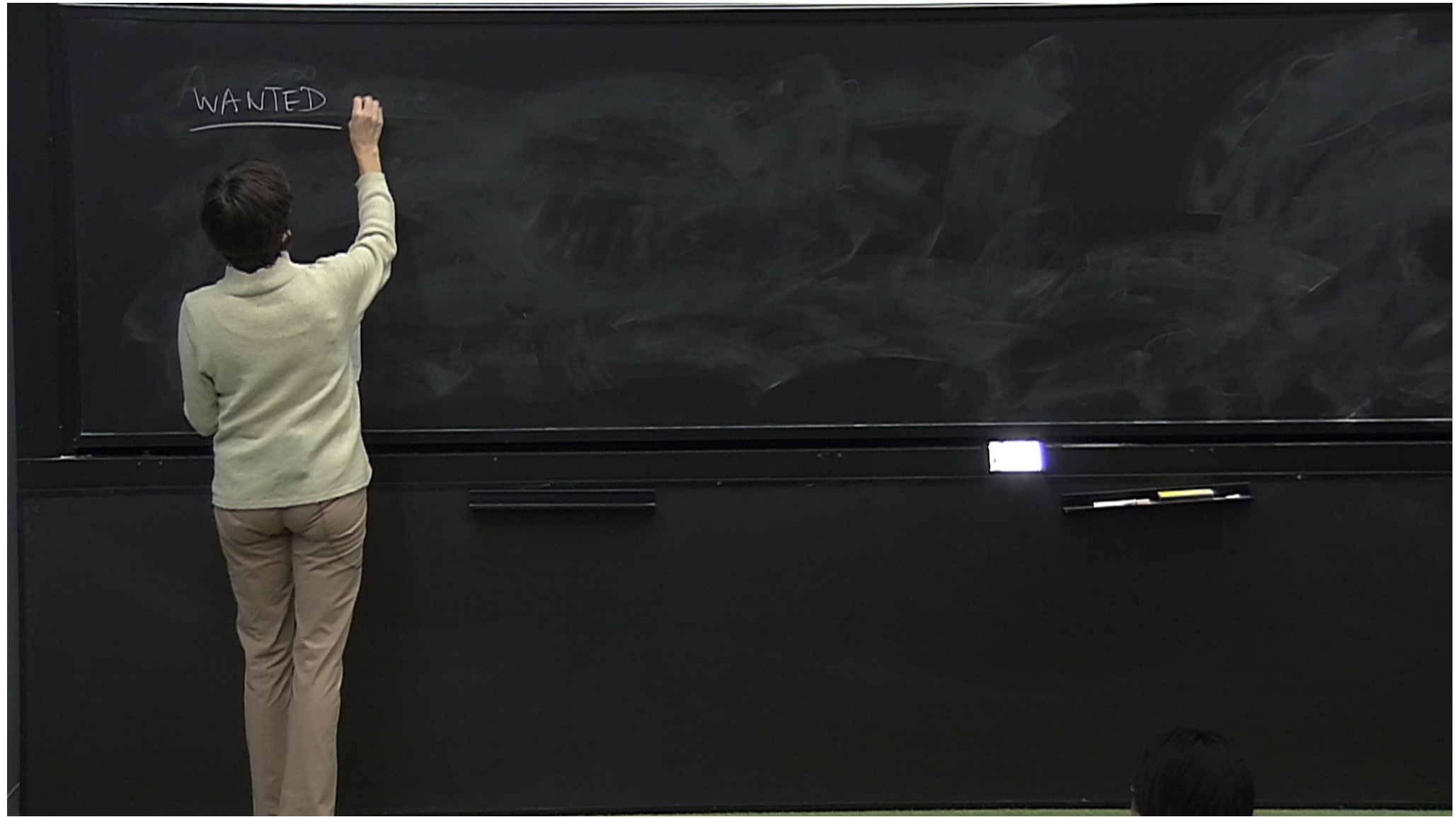


Title: Quantum Gravity (Review) - Lecture 1

Date: Jan 23, 2012 10:15 AM

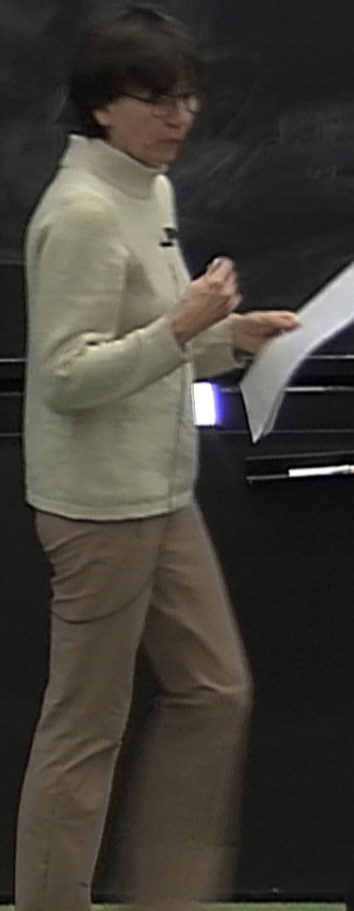
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Abstract:

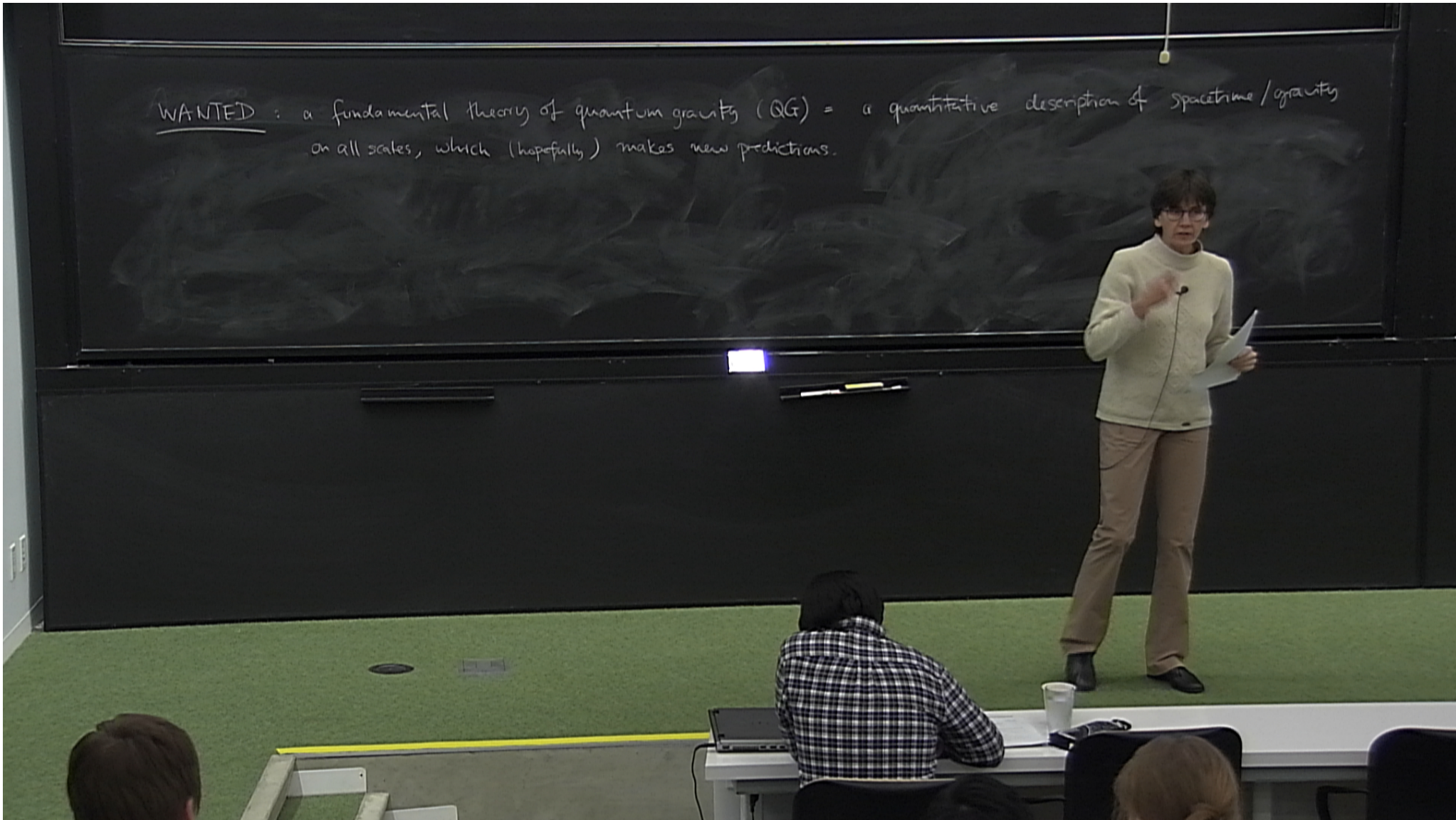


WANTED : a fundamental theory of quantum gravity

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QG = (sub)classical d.o.f. and their dynamics

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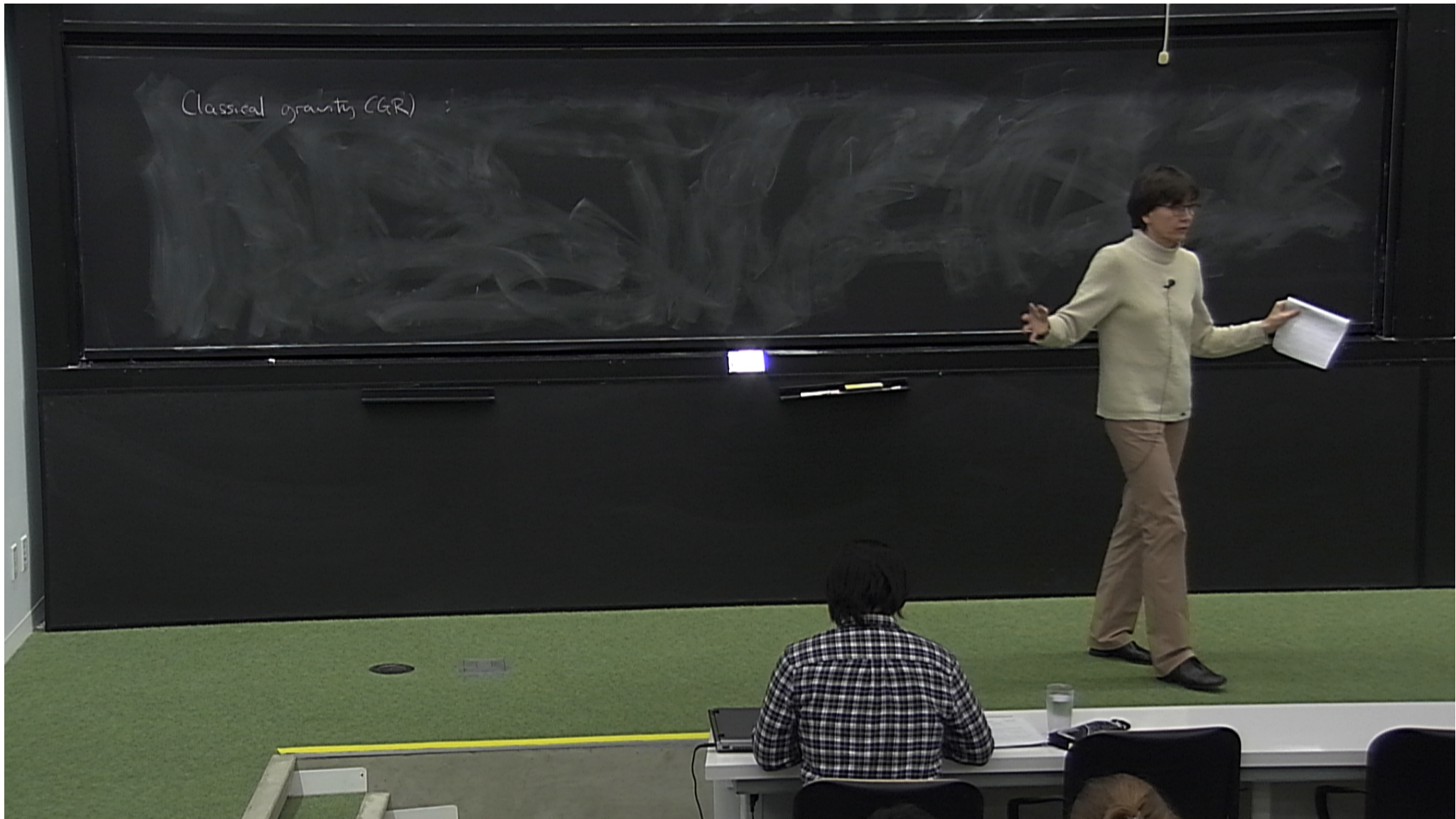
WANTED : a fundamental theory of quantum gravity (QG) = a quantitative description of spacetime/gravity on all scales, which (hopefully) makes new predictions.

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Classical gravity (GR) :

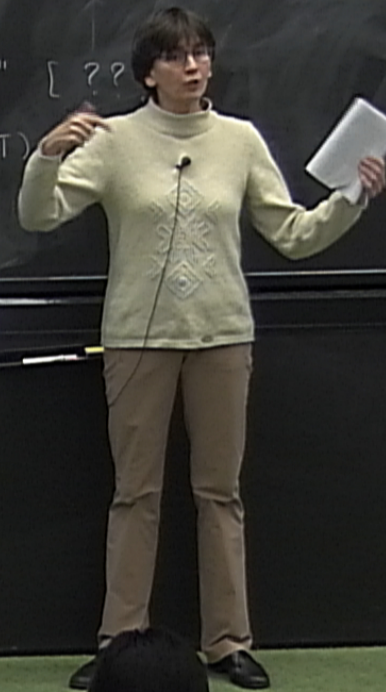


Classical gravity (GR) : solving Einstein's equations  $[R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} g_{\mu\nu} R + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi G_{\mu\nu} T_{\mu\nu}]$   
⇒ possible spacetimes (ST)

Quantum gravity (QG): solving "quantum Einstein equations"  $[ ??? ]$   
⇒ possible quantum spacetimes (QST)

