

Title: Preparations for ATLAS Searches

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Abstract: TBA

BSM Physics at the LHC in 2010

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October 2009

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Introduction

- I will focus on searches for new physics that can be done in the first year of running
 - With 7-10 TeV centre-of-mass energies
 - With 100-200 pb⁻¹ of int. luminosity
- For early searches we will not yet have a "mature" understanding of the detector and backgrounds
 - Focus on analyses with simple topologies and/or analyses with low backgrounds and/or spectacular final states
 - We have developed data-driven techniques to understand and estimate backgrounds (rely less on MC -> MC will require time to tune)

Some General Comments

- LHC allows us to explore energy regime beyond that of the Tevatron at low integrated luminosities
 - Start of LHC run is different than start of Run II: in Run II there was nothing new to find or exclude with first 100 pb^{-1}
 - Low integrated luminosity at LHC opens up exploration of new high mass regime
- Most exotics results (hopefully not all!) will be limits on physics beyond the SM
 - Although less exciting than a discovery, first limits from ATLAS/CMS can (will!) be the best in the world
 - First limits will make the important statement that LHC has explored new territory beyond the previous energy frontier
 - We will start to reduce the existing new physics phenomenological phase space

Early LHC Exotic Analyses

Earliest Analyses

- W' resonance (assuming large missing E_T tails under control)
- $lljj$ resonance (Left-Right Symmetric models, leptoquarks)
- Black Holes and String Balls
- Dijet resonances
- Quark compositeness (possibly based on angular variables to reduce dependence on absolute jet energy scale)
- $ee/\mu\mu/e\mu$ resonances (Z' , Gravitons, technicolour) or contact interactions- may need a bit more luminosity
- Diphoton resonances

Early Analyses

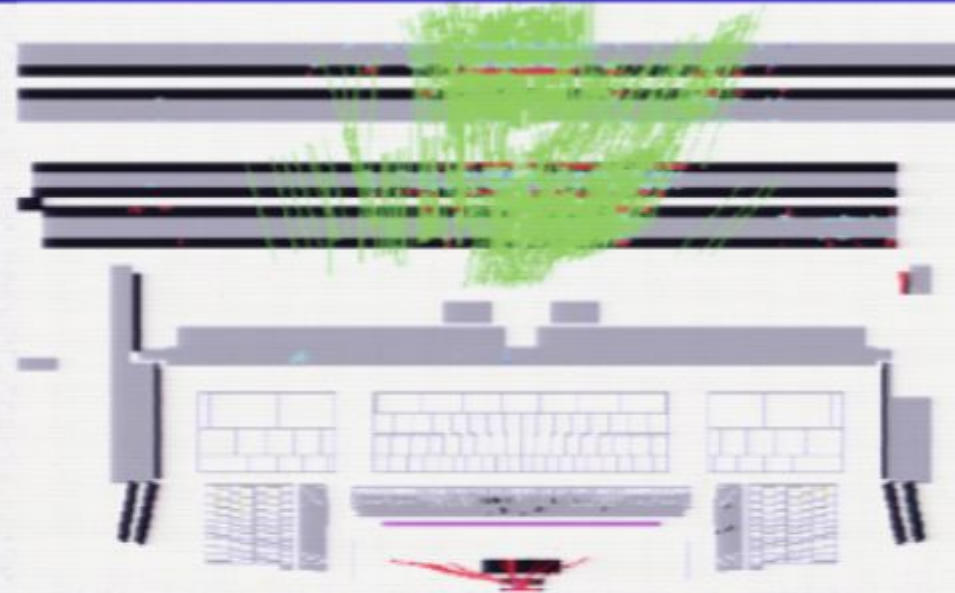
- Monojets (data driven background requires Z +jet and W +jet samples with high p_T jet)
- Dijet+ E_{Tmiss} (leptoquarks)
- $t\bar{t}$ resonances
- UED (diphoton+ E_{Tmiss})
- Excited electron
- Heavy quarks
- Heavy neutrinos
- Some Hidden Valley scenarios and some long-lived particles (R -Hadrons, monopoles etc.)

Why Look at Signatures?

- We need to compare SM predictions to data in various final states whether or not there is a popular new physics model that predicts an excess in that final state
 - You never know what could turn up: new physics, badly understood backgrounds or detector effects, etc.
 - If there isn't a popular model now, there could be one next year. Also we generally focus on "minimal" versions of these models
 - Simple final states at hadron colliders like 1 jet + missing E_T , two-jets + missing E_T must be examined
- LHC Inverse Problem: if we find something, how will we know what it is?
 - We will need to look at all channels to start to pin down what new physics we are dealing with

First Things First: Triggers

- Collision rate up to 40 MHz.
- Need to reduce this rate by more than 10^5
- Events with very high p_t (isolated) leptons, jets get written to tape
- What about events with:
 - Slow moving particles
 - Late-decaying particles
 - Particles that decay to "lepton jets"
 - Magnetic charges
 - Very busy events
 - Quirks and other exotica

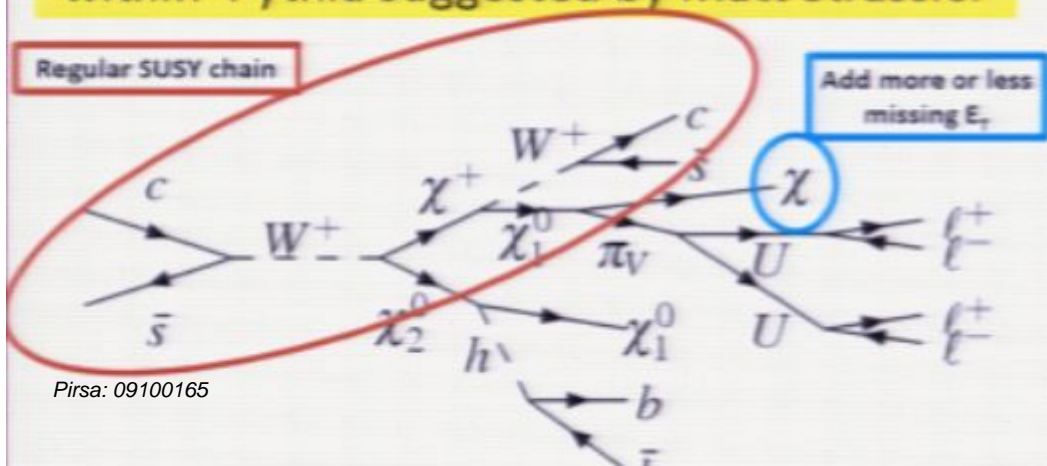


- If you have an idea and you don't know if we can trigger on it, let us know!
- If we don't trigger on it, these events are forever lost...
- There are no triggers for "unknown unknowns"

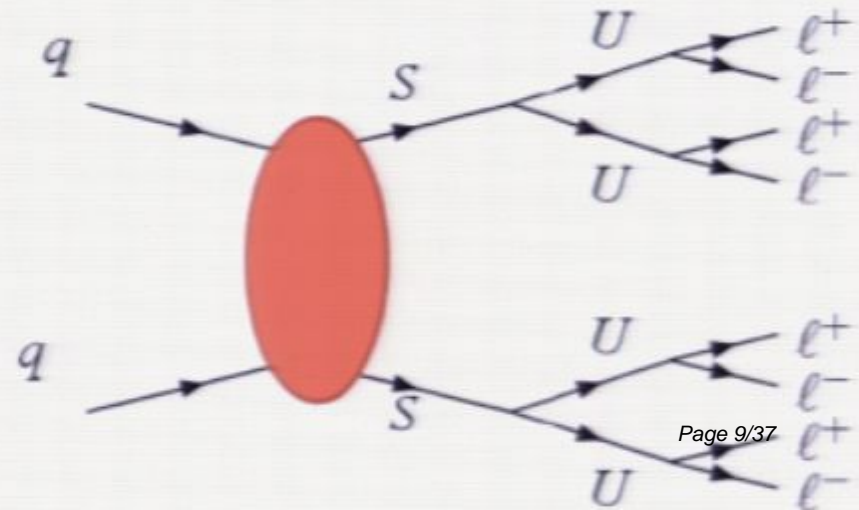
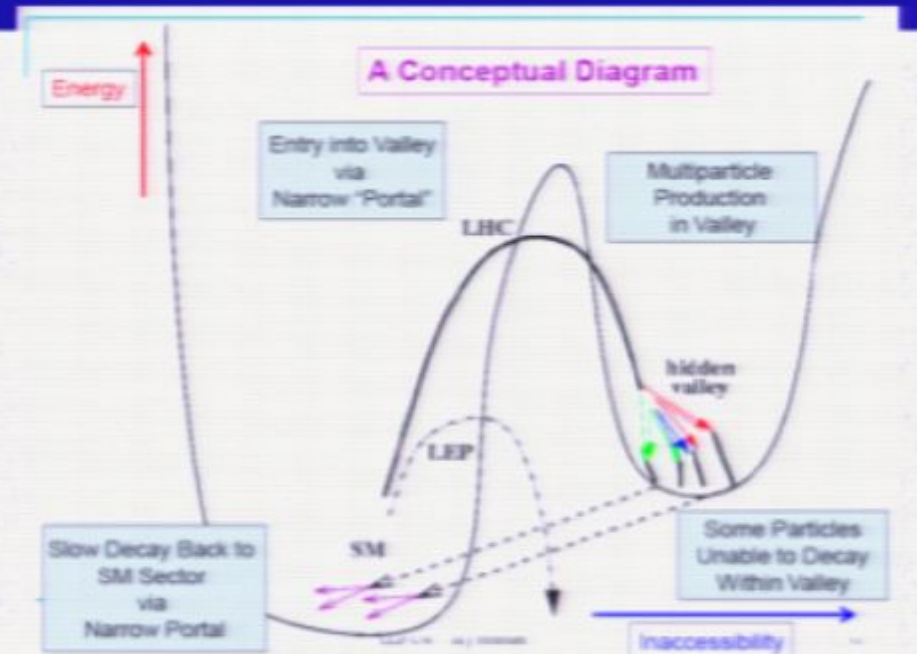
Exotic Triggers (example)

- Much work in ATLAS to make sure we can trigger efficiently on Hidden Valley Models
- Trigger efficiency studied in a generic way:

