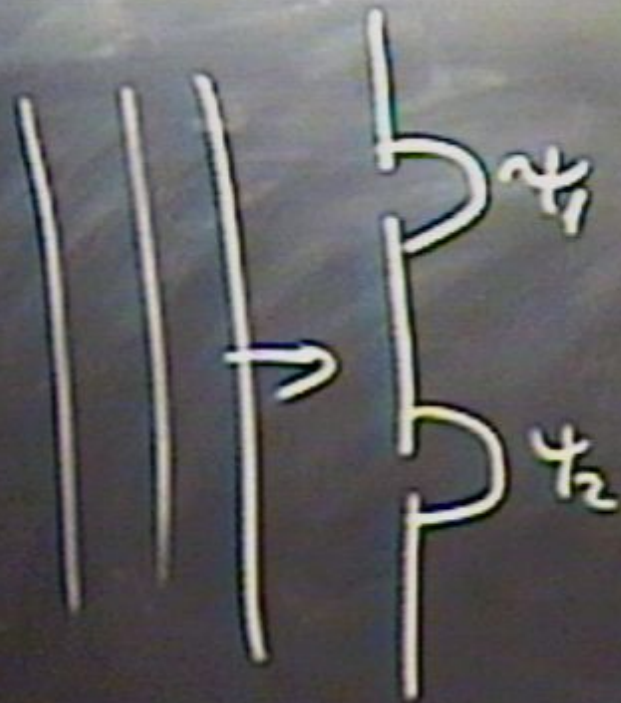


Title: Dynamical quantum nonlocality

Date: May 11, 2011 09:30 AM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/10050097>

Abstract: In my talk I raise the question of the fundamental limits to the size of thermal machines - refrigerators, heat pumps and work producing engines - and I will present the smallest possible ones. I will also discuss the issue of a possible complementarity between size and efficiency and show that even the smallest machines could be maximally efficient. Finally I will present a new point of view over what is work and what do thermal machines actually do.



$$\Psi = e^{i\alpha_1} \Psi_1 + e^{i\alpha_2} \Psi_2$$



$$\Psi = e^{i\alpha_1} \Psi_1 + e^{i\alpha_2} \Psi_2$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Psi &= e^{i\alpha_1} \Psi_1 + e^{i\alpha_2} \Psi_2 \\ &= \cancel{e^{i\alpha_1}} \left(\Psi_1 + e^{i(\alpha_2 - \alpha_1)} \Psi_2 \right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\psi &= e^{i\alpha_1} \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha_2} \psi_2 \\ &= \cancel{e^{i\alpha_1}} \left(\psi_1 + e^{i(\alpha_2 - \alpha_1)} \psi_2 \right)\end{aligned}$$

