

Title: Gravitational Physics - Review (PHYS 636) - Lecture 4

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Abstract:



perimeter scholars  
INTERNATIONAL

Lecture 4

More on curvature

Pull together techniques to attack a physical problem: spacetime around a star.

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Simplify the system

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## More on curvature

Pull together techniques to attack a physical problem: spacetime around a star.

Simplify the system

spherical symmetry  
static

- Killing vector  $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$

$SO(3)$  Killing algebra

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$SO(3)$  Killing algebra

3 Killing vectors

- Killing vector  $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$

$SO(3)$  Killing algebra      3 Killing vectors

$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$  a Killing vector + static means  $\dot{g}_{ab} = 0$   
and we can choose the co-ord "t" such that

$$g_{ti} = 0 \quad (i=1,2,3).$$



$$\xi_1 = \sin\phi \partial_\theta + \cot\theta \cos\phi \partial_\varphi$$

$$\xi_2 = \cos\phi \partial_\theta - \cot\theta \sin\phi \partial_\varphi$$

$$\xi_3 = \partial_\phi$$

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$$\xi_3 = \partial_\phi$$

or can choose  $\theta, \phi$  co-ords

$$\xi_1 = \sin\phi \partial_\theta + \cot\theta \cos\phi \partial_\phi$$

$$\xi_2 = \cos\phi \partial_\theta - \cot\theta \sin\phi \partial_\phi$$

$$\xi_3 = \partial_\phi$$

or can choose  $\theta, \phi$  co-ords, corresponding to the spherical symmetry.

$$-(L_{\xi} g)_{ab} = 0$$

$$\xi_3 = \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \quad (0, 0, 0, 1)$$

$$(\mathcal{L}_\xi g)_{ab} = 0$$

$$g_{ab,c} \xi^c + g_{ca} \xi_{,b}^c + g_{cb} \xi_{,a}^c$$

$$\xi_a = \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (0, 0, 0, 1)$$

$$-(L_{\xi} g)_{ab} = 0$$

$$g_{ab,c} \xi^c + g_{ca} \xi_{,b}^c + g_{cb} \xi_{,a}^c$$

$$\xi_3 = \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (0, 0, 0, 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow g_{ab,\phi} = 0$$

$$L_{\xi} g_{ab} =$$

$$(\mathcal{L}_{\xi} g)_{ab} = 0$$

$$g_{ab,c} \xi^c + g_{ca} \xi_{,b}^c + g_{cb} \xi_{,a}^c$$

$$\xi_3 = \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (0, 0, 0, 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow g_{ab,\phi} = 0$$

$$\mathcal{L}_1 g_{ab} = \sin \phi g_{ab,\theta} + \xi_{,a}^c g_{cb} + a \leftrightarrow b$$

$$= \sin \phi g_{ab,\theta} + \xi_{,a}^{\theta} g_{\theta b} + \xi_{,a}^{\phi} g_{\phi b} + a \leftrightarrow b$$

$$= \sin \phi g_{ab,\theta} + \cos \phi \delta_a^{\theta} g_{\theta b} + (-\csc^2 \theta \cos \phi \delta_a^{\theta} + a \leftrightarrow b - \cot \theta \sin \phi \delta_a^{\phi}) g_{\phi b}$$

$$(L_{\xi} g)_{ab} = 0$$

$$g_{ab,\xi^c} + g_{ca}\xi_{,b}^c + g_{cb}\xi_{,a}^c$$

$$\xi_3 = \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (0, 0, 0, 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow g_{ab,\phi} = 0$$

$$L_1 g_{ab} = \sin\phi g_{ab,\theta} + \xi_{,a}^c g_{cb} + a\epsilon_{ab}$$

$$= \sin\phi g_{ab,\theta} + \xi_{,a}^{\theta} g_{\theta b} + \xi_{,a}^{\phi} g_{\phi b} + a\epsilon_{ab}$$

