

Title: Counting BPS operators in CFTs with Sasaki-Einstein duals.

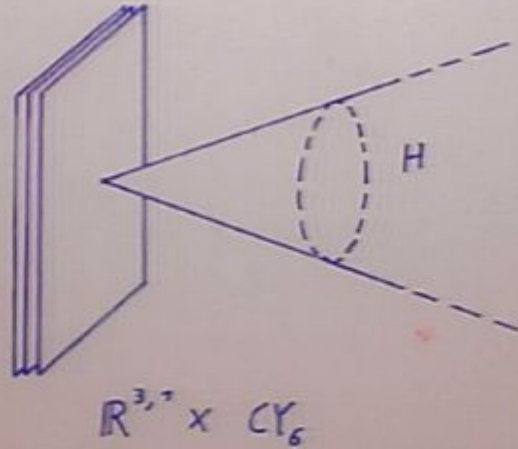
Date: Feb 27, 2007 02:00 PM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/07020007>

Abstract: After reviewing recent developments in the study of the AdS/CFT correspondence between the IR gauge theory living on a stack of D3-branes placed at a Calabi-Yau singularity and type IIB string theory on the near horizon geometry, we focus on the problem of counting chiral BPS operators in this class of CFTs and we match them with the dual string states in the general case of toric CY. Partition functions can be explicitly written in all sectors with fixed baryonic charge using localization over fixed points of the toric actions. These partition functions are related to the volume functions of the Sasaki-Einstein manifold and of its divisors.

THE AdS/CFT CORRESPONDENCE

-) PUT N D3-BRANES AT THE SINGULARITY OF A CALABI-YAU CONE CY_6



CY_6 CONE OVER H : $dr_{CY_6}^2 = dr^2 + r^2 ds_H^2$

CY_6 IS CALABI YAU \Leftrightarrow H IS SASAKI-EINSTEIN

-) (LOW ENERGY) AdS/CFT LIMIT:

THEORY ON D3-BRANES: NEAR HORIZON GEOMETRY:

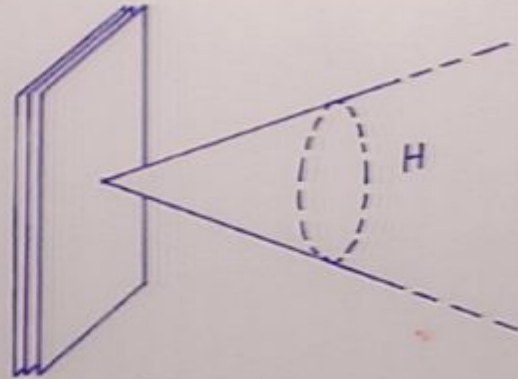
$d=4$
 SUPERCONFORMAL GAUGE THEORY \Leftrightarrow TYPE IIB STRING ON $AdS_5 \times H$

$SU(N)$ QUIVER

$$\int_H F_5 = N$$

THE AdS/CFT CORRESPONDENCE

-) PUT N D3-BRANES AT THE SINGULARITY OF A CALABI-YAU CONE CY_6



$$\mathbb{R}^{3,1} \times CY_6$$

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$d=4$
SUPERCONFORMAL
GAUGE THEORY



TYPE IIB STRING
ON $AdS_5 \times H$

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THE SUPERCONFORMAL CASE

\Leftrightarrow $N=1$ SUPERCONFORMAL GAUGE THEORY



TYPE II B $AdS_5 \times H$

FORWARD PROBLEM



(COMPUTE MODULI SPACE)

INVERSE PROBLEM

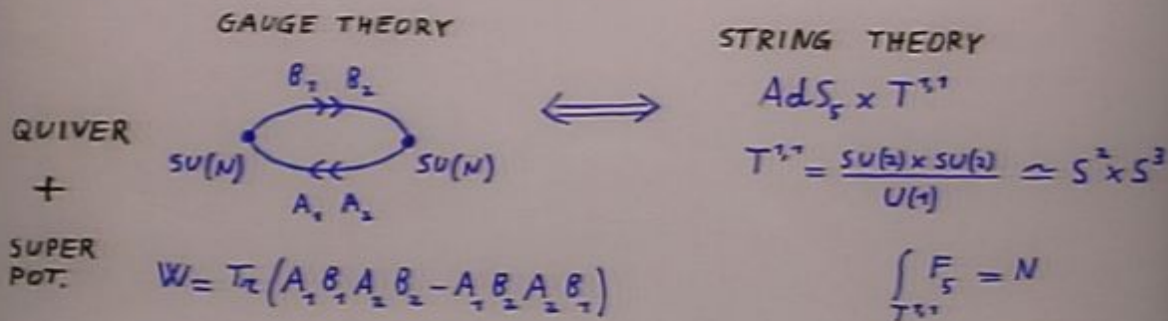


(NON TRIVIAL!!)

