$$
$$v = \int \delta(E - k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$
$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} v_F$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} \cdot V_{FL}$$

$$I_{R \rightarrow L} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar} \cdot V_{RL}$$

$$\bar{I} = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R)$$

$$G = \frac{\bar{I}}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} \quad \#$$

* Finite

* Fundamental constant

$$I = I_{L \rightarrow R} - I_{R \rightarrow L}$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \cdot \mu_L \cdot V_{FL}$$

$$E = k v_F$$
$$v = \int \delta(E - k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$
$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} v_F$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} \cdot V_{FL}$$

$$I_{R \rightarrow L} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar} \cdot V_{RL}$$

$$I = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R)$$

$$G = \frac{I}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} \quad \#$$

* Finite

* Fundamental constant

*

$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L}$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \cdot \mu_L \cdot V_{FL}$$

$$E = k v_F$$

$$v = \int \delta(E - k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} v_F$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} \cdot V_{FL}$$

$$I_{R \rightarrow L} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar} \cdot V_{RL}$$

$$I = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R)$$

$$G = \frac{I}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} \quad \#$$

* Finite

* Fundamental constant

*

$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L}$$

$$\bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \left(\frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} \right) V_{FL}$$

$$E = k v_F$$

$$v = \int \delta(E - k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} v_F$$

$$\bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} V_{FL}$$

$$\bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} = e \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar} V_{FR}$$

$$\bar{I} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R)$$

$$G = \frac{\bar{I}}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} \quad \#$$

* Finite

* Fundamental constant

* Heat

$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L}$$

$$\bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \left(\frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} \right) V_{FL}$$

$$E = k v_F$$

$$v = \int \delta(E - k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} v_F$$

$$\bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$\bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} = e \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$\bar{I} = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R)$$

$$G = \frac{\bar{I}}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} \quad \#$$

* Finite

* Fundamental constant

* Heat is dissip. in contacts

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} \quad 2\pi\hbar V_F$$

$$I_{R \rightarrow L} = e \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$I = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R) \quad G = \frac{I}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} \quad \#$$

* Finite

* Fundamental constant

* Heat is dissip. in contacts

$$W = \frac{I^2}{G}$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} \quad 2\pi\hbar V_F$$

$$I_{R \rightarrow L} = e \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$I = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R) \quad G = \frac{I}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} \quad \#$$

* Finite

* Fundamental constant

* Heat is dissip. in contacts

* Assumption:

$$W = \frac{I^2}{G}$$

$$\bar{I} = I_{L \rightarrow R} - I_{R \rightarrow L}$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \cdot \mu_L \cdot V_{FL}$$

$$v = \int \delta(\varepsilon - k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} = \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} v_F$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} V_{FL}$$

$$I_{R \rightarrow L} = e \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar} V_{RL}$$

$$I = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R)$$

$$G = \frac{I}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} \quad \#$$

* Finite

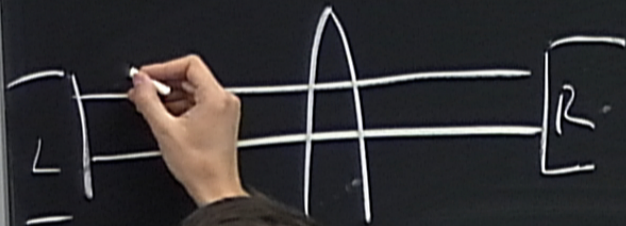
* Fundamental constant

* Heat is dissip. in contacts

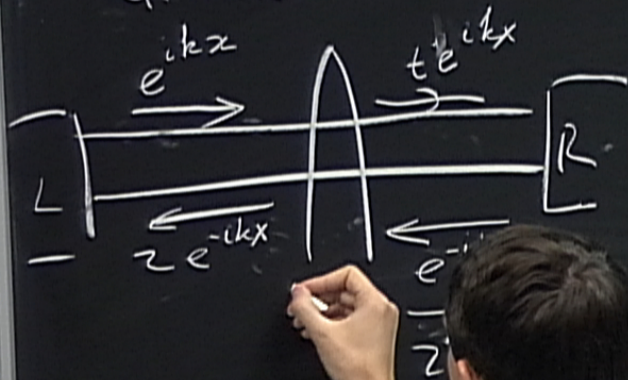
* Assumption:

$$W = \frac{I^2}{G}$$

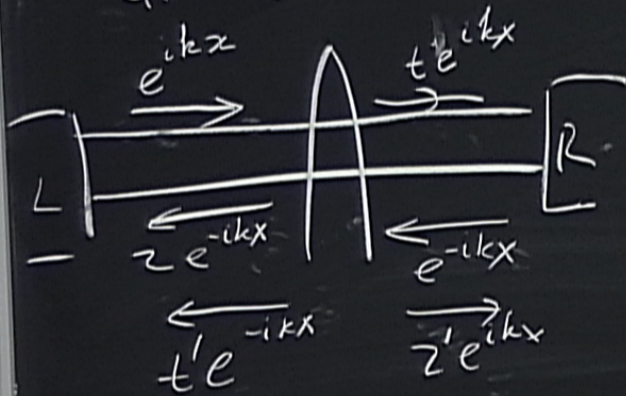
Q. WIRE with a barrier



Q. WIRE with a barrier



Q. WIRE with a barrier



$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} \quad \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot \nu \cdot \mu_L \cdot V_F \quad \nu = \int \delta(\epsilon - \epsilon_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} \nu_F$$

$$\bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$\bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$\bar{I} = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R) \quad G = \frac{\bar{I}}{V} = \frac{e^2}{h} \#$$

* Finite

* Fundamental constant

* Heat is dissip. in contacts $W = \frac{I^2}{G}$

* Assumption:

$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} \quad \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \cdot \underbrace{\mu_L}_{V_F} \quad v = \int \delta(\varepsilon - k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} v_F$$

$$\bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$\bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$\bar{I} = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R)$$

$$G = \frac{\bar{I}}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} \quad \#$$

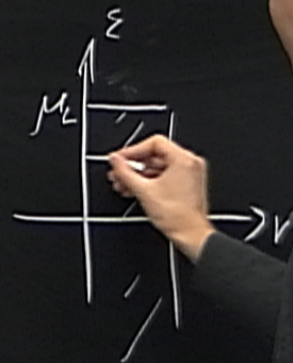
* Finite

* Fundamental constant

* Heat is dissip. in contacts

* Assumption:

$$W = \frac{\bar{I}^2}{G}$$



$$I = I_{L \rightarrow R} - I_{R \rightarrow L} \quad I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \cdot \underbrace{\mu_L}_{\text{circled}} \cdot V_F \quad v = \int \delta(\epsilon - k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar} \quad = \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} V_F$$

$$I_{R \rightarrow L} = e \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar}$$

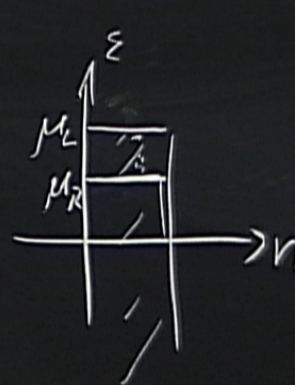
$$I = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V) \quad G = \frac{I}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} \quad \#$$

* Finite

* Fundamental constant

* Heat is dissipated

* Assumptions



$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} \quad \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \cdot \underbrace{\mu_L}_{\text{circled}} \cdot V_F \quad v = \int \delta(\epsilon - k v_F) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar v_F}$$

$$\bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$\bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$\bar{I} = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R)$$

$$G = \frac{\bar{I}}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} \neq$$

* Finite

* Fundamental constant

* Heat is dissip. in contacts

* Assumption:

$$W = \frac{I^2}{G}$$

$$\frac{I dt}{e}$$

$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} - \bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} \quad \bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot v \cdot \underbrace{\mu_L}_{V_F} \quad v = \int \delta(\varepsilon - \varepsilon_{VF}) \frac{dk}{2\pi\hbar} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} v_F$$

$$\bar{I}_{L \rightarrow R} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_L}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$\bar{I}_{R \rightarrow L} = e \cdot \frac{\mu_R}{2\pi\hbar}$$

$$\bar{I} = \frac{e}{2\pi\hbar} (\mu_L - \mu_R) = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} (V_L - V_R) \quad G = \frac{\bar{I}}{V} = \frac{e^2}{2\pi\hbar} \quad \#$$

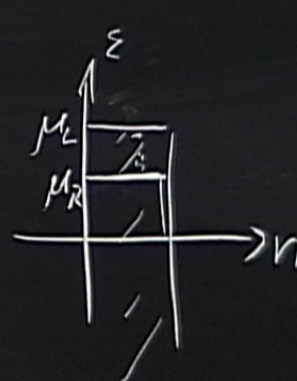
* Finite

* Fundamental constant

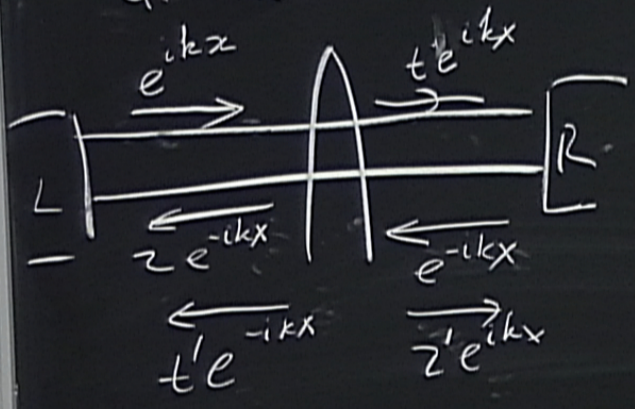
* Heat is dissip. in contacts

* Assumption: equil. in contacts

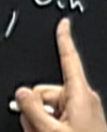
$$W = \frac{\bar{I}^2}{G}$$



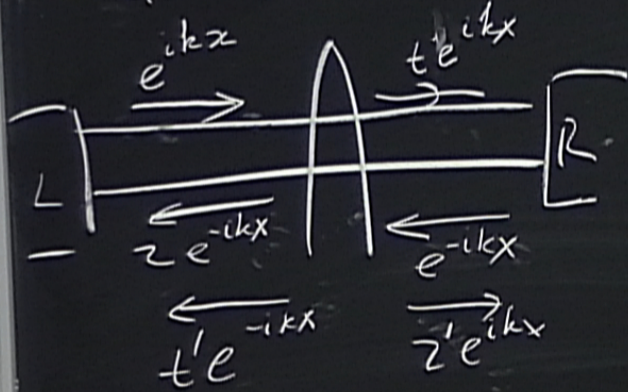
Q. WIRE with a barrier



(a_{in}, b_{in})