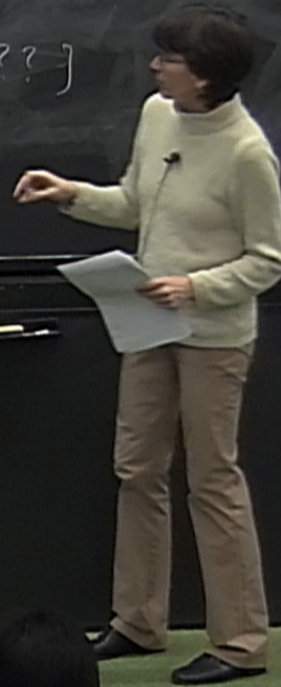
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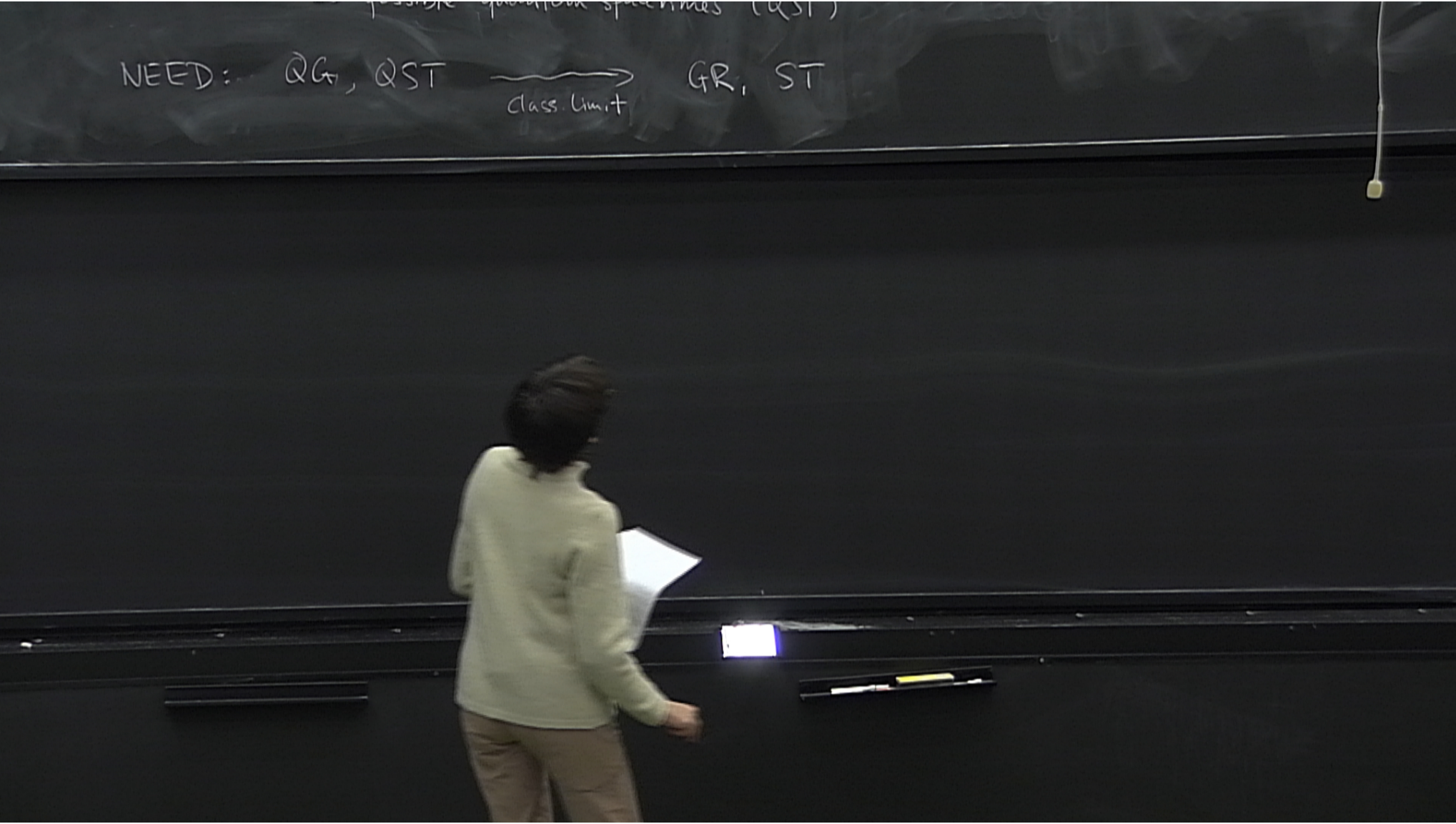


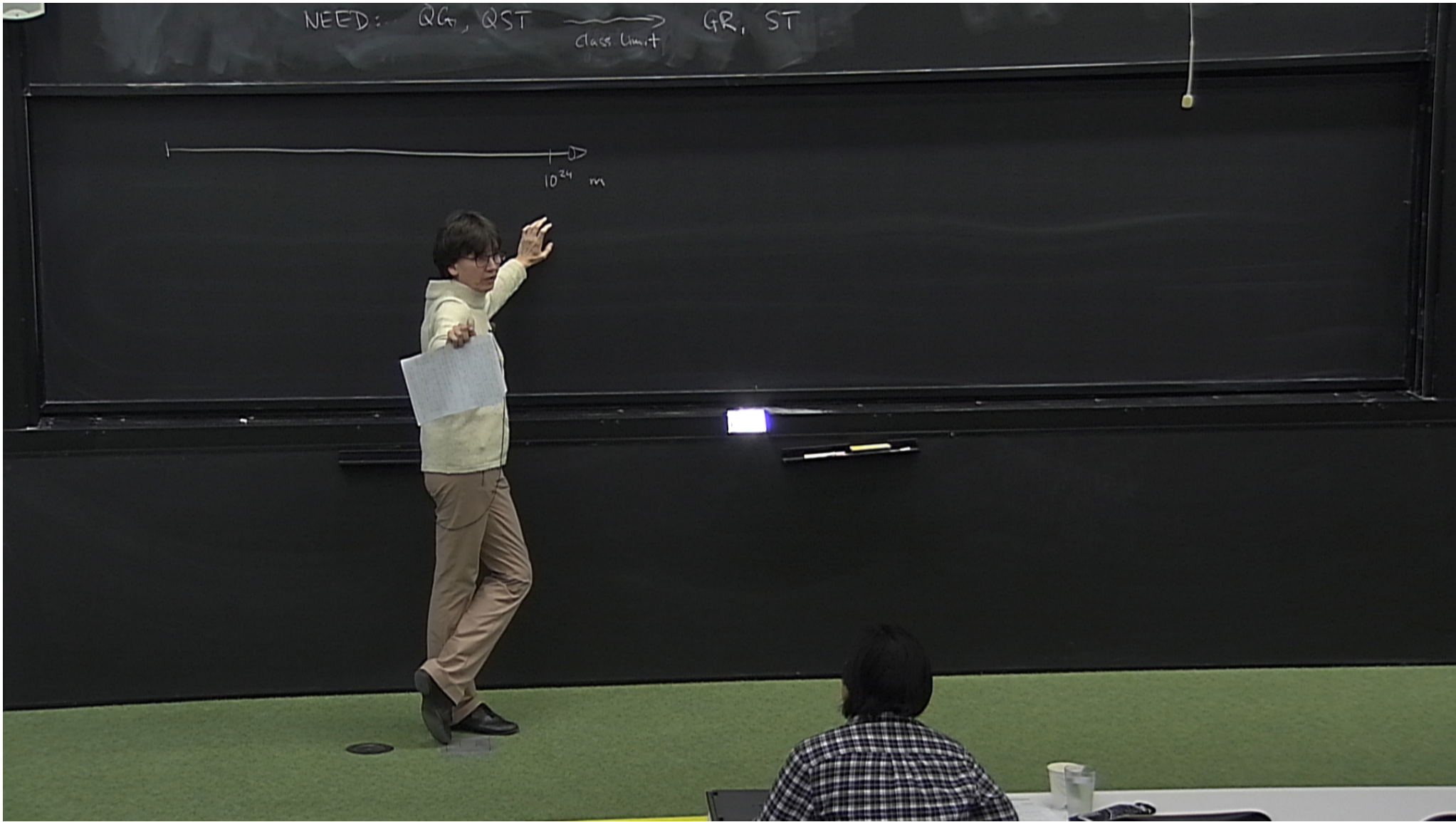
Classical gravity (GR) : solving Einstein's equations  $[R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} g_{\mu\nu} R + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi G_N T_{\mu\nu}]$   
⇒ possible spacetimes (ST)

Quantum gravity (QG): solving "quantum Einstein eq"  $[ ??? ]$   
⇒ possible quantum spacetimes