EXAMPLES:

-) $H = S^5$ AND ORBIFOLDS: $H = S^5 / \Gamma$

-) $H = T^{2,1}$ $C(T^{2,1}) = \text{CONIFOLD}$



-) $Y^{p,q} \quad L^{p,q,r}$

-) A SUPERCONFORMAL GAUGE THEORY HAS: $U(1)_R$ A SASAKI-EINSTEIN HAS: $\xi = J \left(\pi \frac{\partial}{\partial \pi} \right)$

$U(1)_R$



$\xi = J \left(\pi \frac{\partial}{\partial \pi} \right)$

-) IN GENERAL THE ISOMETRIES OF H CAN BE $U(1)^n$

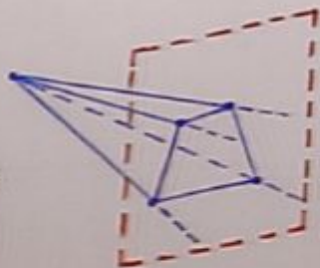
$n=1, n=2, \boxed{n=3}$ TORIC CASE

TORIC GEOMETRY

TORIC MANIFOLD $\leftrightarrow (\mathbb{C}^*)^3$ ACTION

$U(1)^3$ ISOMETRIES

FAN C :



RATIONAL, CONVEX
CONE IN \mathbb{R}^3

$\sim SL(3, \mathbb{Z})$

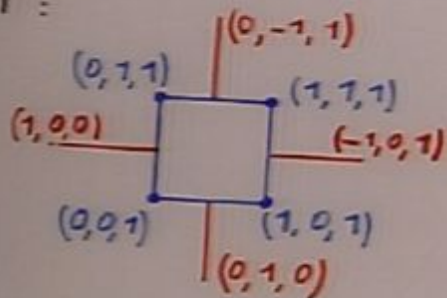
CY CONDITION:

$$V_i = (x_i, y_i, 1)$$

DUAL FAN C^* :

$$C^* = \{ \vec{m} \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid (\vec{m}, \vec{V}_i) \geq 0 \quad \forall i = 1, 2, \dots, d \}$$

$\& T^3$:



$$(0,1,0) + (0,-1,1) = (-1,0,1) + (1,0,0)$$

$\swarrow \quad \searrow \quad \swarrow \quad \searrow$
 $x \quad y = z \quad w$

INTEGER POINTS
 $\vec{m} \in C^*$

\Leftrightarrow

HOLOMORPHIC FUNCTIONS
ON $C(H)$

DIVISORS: $V_i \leftrightarrow D_i$

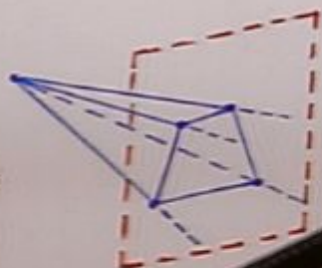
$$\sum_{i=1}^d (\vec{m}_0, \vec{V}_i) D_i = 0$$

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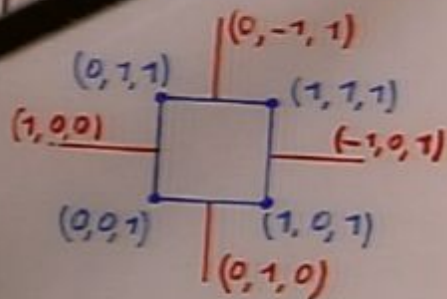
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INTEGRAL POINTS
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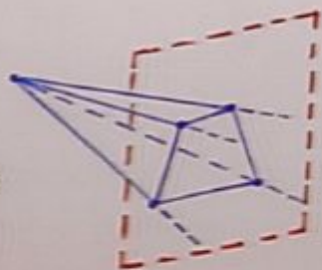
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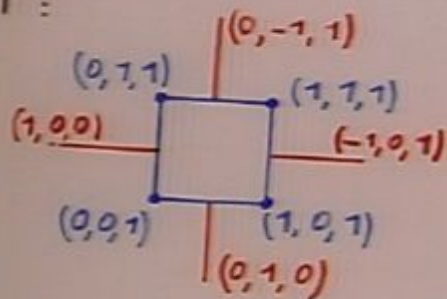
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QUIVER GAUGE THEORY IN THE TORIC CASE