$$= \sin\phi g_{ab,\theta} + \cos\phi \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a} g_{\theta b} + (-\csc^2\theta \cos\phi \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial a} + a\epsilon_{ab} - \cot\theta \sin\phi \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial a}) g_{\phi b}$$



taking  $a, b = t$  or  $r$  gives  $g_{ab,0} = 0$

$a = t/r, b = \phi :$

taking  $a, b = t$  or  $r$  gives  $g_{ab, \theta} = 0$

$$a = t/r, b = \phi: \quad \sin \phi g_{t\phi, \theta} + \cos \phi g_{\theta t} \\ - \cot \theta \sin \phi g_{\phi t} = 0$$

taking  $a, b = t$  or  $r$  gives  $g_{ab, \theta} = 0$

$$a = t/r, b = \phi: \sin\phi g_{t\phi, \theta} + \cos\phi g_{\theta t} - \cot\theta \sin\phi g_{\phi t} = 0$$

Since  $g$  is indep of  $\phi$   $g_{\theta t/r} = 0$

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$$a = t/r, b = \theta: g_{t\theta, \theta} + \csc^2 \theta \cos \phi g_{\phi t} = 0 \Rightarrow g_{\phi t/r}$$

+csc<sup>2</sup>θ

g<sub>φt</sub>

$$\begin{bmatrix} t-t & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & r-r & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & x & x \\ 0 & 0 & x & x \end{bmatrix}$$

taking  $a, b = t$  or  $r$  gives  $g_{ab, \theta} = 0$

$$a = t/r, b = \phi: \sin\phi g_{t\phi, \theta} + \cos\phi g_{\theta t} - \cot\theta \sin\phi g_{\phi t} = 0$$

Since  $g$  is indep of  $\phi$   $g_{\theta t/r} = 0$

$$a = t/r, b = \theta: g_{t\theta, \theta} - \csc^2\theta \cos\phi g_{\phi t} = 0$$

$$a = \theta, b = \theta: \sin\phi g_{\theta\theta, \theta} - \csc^2\theta \cos\phi g_{\phi\theta} = 0$$

$$a = \theta, b = \phi: \sin\phi g_{\phi\theta, \theta} + \cos\phi g_{\theta\theta} - \csc^2\theta \cos\phi g_{\phi\theta}$$

$$a = \phi, b = \phi:$$

taking  $a, b = t$  or  $r$  gives  $g_{ab, \theta} = 0$

$$= t/r, b = \phi: \sin\phi g_{t\phi, \theta} + \cos\phi g_{\theta t} - \cot\theta \sin\phi g_{\phi t} = 0$$

Since  $g$  is indep of  $\phi$   $g_{\theta t/r} = 0$

$$= t/r, b = \theta: g_{t\theta, \theta} - \csc^2\theta \cos\phi g_{\phi t} = 0 \Rightarrow g_{\phi t/r} = 0$$

$$\lambda = \theta, b = \theta: \sin\phi g_{\theta\theta, \theta} - \csc^2\theta \cos\phi g_{\phi\theta} = 0$$

$$\lambda = \theta, b = \phi: \sin\phi g_{\phi\theta, \theta} + \cos\phi g_{\theta\theta} - \csc^2\theta \cos\phi g_{\phi\theta} = 0$$

$$a = \phi, b = \phi: \sin\phi g_{\phi\phi, \theta} + 2\cos\phi g_{\phi\theta} - 2\cot\theta \sin\phi g_{\phi\phi} = 0$$

taking  $a, b = t$  or  $r$  gives  $g_{ab, \theta} = 0$

$$a = t/r, b = \phi: \sin\phi g_{t\phi, \theta} + \cos\phi g_{\theta t} - \cot\theta \sin\phi g_{\phi t} = 0$$

