

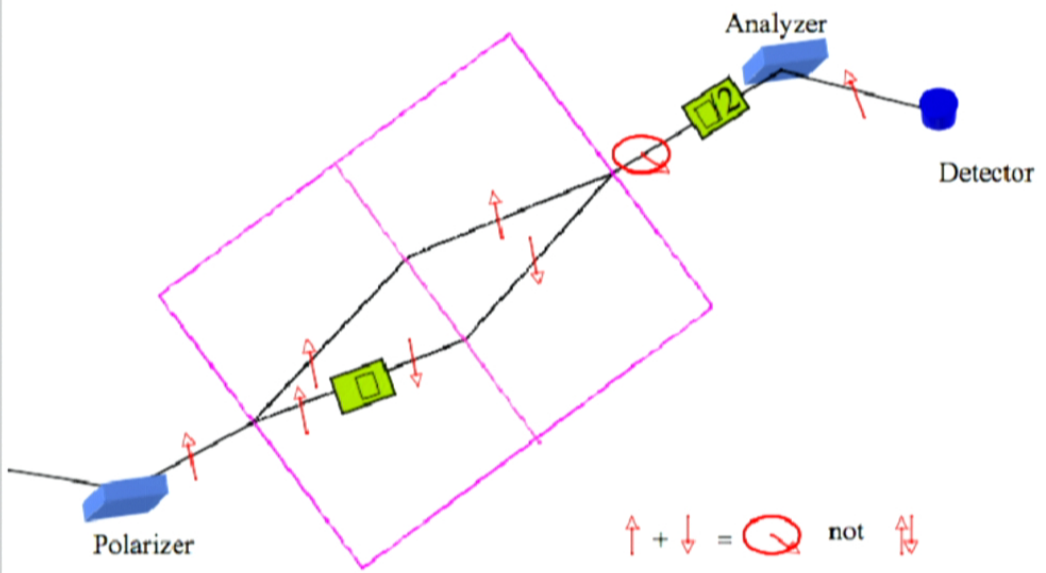
Title: Explorations in Quantum Information - Lecture 6

Date: Mar 19, 2012 02:00 PM

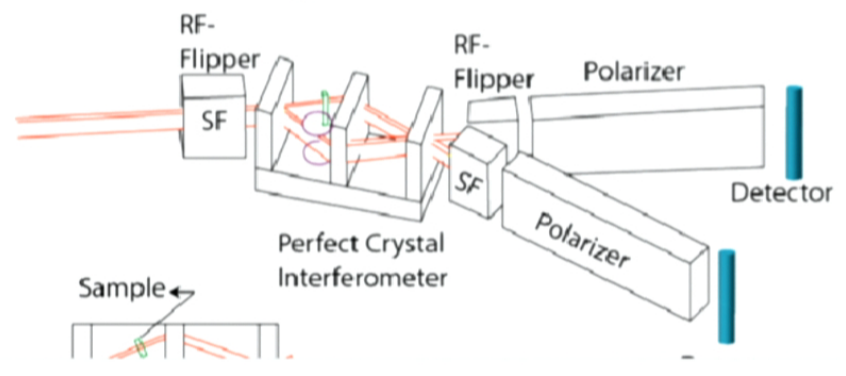
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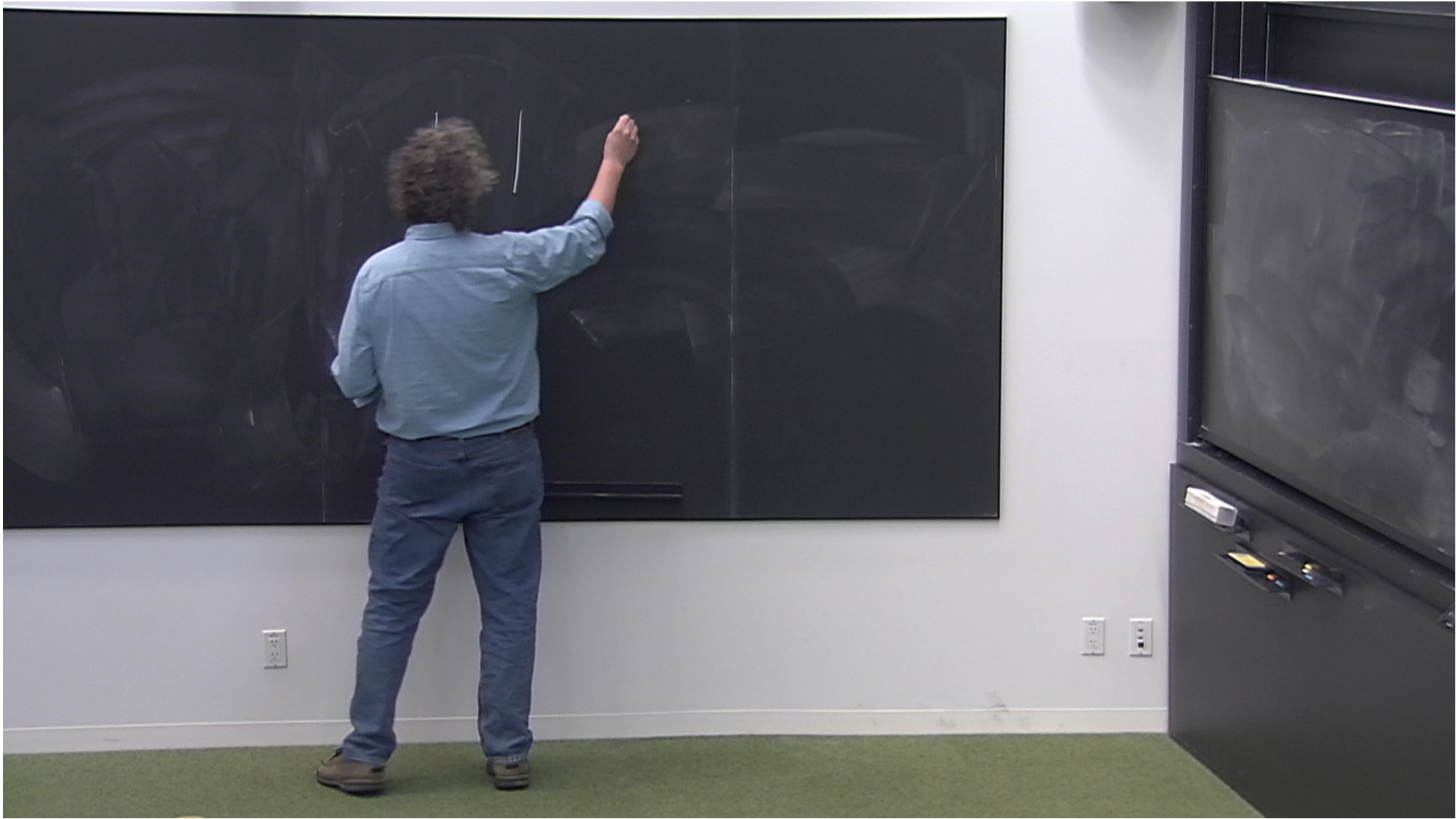
Abstract:

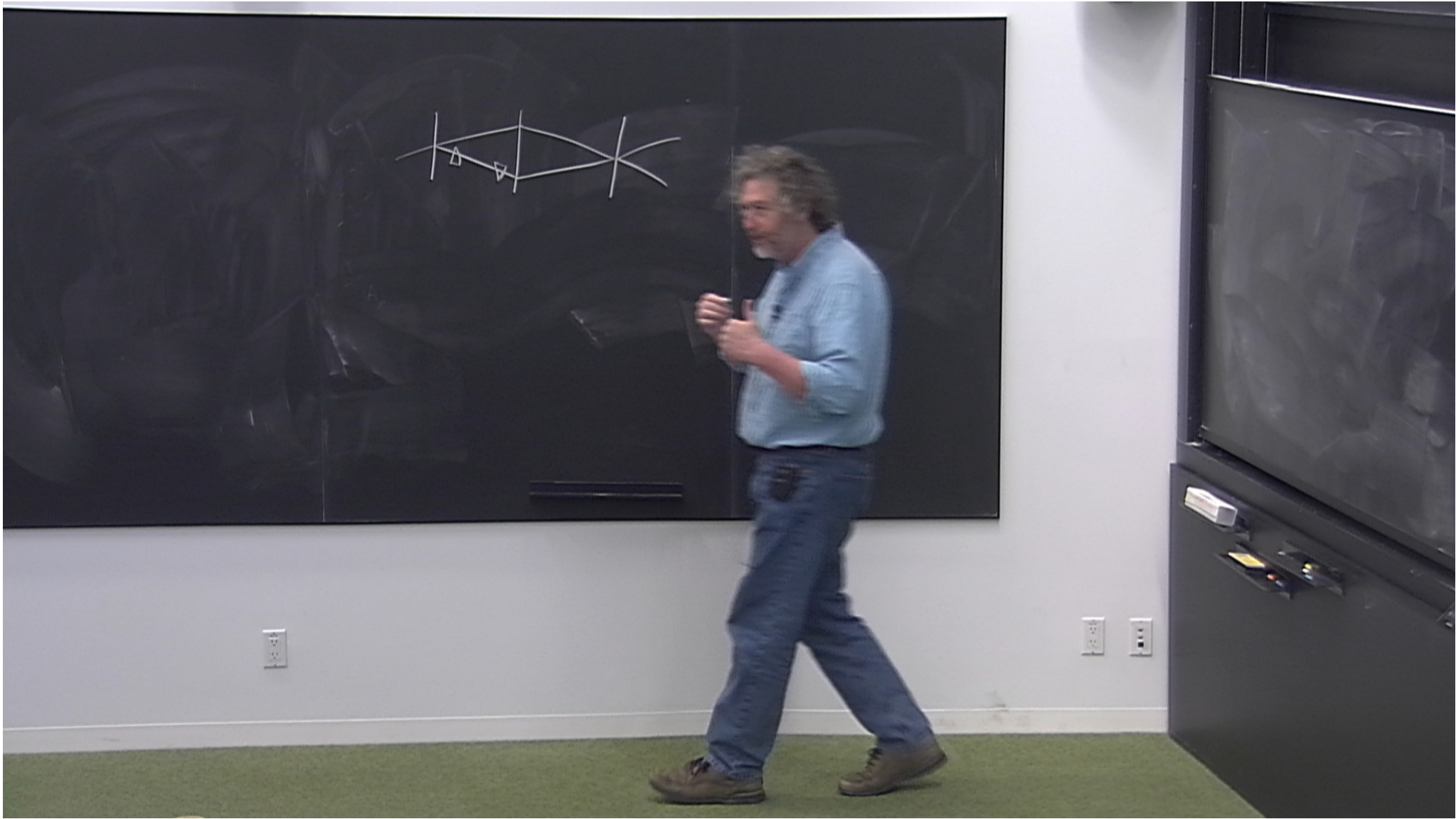
Operators for various components

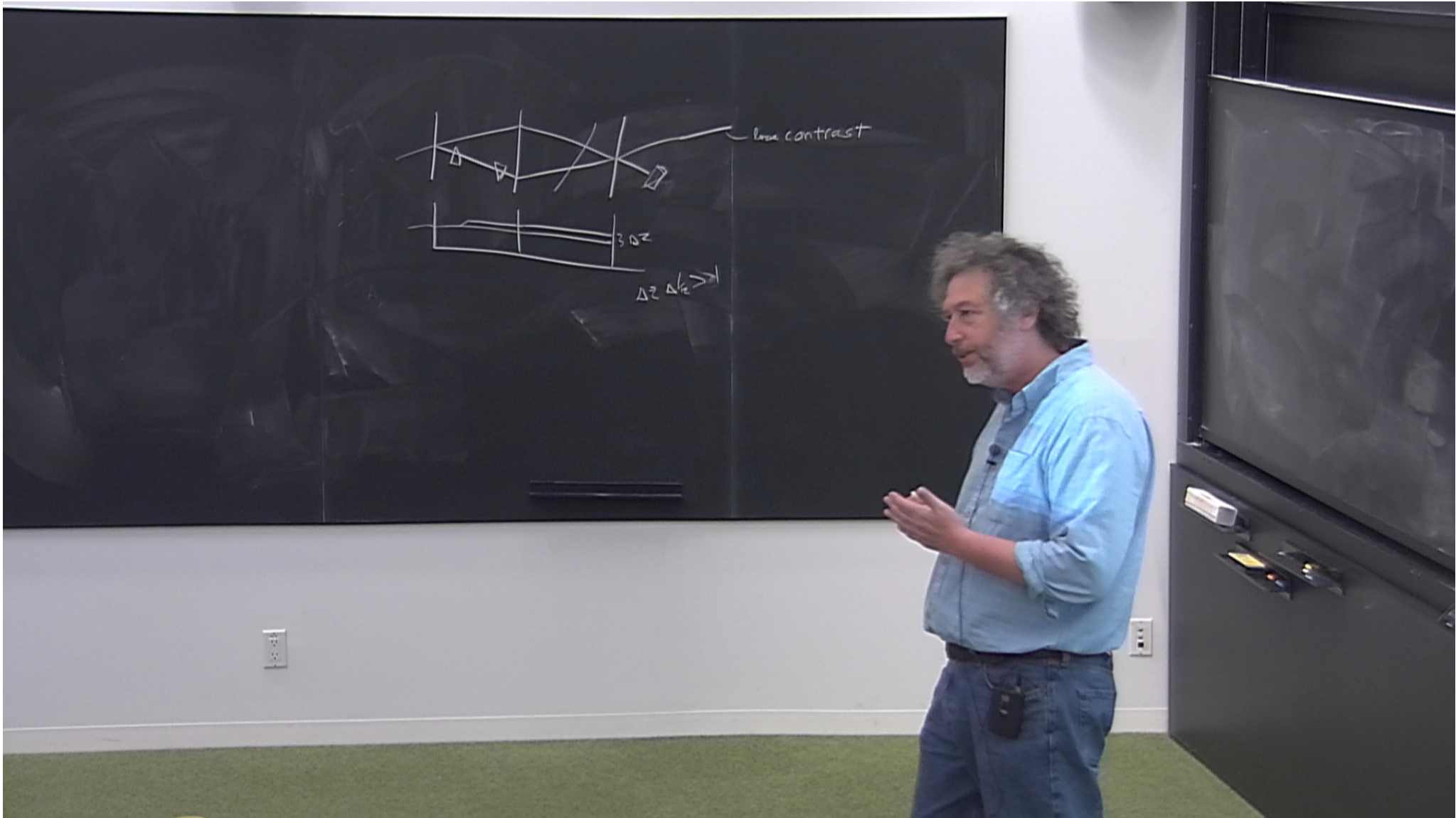


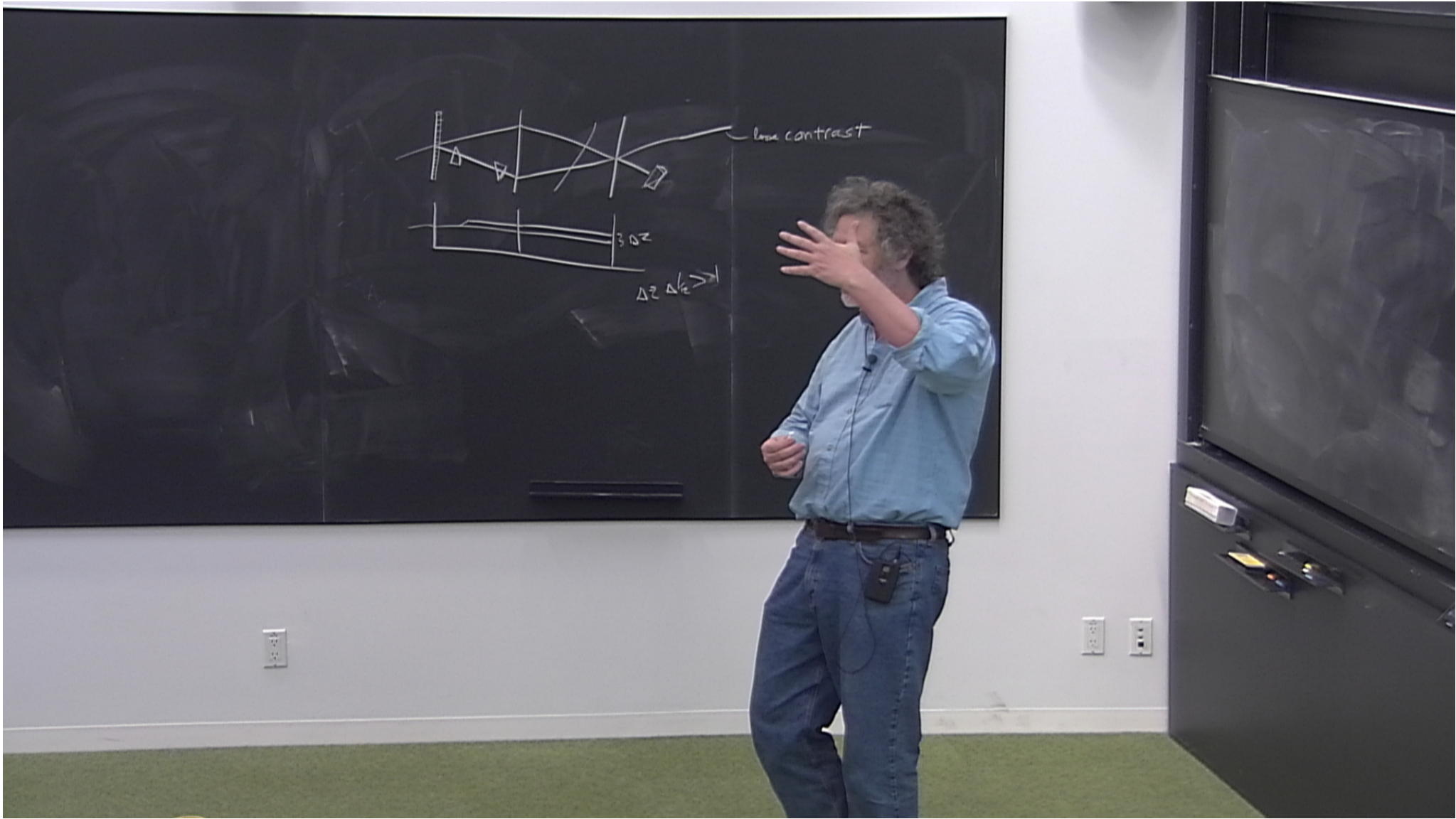
$\uparrow + \downarrow = \text{circle with diagonal line}$ not \updownarrow