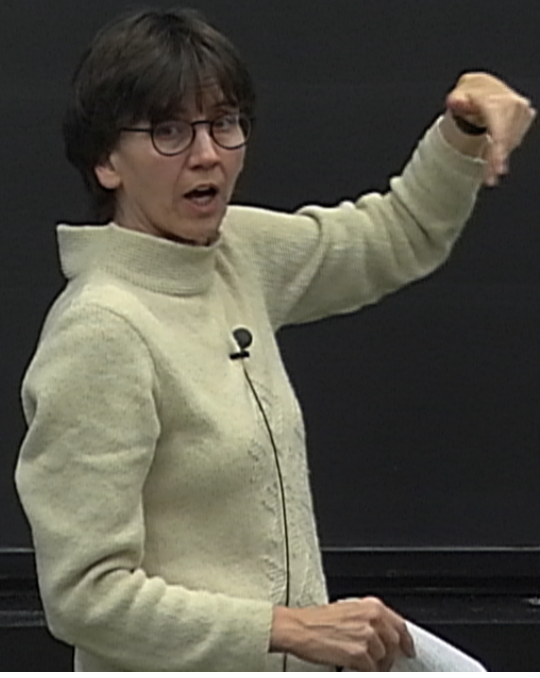
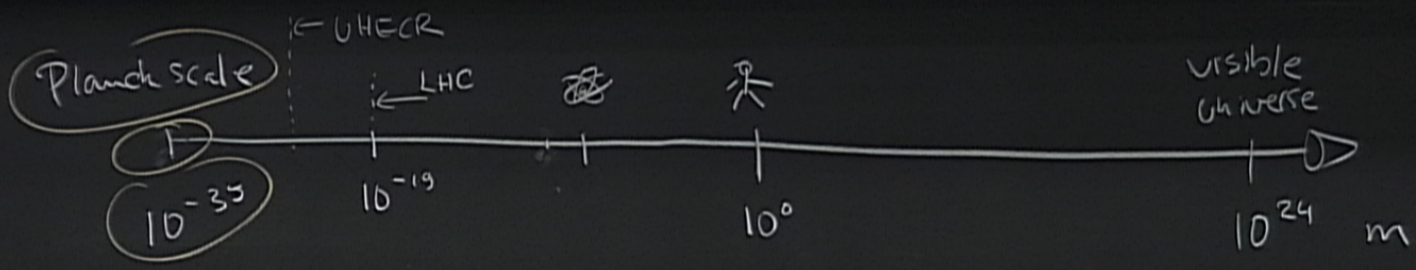
possible quantum states (QST)

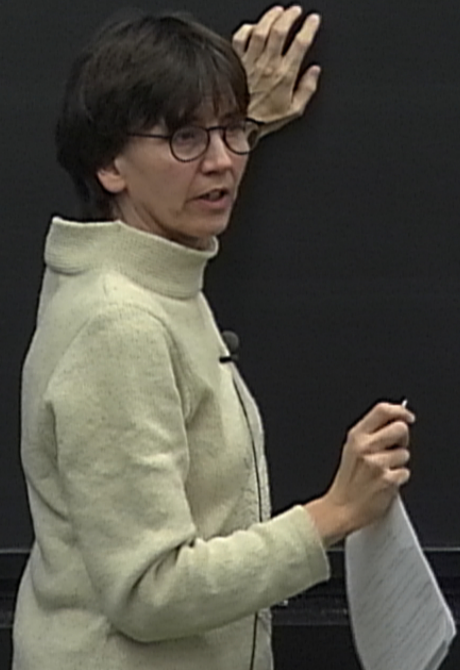
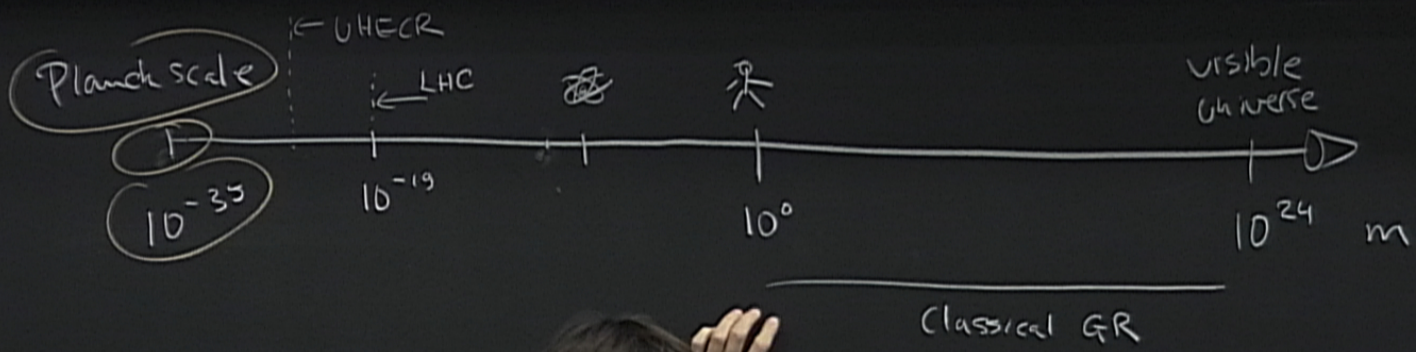
NEED:  $QG, QST \xrightarrow{\text{class. limit}} GR, ST$

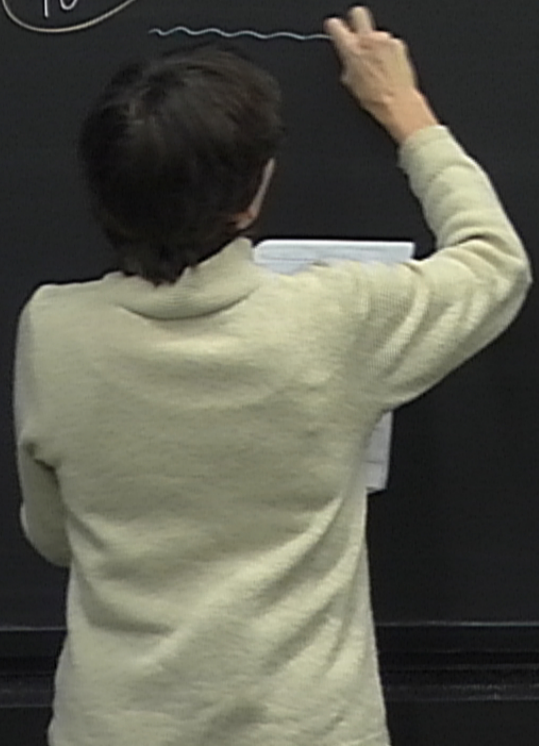
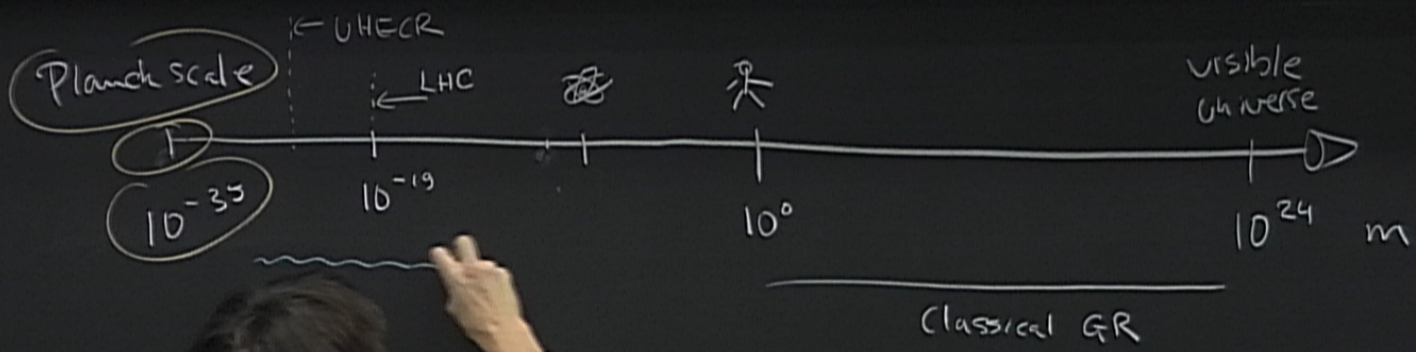


