

Title: Einstein\'s Political Priorities: World Government

Date: Oct 16, 2005 02:00 PM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/05100029>

Abstract: Although Einstein emerged as a leading spokesman for pacifism in 1930, his political views already underwent a major shift even before Hitler came to power in January 1933. Disappointment with negotiations at the 1932 Disarmament Conference in Geneva led him to the conclusion that the only hope of averting a major war was the creation of a strong world government. Only after the Second World War did he have the opportunity to promote this political cause, however, partly by taking advantage of his event image as “grandfather of the bomb.” Though he in fact played no significant part in the events that led up to the Manhattan project, in the wake of Hiroshima he became an active spokesman calling for control of nuclear weapons through the creation of an international organization that would serve as a stepping stone to world government. <kw>David Rowe, politics, world government, pacifists, Hiroshima, Anatomy of Peace, </kw>



PI
PERIMETER
INSTITUTE
FOR THEORETICAL PHYSICS



EinsteinFest

The Man | The Science | The Times | The Legacy

Friday, September 30 to Sunday, October 23 | 2005

Einstein's Political Priorities: World Government

David E. Rowe
EinsteinFest
16 October 2005

The Political Einstein
Personal Thoughts and
Public Passions

edited by

David E. Rowe and Robert Schulmann

Princeton University Press
2006

Einstein's Political Legacy

- Intellectual and Human Freedom
- Peace, Internationalism, and World Government
- Cultural Zionism

At a Jewish student conference, 1924



Three Periods of Intense Political Activity

Early Weimar: Nov. 1918-1922

(Internationalism and Zionism)

Late Weimar: 1930-32

(Militant Pacifism: USA)

Post WW II: Aug. 1945-1949

(Arms Control and World
Government)

Time's Person of the Century

“the embodiment of pure intellect, the bumbling professor with the German accent, a comic cliché in a thousand films.”



Einstein's Political Pragmatism

In rebutting a critic of his views on world government shortly after the end of the Second World War, he stressed that one's strength of conviction must be “based upon a clear understanding of the prevailing objective conditions” (Reply to Sumner Welles).

Prominent Allies

Sigmund Freud

Bertrand Russell

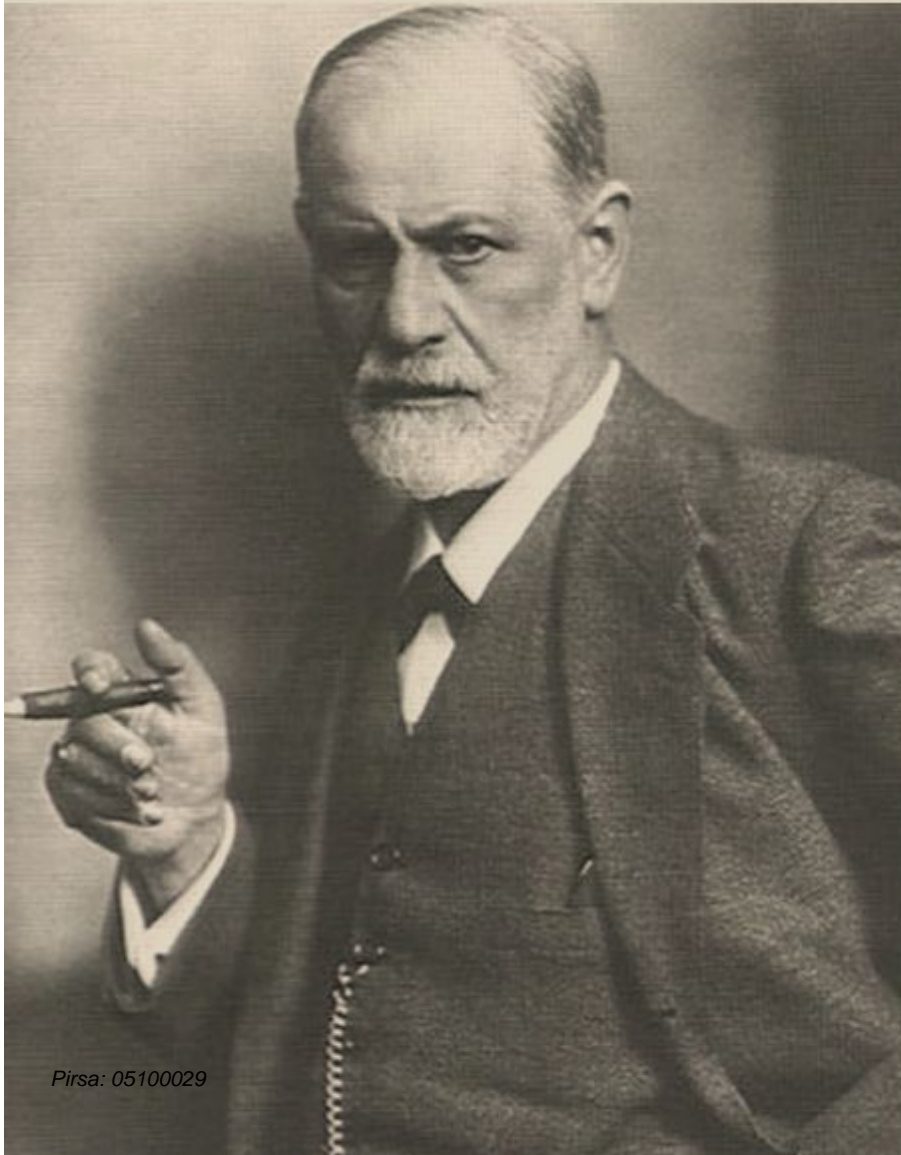
David Hilbert

Romain Rolland

Paul Langevin

Rabbi Stephen Wise

Freud and Russell



Paul Langevin and Romain Rolland



Pirsa: 05100029



Page 12/91

Rabbi Stephen Wise



Less Known (but often more significant) Allies

Leo Szilard

Georg Nicolai

Emil Julius Gumbel

Rosika Schwimmer

Emery Reves

Einstein, the Militant Pacifist

Einstein's Militant Pacifism, 1930-1932

- In 1928 Einstein came out in support of the War Resisters' International
- Returning to New York in December 1930, he calls the U.S. “a bulwark of the democratic way of life.”
- At a meeting of the New History Society at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel he delivered his famous “Two Per Cent Speech” advocating a militant pacifism.

Einstein's "Two Per Cent Speech," December 1930

"The aim of all pacifists must be to convince others of the immorality of war and rid the world of the shameful slavery of military service...Even if only two per cent of those assigned to perform military service shall announce their refusal to fight... governments would be powerless , they would not dare send such a large number of people to jail."