Generic MC generator imbedded in SUSY within Pythia suggested by Matt Strassler



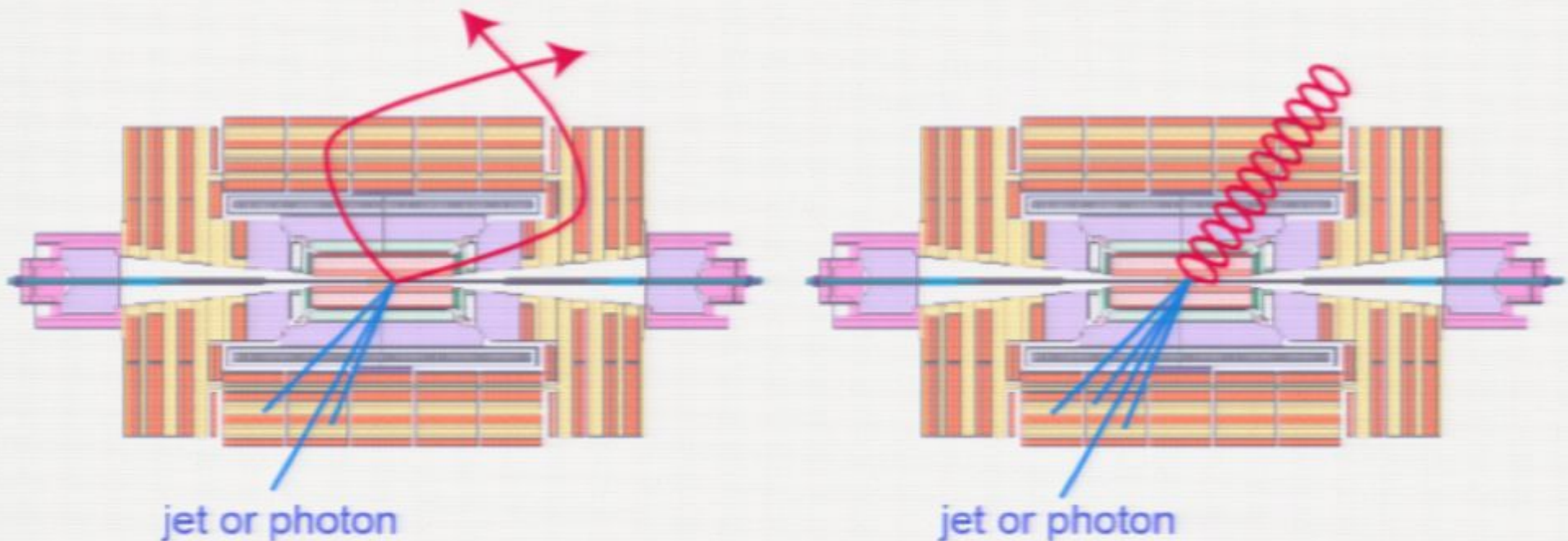
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Exotic Exotic Triggers?

- Some signatures are just too strange for us to be able to trigger on: we hope we will trigger on those if they are produced with associated high-pt SM objects
- Quirks in CMS (from talk by M. Luty)



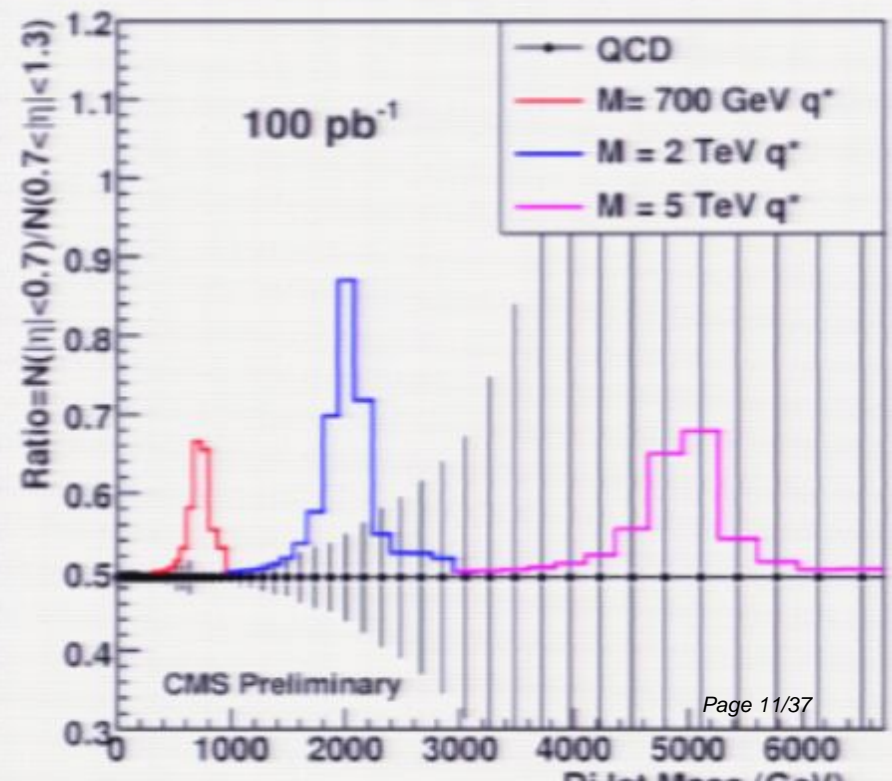
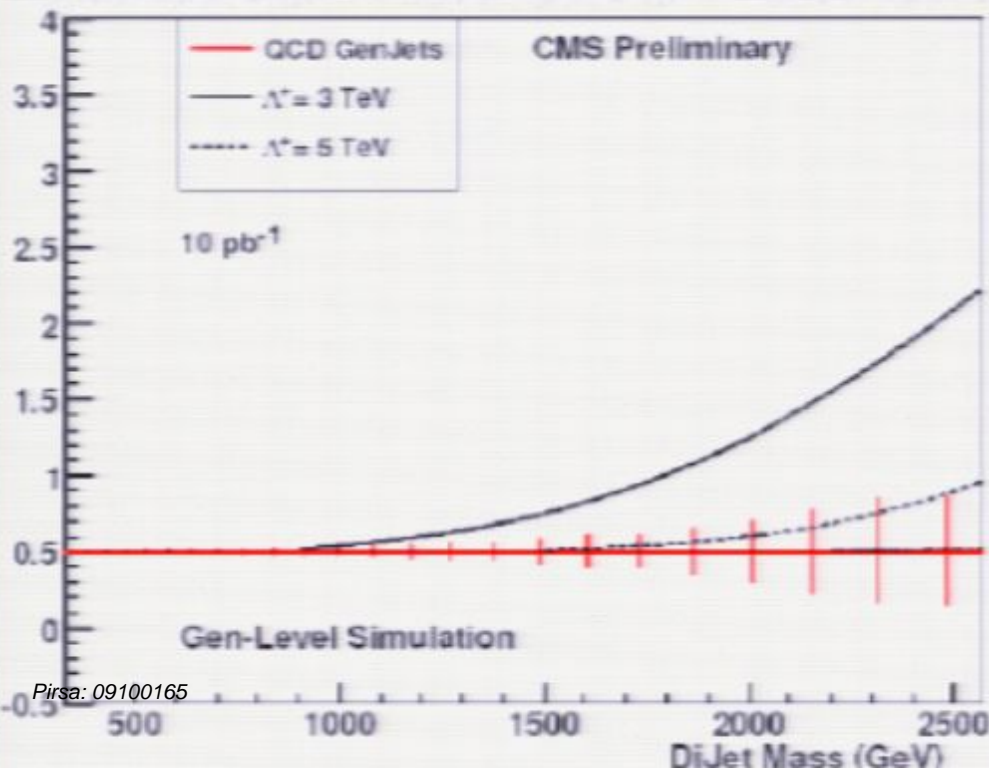
Dijet analyses

Contact interactions: quark compo., gravity, etc.

- Use kin. distributions less sensitive to systematics

Dijet resonances: q^* , axigluons, colorons, etc.

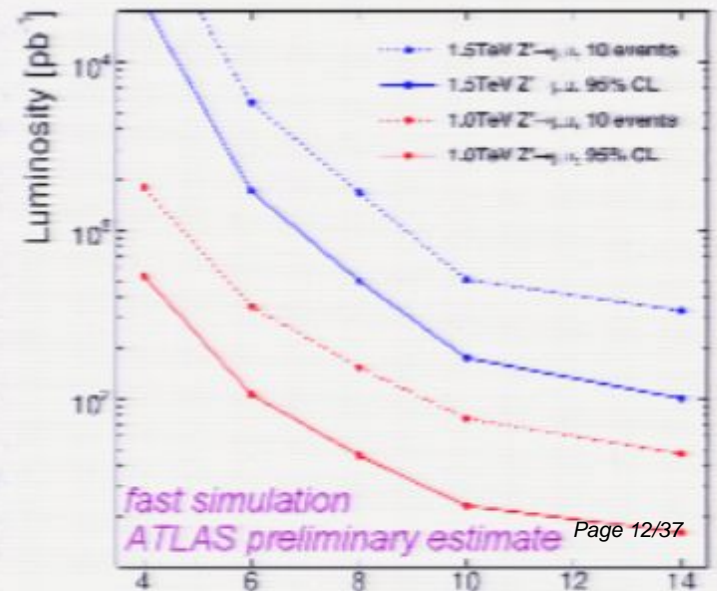
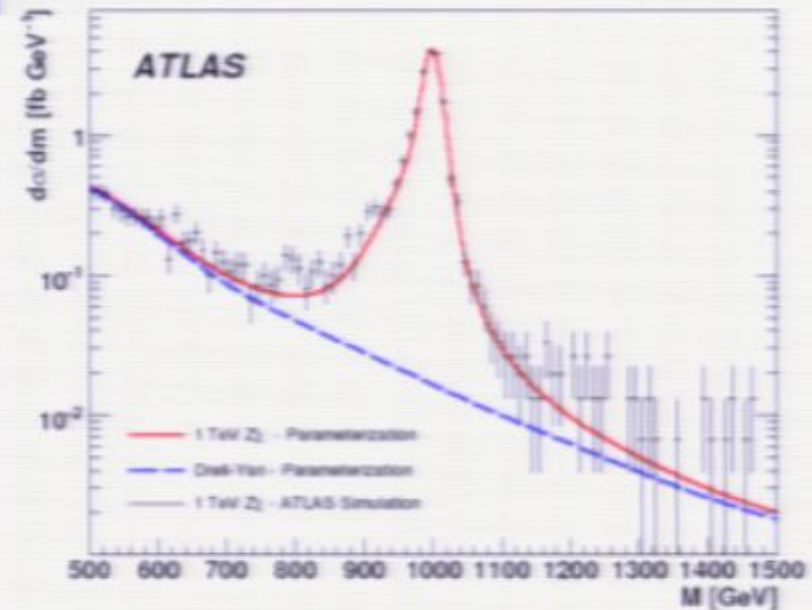
- Resonances produced by the strong force can have very large cross sections



Dilepton/Diphoton Resonances

Dilepton, diphoton resonances

- Z' , Z_H , $G(RS)$, $G(KK)$, ρ_T , ω_T , etc.
- In general, large signal to background ratios
- Background obtained directly from data
- With "early data" systematics uncertainties, we can extend mass range explored by Tevatron with few tens of pb^{-1}



W' Boson Decay to lv

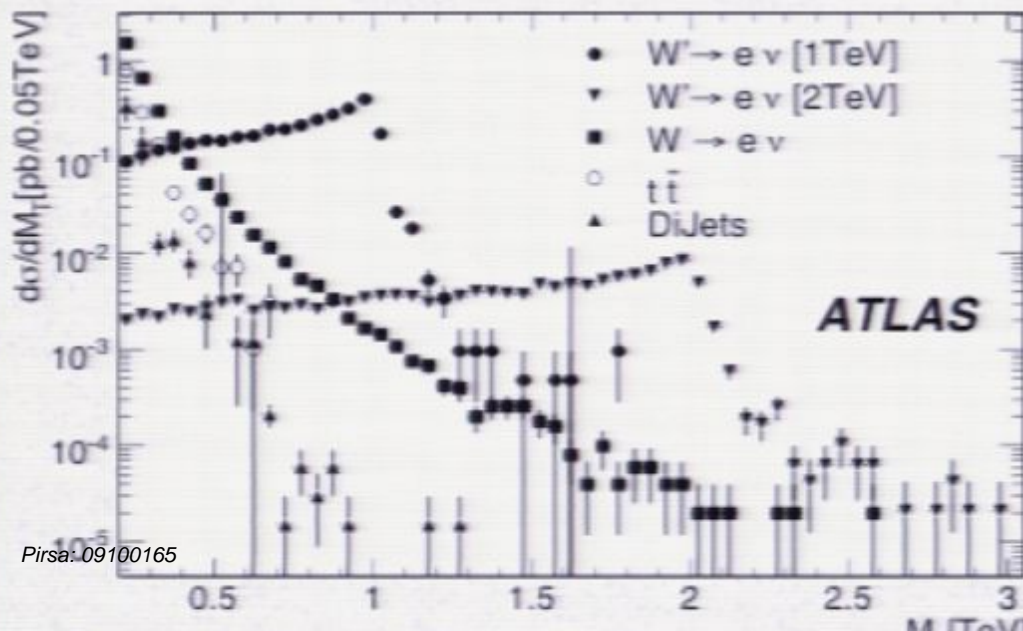
Current limits from the Tevatron •
at around 1 TeV

