

Title: The Measure Problem: Successes and Challenges

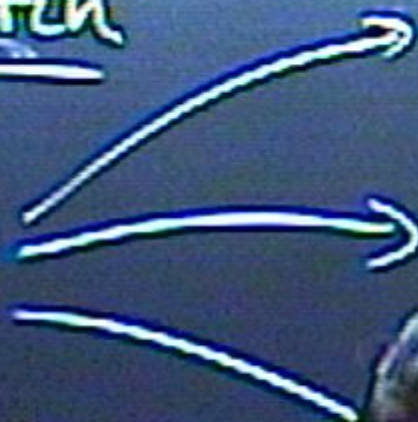
Date: Jul 13, 2011 09:50 AM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/11070032>

Abstract:

Causal patch

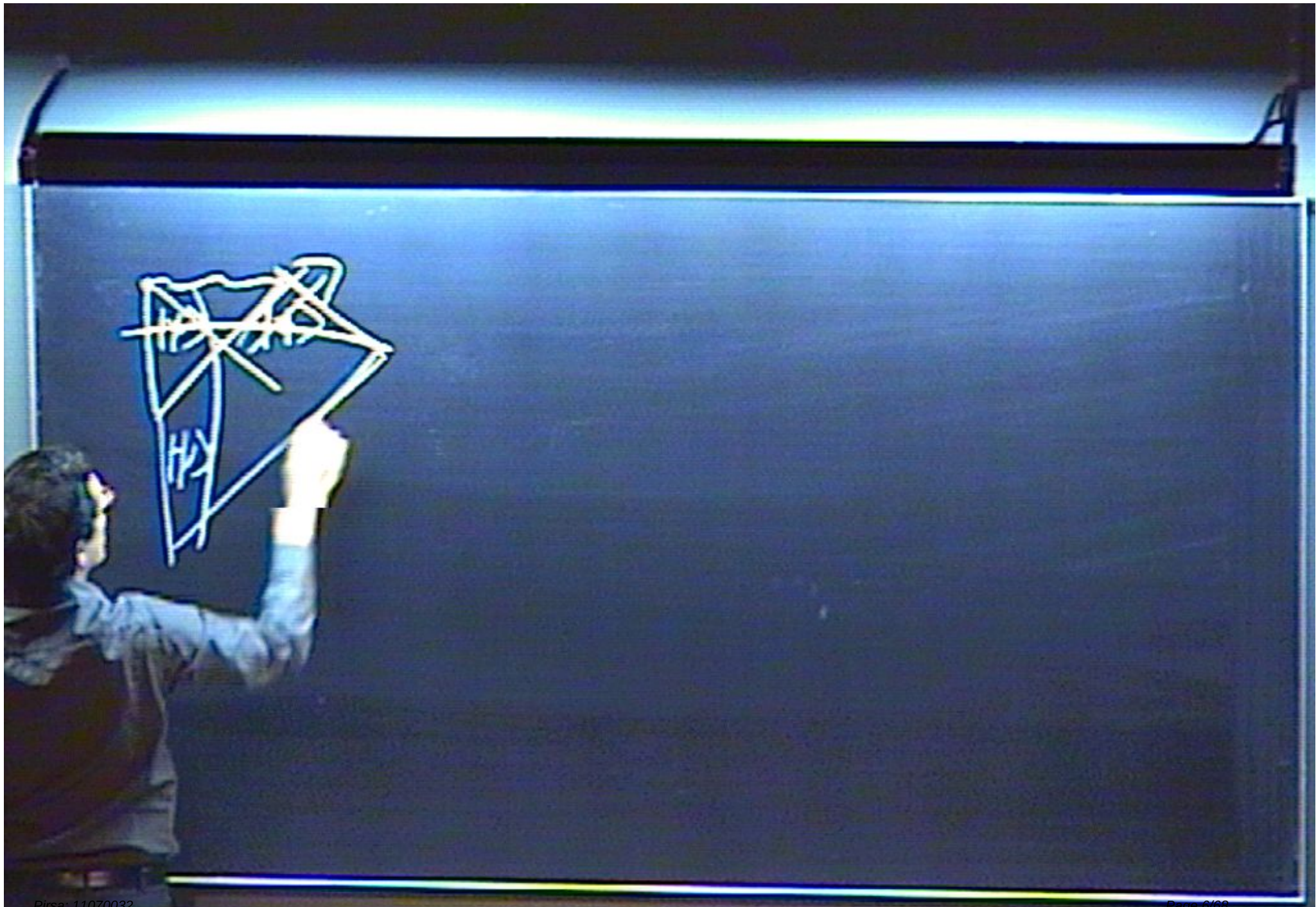
Causal patch



Causal patch

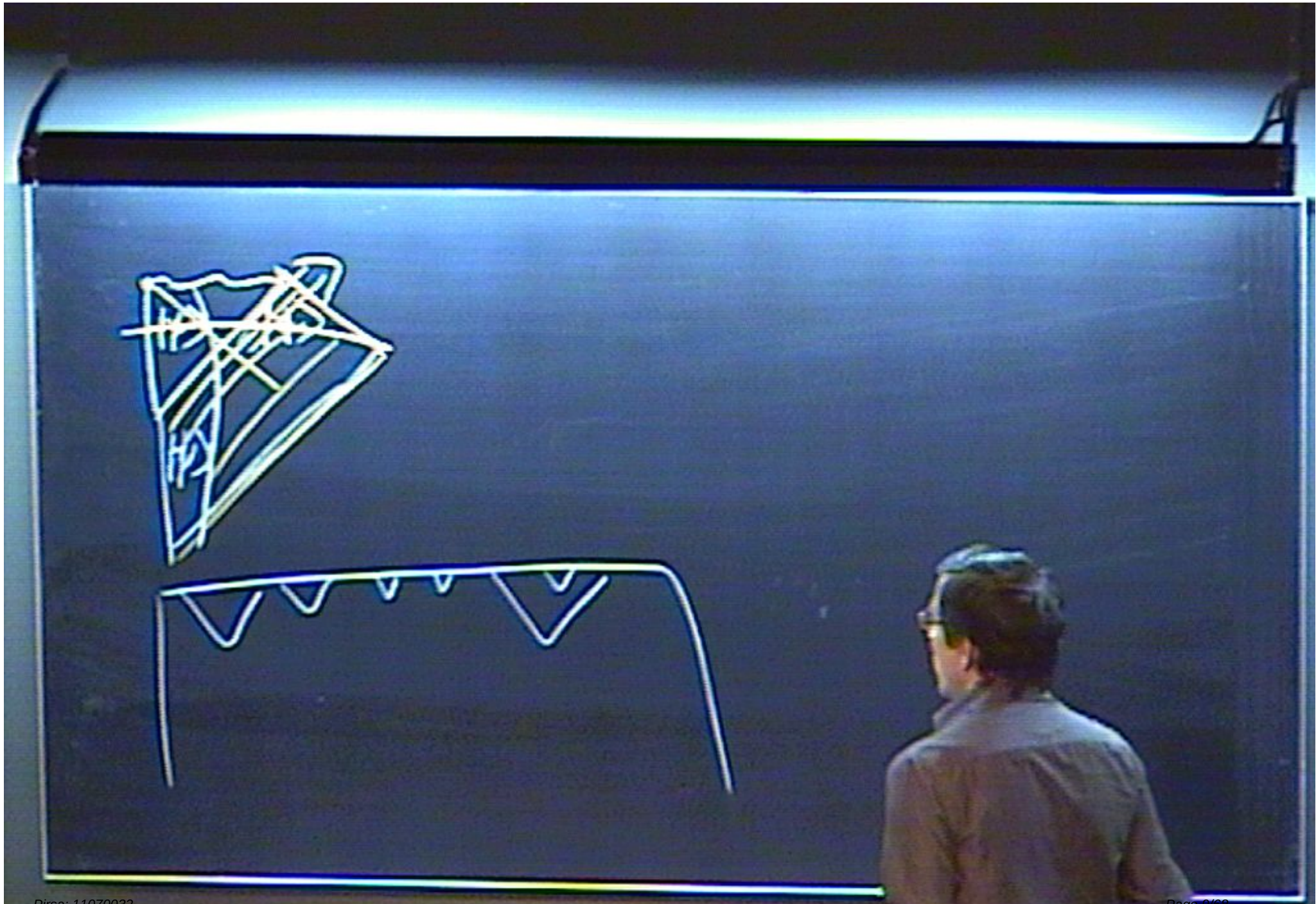














$$\frac{P_A}{P_B} = \frac{\langle N_A \rangle}{\langle N_B \rangle}$$





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Causal patch



BH zeroing



Measure Problem



QM

Causal patch



BH xeroxing

Measure Problem

QM in universe

Causal patch



BH xeroxing



Measure Problem



QM in universe

w/ B. Freivogel, S. Leichenauer, V. Rosenhaus
w/ R. Hornik



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Claim : CP predicts $\log t_A \sim \log t_C \sim$
 $\sim \log t_{obs}$