Since  $g$  is indep of  $\phi$   $g_{\theta t/r} = 0$

$$a = t/r, b = \theta: g_{t\theta, \theta} + \csc^2\theta \cos\phi g_{\phi t} = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$a = \theta, b = \theta: \sin\phi g_{\theta\theta, \theta} - \csc^2\theta \cos\phi g_{\phi\theta} = 0$$

$$a = \theta, b = \phi: \sin\phi g_{\phi\theta, \theta} + \cos\phi g_{\theta\theta} - \csc^2\theta \cos\phi g_{\phi\phi} = 0$$

$$a = \phi, b = \phi: \sin\phi g_{\phi\phi, \theta} + 2\cos\phi g_{\phi\theta} - 2\cot\theta \sin\phi g_{\theta\phi} =$$



First  $\Rightarrow$   $g_{\phi\theta} = \tan\phi \sin^2\theta g_{\theta\theta}, \theta$

$\Rightarrow g_{\phi\theta} = 0, g_{\theta\theta}$  indep of  $\phi$ .

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2<sup>nd</sup>  $\Rightarrow$   $g_{\phi\phi} = \sin^2\theta g_{\theta\theta}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} r & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & r-r & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & r & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & r \sin^2 \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

First  $\Rightarrow g_{\phi\phi} = \tan^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta g_{\theta\theta}$

$\Rightarrow g_{\theta\theta} = 0$ ,  $g_{\theta\theta}$  indep of  $\theta$ .

2<sup>nd</sup>  $\Rightarrow g_{\phi\phi} = \sin^2 \theta g_{\theta\theta}$  ✓

Hence we may write the metric as:

$$ds^2 = A^2(r) dt^2 - B^2(r) dr^2 - C^2(r) \underbrace{[d\theta^2 + \sin^2\theta d\phi^2]}_{d\Omega^2}$$

Now use

Hence we may write the metric as:

$$ds^2 = A^2(r) dt^2 - B^2(r) dr^2 - c^2(r) \underbrace{[d\theta^2 + \sin^2\theta d\varphi^2]}_{d\Omega_{II}^2}$$

Now use Cartan formalism

$$\underline{\omega}^{\hat{t}} = A \underline{dt}$$

$$\underline{\omega}^{\hat{r}} = B \underline{dr}$$

$$\underline{\omega}^{\hat{\theta}} = c \underline{d\theta}$$

$$\underline{\omega}^{\hat{\varphi}} = c \sin\theta \underline{d\varphi}$$

Hence we may write the metric as:

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Now use Cartan formalism

$$\underline{\omega}^{\hat{t}} = A \underline{dt}$$

$$\underline{\omega}^{\hat{\theta}} = C \underline{d\theta}$$

$$\underline{\omega}^{\hat{r}} = B \underline{dr}$$

$$\underline{\omega}^{\hat{\varphi}} = C \sin\theta \underline{d\varphi}$$

Then:  $\underline{d}\underline{\omega}^{\hat{k}} = A' \underline{dr} \wedge \underline{dt} = -\frac{A'}{AB} \underline{\omega}^{\hat{t}} \wedge \underline{\omega}^{\hat{r}}$