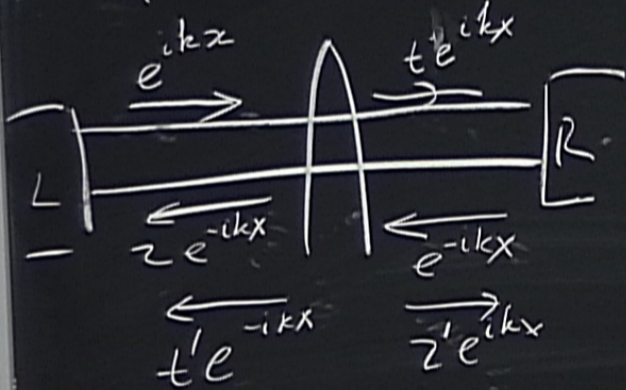


Q. WIRE with a barrier



$$(a_{in}, b_{in}, a_{out}, b_{out})$$
$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{out} \\ b_{out} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} r & t' \\ t & r' \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_{in} \\ b_{in} \end{pmatrix}$$

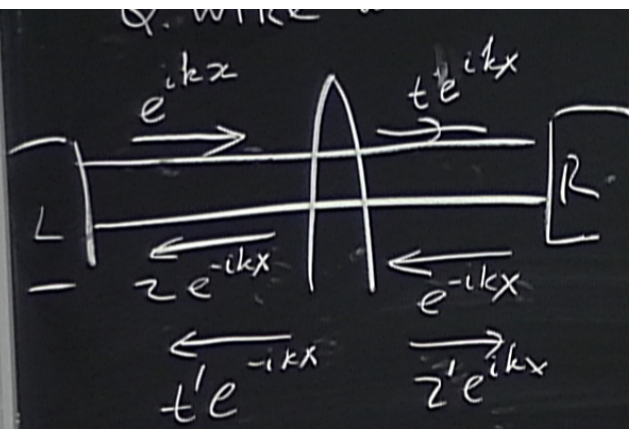
Q. WIRE with a barrier



$(a_{in}, b_{in}, a_{out}, b_{out})$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{out} \\ b_{out} \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} r & t' \\ t & r' \end{pmatrix}}_S \begin{pmatrix} a_{in} \\ b_{in} \end{pmatrix}$$

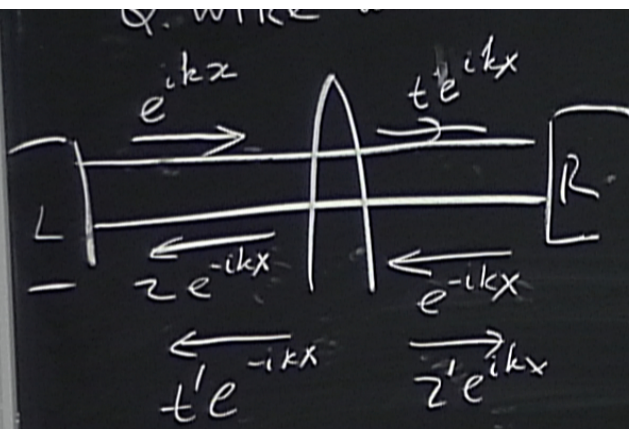
$$S^\dagger S = I$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{in} & b_{in} \\ a_{out} & b_{out} \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} r & t' \\ t & r' \end{pmatrix}}_S \begin{pmatrix} a_{in} \\ b_{in} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$r + t = I$$

Time-reversal invariance



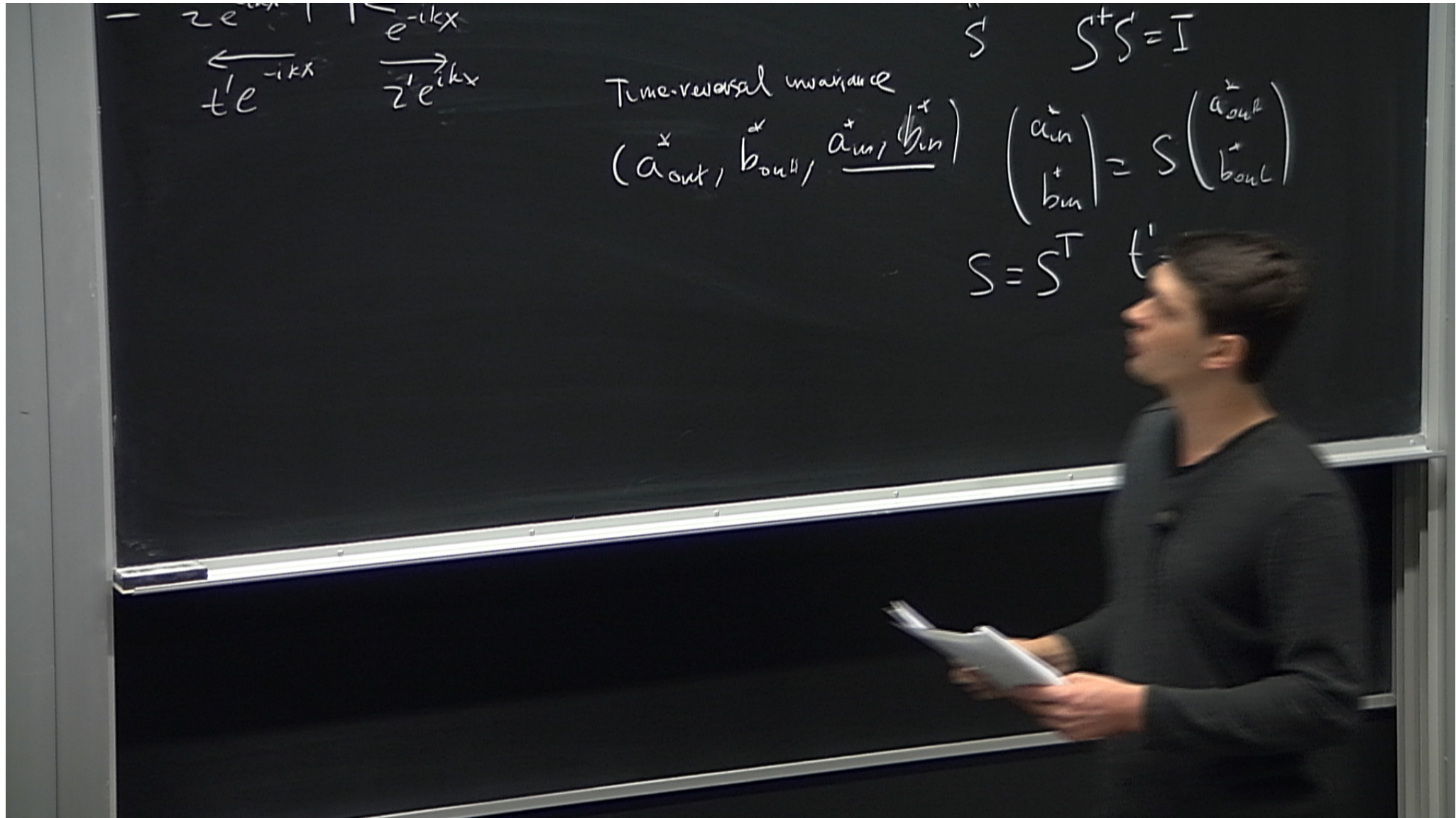
$$(a_{in}, b_{in}, a_{out}, b_{out})$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{out} \\ b_{out} \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} r & t' \\ t & r' \end{pmatrix}}_S \begin{pmatrix} a_{in} \\ b_{in} \end{pmatrix}$$

Time-reversal invariance

$$(a_{out}^*, b_{out}^*, \underline{a_{in}^*}, \underline{b_{in}^*})$$

$$S^+ S = I$$



$$\begin{array}{l}
 \leftarrow e^{-ikx} \\
 t e^{-ikx}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{l}
 e^{ikx} \\
 \rightarrow \\
 2 e^{ikx}
 \end{array}$$

Time-reversal invariance

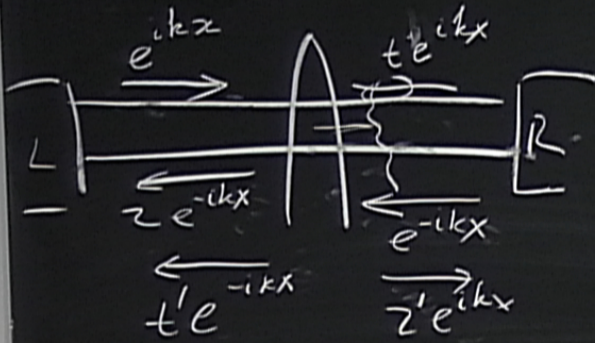
$$(a_{out}^*, b_{out}^*, \underline{a_{in}^*, b_{in}^*})$$

$$S \quad S^\dagger S = I$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{in}^* \\ b_{in}^* \end{pmatrix} = S \begin{pmatrix} a_{out}^* \\ b_{out}^* \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S = S^T \quad t' = t$$

Q. WIRE with a barrier



$(a_{in}, b_{in}, a_{out}, b_{out})$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{out} \\ b_{out} \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} r & t' \\ t & r' \end{pmatrix}}_S \begin{pmatrix} a_{in} \\ b_{in} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S^+ S = I$$

Time-reversal invariance

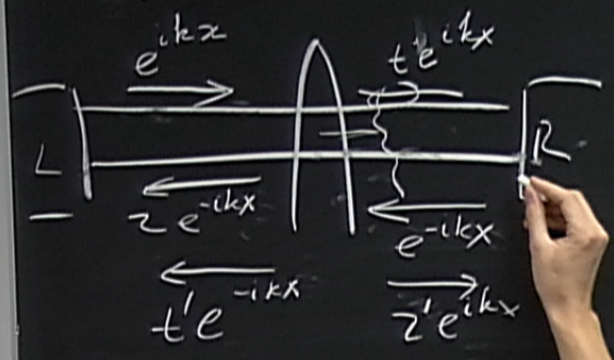
$(a_{out}^*, b_{out}^*, a_{in}^*, b_{in}^*)$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{in}^* \\ b_{in}^* \end{pmatrix} = S \begin{pmatrix} a_{out}^* \\ b_{out}^* \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S = S^T \quad t' = t$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = \frac{e^2}{h} \mu_L |t|^2 + \frac{e^2}{h} \mu_R |t|^2$$