HANANY, KENNAWAY

FRANCO, HANANY, KENNAWAY,
VEGH, WECHT

→ PERIODIC QUIVER

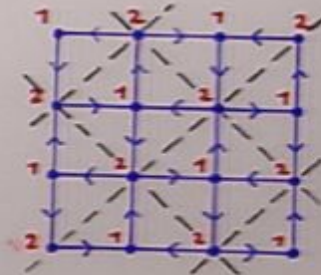
QUIVER
+
SUPERPOTENTIAL

} ⇒ PERIODIC QUIVER ON T^2

T^2 :



⇒



$$W = \kappa (A_1 B_1 A_2 B_2 - A_1 B_2 A_2 B_1)$$

V VERTICES → GAUGE GROUPS

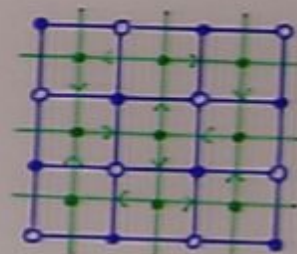
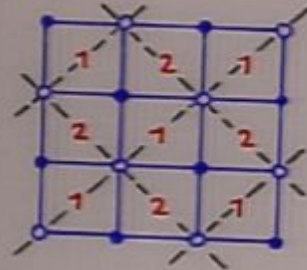
E EDGES → CHIRAL MULTIPLETS

F FACES → SUPERPOTENTIAL TERMS

$$V - E + F = 0$$

→ DIMER

DIMER ≡ DUAL GRAPH OF PERIODIC QUIVER,
BIPARTITE GRAPH



F FACES → GAUGE GROUPS

E EDGES → CHIRAL MULTIPLETS

V VERTICES → SUPERPOTENTIAL TERMS



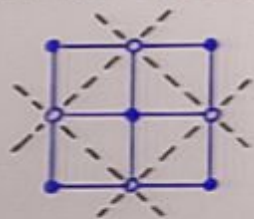
$$V - E + F = 0$$

AdS/CFT IN THE TORIC CASE

GAUGE THEORY

STRING THEORY

$T^{2,1}$:



DIMER



TORIC DIAGRAM

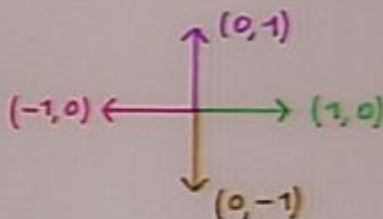
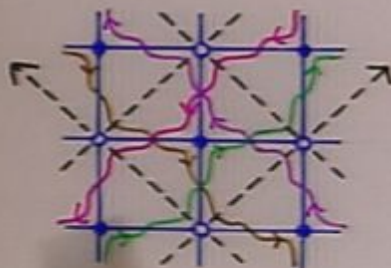
ZIG-ZAG PATH = CLOSED LOOP ON THE DIMER TURNING ALTERNATIVELY MAX. LEFT, MAX. RIGHT

ZIG-ZAG PATHS \iff LEGS OF THE (\uparrow, \uparrow) WEB

HOMOTOPY ON $T^2 \iff (\uparrow, \uparrow)$ COORDINATES



HAMANY, VEGH



FORWARD ALGORITHM: DRAW THE ZIG-ZAG PATHS AND COUNT HOMOTOPY NUMBERS

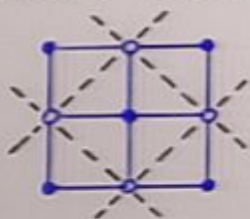
INVERSE ALGORITHM: DRAW SUITABLE LOOPS ON A TORUS T^2 WITH HOMOTOPY GIVEN BY (\uparrow, \uparrow) WEB

ADS/CFT IN THE TORIC CASE

GAUGE THEORY

STRING THEORY

$T^{2,1}$:



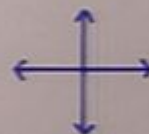
DIMER

TORIC DIAGRAM

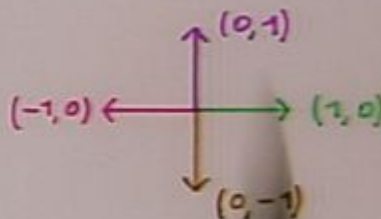
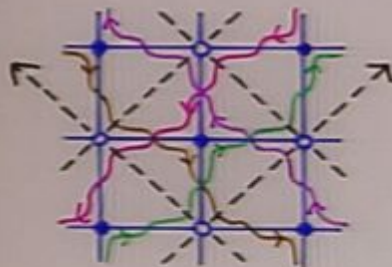
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HAMANY, VEGH