Rosika Schwimmer and Einstein's Most Famous Pacifist Speech

She was denied
American
citizenship for
refusing to take an
oath that required
a promise to bear
arms for the
country.



Letter to Women's International League for Peace and Freedom

“I consider Frau Schwimmer's stand of great value and deserving the support of all true humanitarians. Governments represent the people, and the people are still under the spell of obsolete traditions of military duty. World peace, a crying necessity, is not to be achieved unless spiritually progressive forces refuse to yield to public authorities, controlled by factions which should be defeated. . . .”

“Those convinced of this necessity should consider it their duty to uphold publicly this conviction; thereby they bring upon themselves a conflict with public authority. A result can be obtained only if a large number of influential personalities have the moral courage for such an attitude. . . .”

“Such an attitude is revolutionary. But only through acts of rebellion can the fettered individual break chains which, though forged in laws, have grown into unendurable bondage. In this situation, too, such a recourse is unavoidable. Credit is due Frau Schwimmer for having realized this and having acted courageously in accordance with her convictions.”

Einstein's Message: Don't Moralize—Act

“Real Pacifists shouldn't
behave like Sheep”

Einstein's "Two Per Cent Speech"

When those who are bound together by pacifist ideals hold a meeting they are always consorting with their own kind only. They are like sheep huddled together while the wolves wait outside. I think pacifist speakers have this difficulty: they usually reach their own crowd, who are pacifists already. The sheep's voice does not get beyond this circle and therefore is ineffective . . .

Real pacifists, those who are not up in the clouds but who think and count realities, must fearlessly try to do things of practical value to the cause and not merely speak about pacifism. Deeds are needed. Mere words do not get pacifists anywhere.

Einstein's American Enemies

The Women Patriot Corporation
Attacks Einstein, 1932

Reply to American Women Patriots, *New York Times*, 4 December 1932

“Never have I experienced from the fair sex such energetic rejection of all advances; or if I have, never from so many at once. But are they not quite right, these watchful citizenesses? . . .

“Why should one open one’s doors to a person who devours hard-boiled capitalists with as much gusto as the Cretan Minotaur. . .devoured luscious Greek maidens, and. . .is low-down enough to reject every sort of war, except the unavoidable war with one’s own wife?”

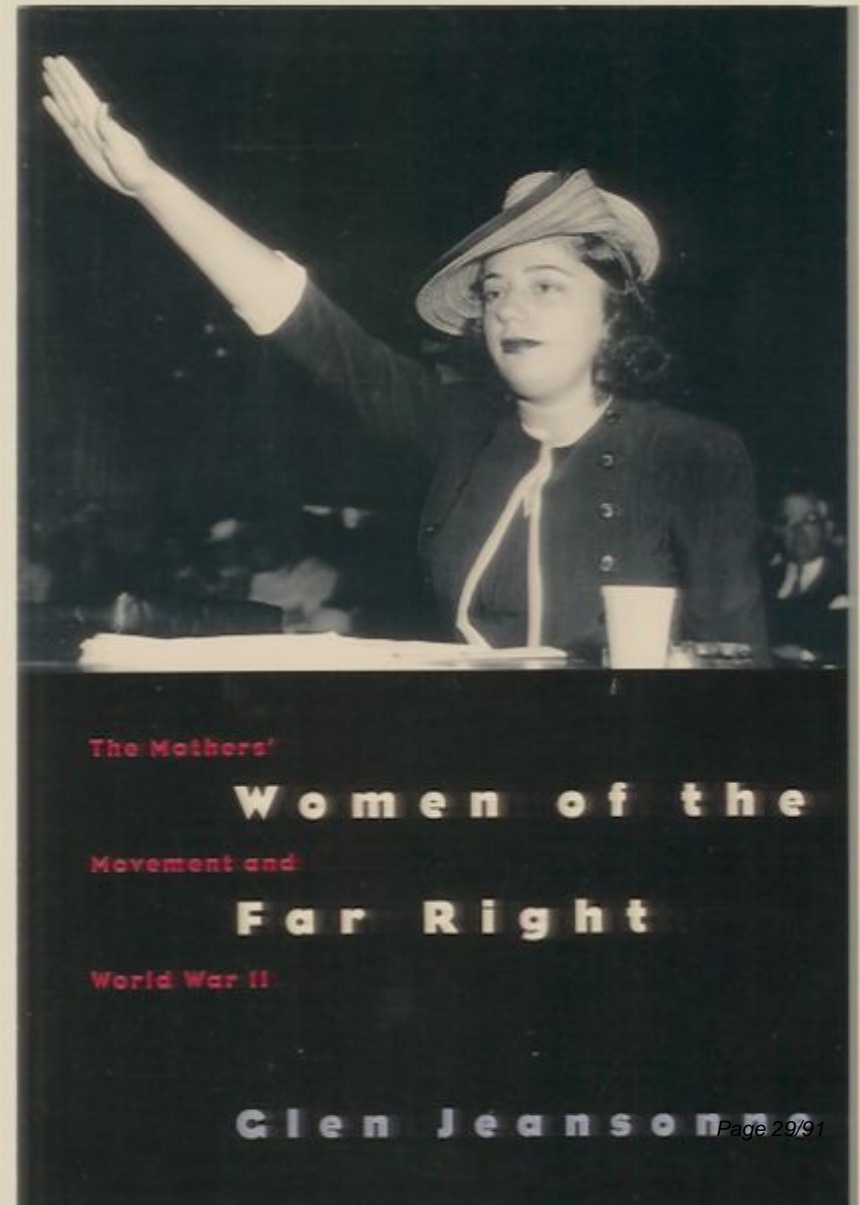
Elizabeth Dilling: America's Foremost Redbaiter

- Author of *The Red Network* (1934), a sourcebook cited often by the F.B.I.
- Einstein (along with Gandhi and Jane Addams) singled out as highly pernicious
- Prosecuted for sedition during WWII



Fascism in the U.S.A.

- Glen Jeansonne on the Mothers' Movement and American Fascism
- Traces the Roots of the Mothers' Movement to Chicago and Elizabeth Dilling



The 1932 Geneva Disarmament Conference

A Crushing Defeat for Pacifists
and Internationalists

“To arm is to give one’s voice and make one’s preparations, not for peace but for war. Therefore people will not disarm step by step; they will disarm at one blow or not at all”.

Einstein's Political Publicist: Imre Révész alias Emery Reves

The Hungarian Trio: Imre Révész with von Neumann and Fellner



Berlin's Chief Propagandists: Münzenberg and Goebbels



Münzenberg's *Arbeiter Illustrierte Zeitung*



Pirsa: 05100029



Page 35/91

The Einsteins Summer House in Caputh



Münzenberg's *Arbeiter Illustrierte Zeitung*



Pirsa: 05100029



Page 37/91

The Einsteins Summer House in Caputh





This Book may mean Life or Death to You

NEW ONLY
\$1.00

The ANATOMY OF PEACE

by EMERY REVES

The Book All America is talking about

THE BOOK THAT twenty outstanding Americans, whose names are listed below, urge everyone to read...