Q. WIRE with a barrier



$$(a_{in}, b_{in}, a_{out}, b_{out})$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{out} \\ b_{out} \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} r & t' \\ t & r' \end{pmatrix}}_S \begin{pmatrix} a_{in} \\ b_{in} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S^+ S = I$$

Time-reversal invariance

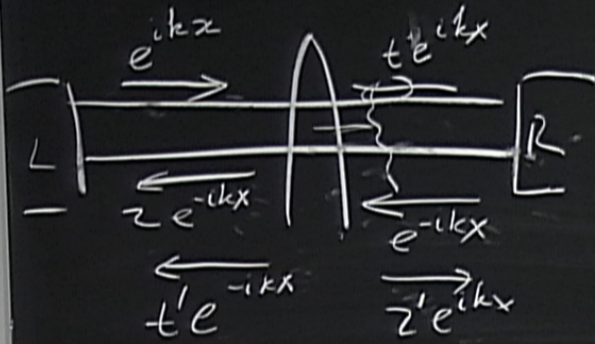
$$(a_{out}^*, b_{out}^*, a_{in}^*, b_{in}^*) \quad \begin{pmatrix} a_{in}^* \\ b_{in}^* \end{pmatrix} = S \begin{pmatrix} a_{out}^* \\ b_{out}^* \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S = S^T \quad t' = t$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = \frac{e^2}{h} \mu_L^* + \frac{e^2}{h} \mu_R \frac{|t|^2}{R}$$

$$I_{R \rightarrow L}$$

Q. WIRE with a barrier



$(a_{in}, b_{in}, a_{out}, b_{out})$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{out} \\ b_{out} \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} r & t' \\ t & r' \end{pmatrix}}_S \begin{pmatrix} a_{in} \\ b_{in} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S^\dagger S = I$$

Time-reversal invariance

$(\overset{x}{a}_{out}, \overset{x}{b}_{out}, \overset{x}{a}_{in}, \overset{x}{b}_{in})$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \overset{x}{a}_{in} \\ \overset{x}{b}_{in} \end{pmatrix} = S \begin{pmatrix} \overset{x}{a}_{out} \\ \overset{x}{b}_{out} \end{pmatrix}$$

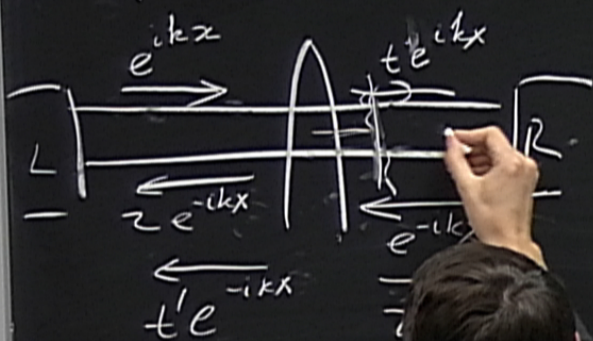
$$S \quad t' = t$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = \frac{e}{h} \mu_L \frac{|t|^2}{T} + \frac{e}{h} \mu_R \frac{|t|^2}{R}$$

$$I_{R \rightarrow L} = \frac{e}{h} \mu_R$$

$$G = \frac{e^2}{h} T \quad \text{- Landauer}$$

Q. WIRE with a barrier



$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{out} \\ b_{out} \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} r & t' \\ t & r' \end{pmatrix}}_S \begin{pmatrix} a_{in} \\ b_{in} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S^+ S = I$$

Time-reversal invariance

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{out}^* \\ b_{out}^* \end{pmatrix} = S \begin{pmatrix} a_{in}^* \\ b_{in}^* \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S = S^T \quad t' = t$$

$$I_{L \rightarrow R} = \frac{e^2}{h} T$$

$$I_{R \rightarrow L} =$$

$$+ \frac{e^2}{h} \mu_R \frac{1}{4} d^2$$

$$\parallel$$

$$R$$

$$G = \frac{e^2}{h} T \quad \text{— Landauer formula, TWO-TERMINAL}$$

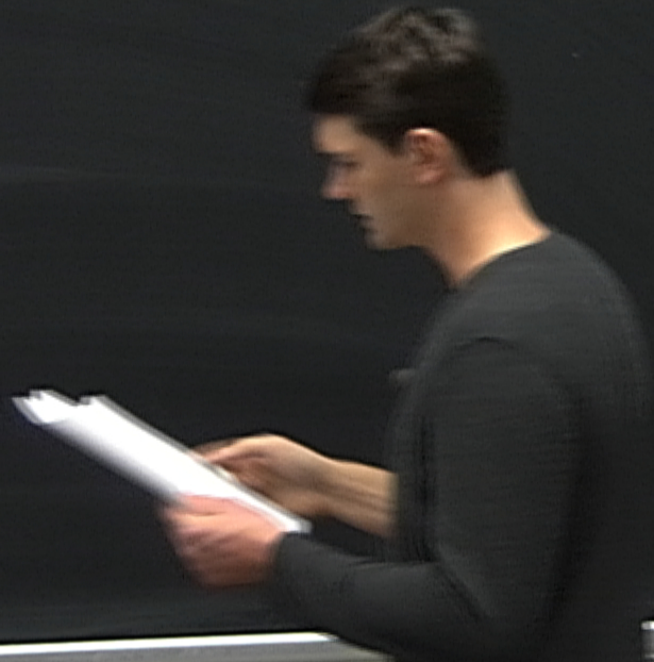
Multi-terminal setup

* > 2 leads
*

Multi-terminal setup

* > 2 leads

* Voltage probes;



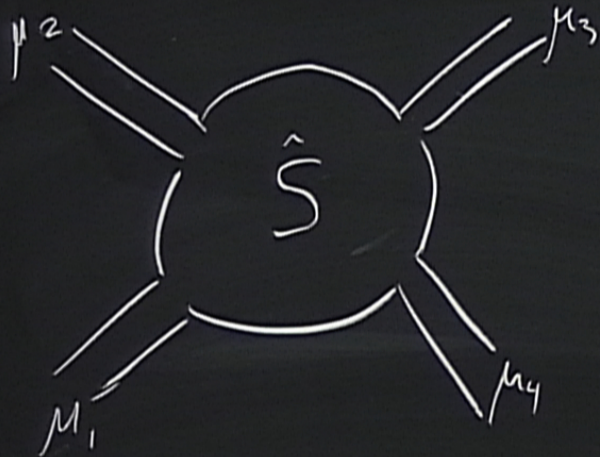
Multi-terminal setup

* > 2 leads

* Voltage probes;



Multi-terminal setup

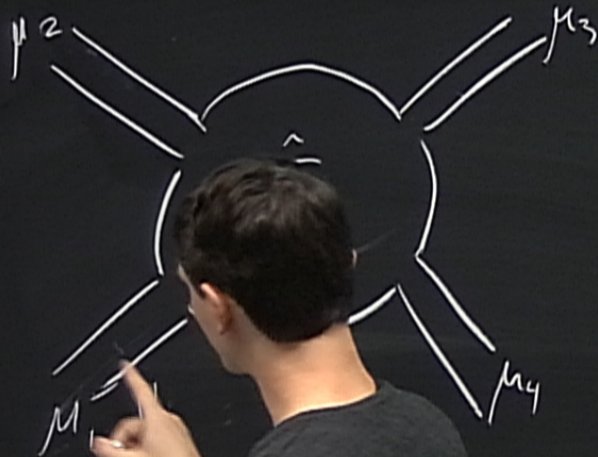


$x > 2$ leads

* Voltage probes;

$$\hat{S} = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} \end{bmatrix}$$

Multi-terminal setup

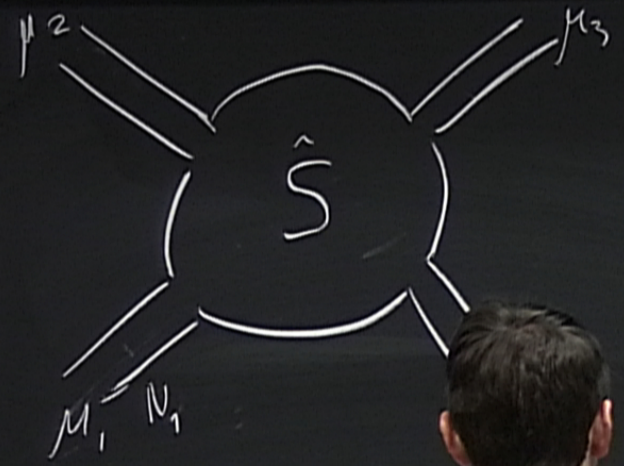


$x > 2$ leads

* Voltage probes,

$$\hat{S} = \begin{bmatrix} \overline{S_{11}} & S_{12} & S_{13} & S_{14} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} & - & - \\ - & - & - & - \\ - & - & - & S_{44} \end{bmatrix}$$

Multi-terminal setup



* 2 leads

* Voltage probes

$$\hat{S} = \begin{bmatrix} \overbrace{[S_{ij}]^{N \times N}} & S_{12} & S_{13} & S_{14} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} & - & - \\ - & - & - & - \\ - & - & - & S_{44} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_{p\alpha} = \sum_{mn} T_{p\alpha mn} = \sum_{mn} |S_{p\alpha, mn}|^2 = \text{Tr}[S_{p\alpha}^+ S_{p\alpha}]$$

R



$$T_{\beta\alpha} = \sum_{mn} T_{\beta\alpha, mn} = \sum_{mn} |S_{\beta\alpha, mn}|^2 = \text{Tr}[S_{\beta\alpha}^+ S_{\beta\alpha}]$$

$$R_{\alpha\alpha} = \sum_{mn} R_{\alpha\alpha, mn} = \text{Tr}[S_{\alpha\alpha}^+ S_{\alpha\alpha}]$$

+ d-lead.

$$I_d = \frac{e}{h}$$



$$T_{\beta\alpha} = \sum_{mn} T_{\beta\alpha, mn} = \sum_{mn} |S_{\beta\alpha, mn}|^2 = \text{Tr} [S_{\beta\alpha}^+ S_{\beta\alpha}]$$

$$R_{\alpha\alpha} = \sum_{mn} R_{\alpha\alpha, mn} = \text{Tr} [S_{\alpha\alpha}^+ S_{\alpha\alpha}]$$