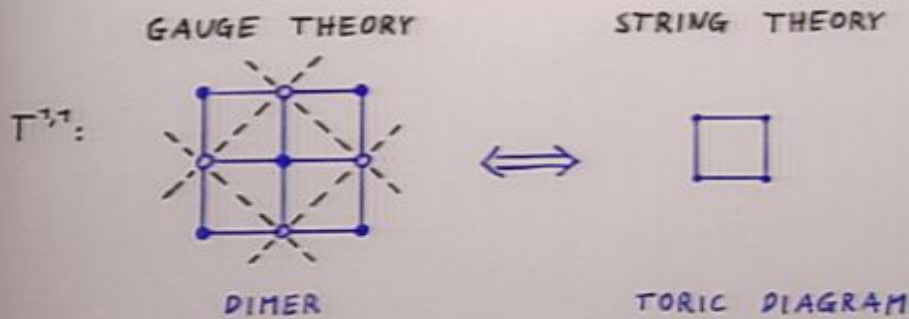


FORWARD ALGORITHM: DRAW THE ZIG-ZAG PATHS AND COUNT HOMOTOPY NUMBERS

INVERSE ALGORITHM: DRAW SUITABLE LOOPS ON A TORUS T^2 WITH

HOMOTOPY COIN BY (\uparrow, \uparrow) WEB

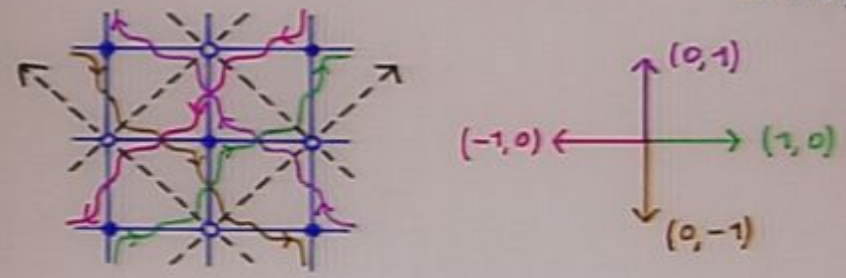
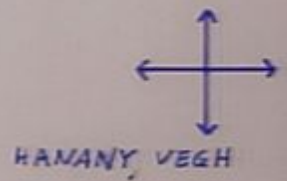
ADS/CFT IN THE TORIC CASE



ZIG-ZAG PATH = CLOSED LOOP ON THE DIMER TURNING ALTERNATIVELY MAX. LEFT, MAX. RIGHT

ZIG-ZAG PATHS \iff LEGS OF THE (r, q) WEB

HOMOTOPY ON T^2 \iff (r, q) COORDINATES



FORWARD ALGORITHM: DRAW THE ZIG-ZAG PATHS AND COUNT HOMOTOPY NUMBERS

INVERSE ALGORITHM: DRAW SUITABLE LOOPS ON A TORUS T^2 WITH HOMOTOPY GIVEN BY (r, q) WEB

CHECKS OF AdS/CFT (PROTECTED SECTOR)

•) MODULI SPACE \longleftrightarrow COMPLEX CONE $C(H)$

•) CENTRAL CHARGE \longleftrightarrow VOLUME OF H

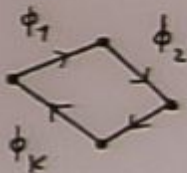
$$a = \frac{\pi^3}{4 \text{Vol}(H)}$$

•) BARYONS \longleftrightarrow D3-BRANES WRAPPED
ON $\Sigma_i \subseteq H$
 $\det \phi_i$

$$R_i = \frac{\pi \text{Vol}(\Sigma_i)}{3 \text{Vol}(H)}$$

•) MESONS \longleftrightarrow SUPERGRAVITY STATES
FROM $g^\alpha_{\alpha}, F^{(5)}_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma}$
 $\text{Tr}(\phi_1 \phi_2 \dots \phi_k)$

$$\Delta(\Delta-4) = m^2$$



U(1) SYMMETRIES

CONSERVED CURRENTS \longleftrightarrow GAUGE POTENTIALS
 IN CFT: J^μ \longleftrightarrow A_μ ON AdS_5