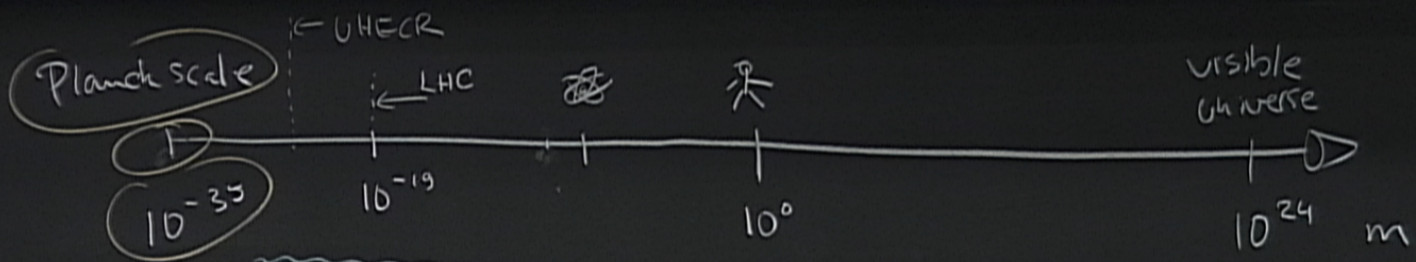






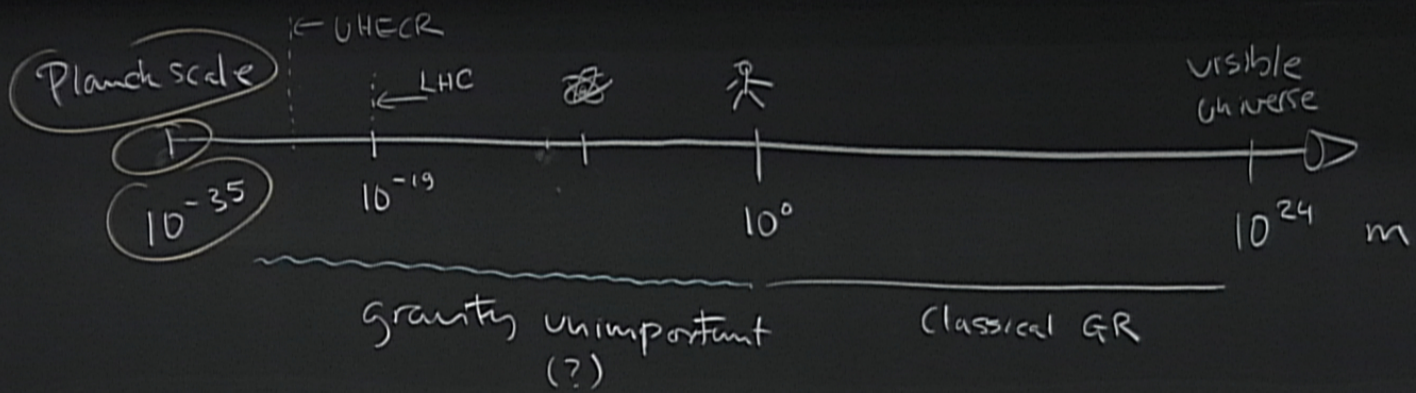




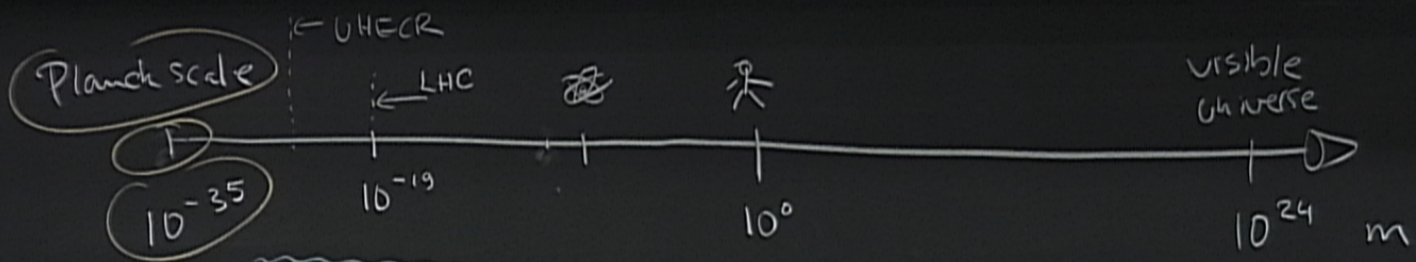


unimportant (?)      Classical GR

Planck  $h$   $l_{pl}$



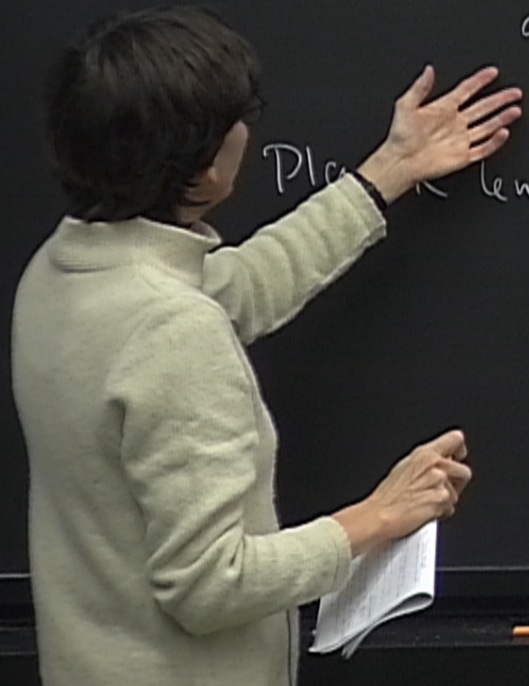
Planck length  $l_{pl} = \sqrt{\frac{G_N \hbar}{c^3}} \approx 10^{-35} \text{ m}$

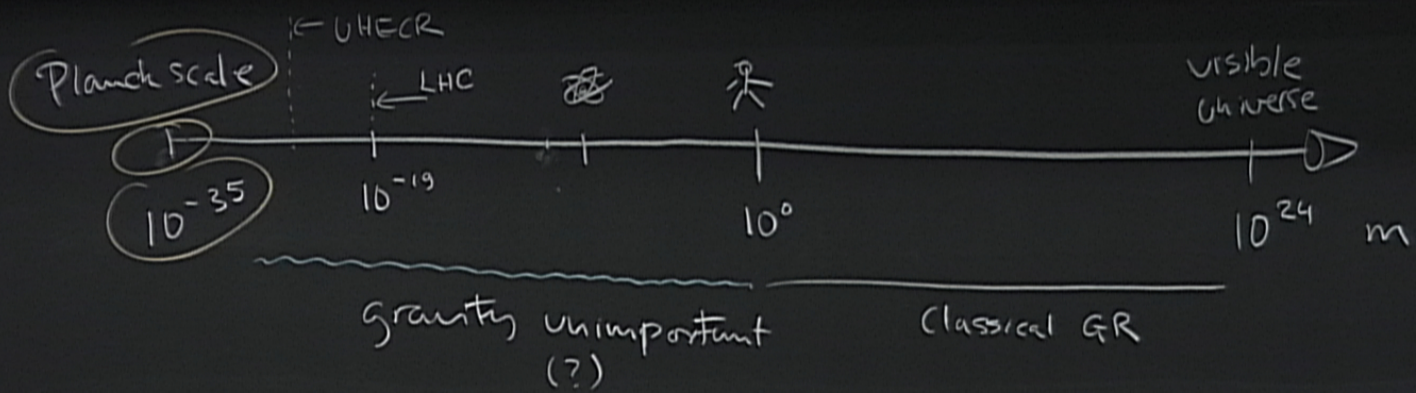


gravity unimportant (?)