Current ^{out of} α -lead.

$$I_{\alpha} = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_{\alpha} - R_{\alpha\alpha}) \mu_{\alpha} - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_{\beta} \right]$$



$$T_{\beta\alpha} = \sum_{mn} T_{\beta\alpha, mn} = \sum_{mn} |S_{\beta\alpha, mn}|^2 = \text{Tr} [S_{\beta\alpha}^+ S_{\beta\alpha}]$$

$$R_{\alpha\alpha} = \sum_{mn} R_{\alpha\alpha, mn} = \text{Tr} [S_{\alpha\alpha}^+ S_{\alpha\alpha}]$$

out of
Current $\sqrt{\alpha}$ -lead.

$$I_{\alpha} = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_{\alpha} - R_{\alpha\alpha}) \mu_{\alpha} - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_{\beta} \right] \quad G_{\alpha\beta} =$$

Current V_d -lead.

$$I_d = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_d - R_{d\alpha}) \mu_d - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{d\alpha} = \frac{dI_d}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$G_{d\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

Current V_d -lead

$$I_\alpha = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_\alpha - R_{\alpha\alpha}) \mu_\alpha - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{dI_\alpha}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$G_{\alpha\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_\alpha = \sum_{\beta} G_{\alpha\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{\alpha\beta} = 0$$

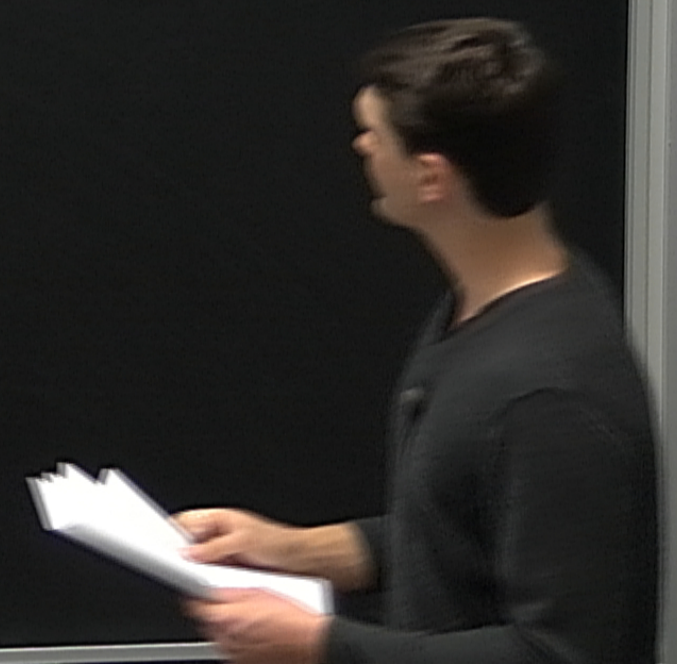
Current to lead

$$I_\alpha = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_\alpha - R_{\alpha\alpha}) \mu_\alpha - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{dI_\alpha}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$G_{\alpha\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_\alpha = \sum_{\beta} G_{\alpha\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{\alpha\beta} = 0$$



Current α -lead

$$I_{\alpha} = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_{\alpha} - R_{\alpha\alpha}) \mu_{\alpha} - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_{\beta} \right] \quad G_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{dI_{\alpha}}{dV_{\beta}} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$G_{\alpha\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_{\alpha} = \sum_{\beta} T_{\alpha\beta} V_{\beta}, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{\alpha\beta} = 0$$

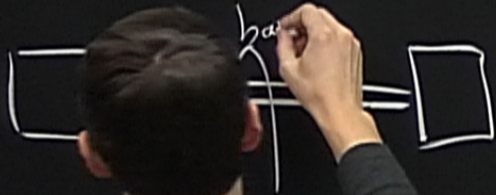
Current V_d -lead

$$I_\alpha = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_\alpha - R_{\alpha\alpha}) \mu_\alpha - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{dI_\alpha}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$G_{\alpha\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_\alpha = \sum_{\beta} G_{\alpha\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{\alpha\beta} = 0$$



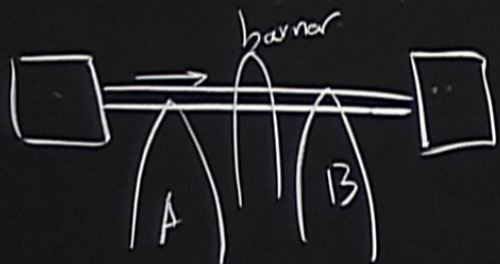
Current V_d -lead

$$I_\alpha = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_\alpha - R_{\alpha\alpha}) \mu_\alpha - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{dI_\alpha}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$G_{\alpha\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_\alpha = \sum_{\beta} G_{\alpha\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{\alpha\beta} = 0$$



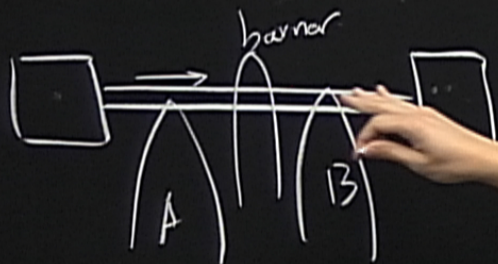
Current V_0 -lead

$$I_\alpha = \frac{e^2}{h} \left[(N_\alpha - R_{\alpha\alpha}) \mu_\alpha - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{dI_\alpha}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$G_{\alpha\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_\alpha = \sum_{\beta} G_{\alpha\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{\alpha\beta} = 0$$



V_0

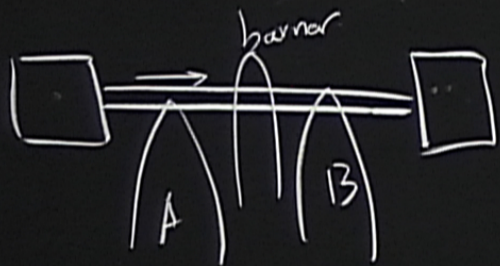
Current V_d -lead

$$I_\alpha = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_\alpha - R_{\alpha\alpha}) \mu_\alpha - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{dI_\alpha}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$G_{\text{dot}} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_\alpha = \sum_{\beta} G_{\alpha\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{\alpha\beta} = 0$$



Voltage: $I = 0$

Current leads: $I_\alpha = -I_\beta = \underline{I}$

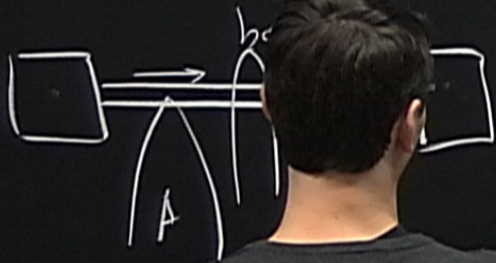
Current V_d -lead

$$I_\alpha = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_\alpha - R_{\alpha\alpha}) \mu_\alpha - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{dI_\alpha}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$G_{\alpha\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_\alpha = \sum_{\beta} G_{\alpha\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{\alpha\beta} = 0$$



Voltage: $I = 0$

Current leads: $I_\alpha = -I_\beta = I$

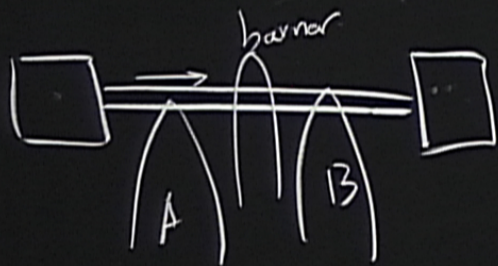
Current V_d -lead

$$I_d = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_d - R_{d\alpha}) \mu_d - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{dI_d}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{\alpha\beta}$$

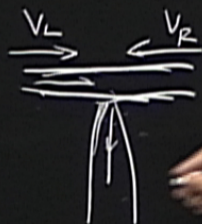
$$G_{d\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_d = \sum_{\beta} G_{d\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{\alpha\beta} = 0$$



Voltage: $I = 0$

Current leads: I_d



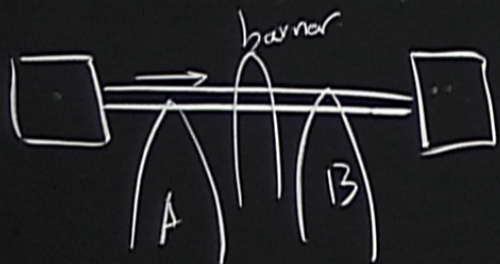
Current V_d -lead

$$I_d = \frac{e^2}{h} \left[(N_d - R_{d\alpha}) \mu_d - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{d\beta} = \frac{dI_d}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{d\beta}$$

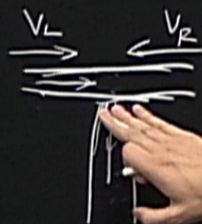
$$G_{d\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_d = \sum_{\beta} G_{d\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{d\alpha} = 0$$



Voltage $= 0$

Current $I_d = -I_R = I$



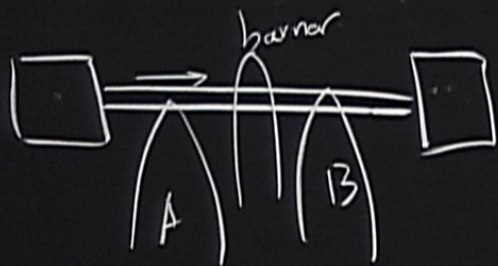
Current V_d -lead

$$I_d = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_d - R_{d\alpha}) \mu_d - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{d\beta} = \frac{dI_d}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{\alpha\beta}$$

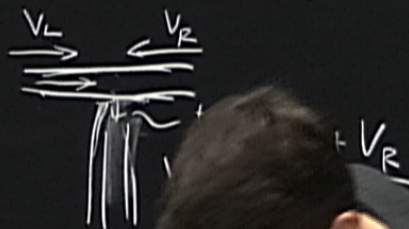
$$G_{d\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_d = \sum_{\beta} G_{d\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{d\alpha} = 0$$



Voltage: $I = 0$

Current leads: $I_d = -I_R = I$



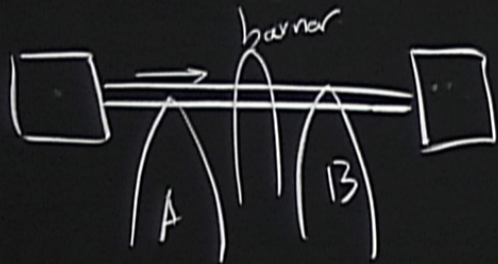
Current V_d -lead

$$I_d = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_d - R_{d\alpha}) \mu_d - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{dI_{\alpha\beta}}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{\alpha\beta}$$

