

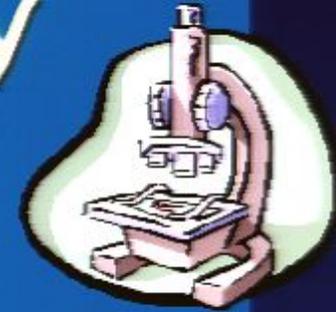
Title: Short-lived NLSP and Cosmology

Date: May 30, 2008 02:00 PM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/08050049>

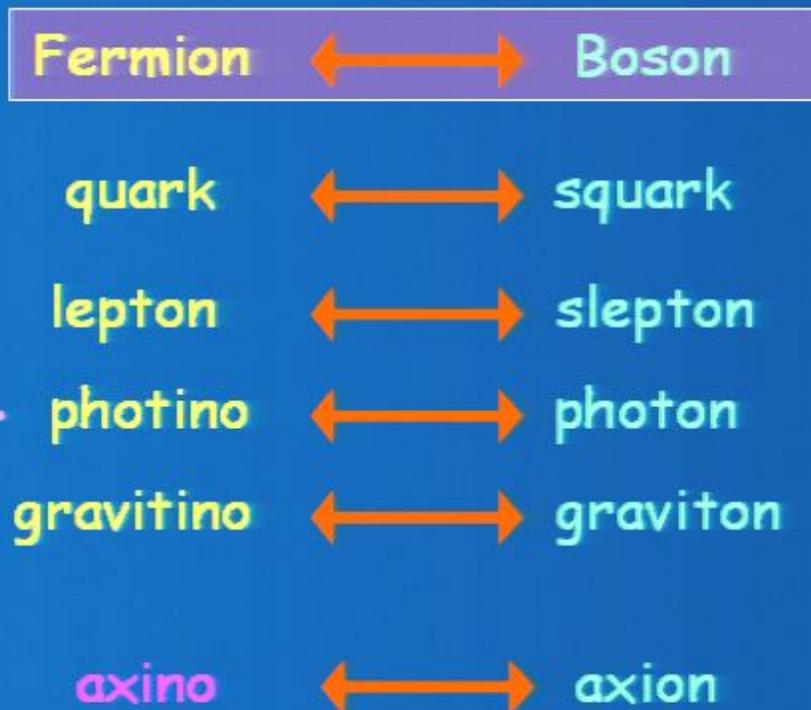
Abstract:

Introduction of SUSY



Supersymmetry (SUSY)

- Solving "Hierarchy Problem"
- Realizing "Coupling constant unification in GUT"

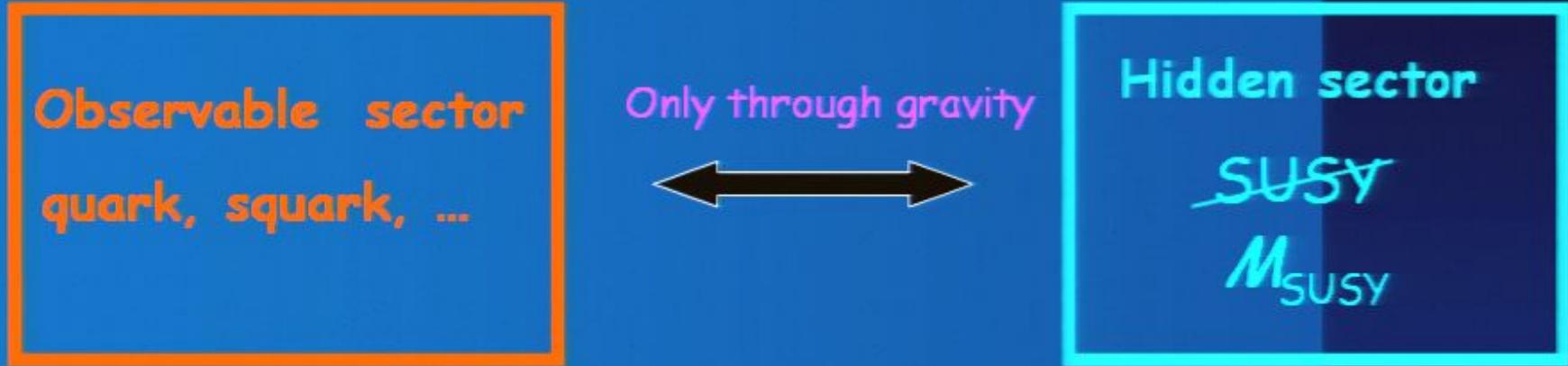


neutralino



SUSY Breaking

◆ Gravity mediated SUSY breaking model



● Masses of squarks and sleptons

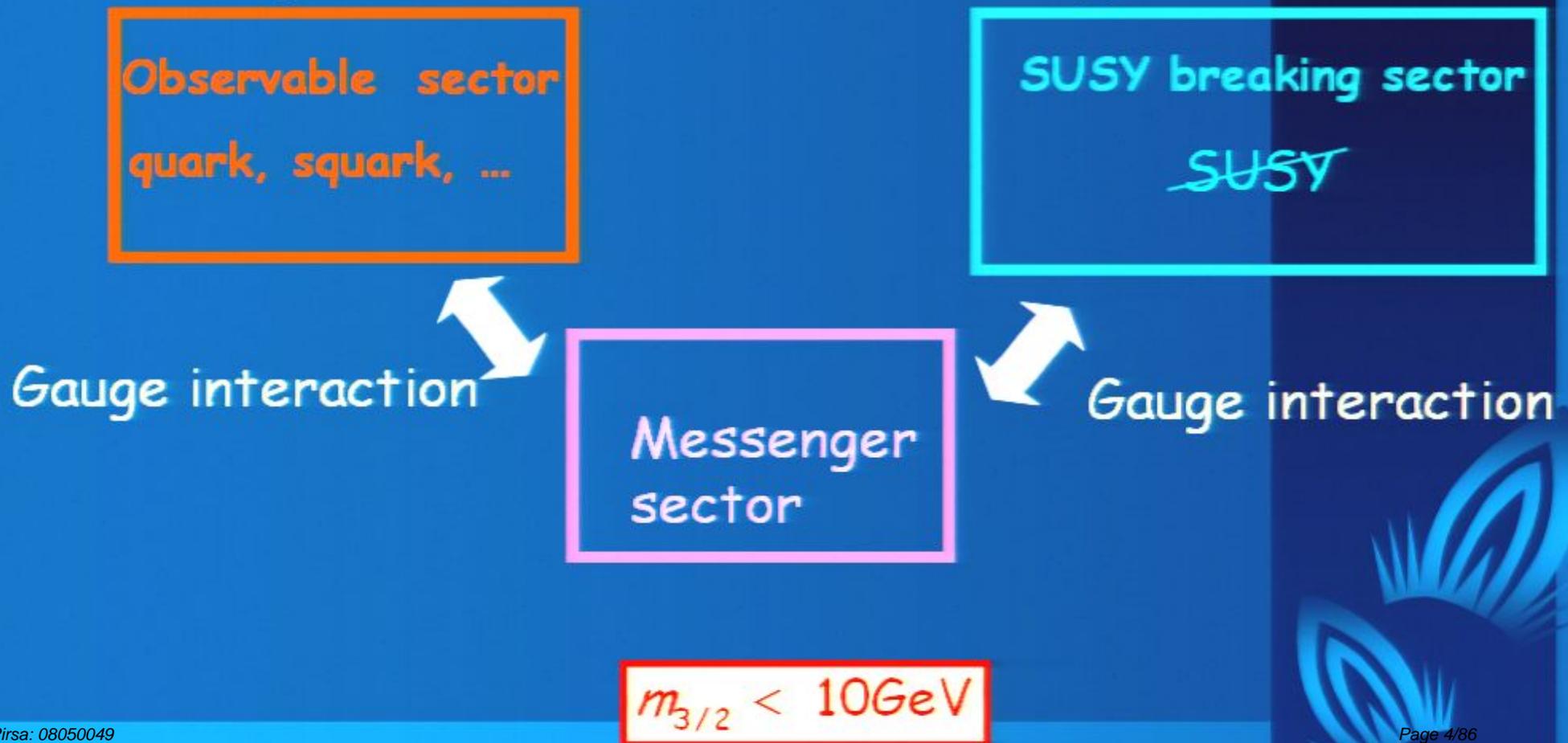
$$m_{\tilde{q}}, m_{\tilde{l}} = M_{\text{SUSY}}^2 / M_{\text{pl}} = 10^2 - 10^3 \text{ GeV}$$
$$(M_{\text{SUSY}} = 10^{10} - 10^{11} \text{ GeV})$$

● Gravitino mass

$$m_{3/2} = M_{\text{SUSY}}^2 / M_{\text{pl}} = 10^2 - 10^3 \text{ GeV}$$

SUSY Breaking II

- ◆ Gauge-mediated SUSY breaking model
(Dynamical SUSY brasking)



Realistic candidates of particle dark matter I

- **Neutralino χ (~100% Bino or photino)**
Most famous Lightest Supersymmetric Particle (LSP) with $m_\chi \sim 100\text{GeV}$ (appears even in global SUSY)
- **Gravitino ψ_μ**
super partner of graviton with spin 3/2 and $m_{3/2} \lesssim 100\text{GeV}$ (massive only in local SUSY)

Realistic candidates of particle DM II

- **Axion a**

solving strong CP problem, $m_a \sim 10^{-5} \text{eV} (10^{11} \text{GeV}/F_a)$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{PQ}} \sim \theta_{\text{QCD}} F_{\mu\nu}^a \tilde{F}_a^{\mu\nu} \quad \theta_{\text{QCD}} \sim \frac{a}{F_a} < 10^{-9}$$

- **Axino \tilde{a}**

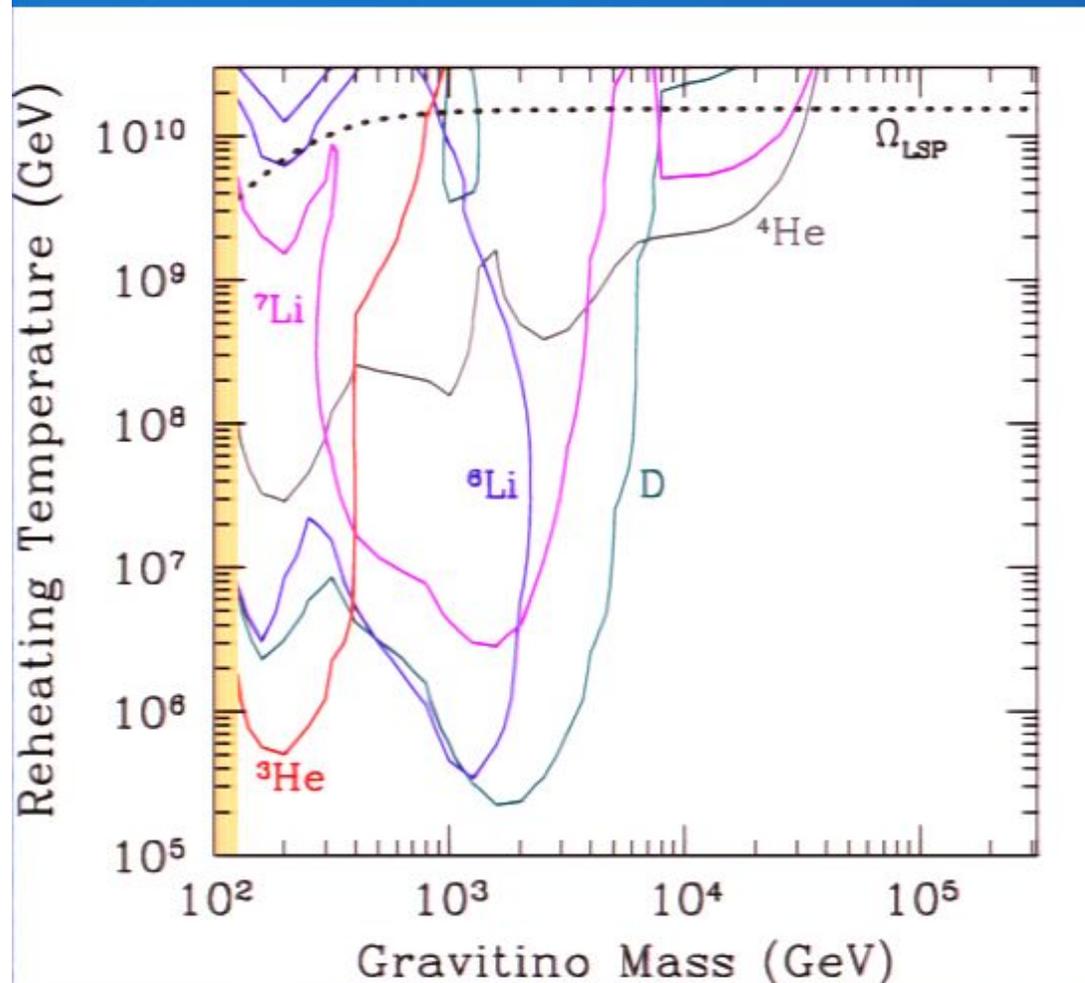
super partner of axion

- **"Flaxino"/Flatinos**

Superposition of axinos in DFSZ models

Upper bound on reheating temperature

Kawasaki, Kohri, Moro, Yotsuyanagi (08)



gravitino NLSP and
neutralino LSP

Hadronic decay

$$B_h \sim O(1) \quad (B_\gamma \sim O(1))$$

$$T_R \sim 10^7 \text{ GeV} (Y_{3/2} / 10^{-14})$$

$$m_{3/2} \sim 10^3 \text{ GeV} (\tau_{3/2} / 4 \times 10^5 \text{ sec})^{-1/3}$$

Long-lived NLSP can be scalar tau lepton ($\tilde{\tau}$)?

Feng, Su, and Takayama (2003)

Steffen (2006)

Kawasaki, Kohri, Moroi, Yotsuyanagi (2008)

Long-lived NLSP can be scalar tau lepton (stau)?

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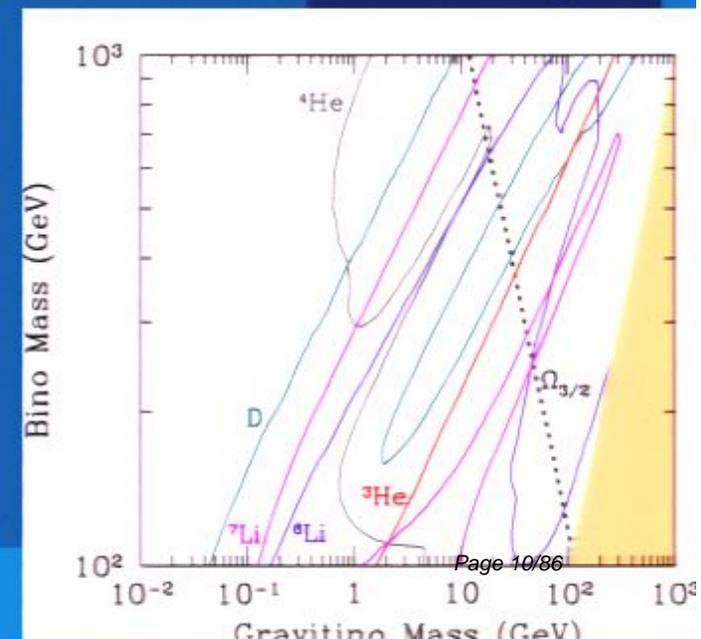
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Neutralino NLSP whose mass is smaller than 1 TeV and gravitino LSP scenario is disfavored by BBN because of high hadronic branching ratio



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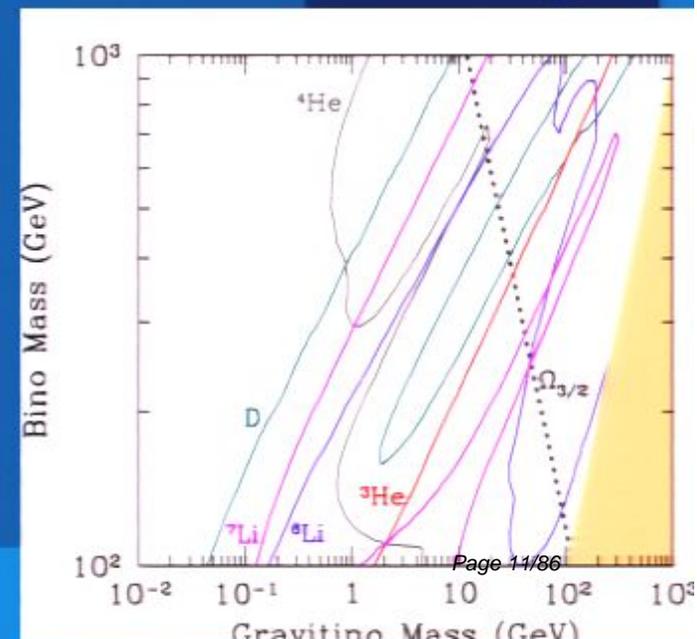
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Stau NLSP is attractive!!!

See also Frank Steffen's and Joeseef Pladler's talks



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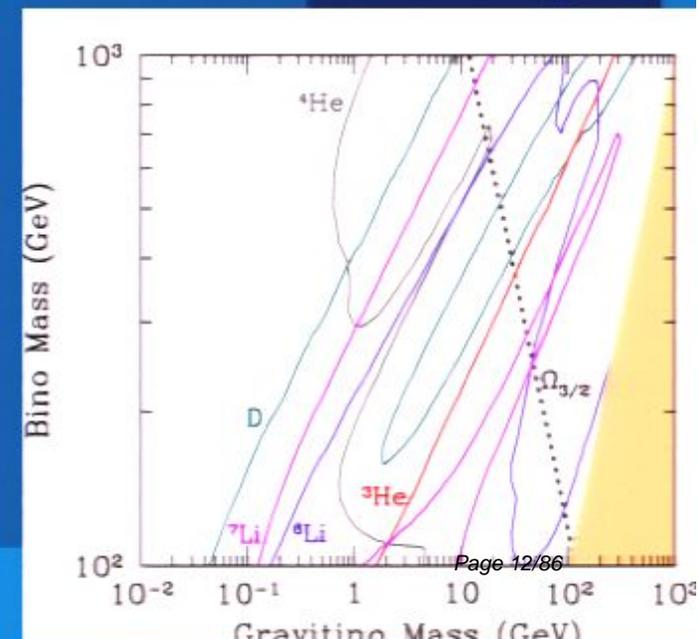


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Then, LSP would be gravitino or

axino/flatino/flexino



CHArged Massive Particle (CHAMP)

Kohri and Takayama, hep-ph/0605243
See also literature, Cahn-Glashow ('81)

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Candidates of long-lived CHAMP in modern cosmology
stau, selectron ...

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"CHAMP recombination" with light elements

$$T_c \sim E_{\text{bin}}/40 \sim 10\text{keV}$$
$$(E_{\text{bin}} \sim \alpha^2 m_i \sim 100\text{keV})$$

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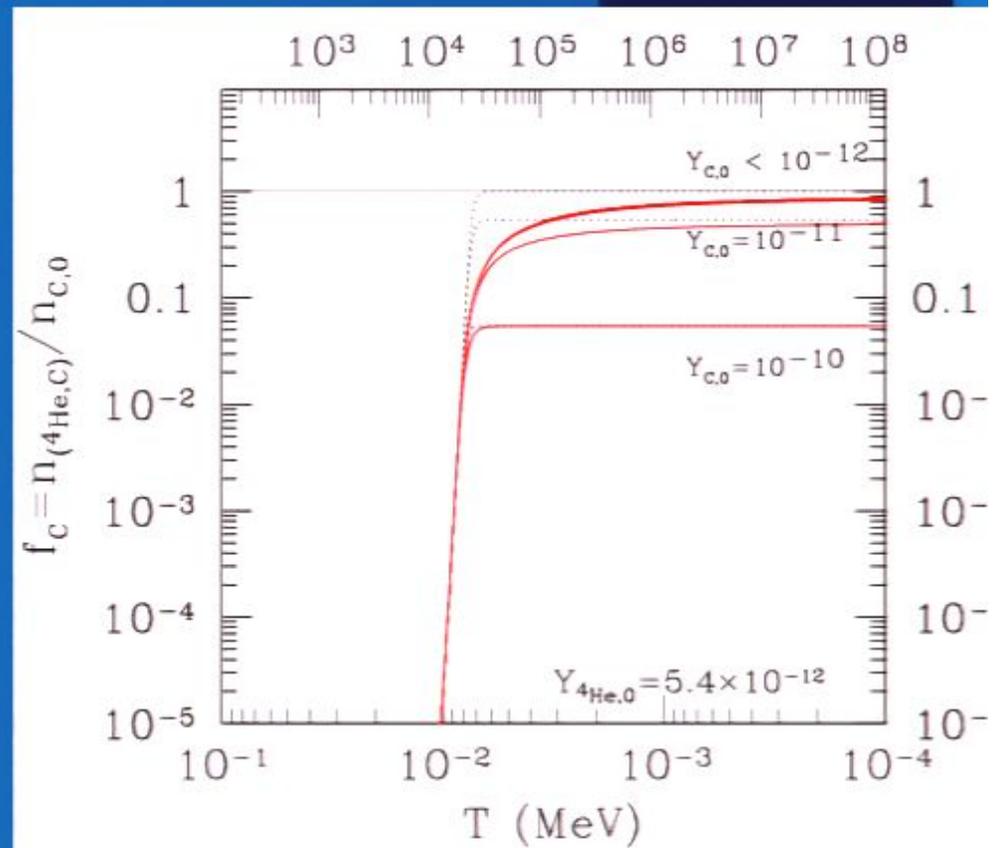
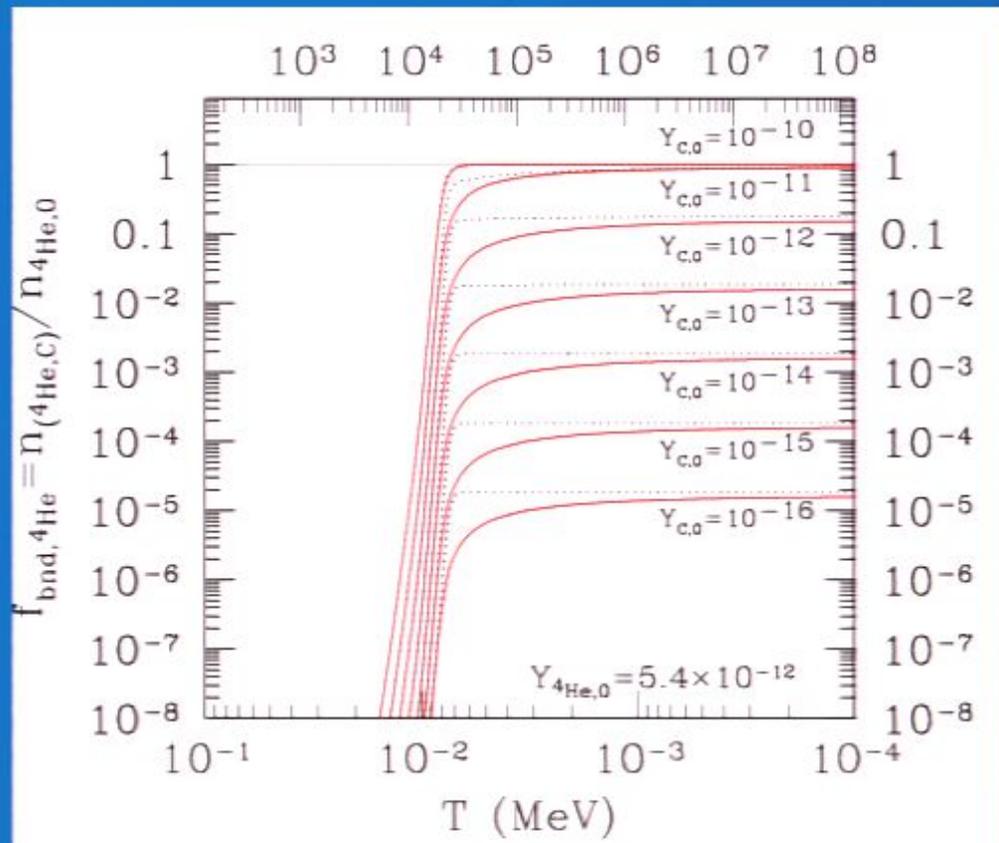
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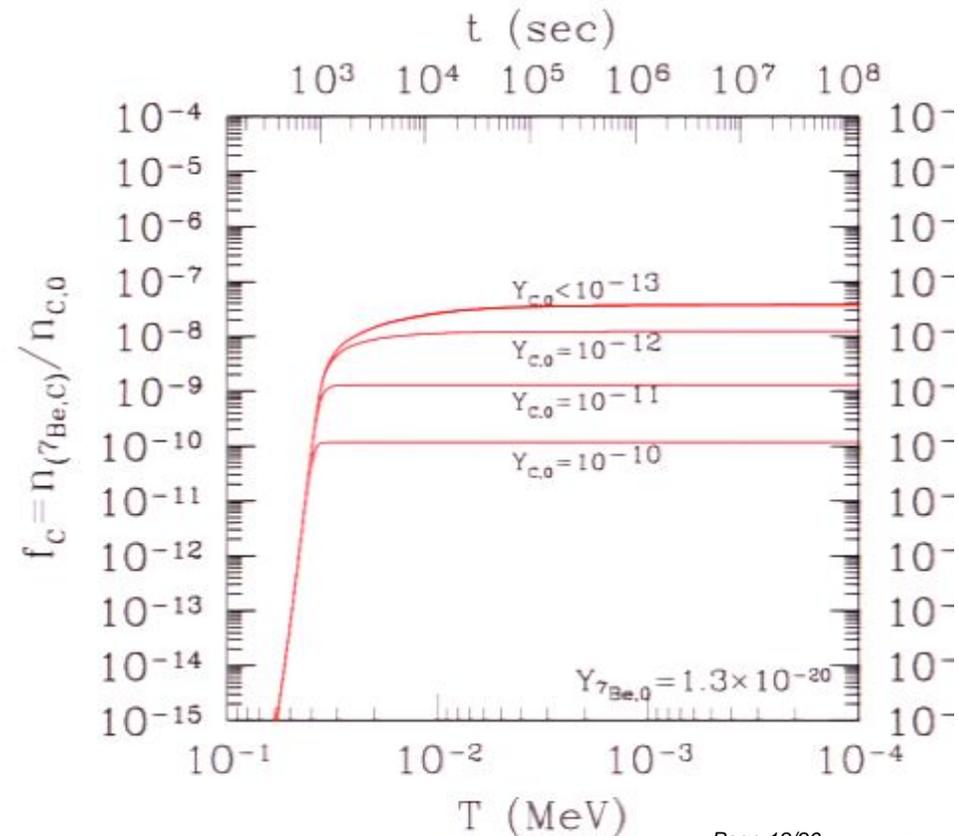
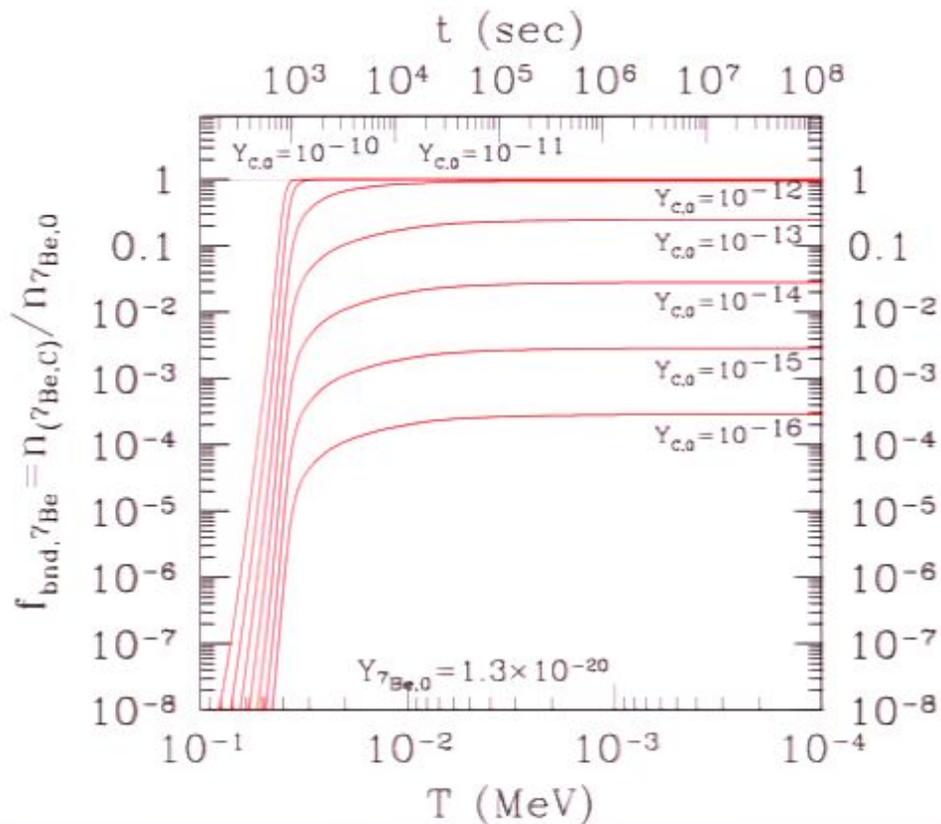


CHAMP captured-nuclei, e.g., (C, ^4He) changes the nuclear reaction rates dramatically in BBN