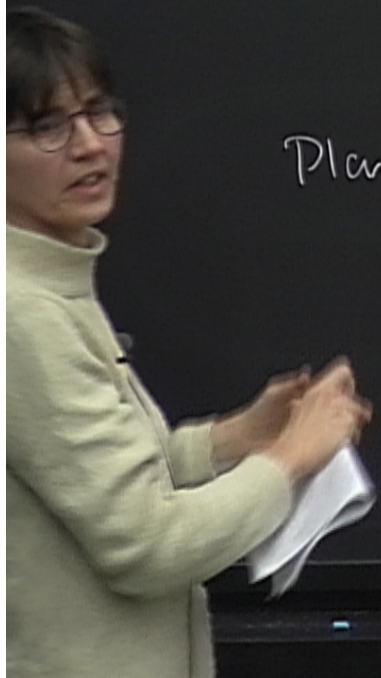
Classical GR

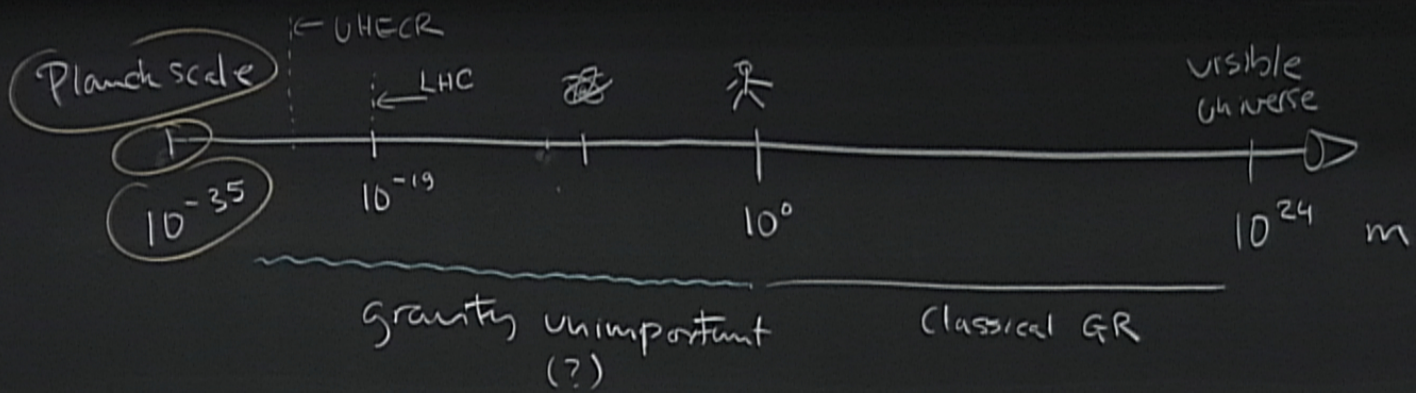
Planck length  $l_{pl} = \sqrt{\frac{G \hbar}{c^3}} \approx 10^{-35} \text{ m}$





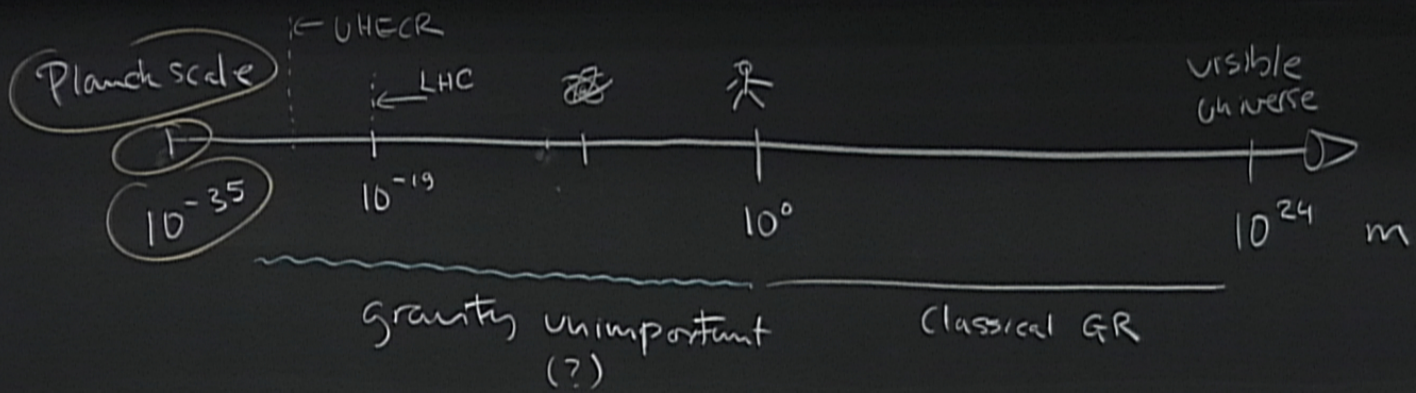
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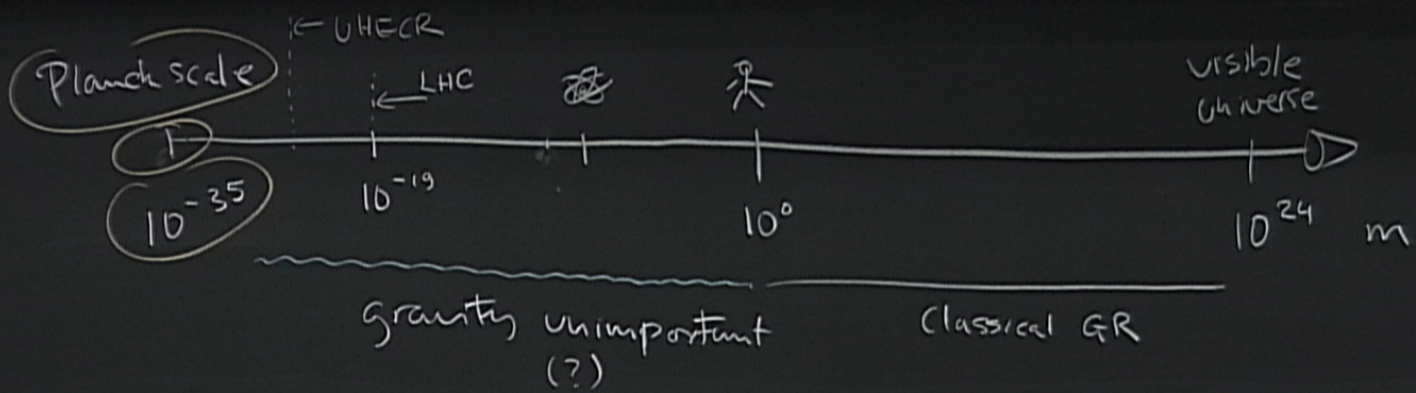


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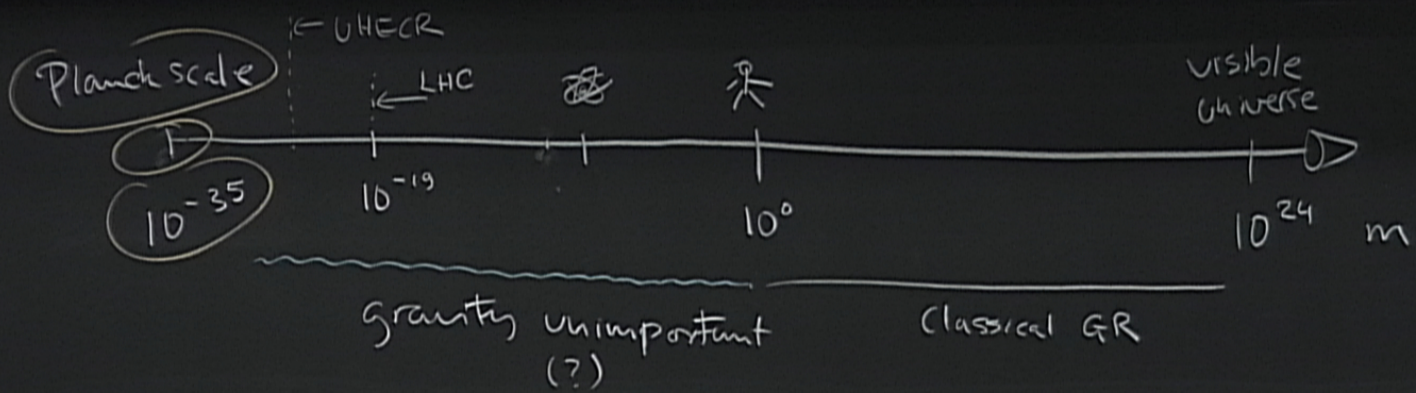