Ψ

ψ

$$A_1 |\psi\rangle = \lambda_1 |\psi\rangle$$

$$A_2 |\psi\rangle = \lambda$$

ψ

$$A_1 \psi = \lambda_1 \psi$$

$$A_2 \psi = \lambda_2 \psi$$

ψ

$$A_1 \psi = \lambda_1 \psi$$

$$A_2 \psi = \lambda_2 \psi$$

ψ

$$A_1 \psi = \lambda_1 \psi$$

$$A_2 \psi = \lambda_2 \psi$$



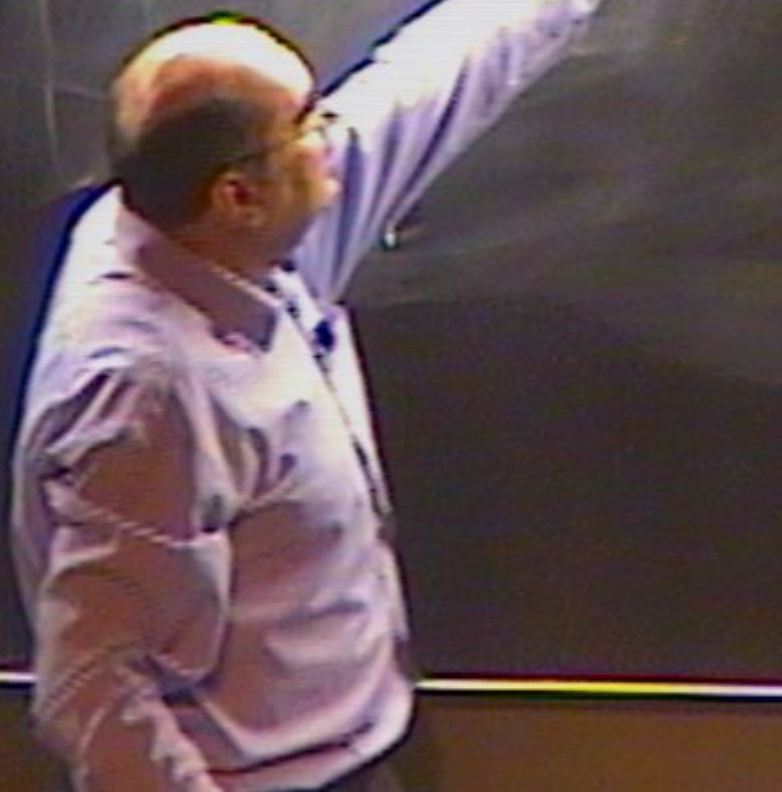


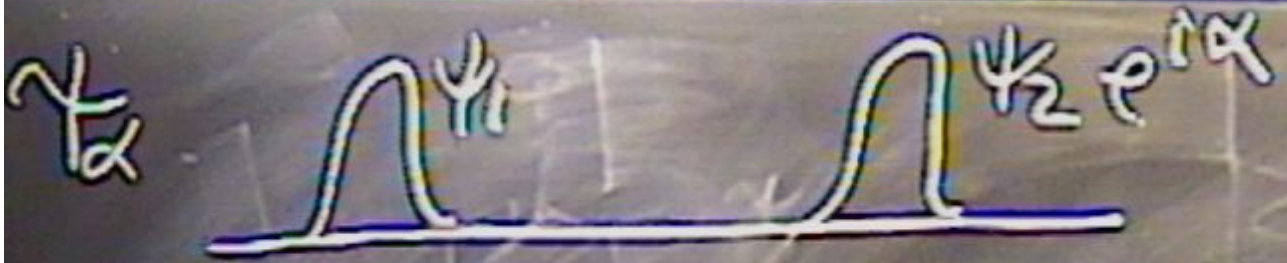




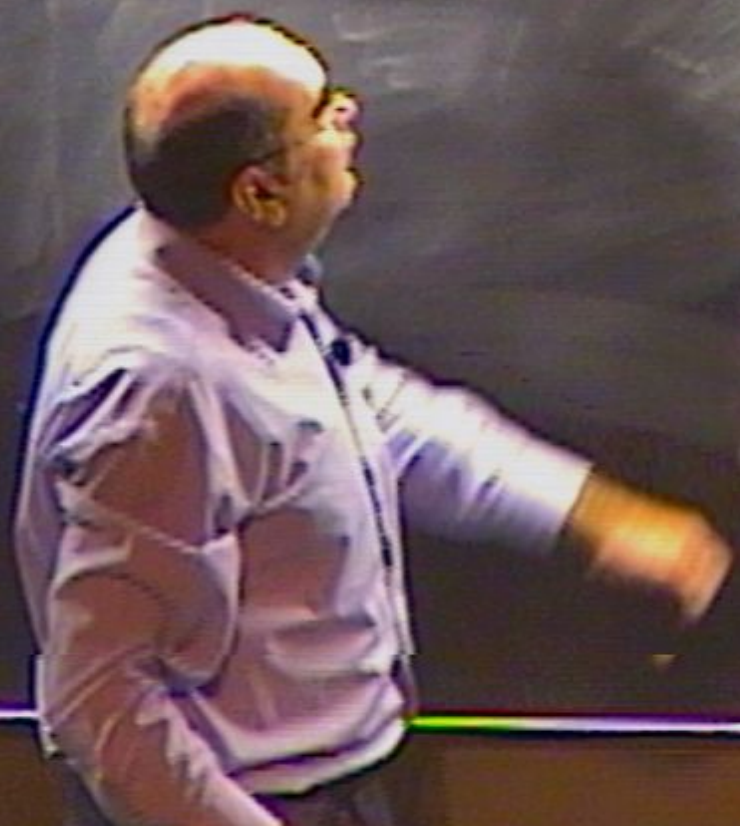


\bar{x}





\bar{x}



$$\psi_\alpha \quad \psi_1 \quad \psi_2 e^{i\alpha} \quad \psi_\alpha = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2$$

\bar{x}



$$\psi_\alpha \quad \psi_1 \quad \psi_2 e^{i\alpha} \quad \psi_\alpha = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2$$

$$\bar{x} = \int \psi_\alpha^* x \psi_\alpha dx = \int (\psi_1^* + e^{-i\alpha} \psi_2^*) x (\psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2) dx$$

$$\psi_\alpha \quad \psi_1 \quad \psi_2 e^{i\alpha} \quad \psi_\alpha = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2$$

$$\bar{x} = \int \psi_\alpha^* \times \psi_\alpha dx = \int (\psi_1^* + e^{-i\alpha} \psi_2^*) \times (\psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2) dx$$

$$= \int \psi_1^* \times \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* \times \psi_2 dx + \int \psi_1^* \times e^{i\alpha} \psi_2 dx + c.c.$$

$$\psi_\alpha \quad \psi_1 \quad \psi_2 e^{i\alpha} \quad \psi_\alpha = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2$$