$$\underline{d}\underline{\omega}^{\hat{r}} = 0$$

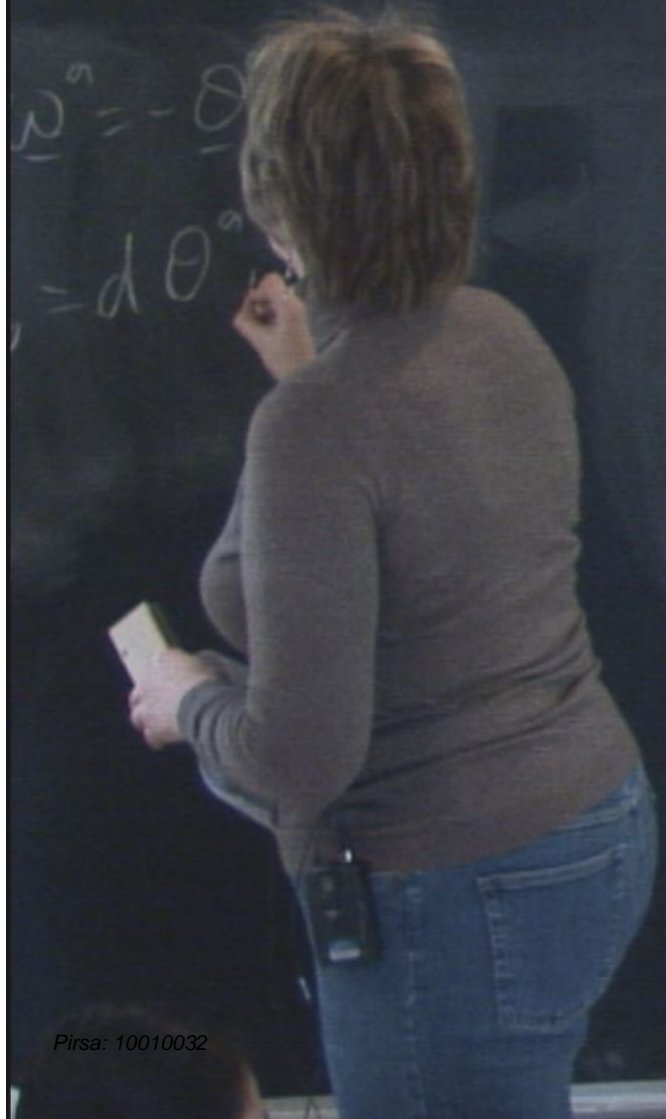
$$\underline{d}\underline{\omega}^{\hat{\theta}} = c' \underline{dr} \wedge \underline{d\theta} = -\frac{c'}{CB} \underline{\omega}^{\hat{t}} \wedge \underline{\omega}^{\hat{r}}$$

$$\underline{d}\underline{\omega}^{\hat{\phi}} = c' \underline{dr} \wedge \sin\theta \underline{d\phi} + C \cos\theta \underline{d\theta} \wedge \underline{d\phi}$$

$$= -\frac{c'}{CB} \underline{\omega}^{\hat{\phi}} \wedge \underline{\omega}^{\hat{r}} - \frac{\cot\theta}{C} \underline{\omega}^{\hat{\theta}} \wedge \underline{\omega}^{\hat{\phi}}$$

Grains of  
Pollen to  
Evidence  
for Atoms

How  
Big Is A  
Molecule?



$$p^2 = -\theta$$
$$= d\theta$$



$$d\underline{\omega}^a = -\underline{\theta}^a{}_b \wedge \underline{\omega}^b$$

$$\underline{R}^a{}_b = d\underline{\theta}^a{}_b + \underline{\theta}^a{}_c \wedge \underline{\theta}^c{}_b$$

Immediately read off

$$\underline{\theta}^{\hat{t}}{}_{\hat{r}} = \frac{A'}{AB} \underline{\omega}^{\hat{t}}$$

$$\underline{\theta}^{\hat{\theta}}{}_{\hat{r}} = \frac{C'}{CB} \underline{\omega}^{\hat{\theta}}$$

$$\underline{\theta}^{\hat{\phi}}{}_{\hat{r}} = \frac{C'}{CB}$$

$$\underline{\theta}^{\hat{\phi}}{}_{\hat{\theta}} = \frac{C \cot \theta}{C} \underline{\omega}^{\hat{\phi}}$$

From  
Grains of  
Pollen to  
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How  
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$$d\omega^a = -\theta^a{}_b \omega^b$$
$$R^a{}_b = d\theta^a{}_b + \theta^a{}_c \theta^c{}_b$$

Immediately read off

$$Q^{\hat{z}} \hat{r} = \frac{A'}{AB} \omega^{\hat{z}}$$

$$Q^{\hat{\theta}} \hat{r} = \frac{C'}{CB} \omega^{\hat{\theta}}$$

$$Q^{\hat{\phi}} \hat{r} = \frac{C'}{CB} \omega^{\hat{\phi}}$$

$$Q^{\hat{\psi}} \hat{\theta} = \frac{C \cot \theta}{C} \omega^{\hat{\psi}}$$

$$d\omega^a = -\theta^a_b \omega^b$$

$$R^a_b = d\theta^a_b + \theta^a_c \theta^c_b$$

recall  $\theta_{ac} = \eta_{ob} \theta^b_c$   
 $= -\theta_{ca}$

Immediately read off

$$\underline{Q}^{\hat{t}}_{\hat{r}} = \frac{A'}{AB} \underline{\omega}^{\hat{t}}$$