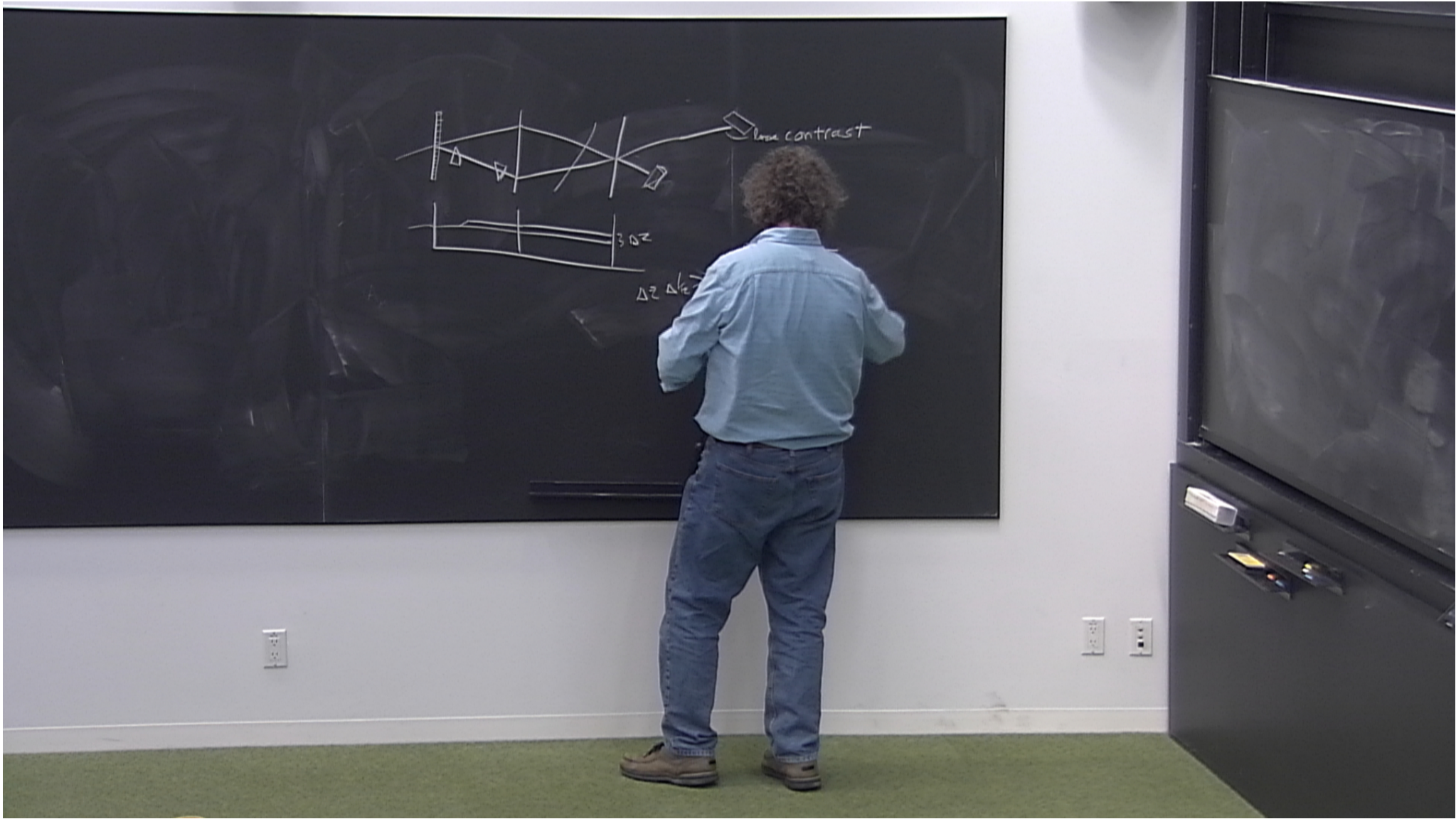


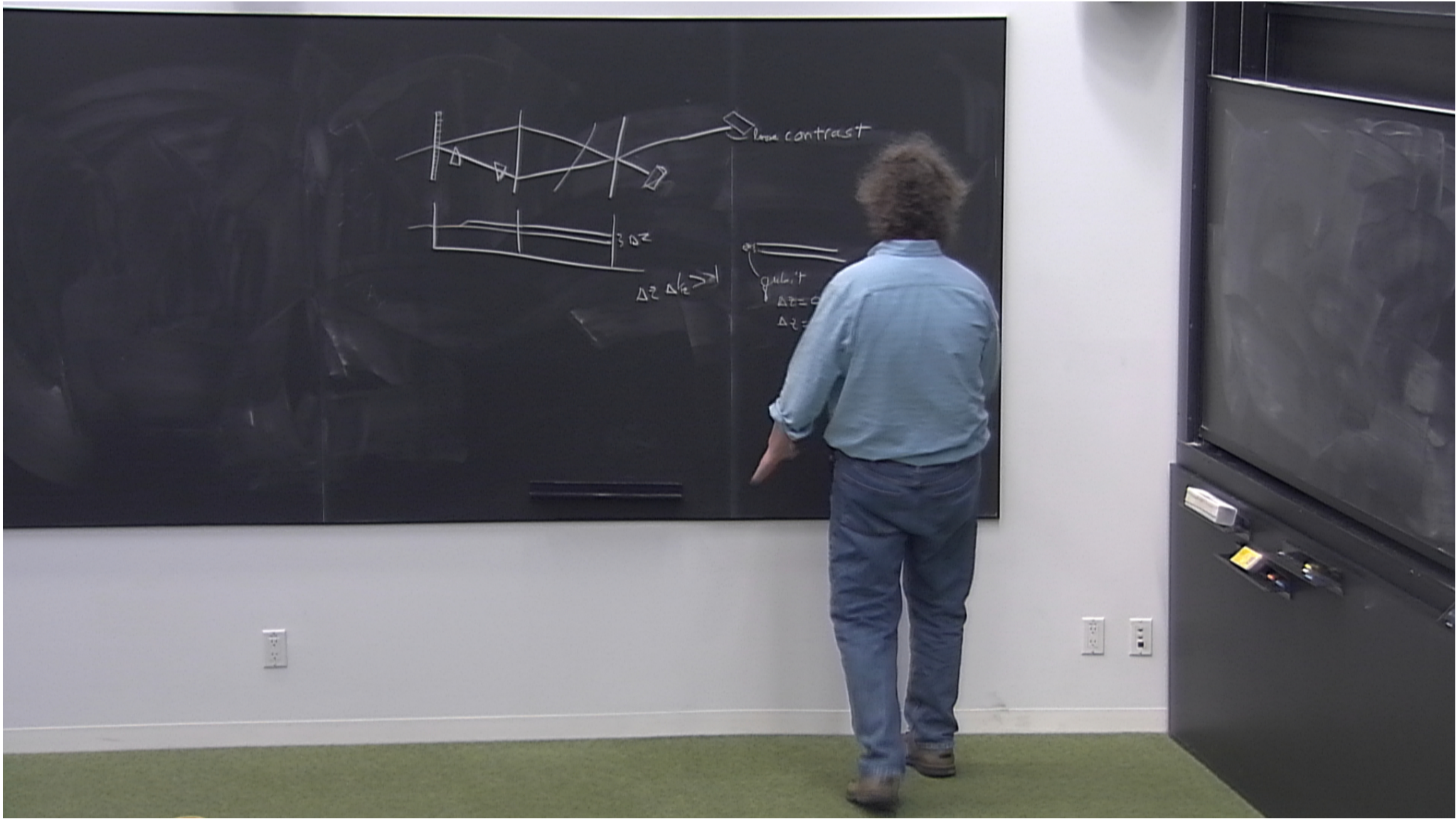


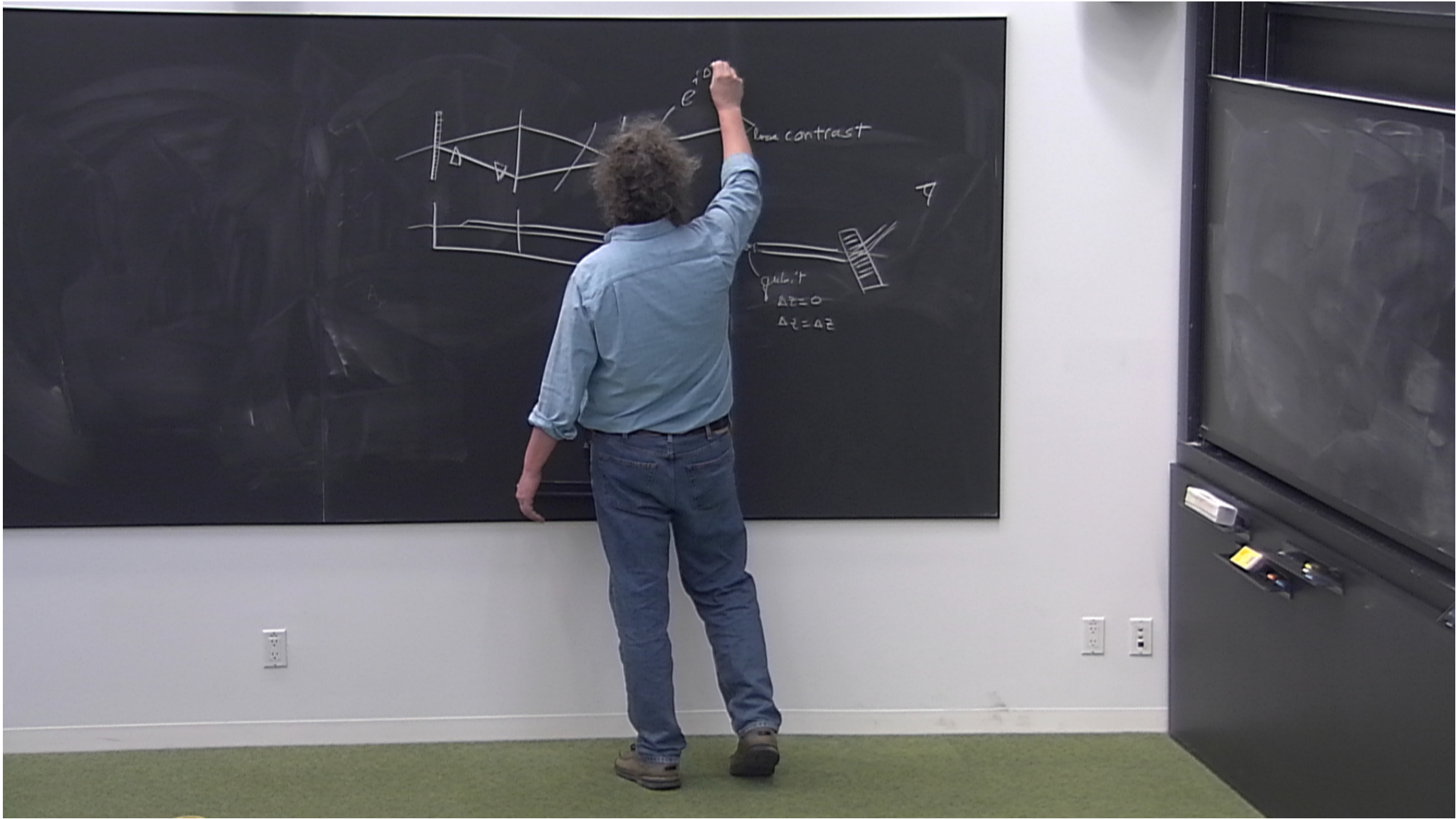


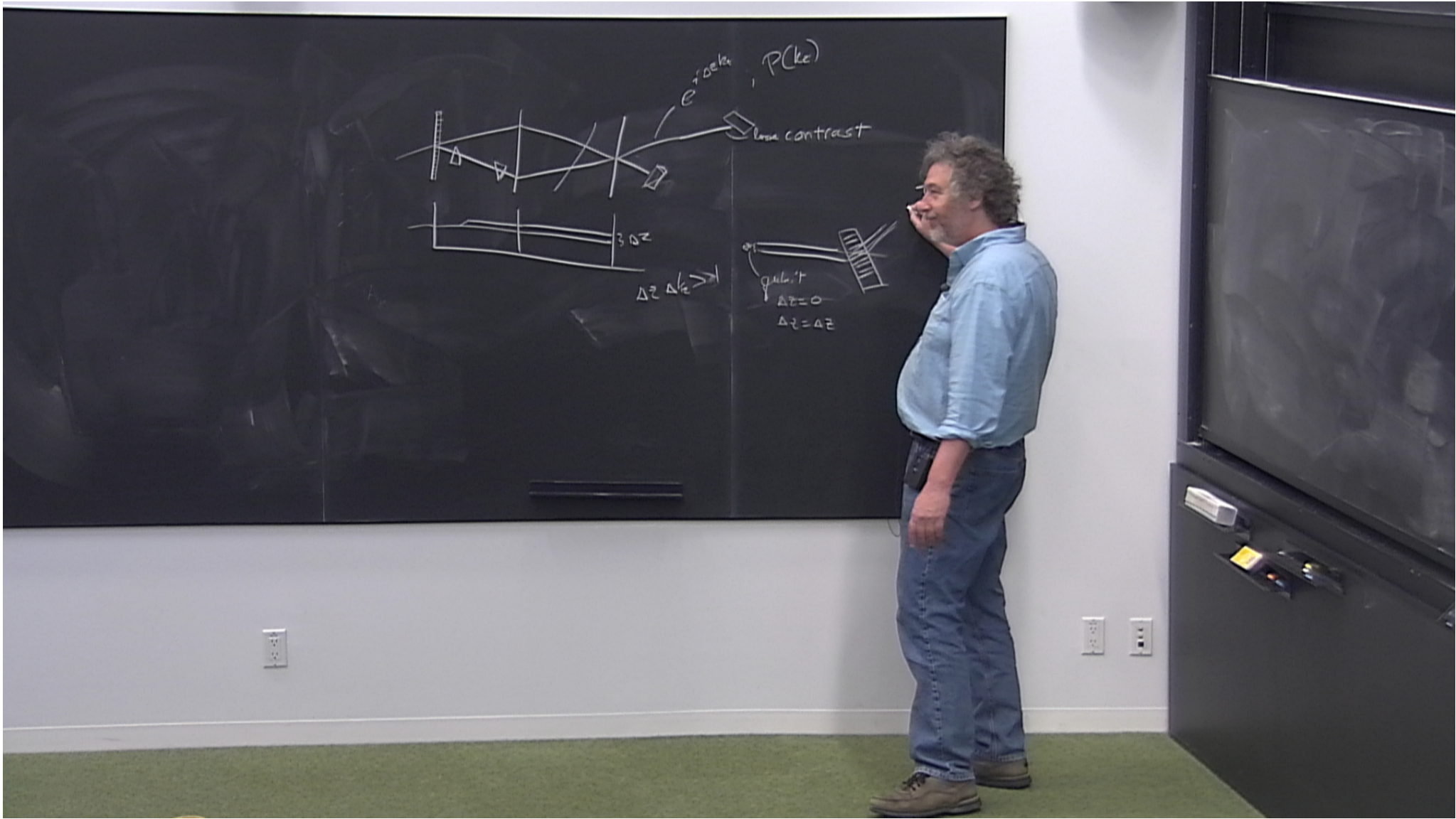


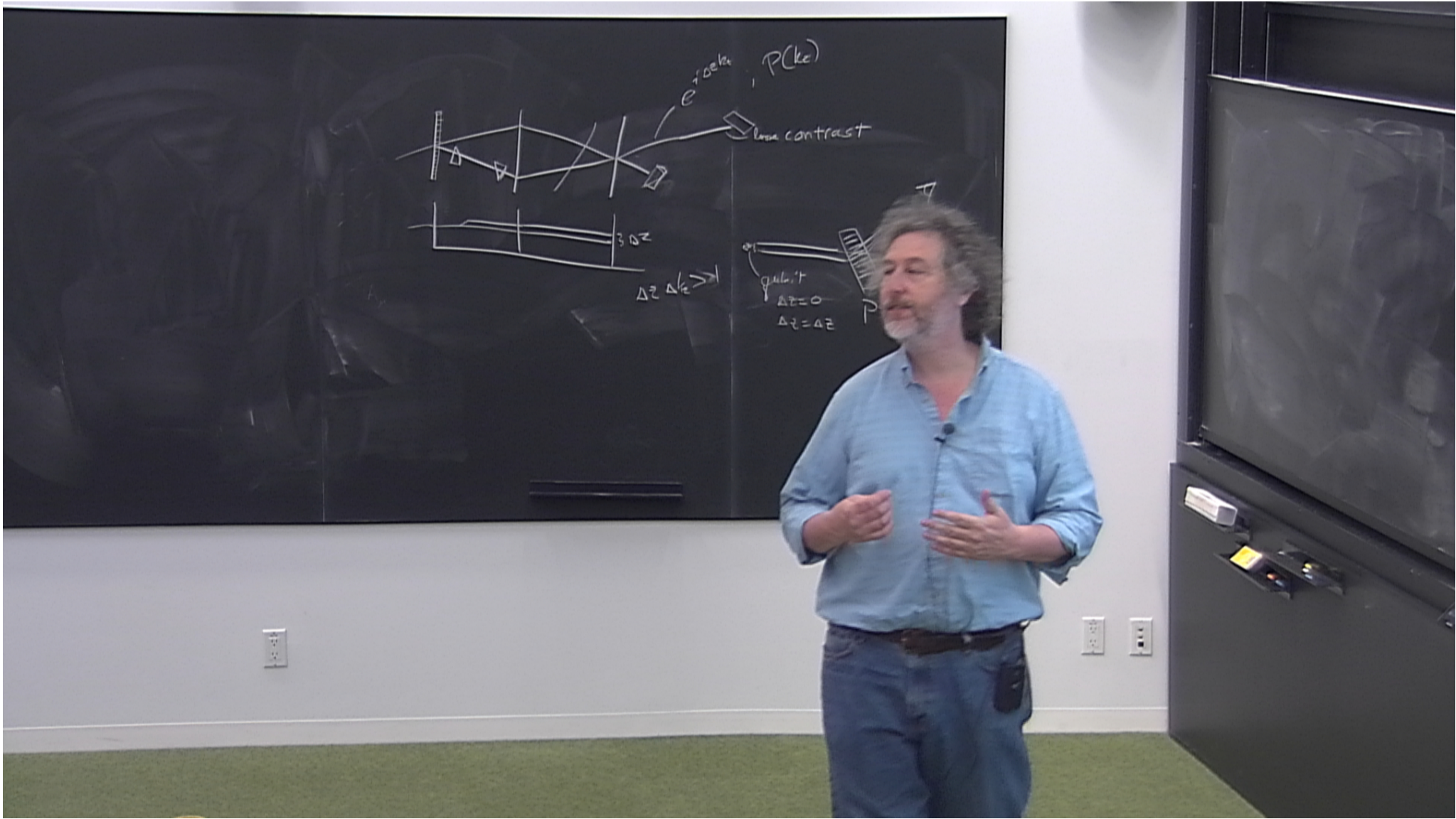


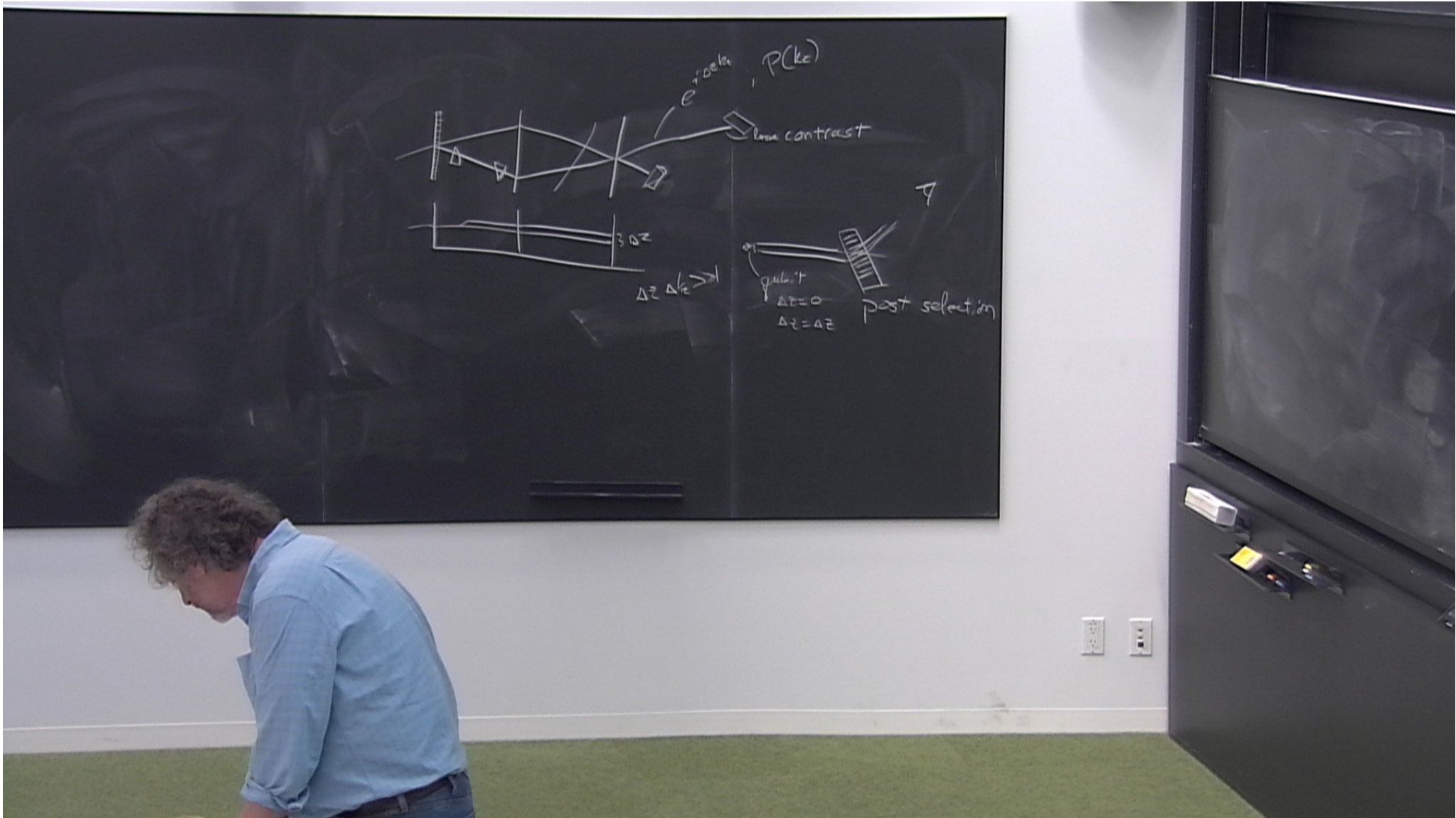












$N \downarrow$ add spin
 n spin $1/2$; 2 qubits : path $|0\rangle, |1\rangle$
spin $|\uparrow\rangle, |\downarrow\rangle$

$N \uparrow$ add spin
 n spin $1/2$; 2 qubits : path $|0\rangle, |1\rangle$
over $N \uparrow$ spin $|\uparrow\rangle, |\downarrow\rangle$

N_I add spin
 n spin $1/2$; 2 qubits : path $|0\rangle, |1\rangle$
add B_z^1 over N_I $|\uparrow\rangle, |\downarrow\rangle$
 $\approx 10G$

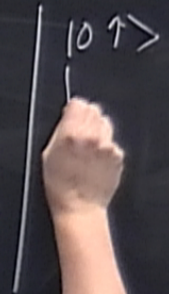
γB_z
gyromagnetic ratio

N_I add spin
 n spin $1/2$; 2 qubits: path $|0\rangle, |1\rangle$
a over N_I spin $|\uparrow\rangle, |\downarrow\rangle$

$$; \mathcal{H}_{\text{Zeeman}} = \gamma B \sigma_z$$

↑
gyromagnetic ratio
(25C) 2000 Hz/G

N_I add spin
 n spin $1/2$; 2 qubits : path
 add B_z^1 over N_I spin
 $\approx 10G$; $\mu_{\text{Zeeman}} =$



N_I add spin
 n spin $1/2$
 add B_z over N_I
 $\approx 10G$

- entanglement
- spinor

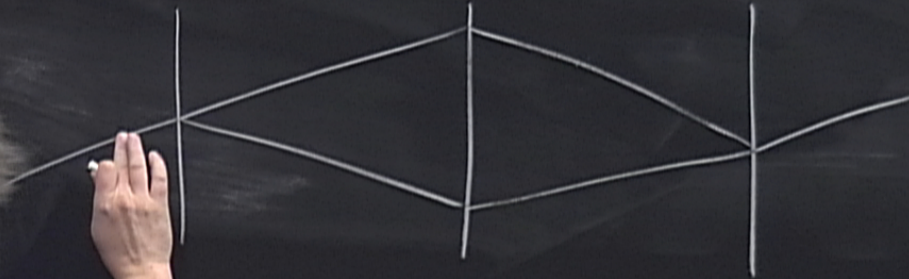
2 qubits: path $|0\rangle, |1\rangle$
 spin $|\uparrow\rangle, |\downarrow\rangle$
 $m_s = -1/2$ $m_s = 1/2$

$ 0\rangle$	$ \uparrow\rangle$
$ 0\rangle$	$ \downarrow\rangle$
$ 1\rangle$	$ \uparrow\rangle$
$ 1\rangle$	$ \downarrow\rangle$