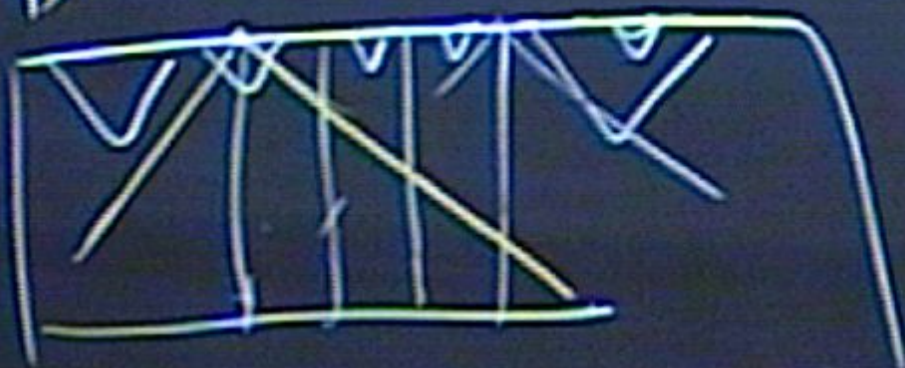
$$\frac{P_A}{P_B} = \frac{\langle N_A \rangle}{\langle N_B \rangle}$$





Claim : CP predicts $\log t_A \sim \log t_C \sim$
 $\sim \log t_{obs} \sim N$

$$\frac{P_A}{P_B} = \frac{\langle N_A \rangle}{\langle N_B \rangle}$$





Claim : CP predicts $\log t_A \sim \log t_C \sim$

$$\sim \log t_{\text{obs}} \sim \frac{1}{2} \log N$$

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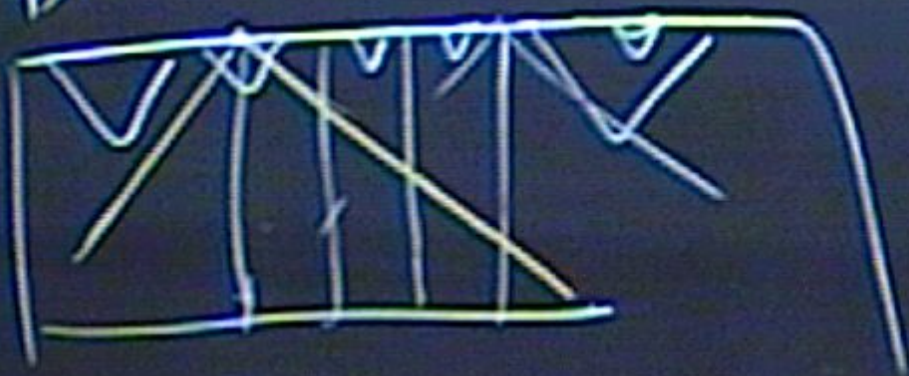


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$$\Lambda > 0$$



1) given t_{obs} , compute $\frac{d^2 \vec{p}}{d \log t_c d \log t_\Lambda} = \frac{d^2 \vec{p}}{d \log t_c d \log t_\Lambda}$

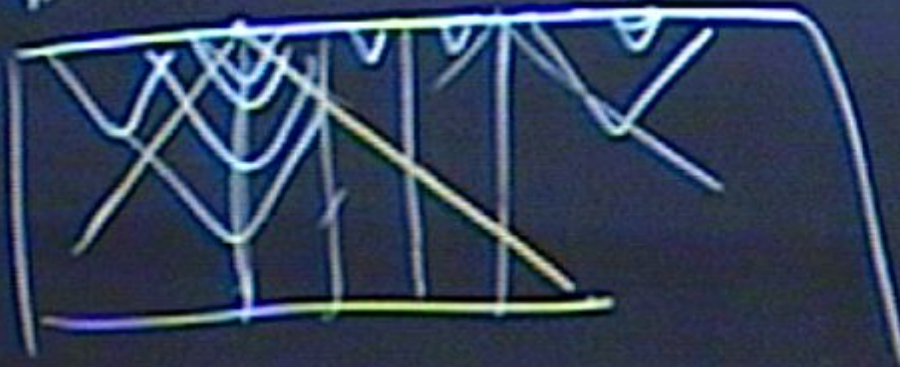


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1) given t_{obs} , compute $\frac{d^2 \tilde{p}}{d \log t_c d \log t_A} = \frac{d^2 \tilde{p}}{d \log t_c d \log t_A} \times n_{est}(t_c, t_A; t_{obs})$

$$\frac{d \tilde{p}}{d \Lambda} = \text{const}$$

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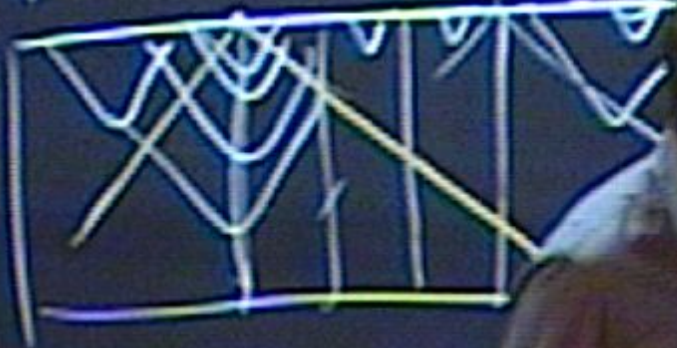


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$$ds^2 = -dt^2 + a^2(t) [dx^2 + \sinh^2 x d\Omega^2]$$

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χ_{CP}

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$$\chi_{CP}(t_s) = \int_{t_0}^{\infty} \frac{dt'}{a(t')} = \begin{cases} \dots & t_{obs} < t_\Lambda \\ \dots & t_c < t_{obs} < t_\Lambda \\ e^{-t_{obs}/t_\Lambda} & t_{obs} > t_\Lambda \end{cases}$$

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V_{CP}^{com}

$$t_c \ll t_\Lambda:$$

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ex

$$\chi_{cr} < 1 \Leftrightarrow t_{loss} > t_\Lambda$$

$$t_c \ll t_\Lambda:$$

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sm
CP

$$\begin{cases} \exp(2\chi_{CP}), \chi_{CP} > 1, \Leftrightarrow t_{obs} < t_\Lambda \\ \chi_{CP}^3, \chi_{CP} < 1 \Leftrightarrow t_{obs} > t_\Lambda \end{cases}$$

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$$V_{CP}^{com} \sim \int dV (2\chi_{CP}), \quad \chi_{CP} > 1, \Leftrightarrow t_{obs} < t_\Lambda$$

$$M_{CP}^{com} = V_{CP}^{com} a^3(t_{obs}) = t_c V_{CP}^{com}(t_{obs}), \quad \chi_{CP} < 1 \Leftrightarrow t_{obs} > t_\Lambda$$