THAT Professor Albert Einstein, writing to *The Atlantic Monthly*, called the answer to the political problem precipitated by the atomic bomb...

THAT *The Reader's Digest* presented to its readers in three successive issues of the magazine — a hitherto unheard-of procedure...

THAT is currently being studied and discussed in over 25,000 discussion groups organized by the *Digest*...

THAT WALTER WINCHELL, speaking on a nationwide radio hook-up, brought to the attention of his vast audience by saying: "If you want to find out where you stand in this crisis and what wars are all about and why we have them and how we might avoid wars, then read *The Anatomy of Peace*"...

THAT has soared to the top of the best-seller lists with increasing sales...

THAT is now available for the first time in this inexpensive edition. Read the book that has made publishing history... and may well make WORLD history!

ON October 10, 1945, an open letter appeared in *The New York Times* and 50 other leading newspapers. It read, in part:
"At this anxious moment of our history a book has been published which expresses clearly and simply what so many of us have been thinking. That book is *The Anatomy of Peace* by Emery Reves. We urge American men and women to read this book, to think about its conclusions, to discuss it with neighbors and friends, privately and publicly."

(Signed by the following):

Owen J. Roberts, Former Associate Justice, The Supreme Court of the U.S.A.
Senator J. W. Fulbright
Senator Claude Pepper
Senator Albert D. Thomas, Chairman, Military Affairs Committee
Reverend Henry St. George Tucker, Presiding Bishop, Protestant Episcopal Church, U.S.A.
Reverend Edward A. Conway, S.J., G.B.
Dorothea Canfield Fisher

Dr. Louis Finkelstein, President, Jewish Theological Seminary
Maurice J. Adles, Professor of Law, University of Chicago
Charles G. Bulke, Chairman, American Veterans Committee
Gardner Cowles, Jr., Publisher
Professor Albert Einstein

Abner G. Linker
Thomas Mann
Christopher Morley
Lt. Carl Myer, USMC, Former Advisor to Communist Section at San Francisco
Carl Van Doren
Mark Van Doren
Walter F. Wanger, Motion Picture Producer
Robert J. Wren, International Representative, American Federation of Labor

King-Size Edition • Complete & Unabridged

The Nazis Rise to Power

- September 1930: Nazis first electoral success, 18.3% of vote, 107 seats in Reichstag (from 12 in 1928)
- July 1932: huge Nazi triumph, 37.3% of vote, 230 seats in Reichstag
- 30 January 1933: Hitler appointed Chancellor

Einstein's Initial Response to the New Nazi Regime

Einstein's Political Manifesto, March 1933

“As long as I have any choice, I will only stay in a country where political liberty, tolerance, and equality of all citizens before the law prevail. Political liberty implies the freedom to express one's political opinions orally and in writing; tolerance implies respect for any and every individual opinion.”

“These conditions do not obtain in Germany at the present time. Those who have done most for the cause of international understanding, among them some of the leading artists, are being persecuted there.”

Einstein Renounces Pacifism

(As a Tactic, not as a Goal)

Solvay Conference 1927



A. PICCARD E. HENRIOT P. SHREVEST G. HERZEN Th. DE DONDER E. SCHRÖDINGER E. VERSCHAFFELT W. PAULI W. HEISENBERG R.H. FOWLER L. BRILLOUIN
 DEBYE M. KNILSEN W.L. BRAGG H.A. KRAMERS P.A.M. DIRAC A.H. COMPTON L. de BROGLIE M. BORN N. BOHR
 I. LANGMUIR M. PLANCK Mme. CURIE H.A. LORENTZ A. EINSTEIN P. LANGEVIN Ch.E. GUYE C.T.R. WILSON O.W. RICHARDSON

Letter to a French Pacifist, July 1933

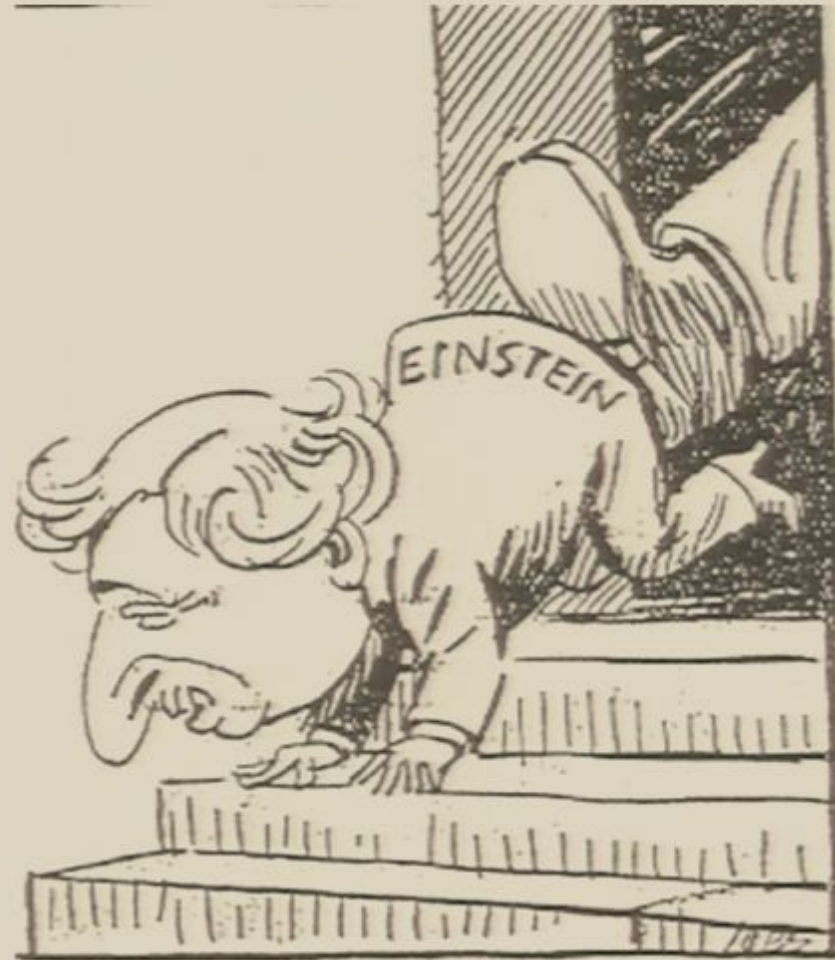
“What I shall tell you will greatly surprise you. Until quite recently we in Europe could assume that personal war resistance constituted an effective attack on militarism. Today we face an altogether different situation. In the heart of Europe lies a power, Germany, that is obviously pushing toward war with all available means. . . . Belgium . . . cannot possibly misuse its armed forces; rather it needs them desperately to protect its very existence, Imagine Belgium occupied by present-day Germany!”