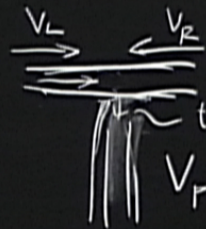
$$G_{d\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_d = \sum_{\beta} G_{d\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{d\alpha} = 0$$



Voltage: $I = 0$

Current leads: $I_d = -I_R = I$



$$V_D = \frac{V_L + V_R}{2}$$

$$V_A =$$

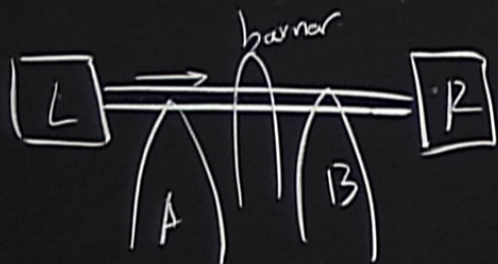
Current V_d -lead

$$I_d = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_d - R_{d\alpha}) \mu_d - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{d\beta} = \frac{dI_d}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{d\beta}$$

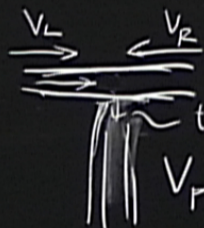
$$G_{d\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_d = \sum_{\beta} G_{d\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{d\alpha} = 0$$



Voltage: $I = 0$

Current leads: $I_d = I$



$$V_D = \frac{V_L}{2} +$$

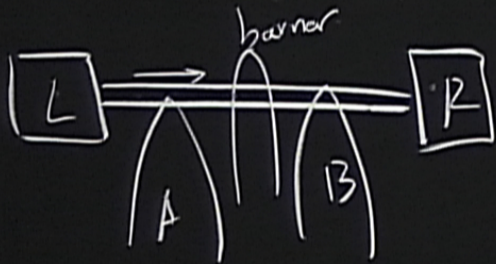
Current V_d -lead

$$I_d = \frac{e^2}{h} \left[(N_d - R_{d\alpha}) \mu_d - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{d\beta} = \frac{dI_d}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{\alpha\beta}$$

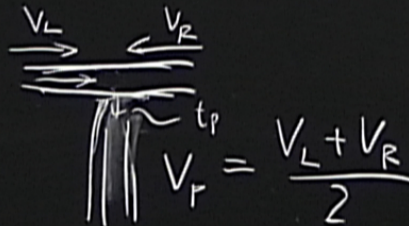
$$G_{d\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_d = \sum_{\beta} G_{d\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{d\alpha} = 0$$



Voltage: $I = 0$

Current leads: $I_d = -I_R = I$



$$V_d = \frac{V_L + V_R}{2}$$

$$V_A = \frac{V_L}{2} + \frac{V_R}{2} = V_L \left(1 - \frac{T}{2}\right) + \frac{V_R}{2} T$$

$$V_B = V_R \left(1 - \frac{T}{2}\right) + T \frac{V_L}{2}$$

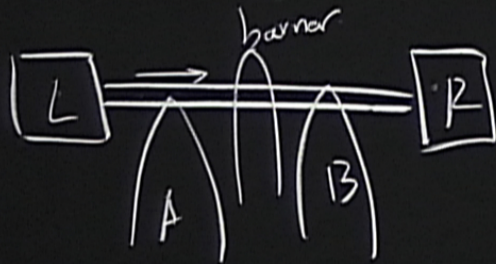
Current V_d -lead

$$I_d = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_d - R_{dd}) \mu_d - \sum_{\beta \neq d} T_{d\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

$$G_{d\beta} = \frac{dI_d}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{d\beta}$$

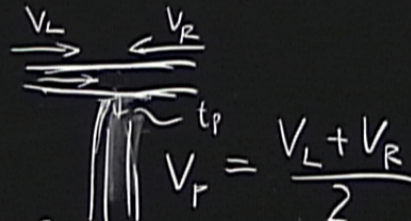
$$G_{dd} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq d} T_{\beta d}$$

$$I_d = \sum_{\beta} G_{d\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{d\alpha} = 0$$



Voltage: $I = 0$

Current leads: $I_d = -I_R = I$



$$V_D = \frac{V_L + V_R}{2}$$

$$G_{4T} = \frac{e^2}{h} \frac{T}{1-T}$$

$$V_A = \frac{V_L}{2} + \frac{V_{LR} + V_{RT}}{2} =$$

$$= V_L \left(1 - \frac{T}{2}\right) + \frac{V_R T}{2}$$

$$V_B = V_R \left(1 - \frac{T}{2}\right) + \frac{V_L T}{2}$$

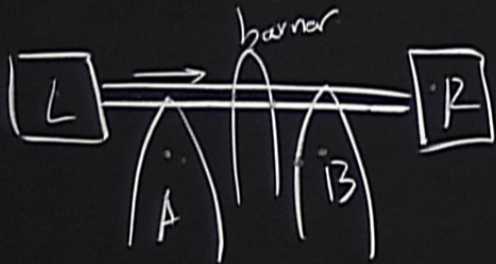
Current V_d -lead

$$I_\alpha = \frac{e}{h} \left[(N_\alpha - R_{\alpha\alpha}) \mu_\alpha - \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta} \mu_\beta \right]$$

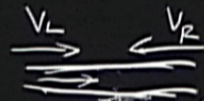
$$G_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{dI_\alpha}{dV_\beta} = -\frac{e^2}{h} \cdot T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$G_{\text{dot}} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_\alpha = \sum_{\beta} G_{\alpha\beta} V_\beta, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{\alpha\beta} = 0$$



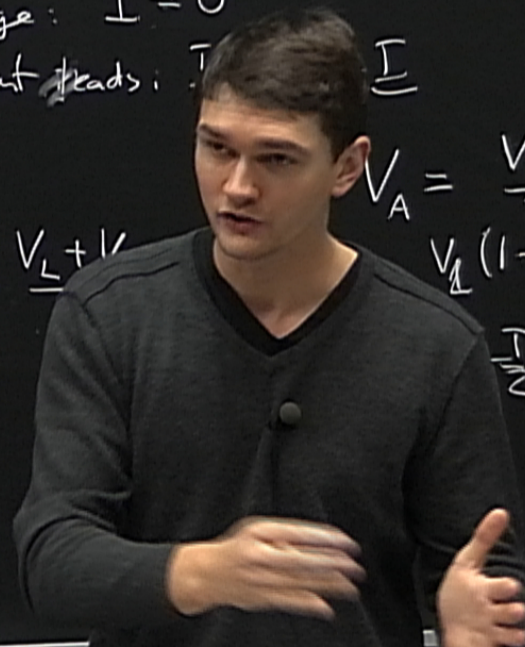
Voltage: $I = 0$
 Current leads: I



$$V_D = \frac{V_L + V_R}{2}$$

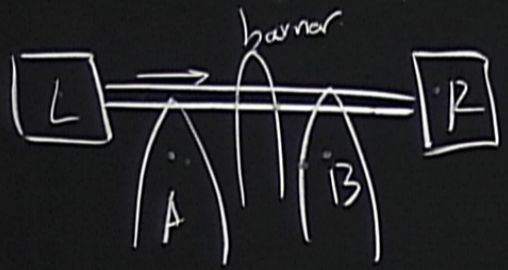
$$V_A = \frac{V_L}{2} + \frac{V_{LR} + V_{RT}}{2} = V_L \left(1 - \frac{T}{2}\right) + \frac{V_R}{2} \left(\frac{T}{2}\right) + T \frac{V_L}{2}$$

$$G_{4T} = \frac{e^2}{h} \frac{T}{1-T}$$



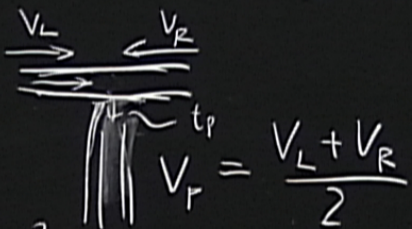
$$G_{d\alpha} = \frac{e^2}{h} \sum_{\beta \neq \alpha} T_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$I_{\alpha} = \sum_{\beta} G_{\alpha\beta} V_{\beta}, \quad \sum_{\alpha} G_{\alpha\beta} = 0$$