$$\bar{x} = \int \psi_\alpha^* \times \psi_\alpha dx = \int (\psi_1^* + e^{-i\alpha} \psi_2^*) \times (\psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2) dx$$

$$\int \psi_1^* \times \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* \times \psi_2 dx + \int \psi_1^* \times e^{i\alpha} \psi_2 dx + c.c.$$

$$\psi_\alpha = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2$$


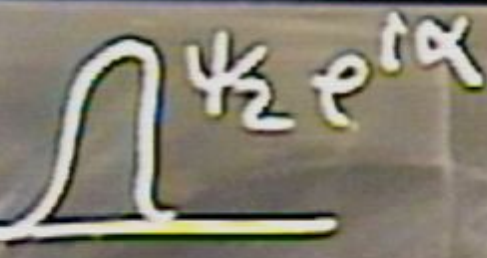
$$\overline{\chi^N} = \int \psi_\alpha^* \chi^N \psi_\alpha dx = \int (\psi_1^* + e^{-i\alpha} \psi_2^*) \chi^N (\psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2) dx$$

$$= \int \psi_1^* \chi^N \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* \chi^N \psi_2 dx + \int \psi_1^* \chi^N e^{i\alpha} \psi_2 dx + c.c.$$

XN


INDEP OF α

[Large area of white chalk scribbles covering the page]

ψ_α


 $\psi = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha x} \psi_2$


$$|\Phi|^2 = \int \psi_\alpha^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_\alpha dx$$

$$= \int \psi_1^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_2 dx + \int \psi_1^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} e^{i\alpha x} \psi_2 dx + \text{c.c.}$$

χ_α

 $\psi = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha x} \psi_2$

$$P = \int \psi_\alpha^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_\alpha dx$$

$$\left(\psi_1^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_2 + \int \psi_1^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} e^{i\alpha x} \psi_2 dx + \text{c.c.} \right)$$

χ_α

 $\psi = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2$

$\int \psi_\alpha^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_\alpha dx$

$= \int \psi_1^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_2 dx + \int \psi_1^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} e^{i\alpha} \psi_2 dx + \text{r.c.}$

$\overline{X^N}$

\overline{P}

INDEP. OF α

~~_____~~



XN

PM

XN

INDEP. OF α

~~_____~~

X^N

INDEP. OF α

PM

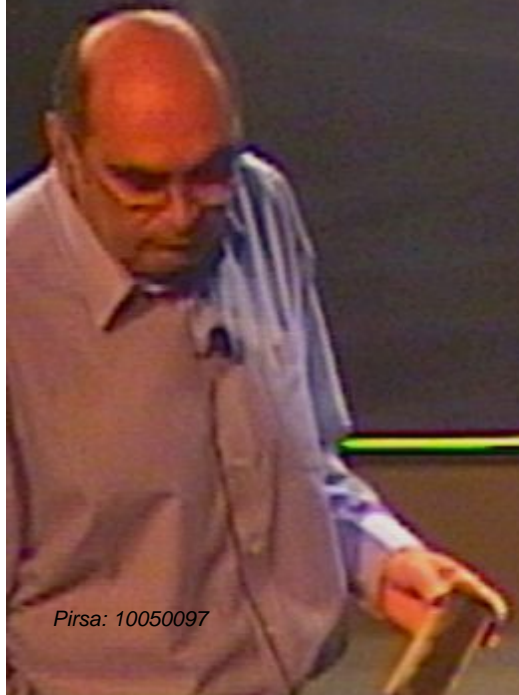
~~—————~~

X^NPK

$\overline{X^N}$
 \overline{PM}
 $\overline{X^N PK}$


INDEP. OF α

~~_____~~



$$\chi_\alpha \quad \psi_1 \quad \psi_2 e^{i\alpha} \quad \Psi = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{P_N} &= \int \Psi_\alpha^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \Psi_\alpha dx \\ &= \int \psi_1^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_2 dx + \int \psi_1^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} e^{i\alpha} \psi_2 dx + \text{c.c.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\psi_\alpha = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2$$


$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle \hat{p} \rangle &= \int \psi_\alpha^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_\alpha dx \\
 &= \int \psi_1^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi_2 dx + \int \psi_1^* i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} e^{i\alpha} \psi_2 dx + \text{c.c.}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\Psi = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2$$