“ . . . were I a Belgian, I would not, in the present circumstances, refuse military service; rather I would enter such service cheerfully in the belief that I would thereby be helping to save European civilization. This does not mean that I am surrendering the principle for which I have stood heretofore. I have no greater hope than that the time may not be far off when refusal of military service will once again be an effective method of serving the cause of human progress.”

Events in Berlin Following the Nazi's Seizure of Power

Booted out of the Berlin Academy

- AE actually resigned on 28 March 1933, *before* he got the boot
- On 4 April 1933 the Einsteins requested that their German citizenship be withdrawn
- Legalistic infighting and a massive propaganda campaign against Einstein



Book Burning Ceremonies, 10 May 1933

- Orchestrated by Nazi Students throughout Germany
- Long Lists of Banned Books prepared
- Einstein's Works not Prominent among those considered Degenerate Literature



Escaping the Flames: Beginnings of the Einstein Archive



Hertha Schifelbein: Elsa Einstein's Housekeeper



With Rudi and Ilse Kayser

- Ilse was Elsa Einstein's older daughter and AE's first secretary
- She married Rudolf Kayser in 1926
- Arranged the removal of Einstein's papers from Berlin to Paris in 1933

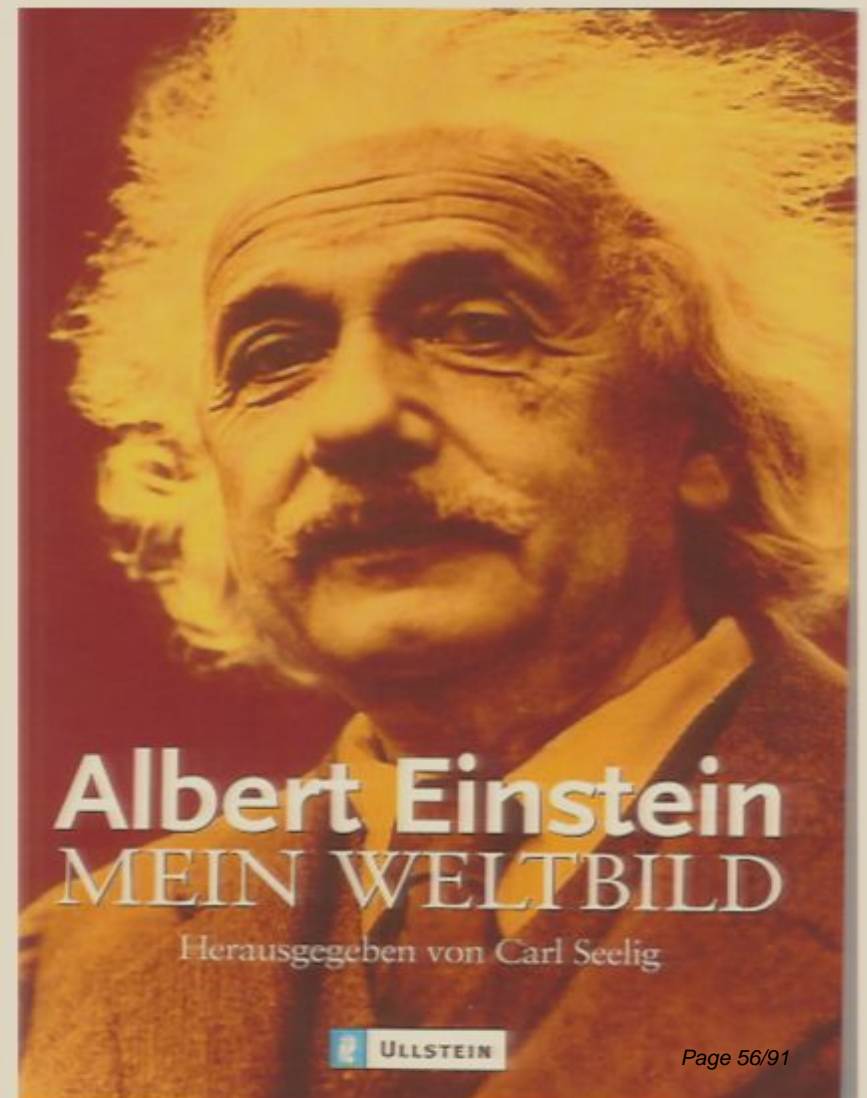


Ilse's Workplace: Einstein's Turret Study above the Apartment on Haberlandstrasse



The Decontextualized Einstein

- First Published by Rudolf Kayser in Amsterdam in 1934
- Republished with Notes by Einstein's Swiss biographer, Carl Seelig
- *Urtext* for Numerous Collections of Einstein's Popular Writings



Einstein and the Bomb

Myths and Realities of the Bomb



Pirsa: 05100029

- Einstein and $E = mc^2$ were linked with Hiroshima after August 1945
- Einstein was denied security clearance by the army for war research in 1940
- His main role in discussions of atomic energy only *began* after Hiroshima

Page 58/91

F.B.I Report on Einstein for Army Intelligence, 1940

“Dr. Einstein, since being ousted from Germany as a Communist, has been sponsoring the principle Communist causes in the U.S., has contributed to Communist magazines, and has been an honorary member of the U.S.S.R. Academy since 1927.”

War Research with the Navy



Launching the Manhattan Project?

Two Fathers of the Bomb?



- J.R. Oppenheimer was drawn by the technical challenge in 1942
- Einstein was deeply concerned that the Germans would get the bomb first

Einstein and Leo Szilard



Einstein's First Letter to F.D.R., 2 August 1939

Albert Einstein
Old Grove Rd.
Saugan Point
Peconic, Long Island

August 2nd, 1939

F.D. Roosevelt,
President of the United States,
White House
Washington, D.C.

Sir:

Some recent work by E. Fermi and L. Szilard, which has been communicated to me in manuscript, leads me to expect that the element uranium may be turned into a new and important source of energy in the immediate future. Certain aspects of the situation which has arisen seem to call for watchfulness and, if necessary, quick action on the part of the Administration. I believe therefore that it is my duty to bring to your attention the following facts and recommendations:

In the course of the last four months it has been made probable - through the work of Joliot in France as well as Fermi and Szilard in America - that it may become possible to set up a nuclear chain reaction in a large mass of uranium, by which vast amounts of power and large quantities of new radium-like elements would be generated. Now it appears almost certain that this could be achieved in the immediate future.