Voltage: $I = 0$

Current leads: $I_L = -I_R = I$

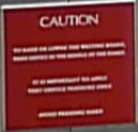


$$V_A = \frac{V_L}{2} + \frac{V_L R + V_R T}{2} =$$

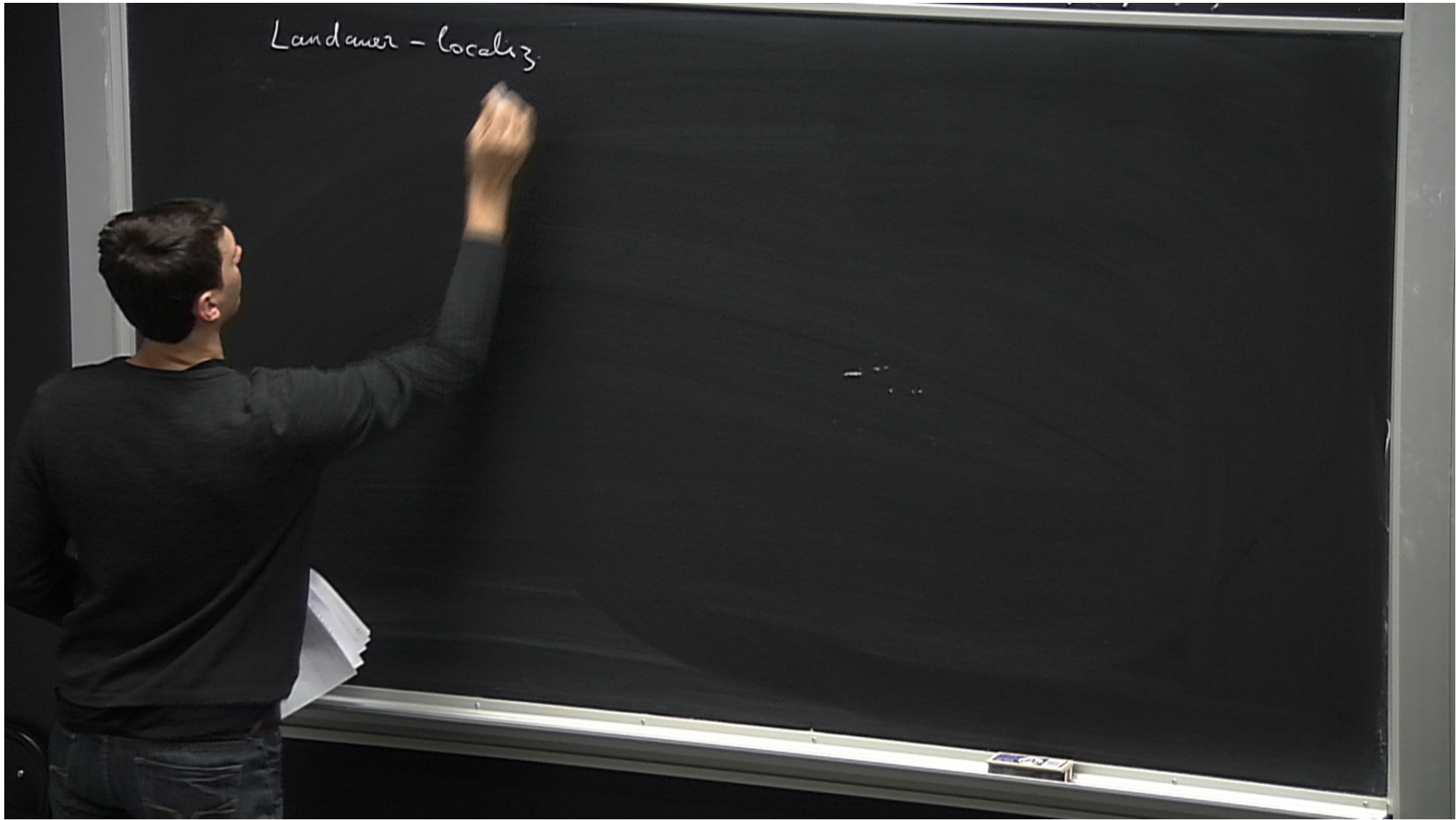
$$= V_L \left(1 - \frac{T}{2}\right) + \frac{V_R T}{2}$$

$$V_B = V_R \left(1 - \frac{T}{2}\right) + T \frac{V_L}{2}$$

$$G_{4T} = \frac{e^2}{h} \frac{T}{1-T} > G_{2T}$$



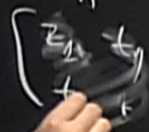
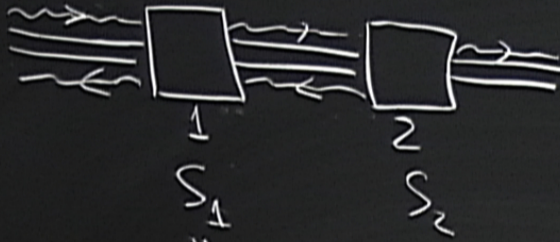
Landauer - localiz.



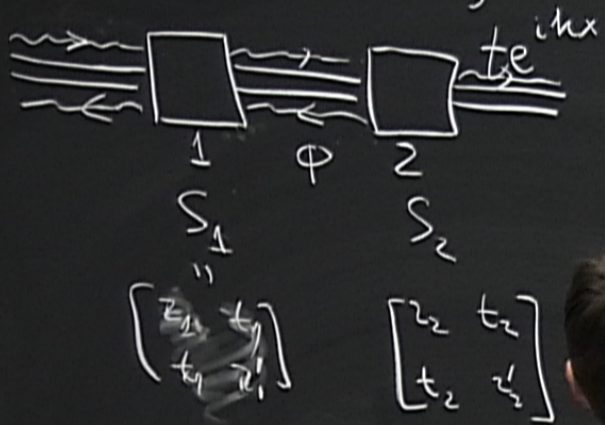
Landauer - localiz.



Landauer - localiz.

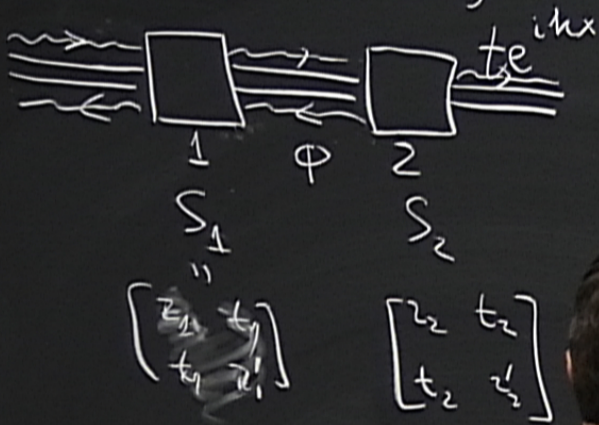


Landauer - localiz.



$$t = e^{i\phi}$$

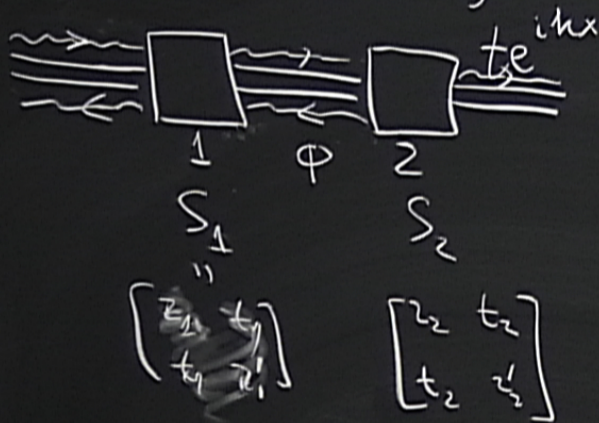
Landauer - localiz.



$$t = \frac{e^{i\phi} \cdot t_1 t_2}{1 - e^{2i\phi} r_2 r_1'}$$

$$= \frac{T_1 T_2}{1 + R_1 R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2}}$$

Landauer - localiz.

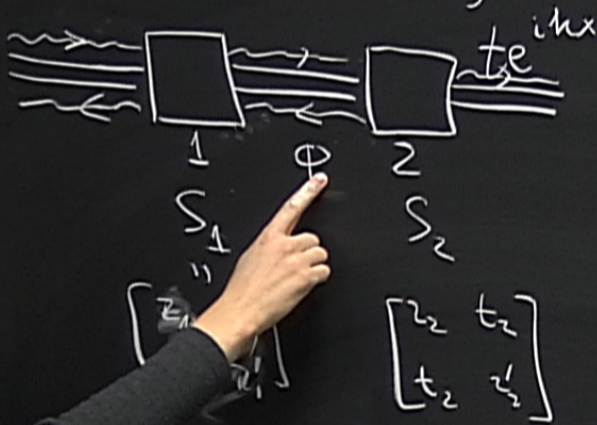


$$t = \frac{e^{i\phi} \cdot t_1 t_2}{1 - e^{2i\phi} r_2 r_1'}$$

$$T = \frac{T_1 T_2}{1 + R_1 R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \theta}$$

$$\theta = 2\phi + \arg(r_2 r_1')$$

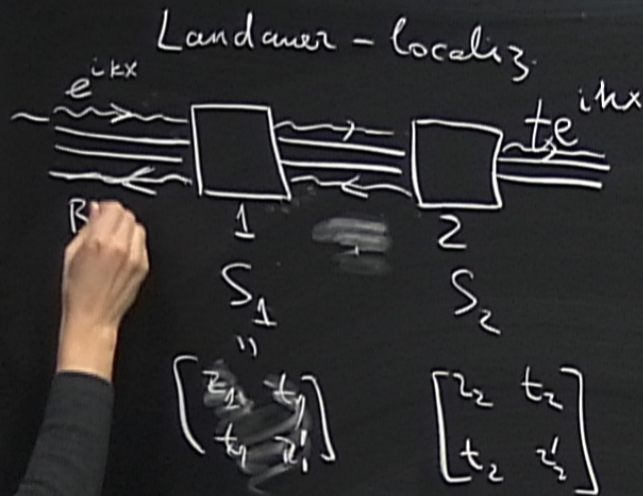
Landauer - localiz.



$$t = \frac{e^{i\phi} \cdot t_1 t_2}{1 - e^{2i\phi} r_2 r_1'}$$

$$T = \frac{T_1 T_2}{1 + R_1 R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \theta}$$

$$\theta = 2\phi + \arg(r_2 r_1')$$

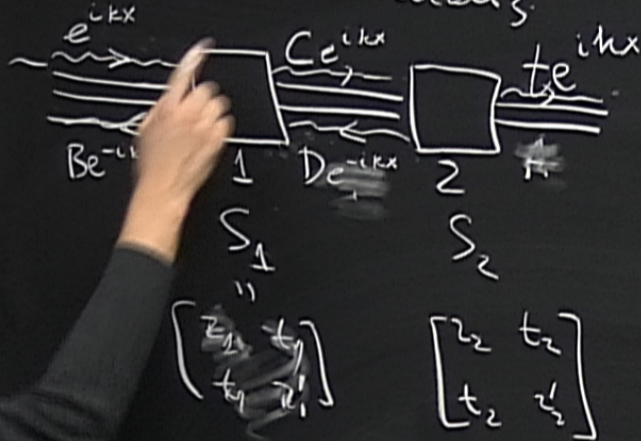


$$t = \frac{e^{i\varphi} \cdot t_1 t_2}{1 - e^{2i\varphi} r_2 r_1'}$$

$$T = \frac{T_1 T_2}{1 + R_1 R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \theta}$$

$$\theta = 2\varphi + \arg(r_2 r_1')$$

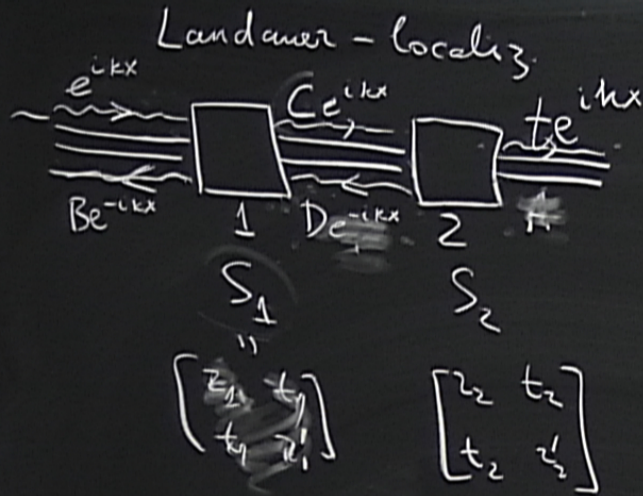
Landauer - localiz.