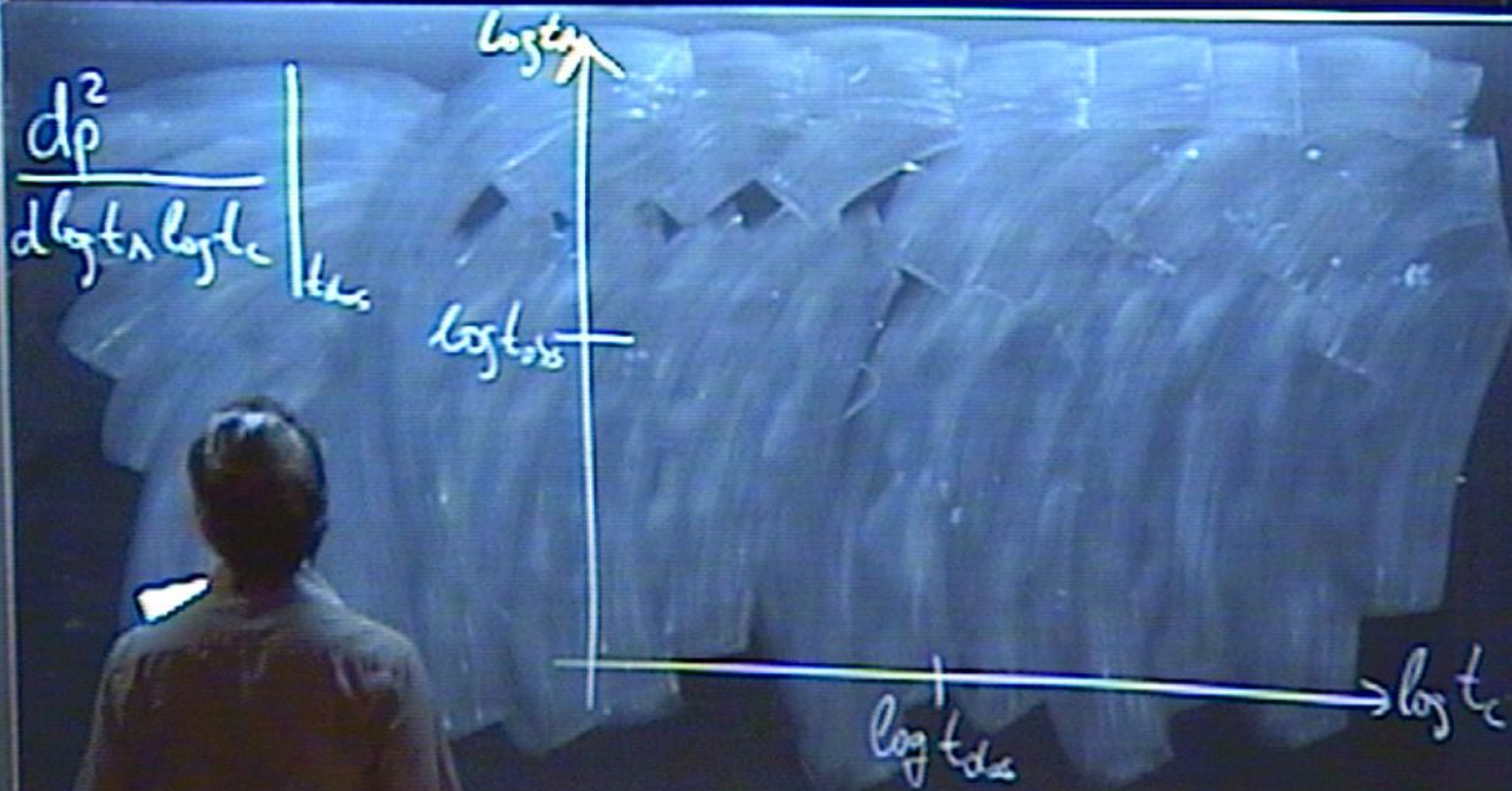
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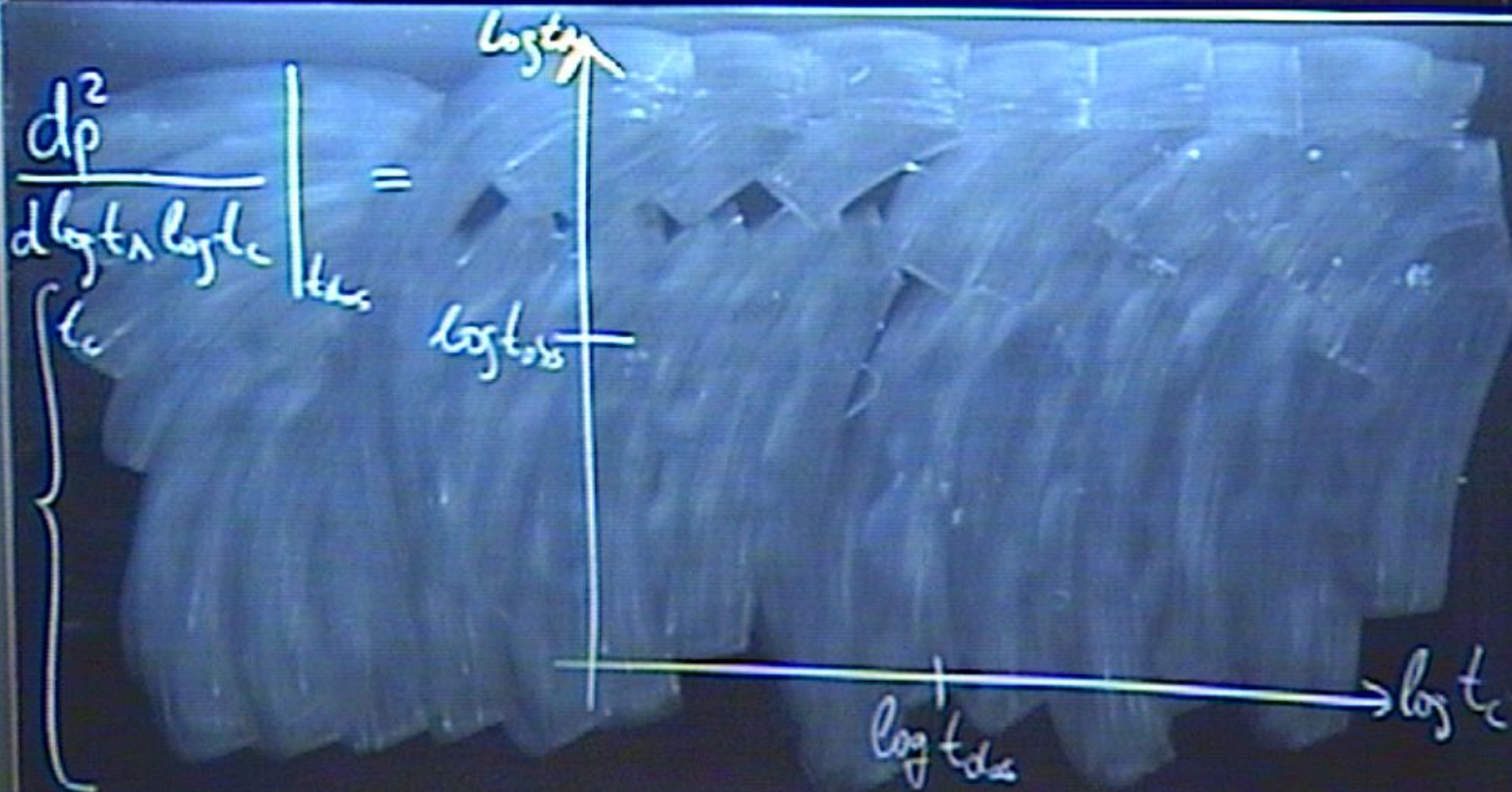
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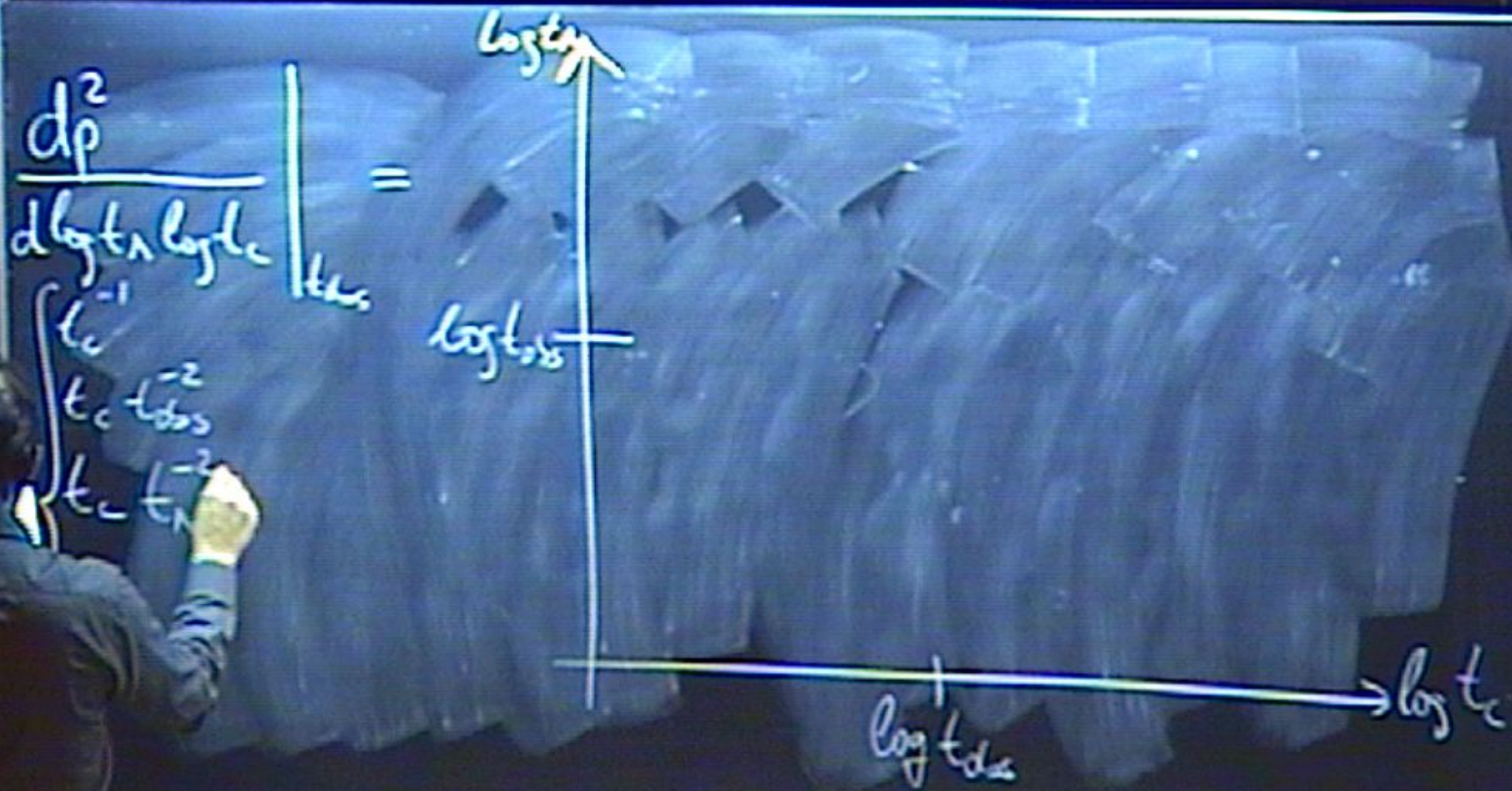