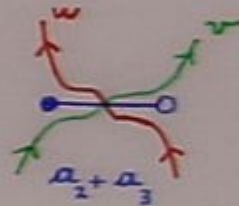
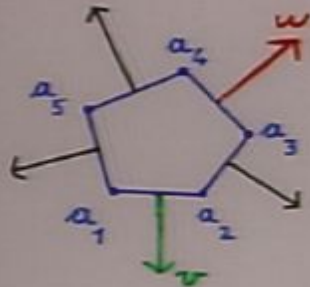
REDUCING $g_{\mu\nu}$ \longrightarrow $U(1)_F^2 \times U(1)_R$
 ON AdS_5 : ISOMETRIES

A_{uvp}^{RR} \longrightarrow $U(1)_B^{d-3}$
 3-CYCLES

\Rightarrow IN GAUGE THEORY: $U(1)^3$ ISOMETRIES

$$\underbrace{U(1)_B^{d-3} \times U(1)_F^2 \times U(1)_R}_{U(1)^{d-1} \text{ GLOBAL}}$$

PARAMETRIZATION OF U(1) SYMMETRIES



MULTIPLICITY
 $\det(v, w)$

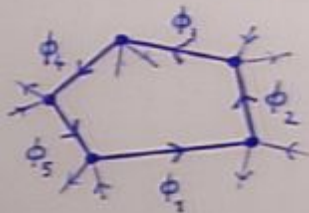
$$a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_d = 2 \Rightarrow R\text{-CHARGES}$$

$$a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_d = 0 \Rightarrow \text{GLOBAL CHARGES}$$

$$\text{BARYONIC: } \sum_{i=1}^d a_i V_i = 0$$

THE SPECTRUM OF MESONS

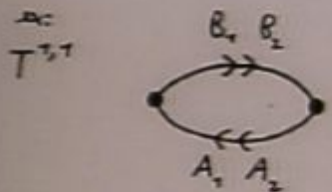
•) MESONS = CLOSED LOOPS IN THE QUIVER



$$\text{Tr} (\phi_1 \phi_2 \phi_3 \phi_4 \phi_5)$$

CHIRAL (PROTECTED) \Rightarrow DUAL TO SUGRA STATES
 Δ INDEPENDENT FROM N FROM $g_{\alpha}^{\alpha}, F_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma}^{(5)}$
 $\Delta(\Delta-4) = m^2$

•) CHIRAL RING OF MESONS / F-TERMS \Rightarrow MODULI SPACE OF VACUA : $C(H)$ ($N=1$)



$$M = \begin{pmatrix} M_{11} & M_{12} \\ M_{21} & M_{22} \end{pmatrix} \equiv \begin{pmatrix} A_1 B_1 & A_1 B_2 \\ A_2 B_1 & A_2 B_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_{11} M_{22} - M_{12} M_{21} = 0$$

•) CHIRAL RING OF MESONS / F-TERMS \equiv HOLOMORPHIC FUNCTIONS $f(z)$ ON $C(H)$

$$\square_{C(H)} f(z) = 0 \quad \text{IF } f(z) = \tau \delta \Psi \Rightarrow \square_H \Psi = -\delta(\delta+4) \Psi$$

$$\delta = (\vec{m}, \vec{l}) = \Delta$$

$$\partial_{\phi_x} f(z) = i \vec{m}_x f(z)$$

$$\text{Reel} - \sum \vec{l} \cdot \vec{e}_i$$

•) RINGS:

MESONS \equiv HOLOMORPHIC FUNCTIONS ON $C(H)$ \equiv INTEGER POINTS IN C^*

$$C^* = \{ \vec{m} \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid (\vec{m}, \vec{V}_i) \geq 0 \quad \forall i=1, 2, \dots, d \}$$

\vec{m} = CHARGE OF $f(z)$ UNDER $U(1)^3$

•) Ψ -MAP

HANANY, HERZOG, VEGH
A.B.

COMPUTE THE TRIAL CHARGE OF A MESON M
USING ZIG-ZAG PATHS

\Rightarrow FOR EACH MESON M THERE EXISTS \vec{m} :

$$R(M) = \sum_{i=1}^d (\vec{m}, \vec{V}_i) a_i$$

$\vec{m} = (x, y, c)$ (x, y) = HOMOTOPY NUMBERS
OF M ON T^2

MESONS CHARGED ONLY UNDER: $U(1)_F^2, U(1)_R$
AND NOT UNDER $U(1)_B^{d-3}$

•) MATCHING WITH SUGRA SPECTRUM:

$$\Delta = (\vec{m}, \vec{l}) \Leftrightarrow m^2 = \Delta(\Delta - 4)$$

$$\Delta = \frac{3}{2} R = \frac{3}{2} \sum_{i=1}^d (\vec{m}, \vec{V}_i) \bar{a}_i = (\vec{m}, \vec{l})$$