$H_{Zeeman} = \gamma B \sigma_z$
 gyromagnetic ratio
 (25C) 2000 Hz/G

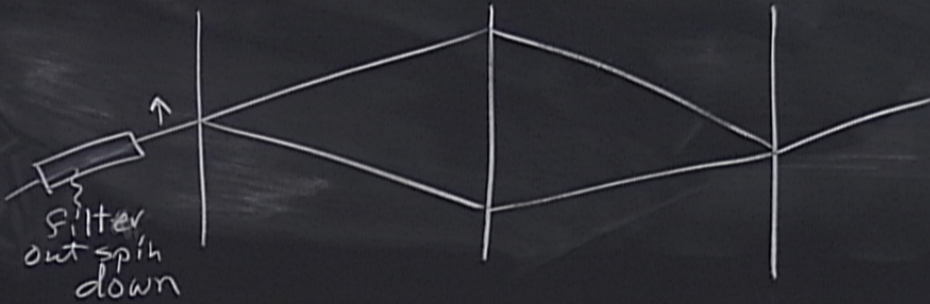
- entanglement
- spinor

gyromagnetic ratio
(250) 2000 Hz/G



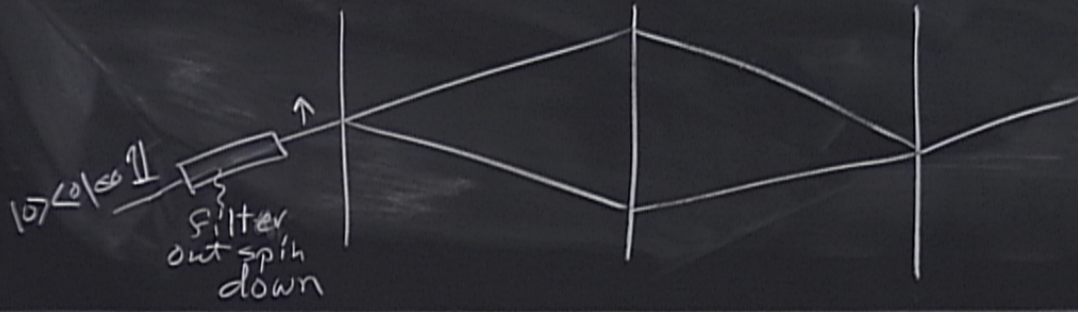
- entanglement
- spinor

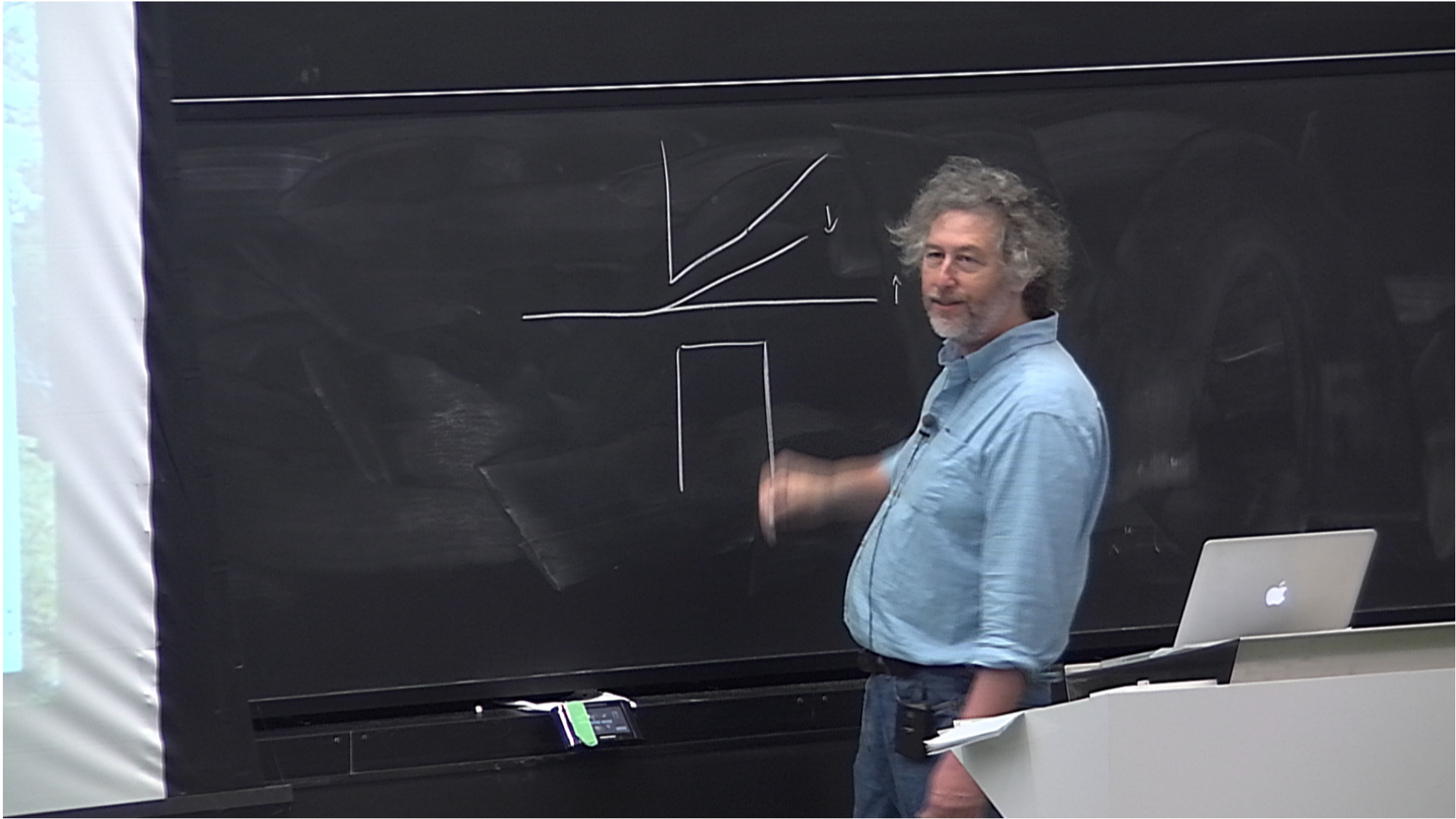
gyromagnetic ratio
(25C) 2000 Hz/G

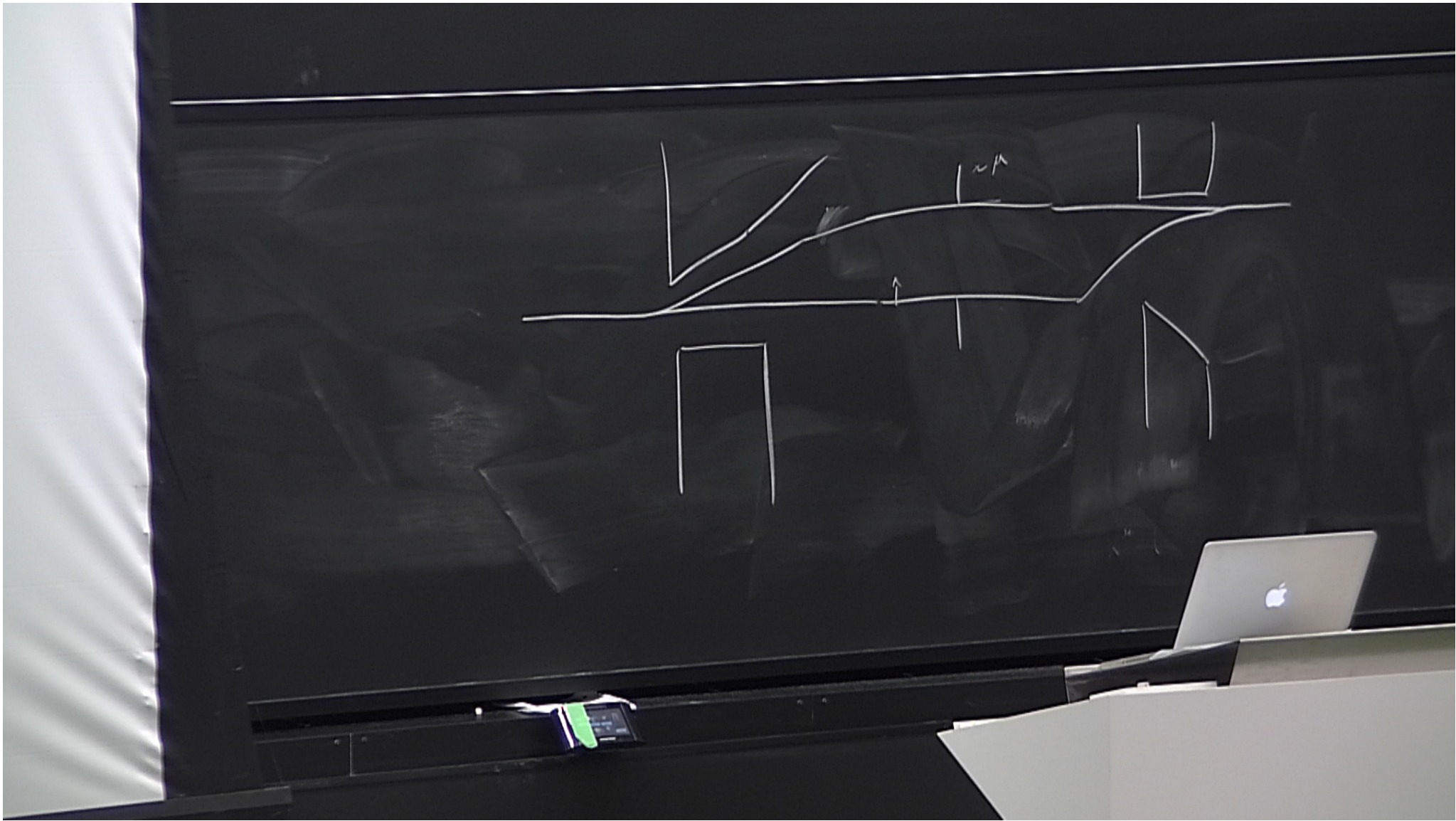


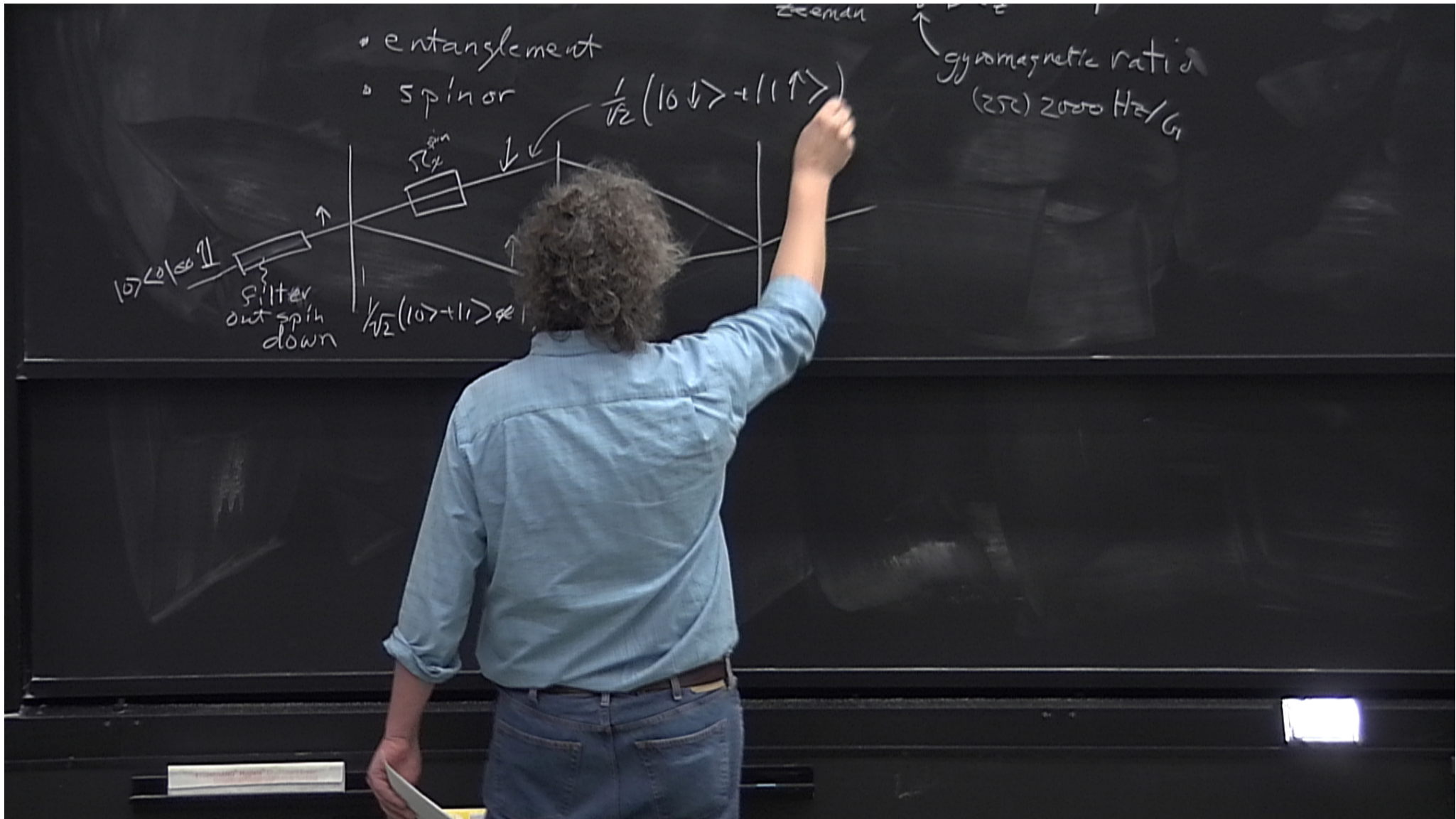
- entanglement
- spinor

gyromagnetic ratio
(250) 2000 Hz/G





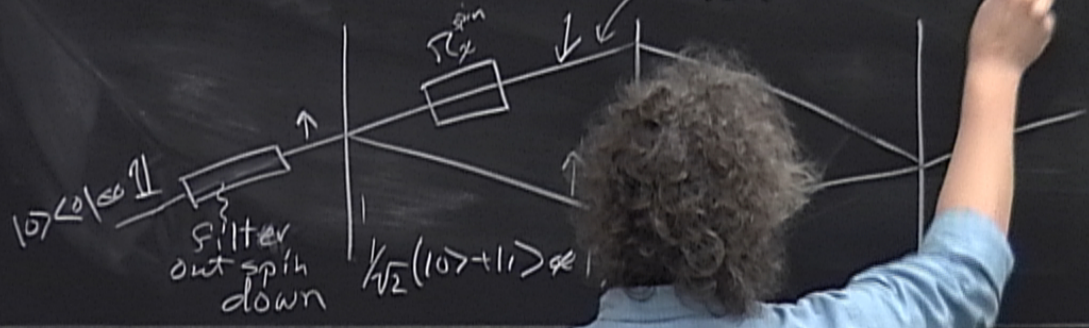


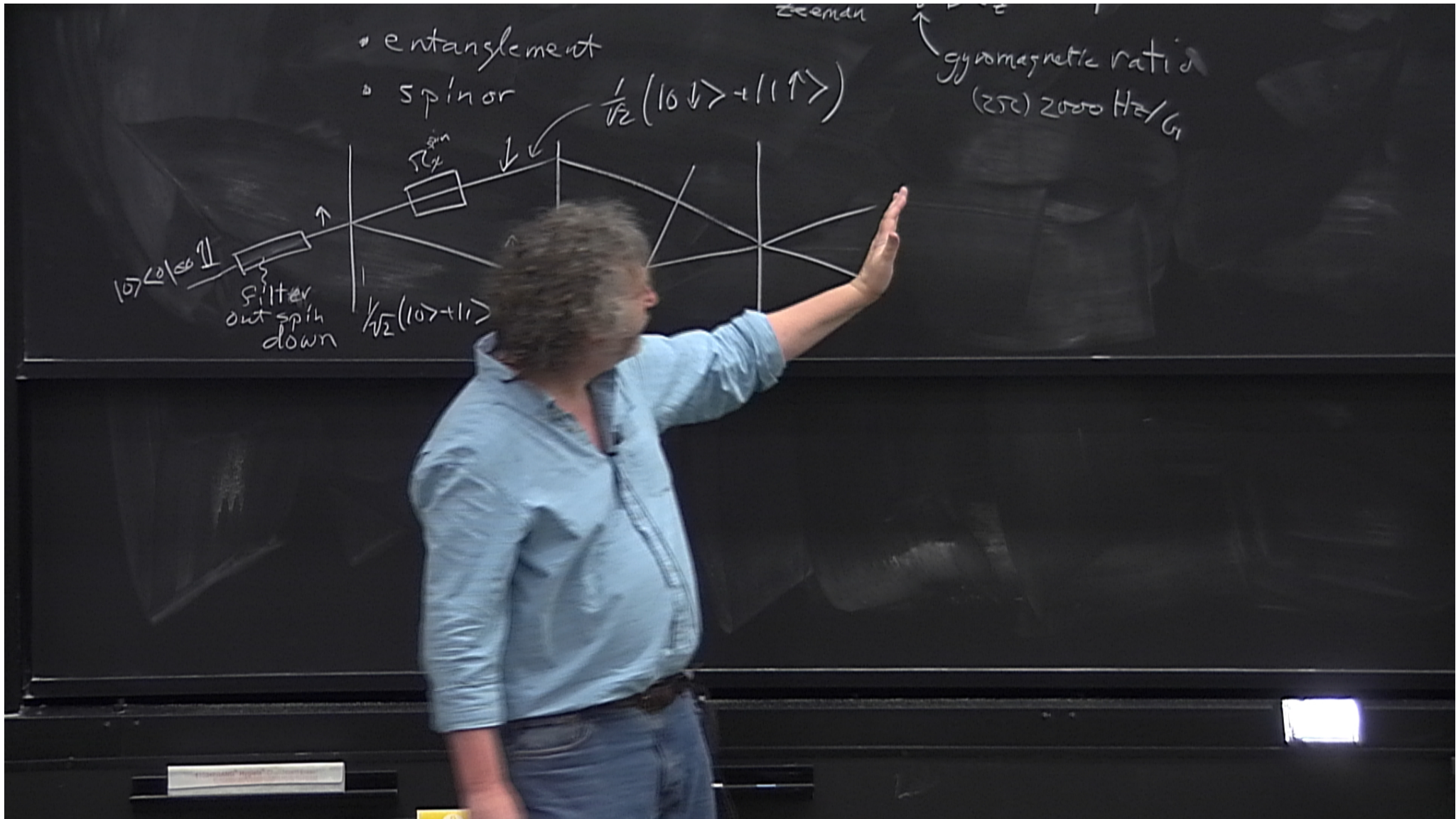


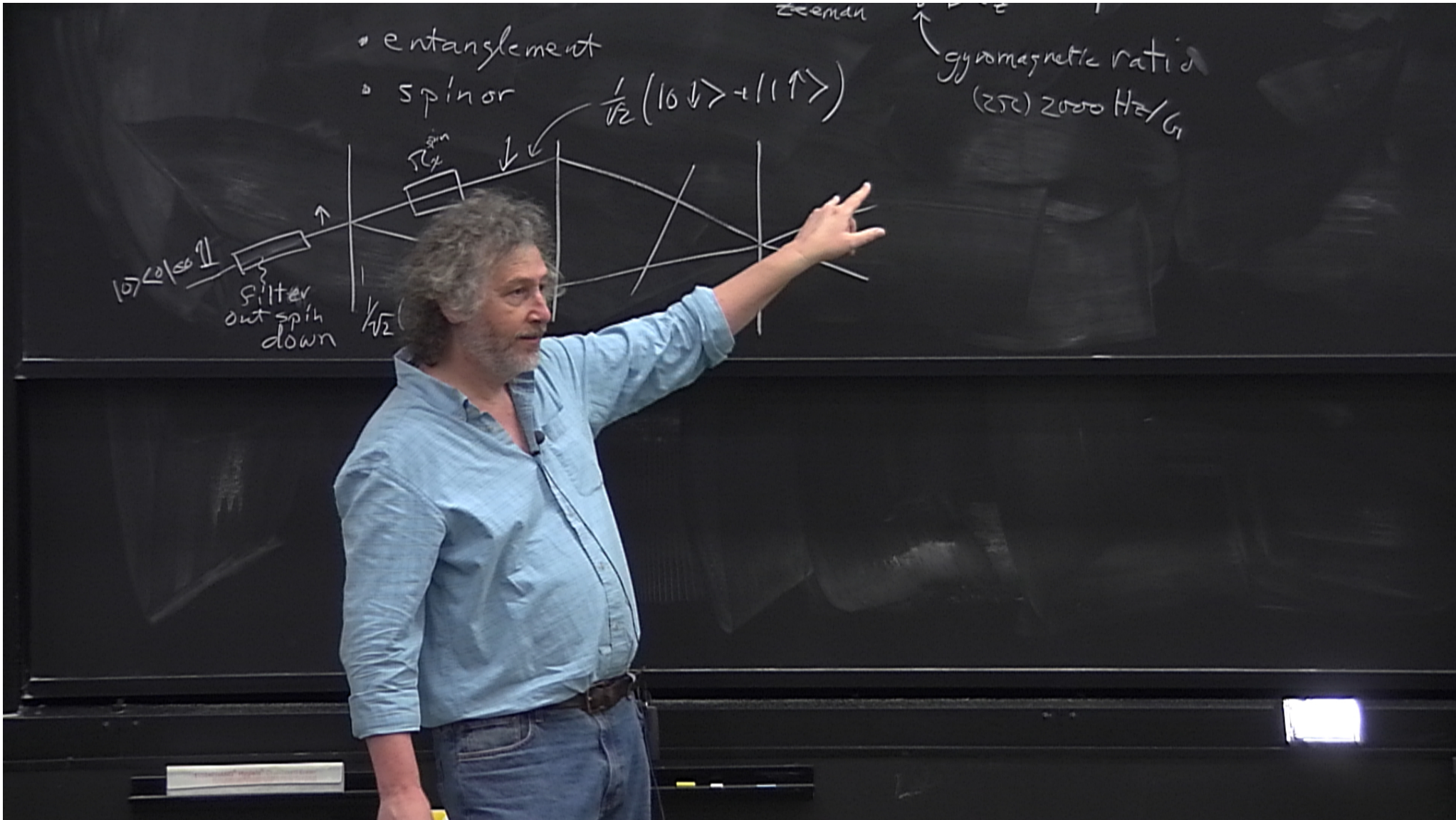
- entanglement
- spinor

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\downarrow\rangle + |1\uparrow\rangle)$$

↑
 gyromagnetic ratio
 (250) 2000 Hz/G



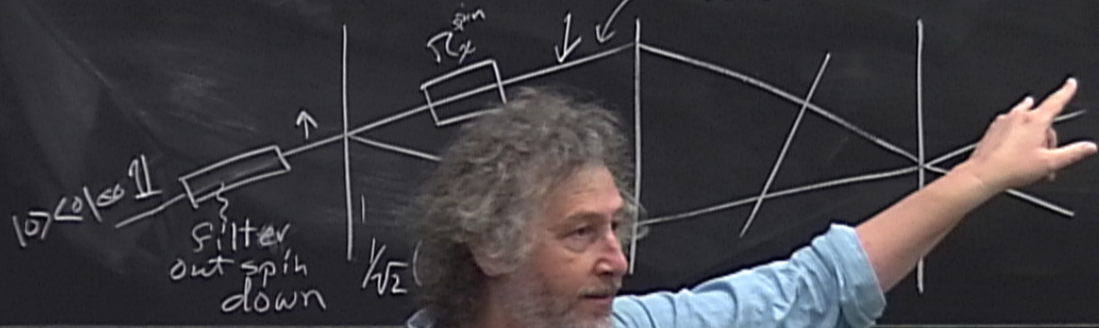


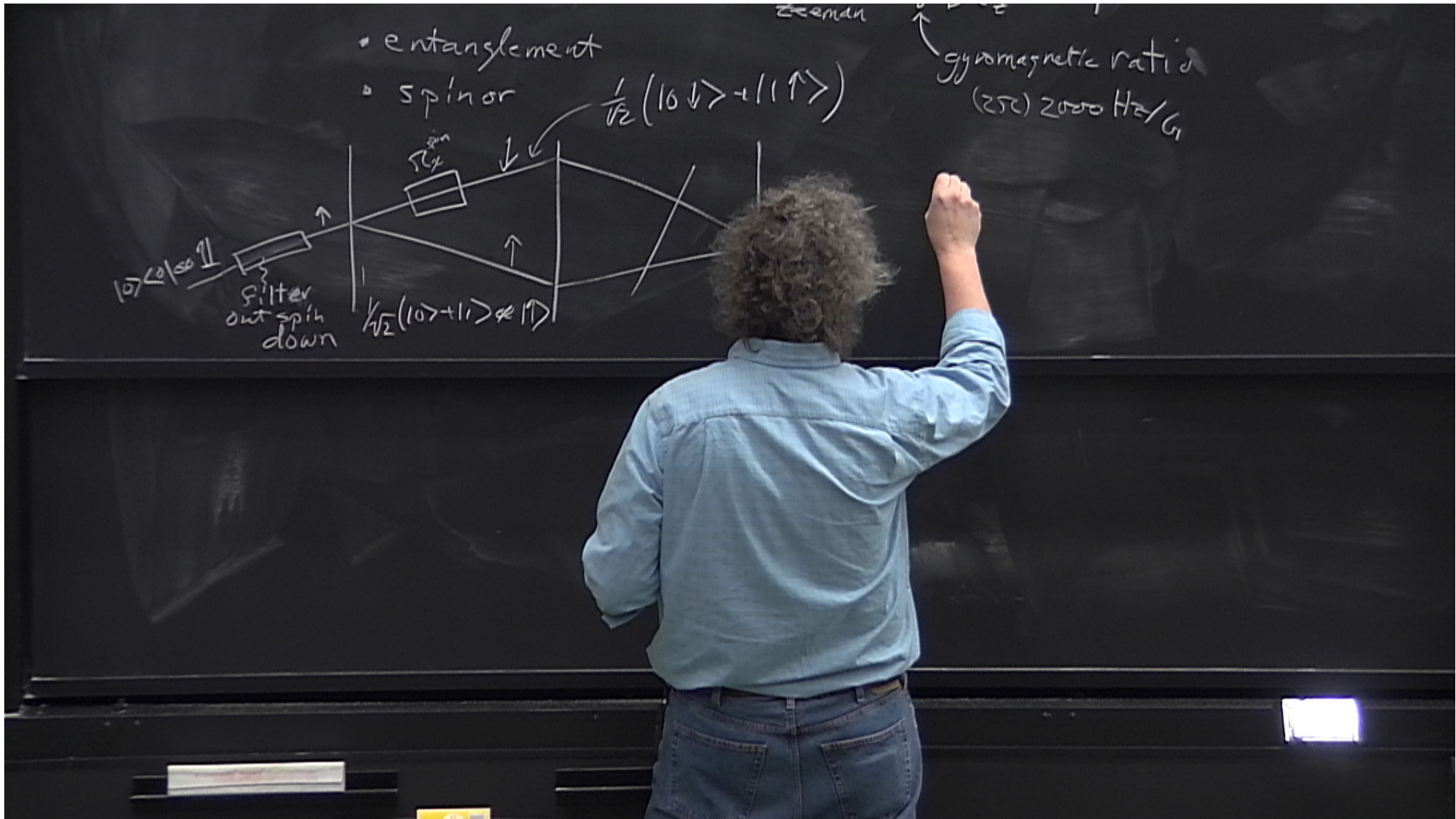


- entanglement
- spinor

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\downarrow\rangle + |1\uparrow\rangle)$$

gyromagnetic ratio
(ZFC) 2000 Hz/G

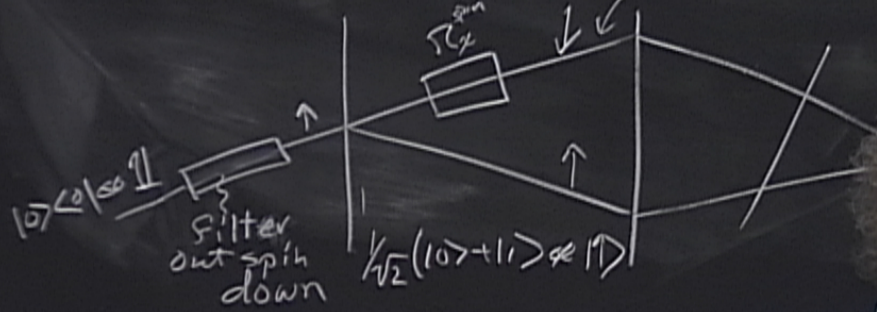


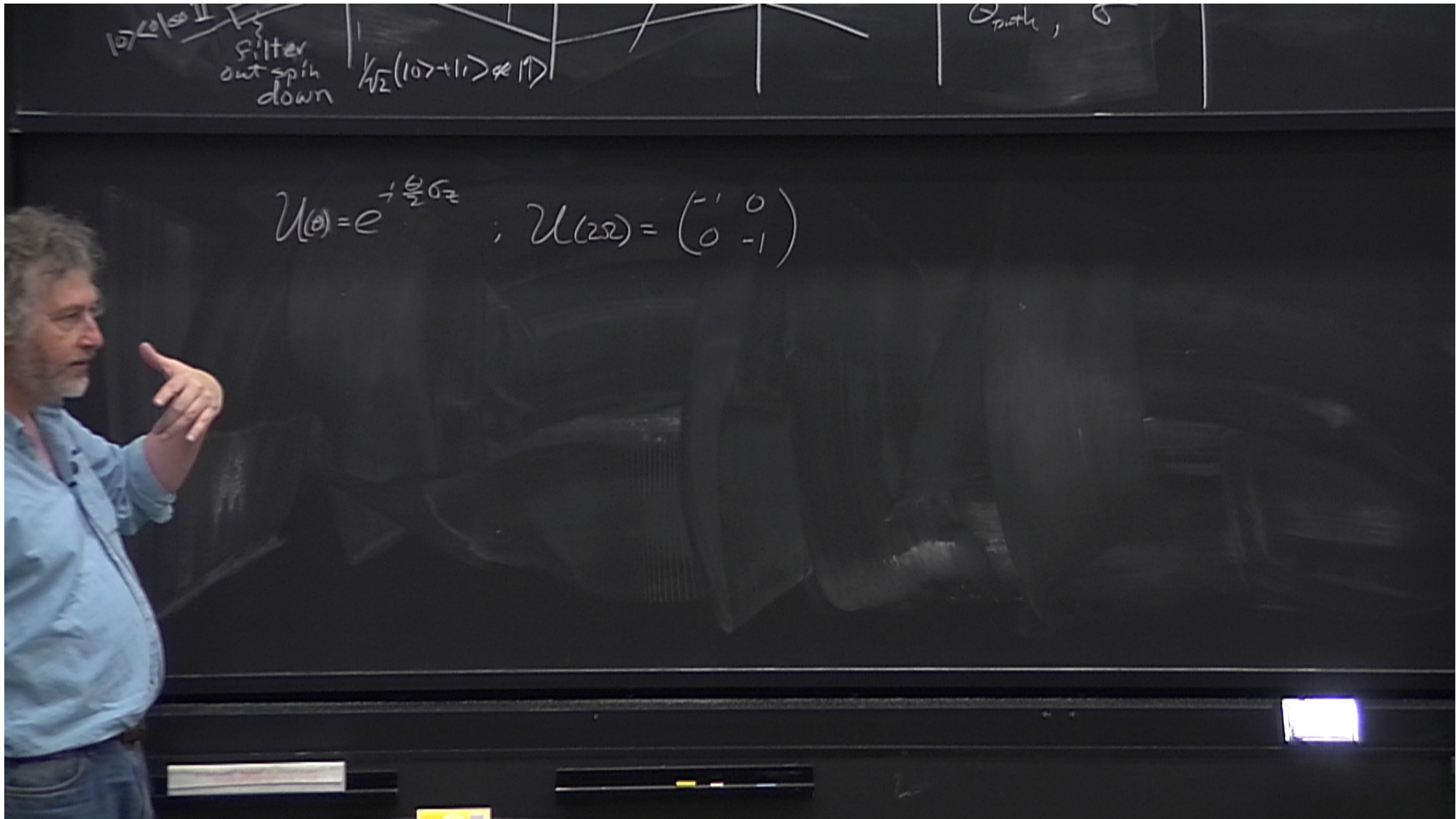


- entanglement
- spinor

Zeeman
 gyromagnetic ratio
 (2π) 2000 Hz/G

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle + |1\rangle)$$



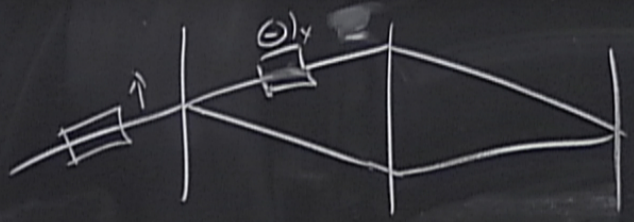


$1/\sqrt{2}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle)$
filter out spin down
 $1/\sqrt{2}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle)$

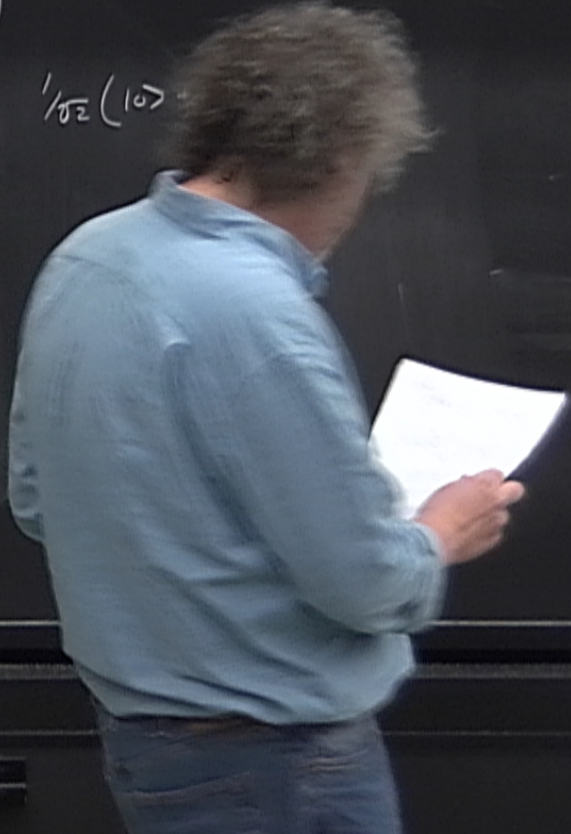
$$U(\theta) = e^{+i\frac{\theta}{2}\sigma_z} ; U(2\pi) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$|0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \mathbb{I}$
 filter
 out spin
 down
 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \otimes |1\rangle$
 $\sigma_{\text{path}}, \sigma$

$$U(0) = e^{+\frac{\theta}{2}\sigma_z}, \quad U(2\pi) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

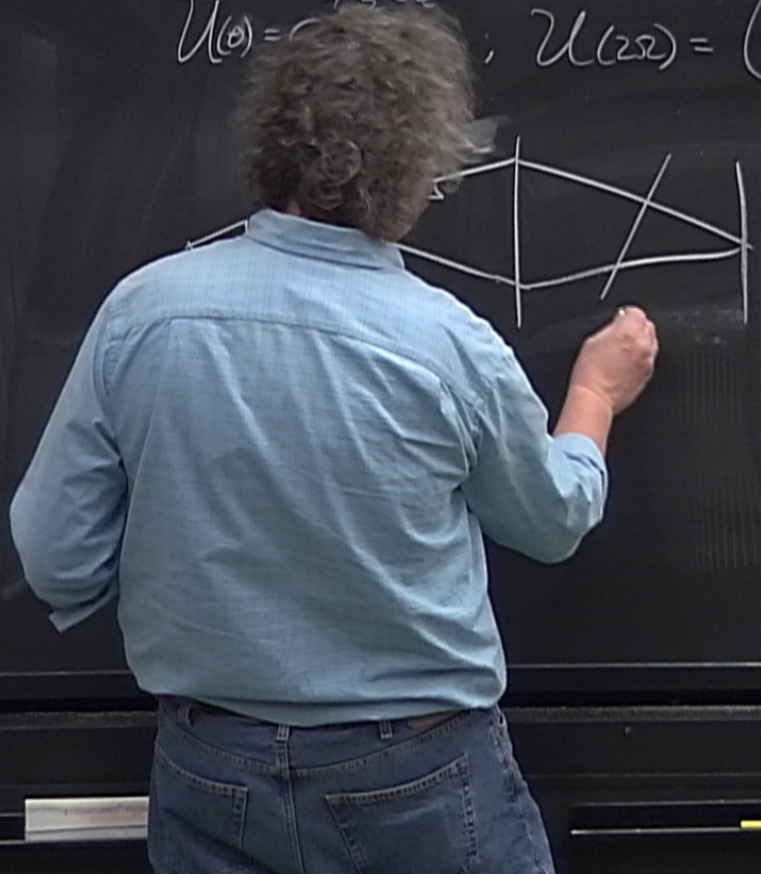


$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle)$$



$|0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \mathbb{I}$
 Filter out spin down
 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \otimes |\uparrow\rangle$
 $\sigma_{\text{path}}, \sigma$

$$U(\theta) = e^{+i\frac{\theta}{2}\sigma_z}, \quad U(2\pi) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) |\uparrow\rangle$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \otimes \left(\cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) |\uparrow\rangle + \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) |\downarrow\rangle \right)$$

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QE Lec 6.nb

gamma = 1.832×10^4 ; (* Hz/G *)

■ Spin filter

This is a projector along the z-axis of the spin state and the k-x up path

```
Ezp = 1/2 (PauliMatrix[0] + PauliMatrix[3]);
Ezm = 1/2 (PauliMatrix[0] - PauliMatrix[3]);
Uzpup = KroneckerProduct[Ezp, Ezp];
Uzpup // MatrixForm
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
Uzpdown = KroneckerProduct[Ezp, Ezm];
Uzpdown // MatrixForm
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
Uzmup = KroneckerProduct[Ezm, Ezp];
Uzmup // MatrixForm
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
Uzmdown = KroneckerProduct[Ezm, Ezm];
Uzmdown // MatrixForm
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

■ Spin flipper

Rotate the spin by π about the x axis for the k-x down path

```
Uflip = MatrixExp[I Pi/2 PauliMatrix[1]];
Uflip // MatrixForm
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

150%

Experimental setup

```
resls[t_, a_] := TrigReduce[ExpToTrig[Simplify[
  Refine[Ubladews . Umws . Urotdown[t] . Uphasews[a] . Ubladews . Uzpup . Ubladewsinv .
  Uphasewsinv[a] . Urotdowninv[t] . Umwsinv . Ubladewsinv], Element[t, Reals]]]]
```

resls[0, a] // MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos[a]) & \frac{1}{2}i \sin[a] & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2}i \sin[a] & \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos[a]) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

resls[π, a] // MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & & \frac{1}{4} & \\ & \frac{1}{4} & & \\ \frac{1}{4}(-\cos[a] + i \sin[a]) & & \frac{1}{4}(\cos[a] - i \sin[a]) & \\ & \frac{1}{4}(-\cos[a] + i \sin[a]) & & \frac{1}{4}(\cos[a] - i \sin[a]) \\ \frac{1}{4}(-\cos[a] - i \sin[a]) & & \frac{1}{4}(-\cos[a] - i \sin[a]) & \\ & \frac{1}{4}(\cos[a] + i \sin[a]) & & \frac{1}{4}(\cos[a] + i \sin[a]) \\ \frac{1}{4}(\cos[a] + i \sin[a]) & & -\frac{1}{4} & \\ & & & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

resls[2π, a] // MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos[a]) & -\frac{1}{2}i \sin[a] & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}i \sin[a] & \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos[a]) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

resls[4π, a] // MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos[a]) & \frac{1}{2}i \sin[a] & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2}i \sin[a] & \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos[a]) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

So we see that indeed a 4π rotation returns the original state.