Cross section is higher than Z' but
challenge is to understand/control •
Missing Et tail

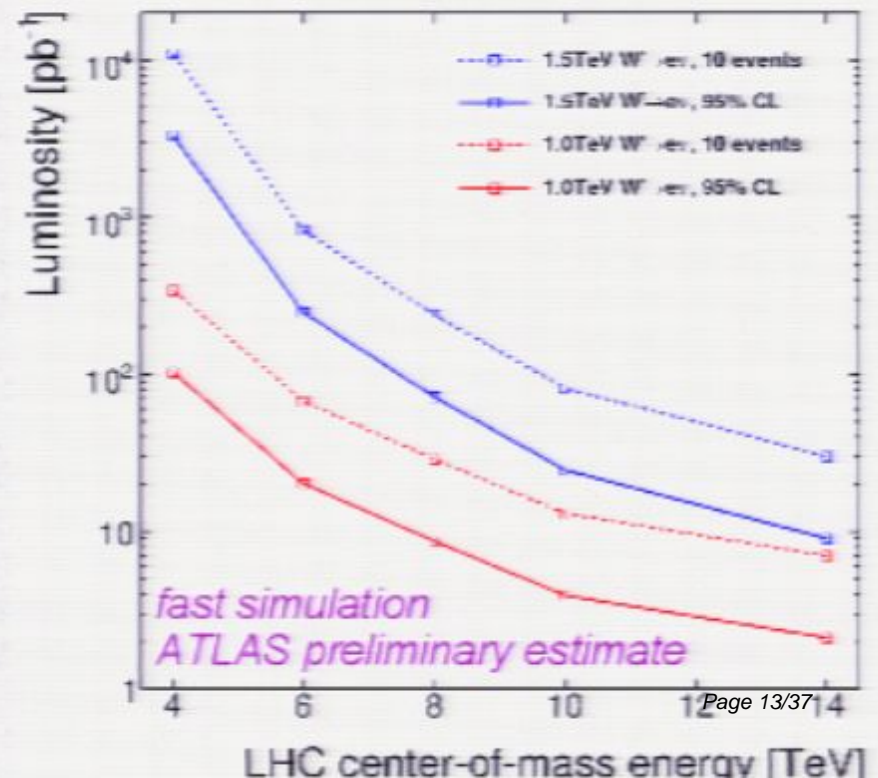
Main background from W tail
below 1 event/bin at ~ 500 GeV

Discovery reach for 1.5 TeV
W' in ev with approx. 100 pb^{-1}
(10 events)

95% CL limit for 1.5 TeV W'
with $20\text{-}30 \text{ pb}^{-1}$



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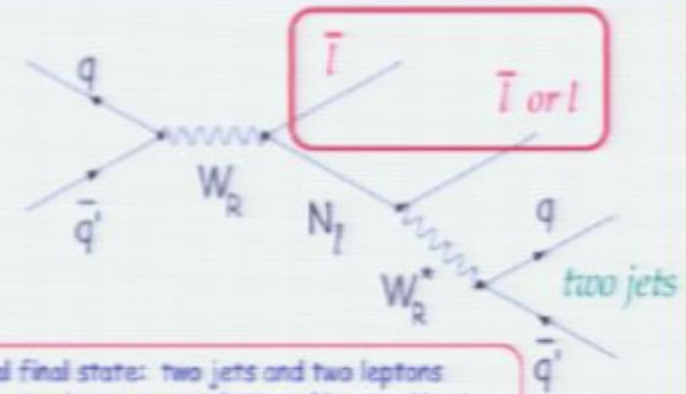
lljj Resonances

Benchmark: Leptoquarks and Heavy Neutrinos

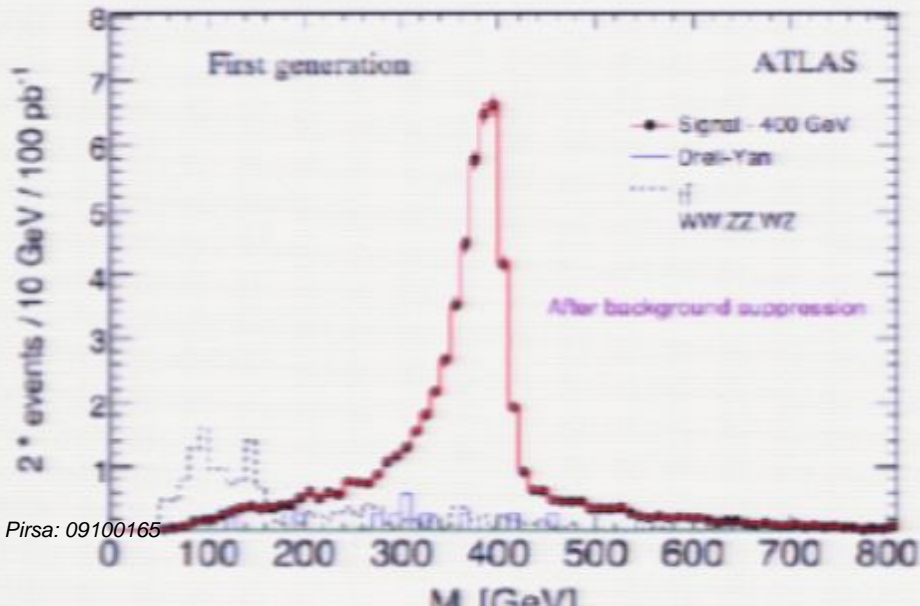
Current LQ limits from the Tevatron ~ 300 GeV

Left-Right Symmetric Models with heavy neutrinos allow same-sign dilepton final state (left)

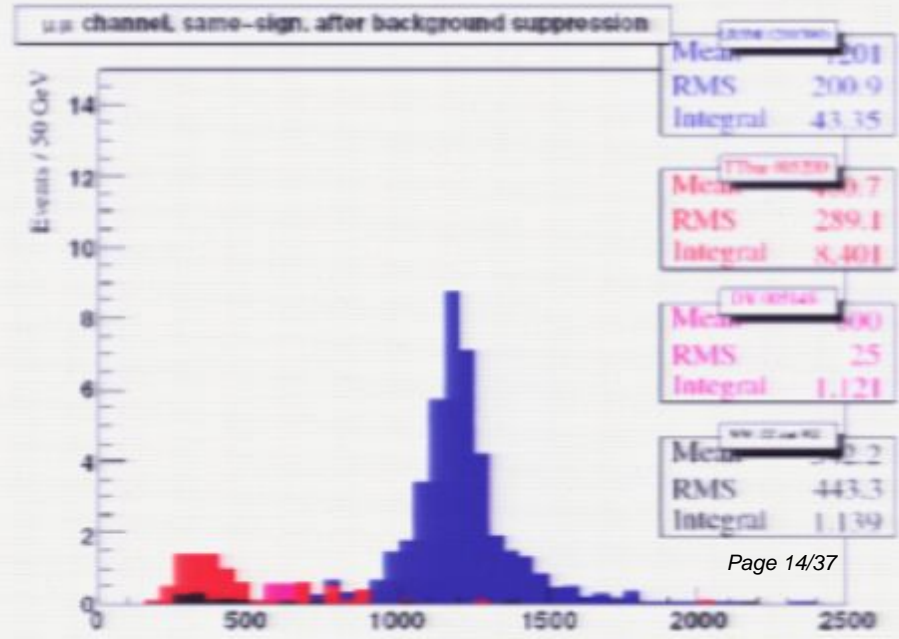
Left Right Symmetry $SU(2)_L \otimes SU(2)_R \otimes U(1)_{B-L}$



Signal final state: two jets and two leptons
Same-sign leptons == violation of Lepton Number