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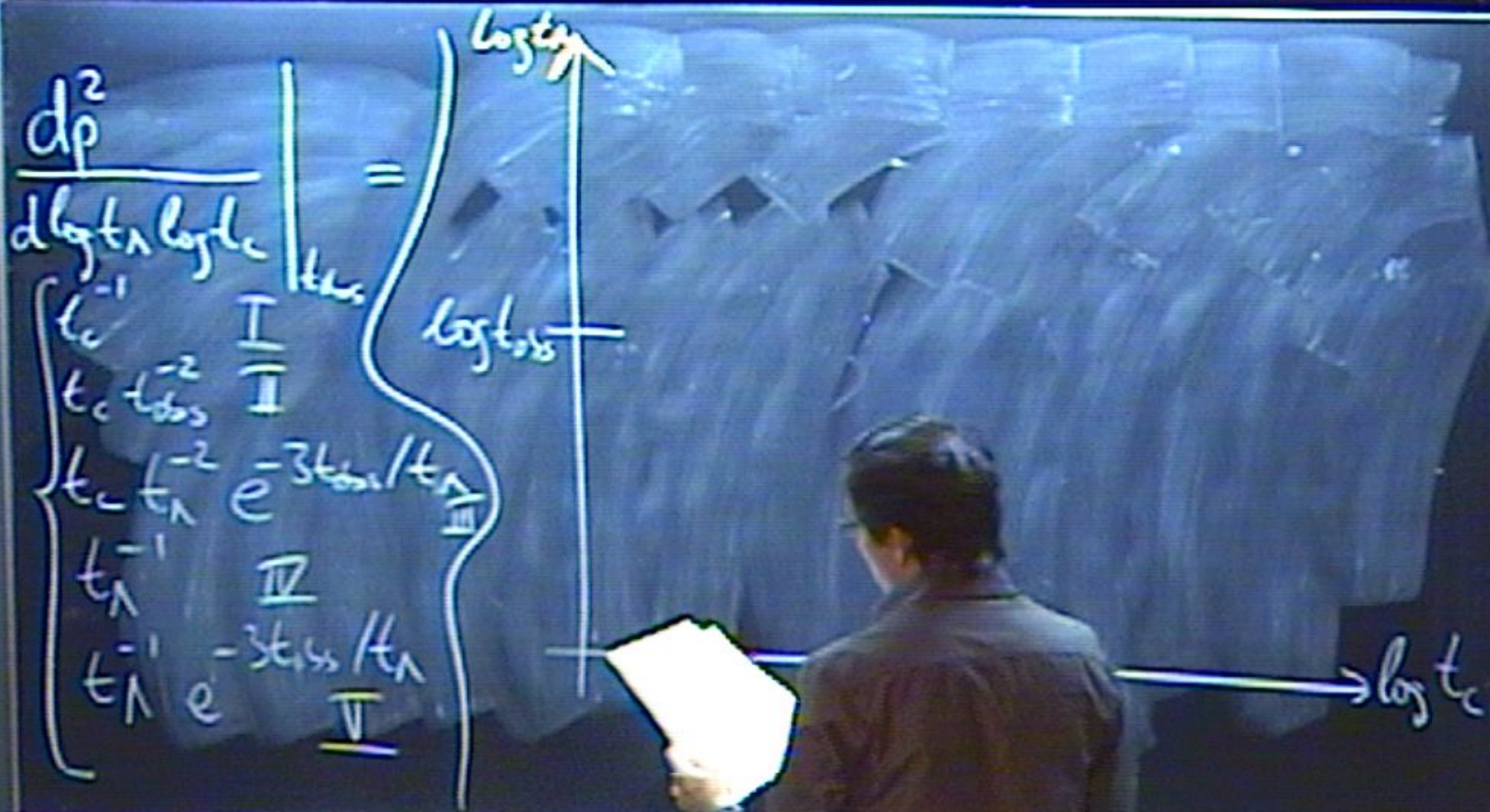
$$V_{CP}^{com} \sim \begin{cases} \exp(2\chi_{CP}), & \chi_{CP} > 1, \Leftrightarrow t_{obs} < t_\Lambda \\ \chi_{CP}^3, & \chi_{CP} < 1 \Leftrightarrow t_{obs} > t_\Lambda \end{cases}$$