COUNTING MESONS \rightarrow COUNT HOLOMORPHIC $f(z)$

•) CHARACTER: $\chi(q) = \text{Tr} \{ q \mid H^0(C(H)) \}$

$$\chi(q) = \sum_m c_m q^m \equiv \sum_m c_m q_1^{m_1} q_2^{m_2} q_3^{m_3}$$

IN THE TORIC CASE:
$$\begin{cases} c_m = 1 & \text{IF } m \in C^* \\ c_m = 0 & \text{IF } m \notin C^* \end{cases}$$

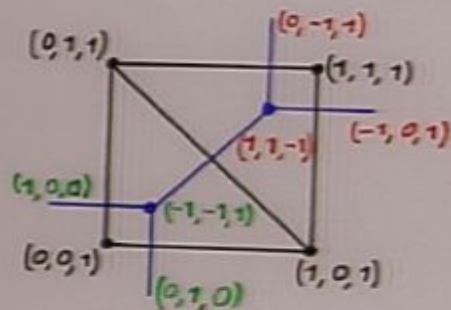
•) FROM EQUIVARIANT INDEX THEOREM:

LOCALIZATION:

MARTELLI, SPARKS, YAU

$$\chi(q) = \sum_{P_{\pm}} \frac{1}{\prod_{\lambda=1}^3 (1 - q^{m_{\pm}^{\lambda}})}$$

ex
 $T^{3,1}$:



P_{\pm}	P_{\pm}
$(1,0,0)$	$(-1,0,1)$
$(0,1,0)$	$(0,-1,1)$
$(-1,-1,1)$	$(1,1,-1)$

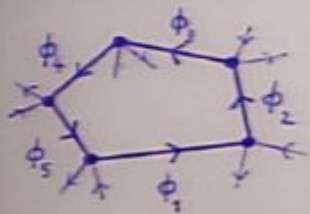
$$\chi(q) = \frac{1}{(1-q_1)(1-q_2)(1-\frac{q_3}{q_1 q_2})} + \frac{1}{(1-\frac{q_3}{q_1})(1-\frac{q_3}{q_2})(1-\frac{q_1 q_2}{q_3})}$$

•) VOLUMES FROM $\chi(q)$

$$\text{Vol}_H(h) = \pi^3 \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} t^3 \chi(e^{-th})$$

$$q_i = e^{-th_i}$$

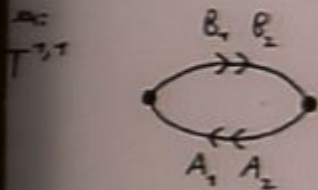
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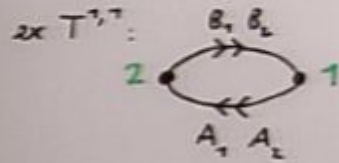
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$$\partial_{\phi_k} f(z) = i \vec{m}_k f(z)$$

$$\text{Recl} = \sum_k \vec{l}_k \partial_{\phi_k} \quad k=1,2,3$$

BPS BARYONIC OPERATORS



$$SU(2) \times SU(2) \times U(1)_R \times U(1)_B$$

$$U(1)_B: \begin{cases} A_i \rightarrow e^{i\alpha} A_i \\ B_i \rightarrow e^{-i\alpha} B_i \end{cases}$$

- "BASIC" BARYONIC OPERATORS:

$$\varepsilon_{T_1 \dots T_N} \varepsilon^{K_1 \dots K_N} (A_{i_1})_{K_1}^{T_1} \dots (A_{i_N})_{K_N}^{T_N} = (\det A)_{i_1 \dots i_N} \quad B=N$$

↕ DUAL TO

STATIC D3-BRANE WRAPPED ON $\Sigma \subseteq H$

- DEFINE: $A_{I, J} = A_{i_1} B_{I_1} \dots A_{i_m} B_{I_m} A_{i_{m+1}}$

→ GENERIC PATH FROM NODE 1 TO NODE 2

$B=1$ NOT GAUGE INVARIANT

- GENERIC OPERATOR WITH $B=N$:

$$\varepsilon_{T_1 \dots T_N} \varepsilon^{K_1 \dots K_N} (A_{I_1, J_1})_{K_1}^{T_1} \dots (A_{I_N, J_N})_{K_N}^{T_N}$$