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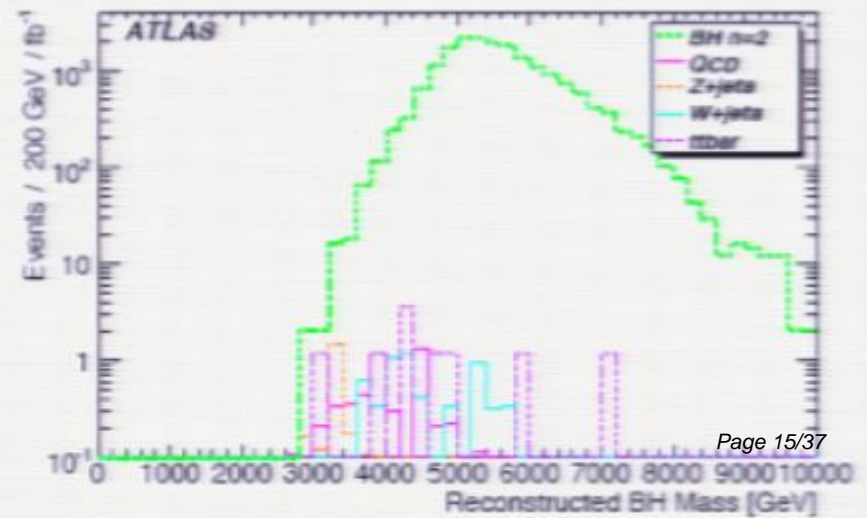
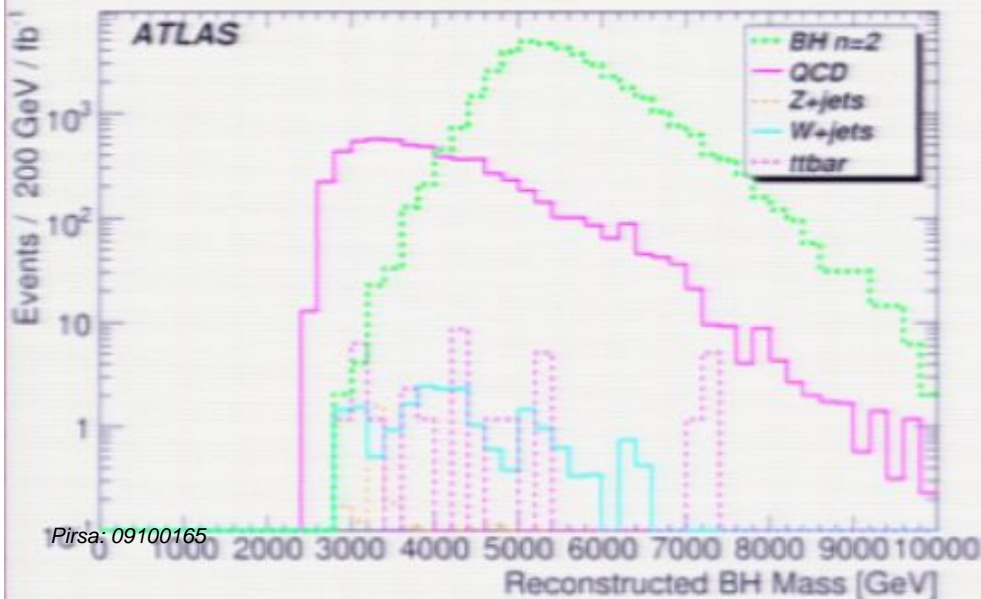
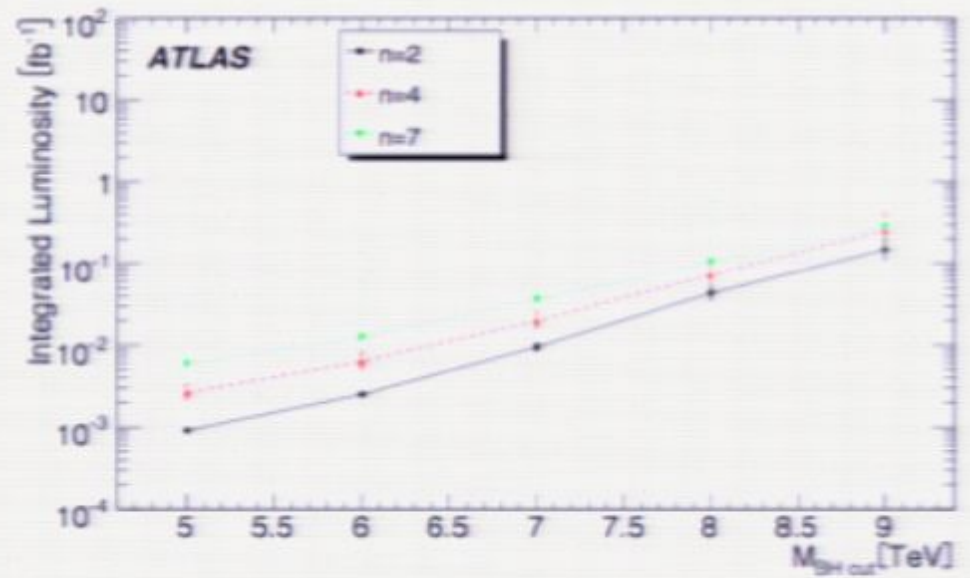
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High- P_T , High Multiplicity Events

Benchmark: Classical Black Holes

Spectacular final states that typically feature high-pt jets, leptons, E_{miss}

Very large cross sections: easy to observe or exclude



Jet(s) + ETMiss: Monojets

- Excess of monojets seen by UA1 in the 80s. Excess not observed by UA2. Excess probably due to underestimated W and b background
- Monojet searches became popular again when ADD Large Extra Dimensions scenario was published
- Run I search performed by D0 and CDF
- There was no early Run II search

Monojet Benchmark: Large Extra Dimensions

(Arkani-Hamed, Dimopoulos, Dvali)

- **Gravitational potential in 3 dimensions (Newton):**

$$V(r) = G_N \frac{m_1 m_2}{r} = \frac{1}{(M_{Pl})^2} \frac{m_1 m_2}{r}$$

- **n extra dimensions compactified at radius R:**

$$r \ll R \quad V(r) \sim \frac{1}{(M_D)^{n+2}} \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^{n+1}}$$

$$r > R \quad V(r) \sim \frac{1}{(M_D)^{n+2}} \frac{m_1 m_2}{R^n} \frac{1}{r}$$



Gravitons escape in bulk of extra dimensions
 Parton level processes:
 $qq \rightarrow gG$, $qg \rightarrow qG$ and $gg \rightarrow gG$
 \Rightarrow Jet + EtMiss

$$(M_{Pl})^2 \sim R^n (M_D)^{2+n}$$

Jets + E_T miss Analyses

- Early analysis strategies
 - Rely on data-driven estimates of backgrounds as much as possible
 - Design the analysis such that background calculation does not require precise knowledge or a good model of:
 - Jet Energy Scale and resolution
 - Pile up and underlying event
 - PDF and ISR/FSR effects
 - Luminosity
 - Note that interpretations won't be immune...

Overview of Monojet Event Selections

- Selections for reducible backgrounds:
 - ⇒ Reject cosmic, detector, and beam background
 - Event and jet cleanup cuts (more later)
 - ⇒ Reject QCD dijet events (crucial !)
 - \cancel{E}_T not in the same azimuthal direction (ϕ) as any jet.
 - ⇒ Reject events with charged leptons
 - no isolated track with $P_T > 10 \text{ GeV}/c$
 - no calorimeter cluster with $> 90\%$ of E_T in the EM

Jet + Missing E_T Selections: example from CDF

- Event Cleanup

- Vertex reconstructed from 6+ tracks with $|Z_{\text{vtx}}| < 60\text{cm}$
 - Make sure a hard scattering occurred (reduce cosmic contribution)
- Event jet EM fraction > 0.1
 - Reduce cosmic ray contribution in hadronic calorimeter

- Lepton removal

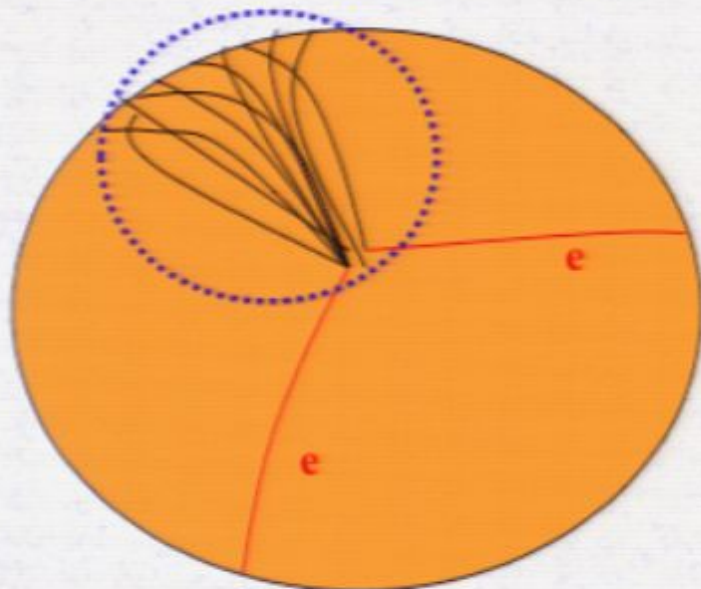
- No jet with EM fraction > 0.9
 - Remove badly reconstructed electrons and reduce cosmics
- No isolated track with $p_T > 10\text{ GeV}$ in the event
 - Remove badly reconstructed muons (and electrons)

Jet + Missing E_T Selections: example from CDF

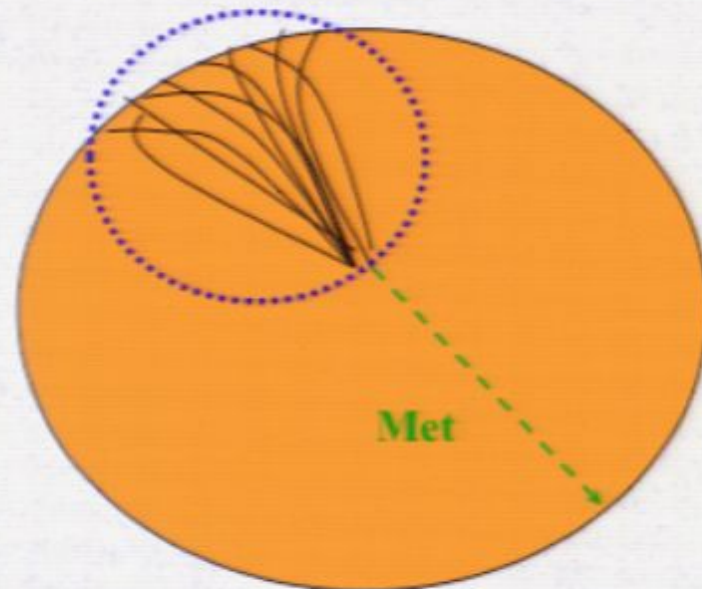
- Loose Jet Clean-up cuts (for all jets in event)
 - If $|\eta_{\text{det}}| < 1.0$, jet charge fraction > 0.1
 - The jet must be fully contained in the calorimeter volume
 - Not located in chimney or central crack ($|\eta_{\text{det}}| > 0.05$)
 - Not too forward ($|\eta_{\text{det}}| < 2.4$)
 - $\Delta\phi$ between missing E_T and jet > 0.5 radians

Data-driven backgrounds

- After previous cuts in Jets + Missing E_T analyses, the most important backgrounds are:
 - Electroweak (1-jet + $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$ and 1-jet + $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$: ℓ is lost)
 - We can use Z/W + jet events in the data with reconstructed leptons to estimate this background



$Z \rightarrow ee + 1\text{-jet}$



$Z \rightarrow \nu\nu + 1\text{-jet}$

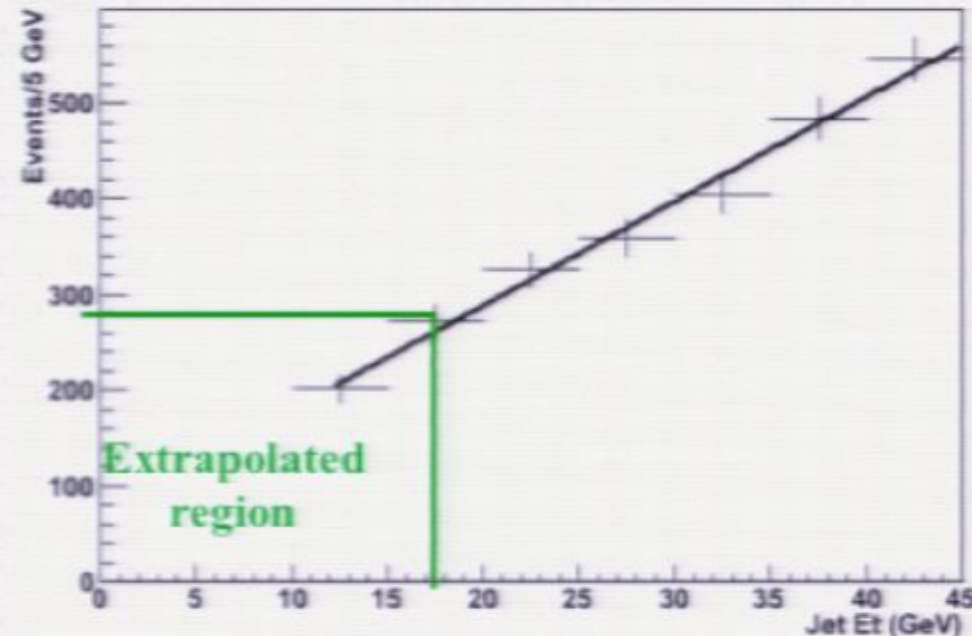
Data-driven background estimate: QCD background