■ Put a spin filter in the O-beam and look at the intensity

■ O-Beam with spin up filter

```
MOup[t_, a_] := Tr[Uzpup . resls[t, a]]
```

```
MOup[t, a]
```

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(3 + 2 \cos \left[a - \frac{t}{2} \right] + 2 \cos \left[a + \frac{t}{2} \right] + \cos[t] \right)$$

```
Plot3D[MOup[t, a], {a, 0, 2π}, {t, 0, 4π},
```


Experimental setup

```
resls[t_, a_] := TrigReduce[ExpToTrig[Simplify[
  Refine[Ubladews . Umws . Urotdown[t] . Uphasews[a] . Ubladews . Uzpup . Ubladewsinv .
  Uphasewsinv[a] . Urotdowninv[t] . Umwsinv . Ubladewsinv], Element[t, Reals]]]]
```

resls[0, a] // MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos[a]) & \frac{1}{2}i \sin[a] & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2}i \sin[a] & \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos[a]) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

resls[π, a] // MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & & \frac{1}{4} & \\ & \frac{1}{4} & & \\ \frac{1}{4}(-\cos[a] - i \sin[a]) & \frac{1}{4}(-\cos[a] - i \sin[a]) & \frac{1}{4}(-\cos[a] + i \sin[a]) & \frac{1}{4}(\cos[a] - i \sin[a]) \\ \frac{1}{4}(\cos[a] + i \sin[a]) & \frac{1}{4}(\cos[a] + i \sin[a]) & -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

resls[2π, a] // MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos[a]) & -\frac{1}{2}i \sin[a] & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}i \sin[a] & \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos[a]) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

resls[4π, a] // MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos[a]) & \frac{1}{2}i \sin[a] & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2}i \sin[a] & \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos[a]) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

So we see that indeed a 4π rotation returns the original state.

■ Put a spin filter in the O-beam and look at the intensity

■ O-Beam with spin up filter

```
MOup[t_, a_] := Tr[Uzpup . resls[t, a]]
```

```
MOup[t, a]
```

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(3 + 2 \cos \left[a - \frac{t}{2} \right] + 2 \cos \left[a + \frac{t}{2} \right] + \cos[t] \right)$$

```
Plot3D[MOup[t, a], {a, 0, 2π}, {t, 0, 4π},
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} i \sin(a) & \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos(a)) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

So we see that indeed a 4π rotation returns the original state.

■ Put a spin filter in the O-beam and look at the intensity

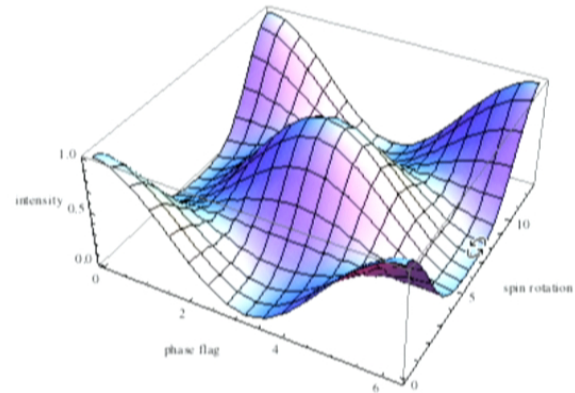
■ O-Beam with spin up filter

```
MOup[t_, a_] := Tr[Uzup . resis[t, a]]
```

```
MOup[t, a]
```

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(3 + 2 \cos\left[a - \frac{t}{2}\right] + 2 \cos\left[a + \frac{t}{2}\right] + \cos[t] \right)$$

```
Plot3D[MOup[t, a], {a, 0, 2 \pi}, {t, 0, 4 \pi},
{AxesLabel -> {"phase flag", "spin rotation", "intensity"}}]
```



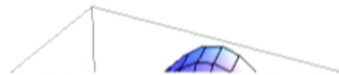
■ H-Beam with spin up filter

```
MHup[t_, a_] := Tr[Uzpdwn . resis[t, a]]
```

```
MHup[t, a]
```

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(3 - 2 \cos\left[a - \frac{t}{2}\right] - 2 \cos\left[a + \frac{t}{2}\right] + \cos[t] \right)$$

```
Plot3D[MHup[t, a], {a, 0, 2 \pi}, {t, 0, 4 \pi},
{AxesLabel -> {"phase flag", "spin rotation", "intensity"}}]
```



$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} i \sin(a) & \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos(a)) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

So we see that indeed a 4π rotation returns the original state.

■ Put a spin filter in the O-beam and look at the intensity

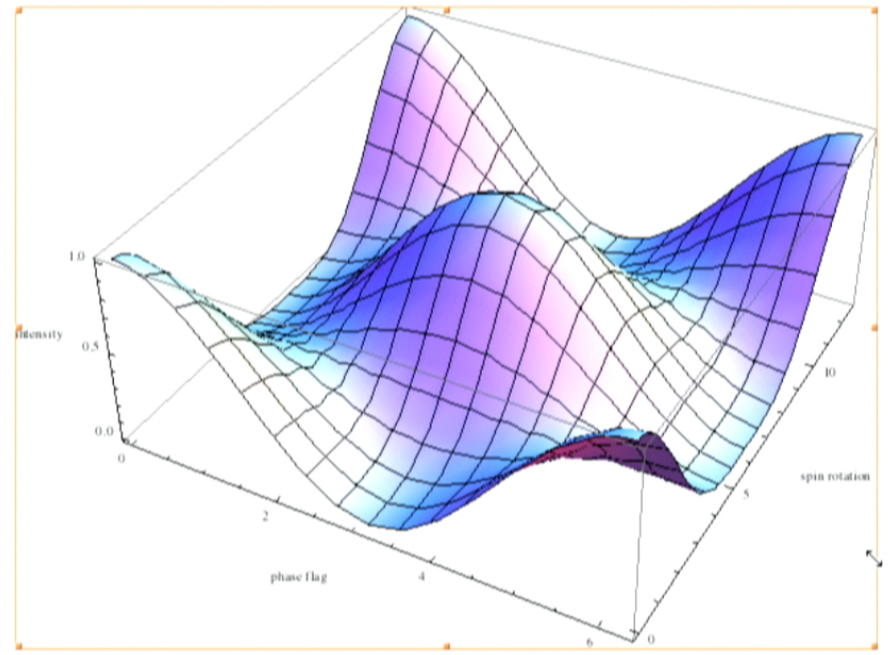
■ O-Beam with spin up filter