↕ DUAL TO

MOVING D3-BRANE WRAPPED ON $\tilde{\Sigma} \subseteq H$

- BARYONIC CHARGE QUANTIZED:

$$B = KN \quad K \in \mathbb{Z}$$

SUSY D3-BRANES INSIDE H

•) $\mathcal{M}_{d,3} = \text{CLASSICAL SUSY D3-BRANES CONFIGURATION} = \text{HOLOMORPHIC SURFACES } S \in C(H)$

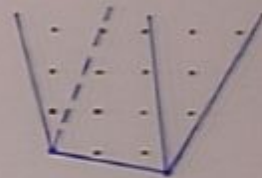
EUCLIDEAN: $\mathbb{R}^4 \times C(H)$ D3 ON $S \in C(H)$ (MIKHAILOV)
 ADD N D3 \mathbb{R}^4 : \downarrow IF $S = \Sigma \times Y$ $\Sigma \in H$
 $Y^S \times H$ D3 ON $\Sigma \times Y$

\Rightarrow WICK ROTATE AND MAKE Y TIMELIKE

•) HOLOMORPHIC SURFACE: $\chi = 0$ $\chi \in H^0(C(H), \mathcal{O}(D))$
 IN TORIC GEOMETRY: $D = \sum_{i=1}^d \kappa_i D_i$ $D_i \leftrightarrow V_i$
 $\kappa_i \simeq \kappa_i + (\vec{m}_i, \vec{V}_i)$

$\chi_{\vec{m}}$: HOLOMORPHIC SECTIONS OF $\mathcal{O}(D) = \text{INTEGER POINTS } \vec{m} \text{ INSIDE THE POLYTOPE } P_D$

$$P_D = \left\{ \vec{m} \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid (\vec{m}, \vec{V}_i) + \kappa_i \geq 0 \right. \\ \left. \forall i=1, \dots, d \right\}$$



•) GEOMETRIC QUANTIZATION:

$$\mathcal{M}_{d,3} = \sum_{\vec{m} \in P_D} h_{\vec{m}} \chi_{\vec{m}} = 0 \quad h_{\vec{m}} \sim \lambda h_{\vec{m}} \quad \mathcal{M}_{d,3} = \mathbb{C}P^\infty$$

QUANTUM STATES: SECTIONS OF $\mathcal{O}(N)$ OVER $\mathbb{C}P^1$: $\int_H F_5 = N$

$$|h_{m_1} h_{m_2} \dots h_{m_N}\rangle \quad \text{SYM. IN } m_1, \dots, m_N$$

MATCHING BPS BARYONS WITH STRING STATES

-) GENERALIZING Ψ -MAP: A.B., FORCELLA, ZAFFARONI
 CONSIDER IN THE QUIVER GENERIC PATHS JOINING
 TWO FIXED VERTICES



$$O = (\phi_1 \phi_2 \phi_3)_K^\uparrow$$

NOT GAUGE INVARIANT

TRIAL R-CHARGE:
$$R = \sum_{i=1}^d ((\vec{m}, \vec{V}_i) + c_i) a_i$$

$$(\vec{m}, \vec{V}_i) + c_i \geq 0 \Rightarrow \vec{m} \in P_D$$

INTEGER POINTS \vec{m} INSIDE THE POLYTOPE $P_D =$ OPEN PATHS: $(O_{\vec{m}})_K^\uparrow$ / F-TERMS

-) GENERALIZING BEASLEY PRESCRIPTION:

IN EACH SECTOR WITH FIXED $D \Leftrightarrow$ FIXED θ :

$$h_{\vec{m}} \leftrightarrow (O_{\vec{m}})_K^\uparrow \quad \forall \vec{m} \in P_D$$

$$|h_{m_1} \dots h_{m_N}\rangle \leftrightarrow \sum_{r_1 \dots r_N} \varepsilon^{K_1 \dots K_N} (O_{m_1})_{K_1}^{r_1} \dots (O_{m_N})_{K_N}^{r_N}$$

QUANTUM STATE
 IN STRING THEORY

GAUGE INVARIANT OPERATOR
 IN CFT

SYMMETRIC IN m_1, \dots, m_N

COUNTING BPS BARYONIC OPERATORS

•) $N=1$, FIXED B

$$\chi(q, D) = \text{Tr} \left\{ q \mid H^0(C(H), \mathcal{O}(D)) \right\} = \sum_m \epsilon_m q^m$$