- Two main sources for QCD contribution:
 - Dijet events for which one of the jets is lost ($\sim 85\%$)
 - 3-jets events in which two jets are mismeasured and at least one of which is lost ($\sim 15\%$)

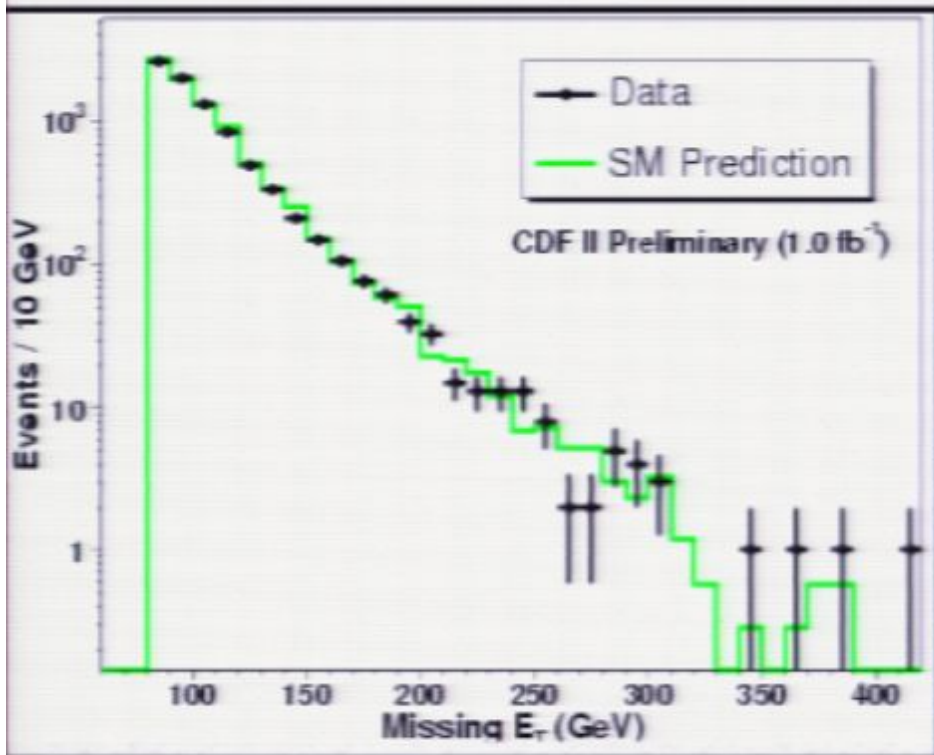
From
MC

- To estimate the first contribution:

- Select dijet events where the MET points towards a jet
- Extrapolate second jet E_T below 20 GeV
- Correct for the EWK contributions to the Jet 2 E_T -distribution
- Need to account for the 3-jets contribution



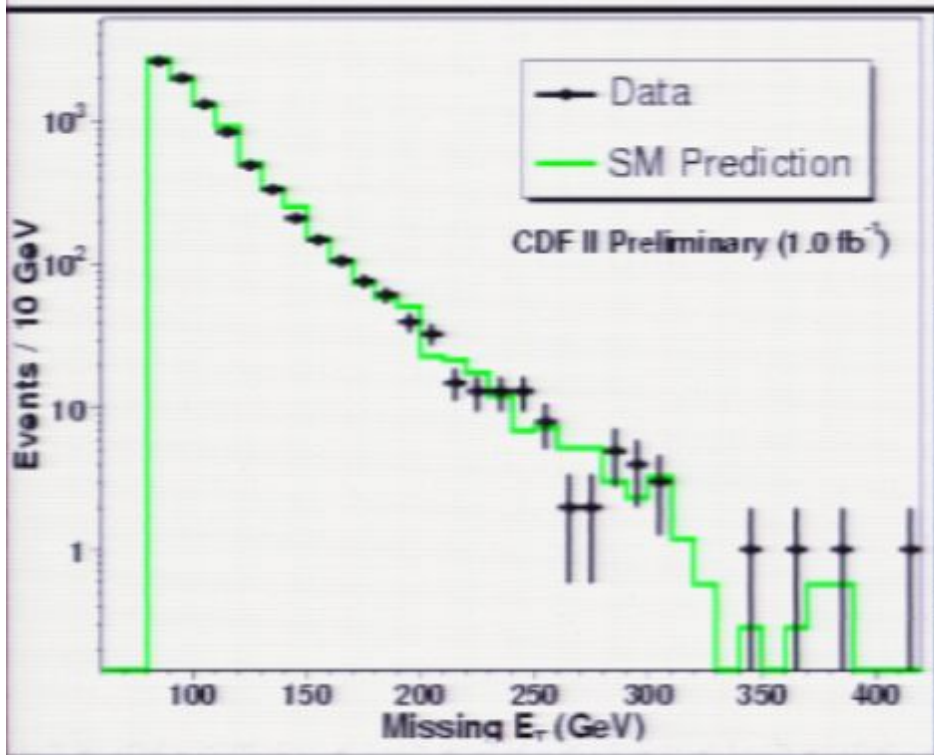
Does it work? (example 1)



Background	80/80	150/120	180/150
Z → νν + jet	3203 ± 137	390 ± 30	141 ± 17
W → τν + jet	2010 ± 69	187 ± 14	58 ± 5
W → μν + jet	1570 ± 54	117 ± 9	35 ± 3
W → eν + jet	824 ± 28	58 ± 4	18 ± 2
Z → ll + jet	87 ± 3	6 ± 1	2 ± 0
QCD	708 ± 146	23 ± 20	12 ± 12
γ + jet	209 ± 41	17 ± 5	8 ± 3
Non-collision	52 ± 52	10 ± 10	3 ± 3
Predicted	8663 ± 332	808 ± 62	277 ± 30
Observed	8449	809	319

Results from CDF Jet+Etmiss analysis

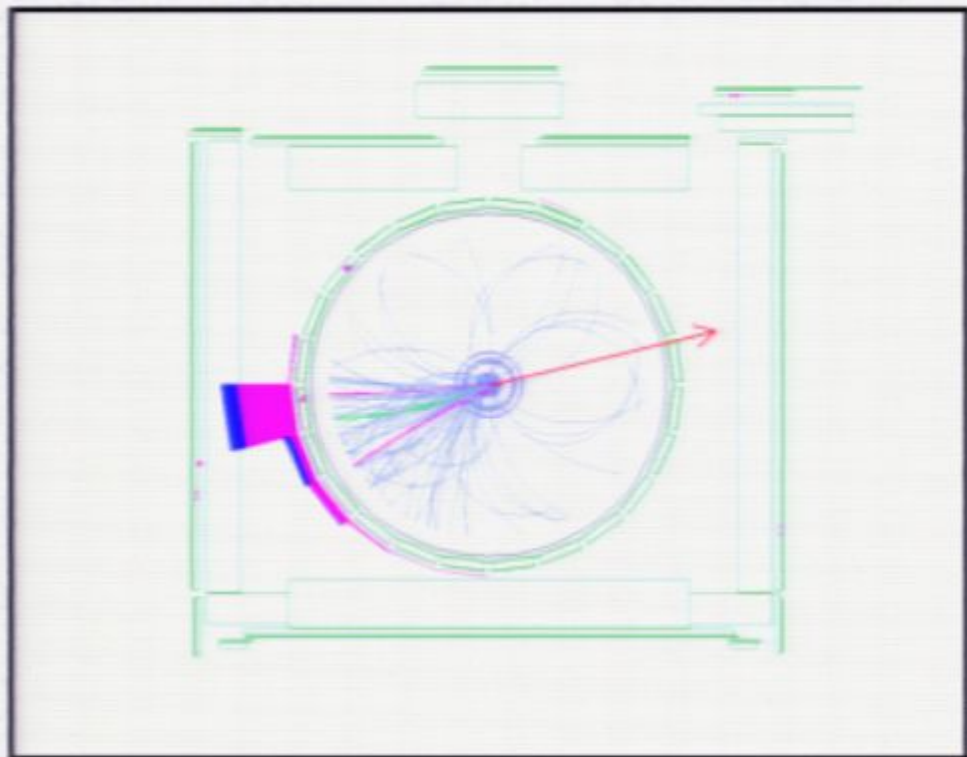
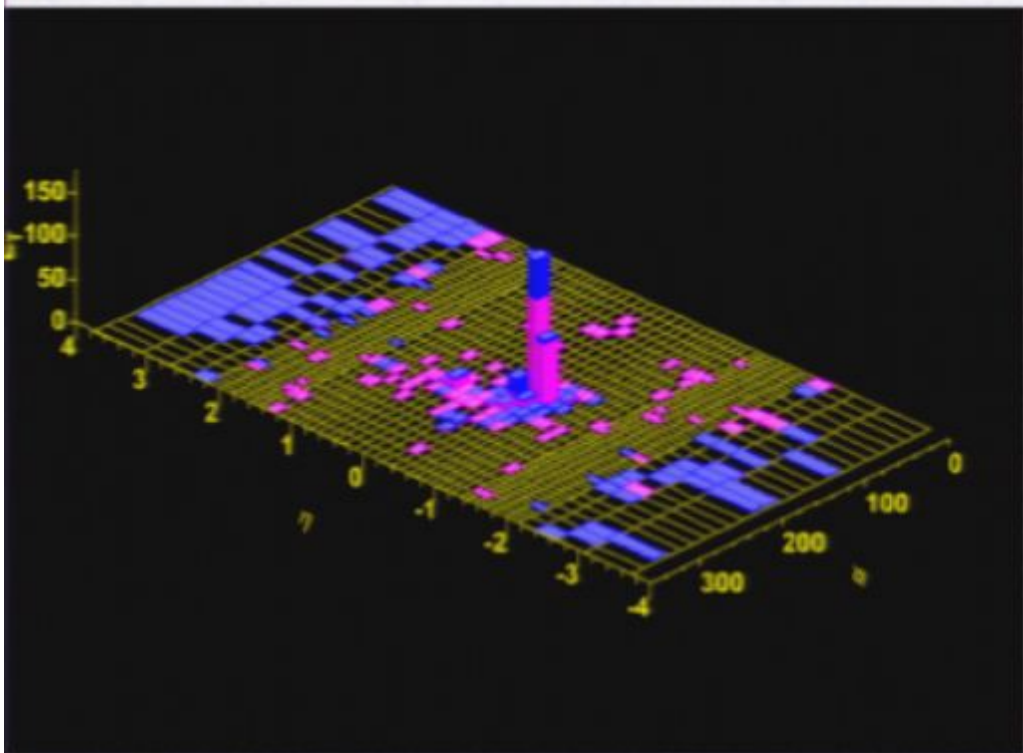
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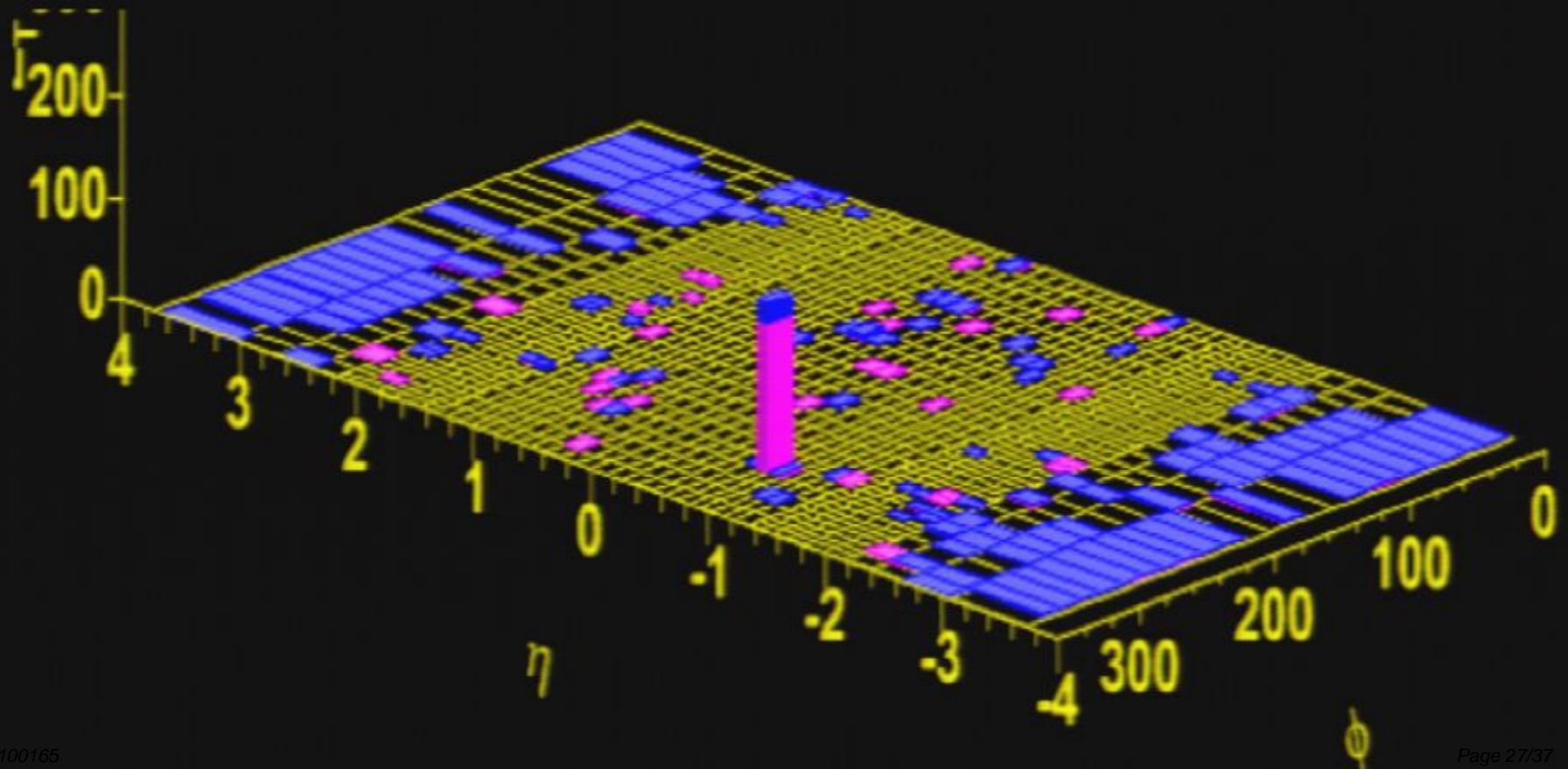
Monojet: Most Energetic Event