```
MOup[t_, a_] := Tr[Uzspup . resls[t, a]]
```

```
MOup[t, a]
```

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(3 + 2 \cos\left[a - \frac{t}{2}\right] + 2 \cos\left[a + \frac{t}{2}\right] + \cos[t] \right)$$

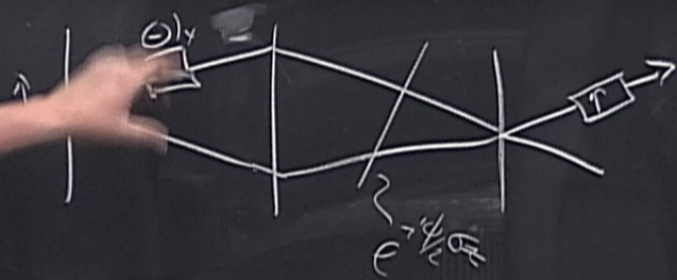
```
Plot3D[MOup[t, a], {a, 0, 2 \pi}, {t, 0, 4 \pi},  
{AxesLabel -> {"phase flag", "spin rotation", "intensity"}}]
```



■ H-Beam with spin up filter

$|0\rangle \langle 0| \otimes \mathbb{I}$
 filter out spin down
 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \otimes |\uparrow\rangle$
 $\sigma_{\text{path}}, \sigma$

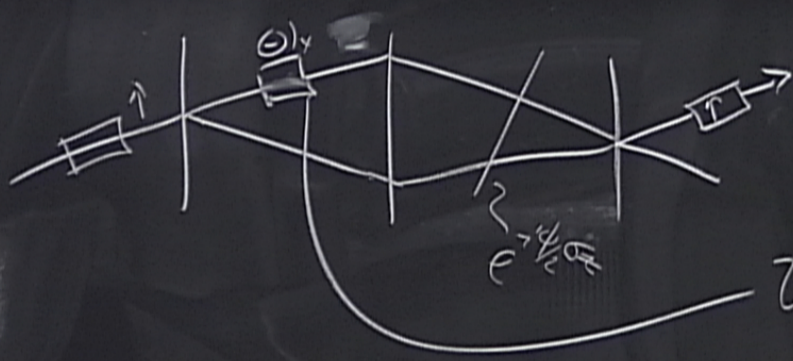
$$U(\theta) = e^{+\frac{\theta}{2}\sigma_z}, \quad U(2\pi) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) |\uparrow\rangle \\
 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \left(\cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) |\uparrow\rangle + \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) |\downarrow\rangle \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$|0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \mathbb{I}$
 Filter out spin down
 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \otimes |\uparrow\rangle$
 $\sigma_{\text{path}}, \sigma$

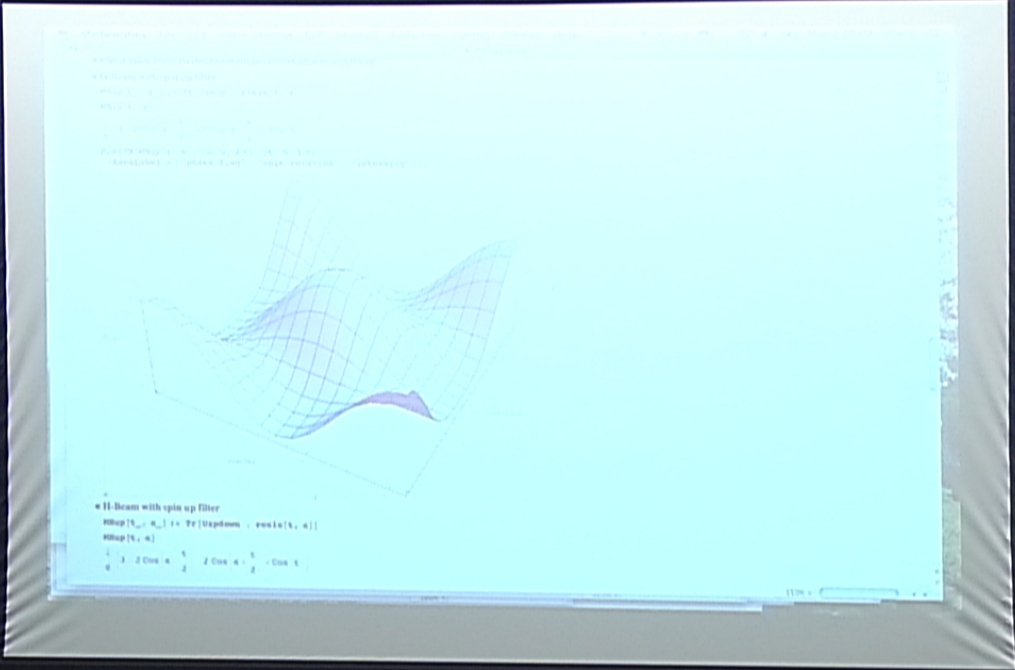
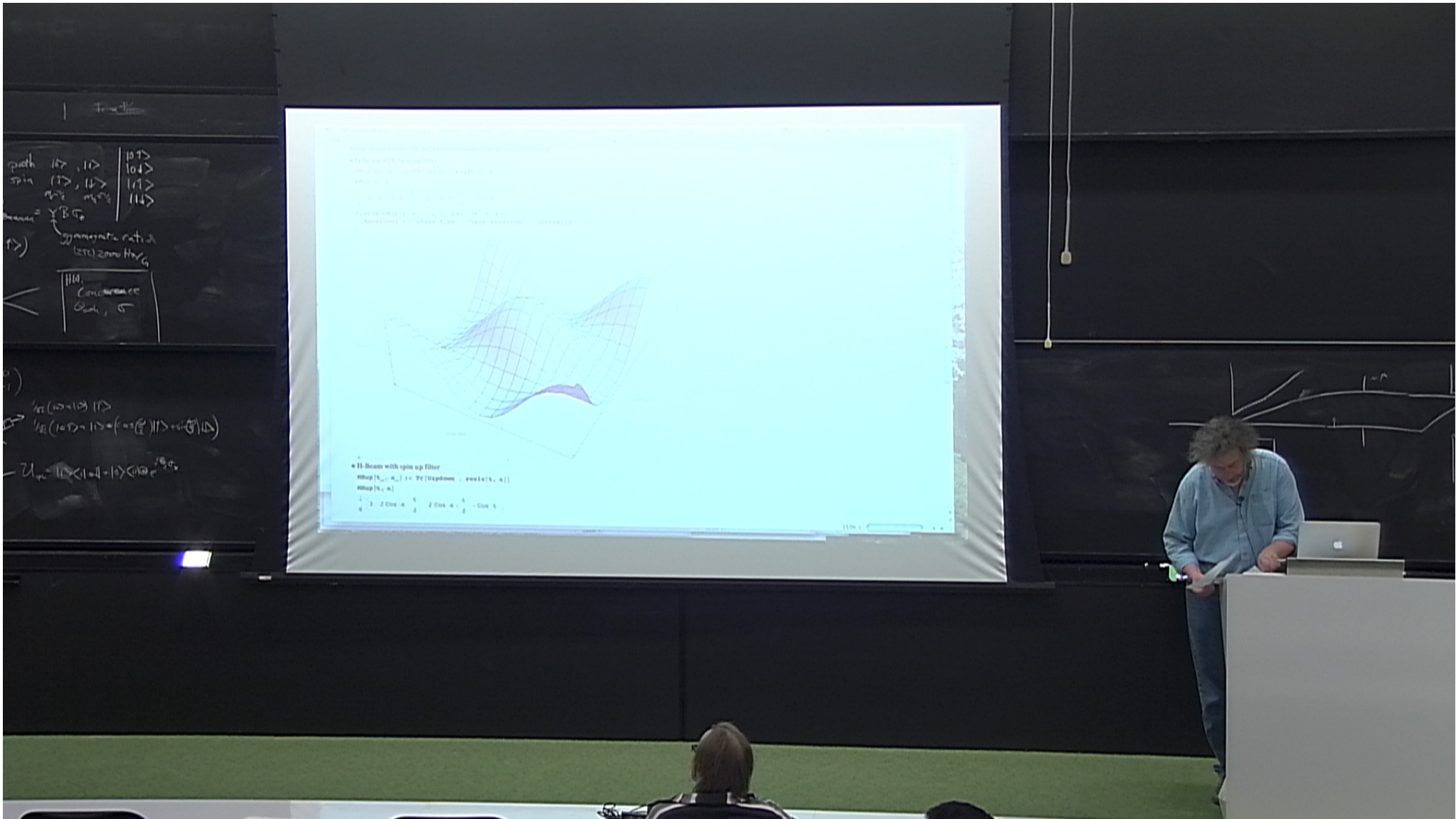
$$U(0) = e^{+i\frac{\theta}{2}\sigma_z}, \quad U(2\pi) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) |\uparrow\rangle$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \otimes \left(\cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) |\uparrow\rangle + \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) |\downarrow\rangle \right)$$

$$U_{\text{spin}} = |1\rangle\langle 1| \otimes \mathbb{I} + |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes e^{i\frac{\theta}{2}\sigma_x}$$

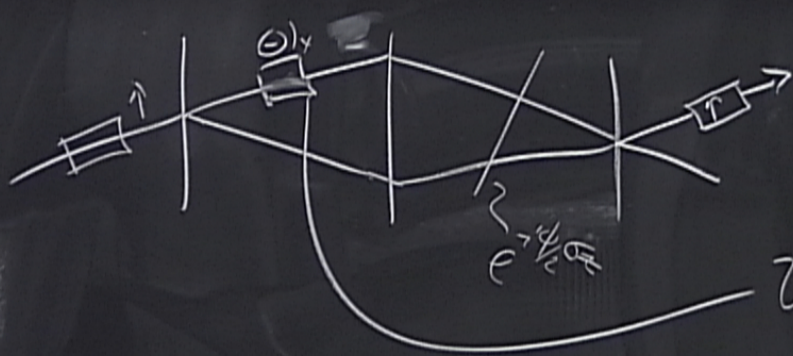


path $| \uparrow \rangle, | \downarrow \rangle$ $| \uparrow \rangle$
 spin $| \uparrow \rangle, | \downarrow \rangle$ $| \uparrow \rangle$
 $m_s \uparrow, m_s \downarrow$ $| \downarrow \rangle$
 $\Psi_{\text{beam}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (| \uparrow \rangle + | \downarrow \rangle)$
 symmetric ratio
 (25) zero $\hbar \omega_c$
 $\langle \Psi | \hat{H} | \Psi \rangle$
 Concurrence
 $\langle \Psi | \hat{H} | \Psi \rangle$
 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (| \uparrow \uparrow \rangle + | \downarrow \downarrow \rangle)$
 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (| \uparrow \downarrow \rangle + | \downarrow \uparrow \rangle)$
 $U_{\text{up}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (| \uparrow \uparrow \rangle + | \downarrow \downarrow \rangle)$

$\Psi_{\text{up}}(t, \mathbf{x})$
 $\Psi_{\text{up}}(t, \mathbf{x})$
 $\Psi_{\text{up}}(t, \mathbf{x})$

$|0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \mathbb{I}$
 Filter out spin down
 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \otimes |\uparrow\rangle$