$$\underline{Q}^{\hat{\theta}}_{\hat{r}} = \frac{C'}{CB} \underline{\omega}^{\hat{\theta}}$$

$$\underline{Q}^{\hat{\phi}}_{\hat{r}} = \frac{C'}{CB} \underline{\omega}^{\hat{\phi}}$$

$$\underline{Q}^{\hat{\theta}}_{\hat{\theta}} = \frac{C \cot \theta}{C} \underline{\omega}^{\hat{\theta}}$$

$$d\omega^a = -\theta^a_b \omega^b$$

$$\underline{R}^a_b = d\underline{\theta}^a_b + \underline{\theta}^a_c \underline{\theta}^c_b$$

recall  $\underline{\theta}_{ac} = \eta_{ab} \underline{\theta}^b_c$   
 $= -\underline{\theta}_{ca}$

e.g.  $\underline{\theta}^a_b = -\underline{\theta}^b_a$  ?

Immediately read off

$$\underline{\theta}^a_b \hat{r} = \frac{A'}{AB} \underline{\omega}^a_b$$

$$\underline{\theta}^a_b \hat{r} = \frac{C'}{CB} \underline{\omega}^a_b$$

$$\underline{\theta}^a_b \hat{r} = \frac{C'}{CB} \underline{\omega}^a_b$$

$$\underline{\theta}^a_b \hat{r} = \frac{C \cot \theta}{C} \underline{\omega}^a_b$$

$$\hat{R}_t^{\hat{r}} = d\hat{\theta}_t^{\hat{r}} = d\left(\frac{A'}{B}dt\right) = \left(\frac{A'}{B}\right)' dr_t dt$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\rho}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{R}_{\hat{r}}^{\hat{t}} &= d\hat{\theta}_{\hat{r}}^{\hat{t}} = d\left(\frac{A'}{B} dt\right) = \left(\frac{A'}{B}\right)' dr \wedge dt \\ &= -\frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{A''}{A} - \frac{A'B'}{AB} \right) \underline{\omega}^{\hat{t}} \wedge \underline{\omega}^{\hat{r}} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{\hat{R}}_t \wedge \underline{\hat{r}} &= d \underline{\hat{\theta}}_t \wedge \underline{\hat{r}} = d \left( \frac{A'}{B} dt \right) \wedge \underline{\hat{r}} = \left( \frac{A'}{B} \right)' dt \wedge \underline{\hat{r}} \\
 &= - \frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{A''}{A} - \frac{A'B'}{AB} \right) \underline{\hat{\omega}}_t \wedge \underline{\hat{\omega}}_r
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{R}_r^t &= d\hat{\theta}_r^t = d\left(\frac{A'}{B} dt\right) = \left(\frac{A'}{B}\right)' dr \wedge dt \\ &= -\frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{A''}{A} - \frac{A'B'}{AB} \right) \omega^t \wedge \omega^r \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{R}_\theta^t = \hat{\theta}_r^t \wedge \hat{\theta}_\theta^r$$



$$\underline{R}_{\hat{t} \hat{r}} = d\theta_{\hat{t} \hat{r}} = d\left(\frac{A'}{B} dt\right) = \left(\frac{A'}{B}\right)' dr \wedge dt$$

$$= -\frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{A''}{A} - \frac{A'B'}{AB} \right) \underline{\omega}_{\hat{t}} \wedge \underline{\omega}_{\hat{r}}$$

$$\underline{R}_{\hat{t} \hat{\theta}} = \underline{\theta}_{\hat{t} \hat{r}} \wedge \underline{\theta}_{\hat{r} \hat{\theta}}$$