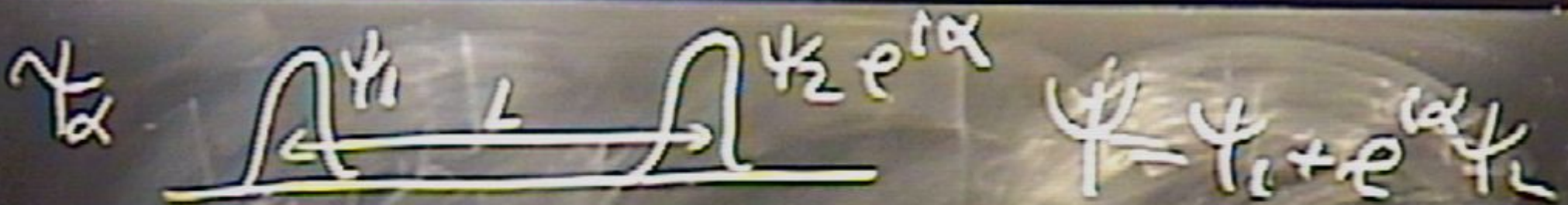
$$e^{i \frac{pL}{\hbar}}$$



$$\Psi = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2$$

$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \int \psi_\alpha^* e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_\alpha dx$$

$$= \int \psi_\alpha^* dx$$



$$e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} = \int \psi_\alpha^* e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} \psi_\alpha dx$$

$$= \int \psi_1^* e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} \psi_2 dx$$



$$\Psi = \Psi_1 + e^{i\alpha x} \Psi_2$$

$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \int \Psi_\alpha^* e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \Psi_\alpha dx$$

$$= \int \Psi_1^* e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \Psi_1 dx + \int \Psi_2^* e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \Psi_2 dx$$

$$+ \int \Psi_1^* e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \Psi_2 e^{i\alpha x} dx + \int \Psi_2^* e^{-i\alpha x}$$



$$\psi = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2$$

$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \int \psi_\alpha^* e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_\alpha dx$$

$$= \int \psi_1^* e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_2 dx$$

$$+ \int \psi_1^* e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_2 e^{i\alpha} dx + \int \psi_2^* e^{-i\alpha} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_1 dx$$



$$\Psi = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha x} \psi_2$$

$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \int \psi_2^* e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_1 dx$$

~~$$= \int \psi_1^* e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_2 dx$$~~

$$+ \int \psi_1^* dx + \int \psi_2^* e^{-i\alpha x} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_1 dx$$

X^N

INDEP. OF α

PM

~~_____~~

X^NPK

$$e^{i \frac{pL}{\hbar}} = e^{i\alpha}$$

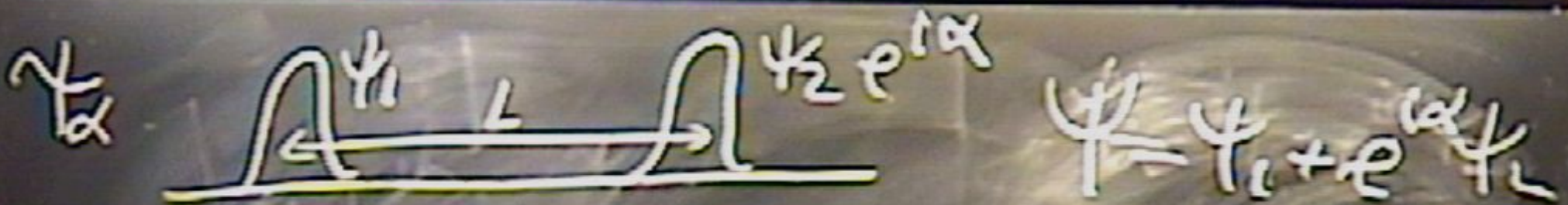


$$\psi = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2$$

$$e^{-i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \int \psi_\alpha^* e^{-i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_\alpha dx$$

$$= \int \psi_1^* e^{-i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_2 dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} e^{i\alpha} dx + \int \psi_2^* e^{-i\alpha} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_1 dx$$



$$e^{-i \frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \int \psi_{\alpha}^* e^{-i \frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_{\alpha} dx$$

$$= \int \psi_1^* e^{-i \frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* e^{-i \frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_2 dx$$

$$+ \int \psi_1^* e^{-i \frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_2 e^{i \alpha} dx + \int \psi_2^* e^{-i \alpha} e^{-i \frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_1 dx$$