$$t = \frac{e^{i\phi} \cdot t_1 t_2}{1 - e^{2i\phi} r_2 r_1'}$$

$$T = \frac{T_1 T_2}{1 + R_1 R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \theta}$$

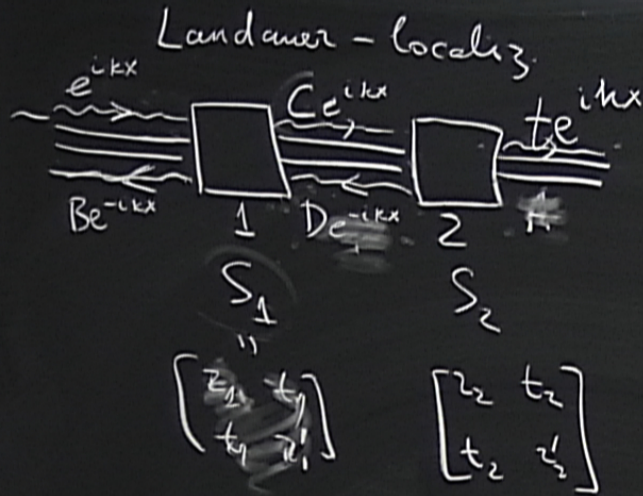
$$\theta = 2\phi + \text{arg}(r_2 r_1')$$



$$t = \frac{e^{i\varphi} \cdot t_1 t_2}{1 - e^{2i\varphi} r_2 r_1'}$$

$$T = \frac{T_1 T_2}{1 + R_1 R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \theta}$$

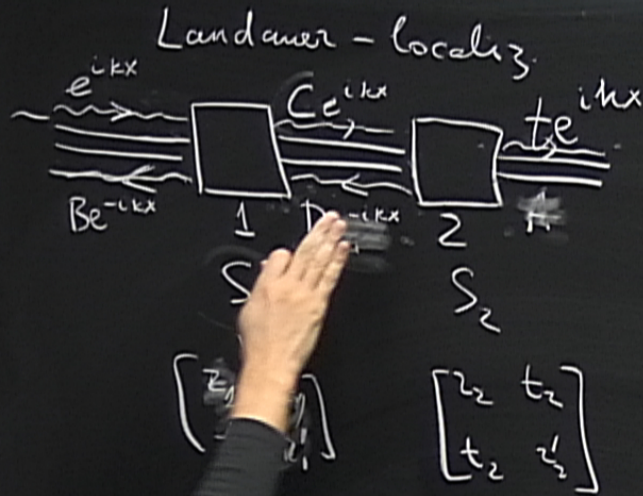
$$\theta = 2\varphi + \arg(r_2 r_1')$$



$$t = \frac{e^{i\varphi} \cdot t_1 t_2}{1 - e^{2i\varphi} r_2 r_1'}$$

$$T = \frac{T_1 T_2}{1 + R_1 R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \theta}$$

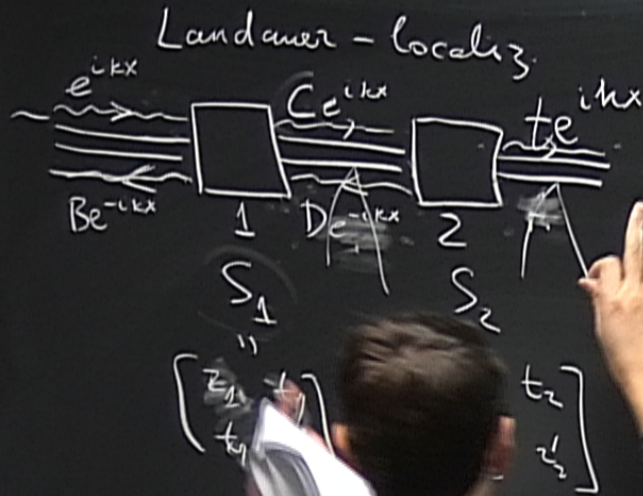
$$\theta = 2\varphi + \arg(r_2 r_1')$$



$$t = \frac{e^{i\varphi} \cdot t_1 t_2}{1 - e^{2i\varphi} r_2 r_1'}$$

$$T = \frac{T_1 T_2}{1 + R_1 R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \theta}$$

$$\theta = 2\varphi + \arg(r_2 r_1')$$

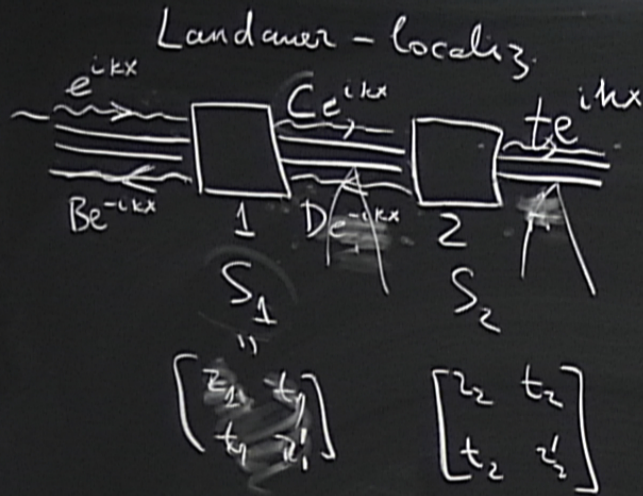


$$t = \frac{e^{i\varphi} \cdot t_1 t_2}{1 - e^{2i\varphi} r_2 r_1'}$$

$$T = \frac{T_1 T_2}{1 + R_1 R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \theta}$$

$$\theta = 2\varphi + \arg(r_2 r_1')$$

$$|T| = \frac{|R|}{|T|}$$

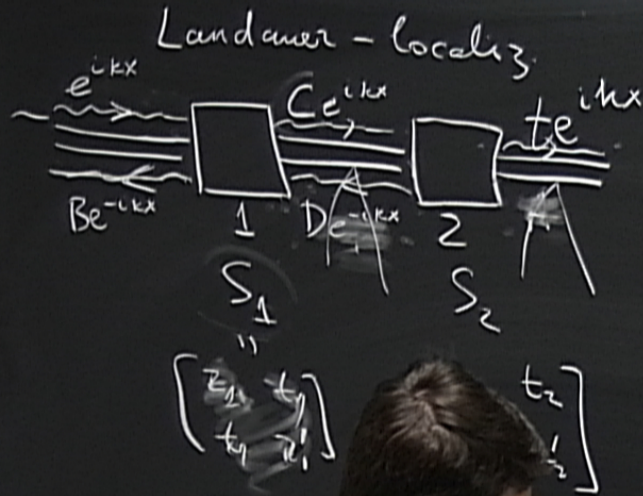


$$t = \frac{e^{i\varphi} \cdot t_1 t_2}{1 - e^{2i\varphi} r_2 r_1'}$$

$$T = \frac{T_1 T_2}{1 + R_1 R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2}}$$

$$\theta = 2\varphi + \arg(r_2 r_1')$$

$$\frac{\partial \theta^{-1}}{\partial T} = \frac{R}{T} = \frac{R_1 + R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2}}{T_1 T_2}$$



$$t = \frac{e^{i\phi} \cdot t_1 t_2}{1 - e^{2i\phi} r_2 r_1'}$$

$$T = \frac{T_1 T_2}{1 + R_1 R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \theta}$$

$$\theta = 2\phi \operatorname{targ}(r_2 r_1')$$

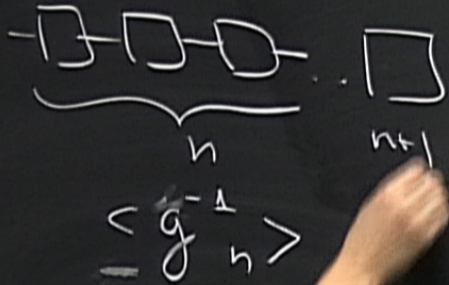
$$G_{4T}^{-1} = \frac{R}{T} = \frac{R_1 + R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \theta}{T_1 T_2}$$

- * Strong mesosc. fluctuations
- * No Δ

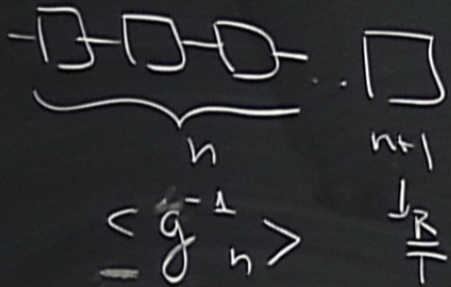
Toy model of disorder: $R_i = R$, $\{A$

Toy model of disorder: $R_i = R$, $\{\theta_i\}$ -random

Toy model of disorder: $R_i = R$, $\{\theta_i\}$ -random



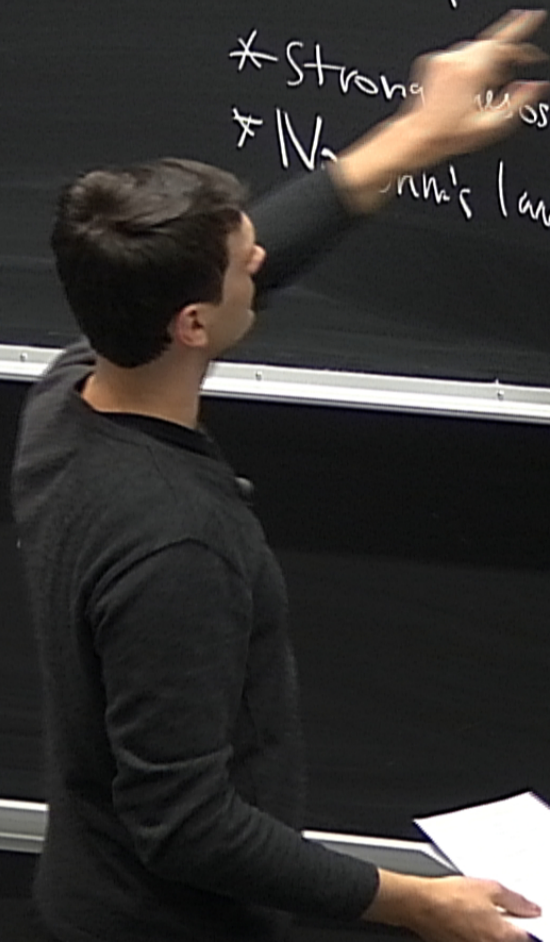
Toy model of disorder: $R_i = R$, $\{\theta_i\}$ -random



$$\langle g_{n+1}^{-1} \rangle =$$

$(t_1 \approx 1)$ $(t_2 \approx 1)$ $1 + R_1 R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \omega \tau$
 $\Phi^{-1} = \frac{R}{T} = \frac{R_1 + R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \omega \tau}{T_1 T_2}$