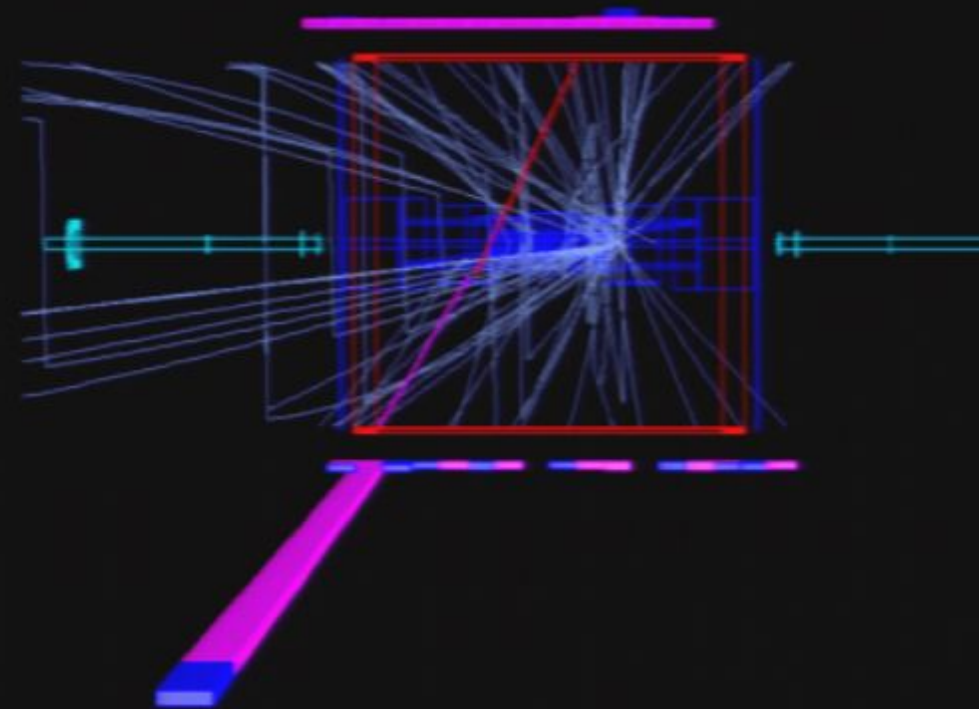
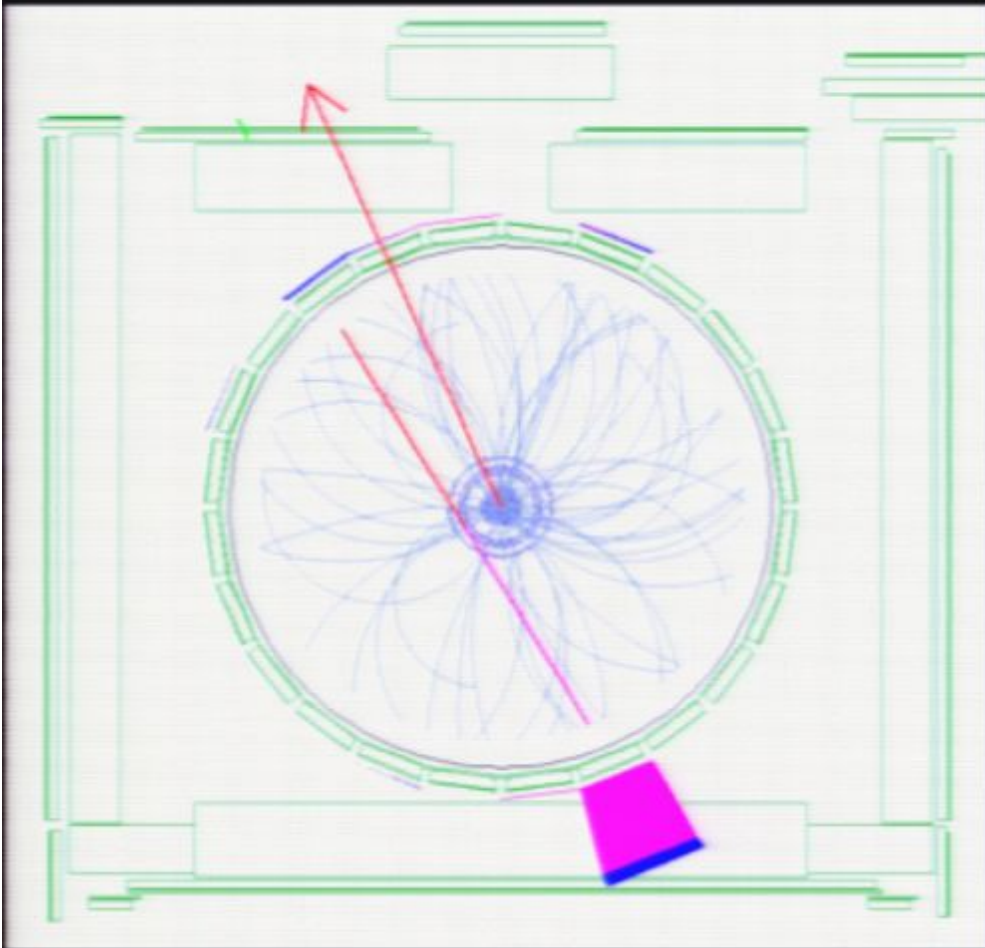
Jet ET = 419 GeV, Missing ET = 417 GeV

Non-Collision Backgrounds

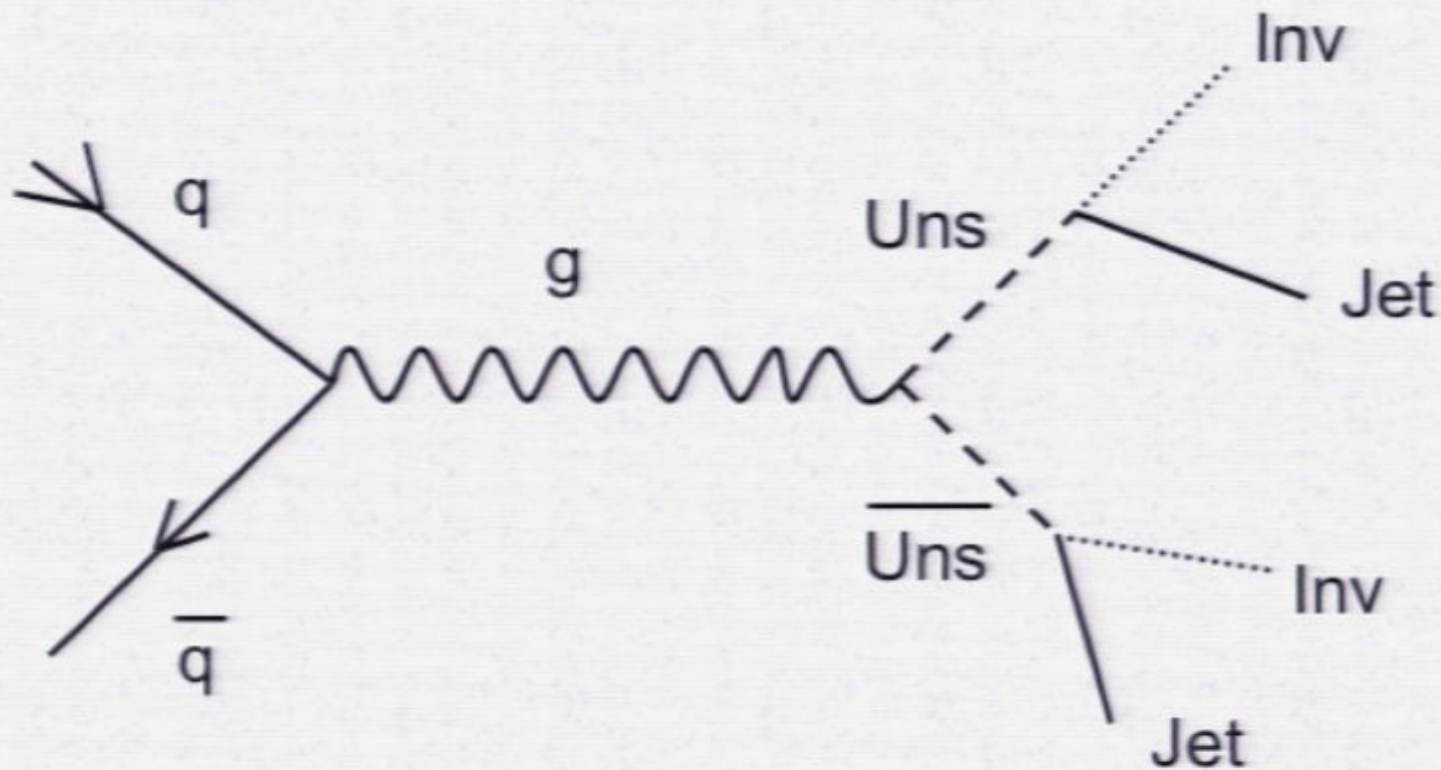
High E_T Jet and Missing E_T triggered events need to be checked carefully



Our candidate LED event turns out to be a cosmic ray...