 $\sigma_{\text{path}}, \sigma$

$$U(0) = e^{+i\frac{\theta}{2}\sigma_z}, \quad U(2\pi) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$



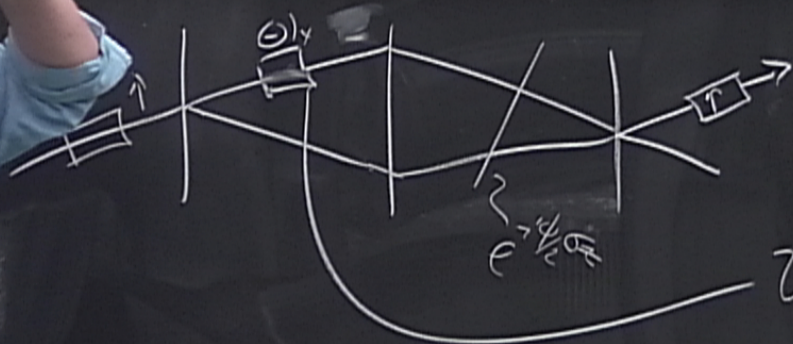
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) |\uparrow\rangle$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \otimes \left(\cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) |\uparrow\rangle + \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) |\downarrow\rangle \right)$$

$$U_{\text{spin}} = |1\rangle\langle 1| \otimes \mathbb{I} + |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes e^{i\frac{\theta}{2}\sigma_x}$$

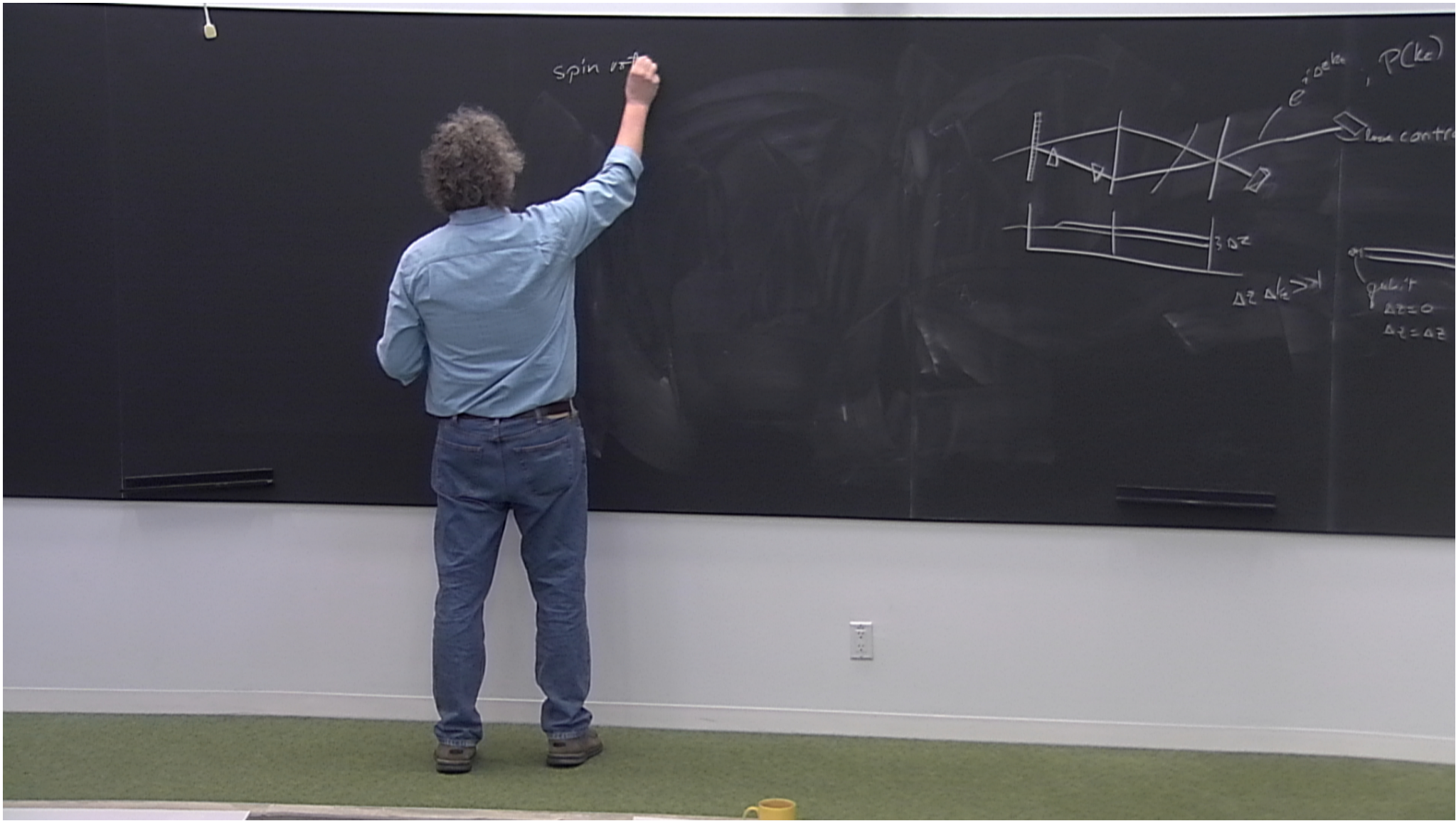
$|0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \mathbb{I}$
 filter out spin down
 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \otimes |\uparrow\rangle$
 $\sigma_{\text{path}}, \sigma$

$$U(\theta) = e^{+i\frac{\theta}{2}\sigma_z}, \quad U(2\pi) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

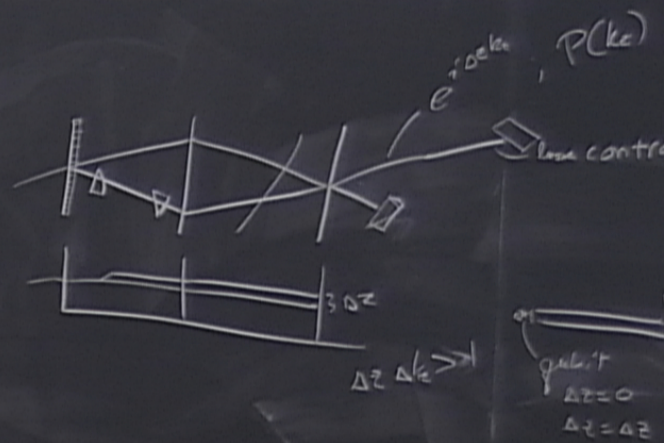


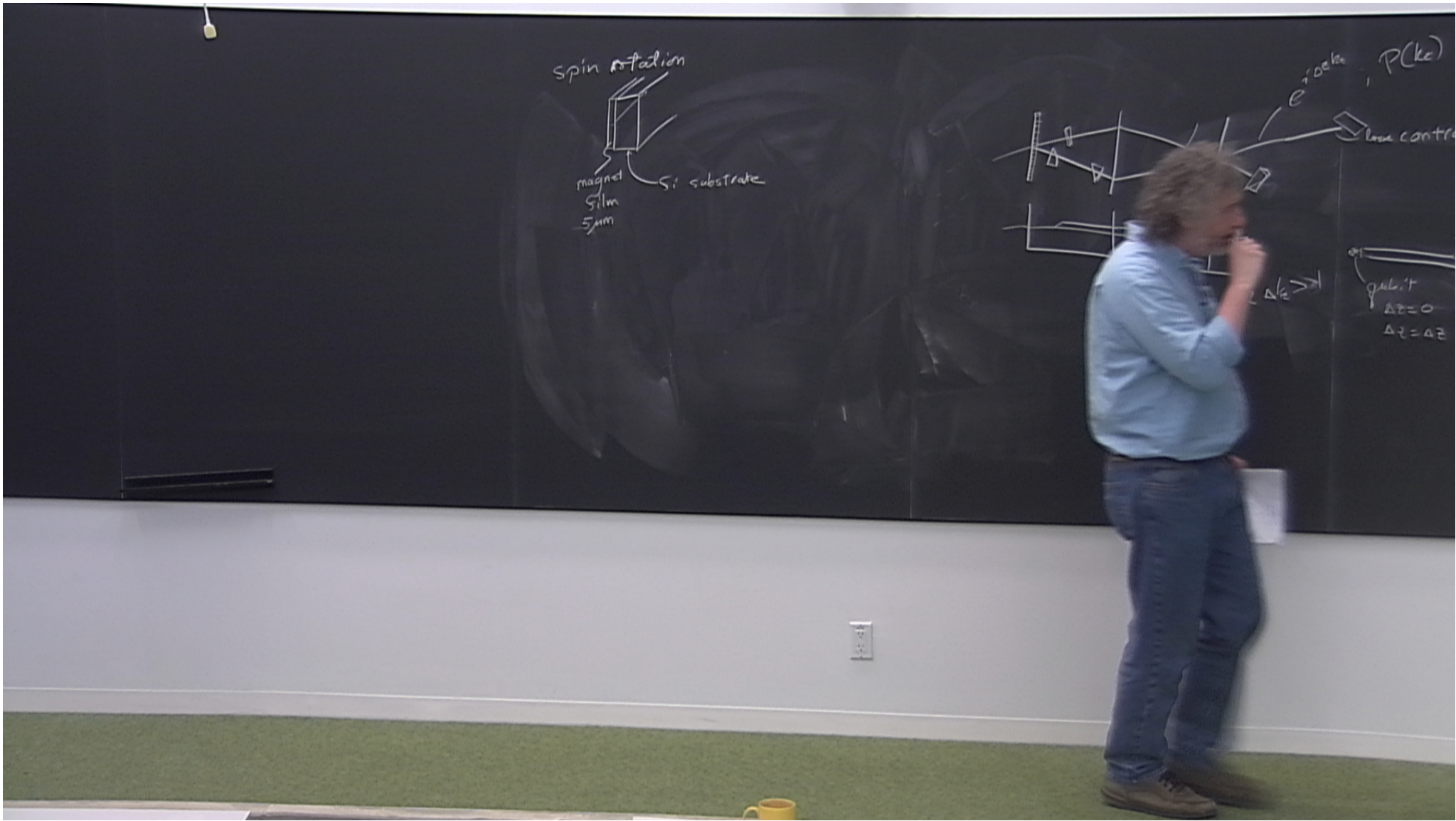
$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) |\uparrow\rangle \\
 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \otimes \left(\cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) |\uparrow\rangle + \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) |\downarrow\rangle \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

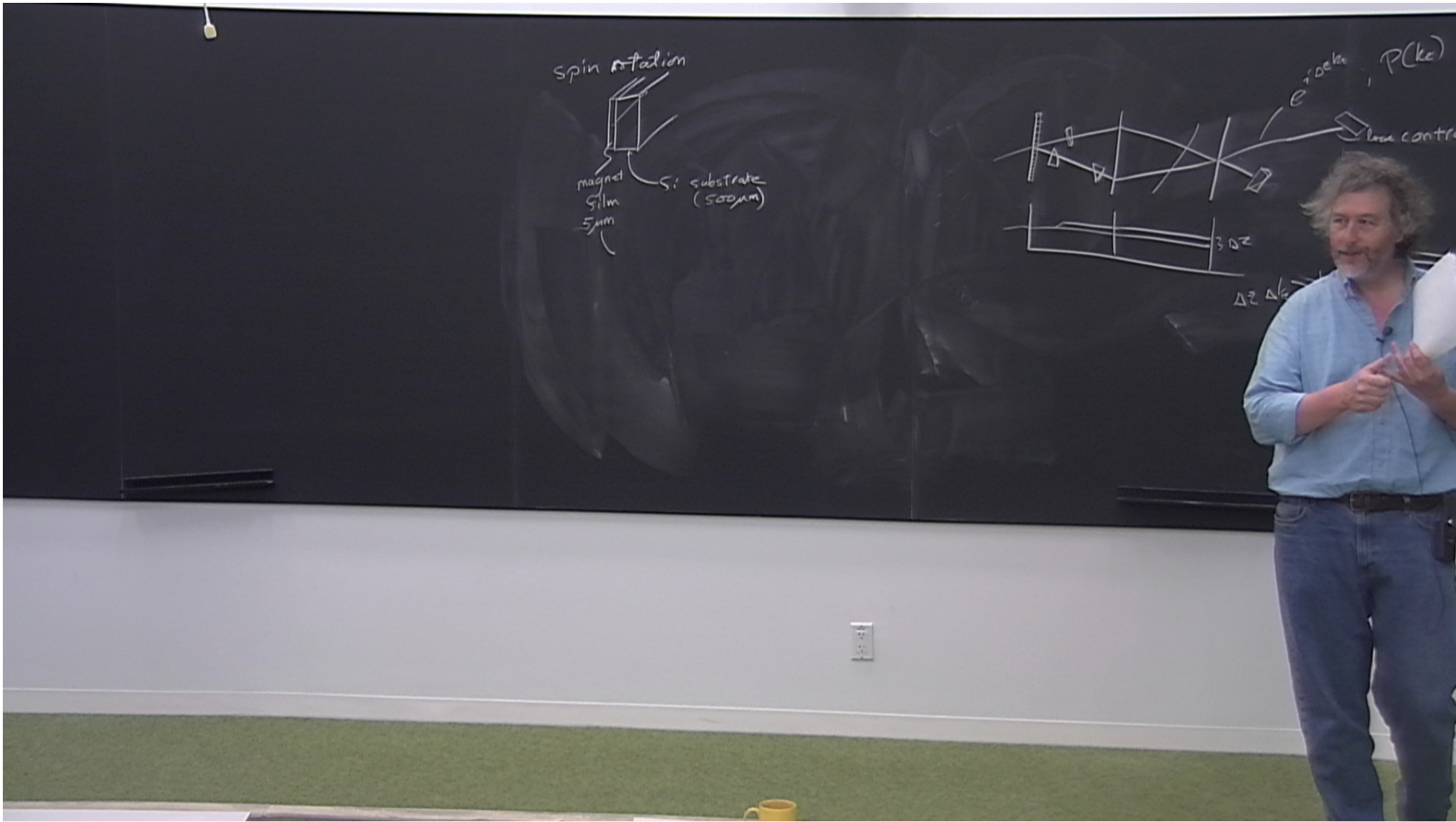
$$U_{\text{spin}} = |1\rangle\langle 1| \otimes \mathbb{I} + |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes e^{i\frac{\theta}{2}\sigma_x}$$

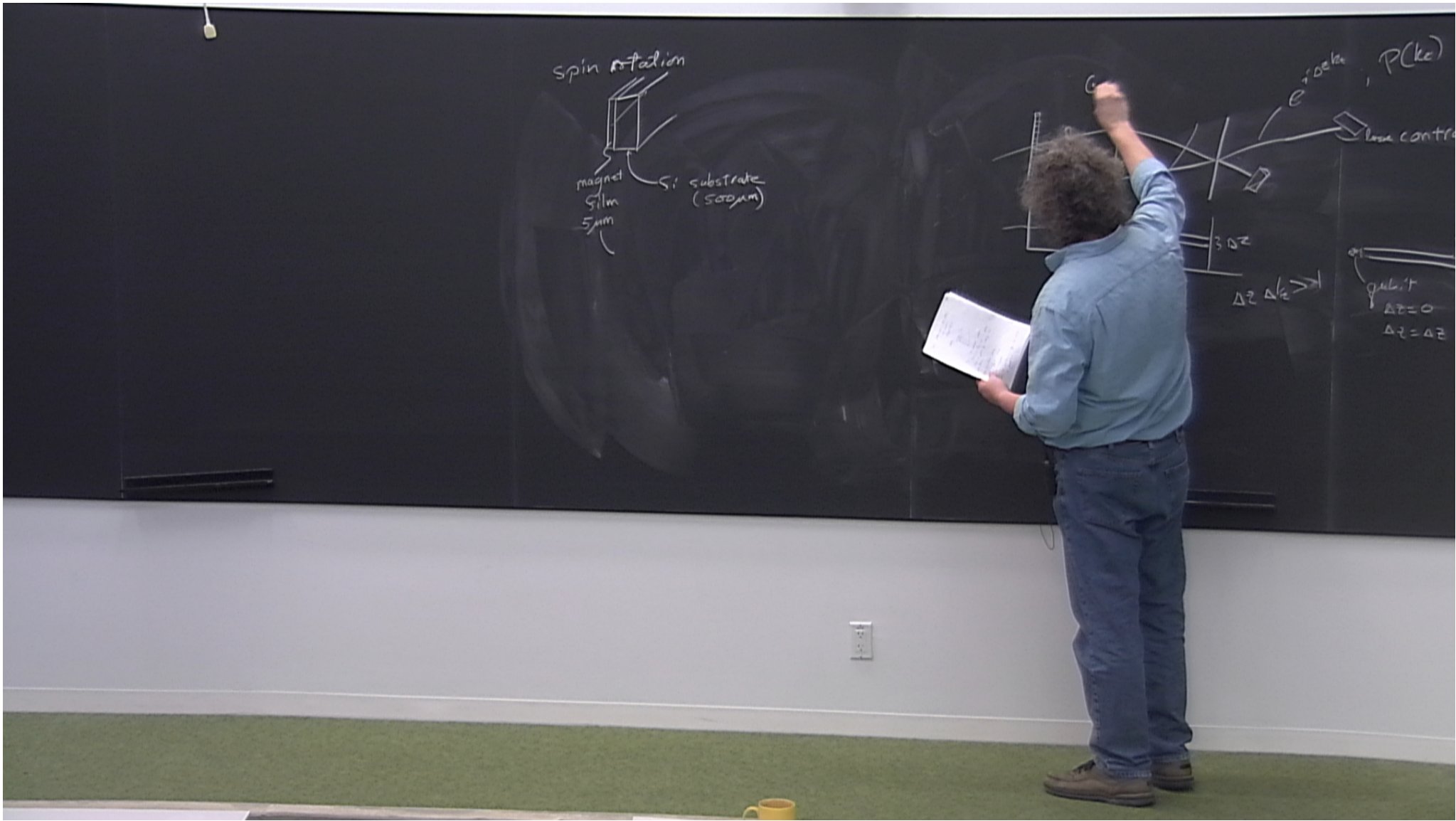


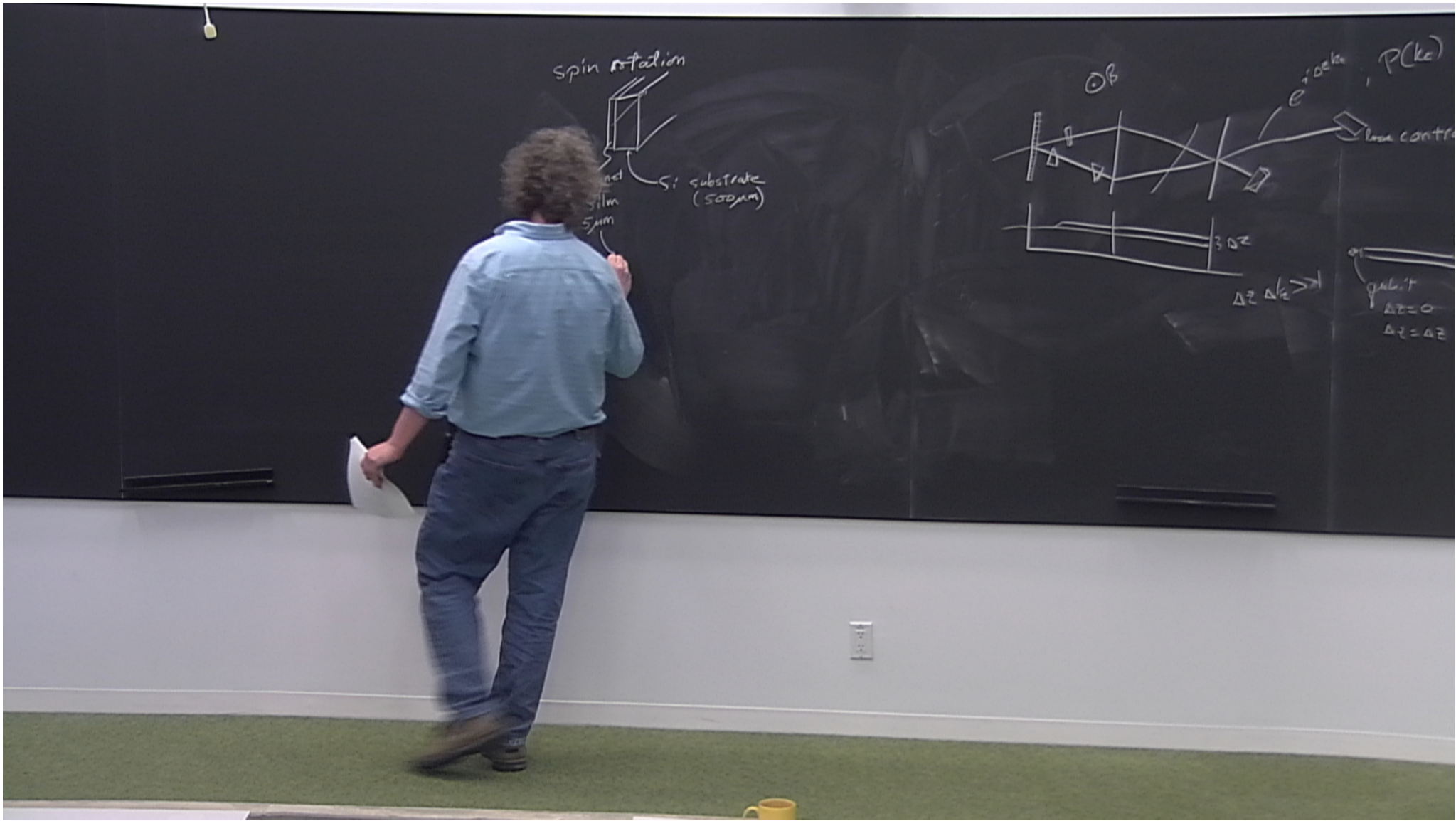
spin v

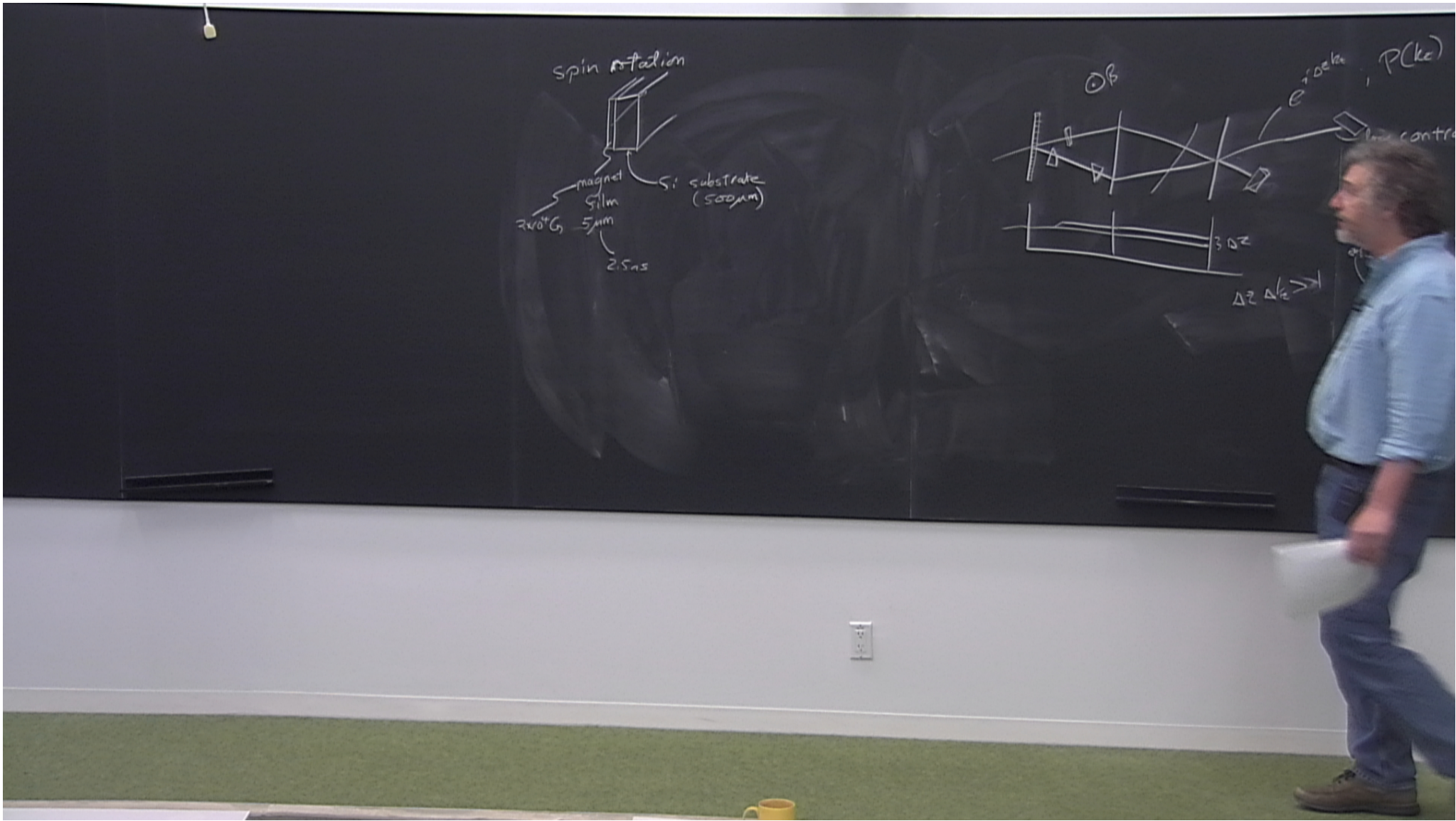


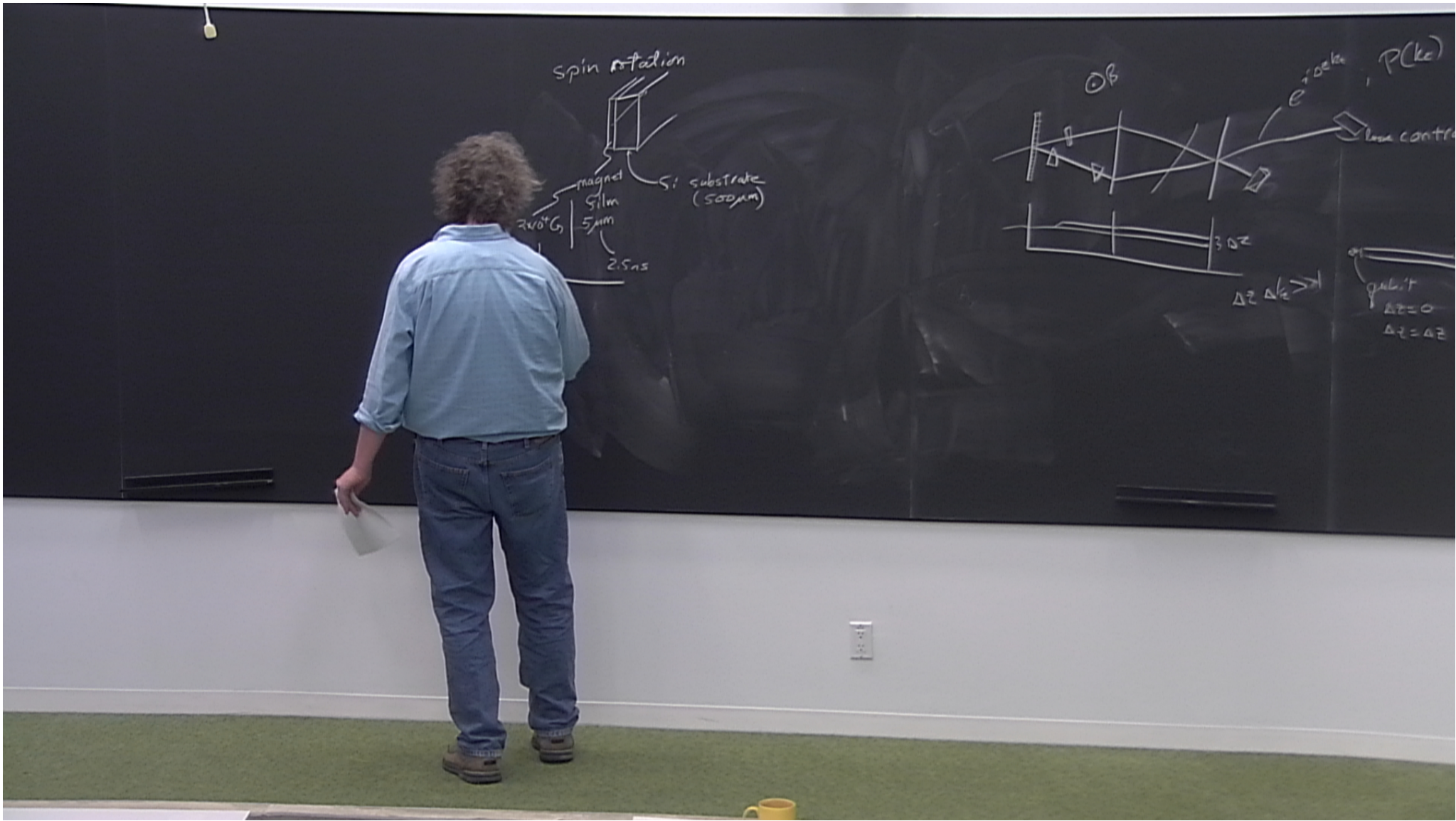


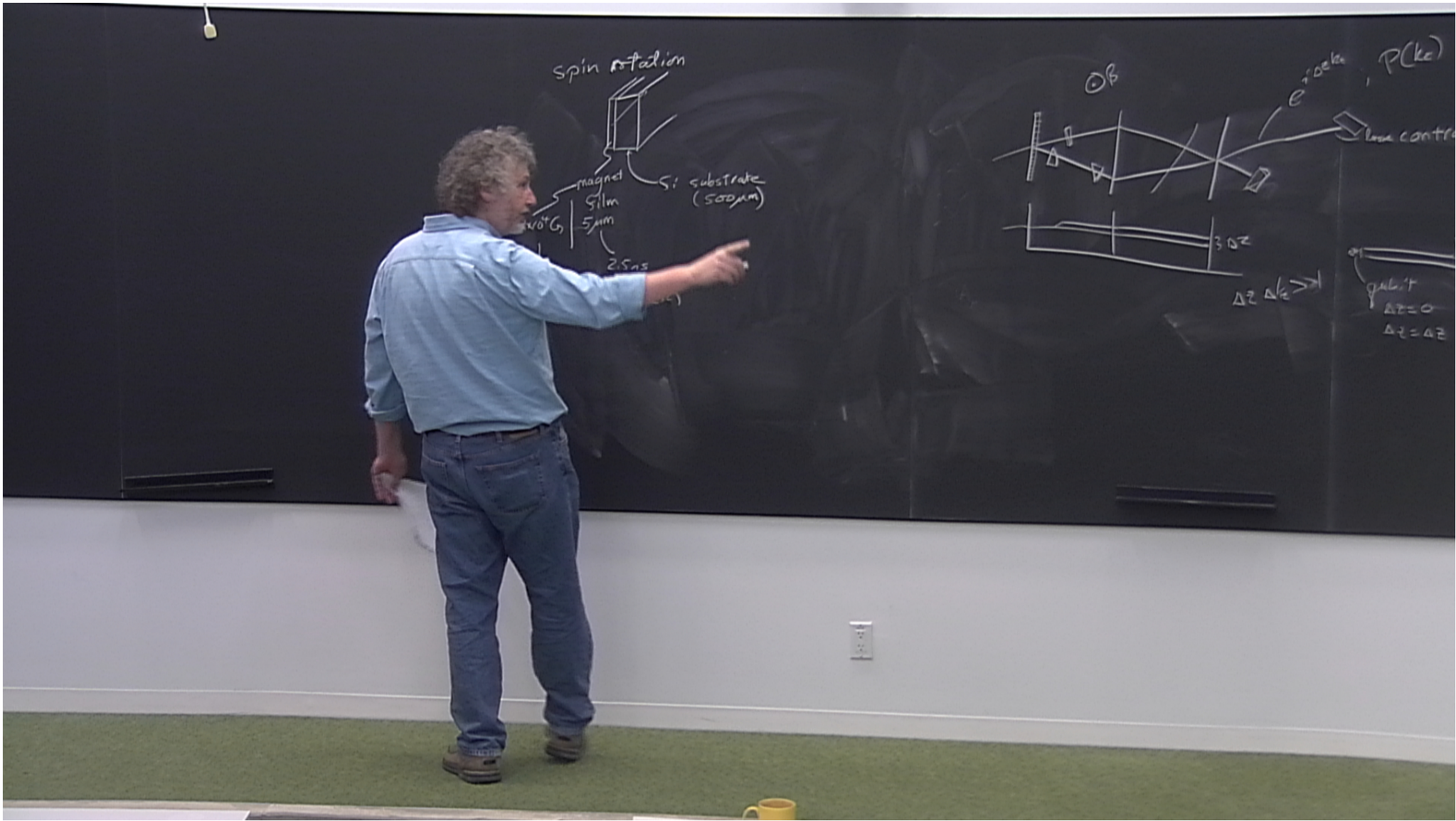


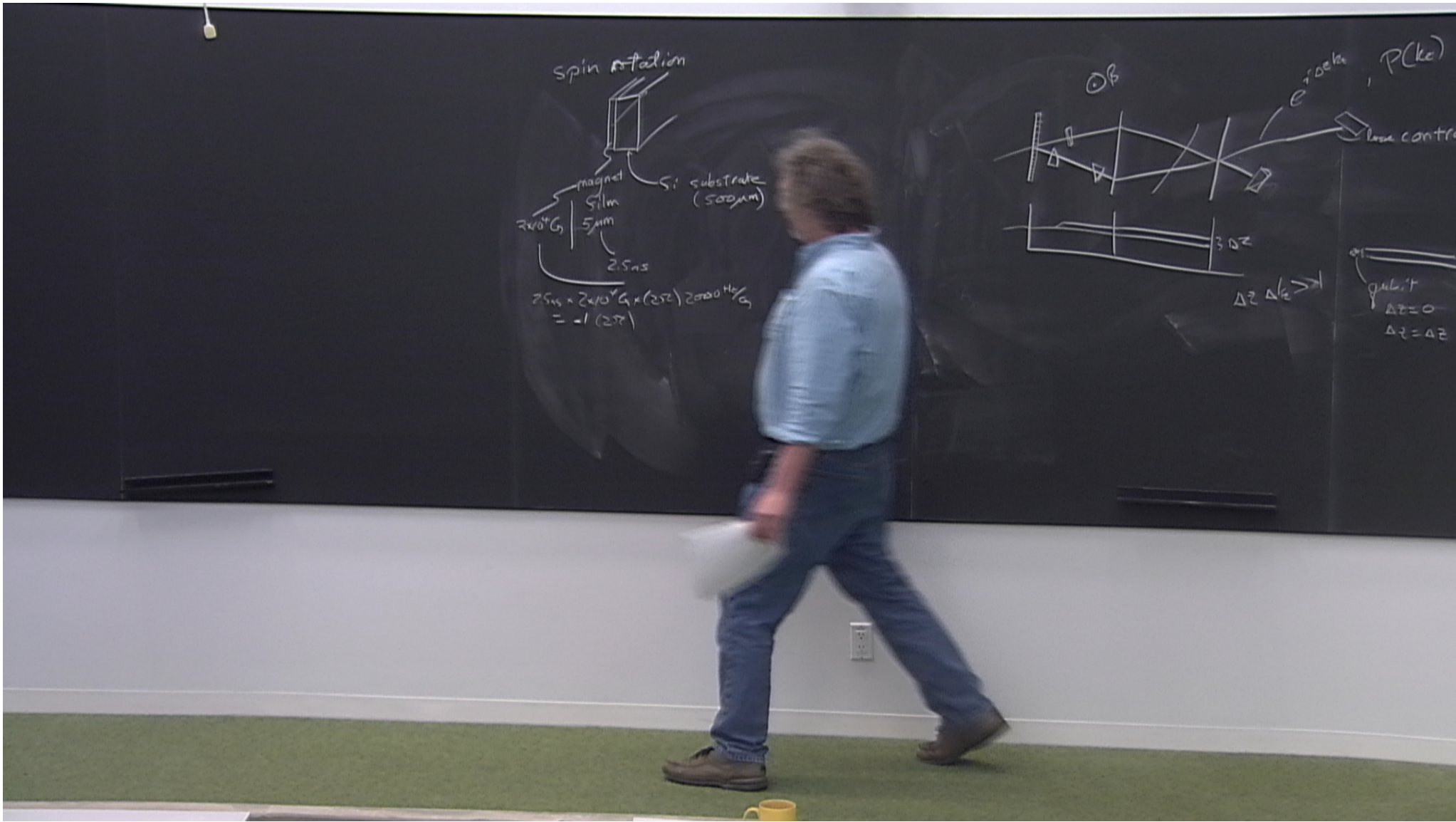


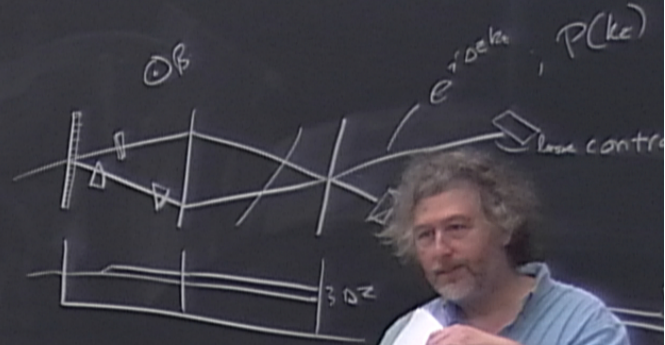
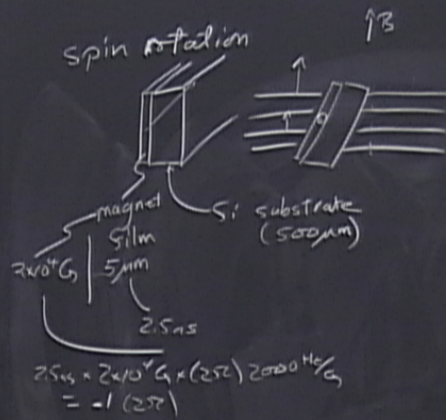
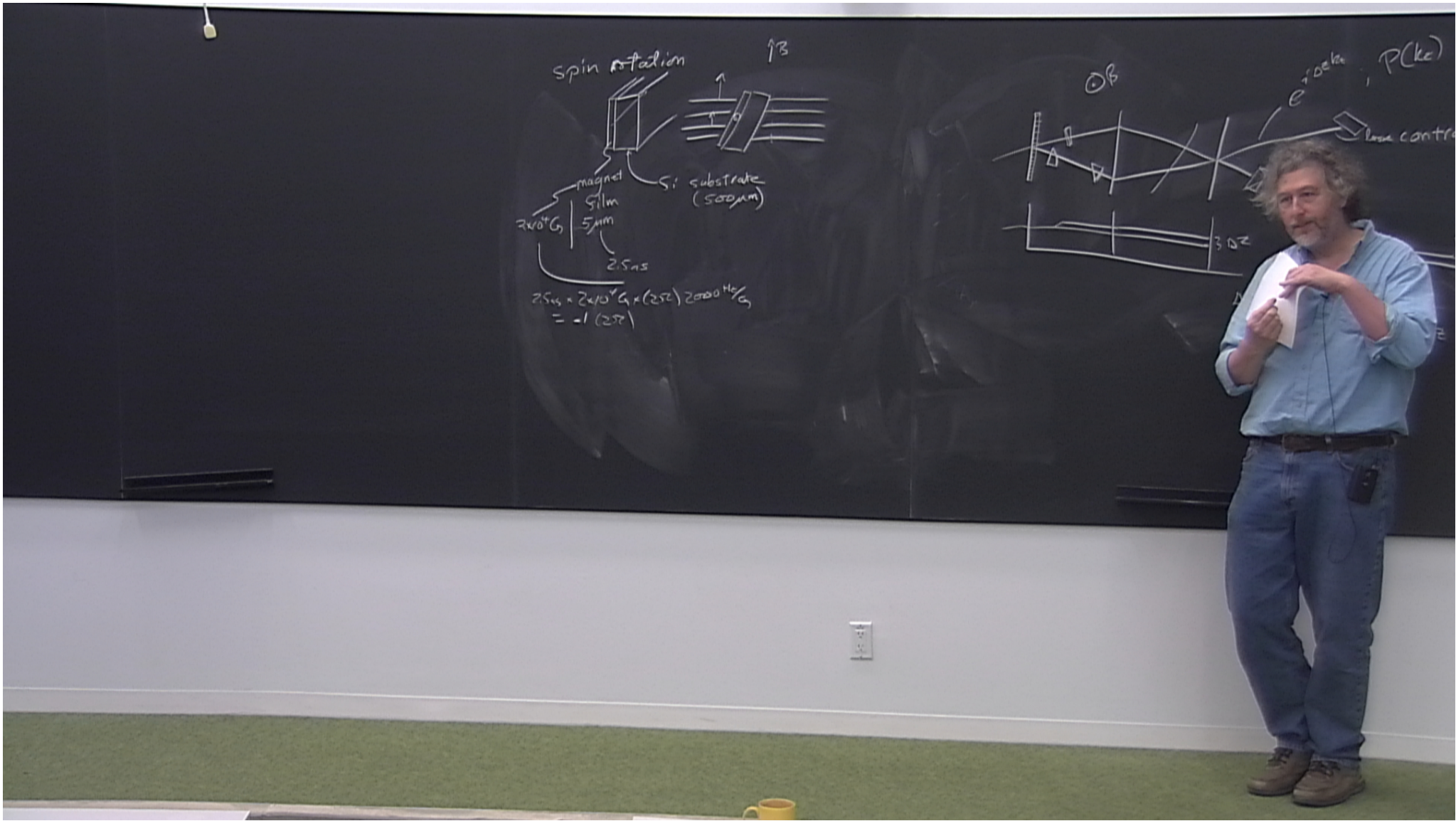


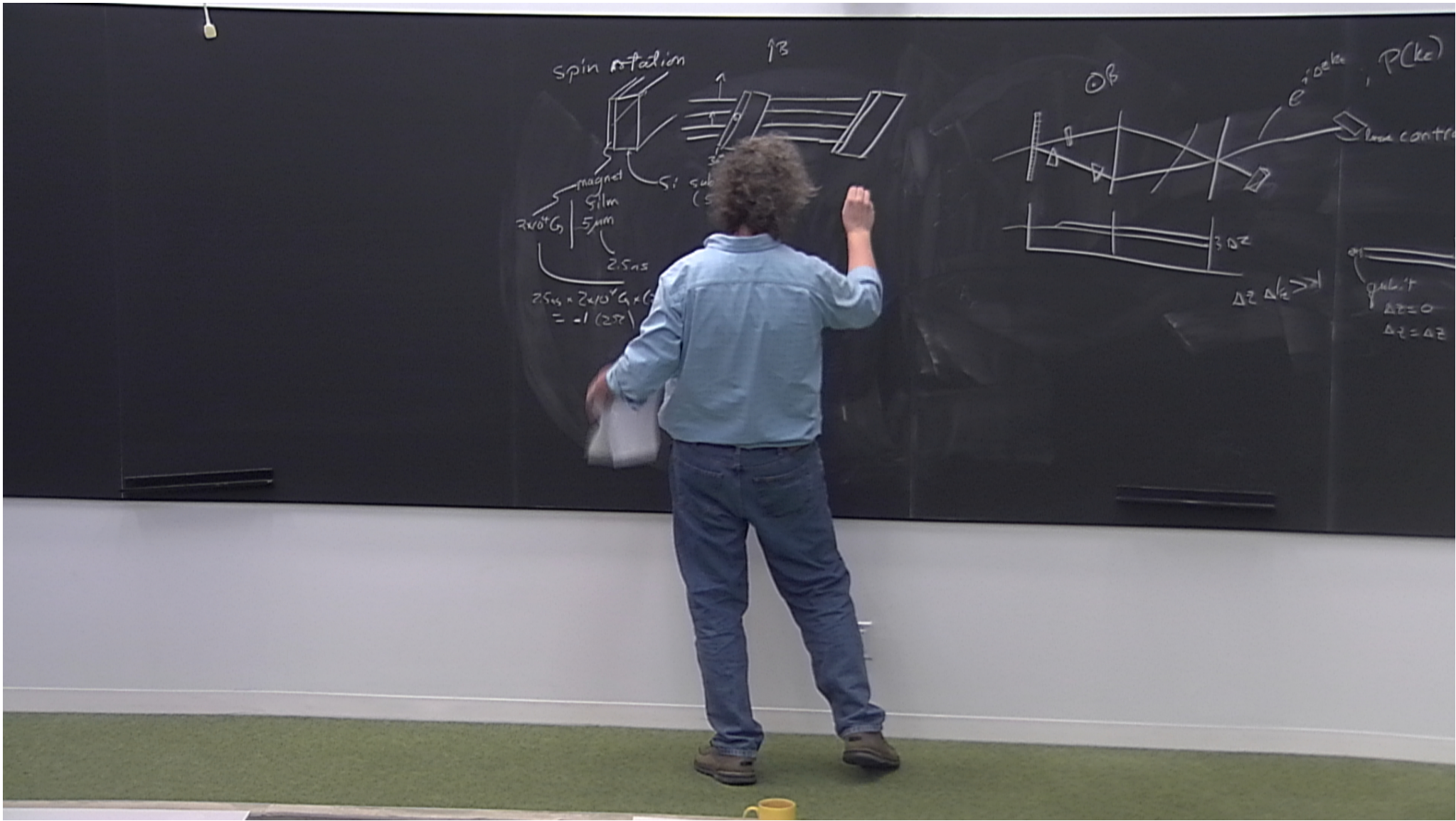


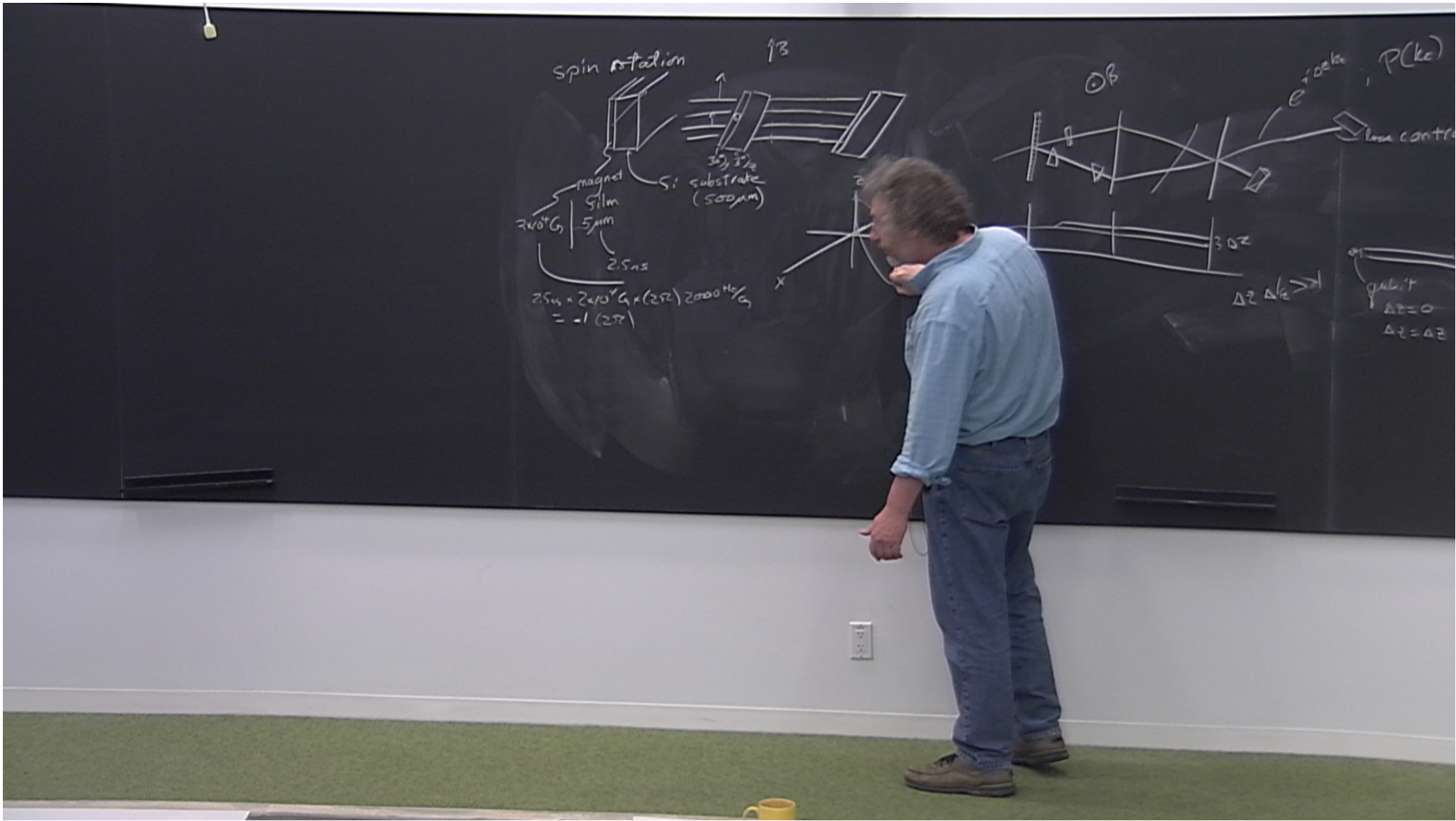












spin rotation

↑ B

magnet film
5 nm

Si substrate
(500 μm)

2.5 ns

$2.5 \text{ ns} = 2.4 \times 10^9 \text{ Hz} \times (2.5 \text{ ns}) = 2000 \text{ Hz}$
 $= -1 (2\pi)$

OB

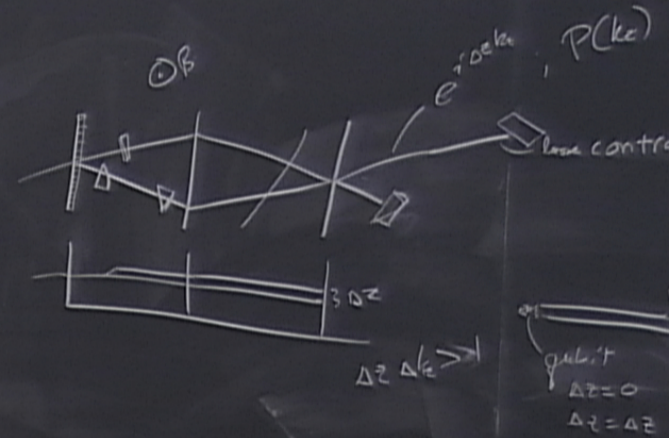
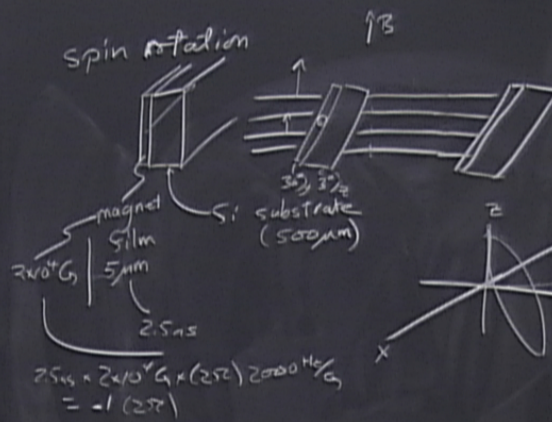
$e_i = \beta k_x$

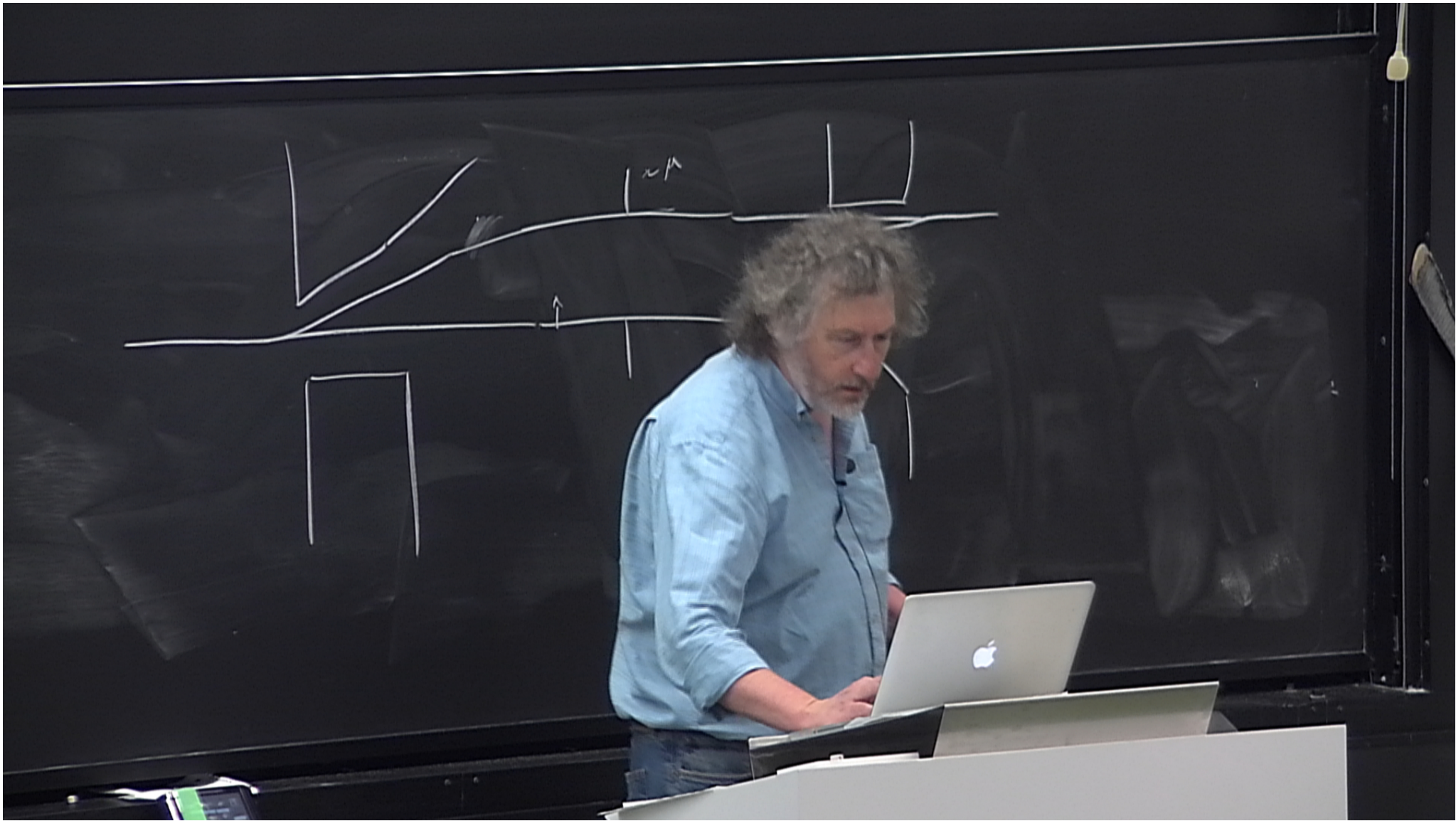
$P(k_x)$

loss control

$\Delta z \Delta k_x \gg 1$

qubit
 $\Delta z = 0$
 $\Delta z = \Delta z$





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QE Lec 6.nb composite films.nb

α

Out[17]=

The figure shows the trajectory of the magnetization. Note the thick lines correspond to the motion. The thin lines are just the nutation cones of +z (blue) and -z (red)

125%

100%

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QE Lec 6.nb composite films.nb

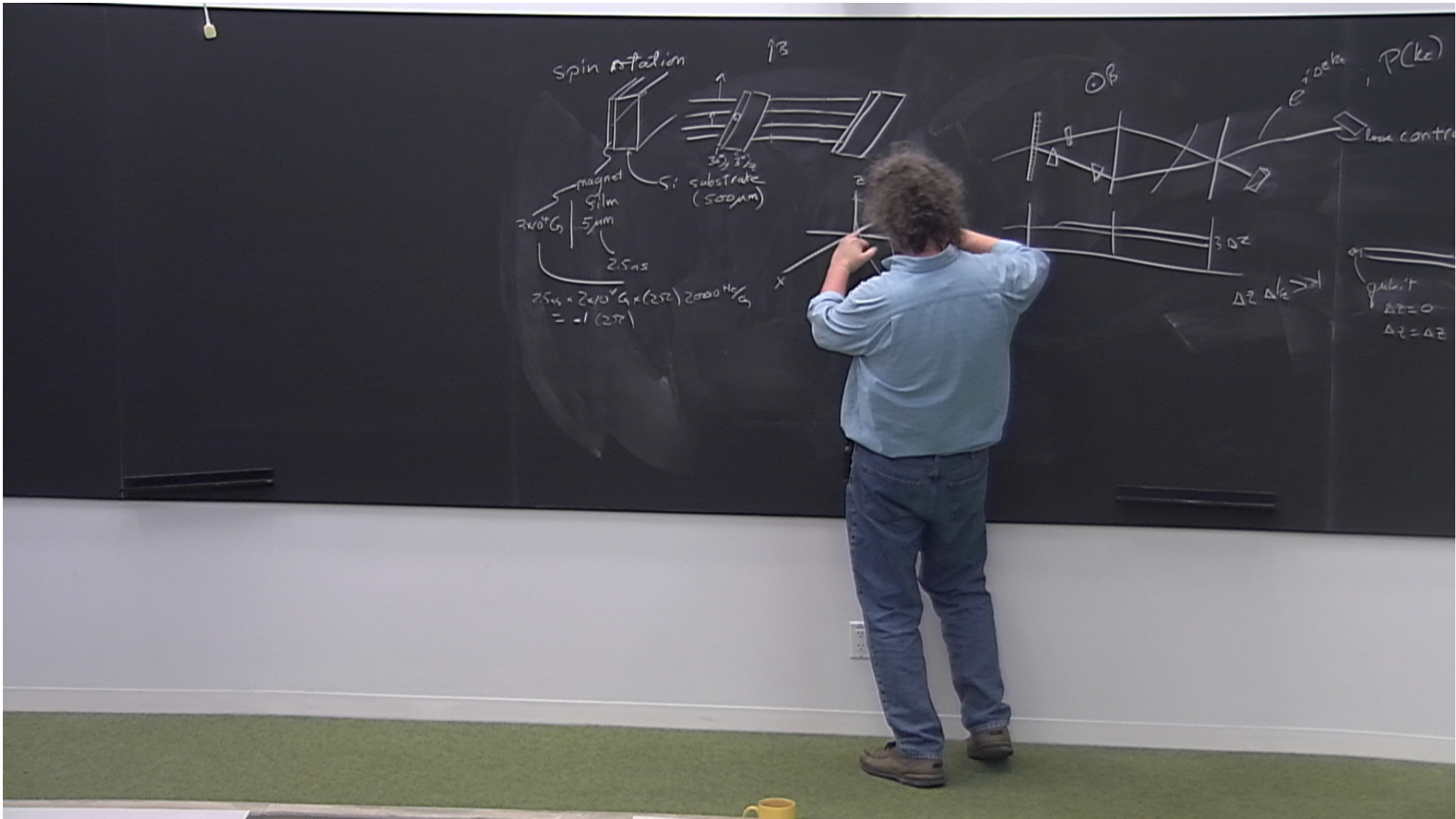
α

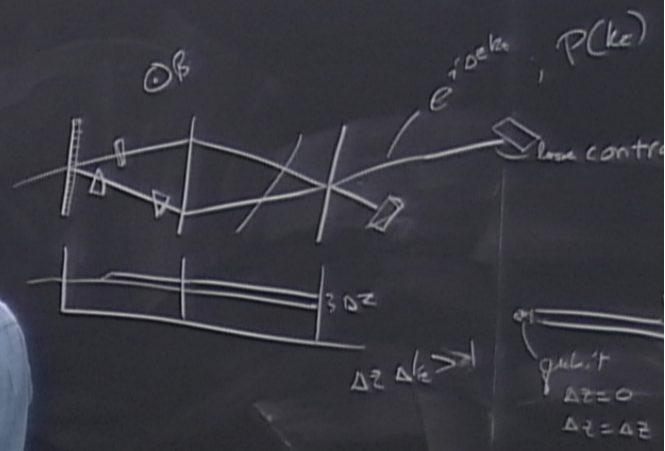