$$M_{CP}^{com} = g(t_{obs}) V_{CP}^{com} a^3(t_{obs}) = t_c V_{CP}^{com}(t_{obs})$$

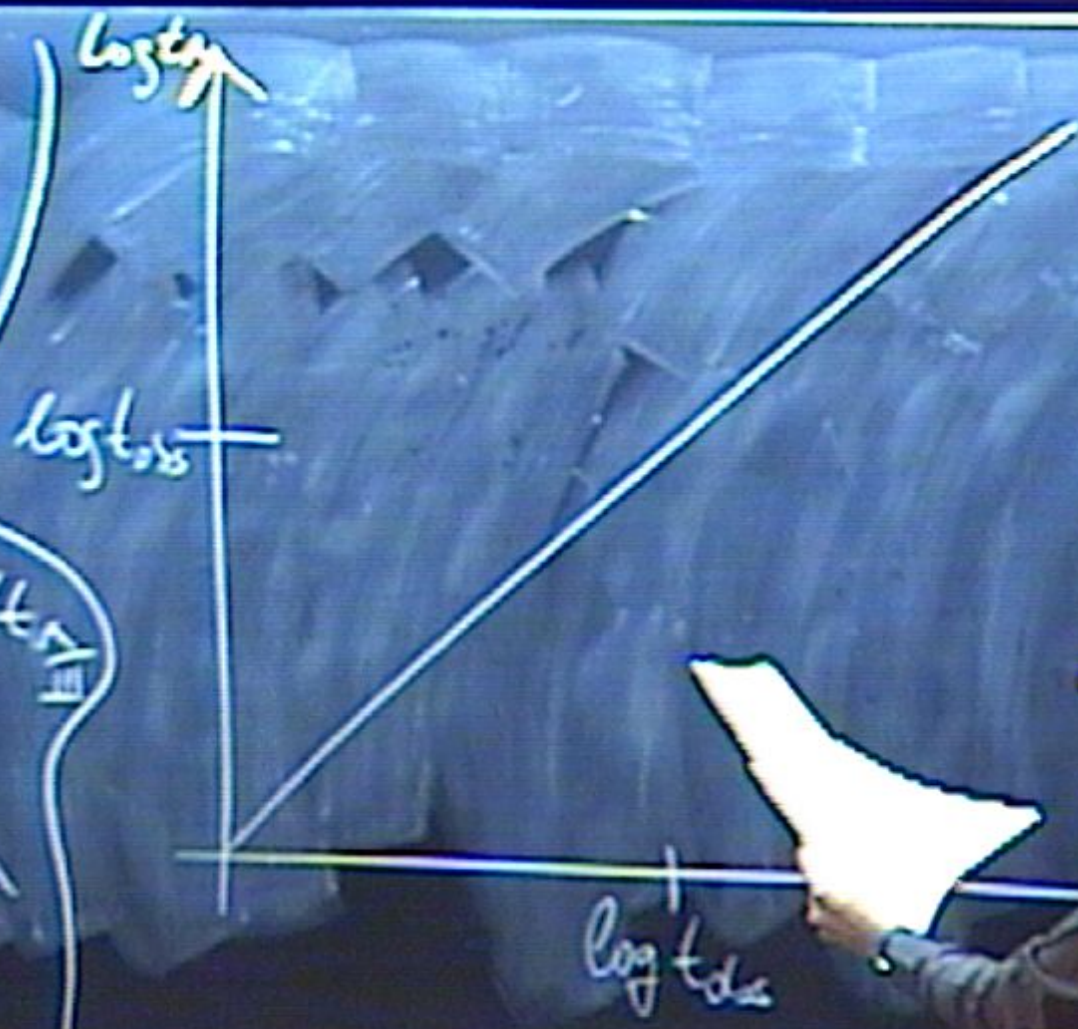


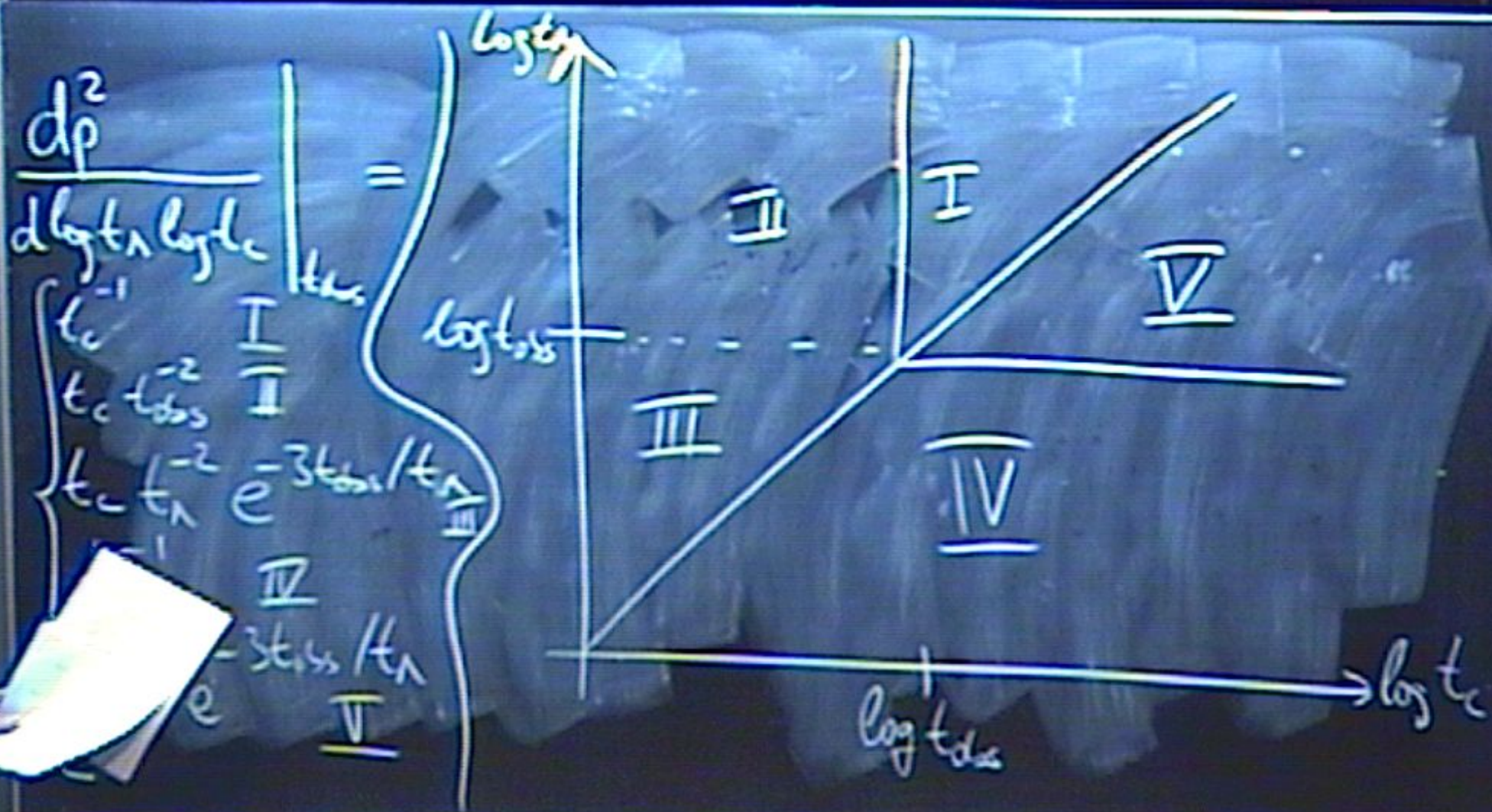


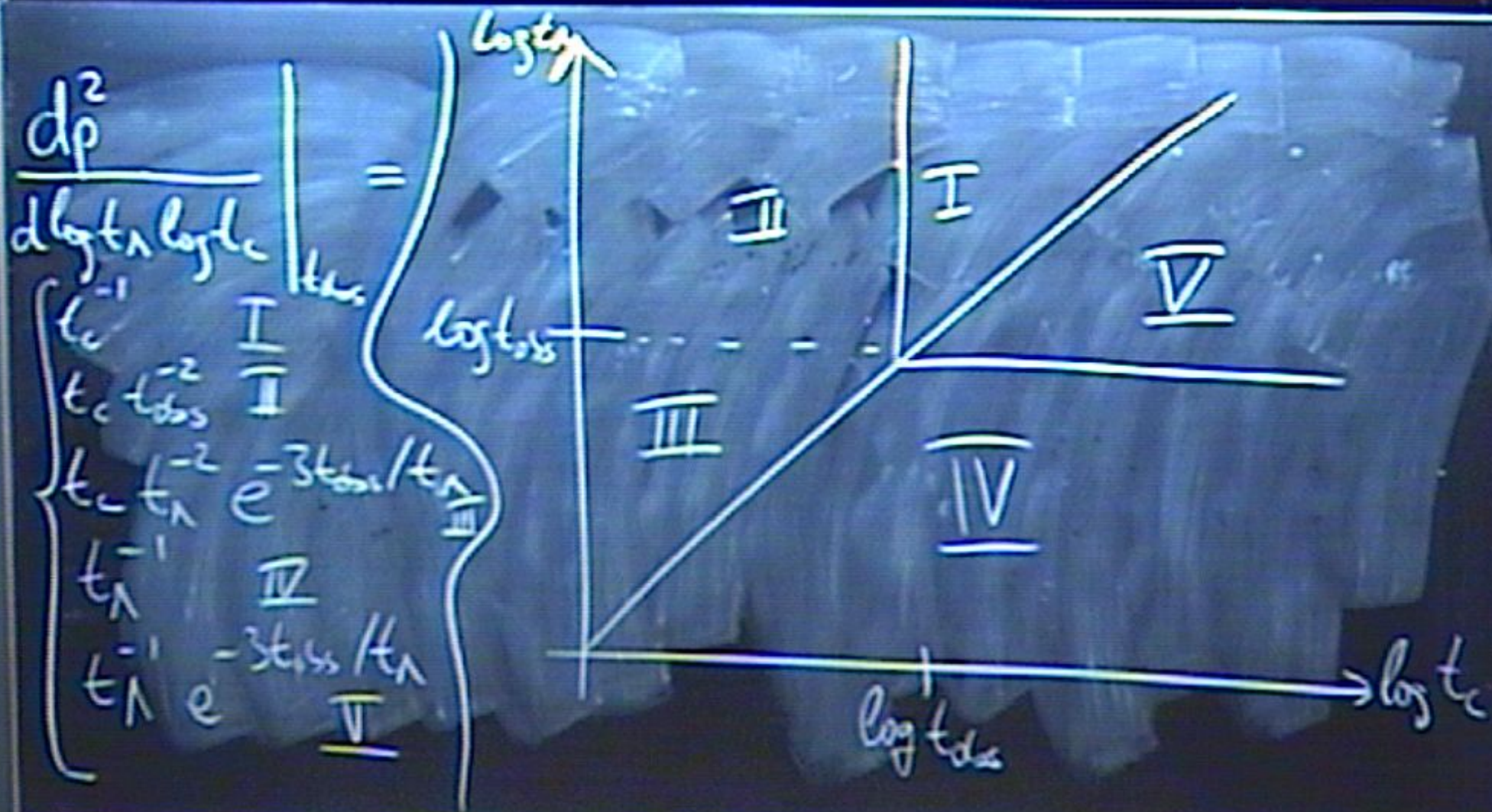


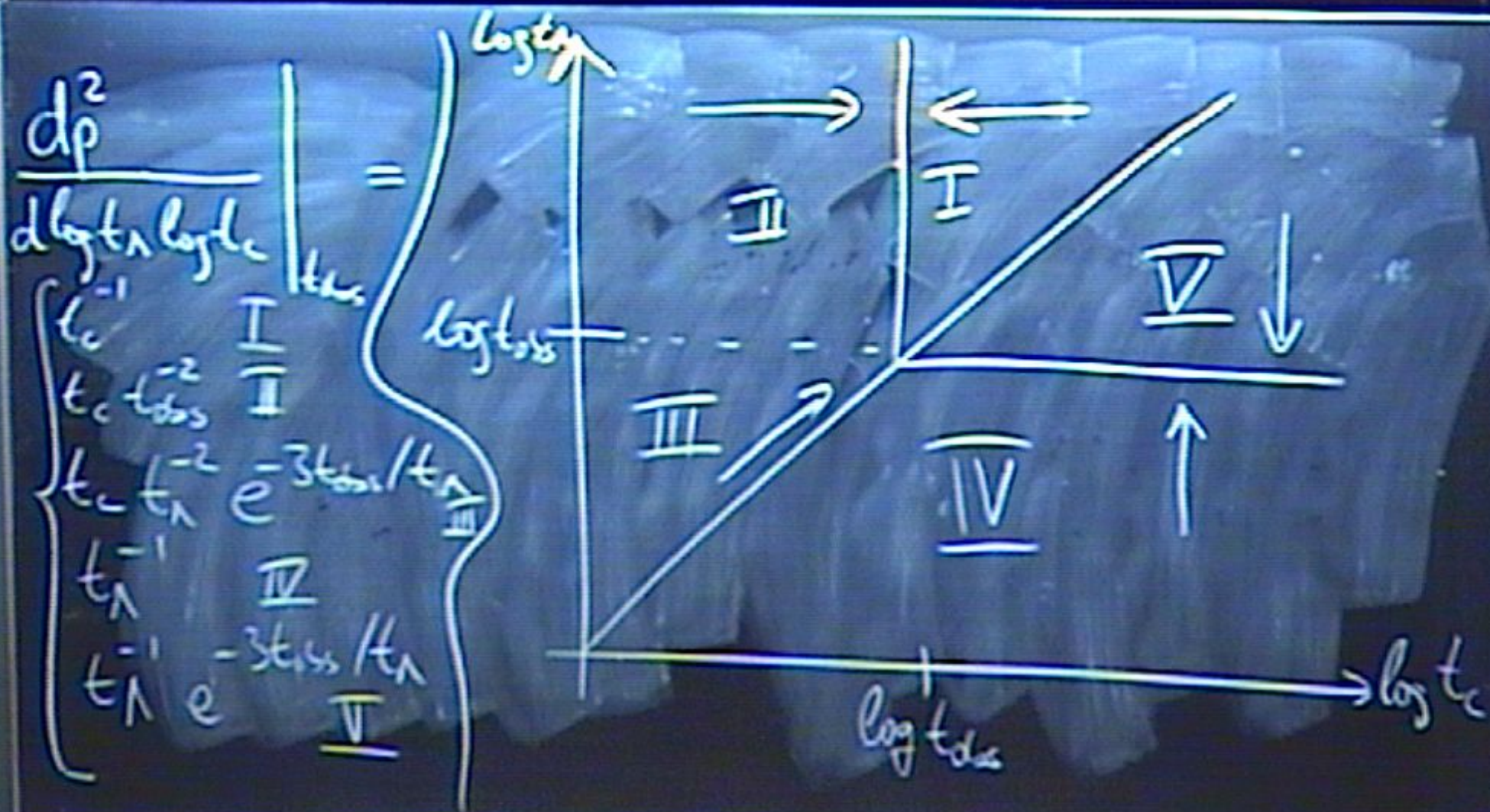


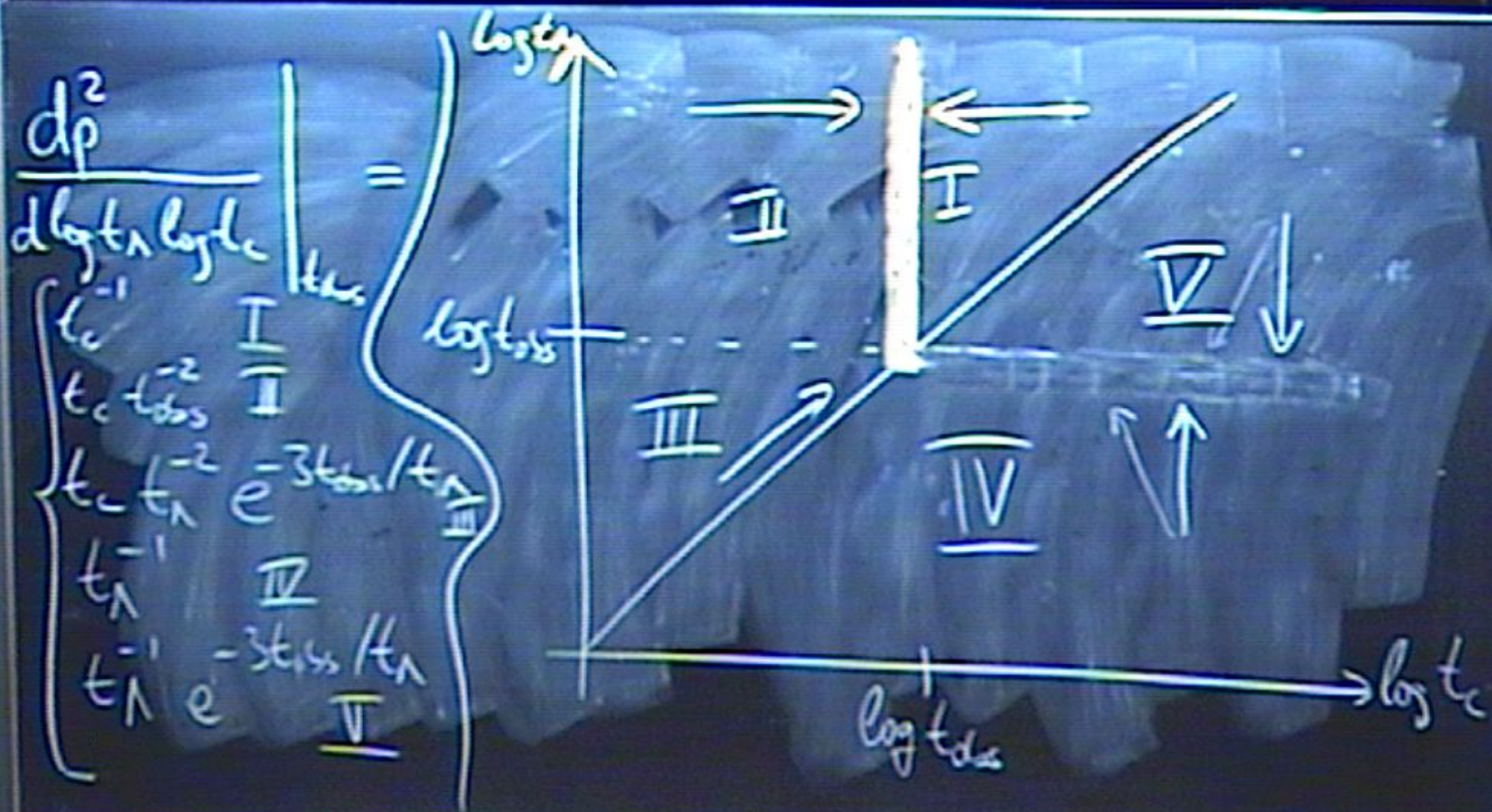
$$\frac{d^2 p}{d \log t_N d \log t_c} \bigg|_{t_{\text{obs}}} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} t_c^{-1} & \text{I} \\ t_c^{-2} t_{\text{obs}} & \text{II} \\ t_c^{-2} t_N e^{-3 t_{\text{obs}} / t_N} & \text{III} \\ t_N^{-1} & \text{IV} \\ t_N^{-1} e^{-3 t_{\text{obs}} / t_N} & \text{V} \end{array} \right.$$