Dijet + Missing E_T : Generic Feynman Diagram



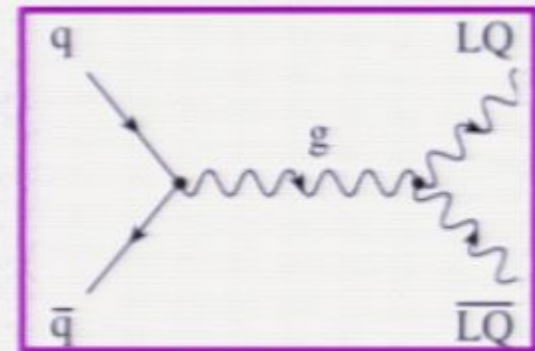
Uns = new unstable particle: squark, KK-quark, leptoquark

Inv = new invisible particle: neutralino, graviton, neutrino, etc

Dijets + Missing Et: Leptoquarks

- LHC/Tevatron searches focus on leptoquark pair production:

- Pairs are produced via strong interaction only ($qq \rightarrow LQ\bar{L}Q$, $gg \rightarrow LQ\bar{L}Q$)
- Production essentially depends on strong coupling and M_{LQ}
- Decay more complicated



Dominant

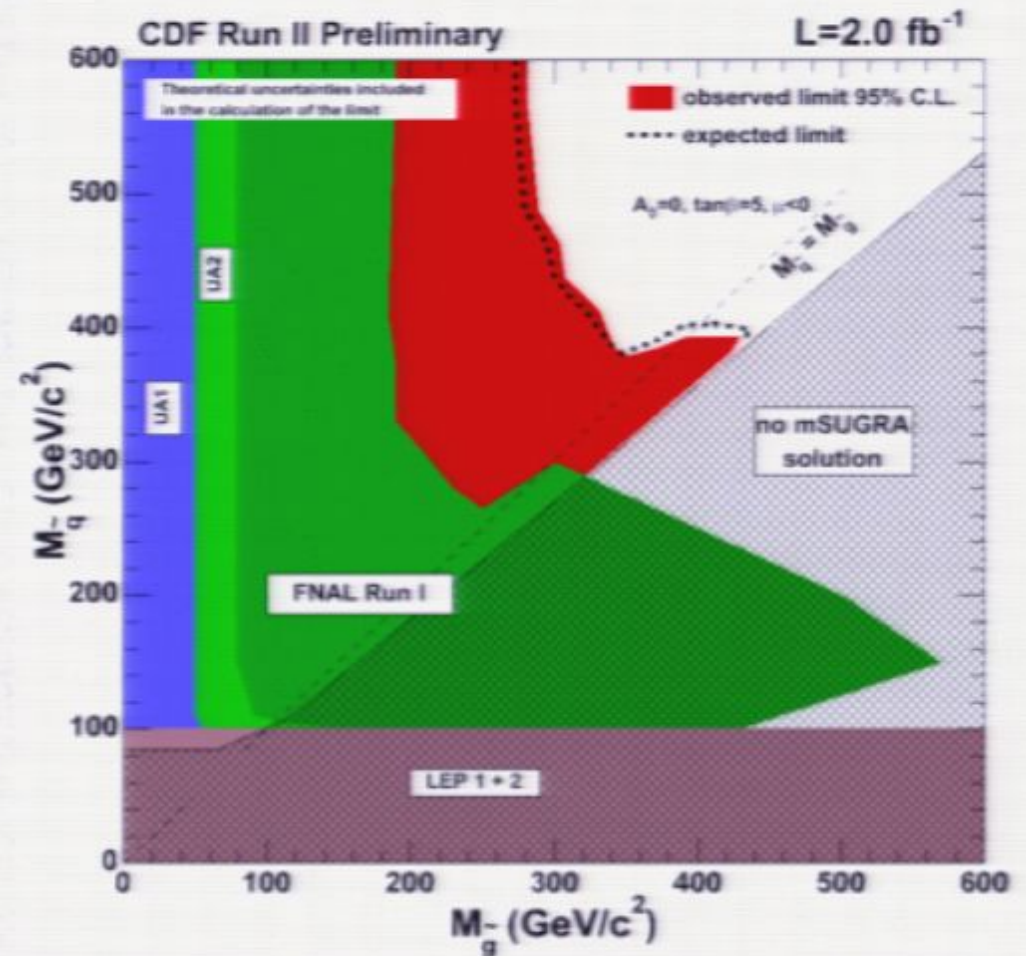
- Can study 2nd and 3rd generation leptoquarks without having to assume Lepton Flavor Violation
- Can study leptoquarks that couple only to quarks and neutrinos (all three generations)

Dijets + Missing E_T (SUSY)

Focus in Run II (and LHC) has been mostly on mSUGRA

- No solutions for squark masses lighter than gluino masses
- Final state with gluinos has more jets
- mSUGRA analyses look for multi-jets + missing E_T

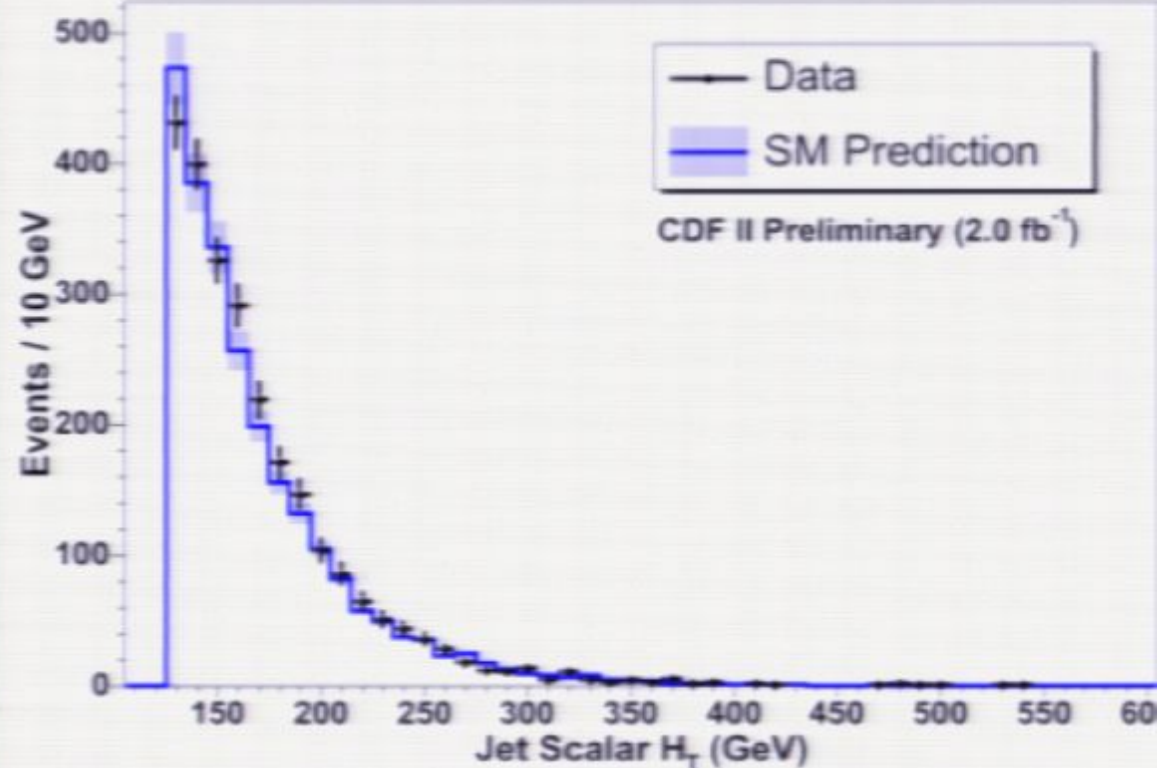
Run I exclusion performed by Maria Spiropulu of CDF in MSSM, mSUGRA contexts



Does it work (example 2)

Background	Expected Events
$Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$	777 ± 49
$W \rightarrow \tau\nu$	669 ± 42
$W \rightarrow \mu\nu$	399 ± 25
$W \rightarrow e\nu$	256 ± 16
$Z \rightarrow ll$	29 ± 4
QCD	49 ± 30
γ + jets	55 ± 13
top	74 ± 9
non-collision	4 ± 4
Total	2443 ± 145
Observed	2506

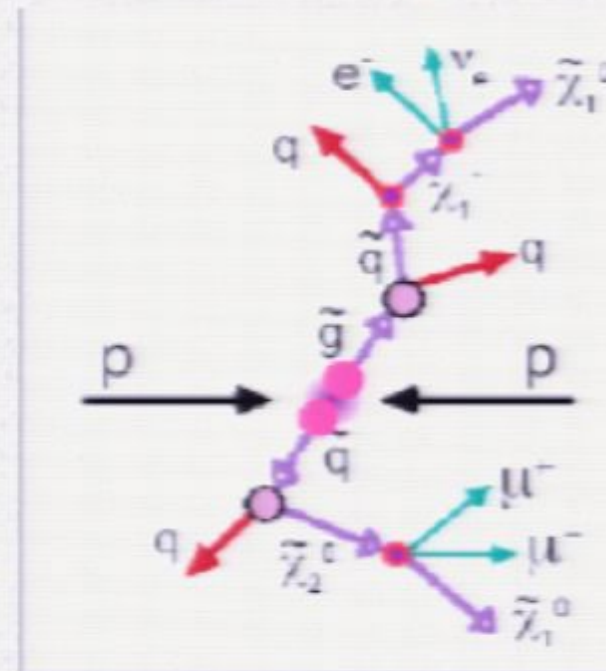
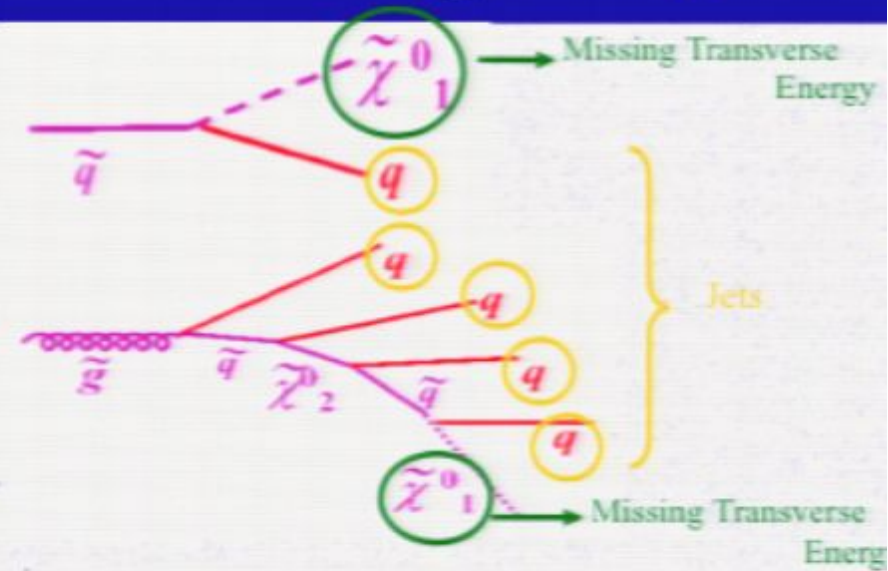
H_T for Low Kinematic Region