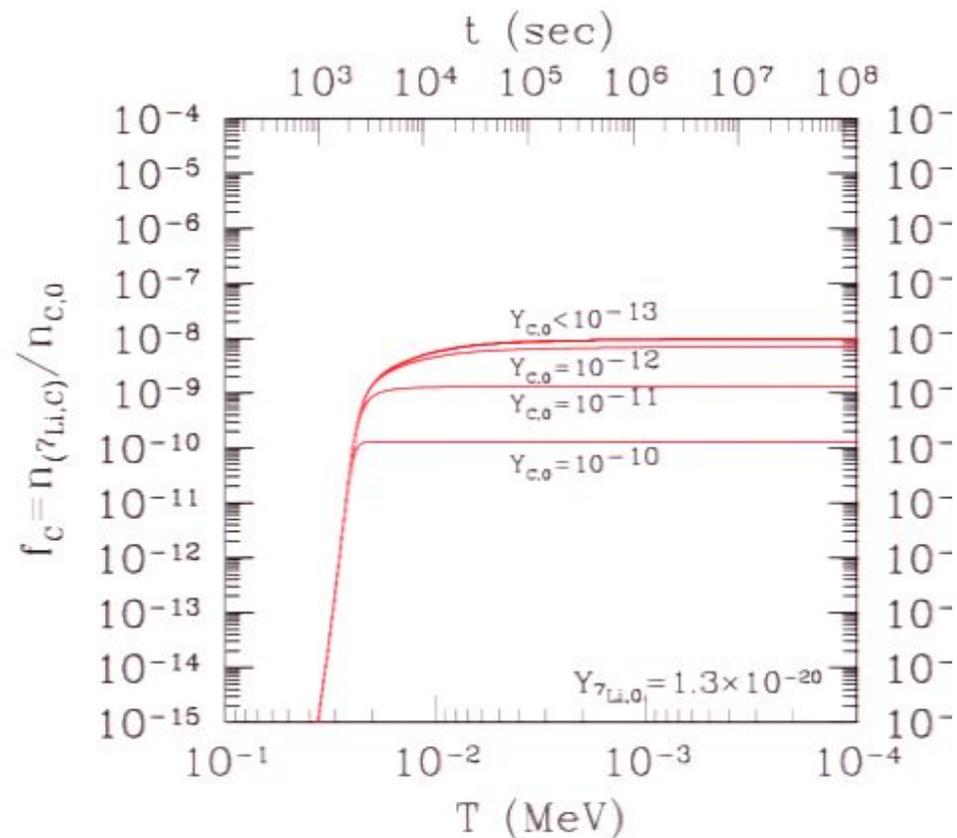
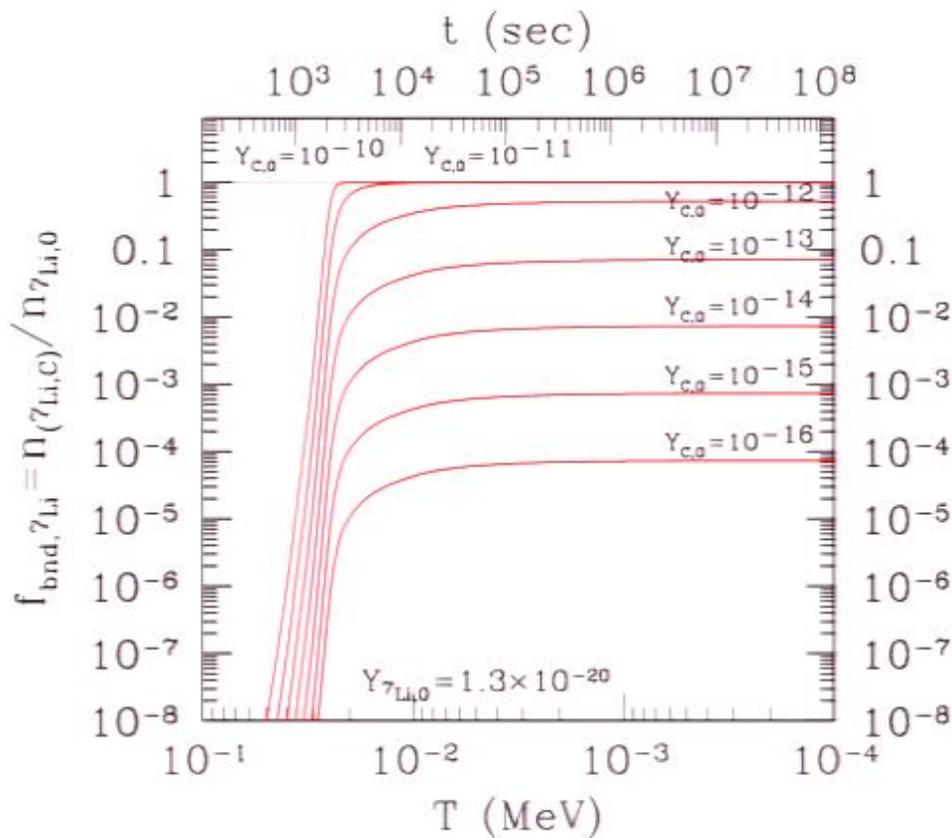
He4 bound-state ratio



Be7 bound-state ratio



Li7 bound-state ratio



Catalyzed BBN

Pospelov (2006), [hep-ph/0605215](#)

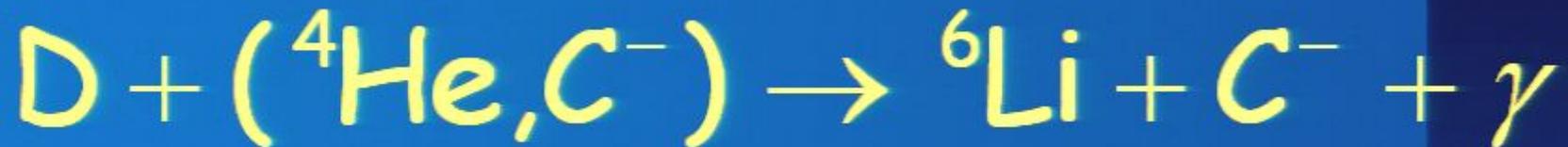
- CHAMP bound state with ${}^4\text{He}$ enhances the rate



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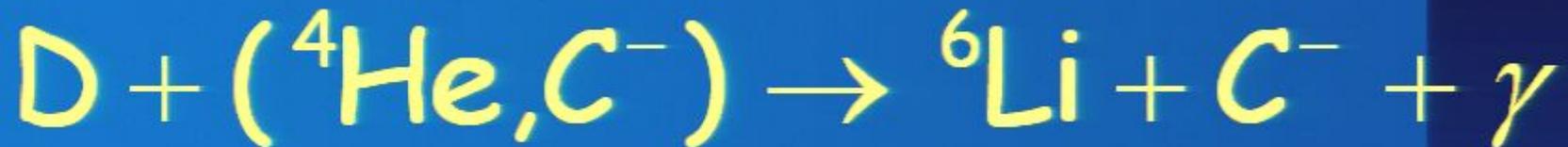


- Enhancement of cross section

Catalyzed BBN

Pospelov (2006), [hep-ph/0605215](#)

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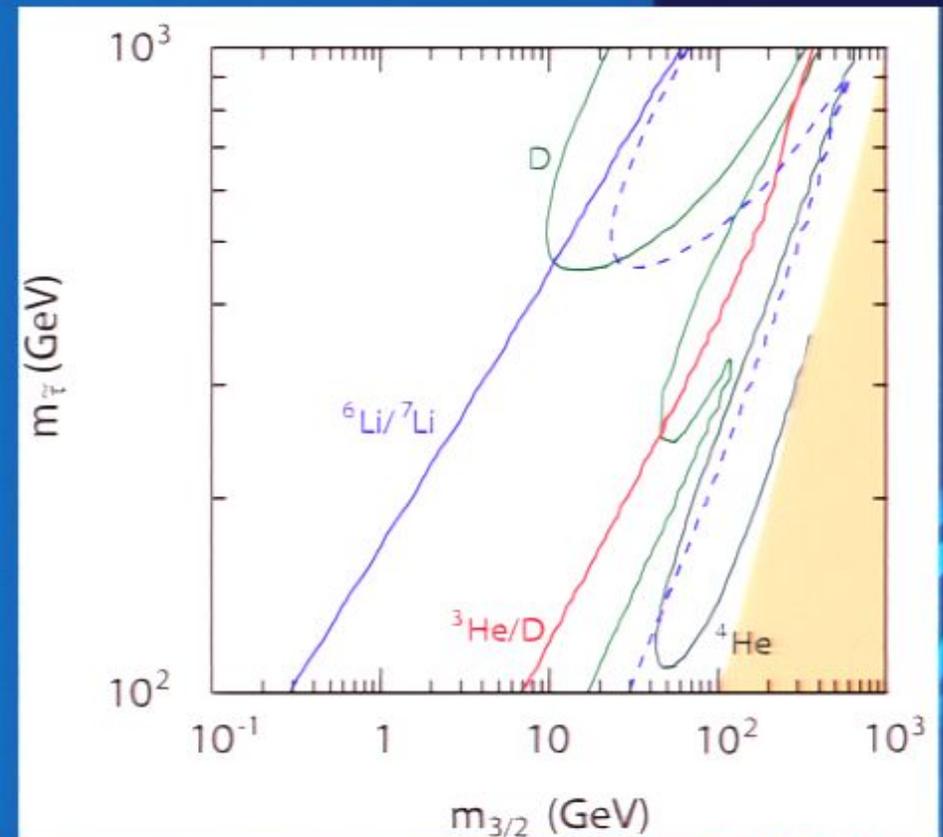
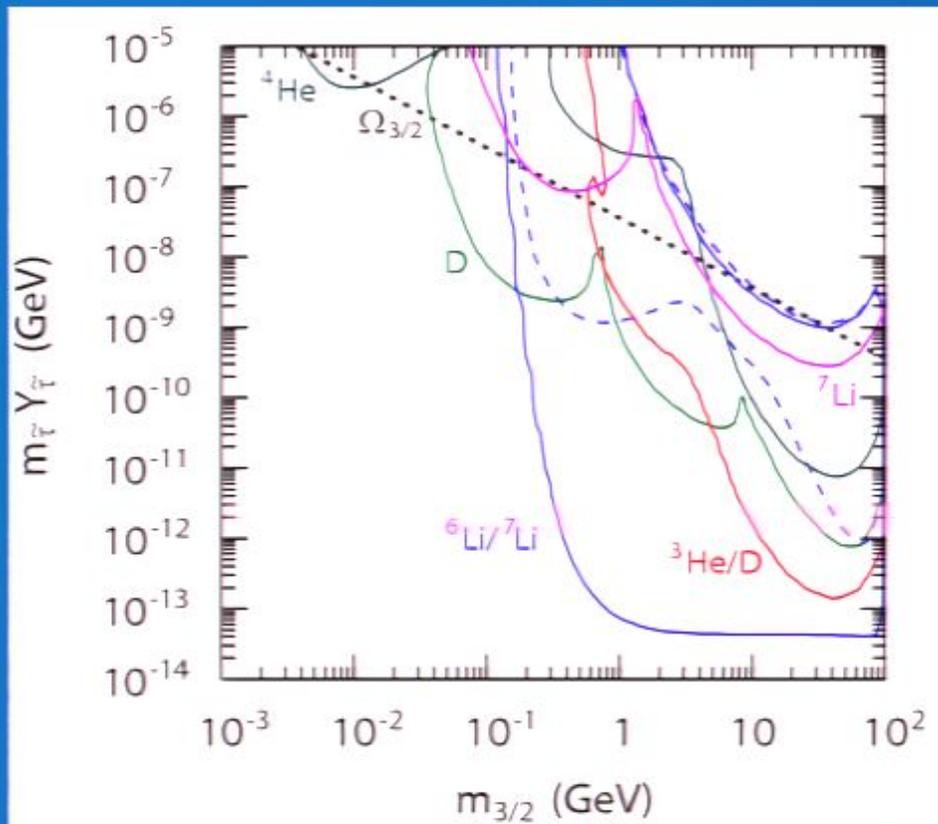
- Enhancement of cross section

$$\sim (\lambda_\gamma / a_{\text{Bohr}})^5 \sim (30)^5 \sim 10^{7-8}$$

Confirmed by Hamaguchi et al (07), [hep-ph/0702274](#)

BBN in stau NLSP and gravitino LSP Scenario in gauge mediation

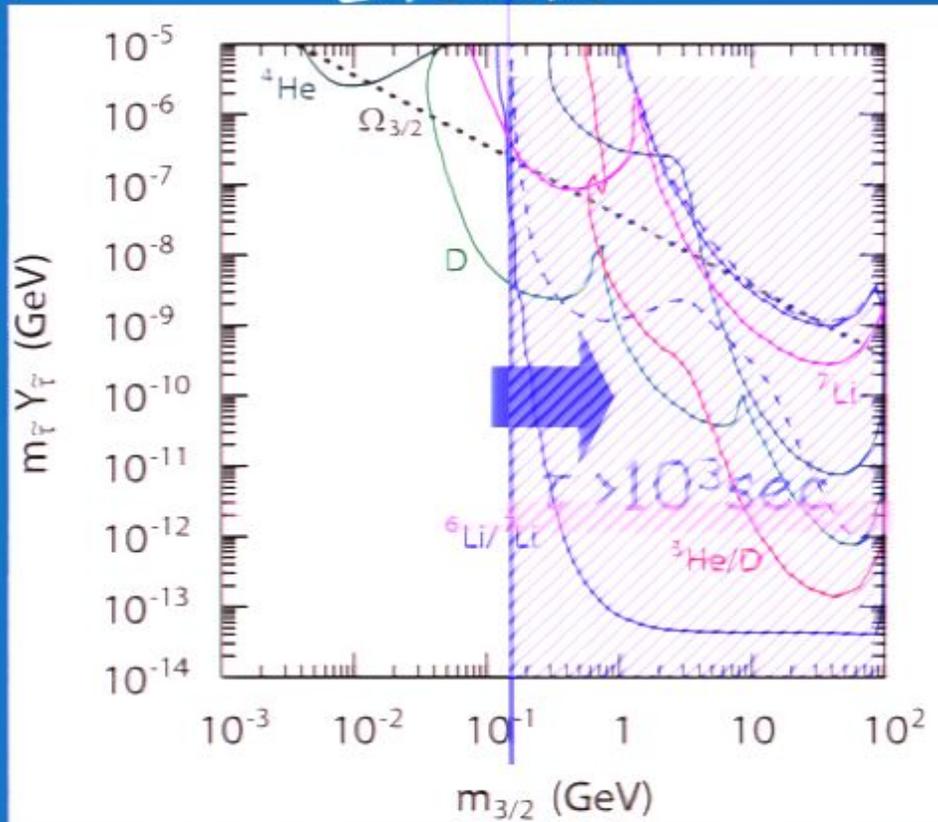
Kawasaki, Kohri, Moroi, Yotsuyanagi (08)