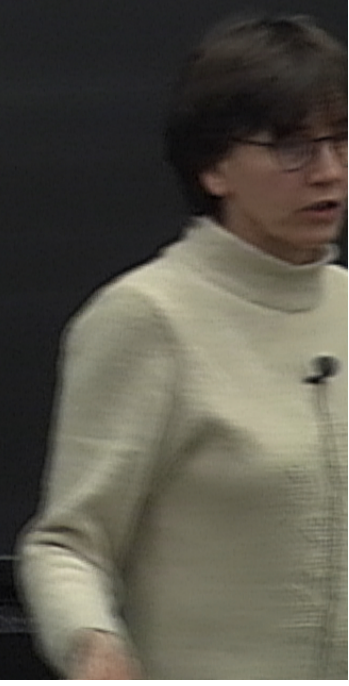
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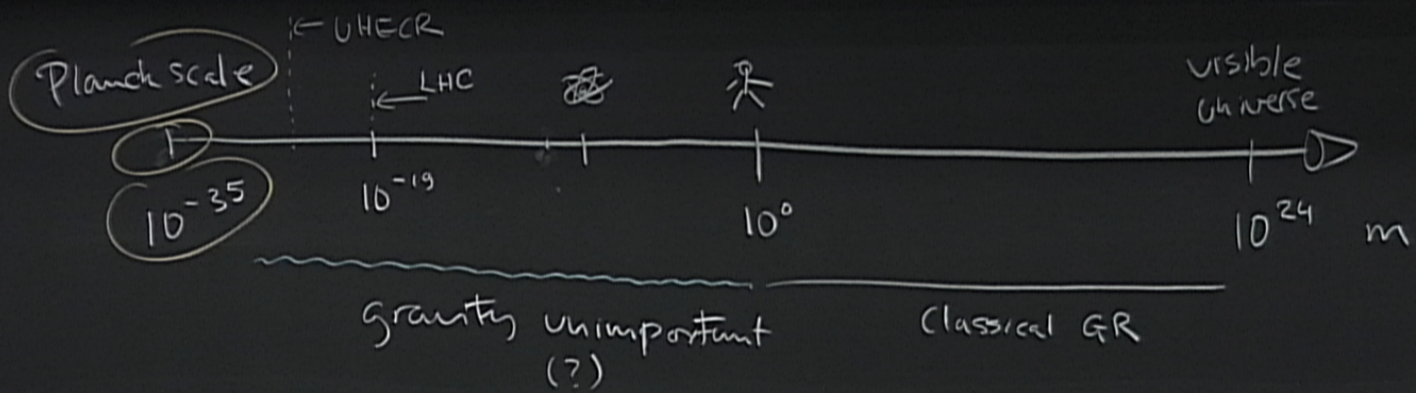


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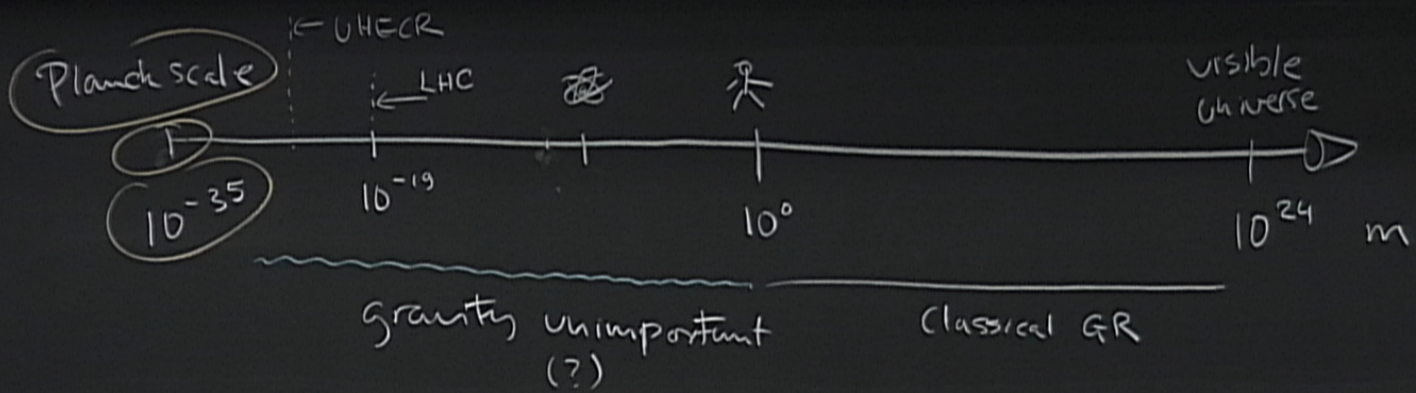


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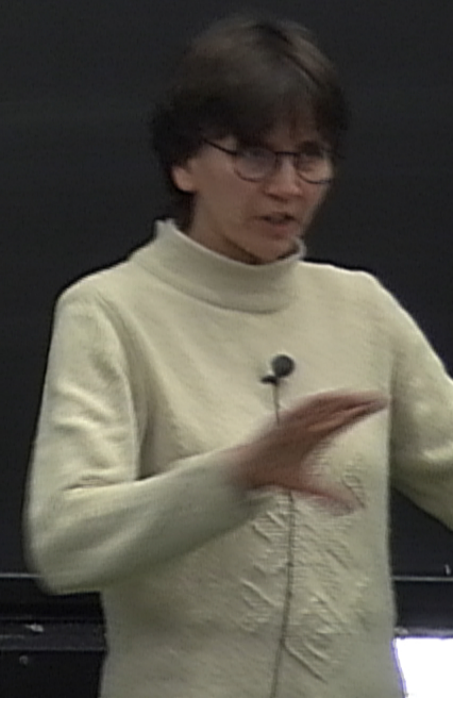