Jets+ E_{Tmiss} (3 or more jets)

3 (or more) jets + E_{Tmiss} signature has additional (large) top background

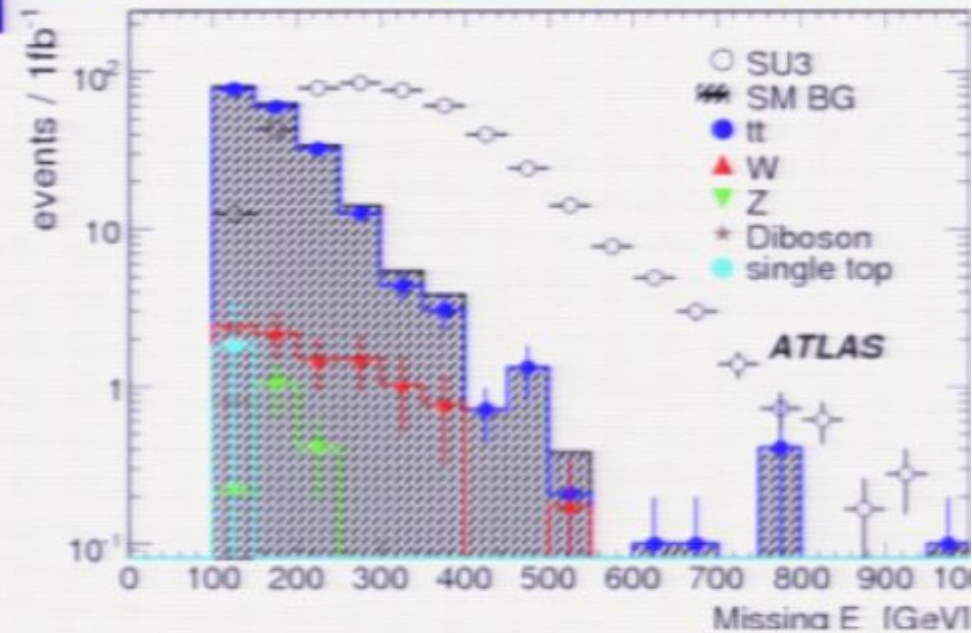
- Adding a high p_T lepton removes QCD background
- Understanding LHC top production is paramount
- Using transverse mass of lepton and E_{Tmiss} provides control sample



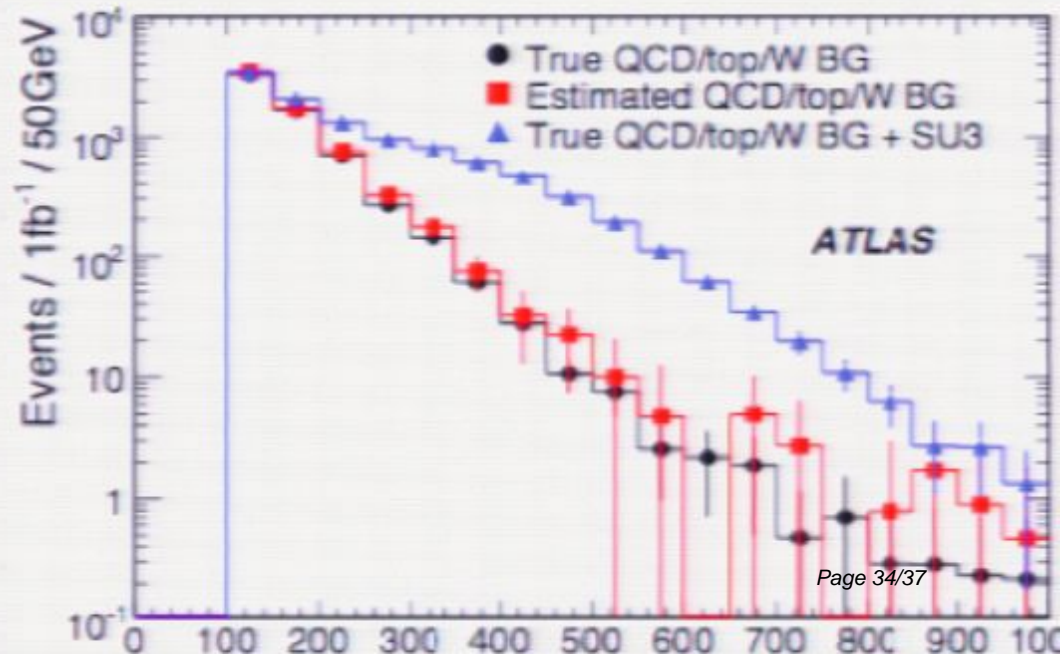
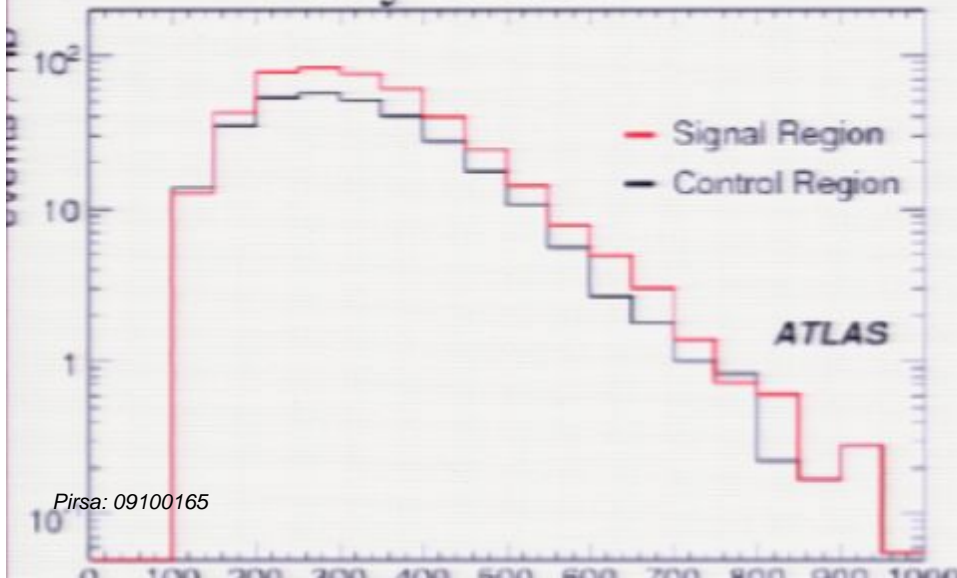
Data-Driven Backgrounds (III)

Top and W backgrounds have W bosons...

We can use transverse mass to define control sample:



Susy events



Conclusions

- Provided the LHC runs at high energy, we will be able to explore energy regime beyond that of the Tevatron with low integrated luminosities
 - We have many analyses that can set world's best limits with less than $\sim 100\text{-}200 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ at 7-10 TeV and we could find BSM physics
 - We need credible and defensible systematics for high-pt leptons and jets but they do not need to be small for us to produce world's best measurements
- Although the datasets we need are relatively small, we will of course need time to understand the data and tune the MC
 - Early analyses will use robust data-driven techniques to estimate the background

1

BSM Physics at the LHC in 2010

Pierre Savard
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October 2009

2

Introduction

- I will focus on searches for new physics that can be done in the first year of running
- With 7-10 TeV centre-of-mass energies
- With 100-200 pb⁻¹ of int. luminosity
- For early searches we will not yet have a "mature" understanding of the detector and backgrounds
- Focus on analyses with simple topologies and/or analyses with low backgrounds and/or spectacular final states
- We have developed data-driven techniques to understand and estimate backgrounds (only less on MC → MC will require time to tune)

3

Some General Comments

- LHC allows us to explore energy regimes beyond that of the Tevatron at low integrated luminosities
- Start of LHC run is different than start of Run II: in Run II there was nothing new to find or exclude with first 100 pb⁻¹
- Low integrated luminosity of LHC opens up exploration of new high mass regions
- Most exciting results (hopefully not all) will be physics beyond the SM
- Although less exciting than a discovery, first limits from

BSM Physics

Universit

Click to add notes



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Alignment and Spacing

Horizontal: [Left] [Center] [Right] [Justify] [Align Right]

Vertical: [Top] [Middle] [Bottom]

Orientation: [Horizontal] [Vertical] [Square] [Diagonal Down] [Diagonal Up]

Wrap text Shrink text to fit

Paragraph Spacing and Columns

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Quick Styles and Effects

Size, Rotation, and Ordering

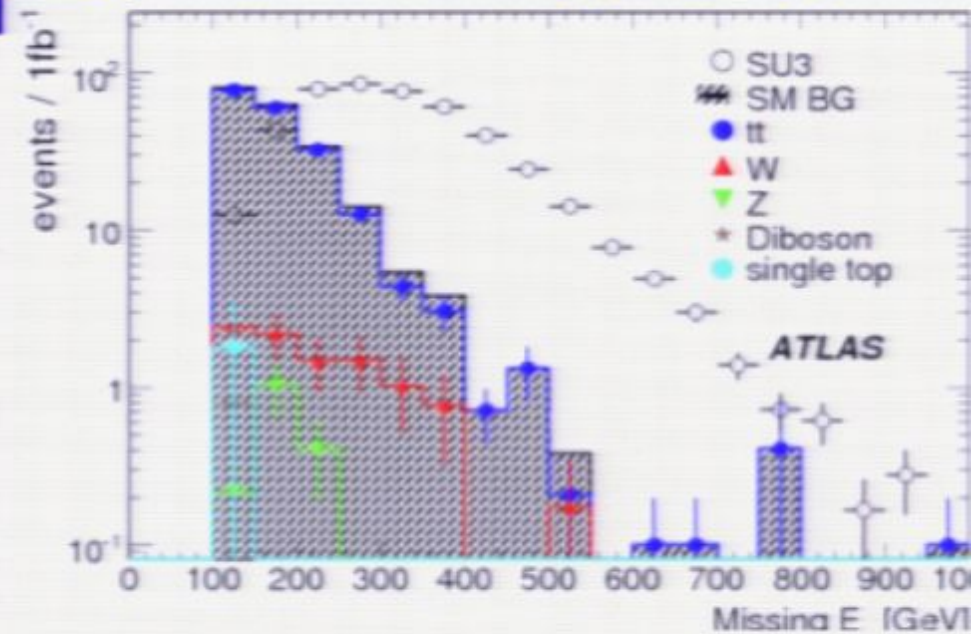
Size (cm)

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Data-Driven Backgrounds (III)

Top and W backgrounds have W bosons...

We can use transverse mass to define control sample:



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