INDEP. OF α

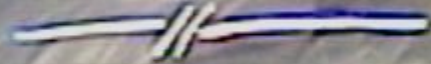
$$\overline{X^N}$$

$$\overline{PM}$$

$$\overline{X^N PK}$$

$$\overline{e^{-i \frac{pL}{\hbar}}}$$

$$= e^{i\alpha}$$



INDEP. OF α

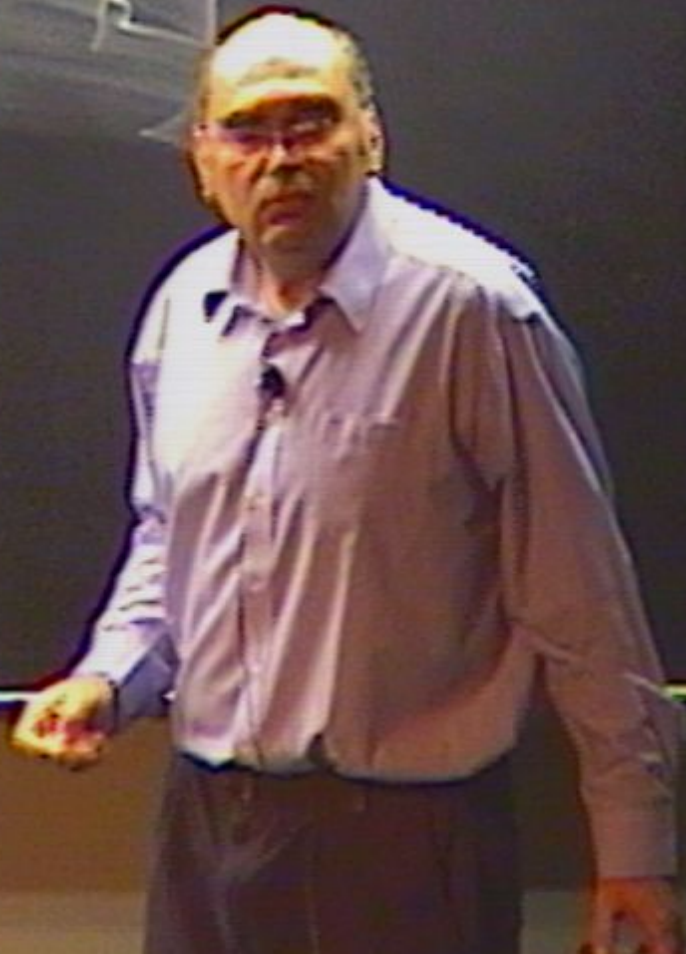
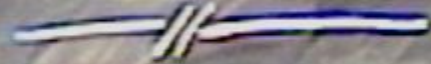
$$\overline{X^N}$$

$$\overline{P^M}$$

$$\overline{X^N P^K}$$

$$\overline{e^{-i \frac{pL}{\hbar}}}$$

$$= e^{\frac{i\alpha}{2}}$$



$\overline{X^N}$ INDEP. OF α
 \overline{PM}
 $\overline{X^N PK}$
 $\overline{e^{-i\frac{PL}{\hbar}}} = e^{\frac{i\alpha}{2}}$





$$\psi = \psi_1 + e^{i\alpha} \psi_2$$

$$e^{-i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \int \psi_\alpha^* e^{-i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_\alpha dx$$

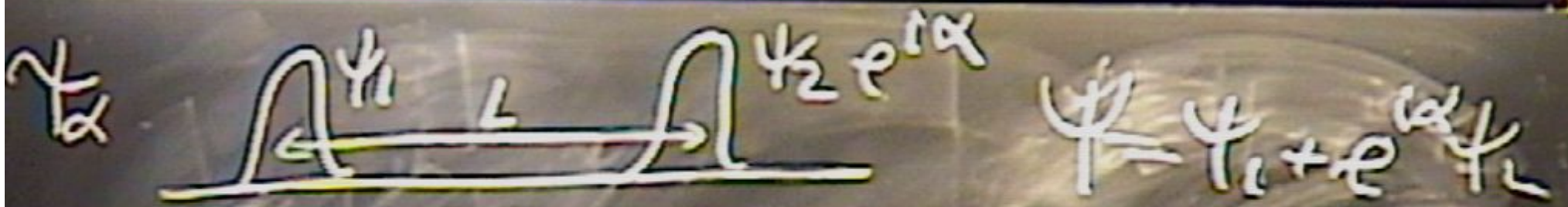
$$= \int \psi_1^* e^{-i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* e^{-i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_2 dx$$

$$+ \int \psi_1^* e^{-i\alpha} \psi_2 e^{i\alpha} dx + \int \psi_2^* e^{-i\alpha} e^{-i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \psi_1 dx$$

$$e^{i\frac{Pz}{\hbar}}$$







$$e^{-i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} = \int \psi_\alpha^* e^{-i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} \psi_\alpha dx$$

$$= \int \psi_1^* e^{-i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} \psi_1 dx + \int \psi_2^* e^{-i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} \psi_2 dx$$

$$+ \int \psi_1^* e^{-i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} \psi_2 e^{i\alpha} dx + \int \psi_2^* e^{-i\alpha} e^{-i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} \psi_1 dx$$

INDEP OF α

X^N

P_M

$X^N P_K$

$$e^{-i \frac{p_L}{\hbar}} = e^{i \alpha}$$



$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x)$$

$$\dot{x} = \frac{i}{\hbar} [x, H] = \frac{i}{\hbar} \left[x, \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x) \right]$$