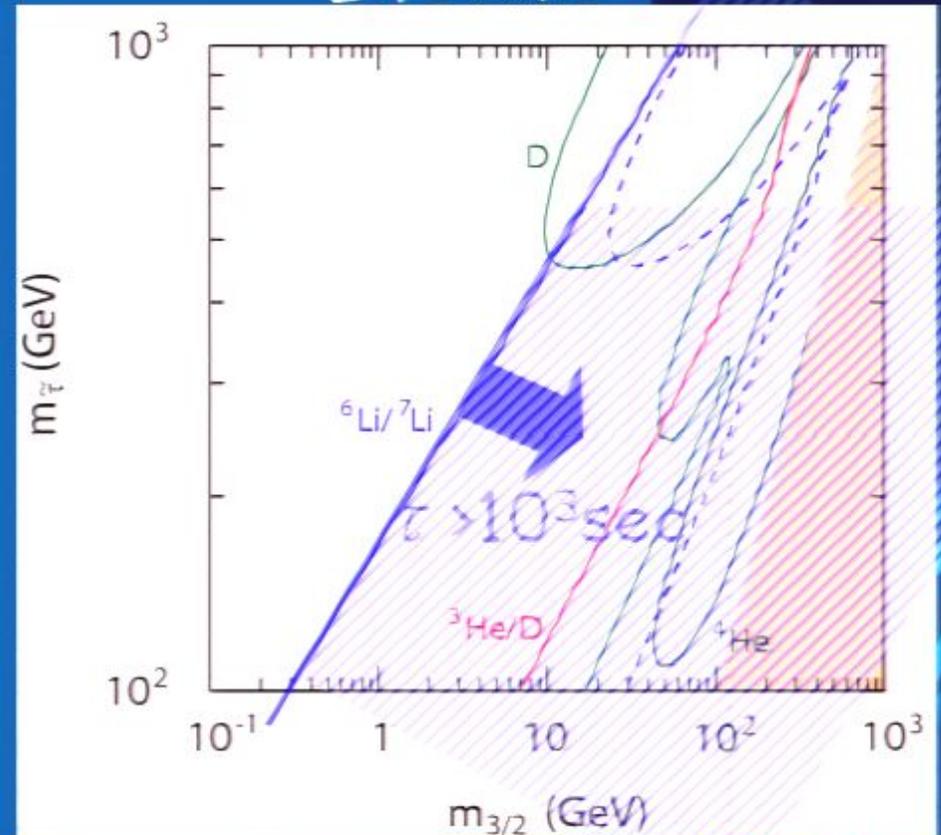
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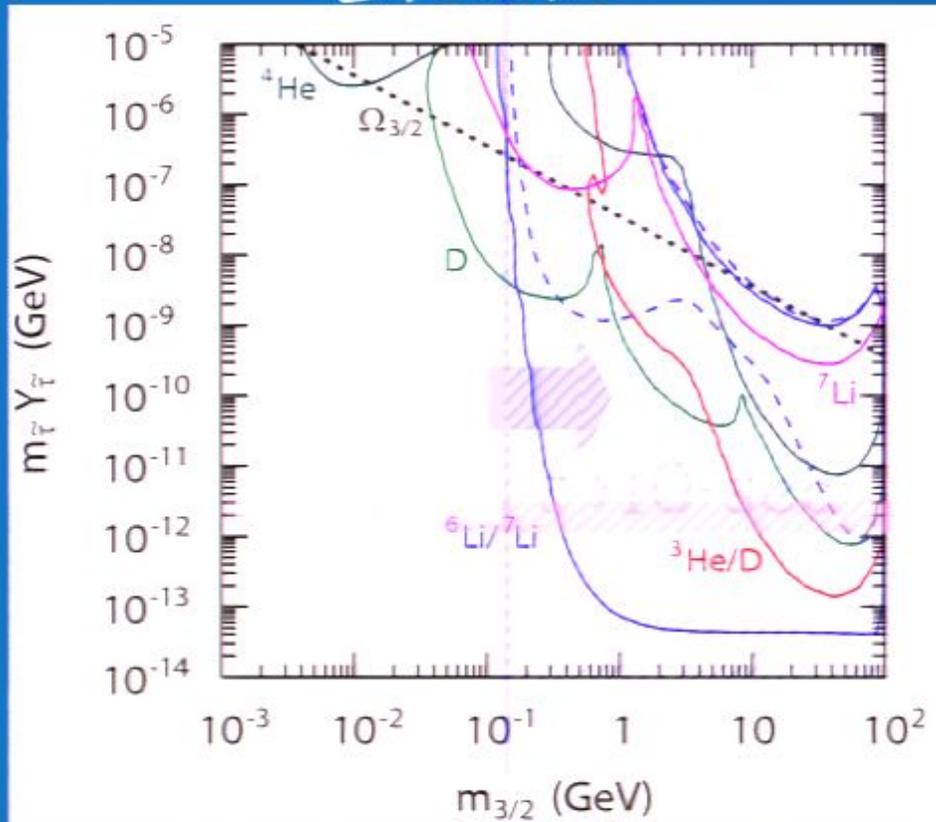
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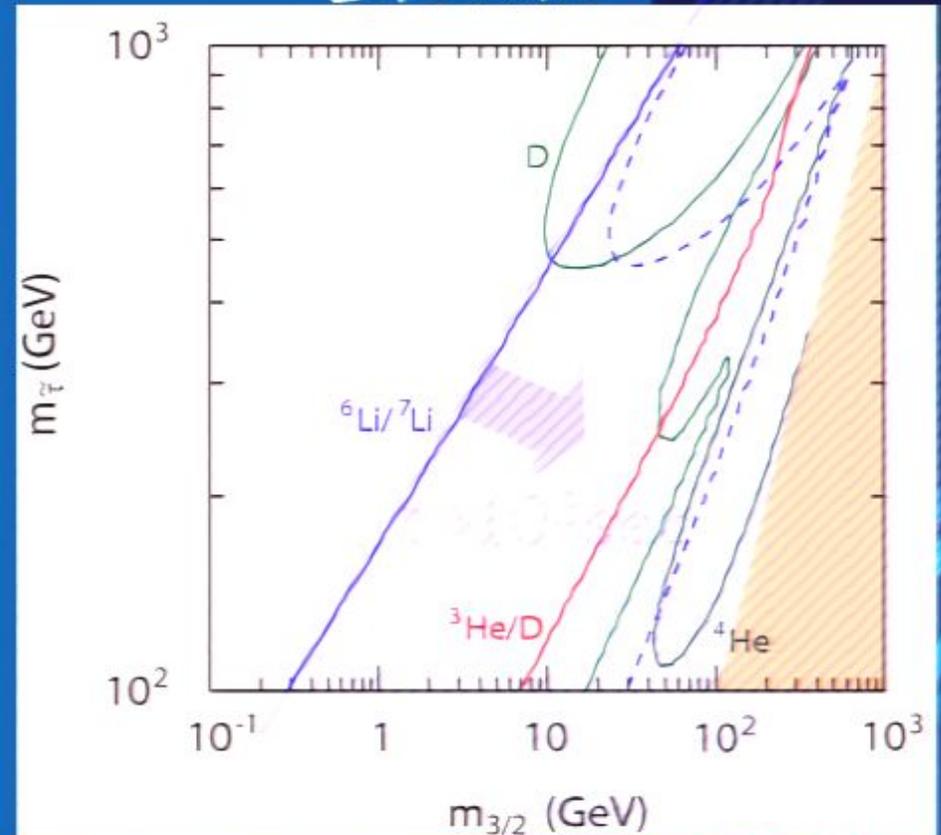
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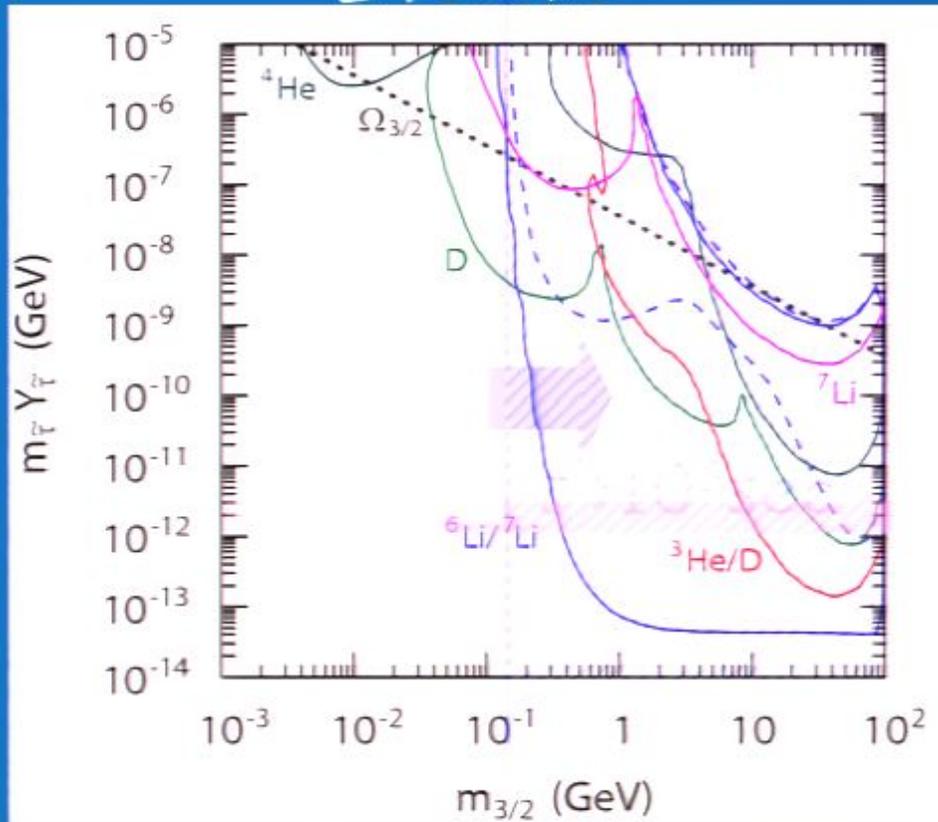
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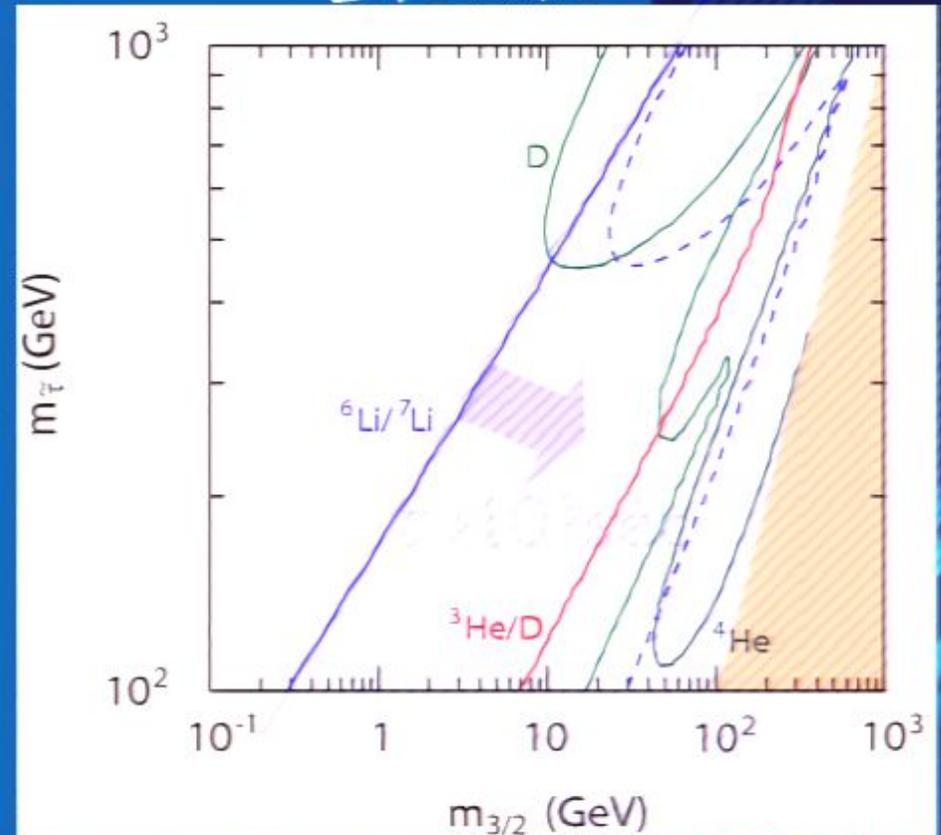
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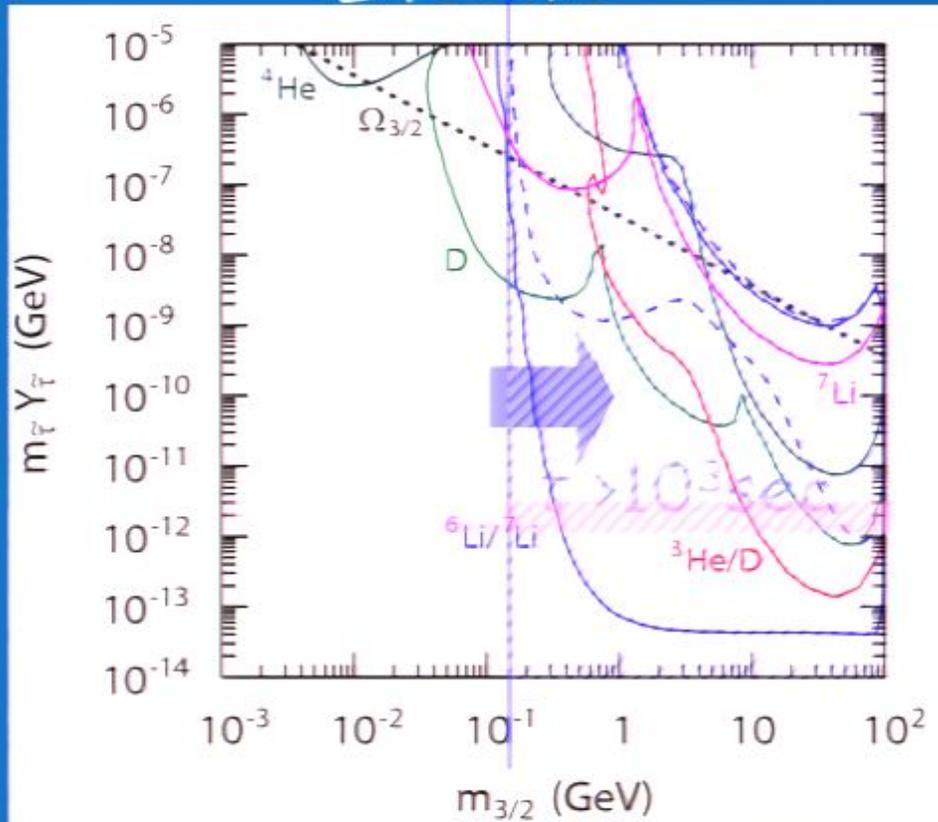
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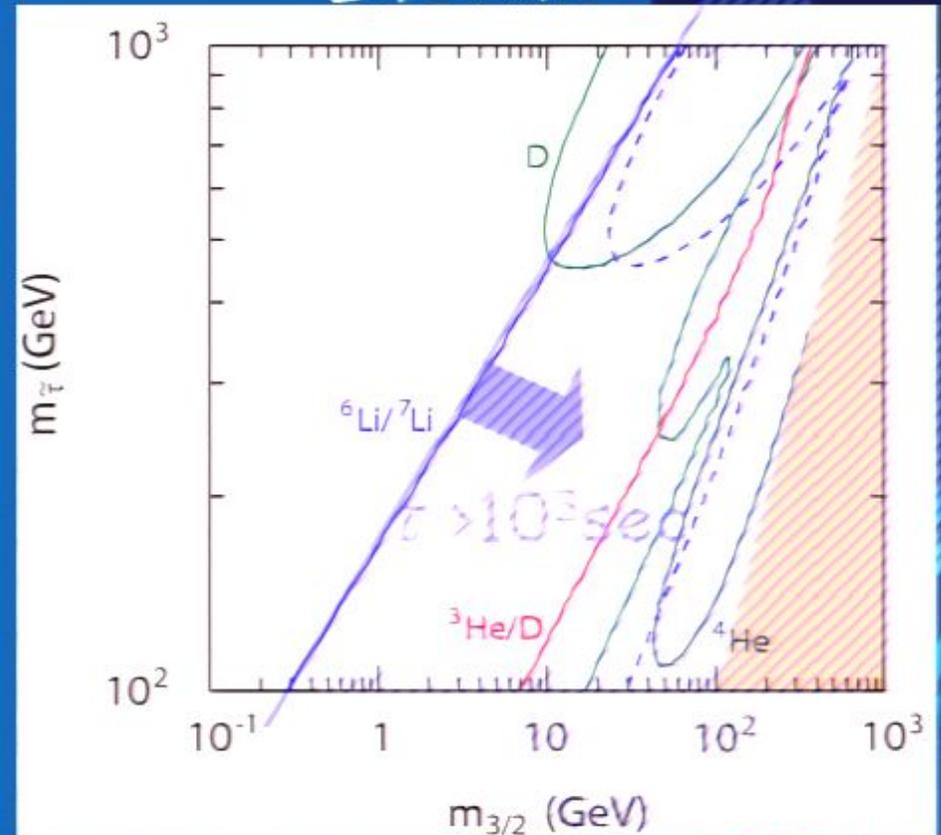
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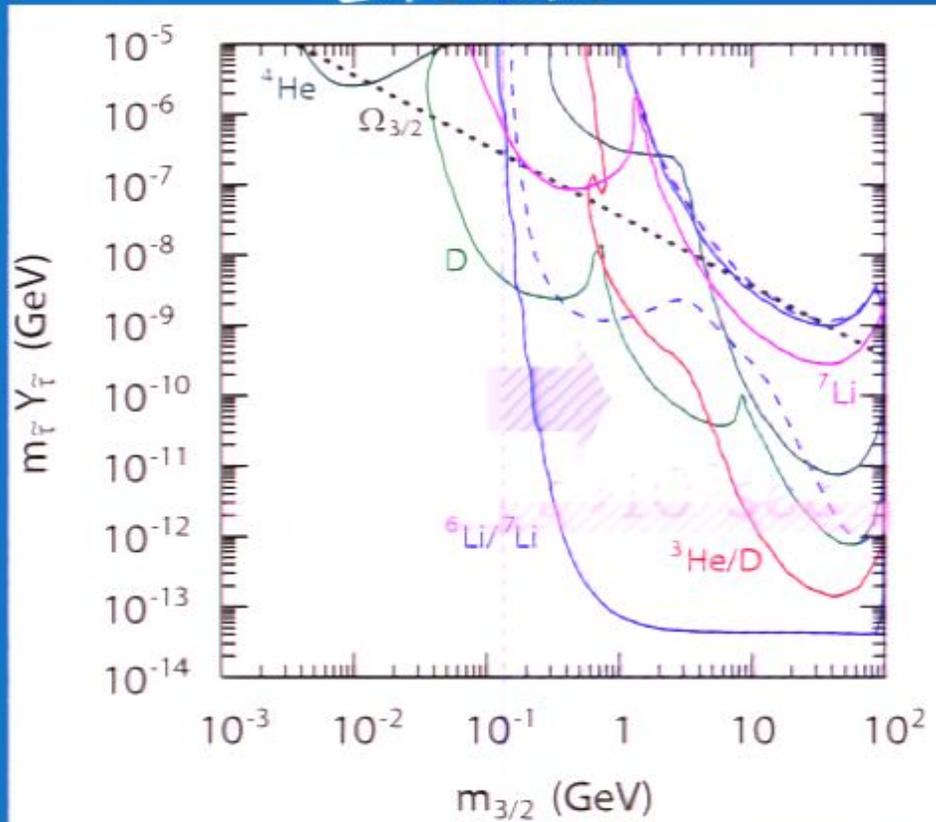
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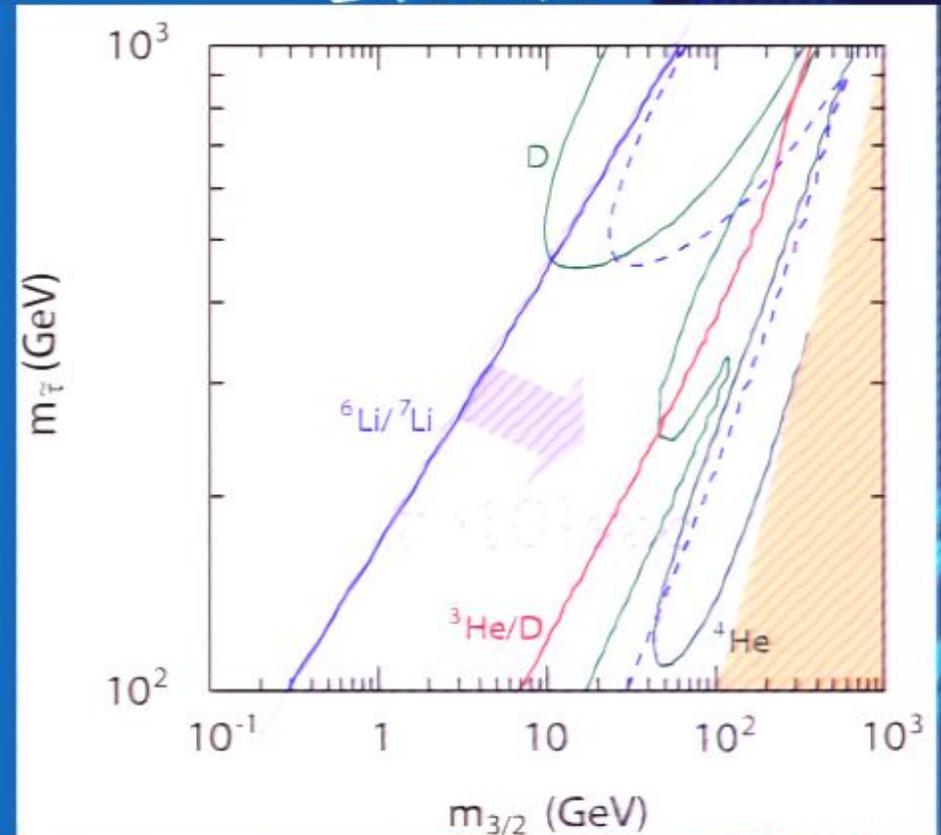
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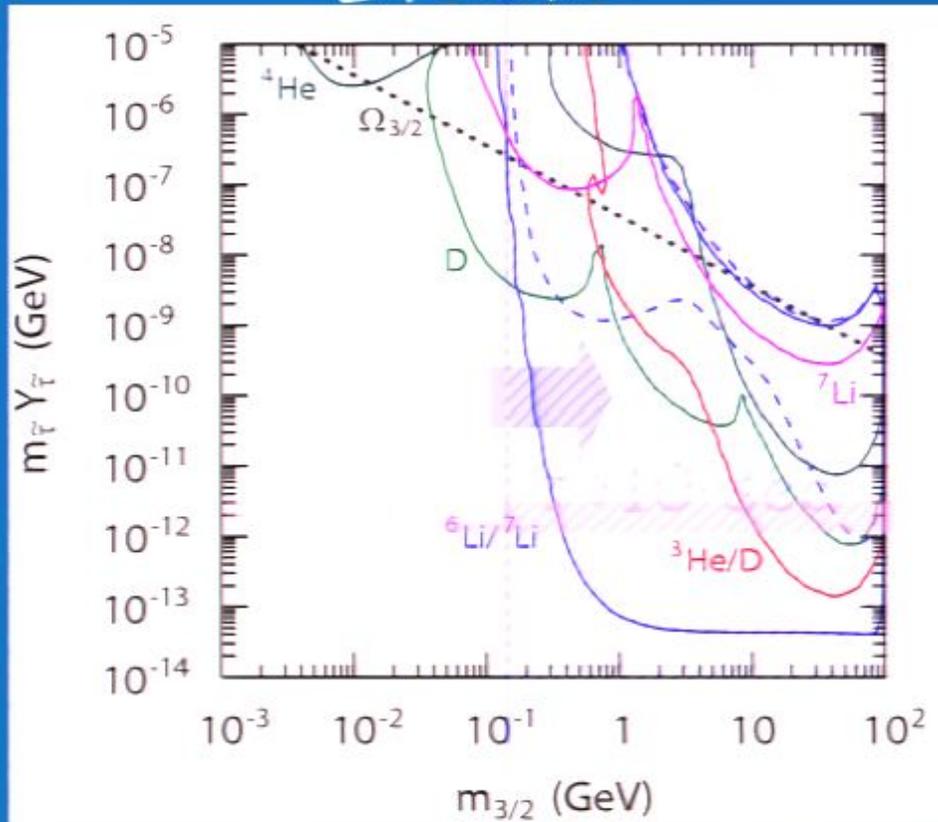
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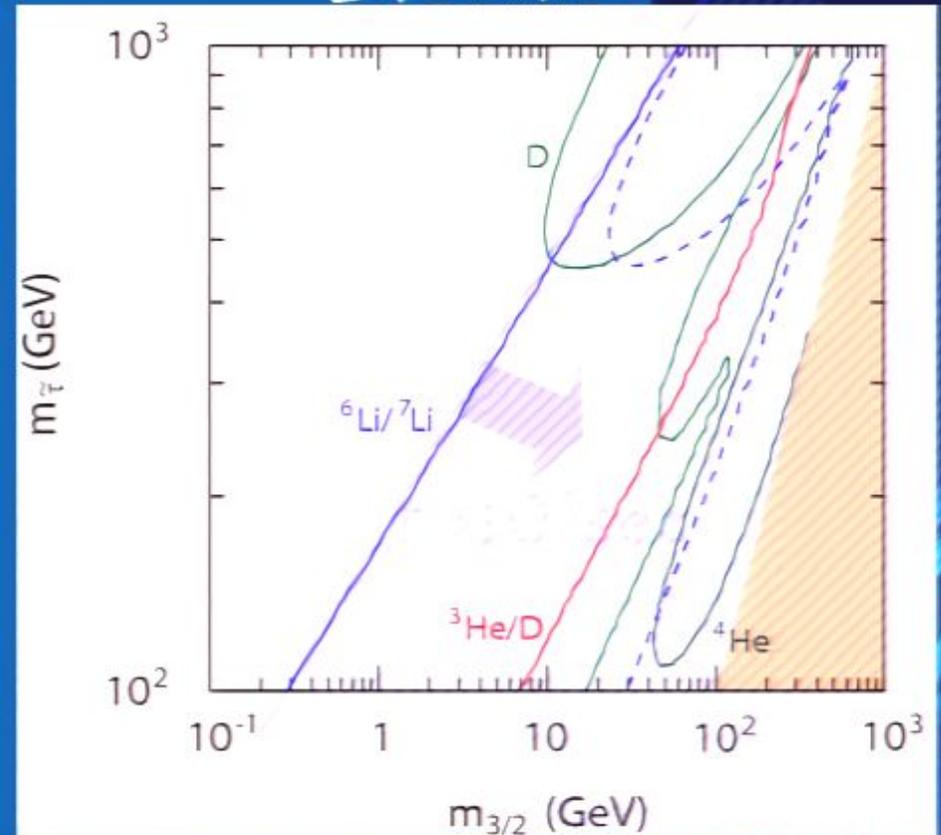
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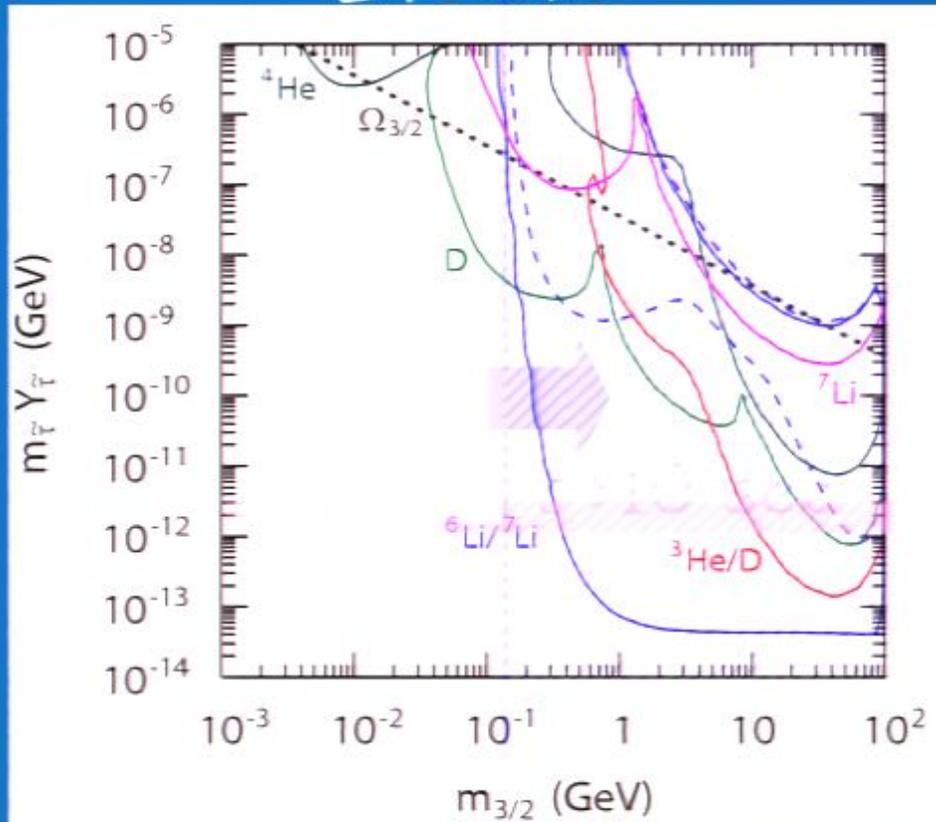
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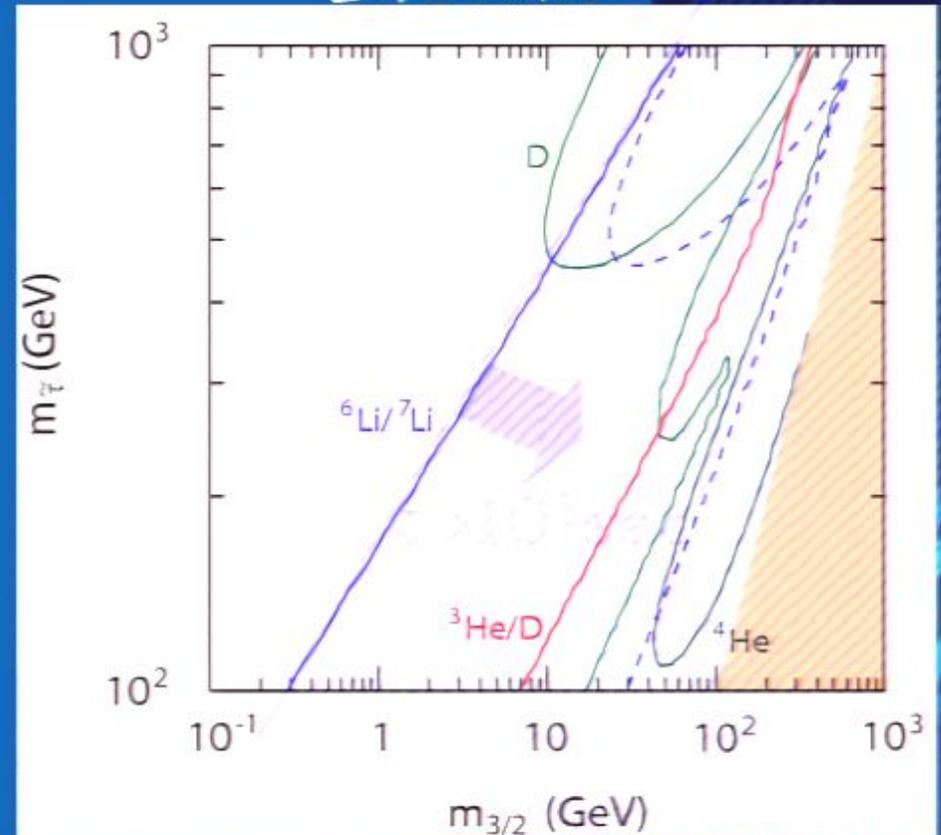
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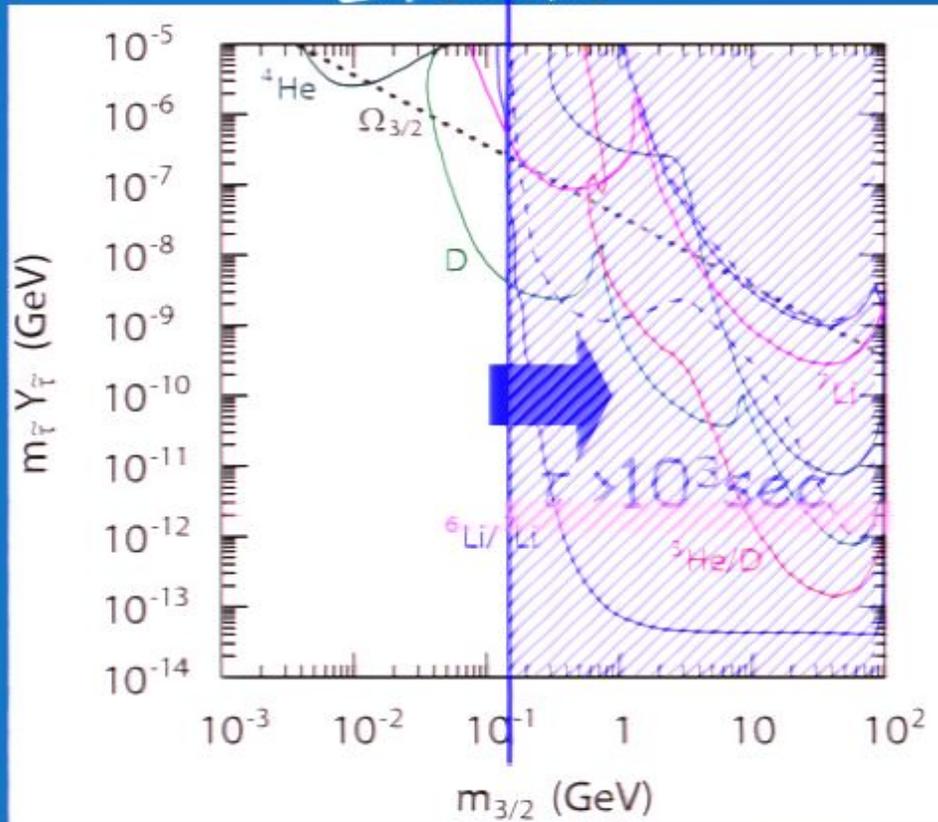
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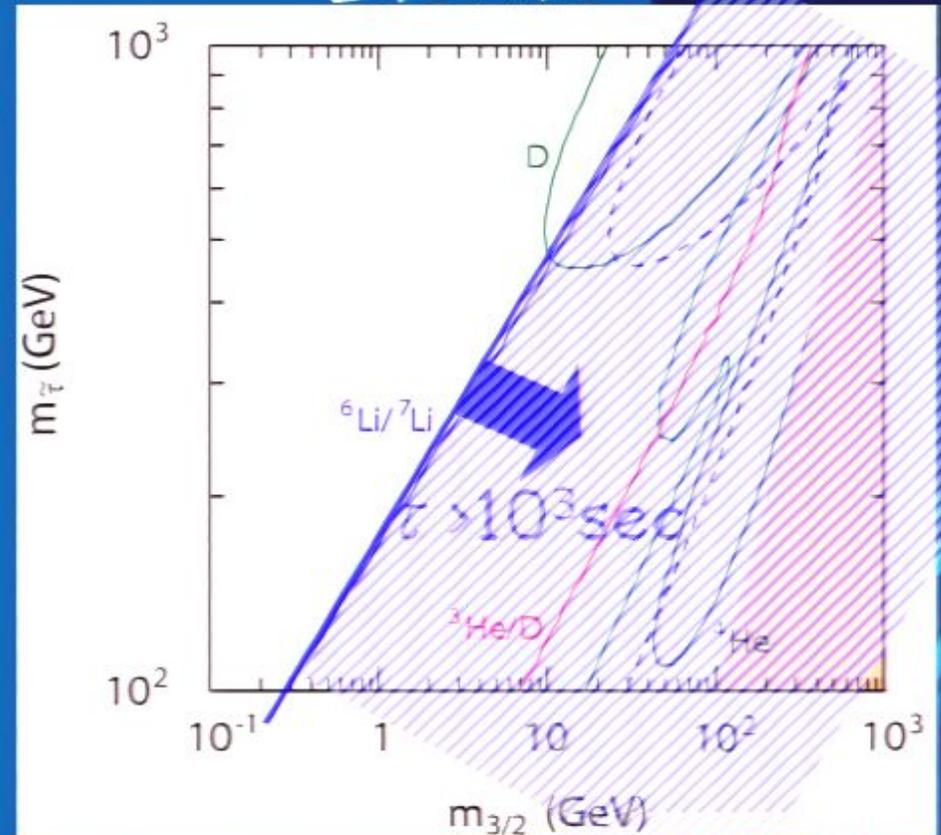
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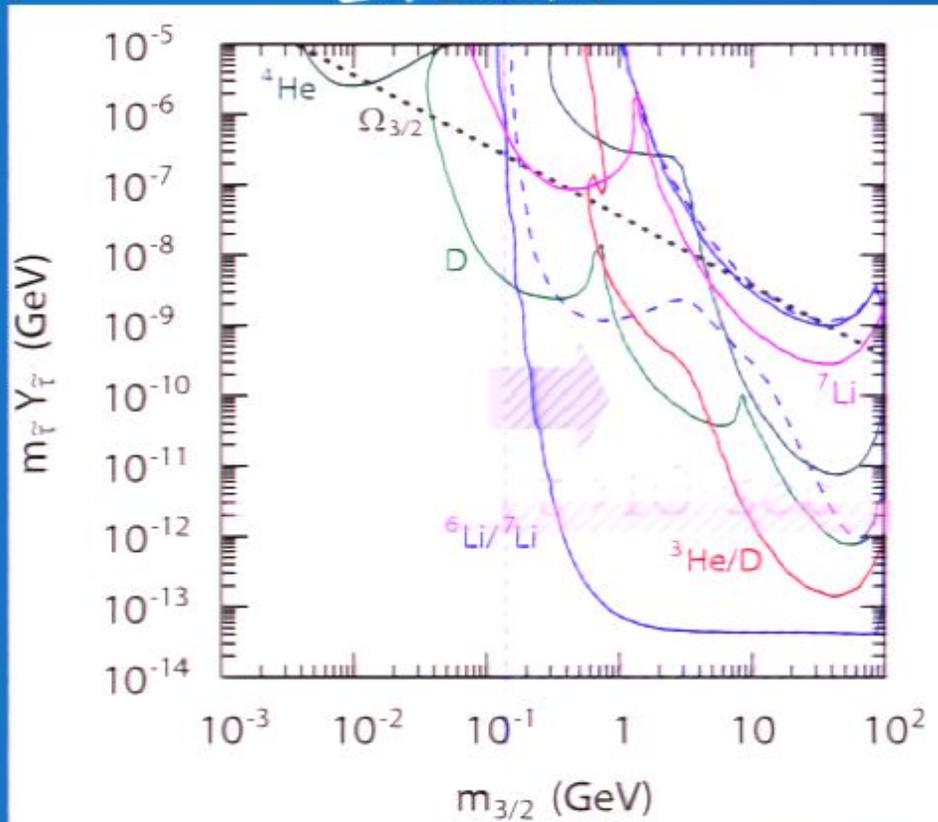
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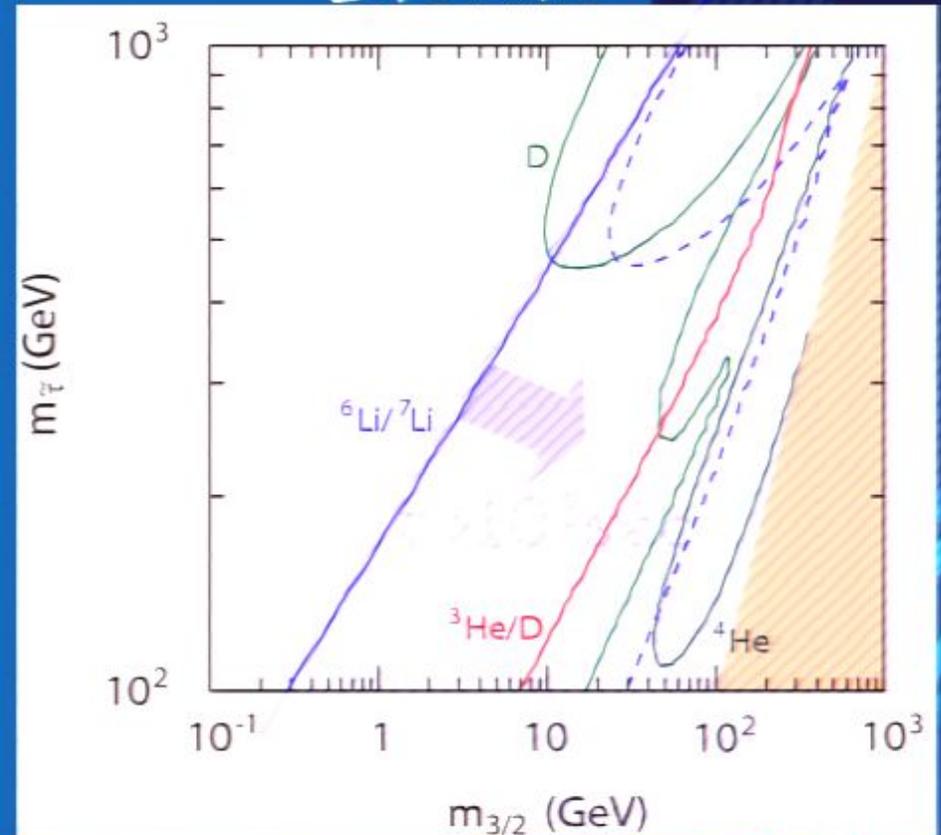
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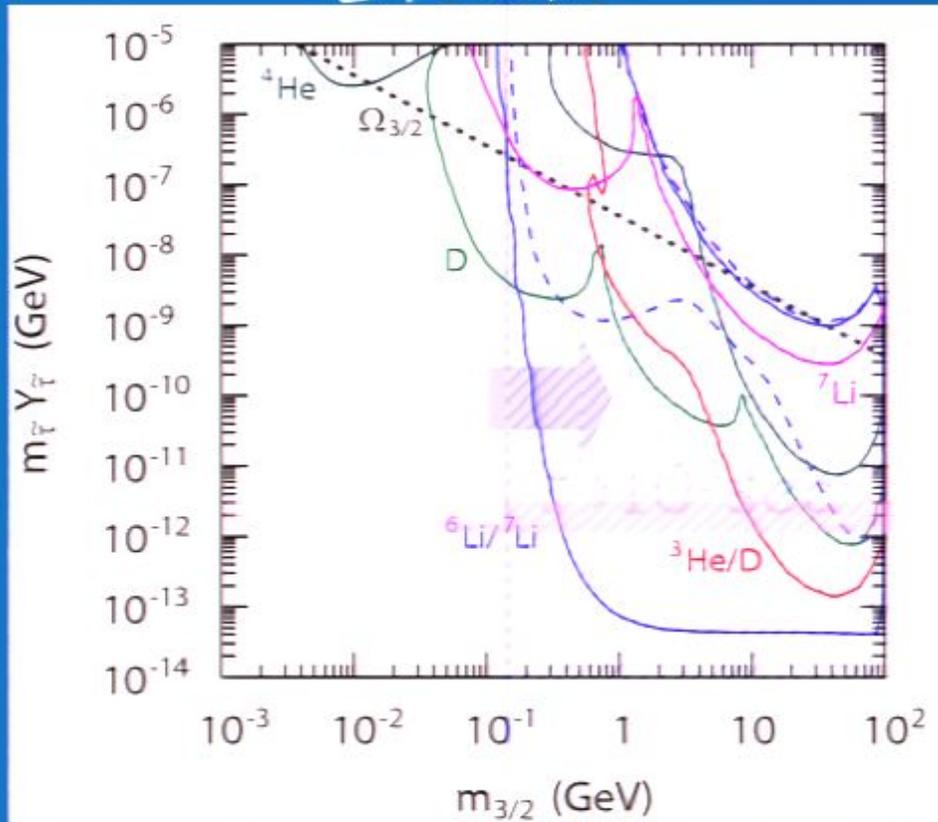
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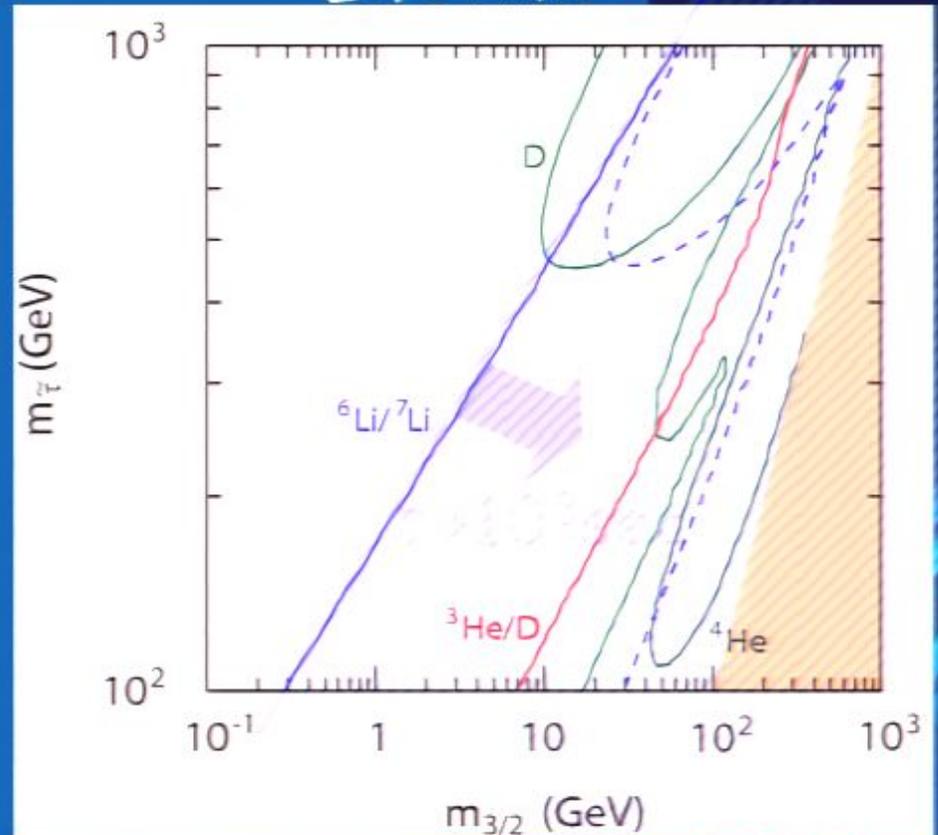
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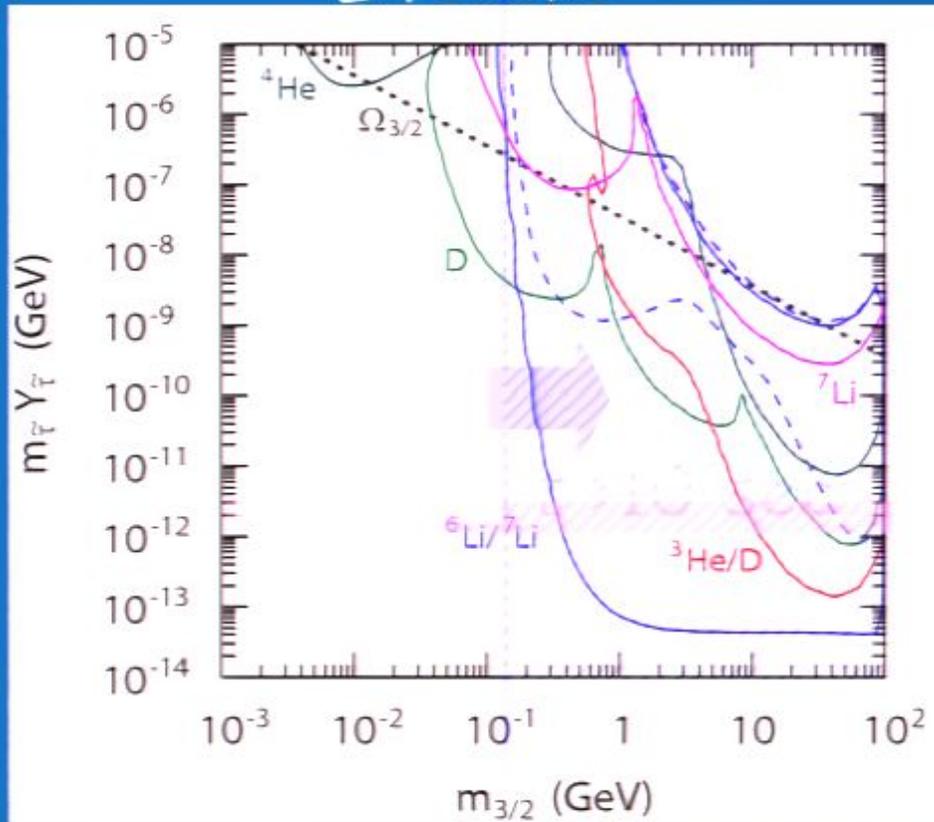
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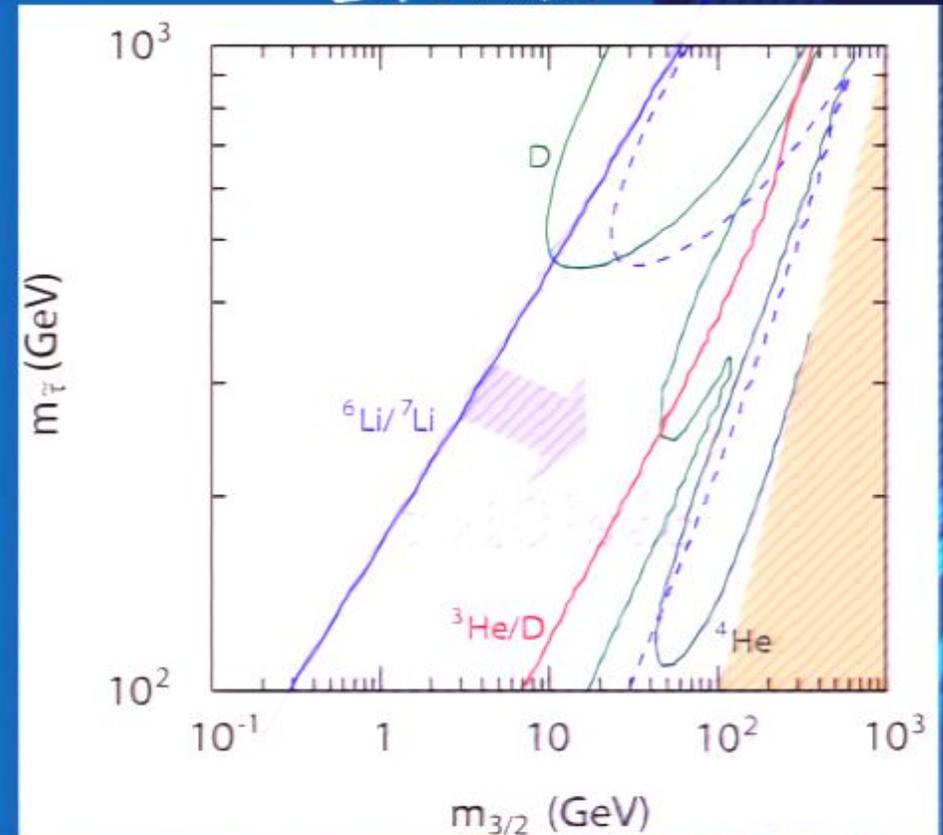