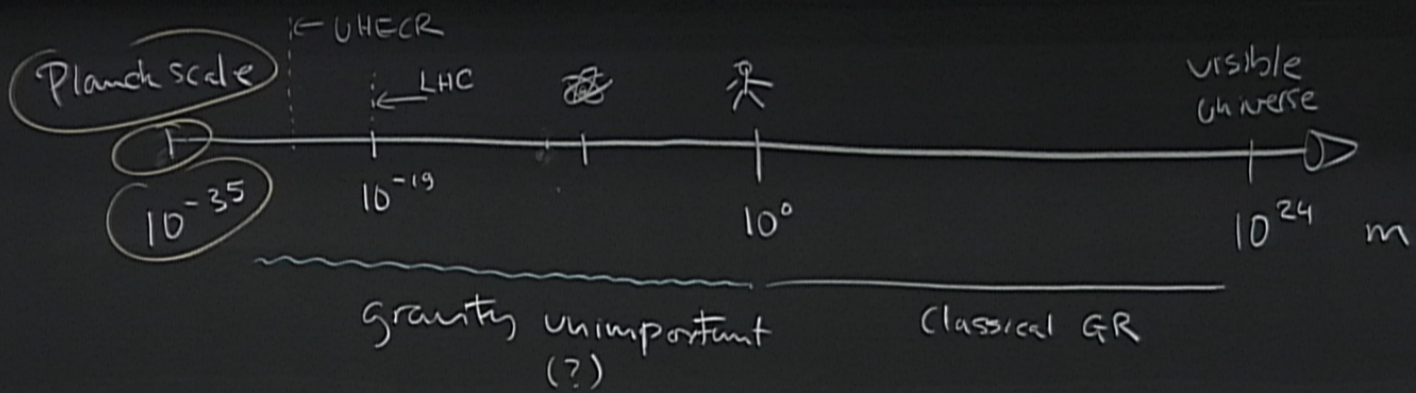


Planck length  $l_{pl} = \sqrt{\frac{G \hbar}{c^3}} \approx 10^{-35}$  m



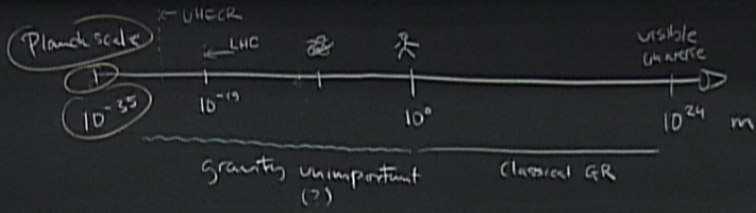
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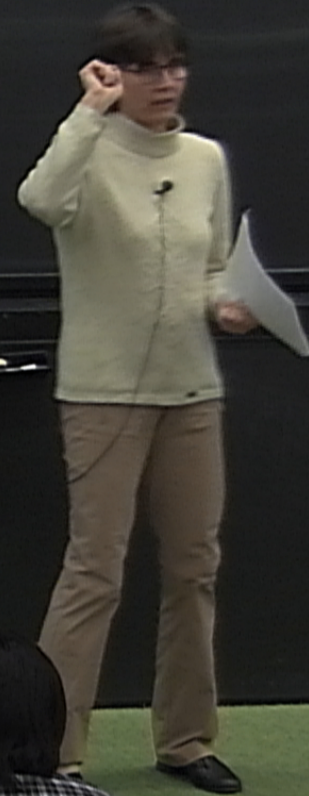


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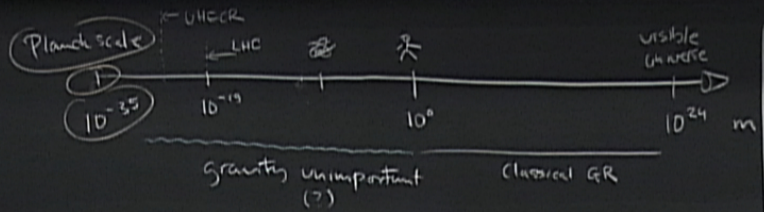
NEED: QG, QST  $\xrightarrow{\text{Class Limit}}$  GR, ST



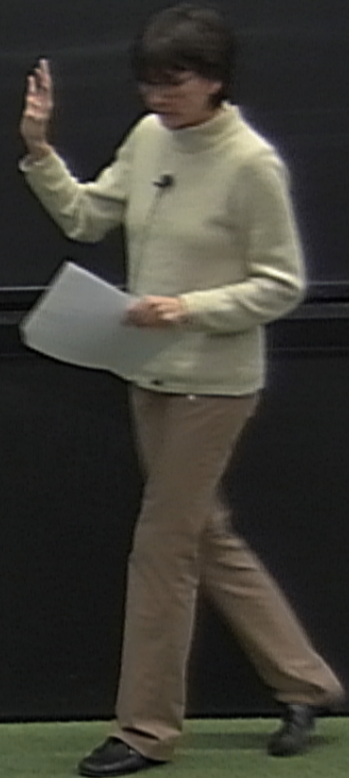
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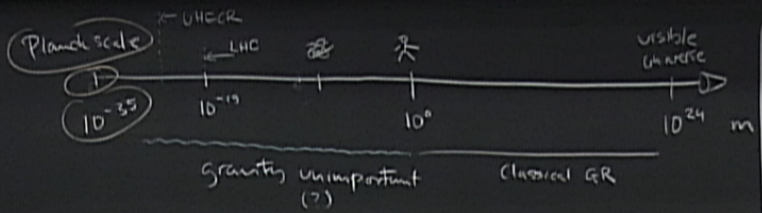


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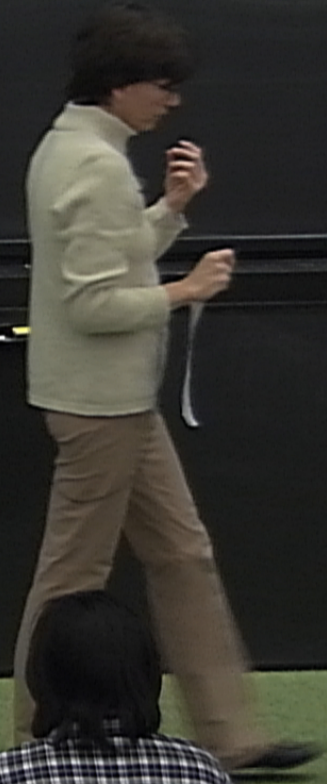


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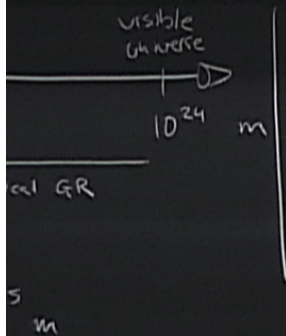


Einstein :

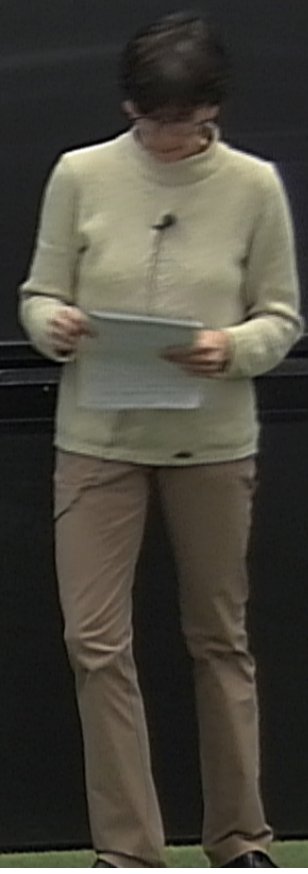
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Class. Limit



Einstein :



Class. limit

visible  
universe  
→  
 $10^{24}$  m

Einstein : gravity IS spacetime geometry

• metric field tensor  $g_{\mu\nu}(x)$  of Lorentzian signature  $(-+++)$

•  $\int g_{\mu\nu}(x) dx^\mu dx^\nu$

rel GR

5  
m

Class. Limit

visible  
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 $10^{24}$  m

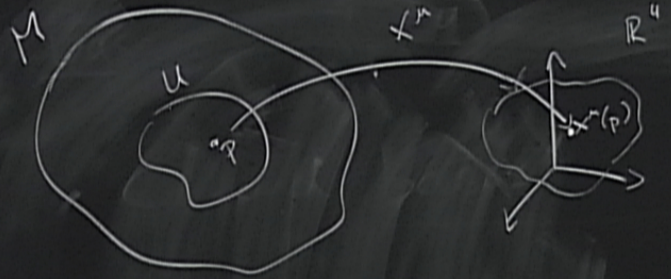
Einstein : gravity IS spacetime geometry

• metric field tensor  $g_{\mu\nu}(x)$  of Lorentzian signature  $(-+++)$

•  $ds^2 = g_{\mu\nu}(x) dx^\mu dx^\nu$

• differentiable manifold  $M^{(4)}$ , topology  $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{Z}^{(3)}$

↳  $T_{\mu\nu}^\lambda(x)$ ,  $R^{\lambda\mu\nu}$ ,  $R_{\mu\nu}$ ,  $R$ ,



local coordinate chart