$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x)$$

$$\dot{x} = \frac{i}{\hbar} [x, H] = \frac{i}{\hbar} \left[x, \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x) \right] = \frac{P}{m}$$

$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}$$

$$\dot{x} = \frac{p}{m}$$

$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x)$$

$$\dot{P} = \frac{i}{\hbar} [P, H] = \frac{i}{\hbar} \left[P, \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x) \right] =$$

$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x)$$

$$\dot{P} = \frac{i}{\hbar} [P, H] = \frac{i}{\hbar} \left[P, \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x) \right]$$

$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{P} &= \frac{i}{\hbar} [P, H] = \frac{i}{\hbar} \left[P, \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x) \right] \\ &= \frac{i}{\hbar} [P, V(x)] = -\frac{i\hbar}{\hbar} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} \right) = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}\end{aligned}$$

$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}$$

$$\dot{X} = \frac{P}{m}$$

$$\dot{P} = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial X}$$

$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}$$

$$\dot{X} = \frac{P}{m}$$

$$\dot{P} = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial X}$$

$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + V(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}$$

$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} = \frac{d}{dP} e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} \frac{dP}{dt} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} \left(-\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} \right)$$

$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}$$

$$\dot{X} = \frac{p}{m}$$

$$\dot{p} = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \left(-\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}\right)$$

$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} = \frac{i}{\hbar} \left[e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} \right]$$

$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + V(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{i}{\hbar} \left[e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}, \frac{p^2}{2m} + V(x) \right]$$

$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} = i \left[e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}}, \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x) \right]$$

$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} = i \left[e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}}, V(x) \right]$$

$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} &= \frac{i}{\hbar} \left[e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}}, V(x) \right] = \\ &= \frac{i}{\hbar} \left(e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} V(x) - V(x) e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} \right) = \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{i}{h} e^{i\frac{pL}{h}} (V(x) - e^{-\frac{iP}{h}} V(x) e^{i\frac{pL}{h}})$$

$$= \frac{i}{h} e^{i\frac{pL}{h}}$$



$$= \frac{1}{h} e^{i\frac{PL}{h}} (V(x) - e^{-i\frac{PL}{h}} V(x) e^{i\frac{PL}{h}})$$

$$= \frac{1}{h} e^{i\frac{PL}{h}} (V(x) - V(x+L))$$

$$= \frac{i}{h} e^{i\frac{pL}{h}} (V(x) - e^{-\frac{iP}{h}} V(x) e^{i\frac{pL}{h}})$$

$$= \frac{i}{h} e^{i\frac{pL}{h}} (V(x) - V(x+L))$$

$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}$$

$$\dot{x} = \frac{p}{m}$$

$$\dot{p} = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \left(-\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}\right) \text{ CLASSICAL}$$

$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}$$

$$\dot{x} = \frac{p}{m}$$

$$\dot{p} = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}$$

$$d e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \left(-\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}\right) \text{ CLASSICAL}$$

$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \left(\frac{V(x) - V(x+L)}{L} \right)$$

$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}$$

$$\dot{x} = \frac{p}{m}$$

$$\dot{p} = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \left(-\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}\right) \text{ CLASSICAL}$$

$$= \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \left(\frac{V(x) - V(x+L)}{L} \right) \text{ Q}$$

$$e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}}$$

$$\dot{X} = \frac{P}{m}$$

$$\dot{P} = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial X}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{Px}{\hbar}} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{Px}{\hbar}} \left(-\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}\right) \text{ CLASSICAL}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{Px}{\hbar}} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{Px}{\hbar}} \left(\frac{V(x) - V(x+L)}{L} \right) \text{ Q}$$

$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + V(x)$$



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} &= \frac{i}{\hbar} [e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}, V(x)] = \\ &= \frac{i}{\hbar} (e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} V(x) - V(x) e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}) = \end{aligned}$$

$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + V(x)$$



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} &= \frac{i}{\hbar} [e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}, V(x)] = \\ &= \frac{i}{\hbar} (e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} V(x) - V(x) e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}) = \end{aligned}$$

$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + V(x)$$



$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{i}{\hbar} \left[e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}, V(x) \right] =$$
$$= \frac{i}{\hbar} \left(e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} V(x) - V(x) e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \right)$$