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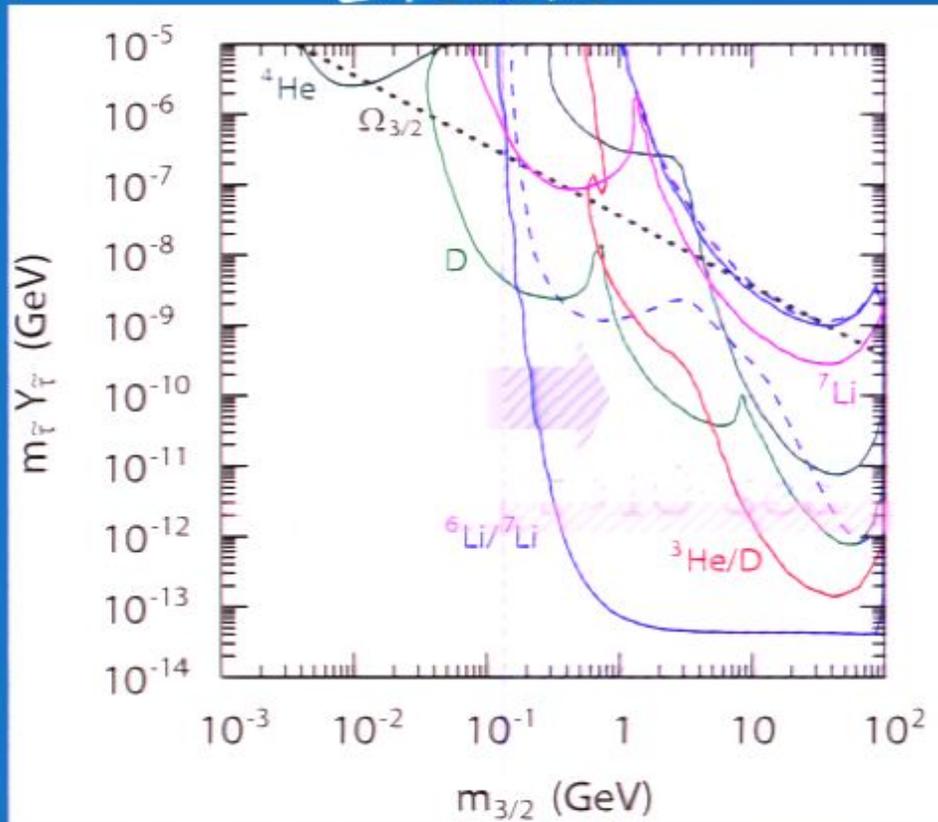
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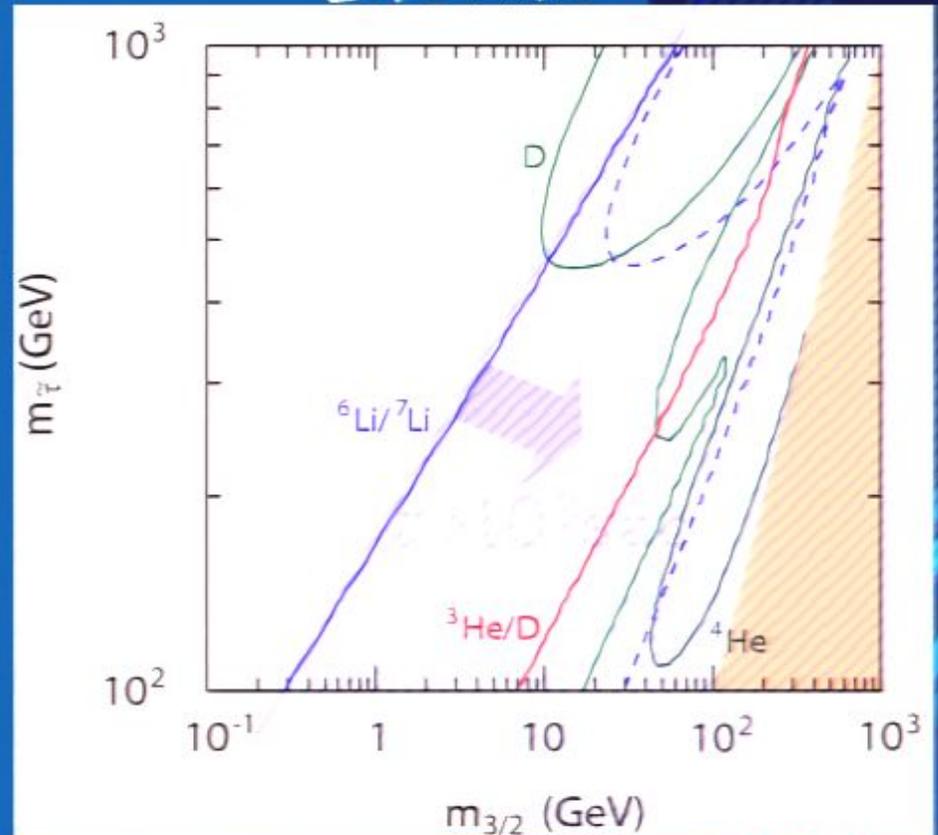
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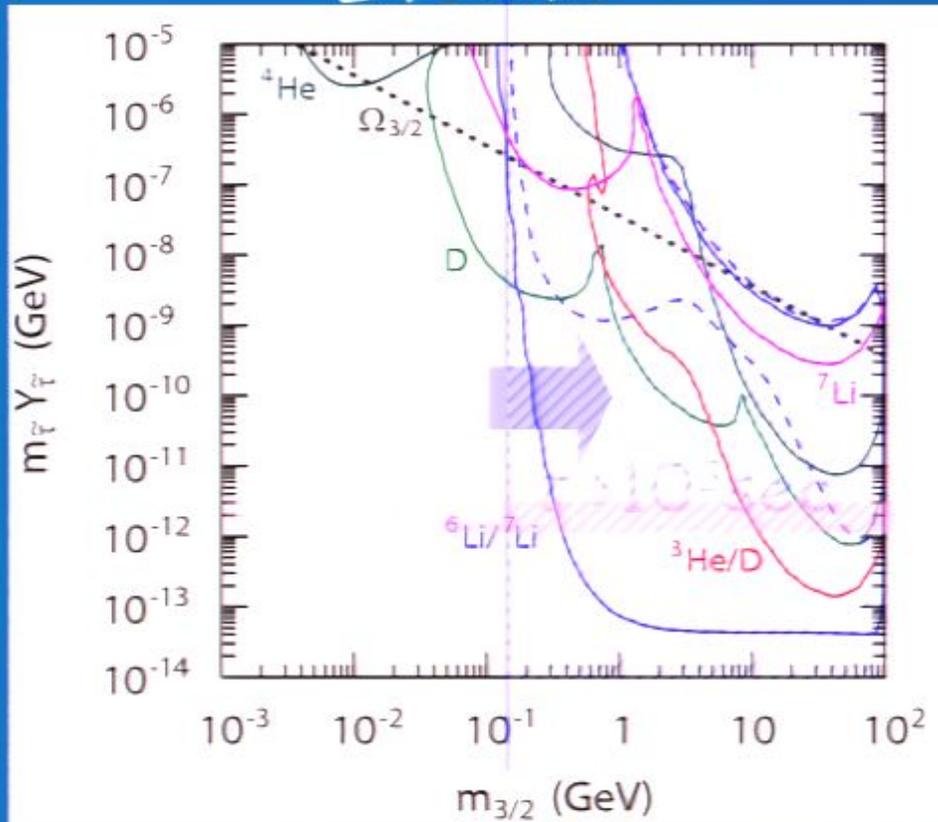
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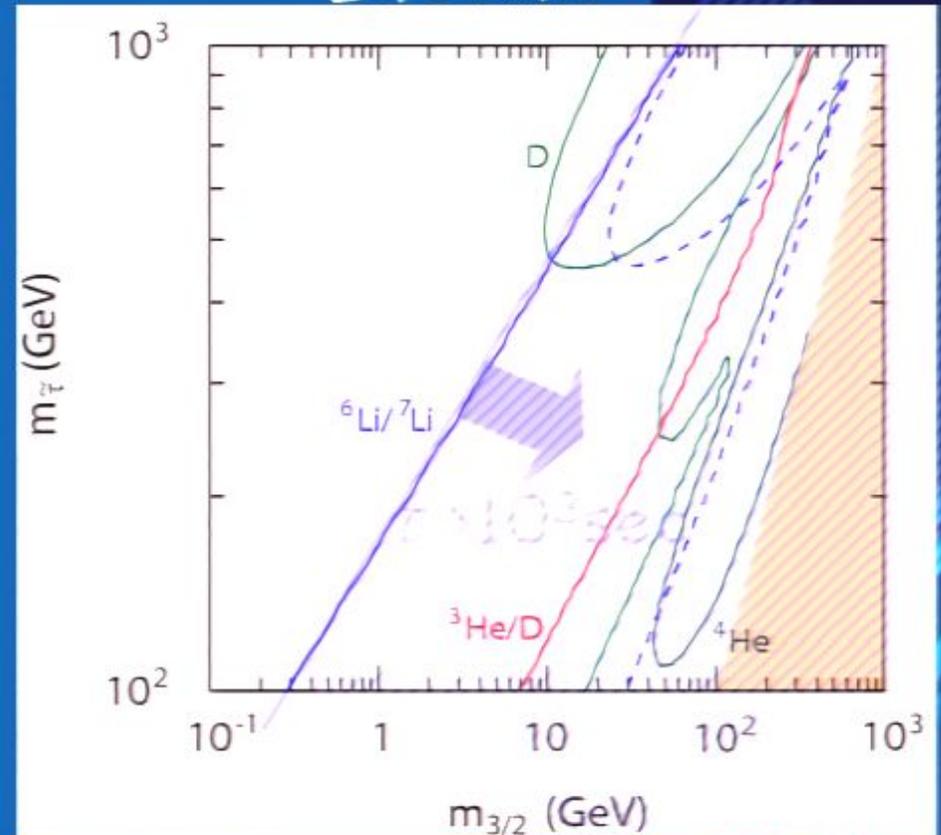
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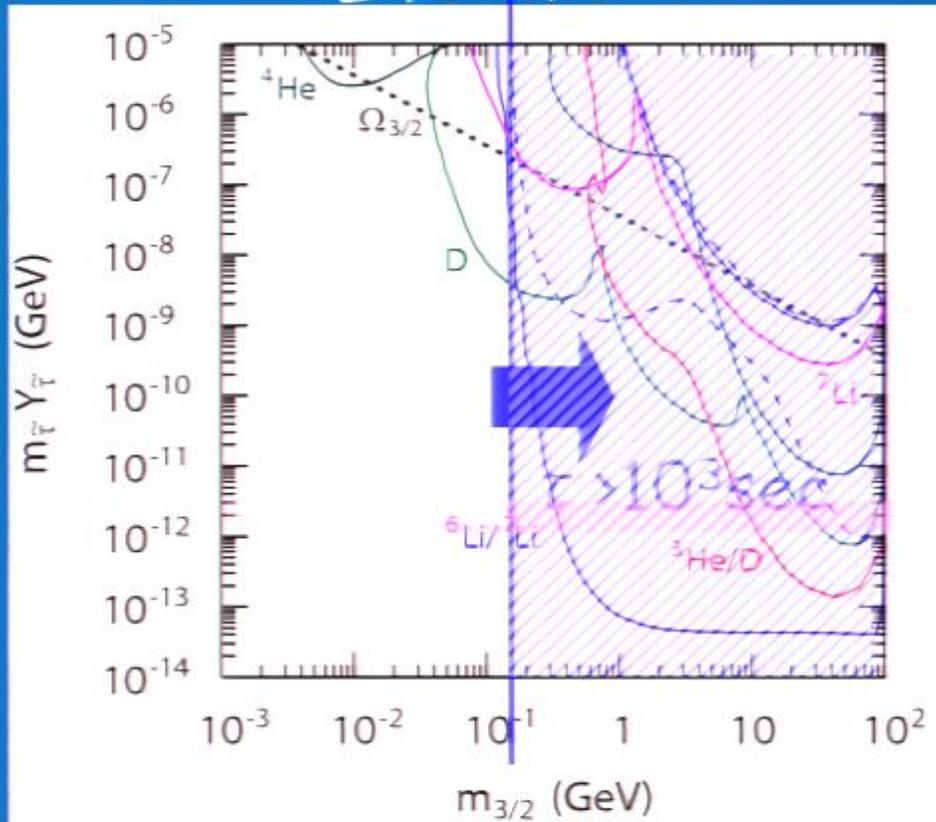
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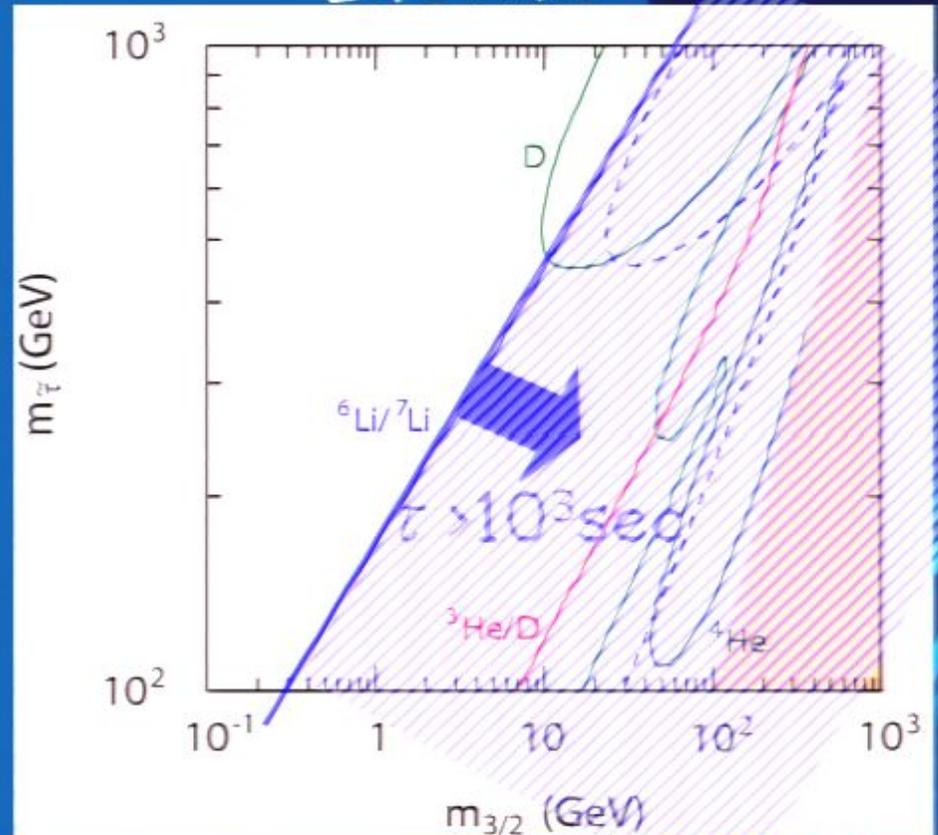
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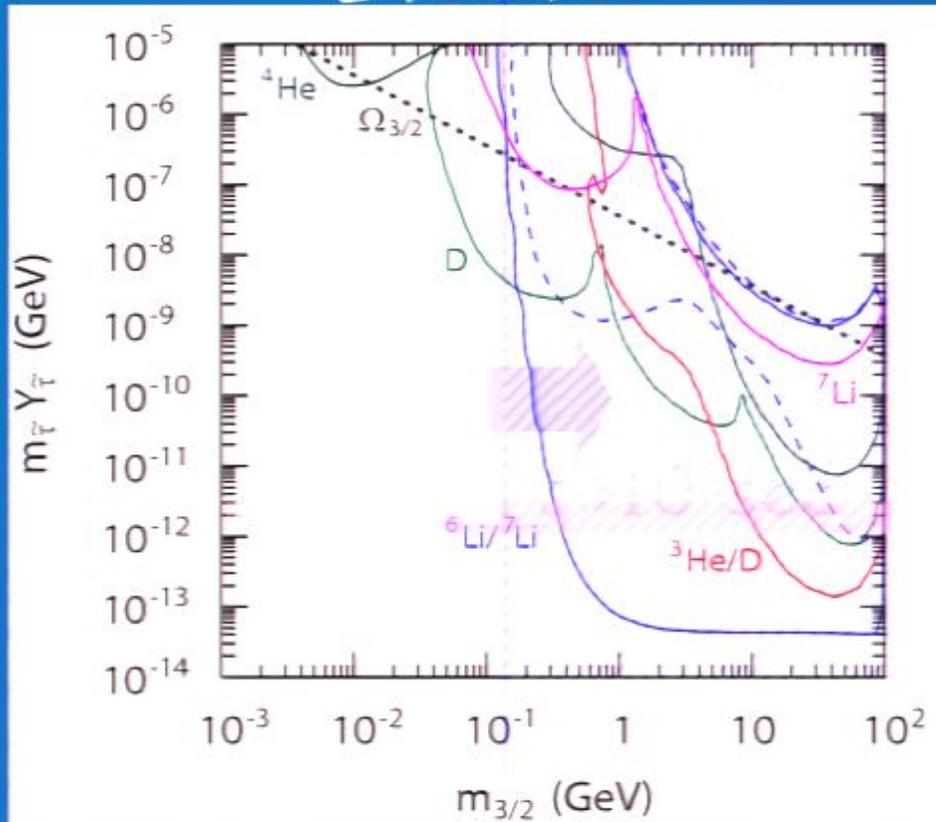
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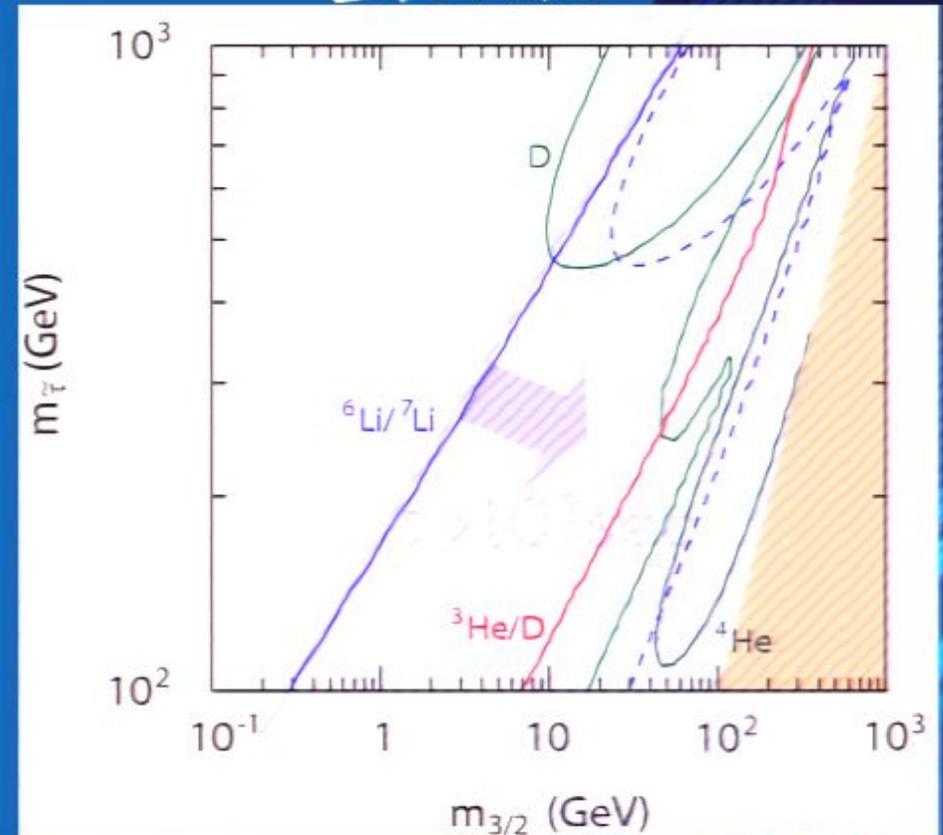
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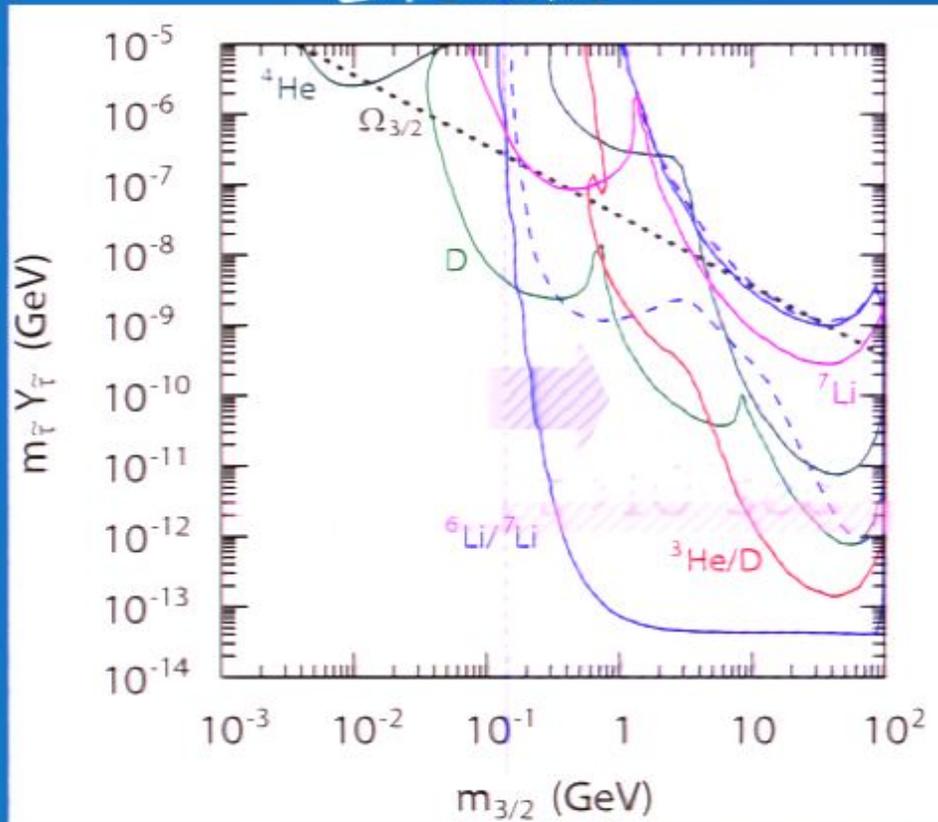
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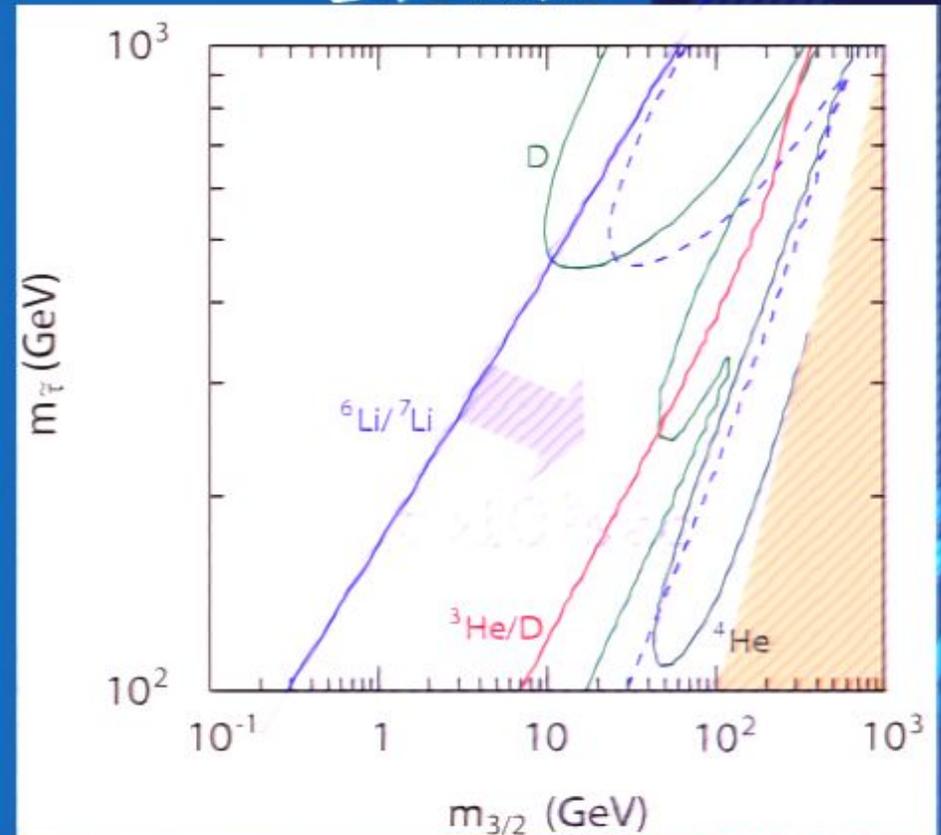
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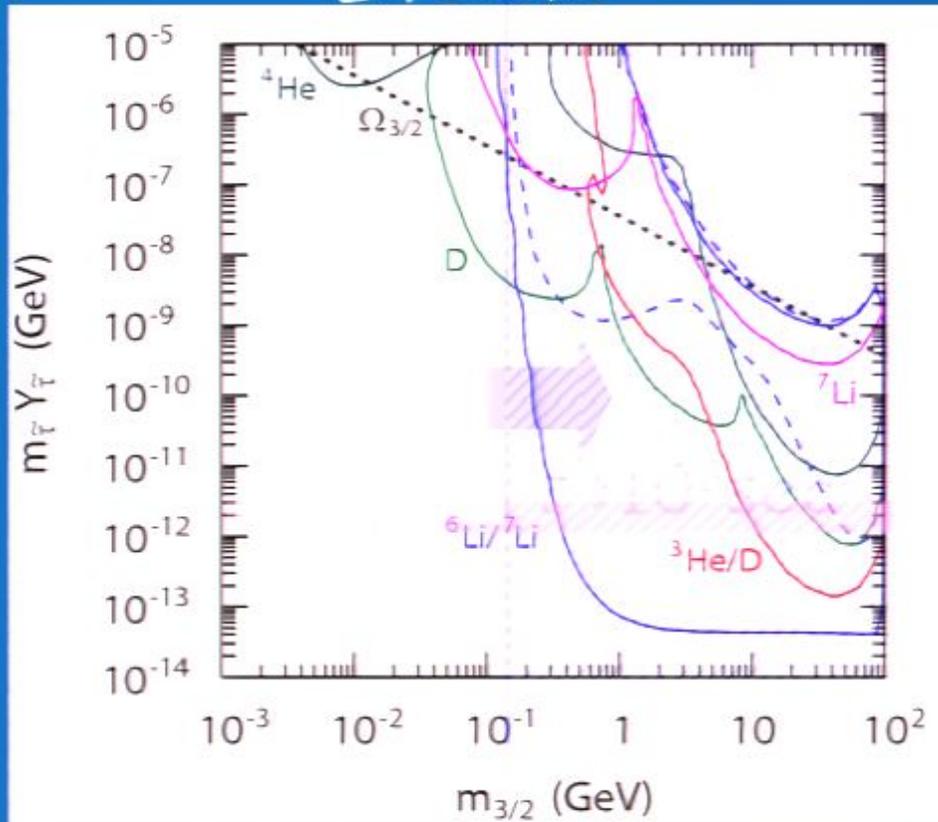
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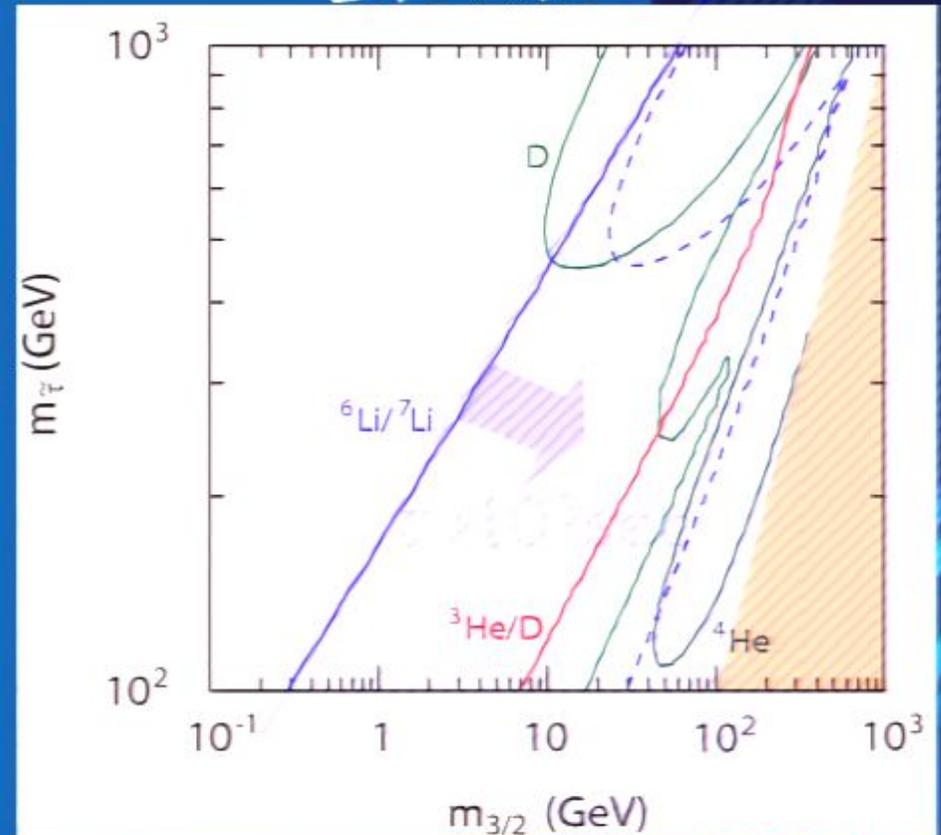
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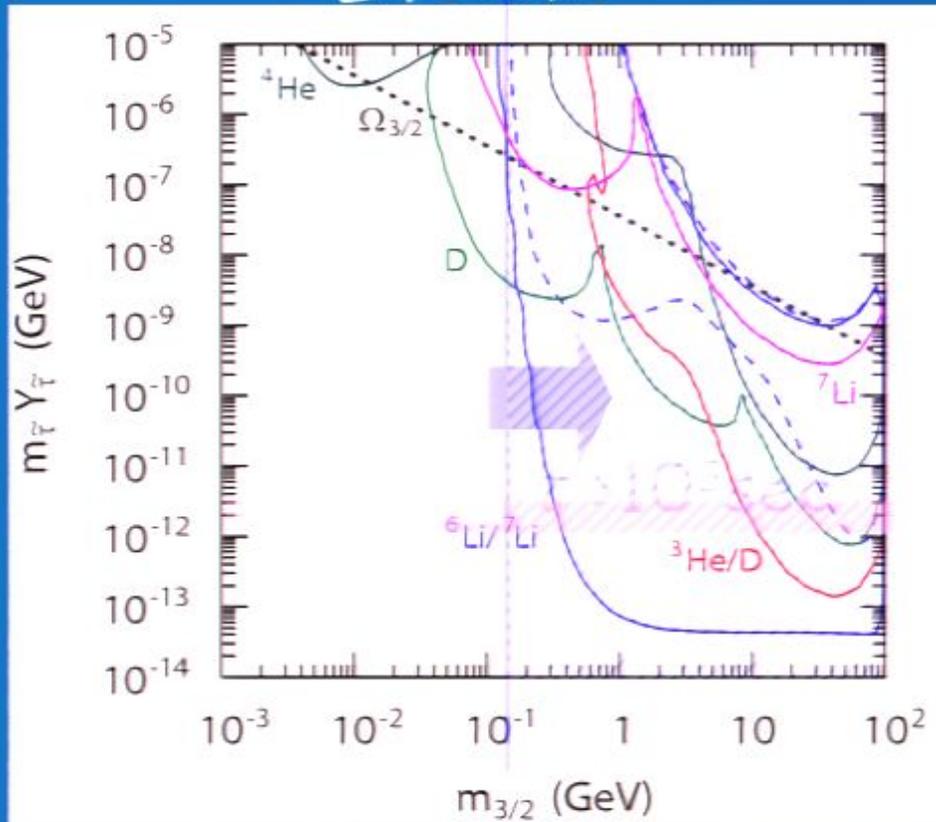
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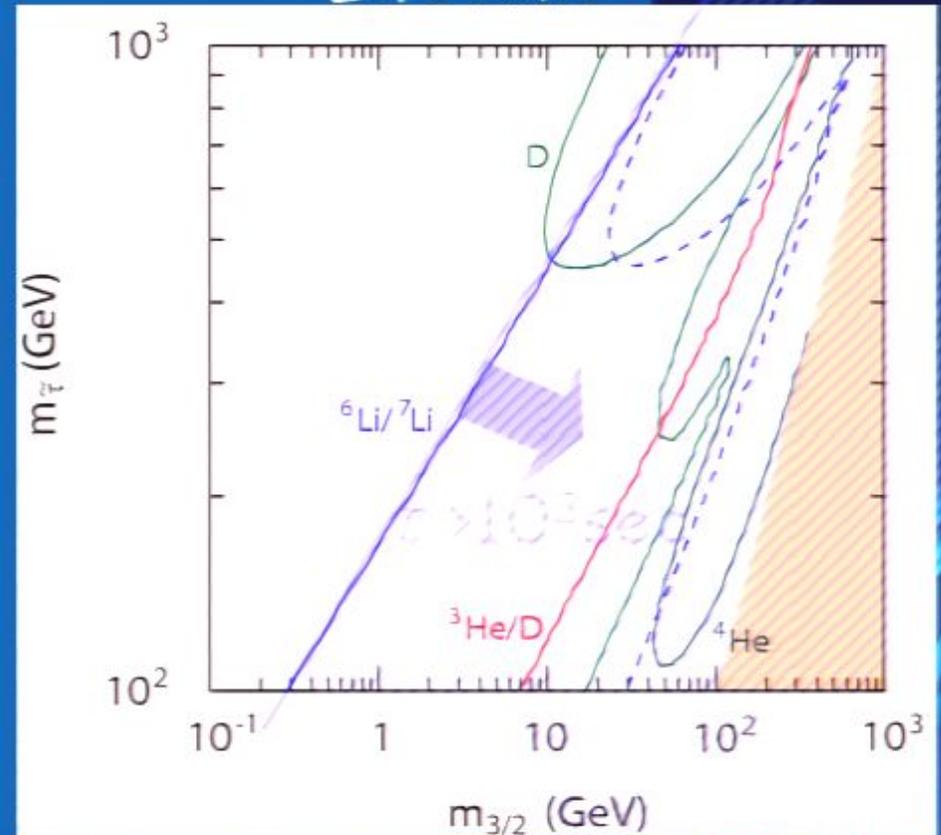
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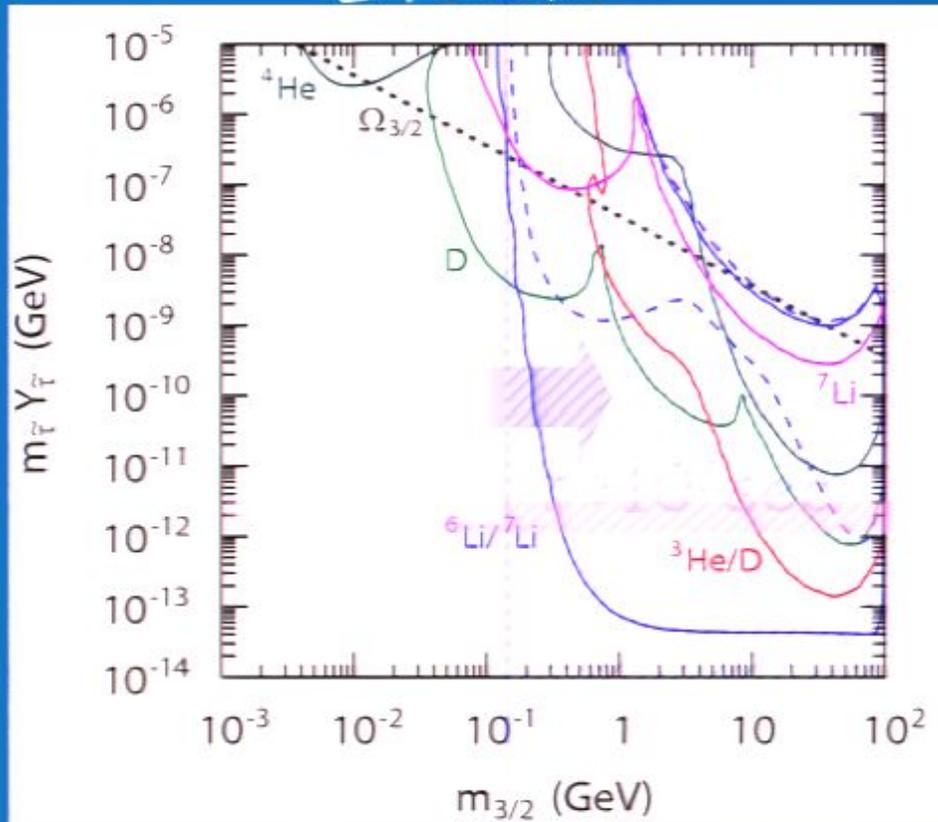
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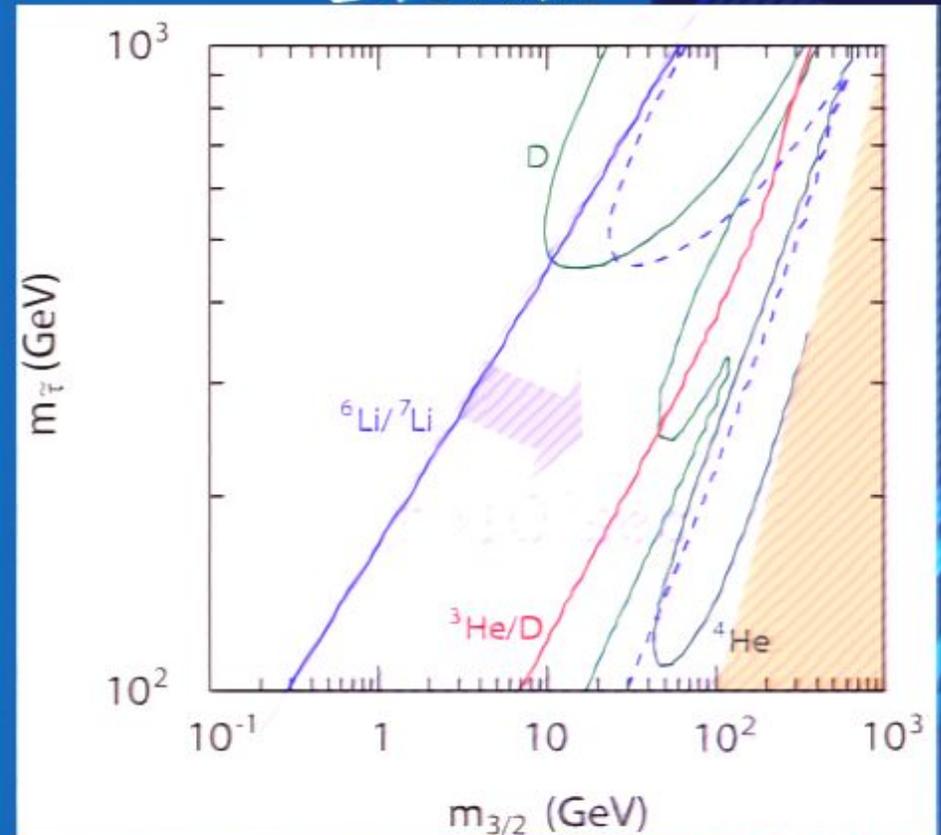
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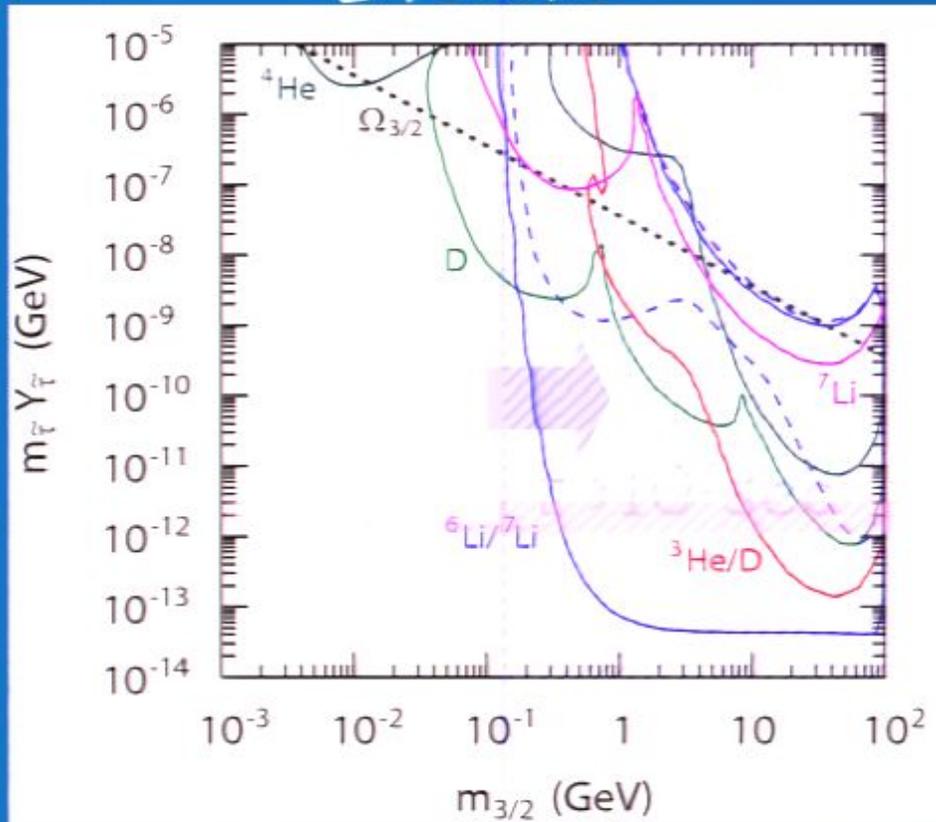
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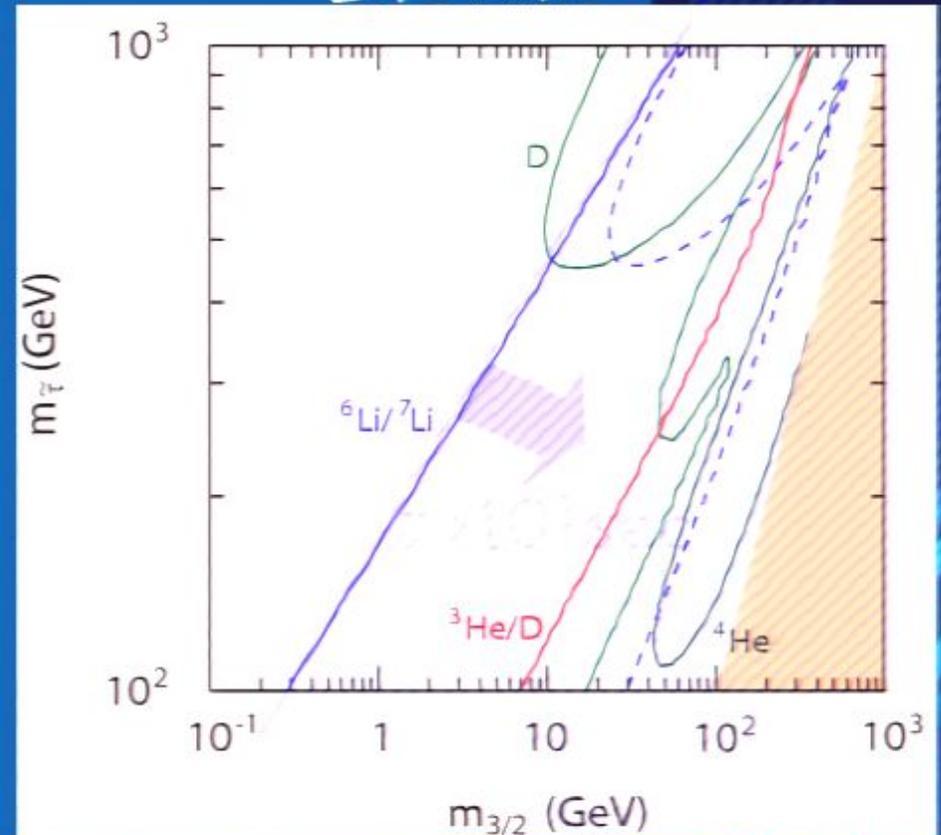
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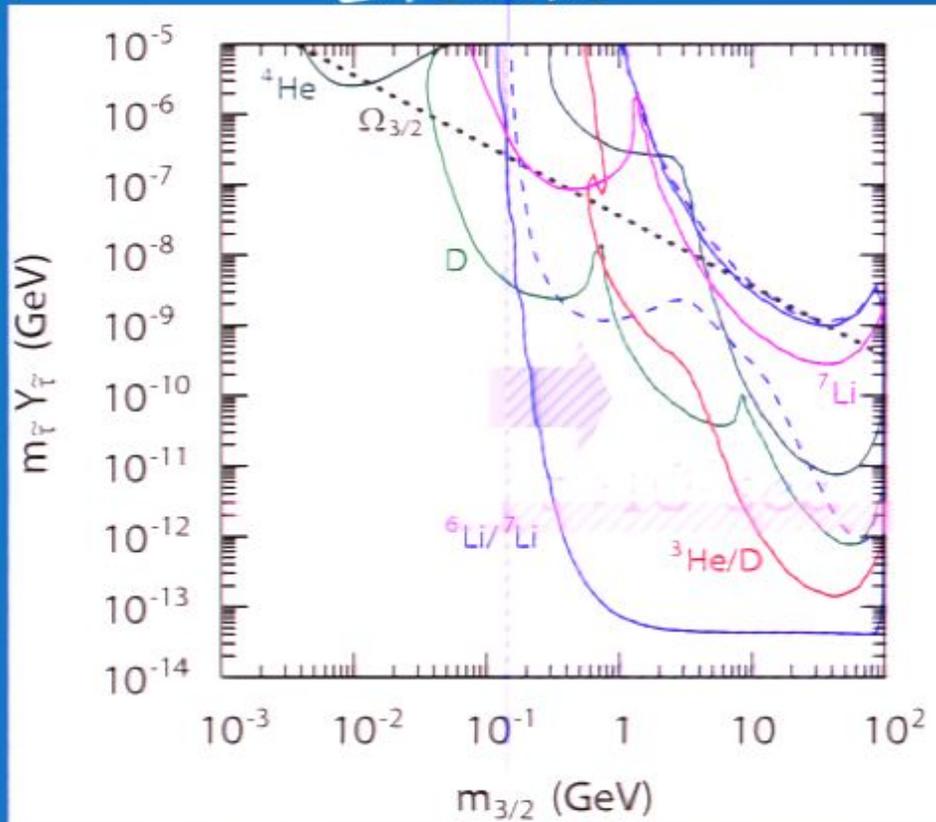
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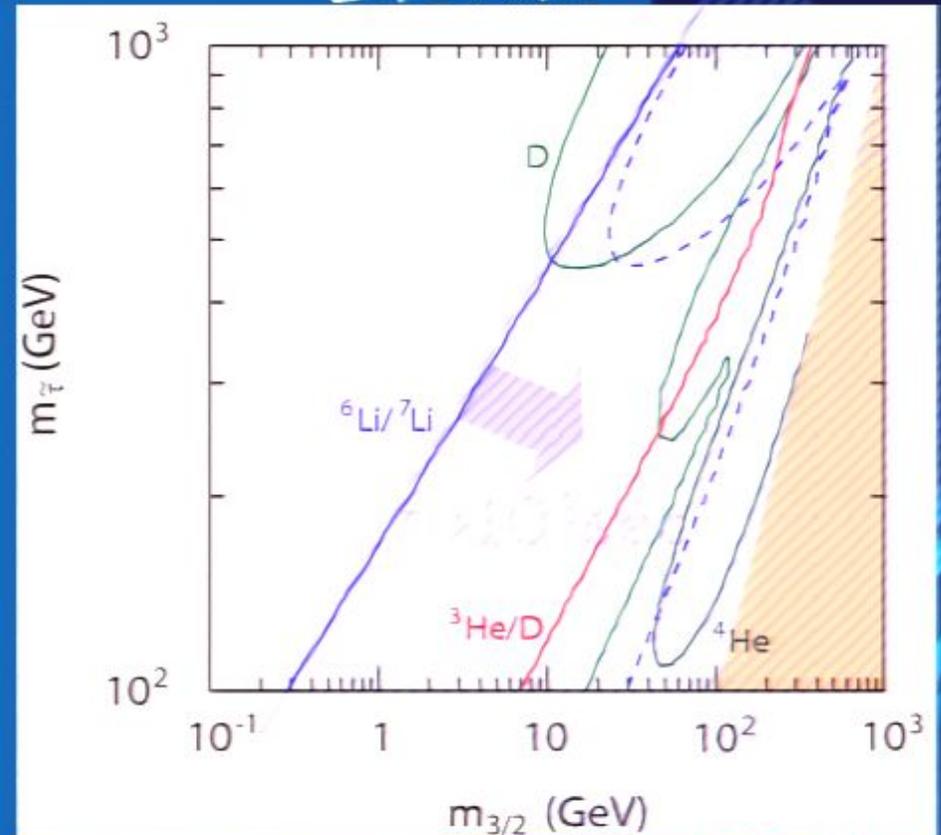