This new phenomenon would also lead to the construction of bombs, and it is conceivable - though much less certain - that extremely powerful bombs of a new type may thus be constructed. A single bomb of this type, carried by boat and exploded in a port, might very well destroy the whole port together with some of the surrounding territory. However, such bombs might very well prove to be too heavy for transportation by air.

The United States has only very poor ores of uranium in moderate quantities. There is some good ore in Canada and the former Czechoslovakia, while the most important source of uranium is Belgian Congo.

In view of this situation you may think it desirable to have some permanent contact maintained between the Administration and the group of physicists working on chain reactions in America. One possible way of achieving this might be for you to entrust with this task a person who has your confidence and who could perhaps serve in an unofficial capacity. His task might comprise the following:

a) to approach Government Departments, keep them informed of the further development, and put forward recommendations for Government action, giving particular attention to the problem of securing a supply of uranium ore for the United States;

b) to speed up the experimental work, which is at present being carried on within the limits of the budgets of University laboratories, by providing funds, if such funds be required, through his contacts with private persons who are willing to make contributions for this cause, and perhaps also by obtaining the co-operation of industrial laboratories which have the necessary equipment.

I understand that Germany has actually stopped the sale of uranium from the Czechoslovakian mines which she has taken over. That she should have taken such early action might perhaps be understood on the ground that the son of the German Under-Secretary of State, von Weizsäcker, is attached to the Kaiser-Wilhelm-Institut in Berlin where some of the American work on uranium is now being repeated.

Yours very truly,

A. Einstein
(Albert Einstein)

From Einstein's First Letter to F.D.R.

“Some recent work by E. Fermi and L. Szilard. . .leads me to expect that the element uranium may be turned into a new. . .source of energy in the immediate future. This [might]. . .lead to the construction of. . .extremely powerful bombs of a new type.”

Einstein's Second Letter to FDR, 7 March 1940

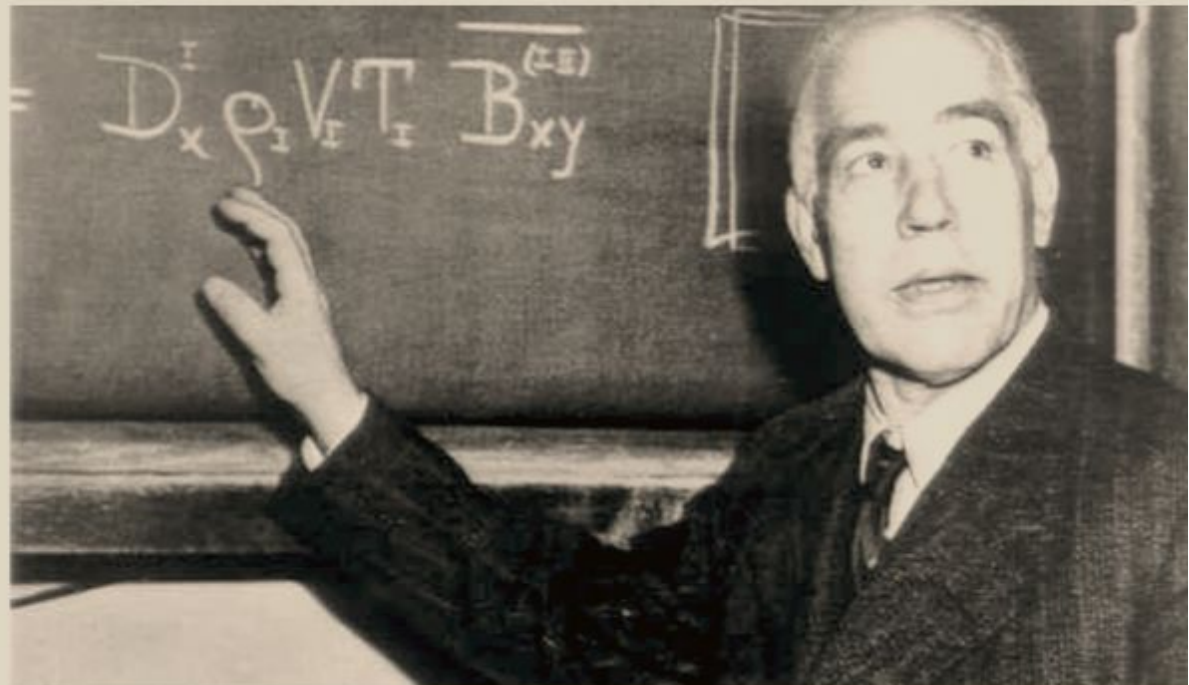
“Since the outbreak of the war, interest in uranium has intensified in Germany. I have now learned that research there is carried out in great secrecy and that it has been extended to another of the Kaiser Wilhelm Institutes, the Institute of Physics.”

“The latter has been taken over by the government and a group of physicists, under the leadership of C. F. von Weizsäcker, who is now working there on uranium in collaboration with the Institute of Chemistry. The former director was sent away on a leave of absence, apparently for the duration of the war”

Six Months Prior to Trinity

Bohr's Message to Einstein: 22 December 1944

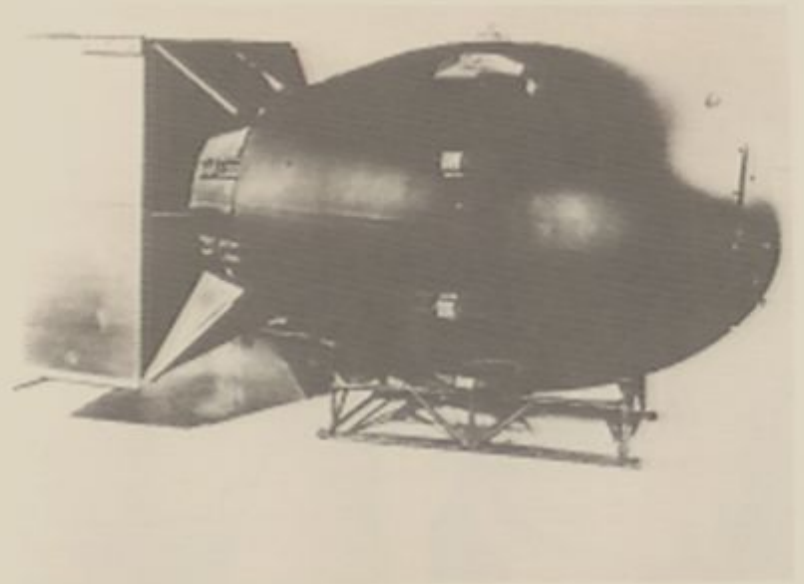
Do not
“complicate the
delicate task of
the statesmen.”



Oppenheimer with his Boss, General Leslie Groves



“Little Boy” and “Fat Man” . . .