$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + V(x)$$



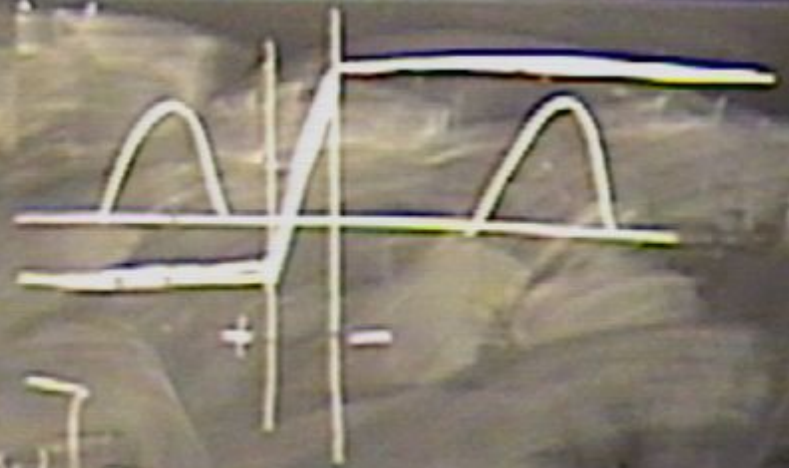
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} &= \frac{i}{\hbar} \left[e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}, V(x) \right] = \\ &= \frac{i}{\hbar} \left(e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} V(x) - V(x) e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \right) = \end{aligned}$$

$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + V(x)$$



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} &= \frac{i}{\hbar} \left[e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}, V(x) \right] = \\ &= \frac{i}{\hbar} \left(e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} V(x) - V(x) e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \right) = \end{aligned}$$

$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x)$$



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} &= \frac{i}{\hbar} [e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}}, V(x)] = \\ &= \frac{i}{\hbar} (e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} V(x) - V(x) e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}}) = \end{aligned}$$



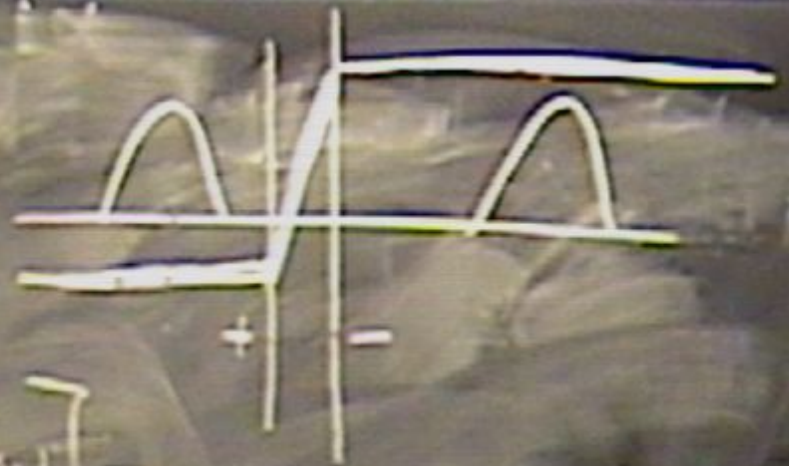
$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + V(x)$$



$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{i}{\hbar} [e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}, V(x)] =$$

$$= \frac{i}{\hbar} (e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} V(x) - V(x) e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}) =$$

$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + V(x)$$



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} &= \frac{i}{\hbar} [e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}, V(x)] = \\ &= \frac{i}{\hbar} (e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} V(x) - V(x) e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}) = \end{aligned}$$



$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(x)$$



$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} = \frac{i}{\hbar} [e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}}, V(x)] =$$
$$= \frac{i}{\hbar} (e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}} V(x) - V(x) e^{i\frac{PL}{\hbar}}) =$$



$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}$$

$$\dot{x} = \frac{p}{m}$$

$$\dot{p} = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \left(-\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}\right) \text{ CLASSICAL}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \left(\frac{V(x) - V(x+L)}{L} \right) \text{ Q}$$

$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}$$

$$\dot{x} = \frac{p}{m}$$

$$\dot{p} = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \left(-\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}\right) \text{ CLASSICAL}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \left(\frac{V(x) - V(x+L)}{L} \right) \text{ Q}$$