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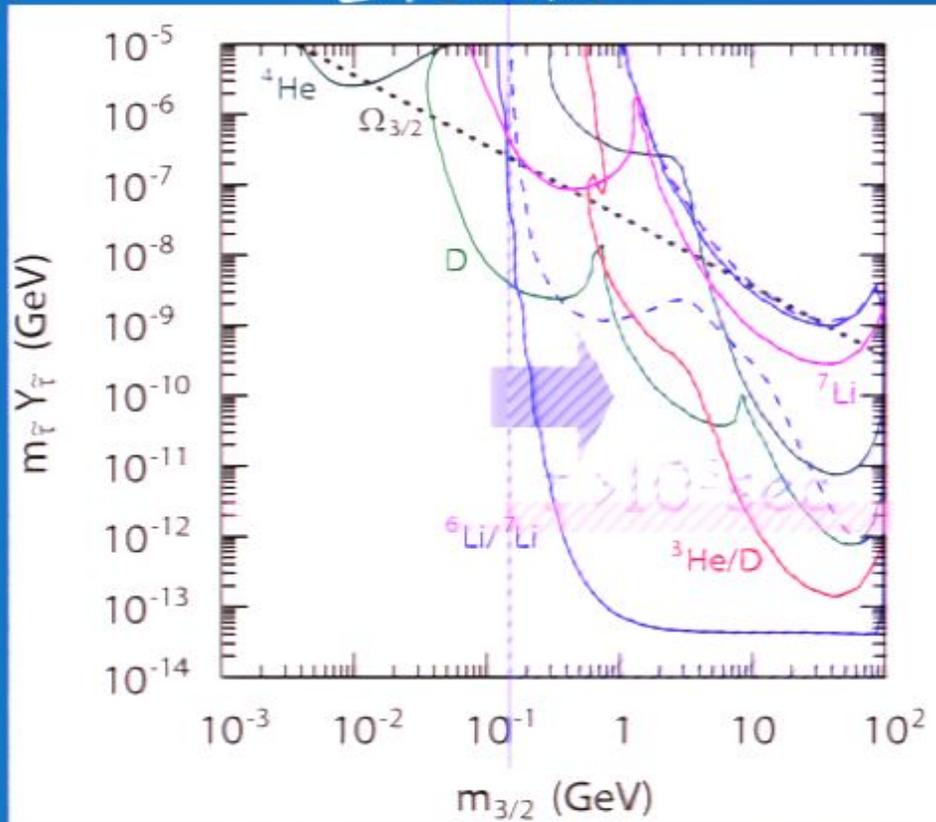
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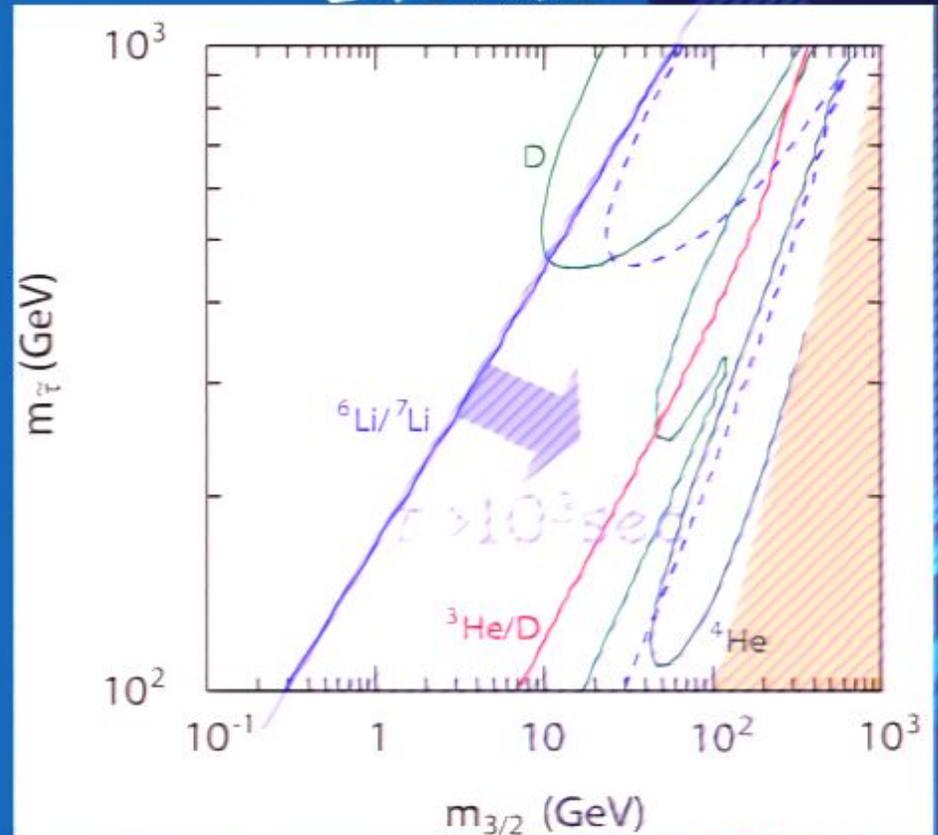
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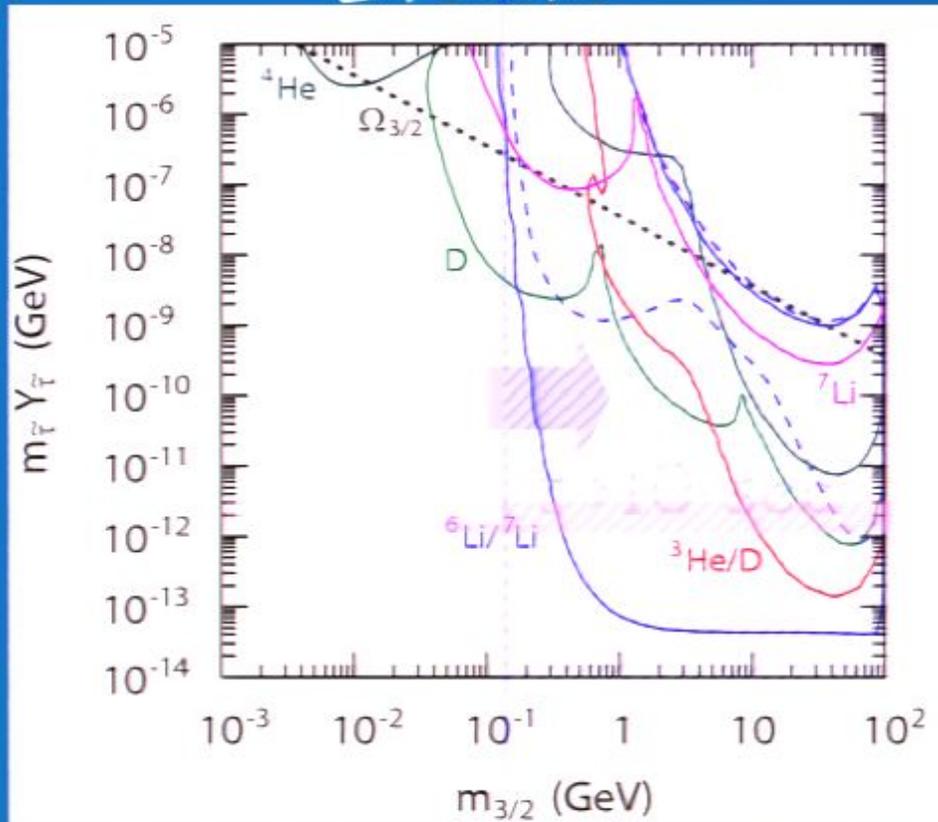
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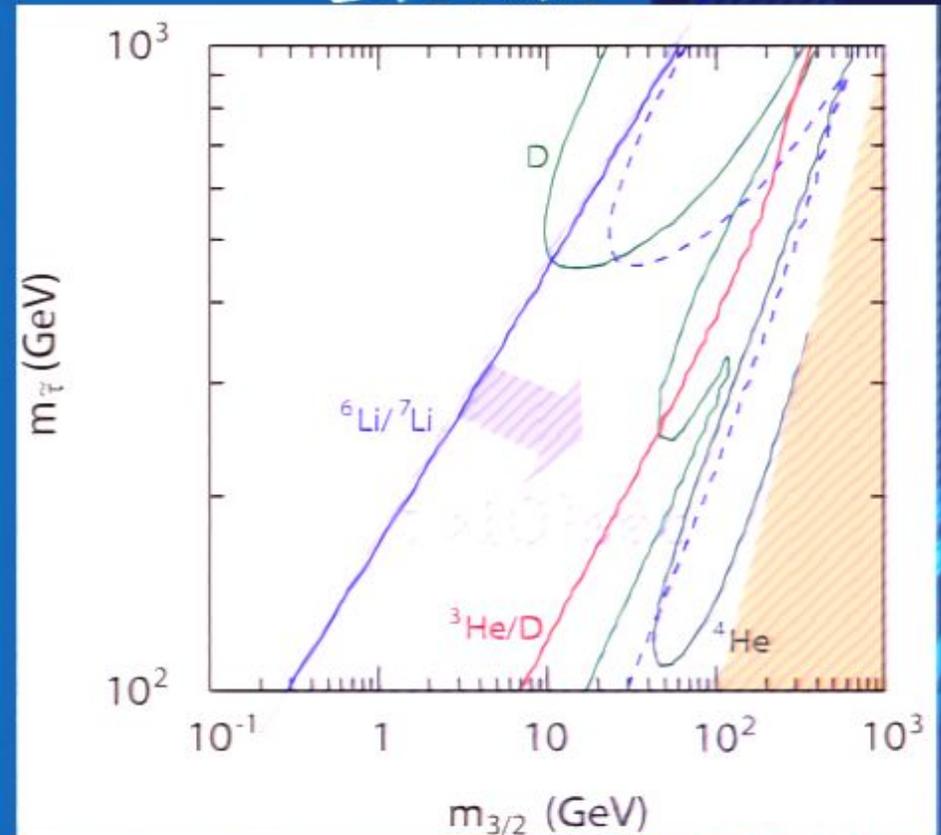
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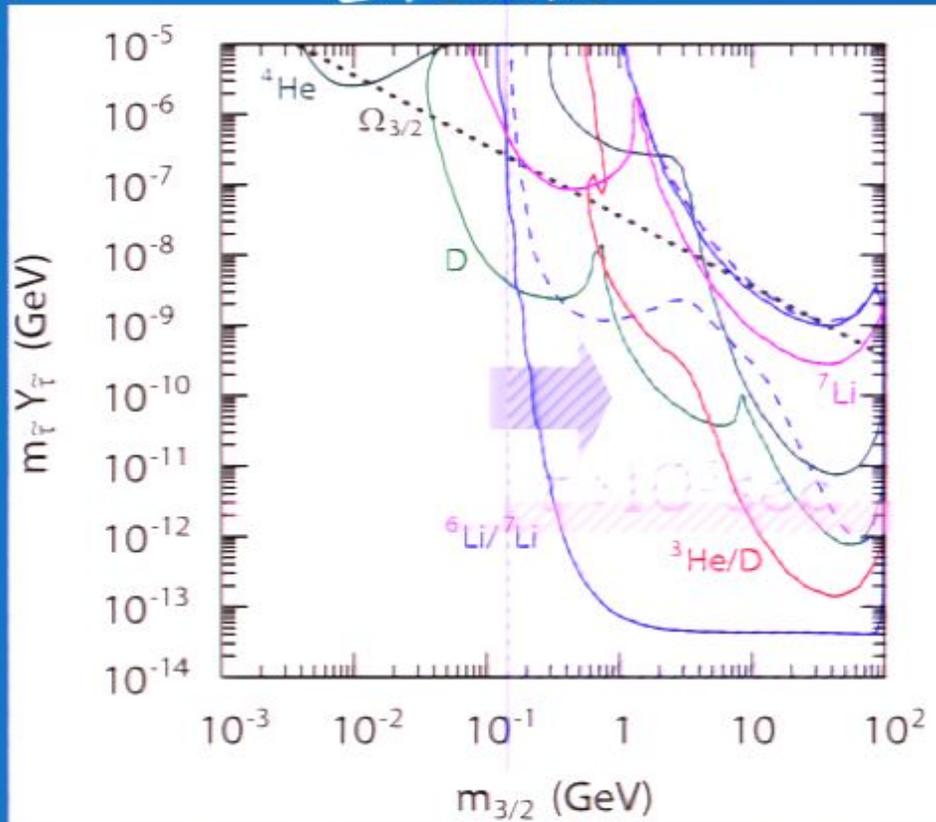
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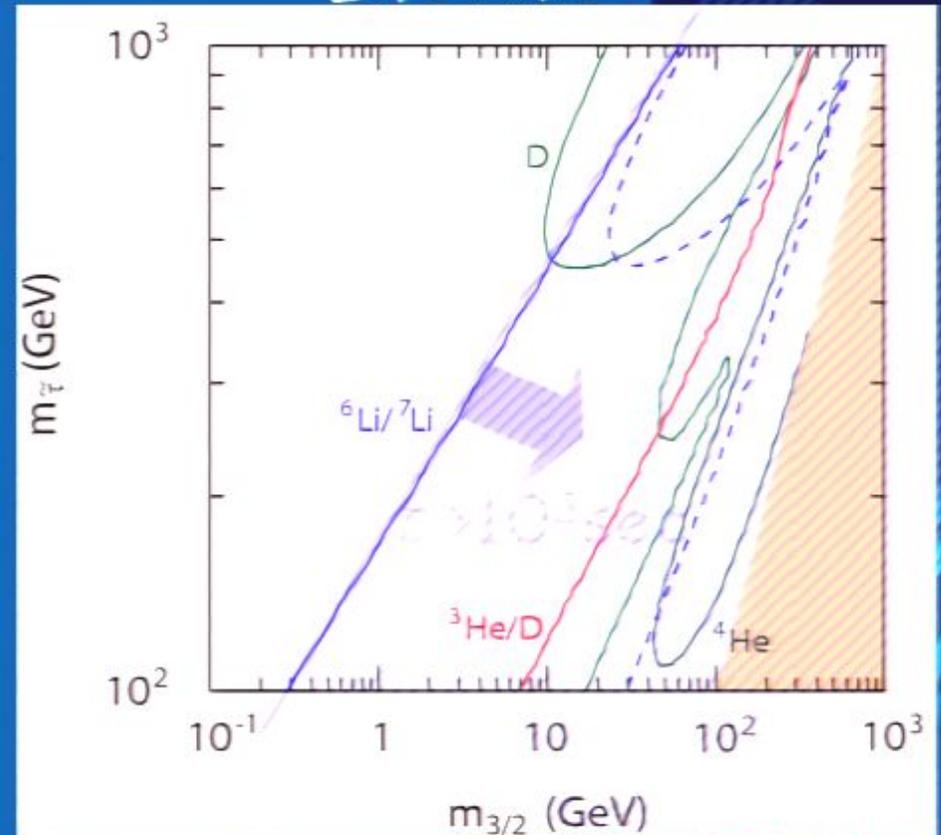
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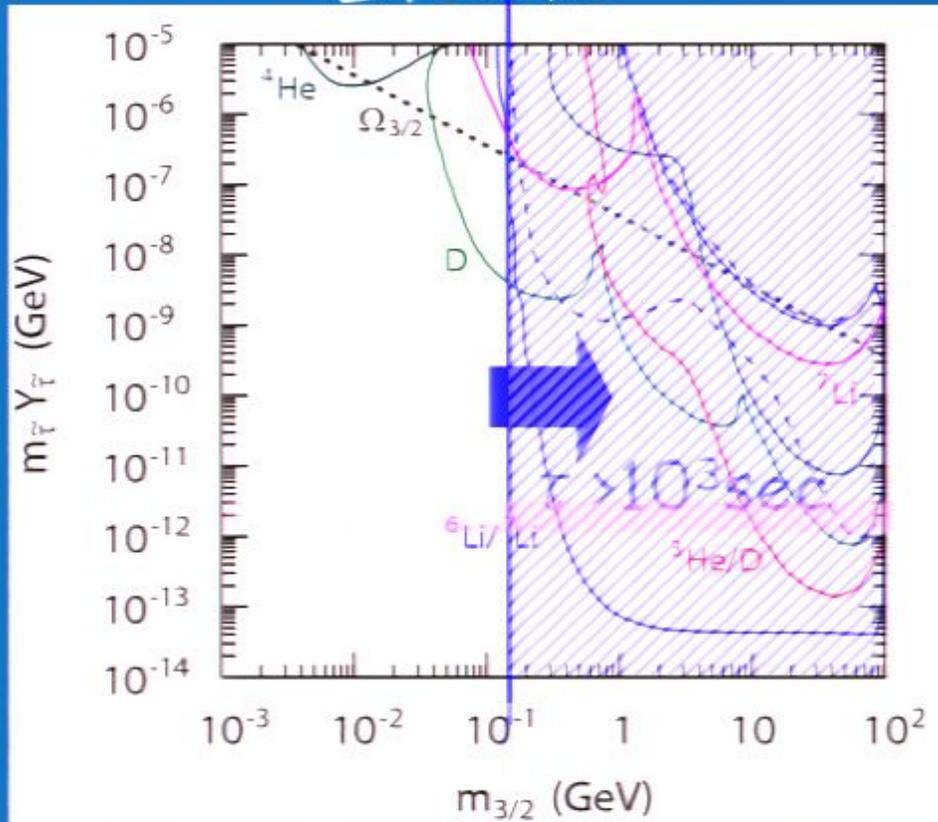
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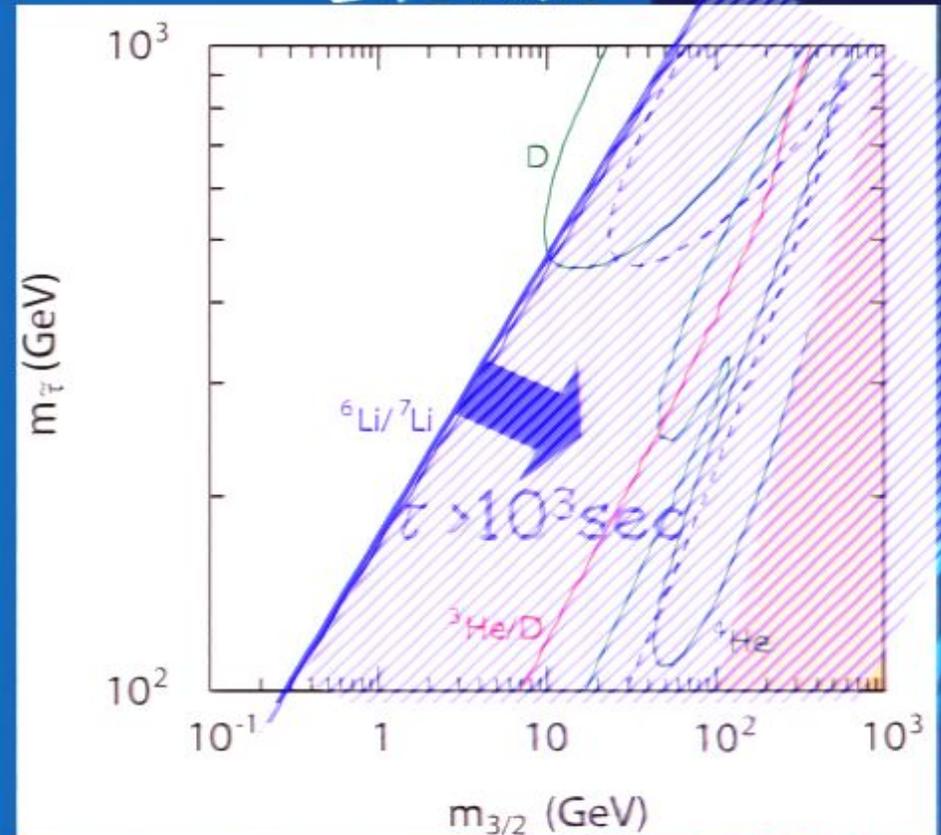
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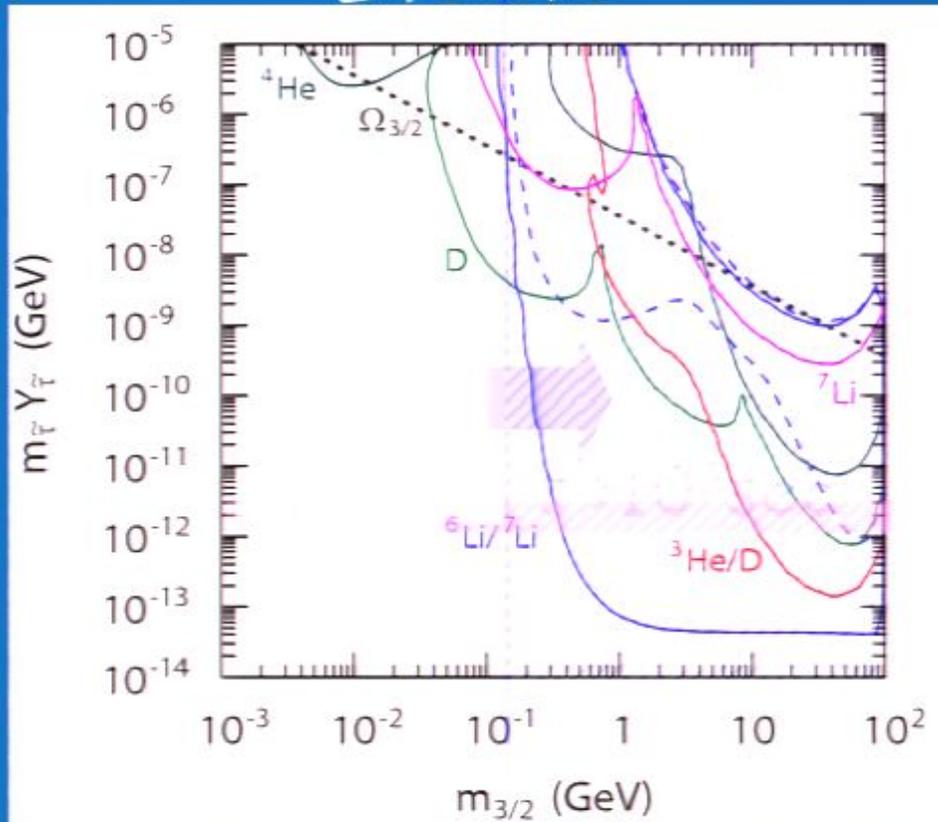
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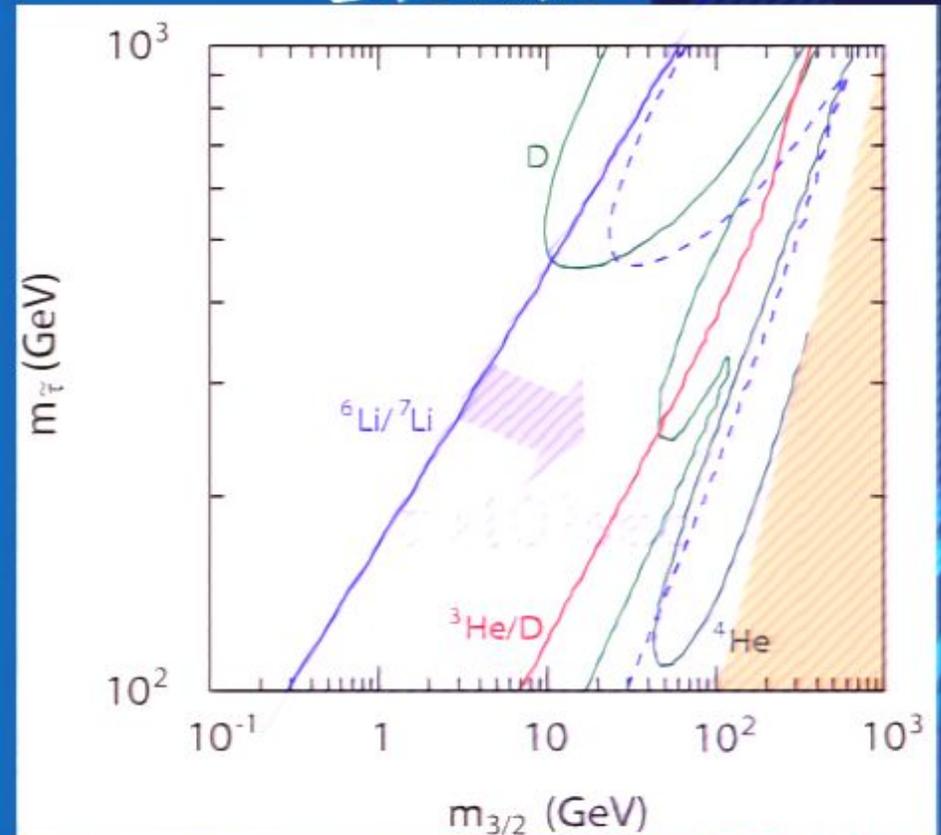
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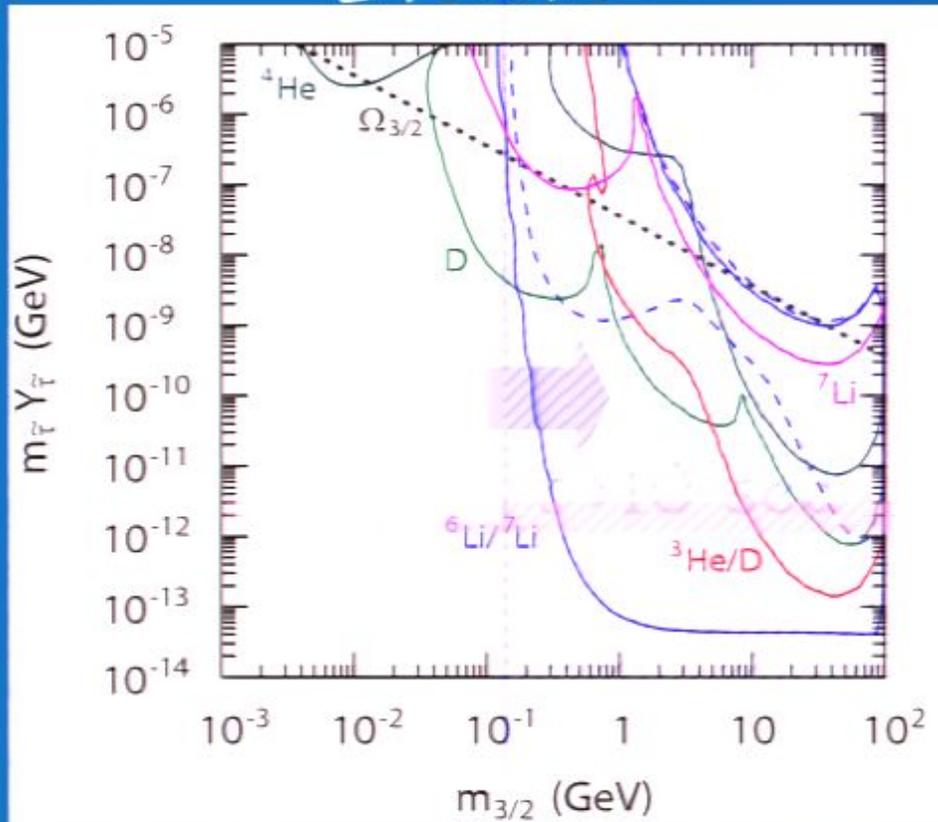
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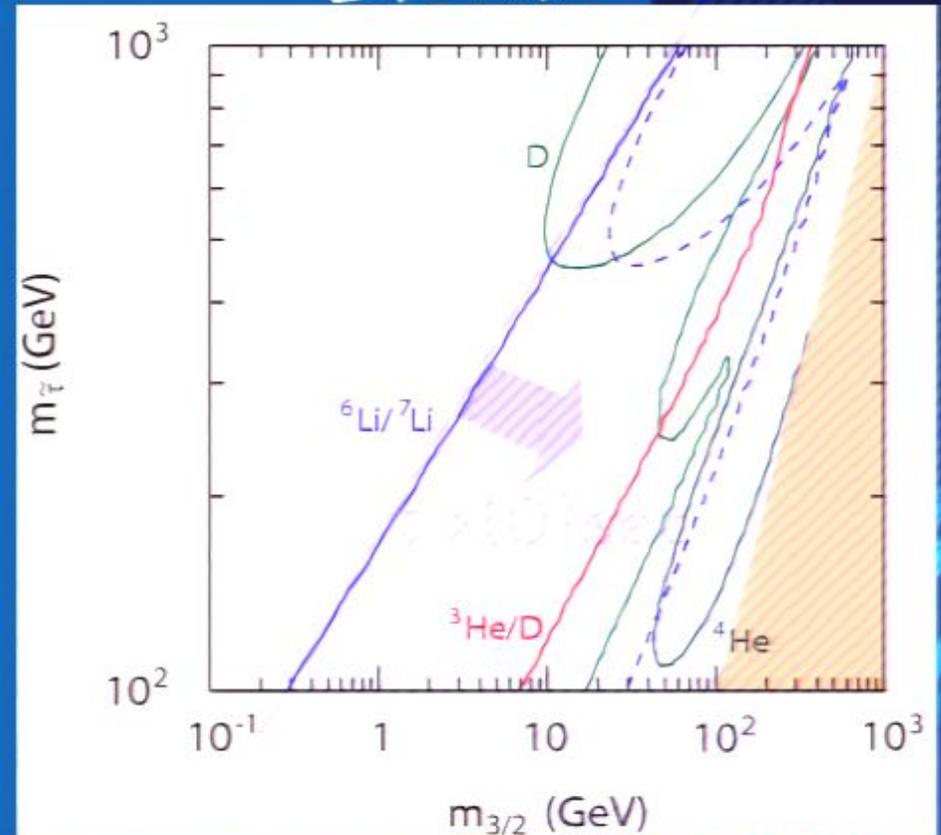
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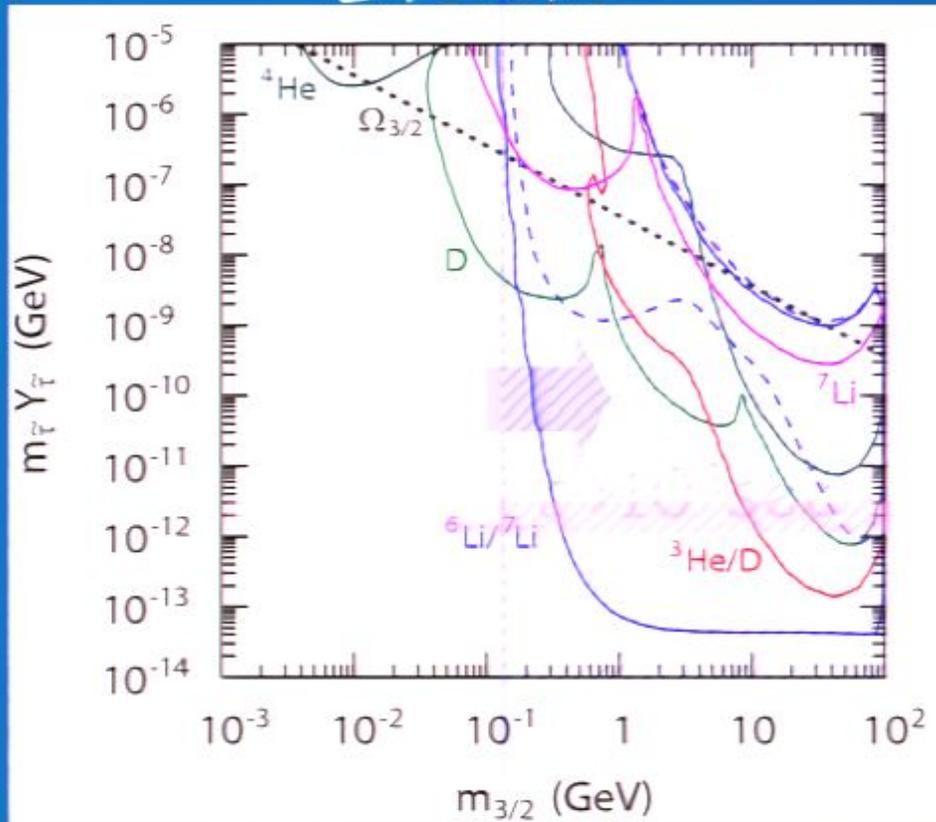
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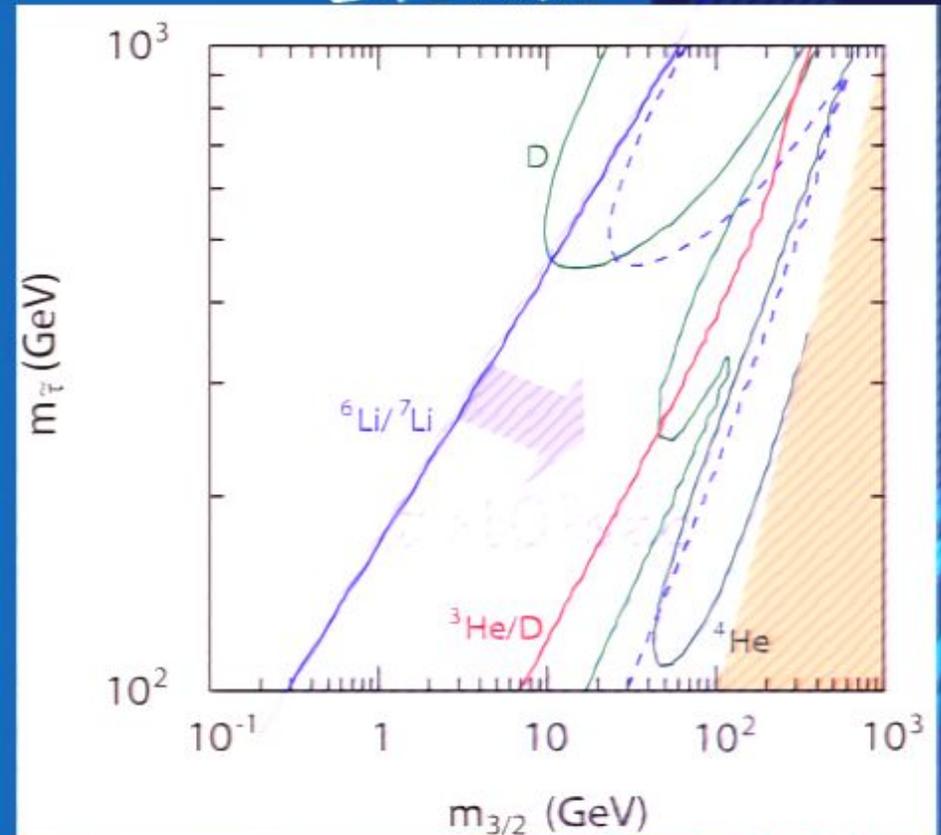
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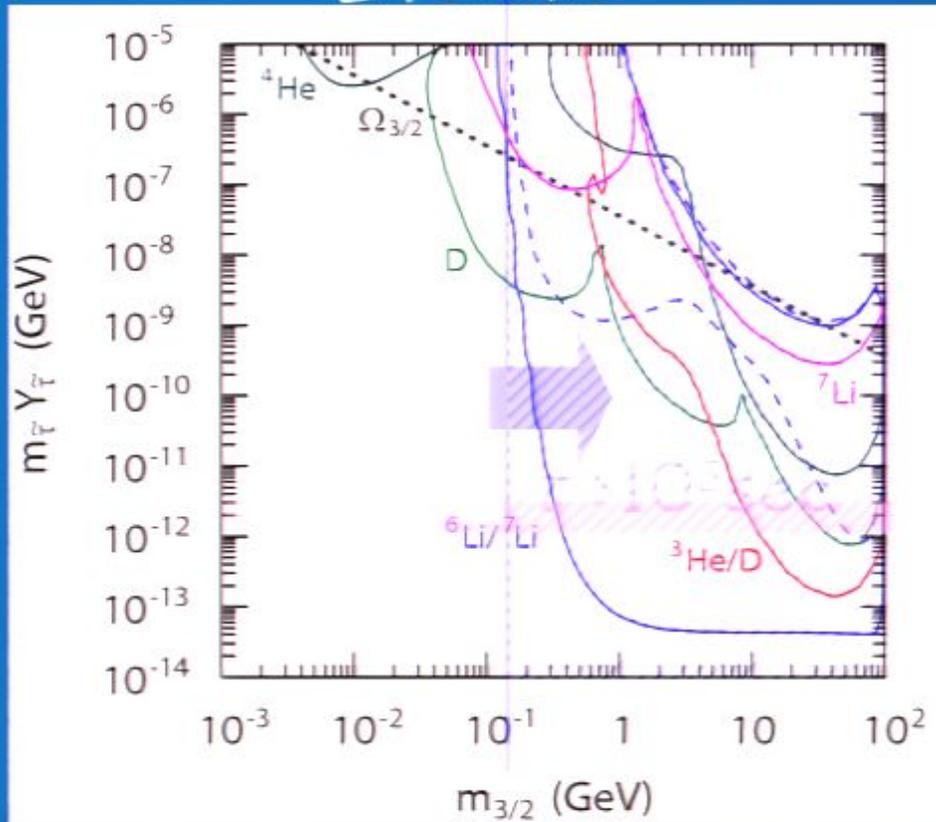
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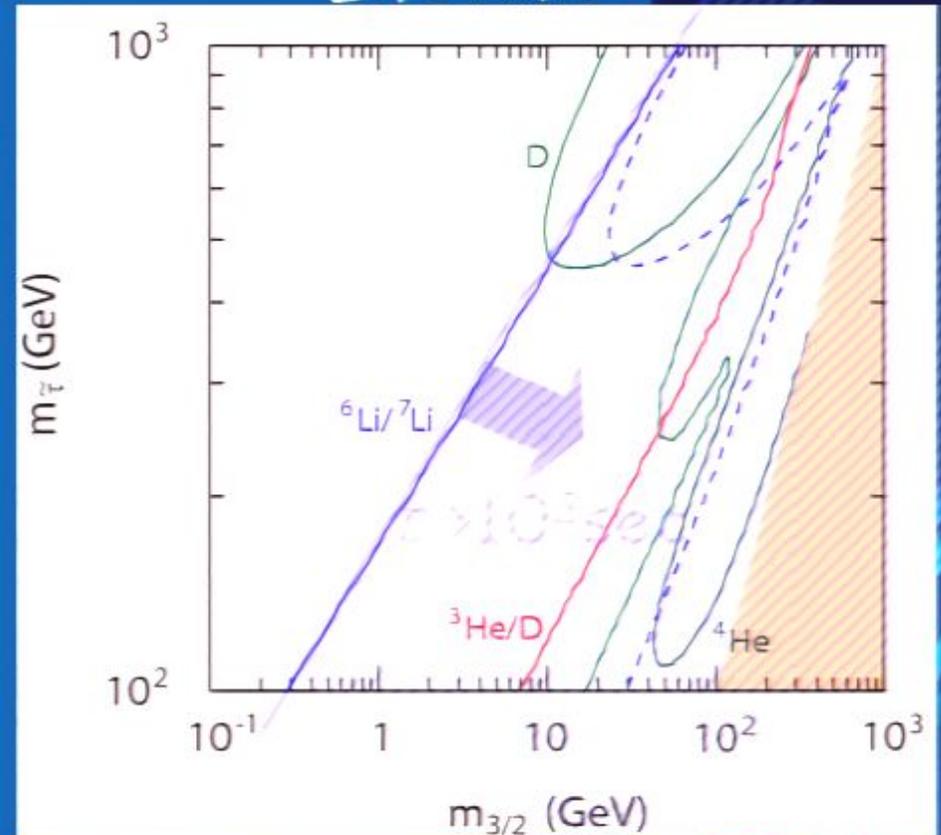
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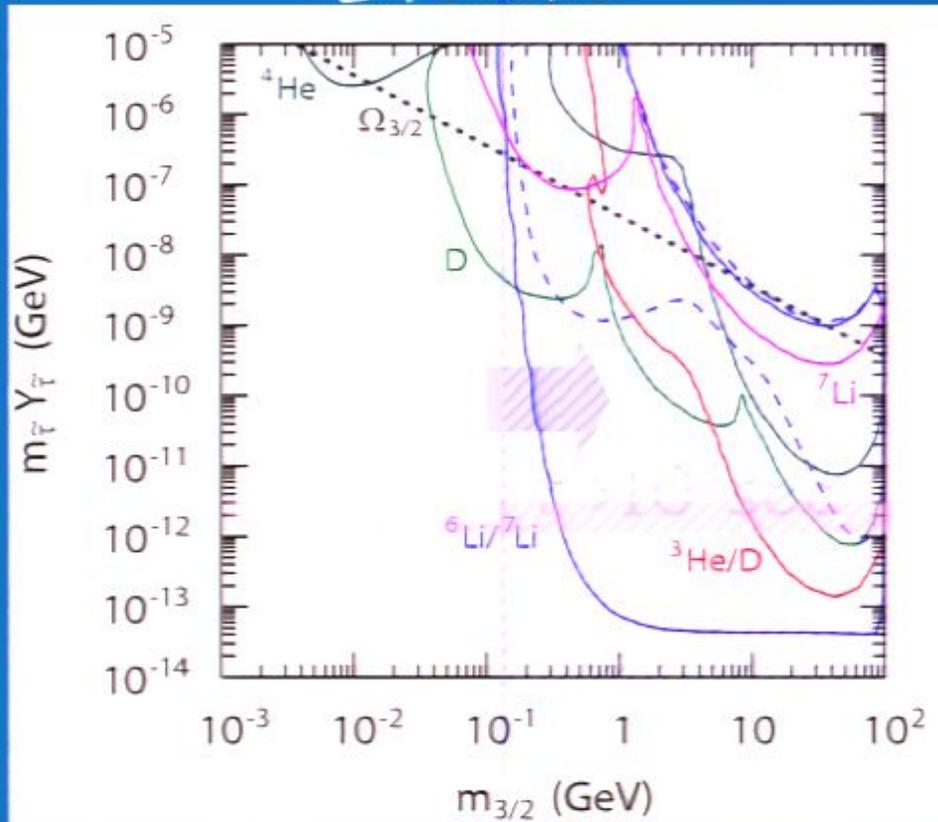
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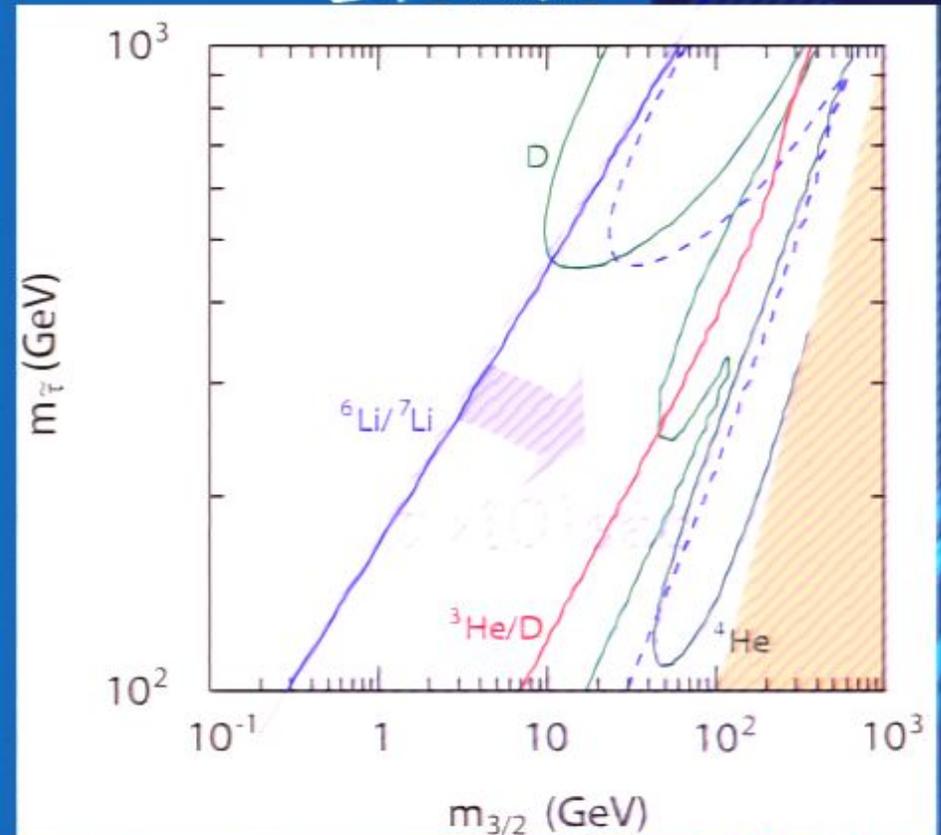
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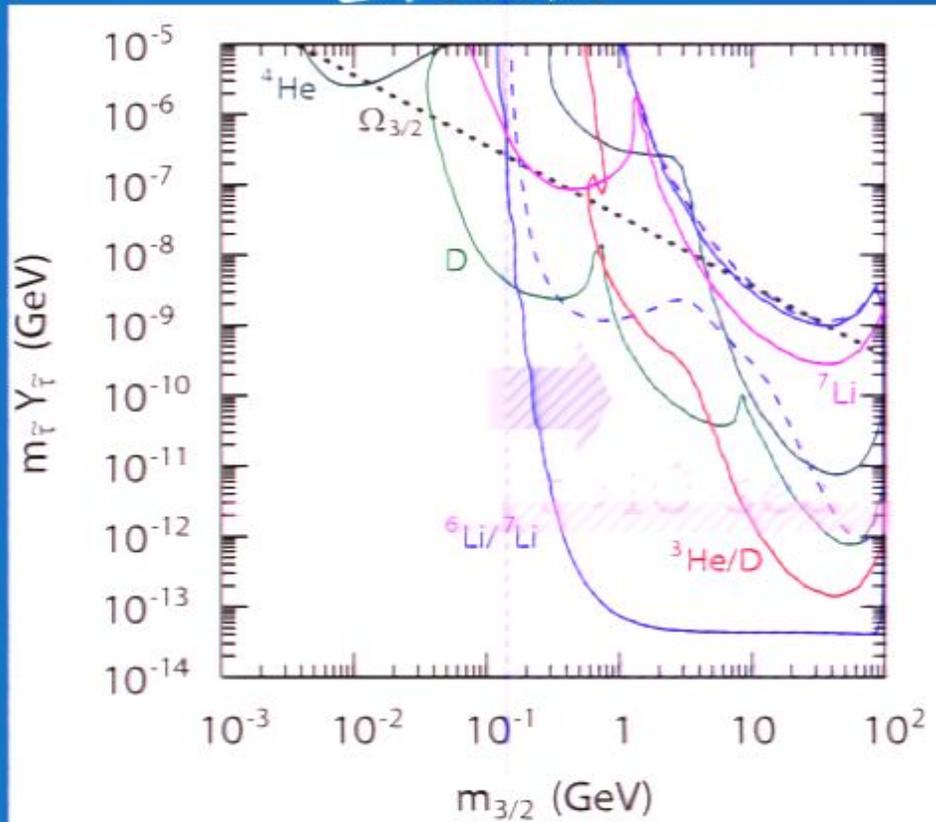
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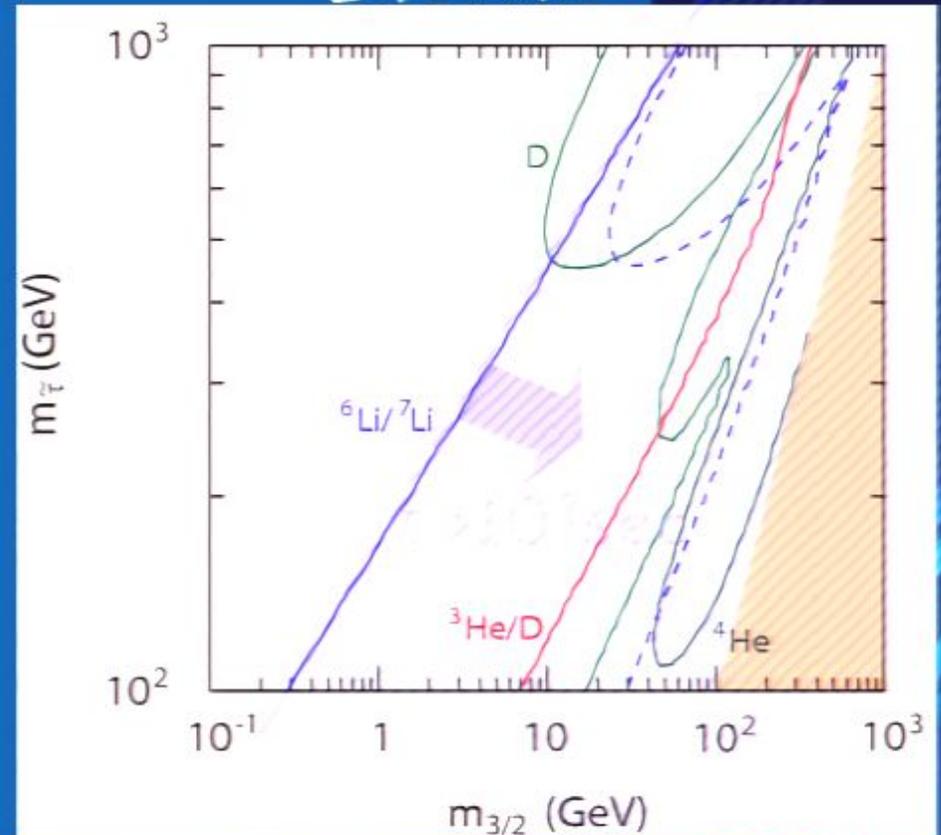
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- Stop NLSP and gravitino LSP