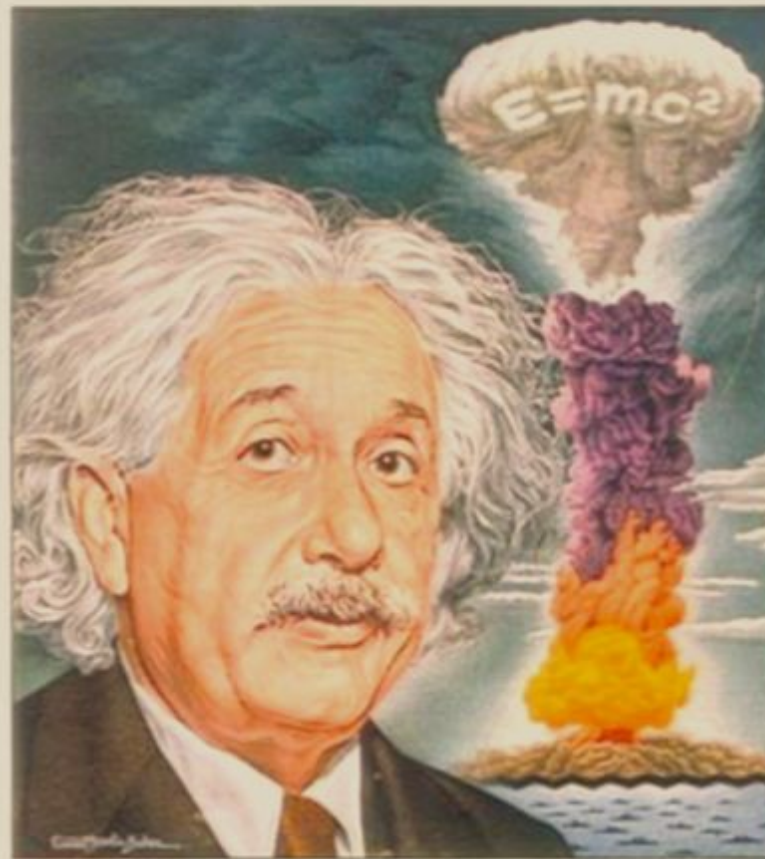
. . .and their Impact on Hiroshima and Nagasaki



The Post-Hiroshima Era

TIME

THE WEEKLY NEWSMAGAZINE



COSMOCLAST: EINSTEIN
All matter is speed and flame.

Spencer Weart, *Nuclear Fear*

“when scientists and the press collaborated in making the old man a prime symbol of nuclear energy, they were using the symbolism to insist that scientists, however wise and well-meaning, had released forces far beyond the ordinary ken.”

Einstein, Reves, and the Movement for World Government

Knollwood
Saranac Lake, N.Y.
August 21, 1945

Mr. Henry Reeves
COOPERATION Publishing Co.
30 Rockefeller Plaza
New York 20, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Reeves:

I have read your book "The Anatomy of Peace" carefully and finished it in 24 hours. I agree with you wholeheartedly in every essential point and I admire sincerely the clarity of your exposition of the most important problem of our time. I appreciated it very much that you criticized all the wrong steps already taken (secrecy in armament under purely national viewpoints, especially about the production of the atomic bomb, occupation of strategic ports in the Pacific under exclusive U.S.A. control).

I believe that Justice Roberts' action is of the greatest value in the matter of enlightenment of public opinion in this country. I find the text of his Open Letter excellent and convincing and I am gladly willing to sign it.

I shall be very glad indeed if you will give me the opportunity to talk with you about the whole problem, (I shall be back in Princeton by the middle of September) and I am gladly willing to help if you see any opportunity for me to do so.

With kind regards,

yours sincerely,

A. Einstein
Albert Einstein.

This Book may mean Life or Death to You

NOW ONLY
\$1.00

The ANATOMY OF PEACE

by EMERY REVES

The Book All America is talking about

THE BOOK THAT twenty outstanding Americans, whose names are listed below, urge everyone to read . . .

THAT Professor Albert Einstein, writing in *The Atlantic Monthly*, called the answer to the political problem precipitated by the atomic bomb . . .

THAT *The Reader's Digest* presented to its readers in three successive issues of the magazine — a hitherto unheard of procedure . . .

THAT is currently being studied and discussed in over 23,000 discussion groups organized by the Digest . . .

THAT WALTER WINCHELL, speaking on a nationwide radio hook-up, brought to the attention of his vast audience by saying: "If you want to find out where you stand in this crisis and what wars are all about and why we have them and how we might avoid wars, then read *The Anatomy of Peace*" . . .

THAT has soared to the top of the best-seller lists with increasing sales . . .

THAT is now available for the first time in this inexpensive edition. Read the book that has made publishing history . . . and may well make WORLD history!

ON October 10, 1945, an open letter appeared in *The New York Times* and 30 other leading newspapers. It read, in part:
"At this anxious moment of our history a book has been published which expresses clearly and simply what so many of us have been thinking. This book is *The Anatomy of Peace* by Emery Reves. We urge American men and women to read this book, to think about its conclusions, to discuss it with neighbors and friends, privately and publicly."

(Signed by the following)

Owen J. Roberts, *Former Associate Justice, The Supreme Court of the U.S.A.*
Senator J. W. Fulbright
Senator Claude Pepper
Senator Elbert D. Thomas, *Chairman, Military Affairs Committee*
Reverend Henry St. George Tucker, *Presiding Bishop, Protestant Episcopal Church, U.S.A.*
Reverend Edward A. Cooney, S.J., O.B.
Dorothy Canfield Fisher

Dr. Louis Finkelstein, *President, Jewish Theological Seminary*
Maximilian J. Gillin, *Professor of Law, University of Chicago*
Charles G. Bidin, *Chairman, American Veterans Committee*
Gardner Cowles, Jr., *Publisher, Professor, Albert Einstein*