* Strong noise fluctuation
 * Nyquist's law $\frac{R_1}{T_1} + \frac{R_2}{T_2}$

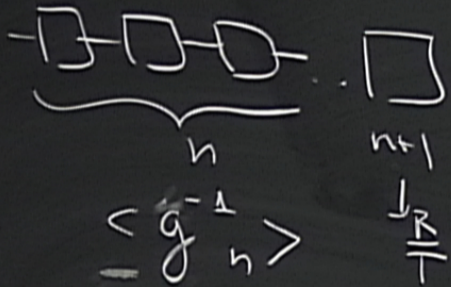


(t_1, z_1) (t_2, z_2) $1 + R_1 R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \theta$
 $\Phi^{-1} = \frac{R}{T} = \frac{R_1 + R_2 - 2\sqrt{R_1 R_2} \cos \theta}{T_1 T_2}$

* Strong mesoscopic fluctuations
 * No Ohm's law

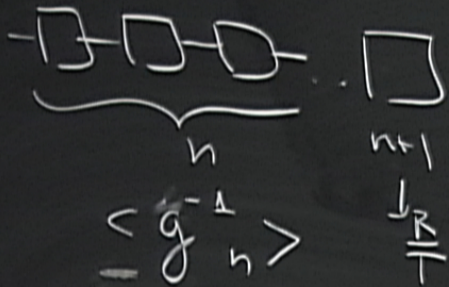
$$\frac{R_1}{T_1} + \frac{R_2}{T_2}$$

Toy model of disorder: $R_i = R$, $\{\theta_i\}$ -random



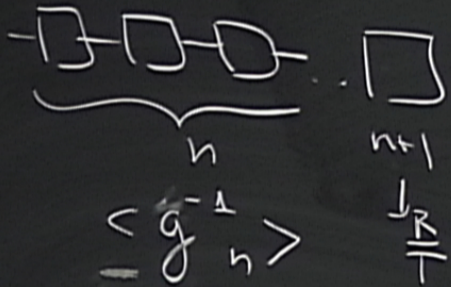
$$\langle g_{n+1}^{-1} \rangle = \frac{R_n + R}{T_n \cdot T}$$

Toy model of disorder: $R_i = R$, $\{\theta_i\}$ -random



$$\langle g^{-1}_{n+1} \rangle = \frac{R_n + R}{T_n} = \frac{T \approx L}{R \ll 1}$$

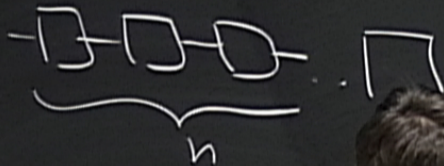
Toy model of disorder: $R_i = R$, $\{0,1\}$ -random



$$\langle g_{n+1}^{-1} \rangle = \frac{\langle R_n \rangle + R}{\langle T_n \rangle} = \frac{T \approx L}{R \ll 1}$$

$$= \langle g_n^{-1} \rangle + \frac{R}{T_n}$$

Toy model of disorder: $R_i = R$, $\{\theta_i\}$ -random

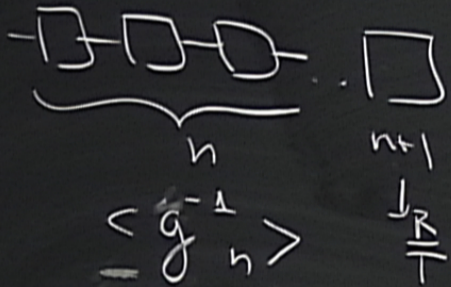


$$\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle$$

$$\langle g_{n+1}^{-1} \rangle = \frac{\langle R_n \rangle + R}{\langle T_n \rangle} = \frac{T \approx L}{R \ll 1}$$

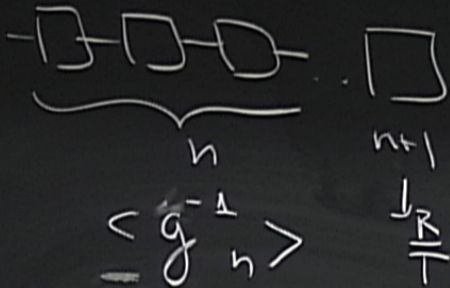
$$\frac{d \langle g_n^{-1} \rangle}{dh} = \langle g_n^{-1} \rangle + \frac{R}{\langle T_n \rangle}$$

Toy model of disorder: $R_i = R$, $\{0,1\}$ -random



$$\langle g_{n+1}^{-1} \rangle = \frac{(R_n) + R}{T_n} = \frac{T \approx 1}{R \ll 1}$$

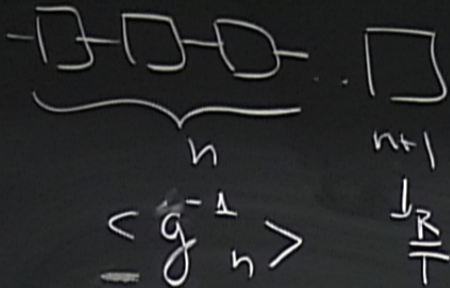
$$\frac{d \langle g_n^{-1} \rangle}{dn} = R \cdot [\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle + 1]$$



$$\langle g_{n+1}^{-1} \rangle = \frac{(Rn) + R}{Tn} = \frac{T \approx 1}{R \ll 1}$$

$$\frac{d \langle g_n^{-1} \rangle}{dh} = R \cdot \left[\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle + 1 \right]$$

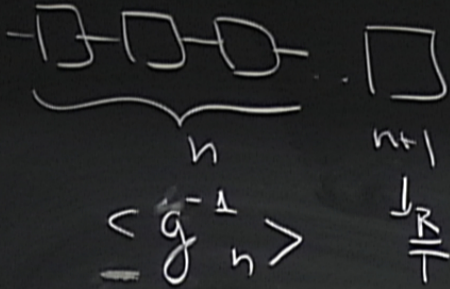
while $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \ll 1$, $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle = Rn$ Ohm
 Once $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle > 1$



$$\langle g_{n+1}^{-1} \rangle = \frac{(R_n) + R}{T_n} = \begin{matrix} T \approx 1 \\ R \ll 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle g_{n+1}^{-1} \rangle &= \langle g_n^{-1} \rangle + \frac{R}{T_n} \\
 &= R \cdot [\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle + 1]
 \end{aligned}$$

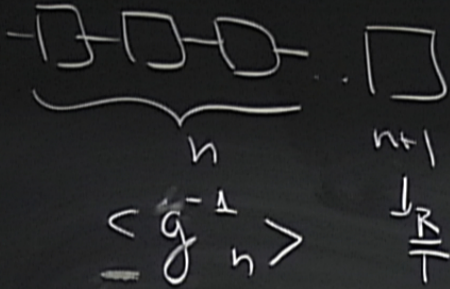
since $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \ll 1$, $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle = Rn$ Ohm's law
 $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \sim 1$ $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle$



$$\langle g_{n+1}^{-1} \rangle = \frac{(R_n) + R}{T_n} = \frac{T \approx 1}{R \ll 1}$$

$$\frac{d \langle g_n^{-1} \rangle}{dh} = R \cdot [\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle + 1]$$

while $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \ll 1$, $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle = Rn$ Ohm
 Once $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \sim 1$ $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \sim e^{Rn}$

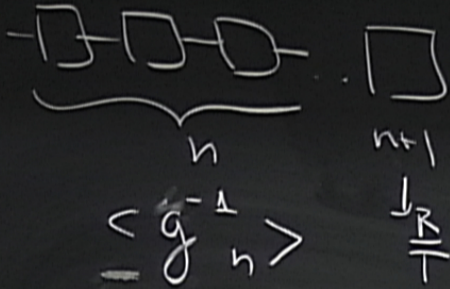


$$\langle g_{n+1}^{-1} \rangle = \frac{(R_n) + R}{T_n} = \frac{T \approx 1}{R \ll 1}$$

$$= \langle g_n^{-1} \rangle + \frac{R}{T_n}$$

$$\frac{d \langle g_n^{-1} \rangle}{dh} = R \cdot [\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle + 1]$$

while $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \ll 1$, $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle = Rn$ ohm
 Once $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \sim 1$ $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \sim e^{Rn}$

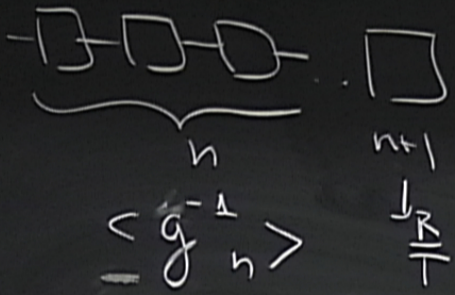


$$-\ln(1 + g_n^{-1})$$

$$\langle g_{n+1}^{-1} \rangle = \frac{(R_n) + R}{T_n} = \frac{T \approx 1}{R \ll 1}$$

$$\frac{d \langle g_n^{-1} \rangle}{dh} = R \cdot [\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle + 1]$$

while $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \ll 1$, $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle = R_n$ Ohm
 Once $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \sim 1$ $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \sim e^{R_n}$



$$\langle g_{n+1}^{-1} \rangle = \frac{(R_n) + R}{T_n} = \frac{T \approx 1}{R \ll 1}$$

$$= \langle g_n^{-1} \rangle + \frac{R}{T_n}$$

$$\frac{d \langle g_n^{-1} \rangle}{dh} = R \cdot [\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle + 1]$$

$$- \ln(1 + g_n^{-1})$$

$$\langle \ln(1 + g_n^{-1}) \rangle = R \cdot n$$

while $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \ll 1$, $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle = Rn$ ohm
 $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \sim 1$ $\langle g_n^{-1} \rangle \sim e^{Rn}$