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There is surely an allowed parameter space in NUHM model
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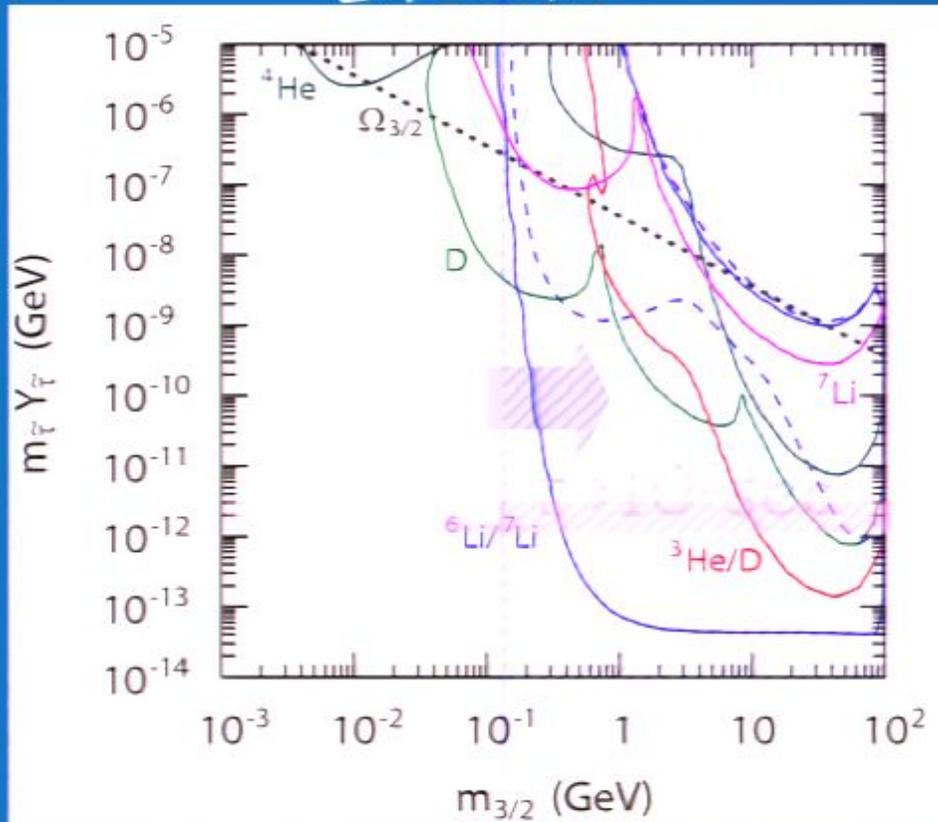
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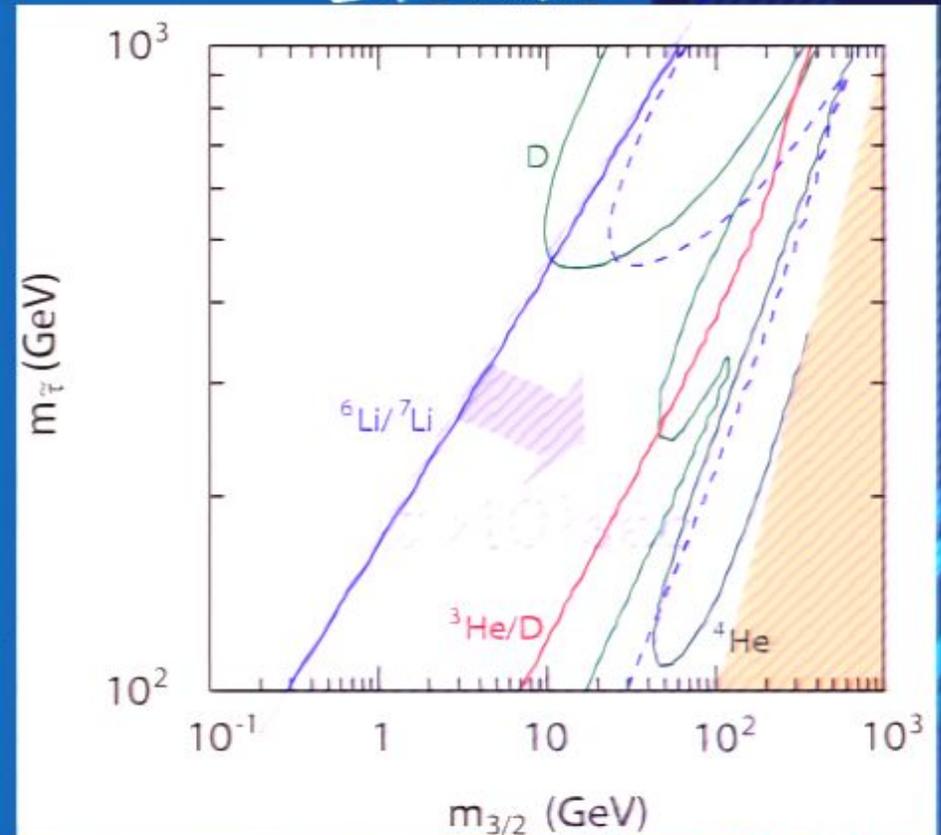
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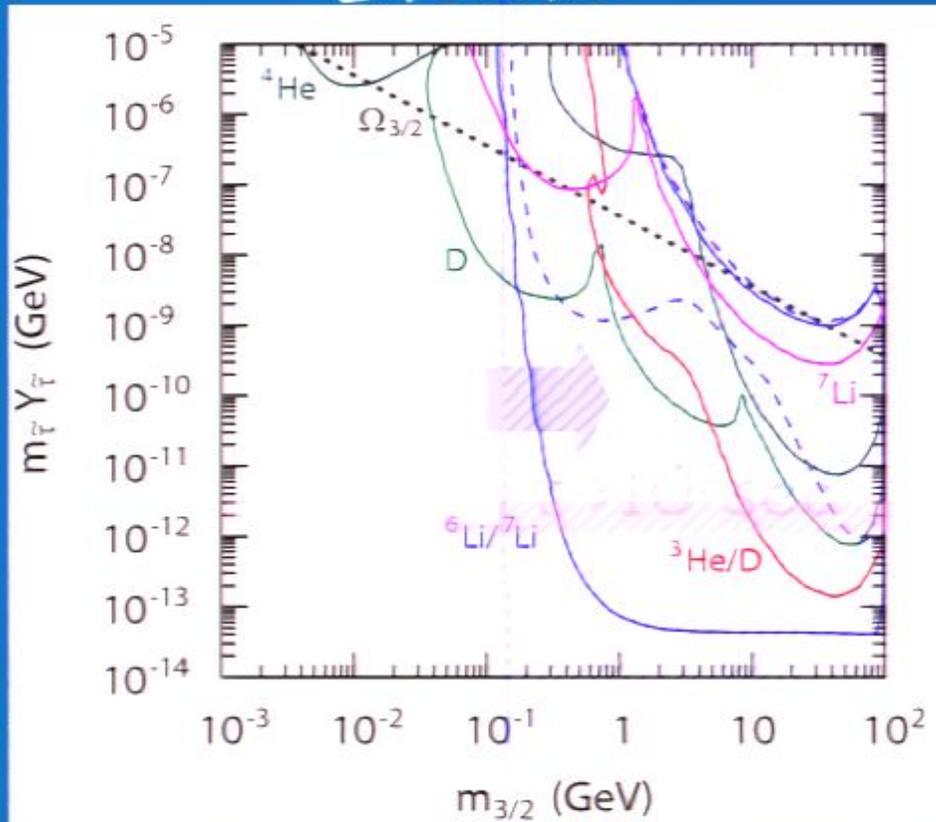
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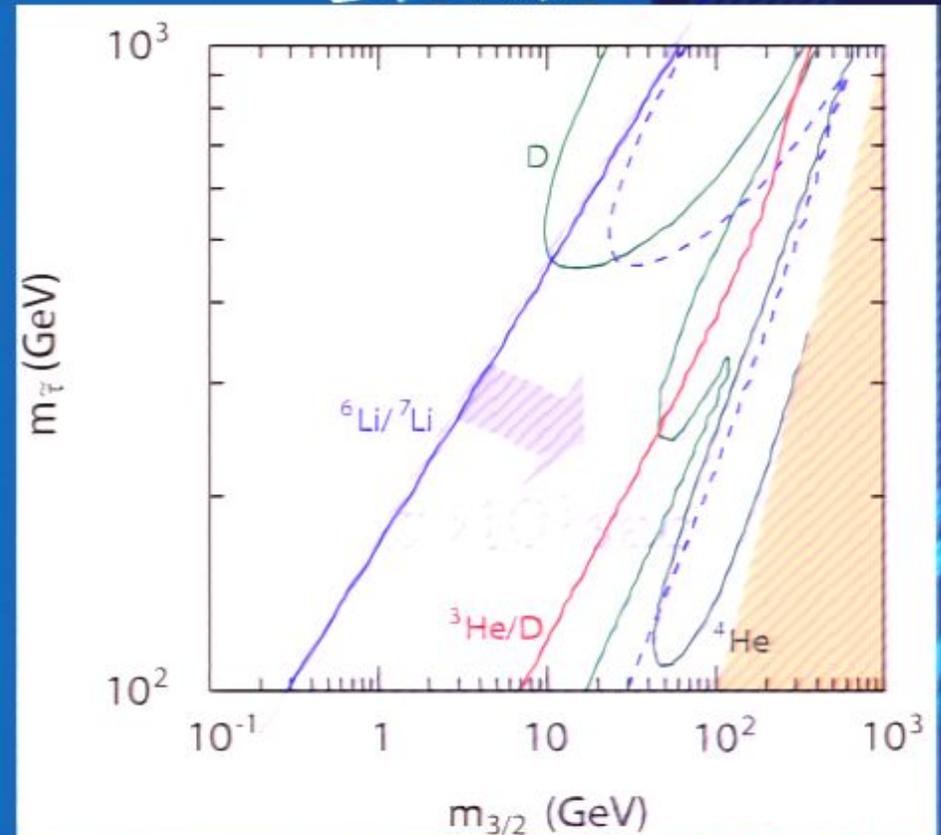
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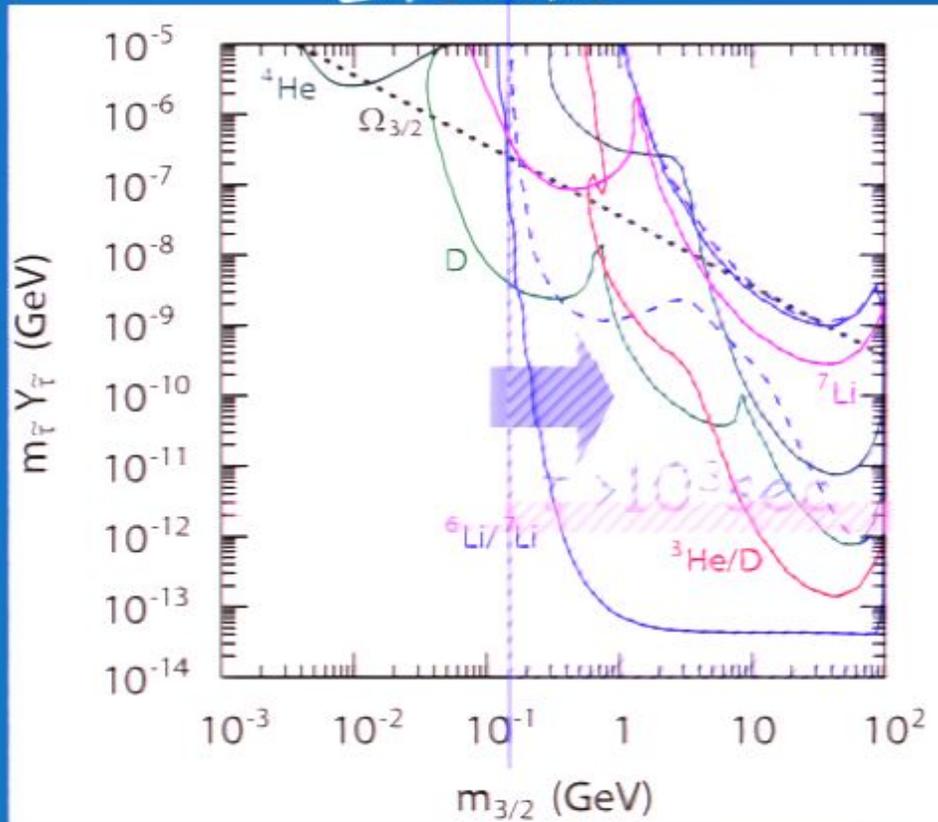
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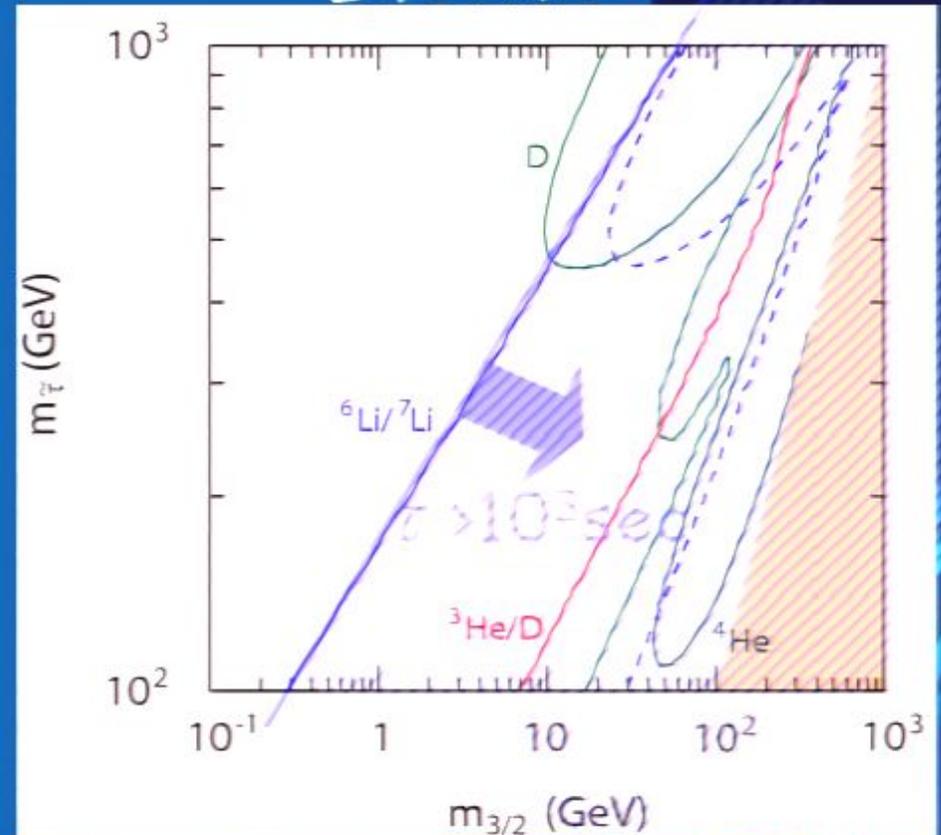
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Lifetime