$$\sin\theta d\varphi$$

$$= d\theta \hat{r} = d\left(\frac{A'}{B} dt\right) = \left(\frac{A'}{B}\right)' dr \wedge dt$$

$$= -\frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{A''}{A} - \frac{A'B'}{AB} \right) \omega^{\hat{t}} \wedge \omega^{\hat{r}}$$

$$F_{\mu\nu} = \partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu$$

$$F_{\theta\varphi} = \partial_\theta A_\varphi = \cos\theta$$

$$A_\mu = (0, 0, 0, \sin\theta)$$

$$\hat{\theta} = \hat{\theta}^{\hat{t}} \hat{t} \wedge \hat{\theta}^{\hat{\varphi}} \hat{\varphi}$$

$$(\sin\theta) d\varphi$$

$$d^2 = 0$$

$$= d\theta \hat{r} = d\left(\frac{A'}{B} dt\right) = \left(\frac{A'}{B}\right)' dr \wedge dt$$

$$= -\frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{A''}{A} - \frac{A'B'}{AB} \right) \omega^t \wedge \omega^r$$

$$F_{\mu\nu} = \partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu$$

$$F_{\theta\varphi} = \partial_\theta A_\varphi = \cos\theta$$

$$A_\mu = (0, 0, 0, \sin\theta)$$

$$\omega^t \wedge \omega^r = \sin\theta \omega^\varphi$$

$$\sin\theta d\varphi$$

$$d^2 = 0$$

$$d(\sin\theta d\varphi)$$

$$= d(\sin\theta) \wedge d\varphi = \cos\theta d\theta \wedge d\varphi$$

$$+ \sin\theta d(d\varphi)$$

$$\partial_{\hat{t}} \hat{r} = d\left(\frac{A'}{B} dt\right) = \left(\frac{A'}{B}\right)' dr \wedge dt$$

$$\frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{A''}{A} - \frac{A'B'}{AB} \right) \underline{\omega}^{\hat{t}} \wedge \underline{\omega}^{\hat{r}}$$

$$F_{\mu\nu} = \partial_{\mu} A_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu} A_{\mu}$$

$$F_{\theta\varphi} = \partial_{\theta} A_{\varphi} = \cos\theta$$

$$A_{\mu} = (0, 0, 0, \sin\theta)$$

$$\hat{t} \wedge \hat{r} \wedge \hat{\theta} \wedge \hat{\varphi}$$

$$\sin\theta d\varphi$$

$$d^2 = 0$$

$$d(\sin\theta d\varphi)$$

$$= d(\sin\theta) \wedge d\varphi = \cos\theta d\theta \wedge d\varphi$$

$$+ \sin\theta \cancel{d(d\varphi)}$$

Then:

$$d\underline{\omega}^{\hat{t}}$$

$$d\underline{\omega}^{\hat{\varphi}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{R}_{\hat{t} \hat{r}} &= \underline{d} \underline{\theta}^{\hat{t}} \hat{r} = \underline{d} \left( \frac{A'}{B} dt \right) = \left( \frac{A'}{B} \right)' dr \wedge dt \\ &= - \frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{A''}{A} - \frac{A'B'}{AB} \right) \underline{\omega}^{\hat{t}} \wedge \underline{\omega}^{\hat{r}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{R}_{\hat{\theta}} = \underline{\theta}^{\hat{t}} \wedge \underline{\theta}^{\hat{r}} = \frac{A'}{AB} \underline{\omega}^{\hat{t}} \wedge \left( -\frac{C'}{CB} \right) \underline{\omega}^{\hat{\theta}}$$

$$R_{\hat{r}}^{\hat{t}} = d\theta^{\hat{t}}_{\hat{r}} = d\left(\frac{A'}{B} dt\right) = \left(\frac{A'}{B}\right)' dr \wedge dt$$

$$= -\frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{A''}{A} - \frac{A'B'}{AB} \right) \omega^{\hat{t}}_{\hat{r}} \wedge \omega^{\hat{r}}_{\hat{t}}$$