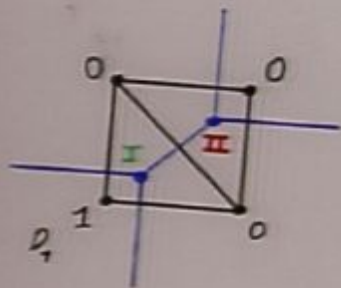
IN THE TORIC CASE:

$$\epsilon_m = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{IF } m \in P_D \\ 0 & \text{IF } m \notin P_D \end{cases}$$

•) FROM EQUIVARIANT INDEX THEOREM:
LOCALIZATION:

$$\chi(q, D) = \sum_{P_{\mathbb{Z}}} \frac{q^{m_{\mathbb{Z}}^0}}{\prod_{\lambda=1}^3 (1 - q^{m_{\mathbb{Z}}^{\lambda}})}$$

A.B., FORCELLA, ZAFFARONI



$$m_{\text{I}}^0 = (1, 1, -1) \quad m_{\text{II}}^0 = (0, 0, 0)$$

$$\begin{cases} (m_{\text{I}}^0, V_{\text{I}}) + \epsilon_{\text{I}} = 0 & \text{in REGION I} \\ (m_{\text{I}}^0, V_{\text{I}}) + \epsilon_{\text{I}} \geq 0 & \text{GENERALLY} \end{cases}$$

$$\chi(q, D_1) = \frac{\frac{q_1 q_2}{q_3}}{(1 - q_1)(1 - q_2)(1 - \frac{q_3}{q_1 q_2})} + \frac{1}{(1 - \frac{q_3}{q_1})(1 - \frac{q_3}{q_2})(1 - \frac{q_1 q_2}{q_3})}$$

•) VOLUMES OF DIVISORS

$$\frac{\chi(e^{-kt}, D)}{\chi(e^{-kt})} = 1 + t \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{\text{Vol}_D(L)}{\text{Vol}_H(L)} + O(t^2)$$

COUNTING BPS BARYONIC OPERATORS

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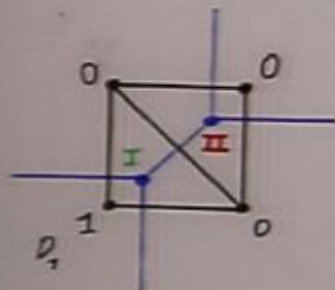
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A.B., FORCELLA, ZAFFARONI

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→ START WITH $N=1$: $g_1(q) \equiv \chi(q, D)$
COUNTING INTEGER $\vec{m} \in P_D$

→ INTRODUCE A CHEMICAL POTENTIAL v
FOR THE NUMBER OF BRANES.

→ WE WANT A FUNCTION $g(q, v)$ THAT COUNTS
SYMMETRIC PRODUCTS OF POINTS $\vec{m} \in P_D$

$$g(q, v) = \sum_{N=0}^{+\infty} g_N(q) v^N$$

$$\text{IF } g_1(q) = \sum_m c_m q^m$$

$$\Rightarrow g(q, v) = \prod_m \frac{1}{(1 - v q^m)^{c_m}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log g(q, v) &= - \sum_m c_m \log(1 - v q^m) = \sum_m c_m \sum_{k=1}^{+\infty} \frac{v^k q^{m k}}{k} \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^{+\infty} \frac{v^k}{k} g_1(q^k) \end{aligned}$$

⇒ PLETHYSTIC EXPONENTIAL:

$$g(q, v) = \text{P.E.}_v [g_1(q)] \equiv \exp \left(\sum_{k=1}^{+\infty} \frac{v^k}{k} g_1(q^k) \right)$$

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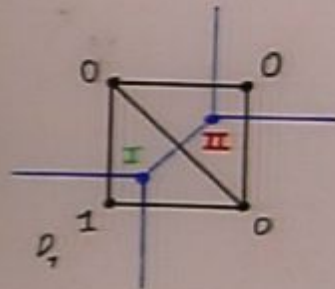
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CONCLUSIONS

FURTHER ISSUES:

→ WRITE PARTITION FUNCTIONS SUMMING
OVER ALL SECTORS WITH FIXED B

FORCELLA, HANANY, ZAFFARONI

⇒ PLETHYSTIC EXPONENTIAL
PLETHYSTIC PROGRAM

⇒ UNDERSTAND MULTIPLICITIES

→ INCLUDE FERMIONS

→ $\frac{1}{4}$ BPS ??

→ RELATION WITH OTHER COUNTING PROBLEMS:

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