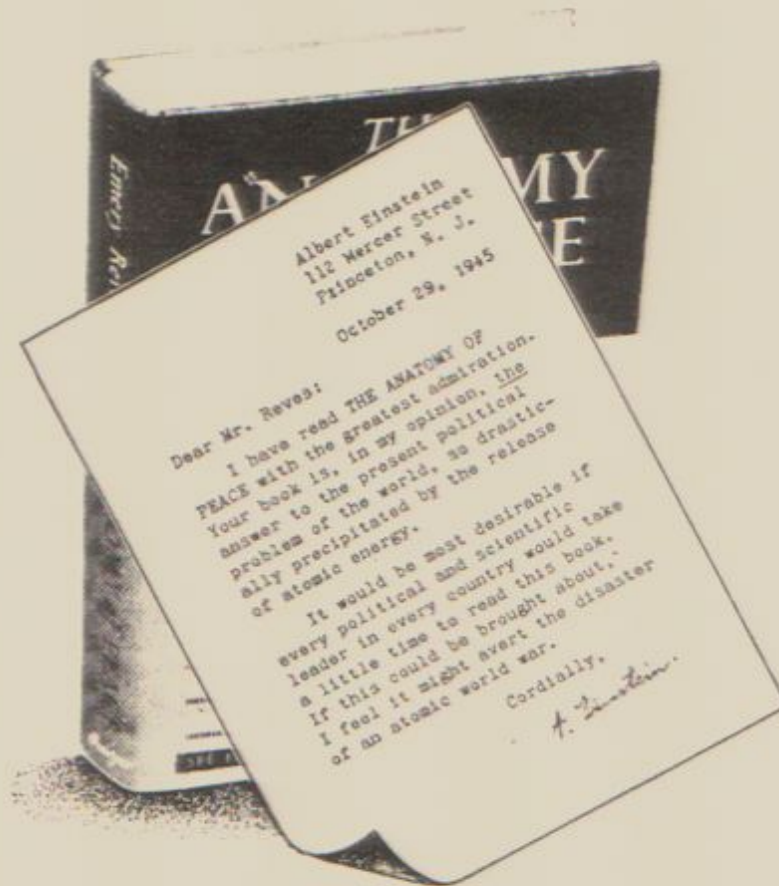
Albert G. Lasker
Thomas Mann
Christopher Marley
Lt. Carl Meyer, USMC, *Vietnam Advisor to Commander-in-Chief at San Francisco*
Carl Van Doren
Mark Van Doren
Walter F. Wanger, *Motion Picture Producer*
Robert J. Wynn, *International Representative, American Federation of Labor*

Open Letter Promoting Reves' *The Anatomy of Peace*

“It happens that at this crucial moment of our history, a small book has been published, a very important book, which expresses with the utmost clarity and simplicity what many of us have been thinking and saying . . .”

“We urge every American man and woman of good will to read this book, to think about its conclusions, and to discuss it with neighbors and friends, privately and publicly. A few weeks ago these conclusions seemed important, but something concerning the future. With the reality of atomic warfare, they are of immediate, urgent necessity if civilization does not want to commit suicide.”

*The book Albert Einstein calls the
political answer to the atomic bomb*



THE ANATOMY OF PEACE

By Emery Reves

At all bookstores




\$2.00

HARPER

Einstein as Victim: the McCarthy Era

Taking U.S. Citizenship, October 1940

- Interviewed afterward by NBC Radio for broadcast “I am an American” sponsored by the INS 
- Ten years later the INS, supported by the FBI, began an investigation aimed at deporting Einstein



LIFE Magazine, Exposing the Red Menace, 5 April 1949

Red Rampus

DUPES AND FELLOW TRAVELERS DRESS UP COMMUNIST FRONTS

Millions of people seem to be a propaganda meeting like the one in New York last week would have been regarded by almost all Americans as a left-wing, Red Communist propaganda carefully but such investigations. These weapons are in the hands of the so-called "progressive" dupes. These are the prominent people who, knowingly or not, associate themselves with a Communist front organization and thereby lend it glamor, prestige or the respectability of being a liberal. Fifty of these people are shown on these pages. They are not Red men themselves. All but a representative selection ranging from hard-working intellectuals to self-headed dogmatists who have personally lost their heads.



J. EDGAR HOOVER
FBI Director



DOROTHY THOMPSON
Editor



LEE HARVEY OSWALD
Editor of "The New Yorker"



OTTO VON GUERICKE
U.S. Congressman



ARTHUR MILLER
Playwright



HERBERT H. LEHMAN
Labor official



HENRY M. GOLD
Editor



ADAM CLAYTON POWELL JR.
U.S. Congressman



RUYTHER F. WHITNEY
Editor



J. H. JOHNSON
Editor of "The New Yorker"



LAURENCE H. MEYER
Poet



PAUL G. MILLER
Editor



ALBERT EINSTEIN
Physicist



ALBERT J. FITZGERALD
Labor union president



HENRY A. WALLACE
Secretary of State



STEPHEN H. CROCKETT
Editorial director



WILLIAM L. FRENCH
Editorial director



J. RAYMOND WILSON
Editorial director



WILLIAM L. FRENCH
Editorial director



MARK VAN DINE
Poet



STEPHEN H. CROCKETT
Editorial director



WILLIAM L. FRENCH
Editorial director



J. RAYMOND WILSON
Editorial director



WILLIAM L. FRENCH
Editorial director



MARK VAN DINE
Poet

The McCarthy Era

- 29 August 1949: U.S.S.R. successfully tests A-bomb
- January 1950: Truman's crash program to build H-bomb
- February 1950: McCarthy's speech in Wheeling, WV with list of 205 members of the CP in State Department

From the Einstein File (Available Online Thanks to FOIA)

“Einstein is either the Chairman of, member, sponsor, patron or otherwise affiliated with 10 organizations which have been cited by the Attorney General. . . as being Communistic groups.”

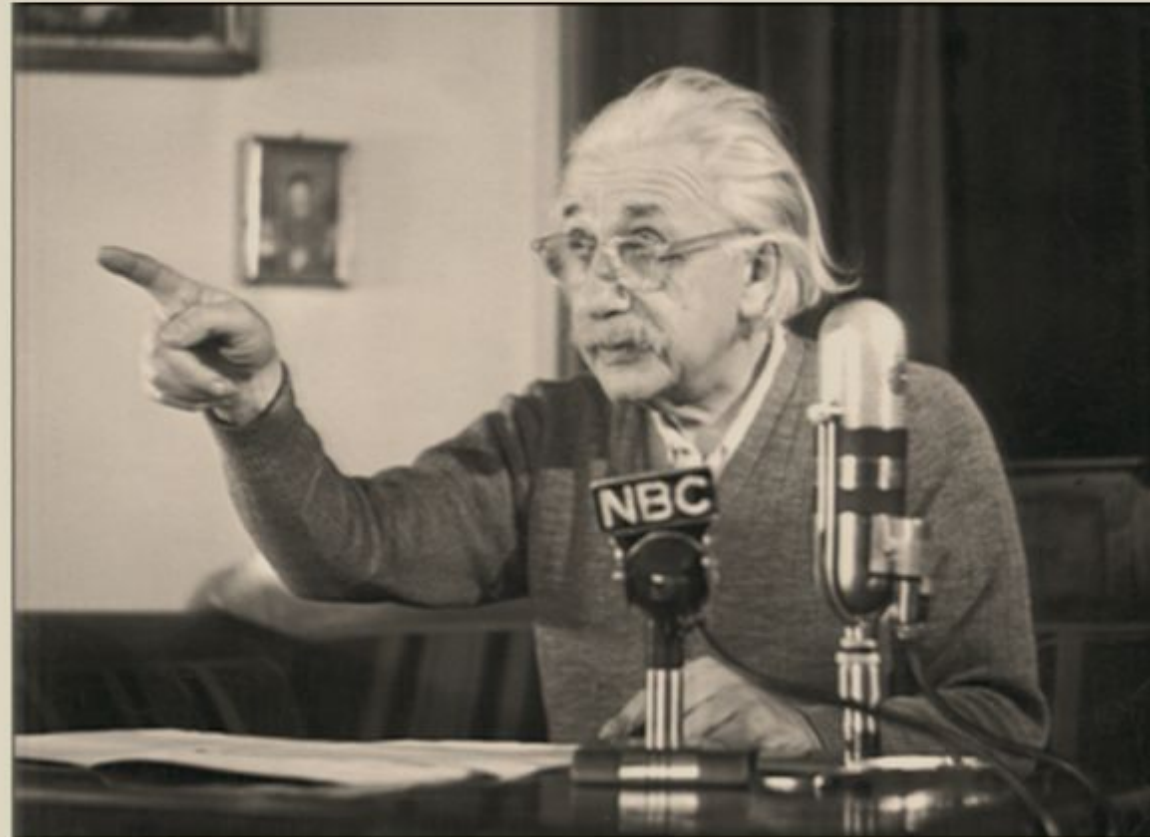
AFFILIATION WITH SUBVERSIVE AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