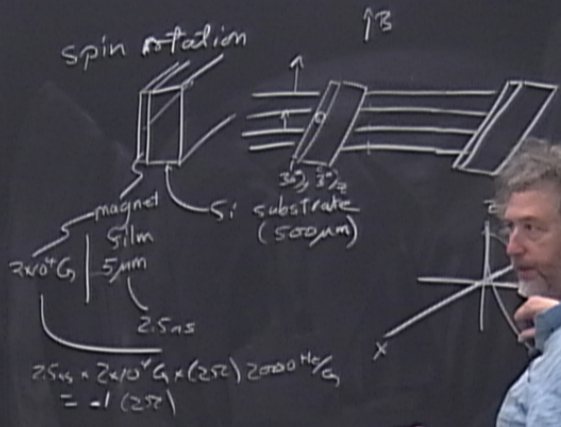
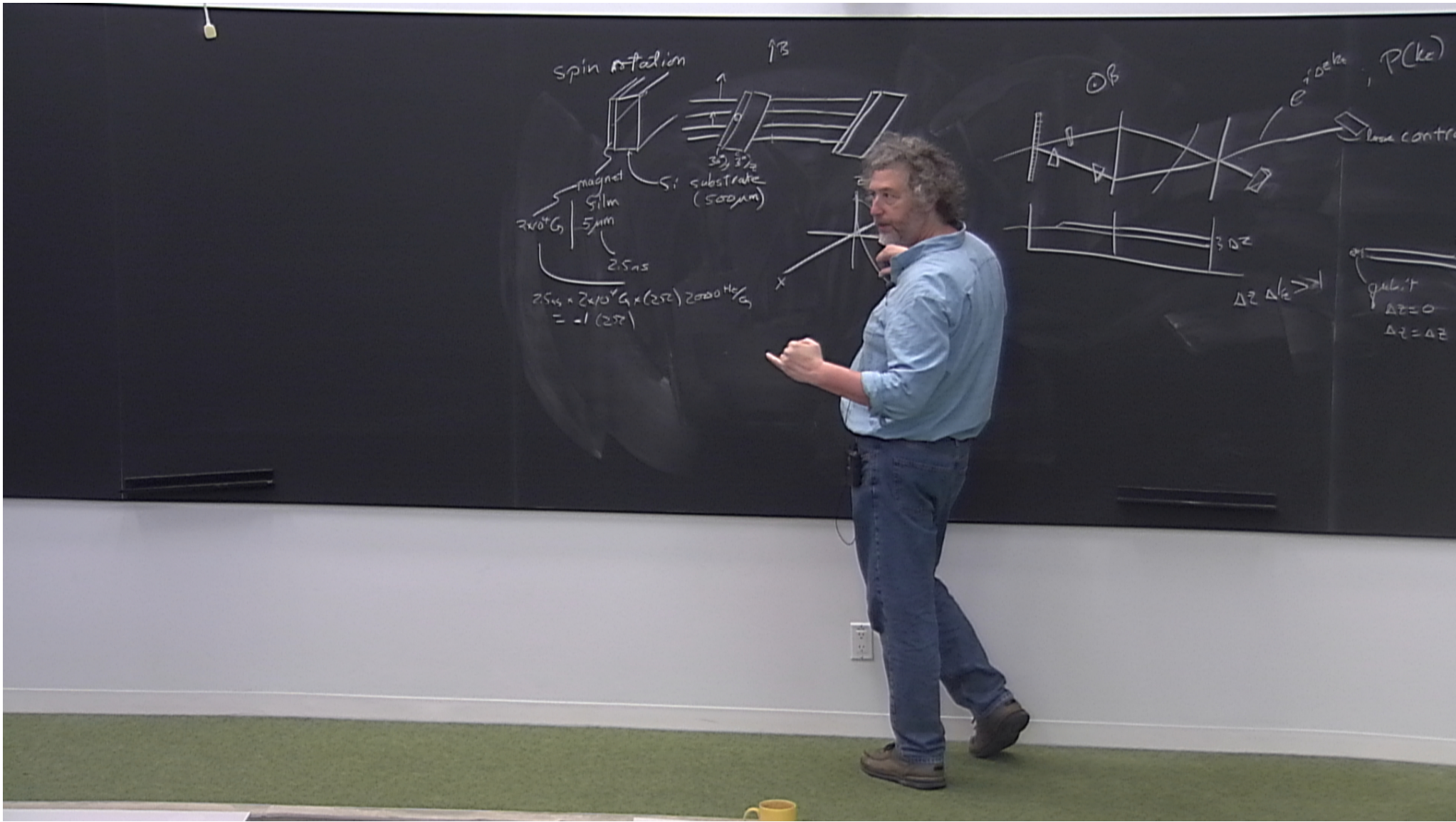
Out[17]=

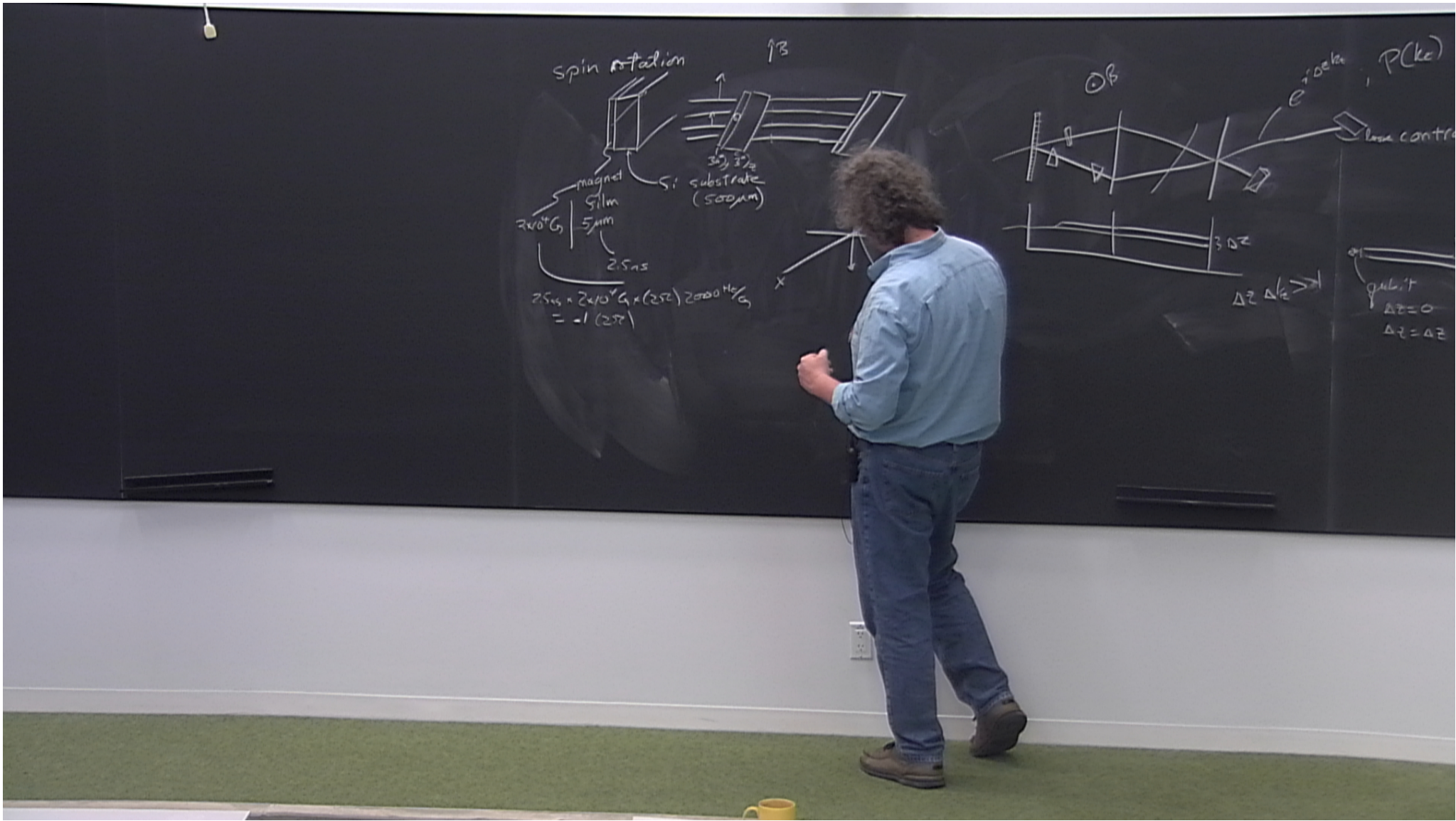
The figure shows the trajectory of the magnetization. Note the thick lines correspond to the motion. The thin lines are just the nutation cones of +z (blue) and -z (red)

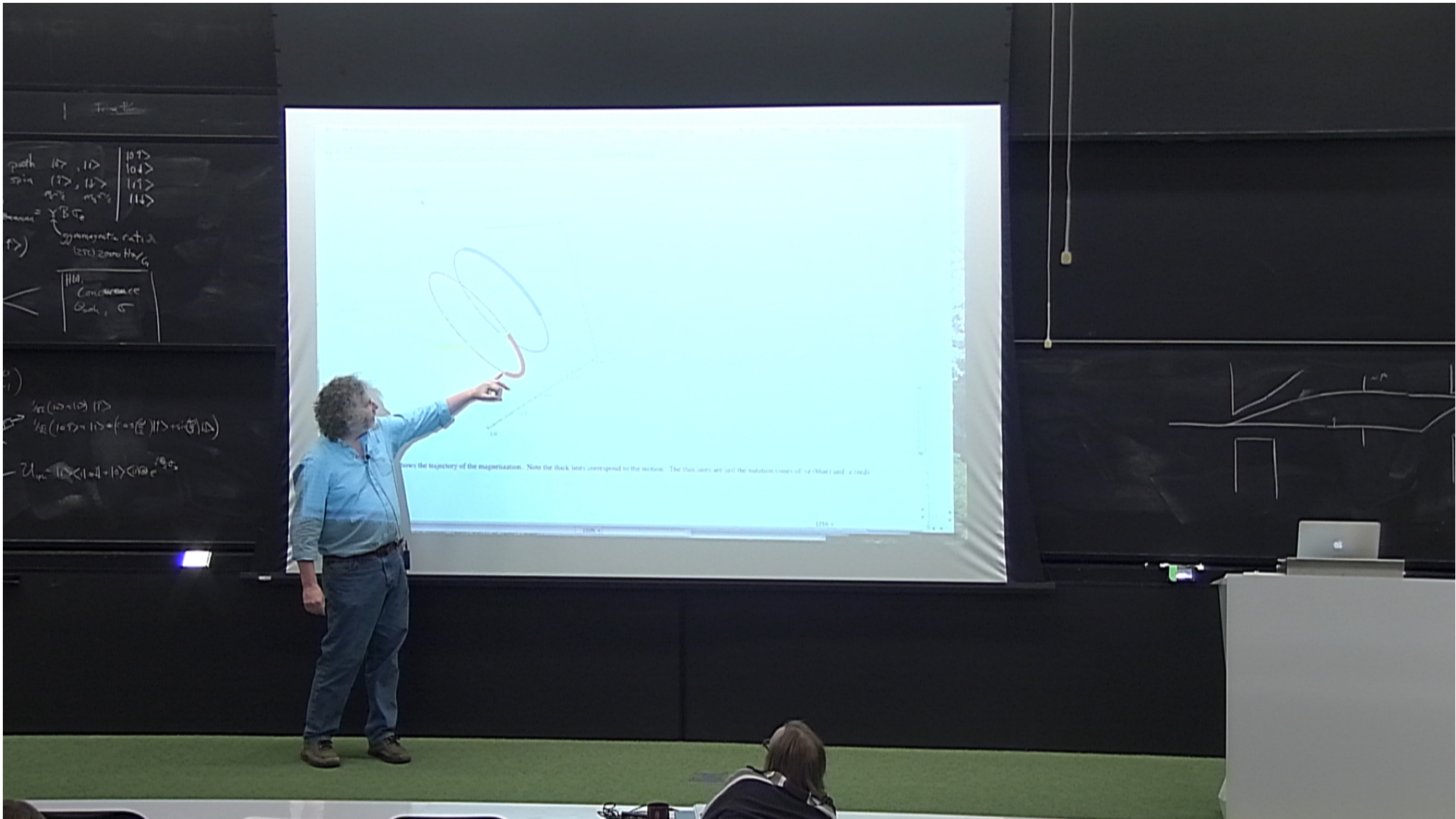
125%

100%





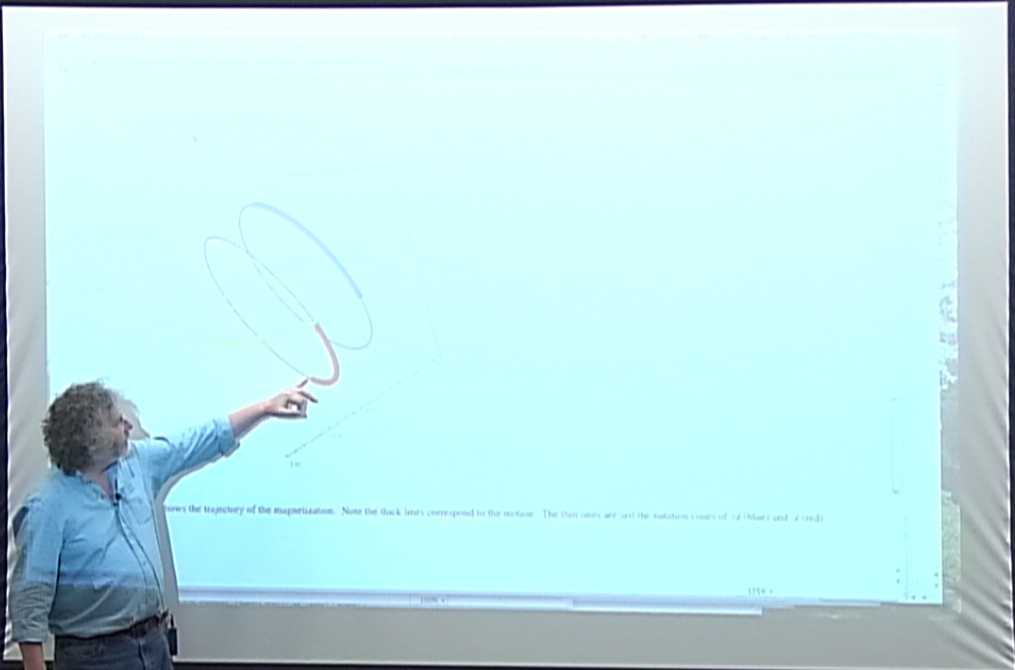




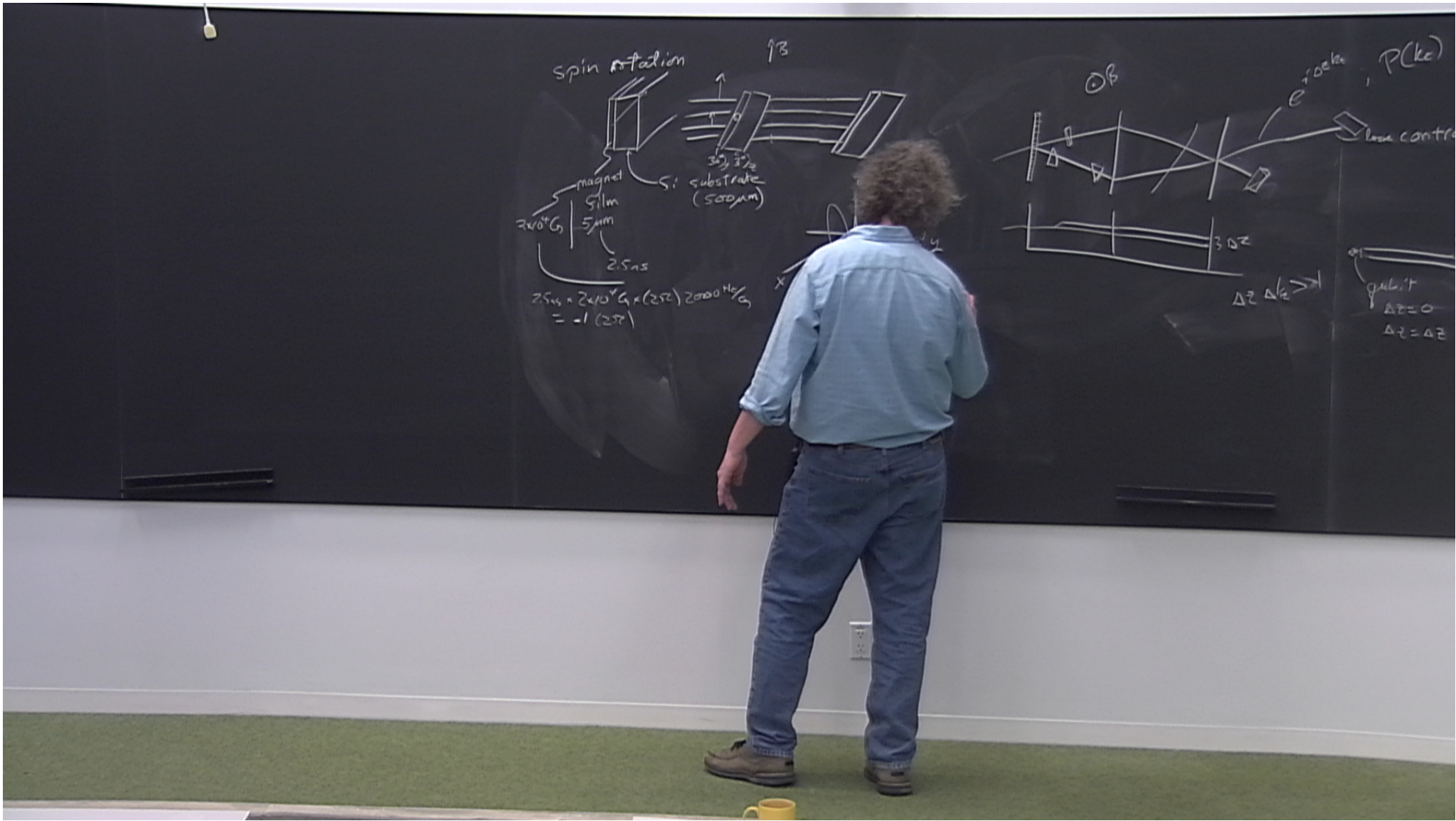
$\text{path } |0\rangle, |1\rangle \quad |0\rangle$
 $\text{spin } |1\rangle, |1\rangle \quad |1\rangle$
 $\quad \quad \quad |1\rangle \quad |1\rangle$
 $\quad \quad \quad |1\rangle \quad |1\rangle$
 $\text{magnetic field } \propto \mathbf{B} \cdot \mathbf{S}$
 symmetric ratio
 (or) zero H_x/H_y
 $\frac{H_x}{H_y}$
 Concurrence
 $\mathcal{O}(t), \mathcal{C}(t)$

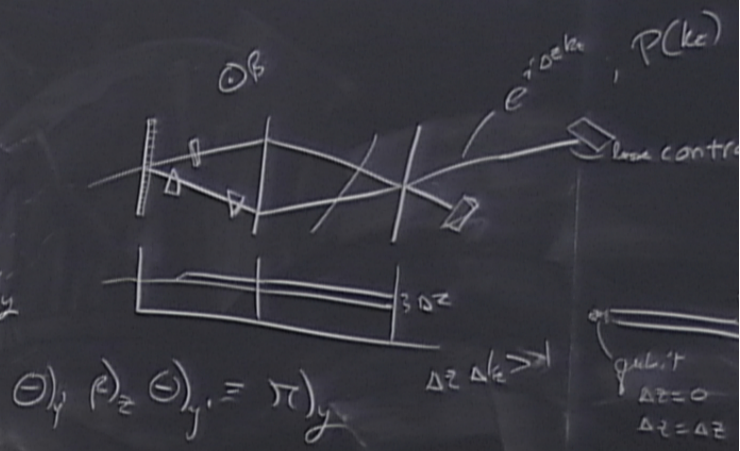
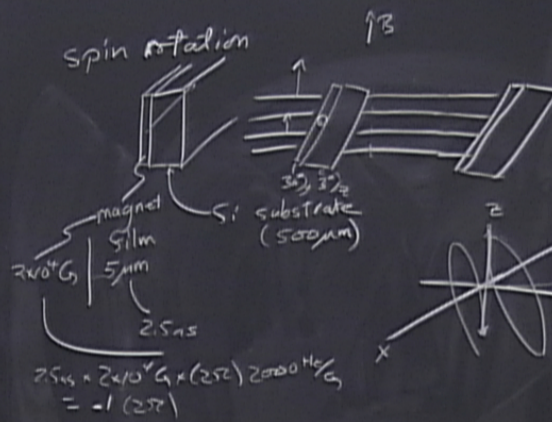
$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle)$
 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle - |1\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|\uparrow\rangle + i|\downarrow\rangle)$

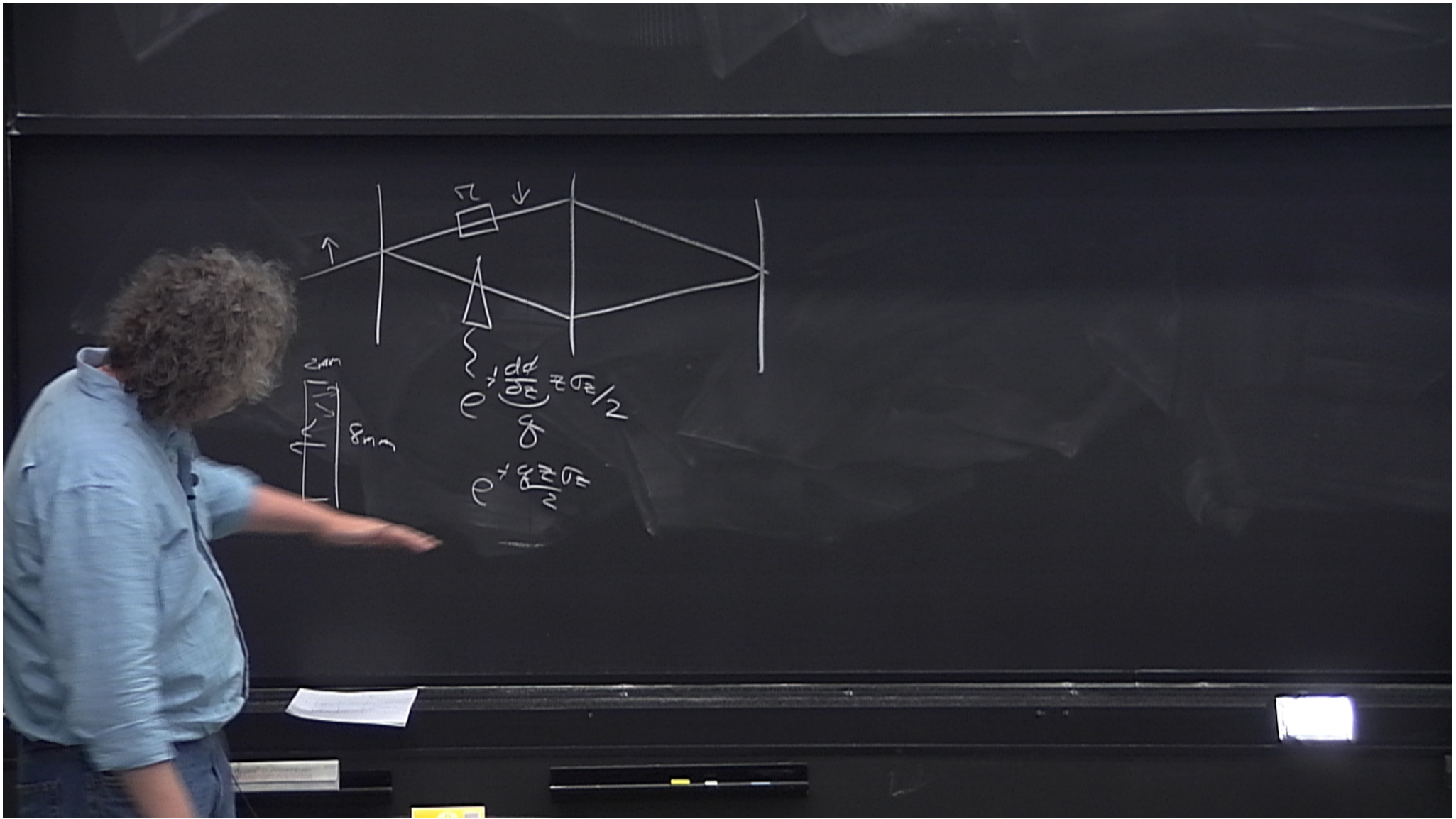
$U_{\text{pre}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|\uparrow\rangle + |\downarrow\rangle) \langle 0| \otimes e^{i\phi}$

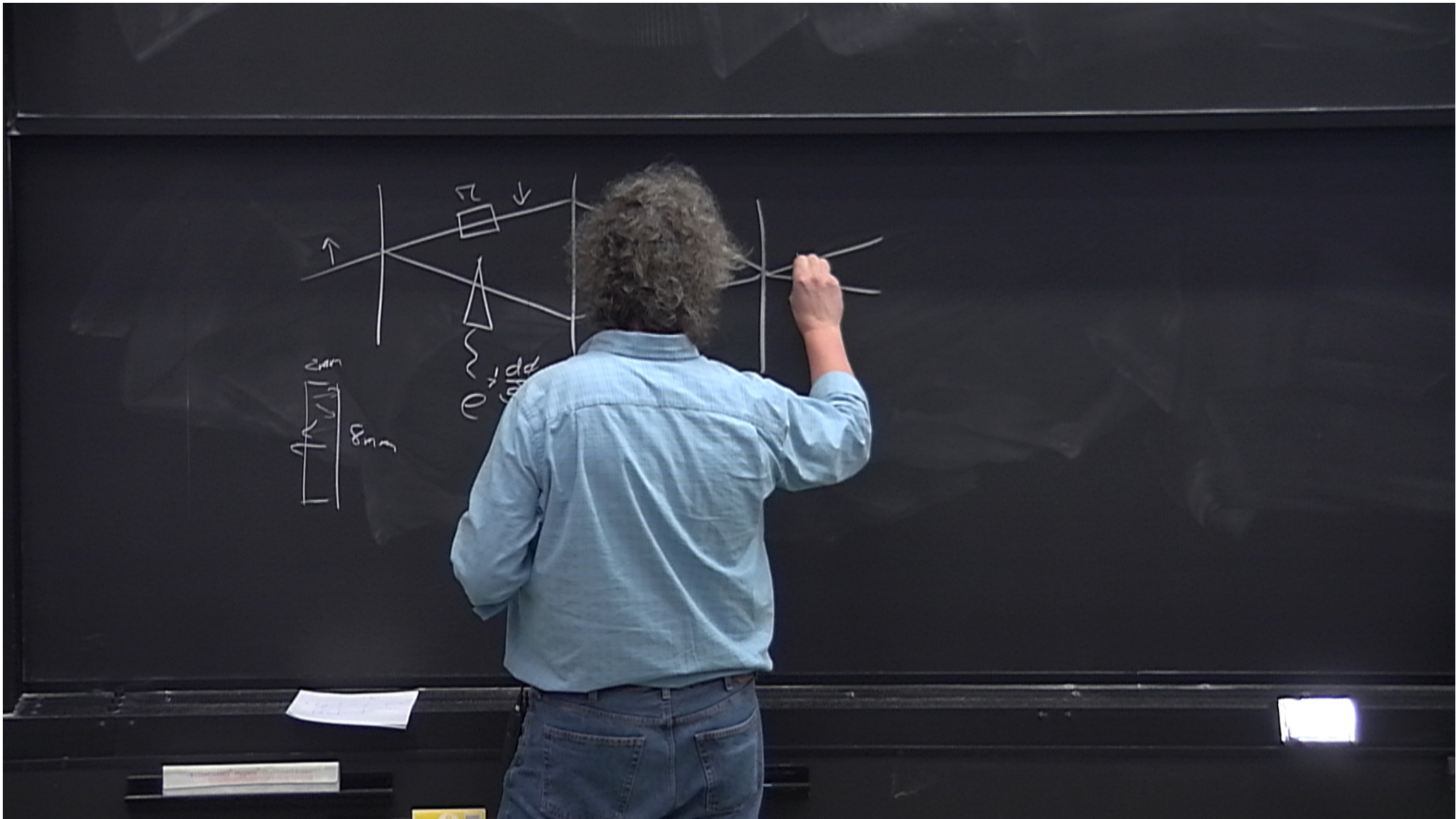


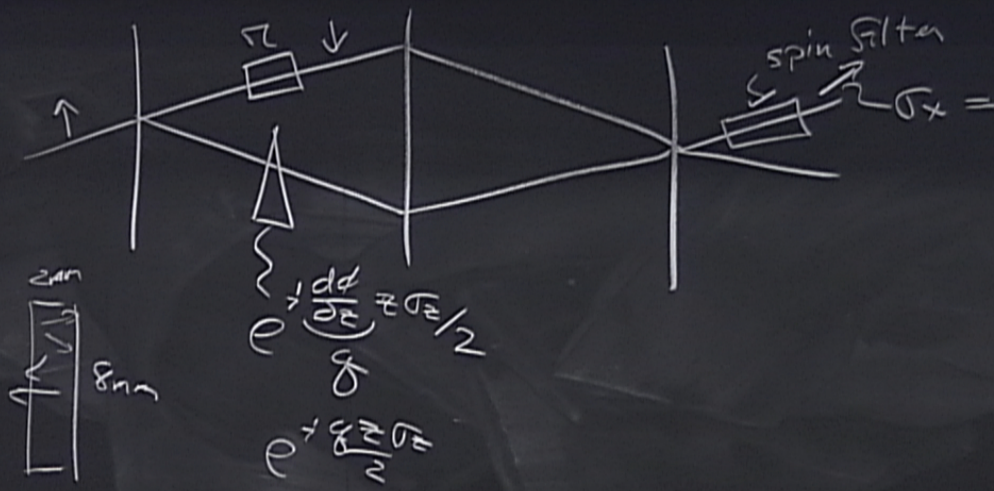
$\mathbf{H} = H_x \hat{x} + H_y \hat{y} + H_z \hat{z}$
 $\mathbf{M} = M_x \hat{x} + M_y \hat{y} + M_z \hat{z}$
 $\dot{\mathbf{M}} = \mathbf{M} \times \mathbf{H}$
 $\dot{\mathbf{M}} = \mathbf{M} \times \mathbf{H} + \alpha \mathbf{M} \times \dot{\mathbf{M}}$











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```

Out[21]= {{1/√2, 0, -1/√2, 0}, {0, 1, 0, 0}, {1/√2, 0, 1/√2, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 1}}

In[23]:= Uspin = MatrixExp[I (π/2) KroneckerProduct[Ep, PauliMatrix[1]]]
Out[23]= {{0, i, 0, 0}, {i, 0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 1, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 1}}

In[24]:= Uspini = MatrixExp[-I (π/2) KroneckerProduct[Ep, PauliMatrix[1]]]
Out[24]= {{0, -i, 0, 0}, {-i, 0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 1, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 1}}

Uphase[a_] := MatrixExp[I (a/2) KroneckerProduct[PauliMatrix[1], Ep]]

In[26]:= Uphasei[a_] := MatrixExp[-I (a/2) KroneckerProduct[PauliMatrix[1], Ep]]

In[28]:= Umir = MatrixExp[I (π/2) KroneckerProduct[PauliMatrix[1], Ep]]
Out[28]= {{0, 0, i, 0}, {0, 1, 0, 0}, {i, 0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 1}}

In[29]:= Umiri = MatrixExp[-I (π/2) KroneckerProduct[PauliMatrix[1], Ep]]
Out[29]= {{0, 0, -i, 0}, {0, 1, 0, 0}, {-i, 0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 1}}

In[30]:= rout[a_] := Ub . Umir . Uspin . Uphase[a] . Ub . rin . Ubi . Uphasei[a] . Uspin . Umir . Ub

In[32]:= Simplify[rout[a]] // MatrixForm
Out[32]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$