$$R_{\hat{\theta}}^{\hat{t}} = \omega^{\hat{t}}_{\hat{r}} \wedge \omega^{\hat{r}}_{\hat{\theta}} = \frac{A'}{AB} \omega^{\hat{t}}_{\hat{r}} \wedge \left( -\frac{C'}{CB} \right) \omega^{\hat{r}}_{\hat{\theta}}$$

$$R_{\hat{\varphi}}^{\hat{t}} = \omega^{\hat{t}}_{\hat{r}} \wedge \omega^{\hat{r}}_{\hat{\varphi}} = \frac{A'}{AB} \omega^{\hat{t}}_{\hat{r}} \wedge$$

$$\begin{aligned} R_{\hat{r}}^{\hat{t}} &= d\theta^{\hat{t}}_{\hat{r}} = d\left(\frac{A'}{B} dt\right) = \left(\frac{A'}{B}\right)' dr \wedge dt \\ &= -\frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{A''}{A} - \frac{A'B'}{AB} \right) \omega^{\hat{t}}_{\hat{r}} \wedge \omega^{\hat{r}}_{\hat{t}} \end{aligned}$$

$$R_{\hat{\theta}}^{\hat{t}} = \theta^{\hat{t}}_{\hat{r}} \wedge \theta^{\hat{r}}_{\hat{\theta}} = \frac{A'}{AB} \omega^{\hat{t}}_{\hat{r}} \wedge \left( -\frac{C'}{CB} \right) \omega^{\hat{r}}_{\hat{\theta}}$$

$$R_{\hat{\varphi}}^{\hat{t}} = \theta^{\hat{t}}_{\hat{r}} \wedge \theta^{\hat{r}}_{\hat{\varphi}} = \frac{A'}{AB} \omega^{\hat{t}}_{\hat{r}} \wedge \left( -\frac{C'}{CB} \right) \omega^{\hat{r}}_{\hat{\varphi}}$$