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Any other possibilities? 2

- Sneutrino NLSP and gravitino LSP

Kanzaki, Kawasaki, Kohri, Moroi (07)

BBN constraints are much milder!

We may need a fine tuning for T_R to get $\Omega_{\psi_\mu} = \Omega_{\text{CDM}}$

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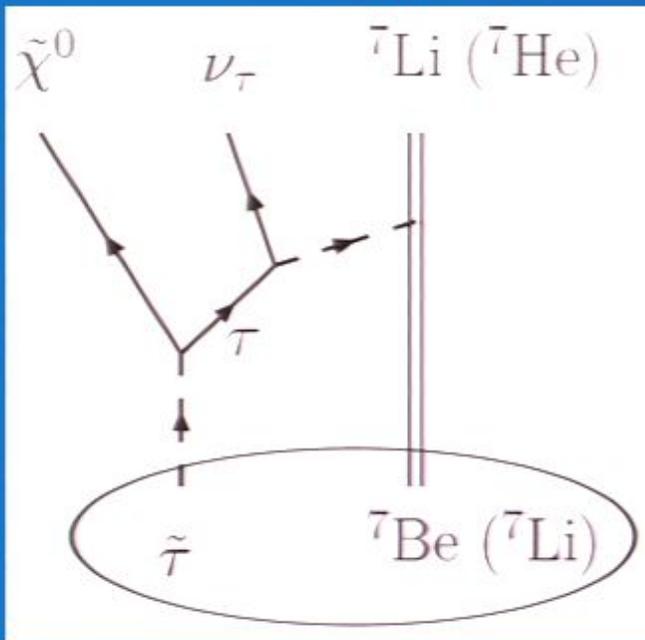
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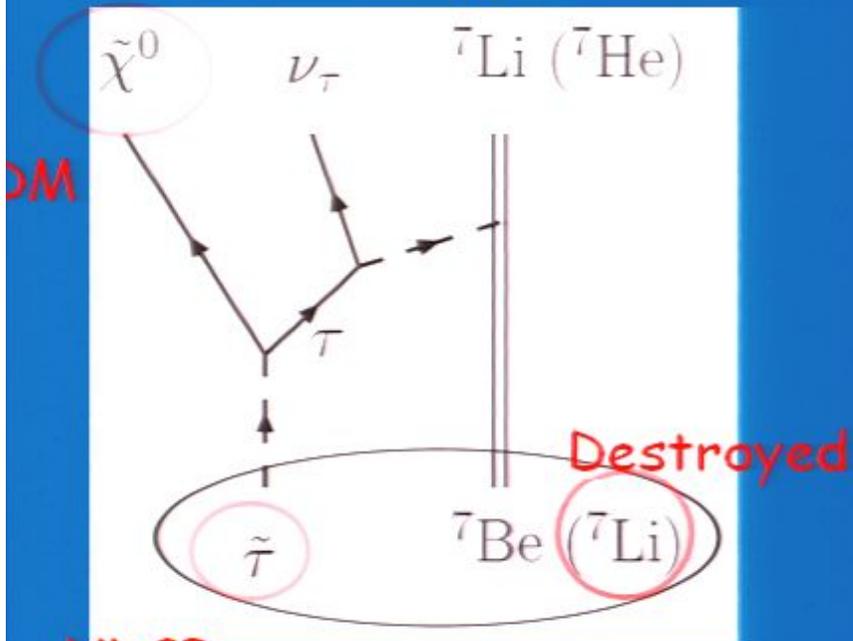
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NLSP

Effectively $\text{Be}7$, $\text{Li}7$
are destroyed!!!