```

150%

125%

100%

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```

In[29]:= Umiri = MatrixExp[-I (π / 2) KroneckerProduct[PauliMatrix[1], Ep]]
Out[29]= {{0, 0, -i, 0}, {0, 1, 0, 0}, {-i, 0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 1}}

In[30]:= rout[a_] := Ub . Umir . Uspin . Uphase[a] . Ub . rin . Ubi . Uphasei[a] . Uspin . Umir . Ub
In[32]:= Simplify[rout[a]] // MatrixForm
Out[32]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$


In[34]:= Ub // MatrixForm
Out[34]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$


```

150%

125%

100%

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In[29]:= `Umiri = MatrixExp[-I (π / 2) KroneckerProduct[PauliMatrix[1], Ep]]`

Out[29]= `{{0, 0, -i, 0}, {0, 1, 0, 0}, {-i, 0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0, 1}}`

In[30]:= `rouT[a_] := Ub . Umir . Uspin . Uphase[a] . Ub . rin . Ubi . Uphasei[a] . Uspin . Umir . Ub`

In[32]:= `Simplify[rouT[a]] // MatrixForm`

Out[32]/MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[34]:= `Ub // MatrixForm`

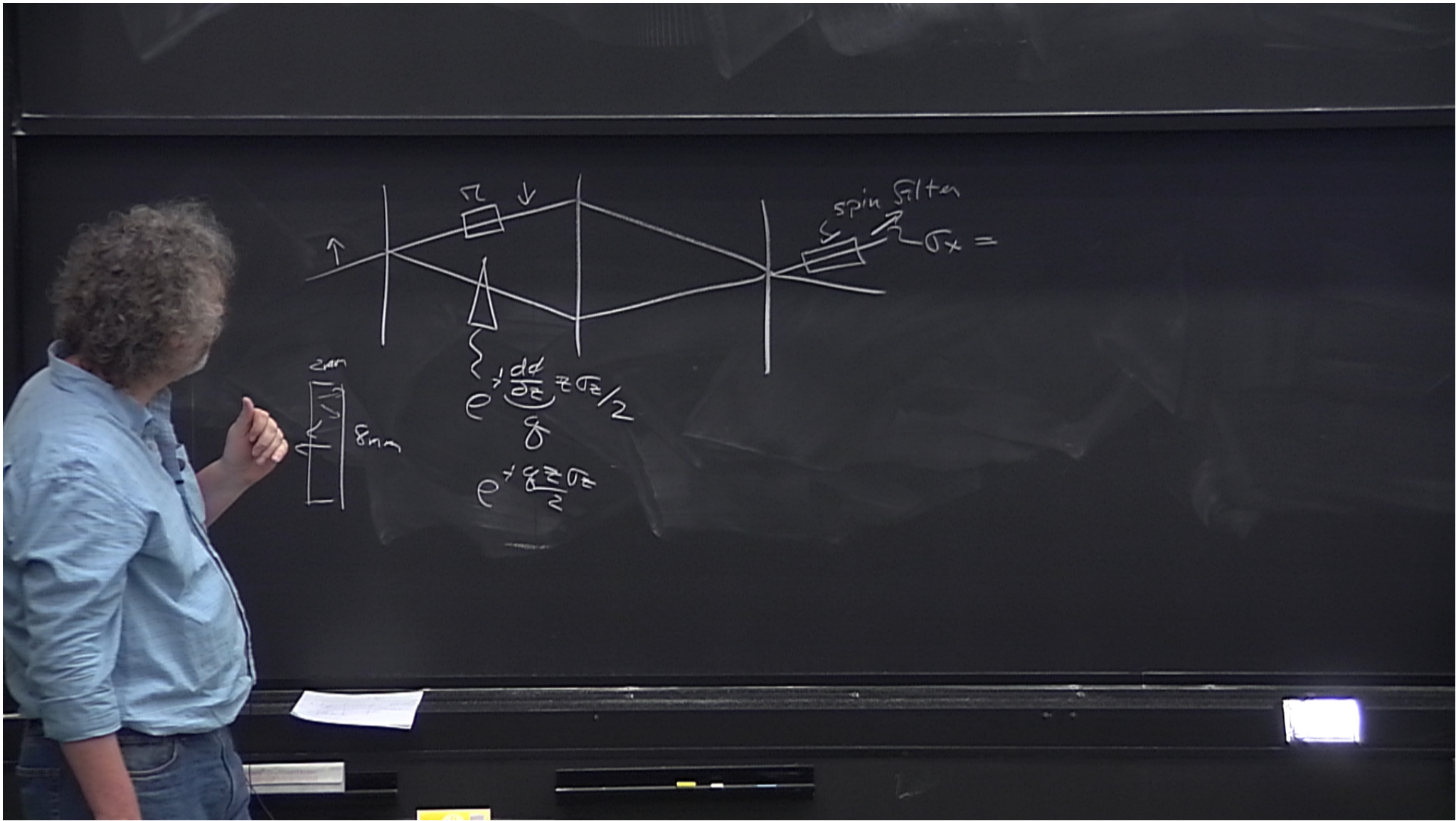
Out[34]/MatrixForm=

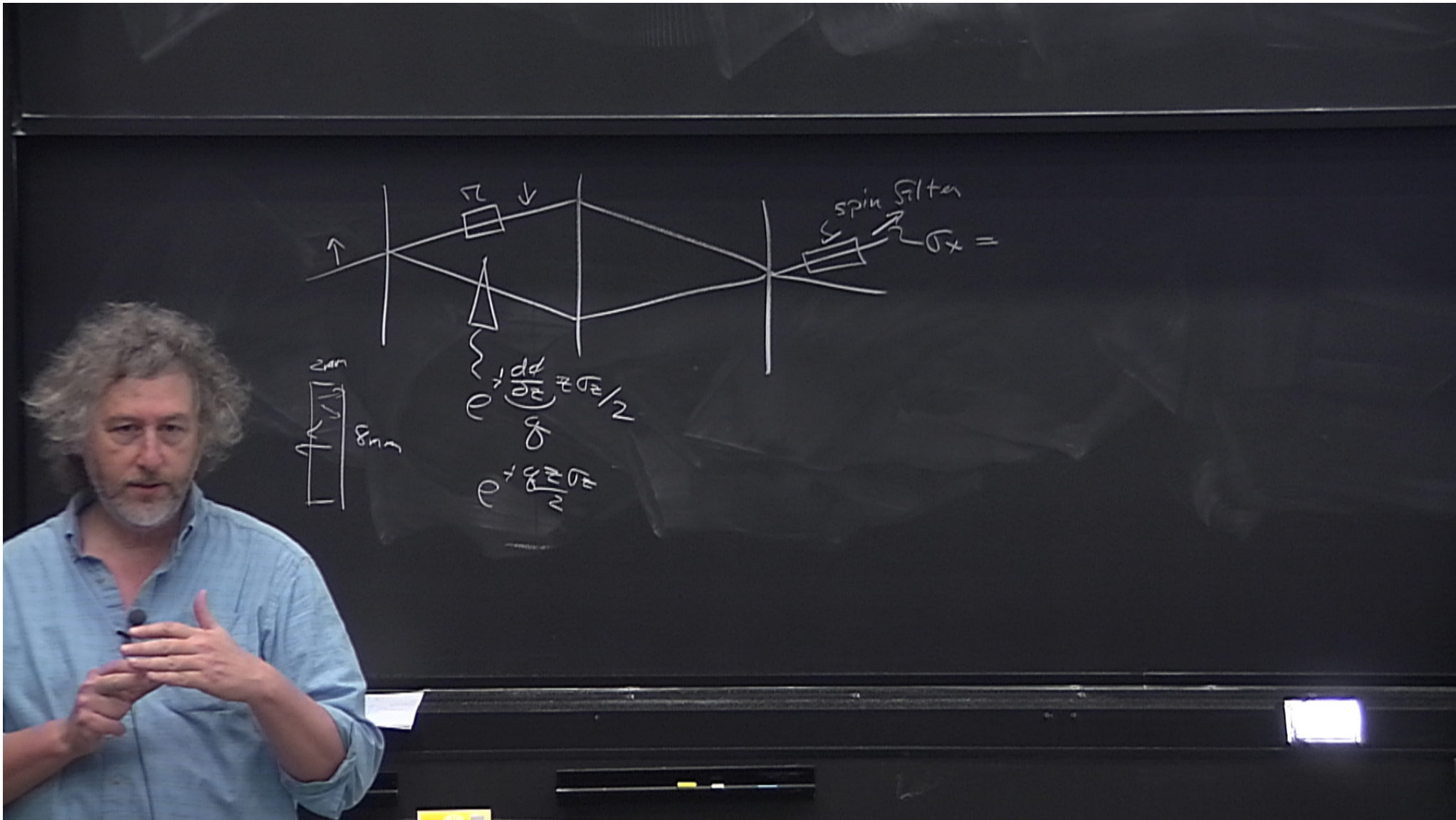
$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

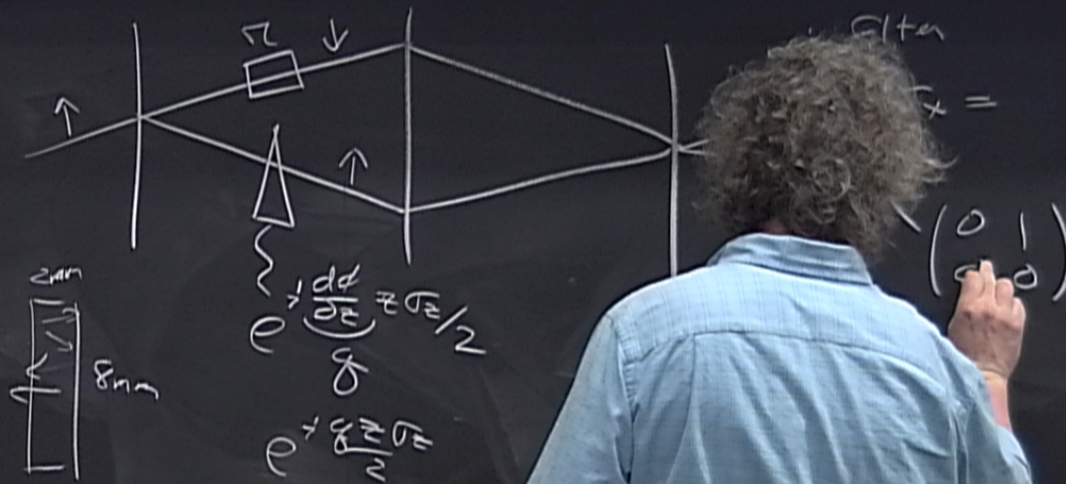
150%

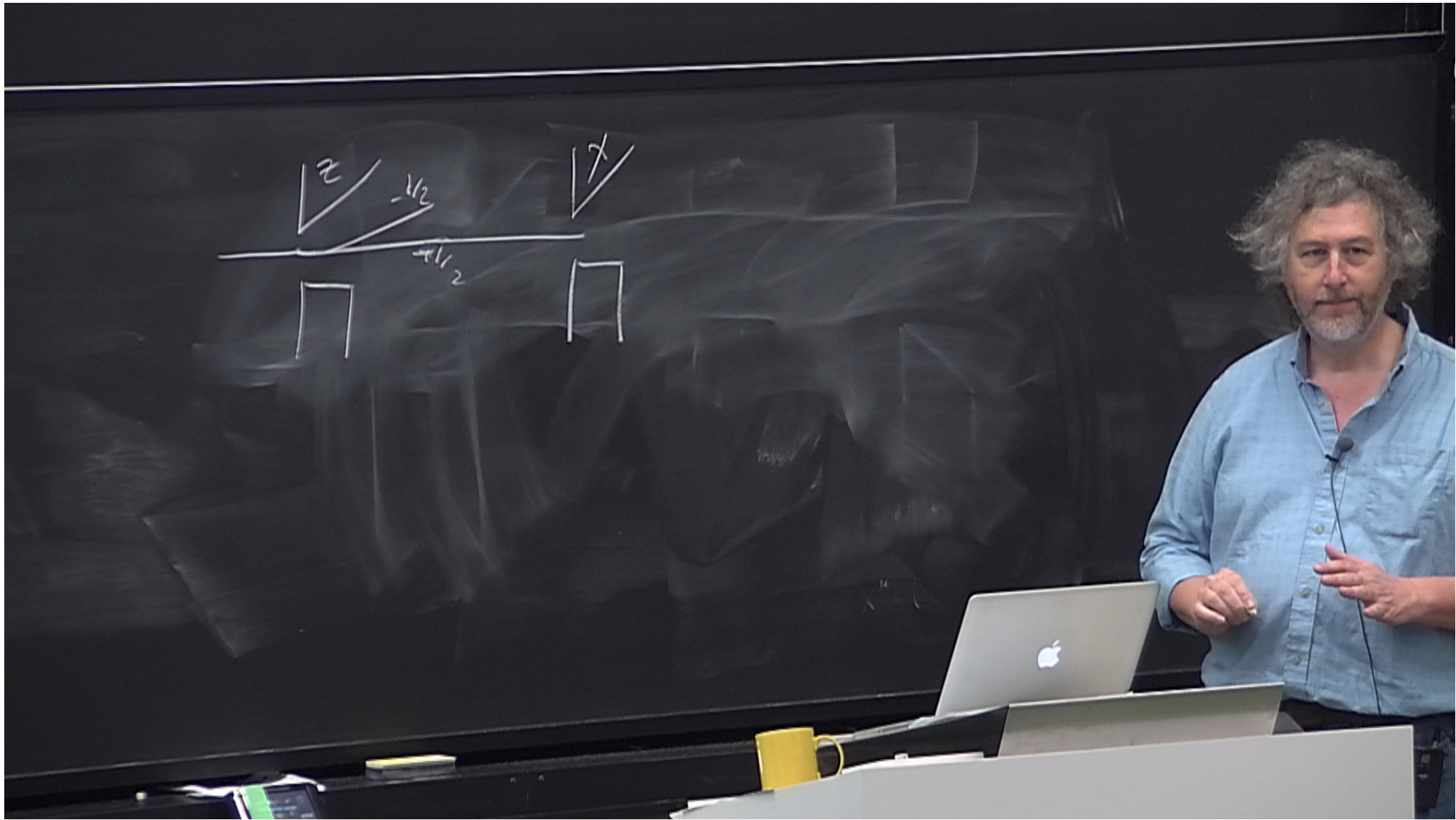
125%

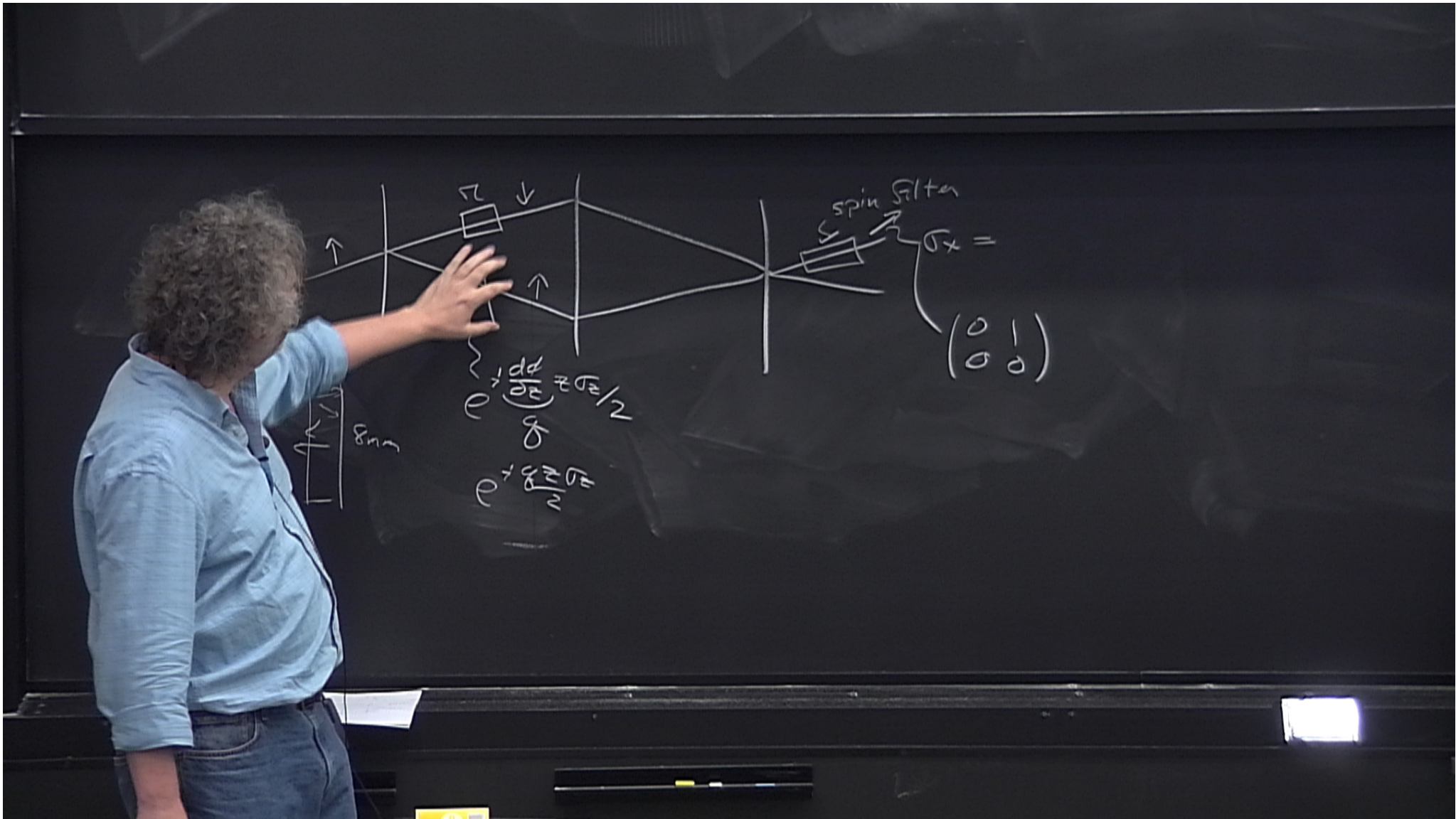
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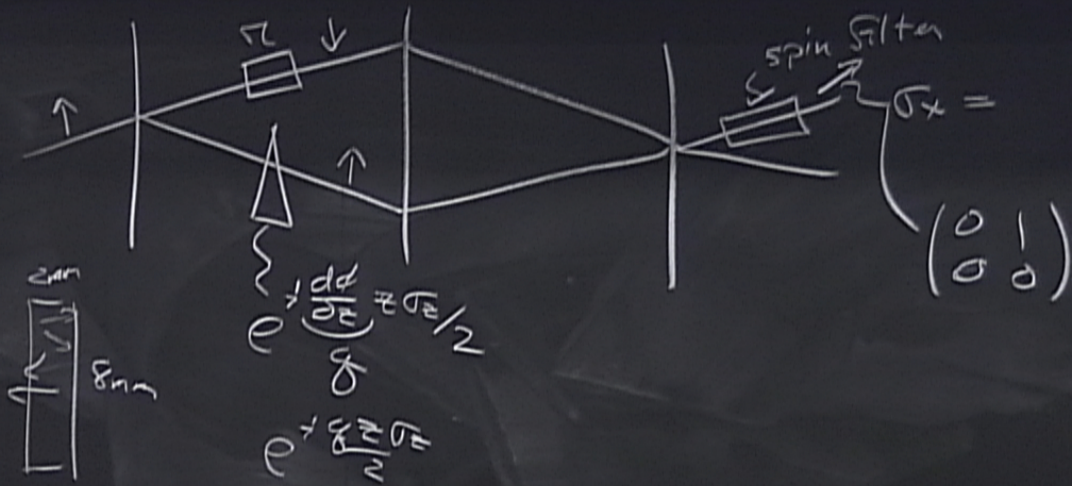


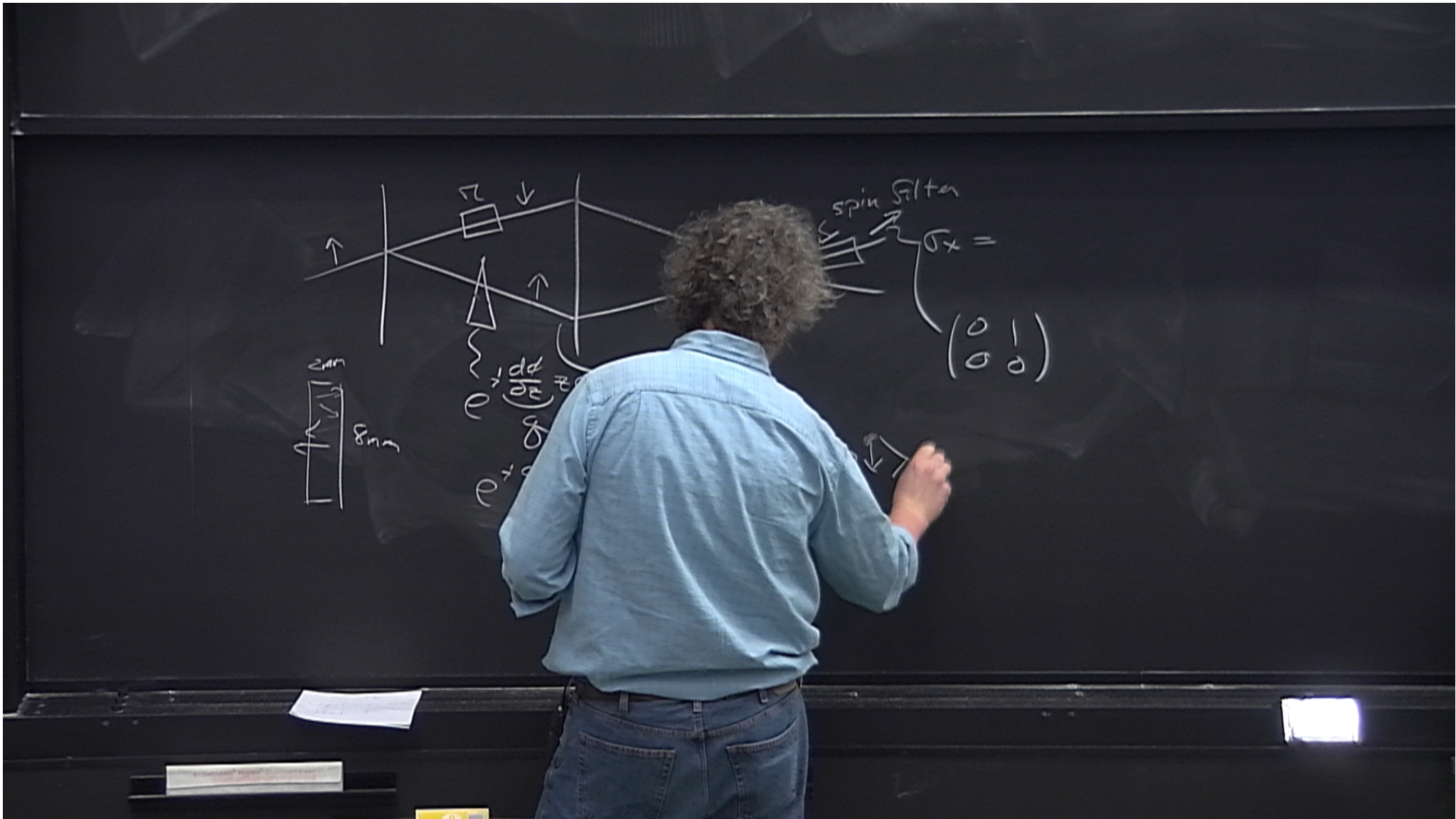


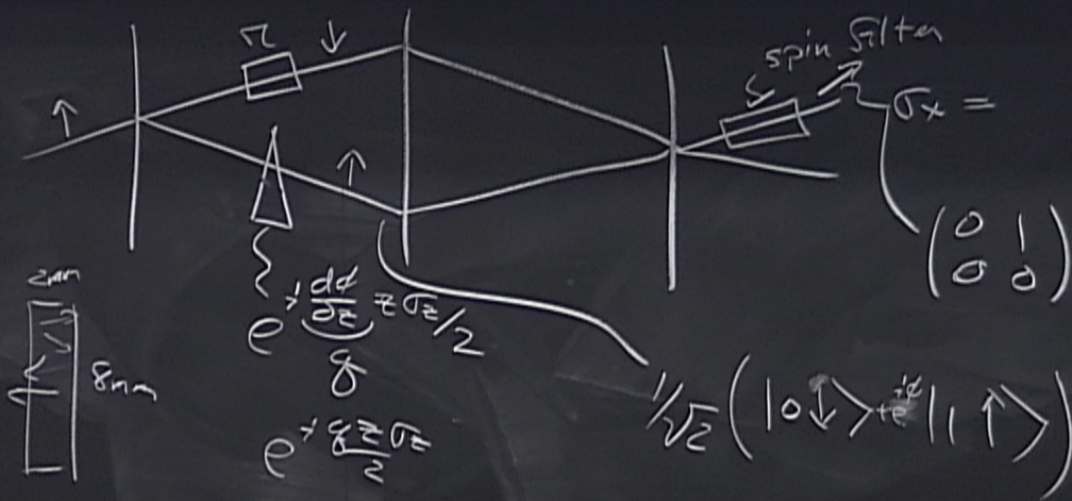


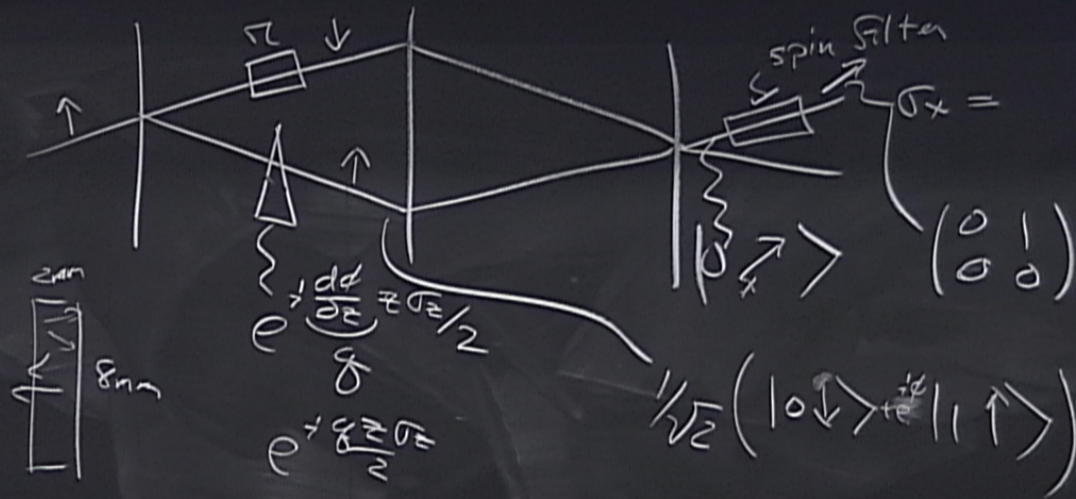


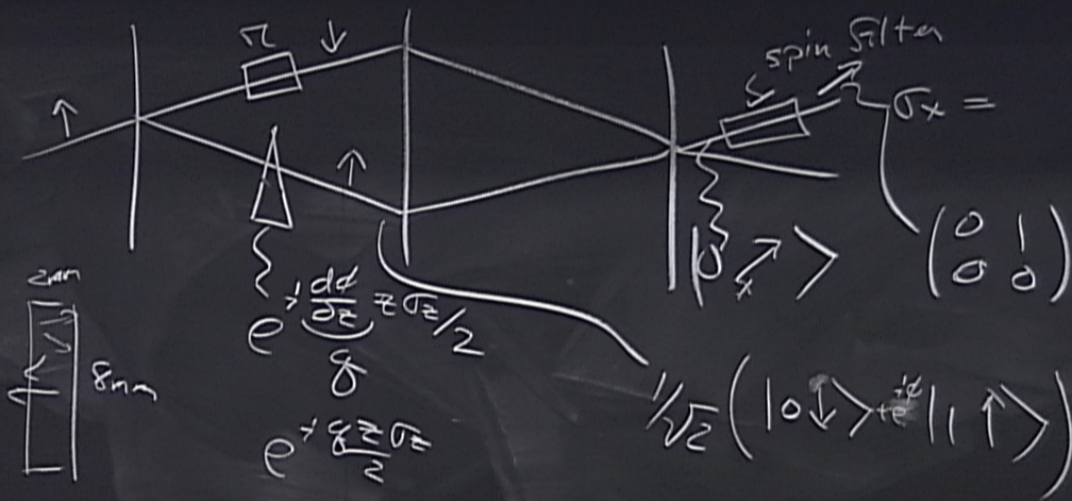


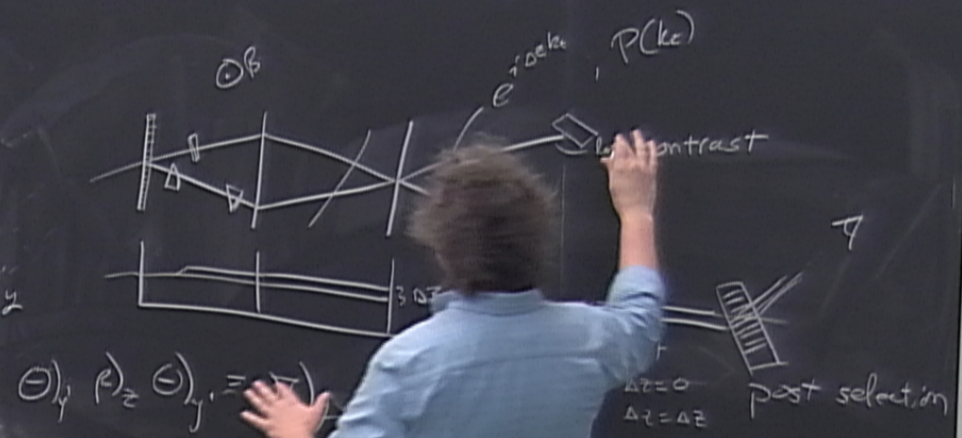
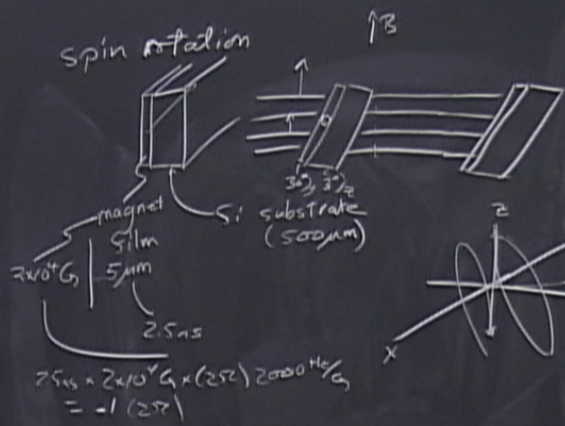












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entanglement filter.nb composite film

Out[17]=

The figure shows the trajectory of the magnetization. Note the thick lines correspond to the motion. The thin lines are just the nutation cones of +z (blue) and -z (red)

125%