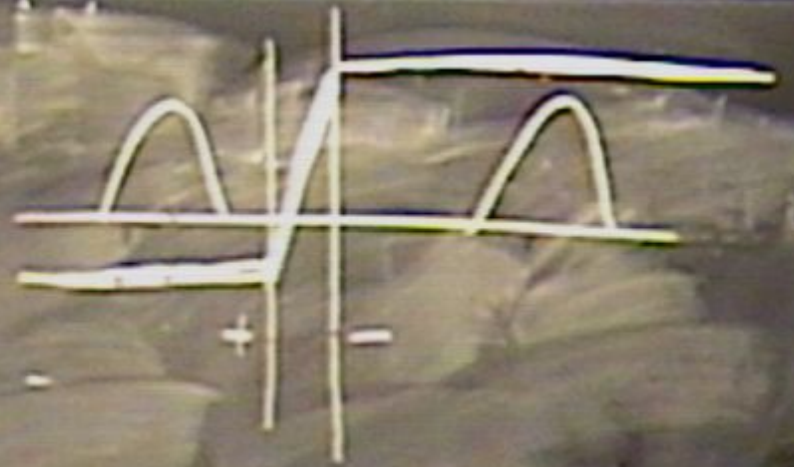
$$e^{i \frac{P}{P_0}}$$

$$P_0 =$$



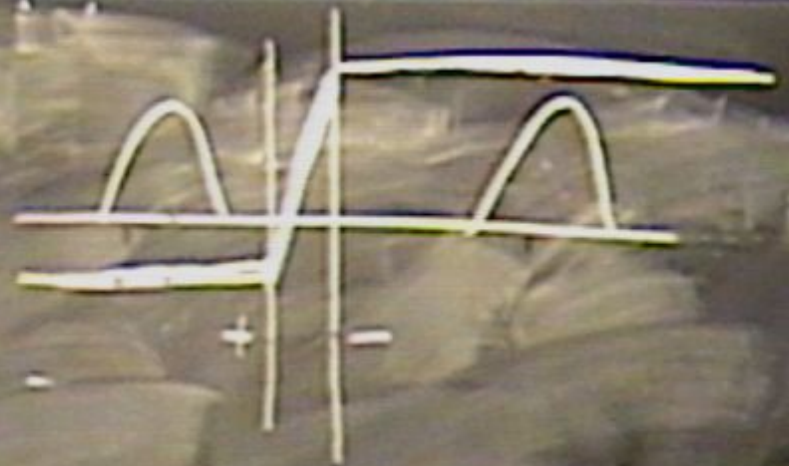
$$e^{i \frac{P}{P_0}}$$

$$P_0 = \frac{\hbar k}{L}$$



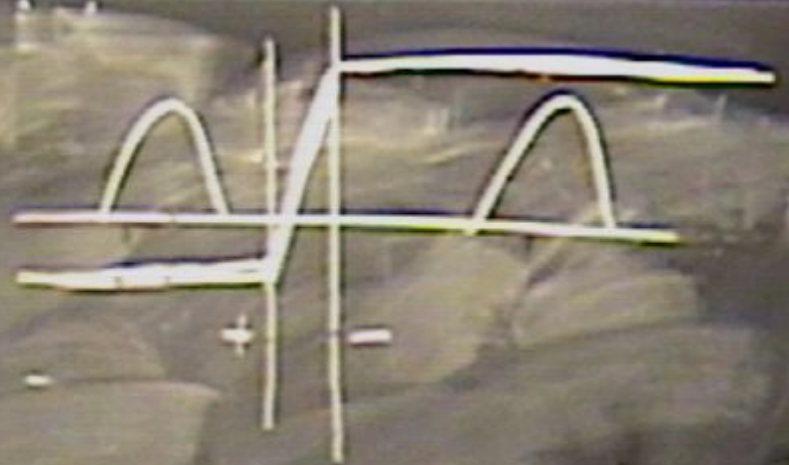
$$e^{i \frac{P}{P_0}}$$

$$P_0 = \frac{\hbar k}{L}$$



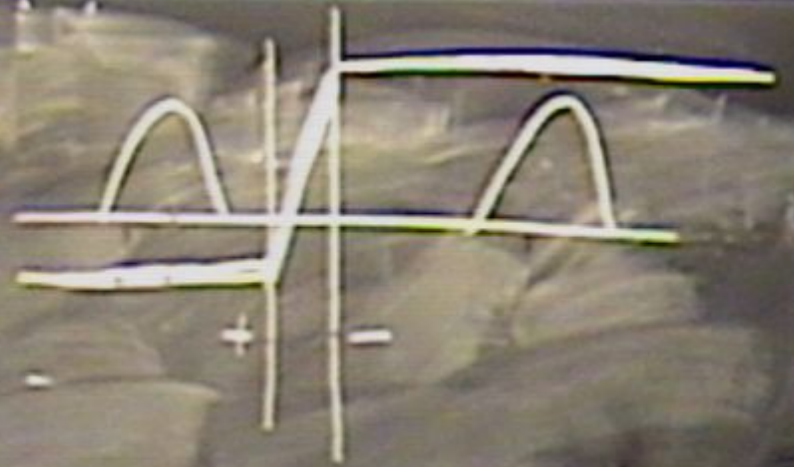
$$e^{i \frac{P}{P_0}}$$

$$P_0 = \frac{\hbar k}{L}$$



$$e^{i \frac{P}{P_0}}$$

$$P_0 = \frac{\hbar k}{L}$$



$$e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}}$$

$$\dot{x} = \frac{p}{m}$$

$$\dot{p} = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \left(-\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}\right) \text{ CLASSICAL}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} = \frac{iL}{\hbar} e^{i\frac{pL}{\hbar}} \left(\frac{V(x) - V(x+L)}{L} \right) \text{ Q}$$