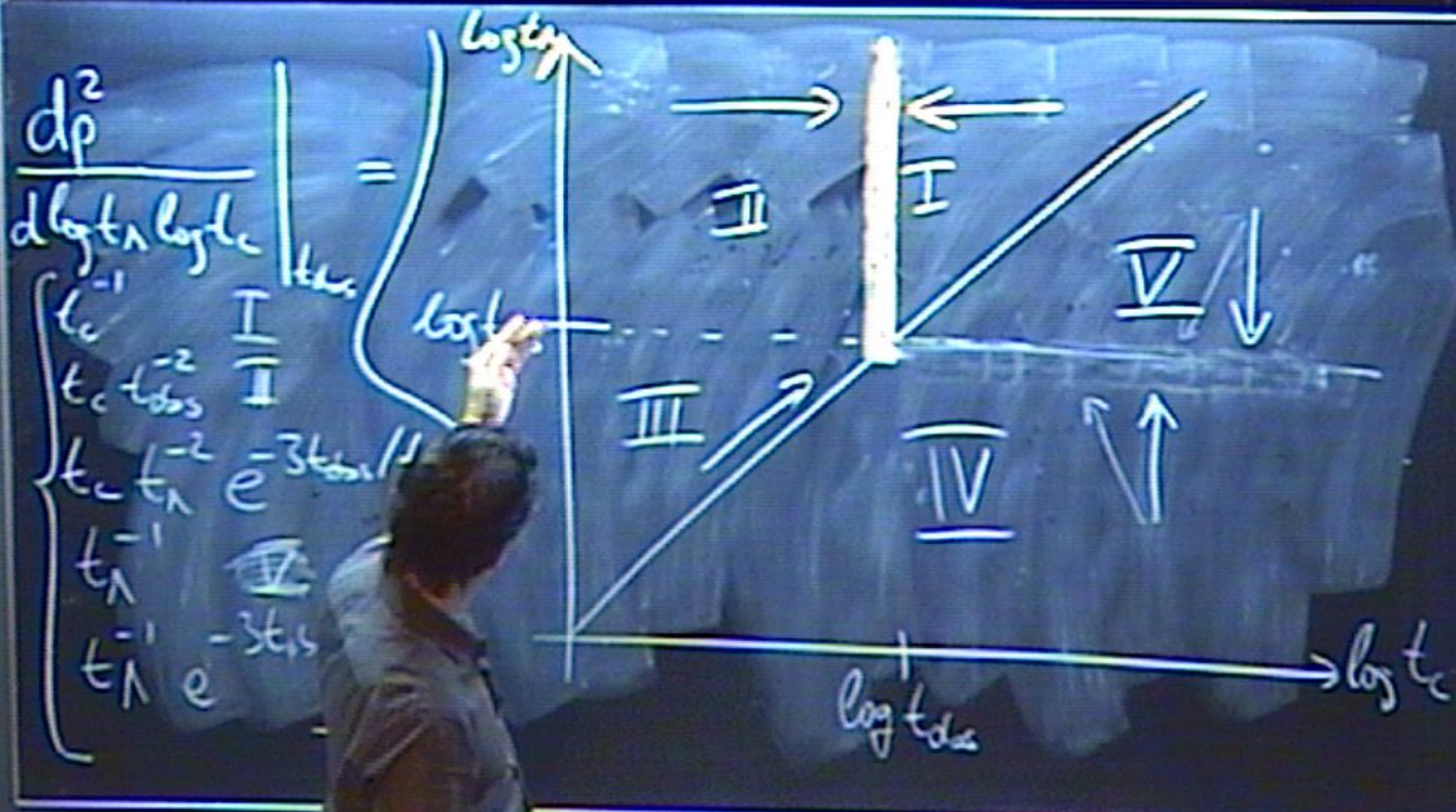


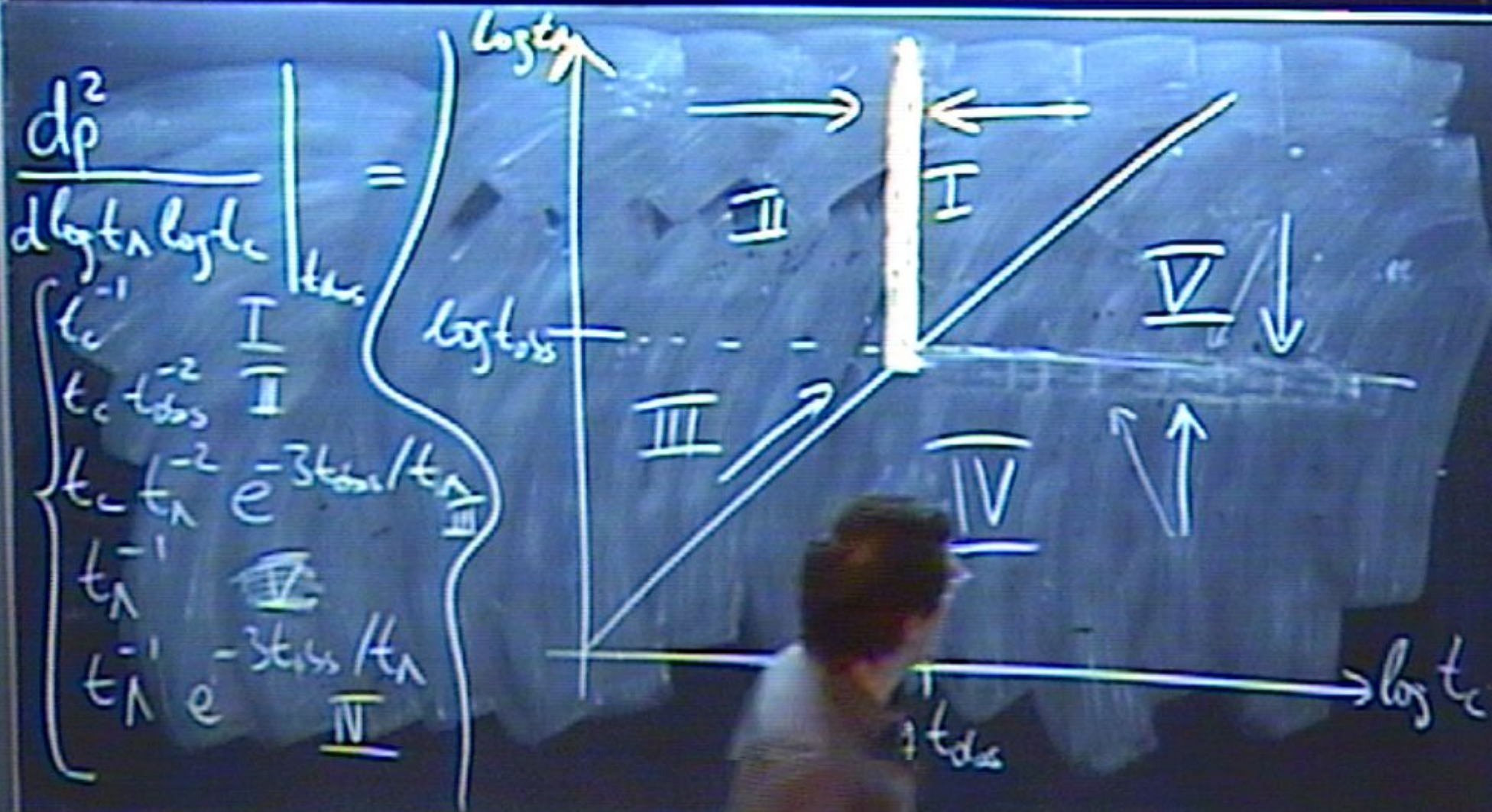


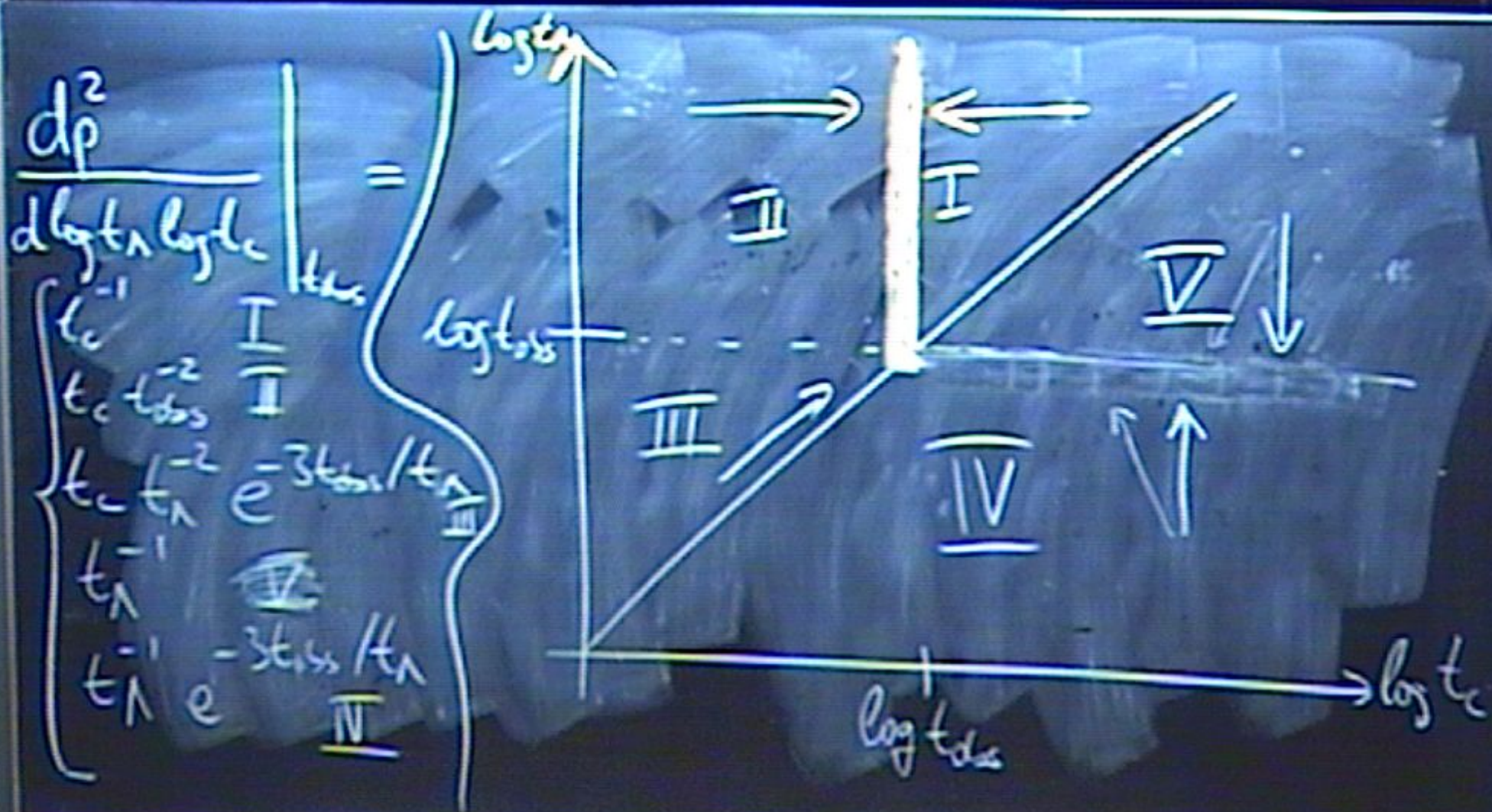










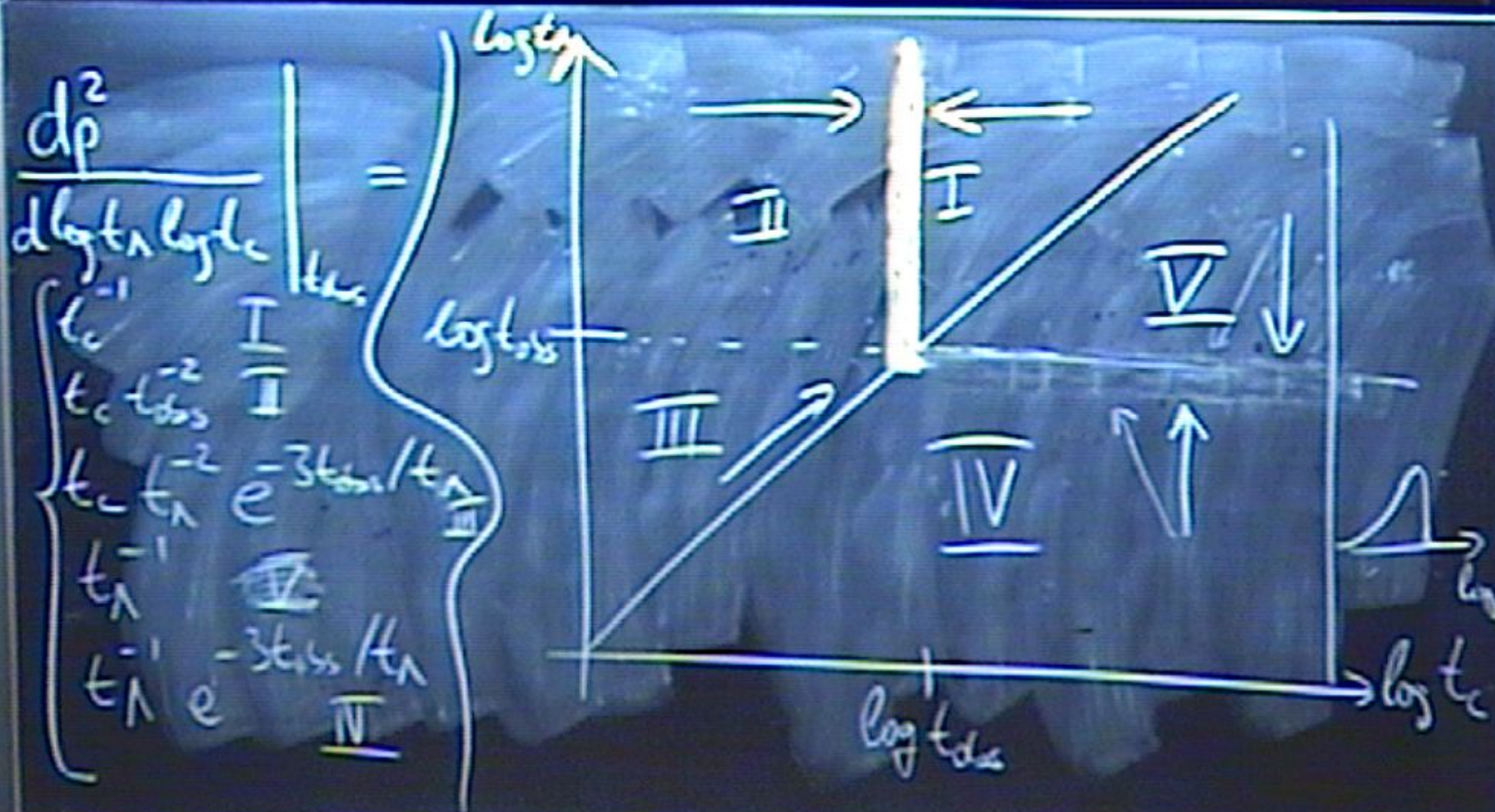


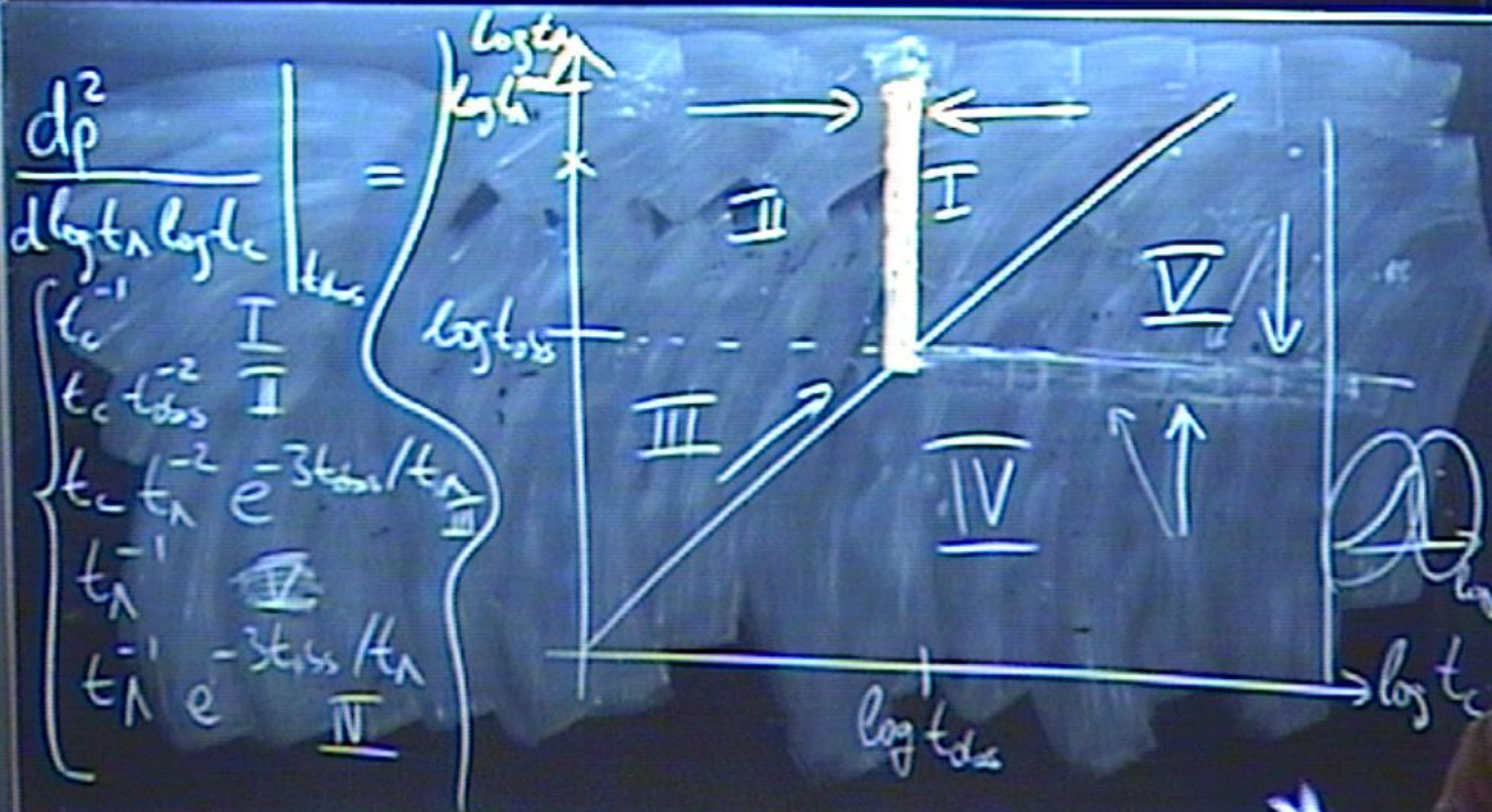
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$$\frac{dp}{d \log t_{obs}} = t_{obs}^{-1} \log \frac{t_{obs}^{\max}}{t_{obs}}$$

$$\frac{dp}{d \log t_{obs}} = \left(t_{obs}^{-1} \log \frac{t_{\Delta}^{max}}{t_{obs}} \right) \alpha(t_{obs}) \cdot f(t_{obs})$$

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$$\frac{dp}{d \log t_{\text{obs}}} = \left(t_{\text{obs}}^{-1} \log \frac{t_{\Lambda}^{\text{max}}}{t_{\text{obs}}} \right) \underbrace{\propto (t_{\text{obs}}) \cdot f(t_{\text{obs}})}$$

$$\sim t_{\text{obs}}^{\epsilon} \Rightarrow t_{\text{c}} t_{\text{obs}} \sim t_{\Lambda}^{\text{max}} \sim N^{-\frac{1}{2}} t_{\text{obs}}^{1+\epsilon} \quad \epsilon > 0$$