$$R \hat{r} = d \hat{\theta} + \hat{\phi} \wedge \hat{r}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 R^{\hat{\theta}} \hat{r} &= d \hat{\theta} \hat{r} + \hat{\theta} \wedge \hat{r} \\
 &= d \left( \frac{c'}{B} d\theta \right) = \left( \frac{c'}{B} \right)' dr \wedge d\theta = -\frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{c''}{c} - \frac{c' B'}{c B} \right) \hat{\omega}_{\theta} \wedge \hat{\omega}_r
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbb{R}^{\hat{\theta}} \hat{r} &= d \mathbb{O}^{\hat{\theta}} \hat{r} + \mathbb{O}^{\hat{\theta}} \hat{\varphi} \wedge \mathbb{O}^{\hat{\theta}} \hat{r} \\
 &= d \left( \frac{c'}{B} d\theta \right) = \left( \frac{c'}{B} \right)' d\theta \wedge d\theta = -\frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{c''}{c} - \frac{c'B'}{cB} \right) \omega_{\hat{\theta}} \wedge \omega_{\hat{r}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbb{R}^{\hat{\varphi}} \hat{r} &= d \mathbb{O}^{\hat{\varphi}} \hat{r} + \mathbb{O}^{\hat{\varphi}} \hat{\theta} \wedge \mathbb{O}^{\hat{\varphi}} \hat{r} \\
 &= d \left( \frac{c'}{B} \sin\theta d\varphi \right) + \frac{\cot\theta}{c} \omega_{\hat{\varphi}} \wedge \frac{c'}{cB} \omega_{\hat{\theta}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbb{R}^{\hat{\theta}} \hat{r} &= d \mathbb{O}^{\hat{\theta}} \hat{r} + \mathbb{O}^{\hat{\theta}} \hat{\varphi} \wedge \mathbb{O}^{\hat{\theta}} \hat{r} \\
 &= d \left( \frac{c'}{B} d\theta \right) = \left( \frac{c'}{B} \right)' d\theta \wedge d\theta = -\frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{c''}{c} - \frac{c'B'}{cB} \right) \omega_{\hat{\theta}}^{\hat{\theta}} \wedge \omega_{\hat{r}}^{\hat{r}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbb{R}^{\hat{\varphi}} \hat{r} &= d \mathbb{O}^{\hat{\varphi}} \hat{r} + \mathbb{O}^{\hat{\varphi}} \hat{\theta} \wedge \mathbb{O}^{\hat{\varphi}} \hat{r} \\
 &= d \left( \frac{c'}{B} \sin\theta d\varphi \right) + \frac{\cot\theta}{c} \omega_{\hat{\varphi}}^{\hat{\varphi}} \wedge \frac{c'}{cB} \omega_{\hat{\theta}}^{\hat{\theta}} \\
 &= \left( \frac{c'}{B} \right)' \sin\theta d\theta \wedge d\varphi + \frac{c'}{B} \cos\theta d\theta \wedge d\varphi = \frac{1}{B^2} \left( \frac{c''}{c} - \frac{c'B'}{cB} \right) \omega_{\hat{\varphi}}^{\hat{\varphi}} \wedge \omega_{\hat{r}}^{\hat{r}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{c'}{B} \cos\theta d\varphi \wedge d\theta
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbb{R}^{\hat{\theta}} \hat{r} &= d\hat{\theta} \hat{r} + \hat{\theta} \hat{\varphi} \wedge \hat{r} \\
 &= d\left(\frac{C'}{B} d\theta\right) = \left(\frac{C'}{B}\right)' dr \wedge d\theta = -\frac{1}{B^2} \left(\frac{C''}{C} - \frac{C'B'}{CB}\right) \omega_{\hat{\theta}} \wedge \omega_{\hat{r}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbb{R}^{\hat{\varphi}} \hat{r} &= d\hat{\varphi} \hat{r} + \hat{\varphi} \hat{\theta} \wedge \hat{r} \\
 &= d\left(\frac{C'}{B} \sin\theta d\varphi\right) + \frac{\cot\theta}{C} \omega_{\hat{\varphi}} \wedge \frac{C'}{CB} \omega_{\hat{\theta}} \\
 &= \left(\frac{C'}{B}\right)' \sin\theta dr \wedge d\varphi + \frac{C'}{B} \cos\theta d\theta \wedge d\varphi = \frac{C'}{B} \cos\theta d\varphi \wedge d\theta
 \end{aligned}$$

$$R^{\varphi} \hat{\theta} = d \mathcal{O}^{\varphi} \hat{\theta} + \mathcal{O}^{\varphi} \wedge \mathcal{O}^{\varphi}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_{\hat{\theta}}^{\varphi} &= d \underline{\underline{O}}_{\hat{\theta}}^{\varphi} + \underline{\underline{O}}_{\hat{\theta}}^{\varphi} \wedge \underline{\underline{O}}_{\hat{\theta}}^{\varphi} \\
 &= d \left( \cos \theta d\varphi \right) + \frac{c'}{cB} \underline{\underline{\omega}}^{\varphi} \wedge \left( -\frac{c'}{cB} \underline{\underline{\omega}}^{\varphi} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$R_{\hat{\theta}}^{\varphi} = d \underline{\underline{\theta}}^{\varphi} + \underline{\underline{\theta}}^{\varphi} \wedge \underline{\underline{\theta}}^{\varphi}$$

$$= d(\cos \theta d\varphi) + \frac{c^1}{c^2 \beta^2} \underline{\underline{\omega}}^{\varphi} \wedge \left( -\frac{c^1}{c^2 \beta^2} \underline{\underline{\omega}}^{\varphi} \right)$$

$$= -\sin \theta d\theta \wedge d\varphi = \frac{c^{12}}{c^2 \beta^2} \underline{\underline{\omega}}^{\varphi} \wedge \underline{\underline{\omega}}^{\theta}$$

$$= \left( \frac{1}{c^2} - \frac{c^{12}}{c^2 \beta^2} \right) \underline{\underline{\omega}}^{\varphi} \wedge \underline{\underline{\omega}}^{\theta}$$