See also Bird, Koopman and Pospelov (07)

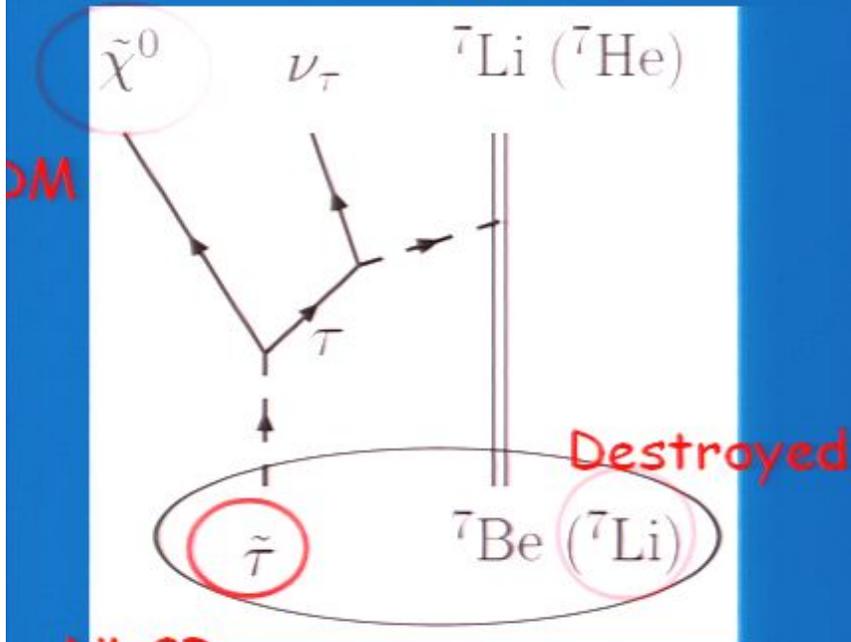
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No CBRN Catalysis

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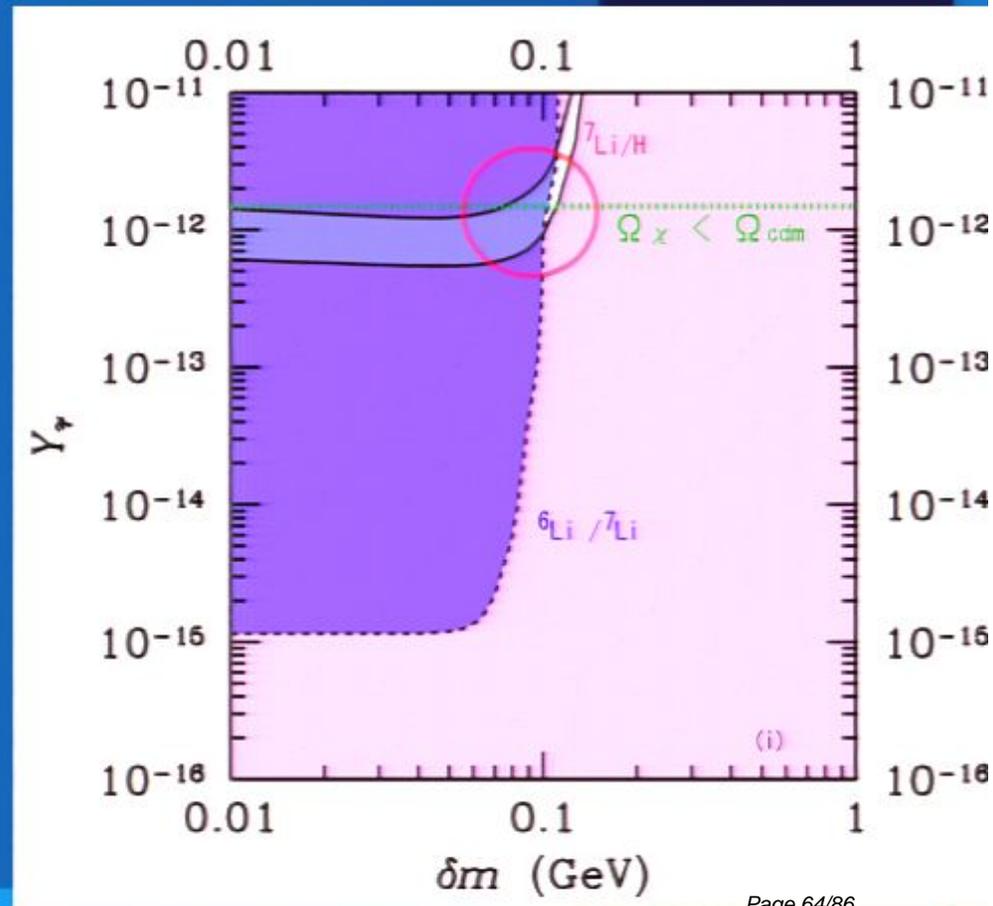
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Stau NLSP and axino/flatino/"flaxino" LSP in DFSZ axion models in Gravity Mediation

Chun, Kim, Kohri, and Lyth (08)

Soft(er) potential, gravity mediation in SUSY breaking

Murayama, Suzuki, Yanagida (92)

$$W = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\lambda} P Q^3 / M_G + h \frac{P Q}{M_G} H_1 H_2$$

$$V \supset \lambda (|P|^6 + 9|P|^4 |Q|^2) / M_G^2 - m_P^2 |P|^2 + m_Q^2 |Q|^2 \\ + \text{Re} \left(A_\lambda \sqrt{\lambda} P Q^3 / M_G \right) \\ + A_h h (P Q / M_G) H_1 H_2 + \text{c.c.}$$

Stau NLSP and axino/flatino/"flaxino" LSP in DFSZ models in Gravity Mediation

Chun, Kim, Kohri, and Lyth (2008)

Naturally μ -term is produced

Spontaneously broken PQ symmetry

$$\sqrt{\langle P \rangle^2 + 9 \langle Q \rangle^2} \equiv F_a \approx \sqrt{M_G m} \approx 10^{10} \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_P \approx m_Q \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$$

Scalar masses (axion and 3 flaxions)

$$m_a \approx 0 \quad m_{F_1} \approx m_{F_2} \approx m_{F'} \approx 100 \text{ GeV}$$

Fermion masses (2 flaxinos)

$$m_{\tilde{F}} \approx m_{\tilde{F}'} \approx 100 \text{ GeV}$$

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$$T_R \sim O(10) \text{ GeV}$$

Lifetime of stau is very short due to milder suppression ($\propto F_a^{-2}$), and tree level couplings in DFSZ

$$10^{-8} \text{ sec} \lesssim \tau_{\tilde{\tau}} \ll 10^{-2} \text{ sec}$$

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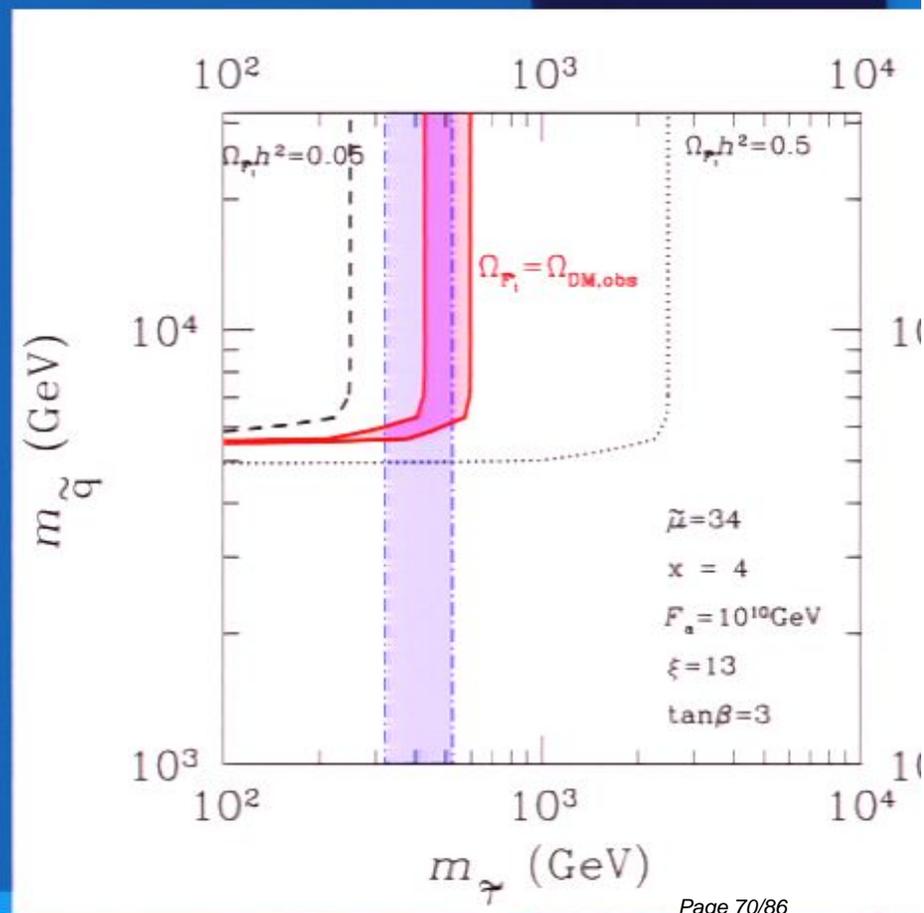
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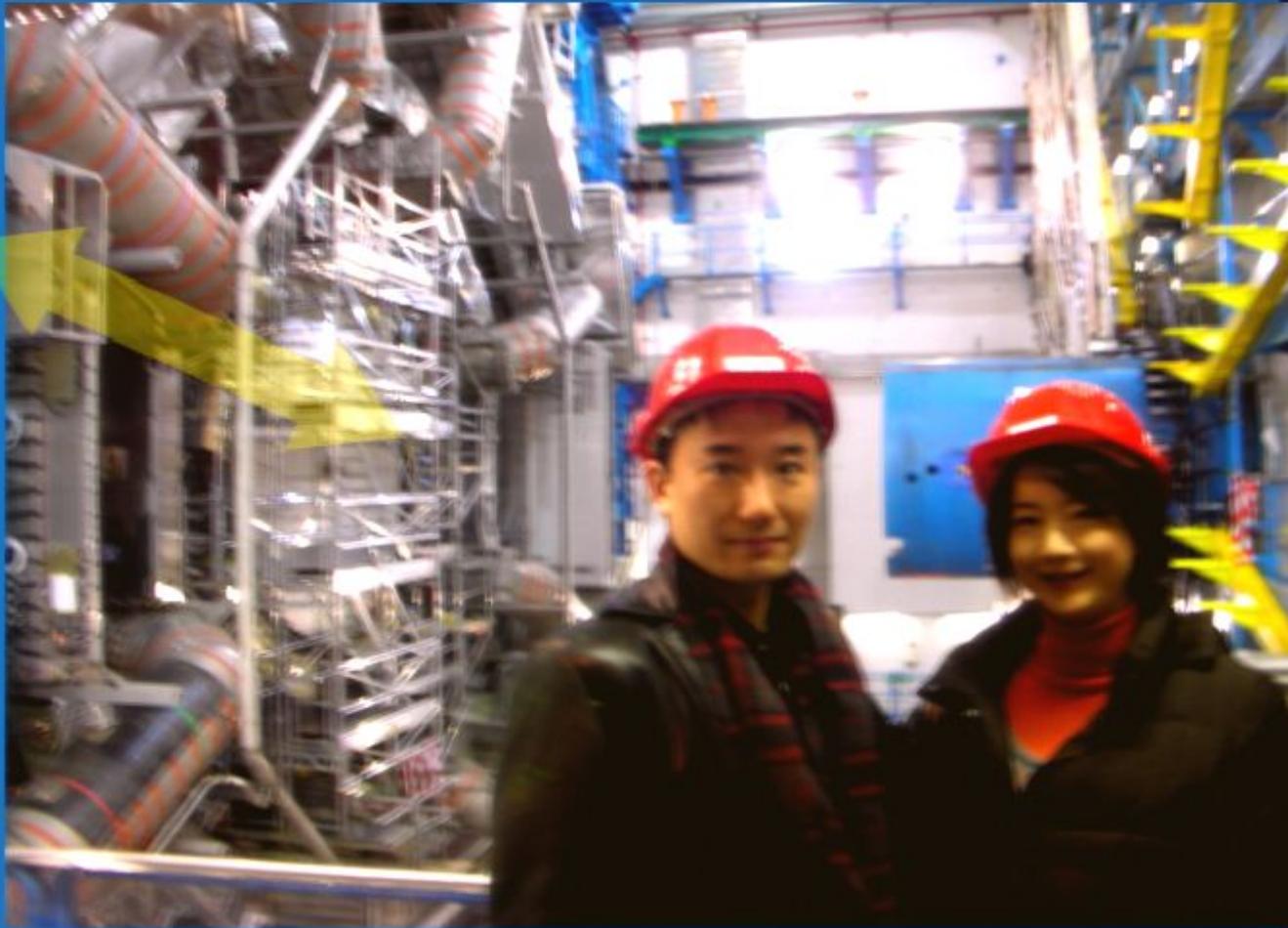
No BBN Catalysis

Stau can be found in LHC!!!



Large Hadron Collider (LHC) will start
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10m

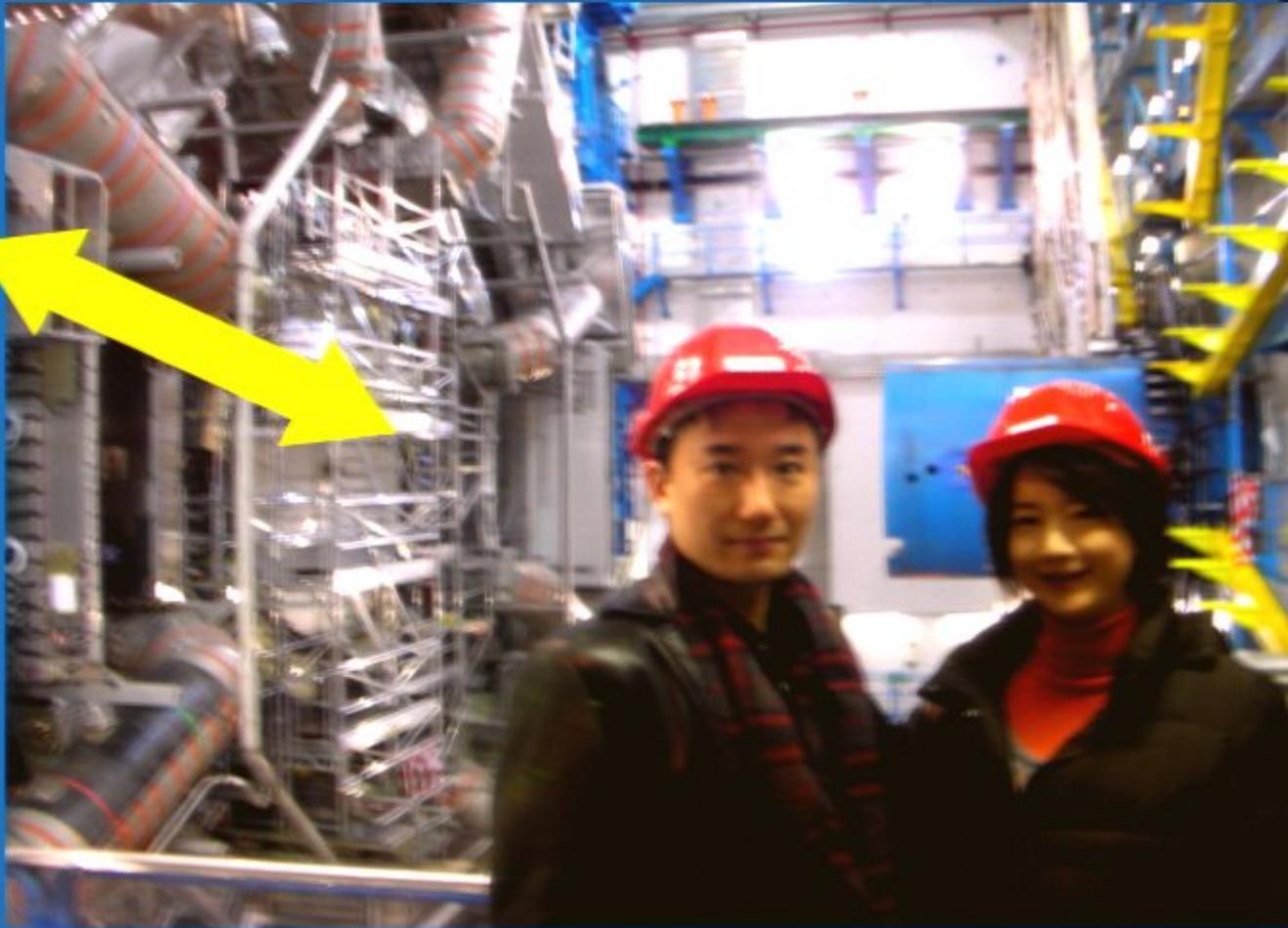
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(March 2007)

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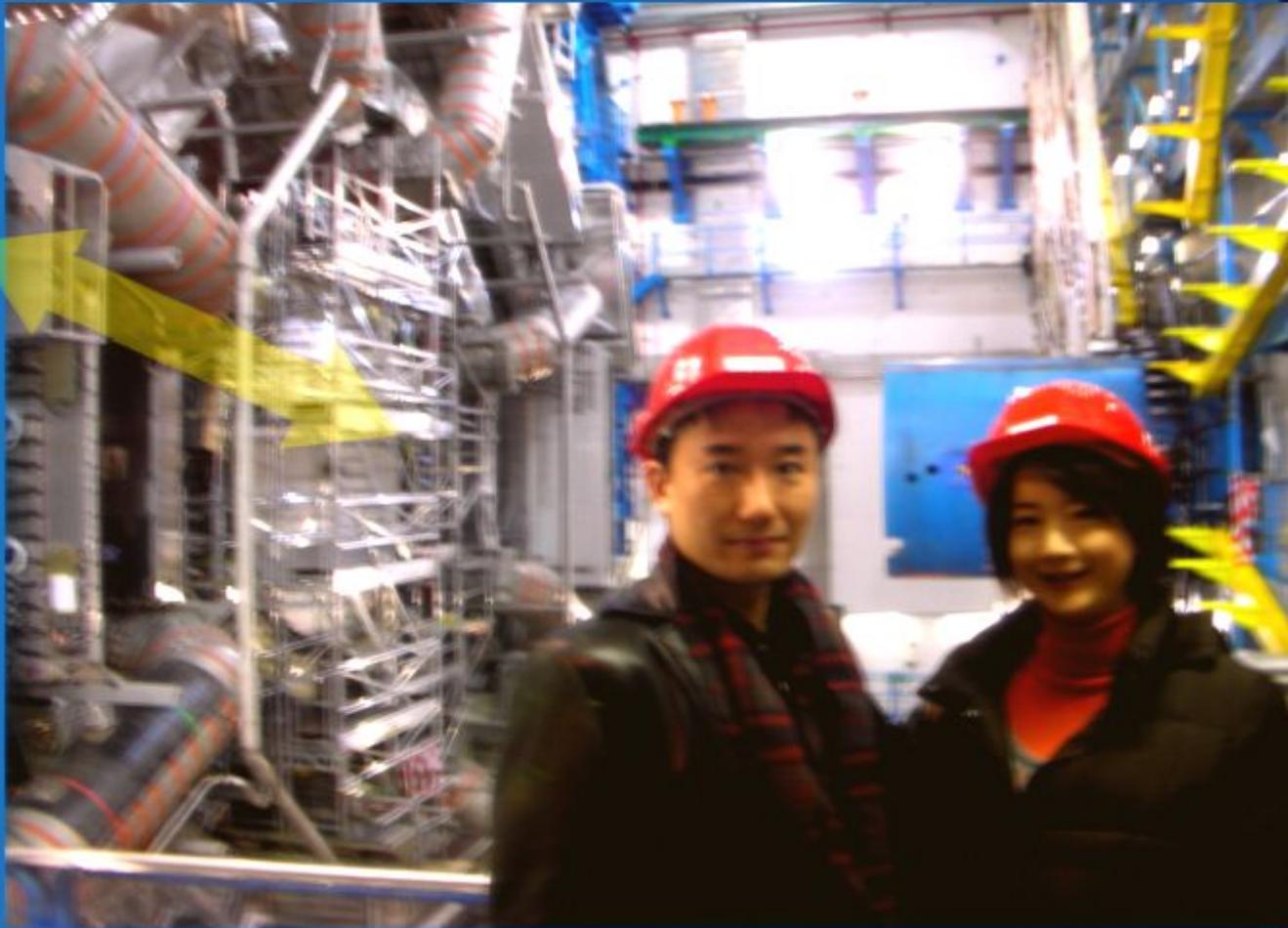
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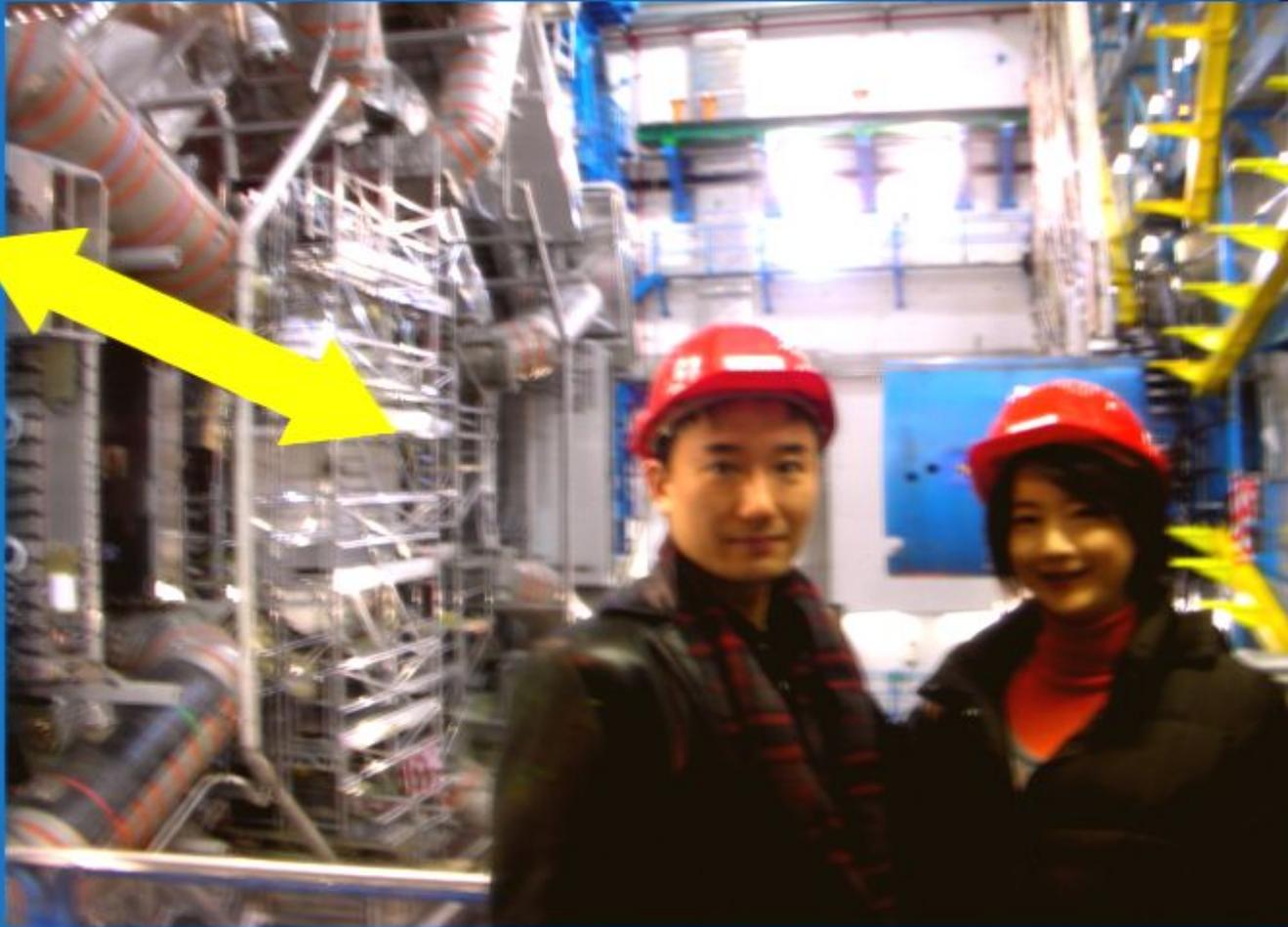
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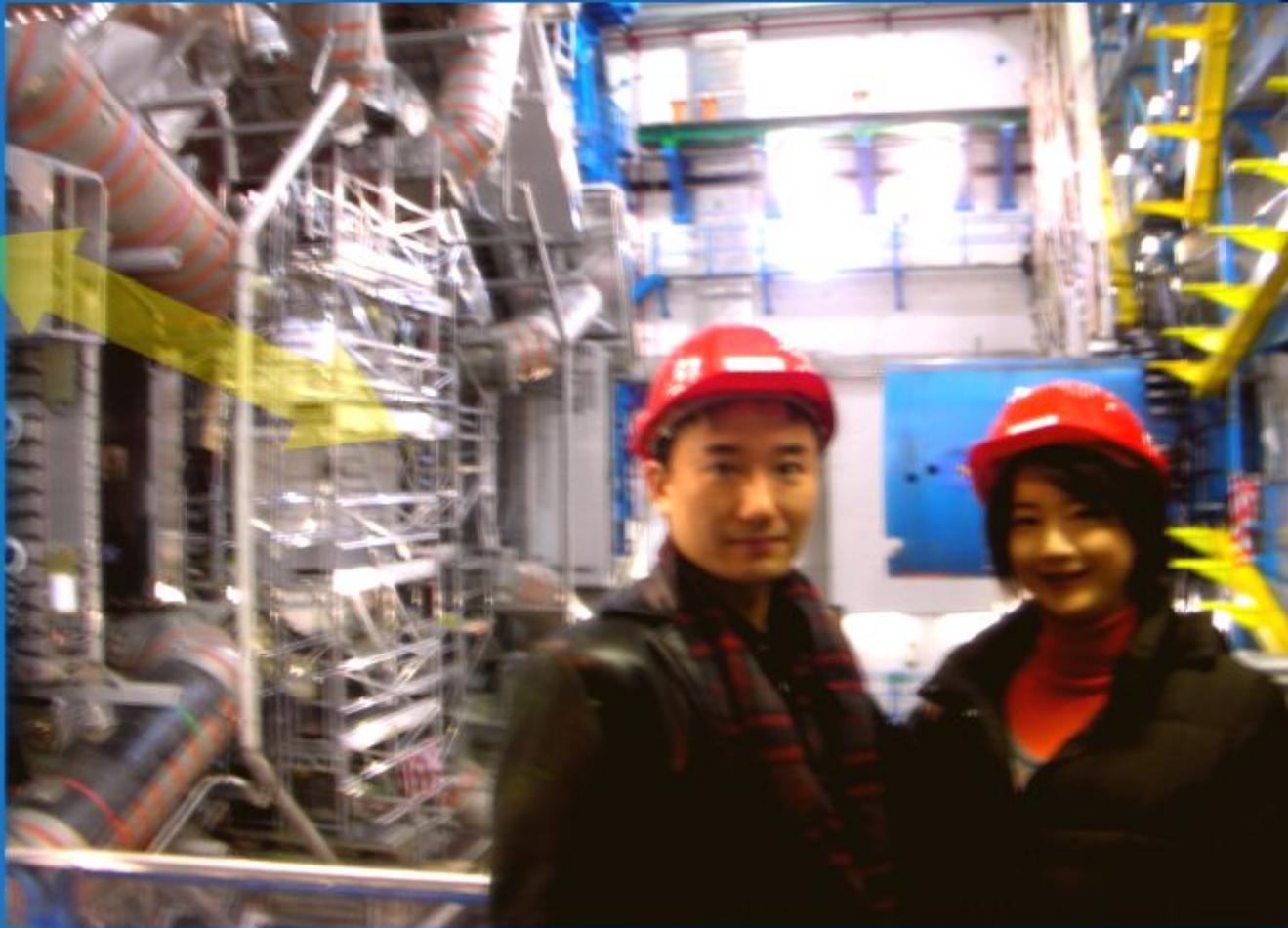
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Place another stopper near ATLAS or CMS to stop long-lived charged SUSY particles (even for $c\tau > 10$ m)

- 5 m Iron wall (Hamaguchi, Kuno, Nakaya, and Nojiri (04))
- Water tank (Feng and Smith (04))
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Conclusion

In neutralino LSP and gravitino NLSP scenario, the constraint on reheating temperature after primordial inflation is very stringent in gravity mediated SUSY breaking models.

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カウライン スライド

- Slide 1: Show NLSP and stau NLSP scenario LSP in GUT models in gravity mediated SUSY breaking models.
 - Reheating temperature after inflation is high and the reheating temperature is very high in gravity mediated SUSY breaking models.
 - $T_R \sim 10^5 - 10^7 \text{ GeV}$
 - Upper bound on the reheating temperature is $T_R \leq 3 \times 10^5 \text{ GeV} - 10^7 \text{ GeV}$ for $m_{3/2} = 100 \text{ GeV} - 10 \text{ TeV}$.
 - $10^5 \text{ sec} < \tau < 10^7 \text{ sec}$
 - For BBN, $\tau < 10^2 \text{ sec}$
- Slide 2: Large Hadron Collider (LHC) will start from coming April.
 - 13 TeV
 - 13 TeV detector in CMS, ATLAS and LHCb.
- Slide 3: Place another stopper near ATLAS or CMS to stop long lived charged SUSY particles (even for $c < 10 \text{ m}$).
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VGA-1

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