A review of the Bureau files reflects that Professor Einstein is either the Chairman of, member, sponsor, endorser, patron or otherwise affiliated with 10 organizations which have been cited by the Attorney General, 13 which have been cited by the House Committee on Un-American Activities and 10 which have been cited by the California House Committee on Un-American Activities, all as being Communistic groups. Attached are separate lists of the various organizations cited by the Attorney General, the House Committee on Un-American Activities and the California Committee on Un-American Activities.

Einstein is also affiliated in one of the categories mentioned above with approximately 50 miscellaneous organizations which have not been cited by any of the above-mentioned groups. Examples of the miscellaneous organizations are: German-American Relief Committee for Victims of Fascism (61-7566-1868 and 1989); National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions (100-68512-4 and 100-341825-200, Pgs. 5, 12, 20); International League Against Imperialism (Dies Committee, Volume 1, Pg. 665); Japanese-American Committee for Democracy

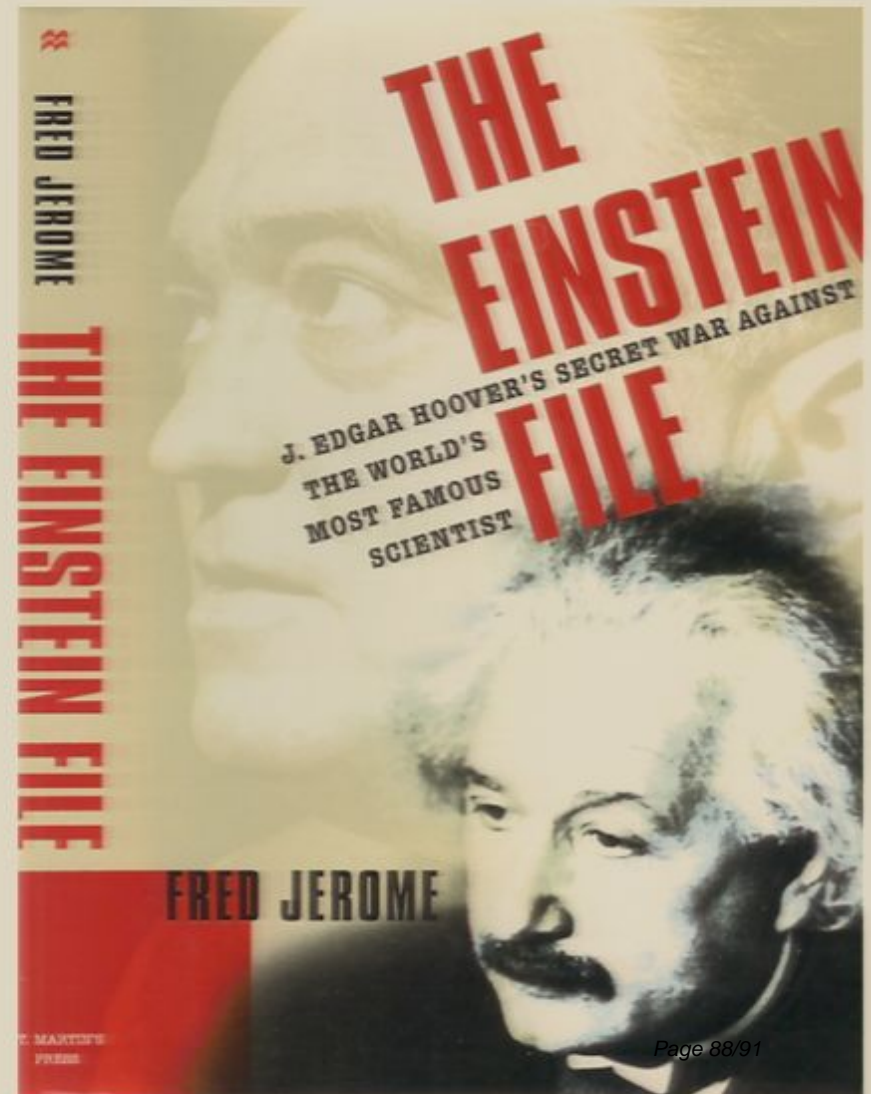
On Television Show “Today with Mrs. Roosevelt,” 10 February 1950

- Appearance nearly coincided with arrest of Klaus Fuchs in England on charges of Spying for U.S.S.R.
- FBI began pursuing case of Einstein soon thereafter



Fred Jerome on J. Edgar Hoover's Obsession with Einstein

- F.B.I. File on Einstein Dates Back to 1932
- Soviet Success with Bomb in 1949 prompted Search for Scapegoats



Einstein to Queen Elizabeth of Belgium, 28 March 1954

All manner of fable is being attached to my personality, and there is no end to the number of ingeniously devised tales. All the more do I appreciate and respect what is truly sincere.”

Open Letter to William Frauenglass, *The New York Times*

“If enough people are ready to take this grave step they will be successful. If not, then the intellectuals of this country deserve nothing better than the slavery which is intended for them.”



PI
PERIMETER
INSTITUTE
FOR THEORETICAL PHYSICS



EinsteinFest

The Man | The Science | The Times | The Legacy

Friday, September 30 to Sunday, October 23 | 2005